

E
507.2
.R47
1958/60

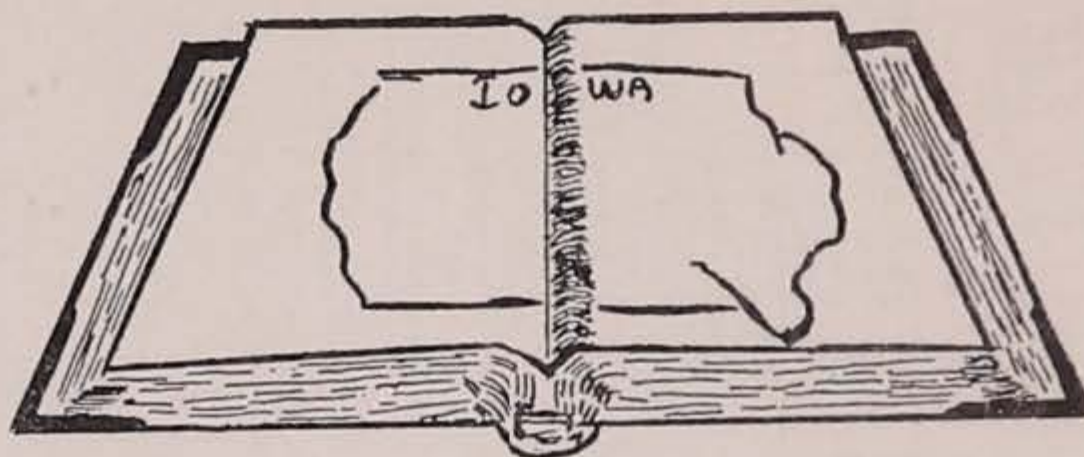
BIENNIAL REPORT

ADJUTANT GENERAL

IOWA 1960

Iowa
353.6
I.9
1958-60

Iowa
No. 353.6 Class 109 Vol. 1958-60



IOWA STATE TRAVELING LIBRARY

State of Iowa

1960

BIENNIAL REPORT

of the

Adjutant General

OF THE STATE OF IOWA

For the Fiscal Years 1959 and 1960

Beginning 1 July 1959

and

Ending 30 June 1960

JUNIOR F. MILLER

Major General, ARNG

The Adjutant General

Published by
The State of Iowa
Des Moines, Iowa



IOWA STATE TRAVELING LIBRARY
DES MOINES, IOWA

Iowa
353.6
L69
1958-60.

CONTENTS

A. GENERAL

	page
1. Introduction	4
2. Mission	4
3. Federal and State Responsibility	3
4. Military Department of State of Iowa	6
5. Legislative Program	7
6. State Budget and Fiscal Program	11

B. ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

7. Administrations and Personnel	22
8. Operations and Training	27
9. Federal Logistics Program	31
10. Facilities and Construction	34

C. AIR NATIONAL GUARD

11. Administration and Personnel	35
12. Operations and Training	36
13. Federal Logistics Program	38
14. Facilities and Construction	38

ANNEXES

I Adjutant Generals of Iowa	40
II Retired Officers of Iowa ARNG	41
III Graces Registration Report	42

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

STATE OF IOWA

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF IOWA AND
COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE IOWA
NATIONAL GUARD (Army and Air)

The Biennial Report of the Adjutant General of Iowa, for the period 1 July 1958 through 30 June 1960 is respectfully submitted.

This report summarizes the major activities of the Iowa National Guard (Army and Air) for the indicated period. A discussion of subjects common to both Army and Air National Guard is followed by separate sections devoted to the activities of each.

The Adjutant General's Department reviews the indicated biennium with a certain amount of satisfaction. Numerical strength is at an all time high, the status of training is progressing excellently, and many new missions have been completed or are well underway. It is the firm conviction that both the National Government and the State are receiving a tremendous return on every dollar invested in the Iowa National Guard.

As Annexes the Report includes a list of all Adjutants General who have served the State of Iowa, a list of retired officers, and a Graves Registration report.

JUNIOR F. MILLER
Major General
The Adjutant General

282102

6-13-63 Adjutant General gfd

A. GENERAL

1. INTRODUCTION

The National Guard is an organization composed of individuals voluntarily serving the States and the Nation as members of military units. The tradition of the citizen-soldier goes back to colonial days when every adult male was assigned to a militia company. Those companies which were active were called "Volunteer Militia" and were supplied and trained according to the needs of the time. The National Guard is the lineal descendant of the Volunteer Militia. The equipment of the militia was meager and training was limited to drill—but regular drill was required. Then, as now, the emphasis was on training, on readiness for any emergency.

The National Guard of today is organized under Regular Army and Air Force tables of organization and equipment. It consists of 27 divisions in the Army National Guard and 27 wings in the Air National Guard, and, in addition, a number of regimental combat teams, anti-aircraft artillery battalions, and other combat and support units. These units and personnel are located in approximately 2,500 cities and towns throughout the 50 States and in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia.

The Iowa Army and Air National Guard, when not in the active service of the United States, is administered under the Military Laws of the State of Iowa and such directives as may be promulgated by the Chief, National Guard Bureau. It is organized, trained and equipped in accordance with the current doctrine set forth by the Department of Defense of the United States.

The Adjutant General of Iowa is responsible to the Governor, as Commander in Chief, for the administration, recruiting, and efficiency of the Iowa Army and Air National Guard while in the service of the State.

This Biennial Report is a summary of the Iowa National Guard's major accomplishments and activities, and the achievements and problems of the Military Department of the State of Iowa, during the biennium ending 30 June 1960.

2. MISSION

The Iowa National Guard has a dual mission in that it has responsibilities to, and is supported by, two governmental agencies, The United States of America and the State of Iowa. Because of this dual role, the mission of the Iowa National Guard is two-fold.

In its responsibilities to the United States of America, the mission of the Iowa National Guard is to provide Reserve Components of the Army and Air Force of the United States, trained and equipped so as to be capable of expanding to war strength and defending this country by defensive or offensive action as the need dictates.

The mission of the Iowa National Guard, pertaining to the State of Iowa, is to provide organizations trained and equipped for preservation of the peace, protection of life and property, and the maintenance of order and public safety under the direction of The Commander-in-Chief.

Service in the Iowa National Guard is recognition of the patriotic obligation of every American to preserve the liberty and democracy of this Nation. It has been estimated that a National Guard unit can be maintained for about one-eighth the cost of a similar active Army unit. Such a program enables the United States to maintain preparedness in a manner which is within its economic capability.

3. FEDERAL AND STATE RESPONSIBILITY

The National Guard is an integral part of the Army of the United States and the United States Air Force and its success depends upon mutual confidence between the Federal Government and the States and Territories.

Such confidence is obtained only by the wholehearted efforts of all parties to maintain an effective National Guard.

The Federal Government is responsible for:

Providing the pay of Federally recognized personnel for participation in authorized inactive duty training and active duty for training, including appropriate duty or duties and periods of equivalent duty or training, and administrative pay.

The procurement and issue of uniforms, arms, equipment, and supplies.

The supervision of training.

To appropriate a sum of money annually for the expense of providing ordnance stores, quartermaster stores, camp equipage and to contribute to State funds an equitable share of the expenses of construction and maintenance of certain training facilities, as are now or may later be authorized by law.

Audit and inspect National Guard units, Army and Air, and accounts and records of the United States Property and Fiscal Officer.

The State Government is responsible for:

Subject to such qualifications for Federal recognition as may be established by the Secretary of the Army and Air Force, appoint, promote, transfer, assign, and separate personnel of the National Guard, Army and Air.

Provide training and storage facilities, except as contributed to by the Federal Government.

To train officers, warrant officers, and enlisted personnel of the National Guard, Army and Air.

To properly account for and maintain all Federal Property and funds.

State Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment.

Within each State, there shall be an administrative staff to be designed as "State Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment" and which shall be organized and Federally recognized as a unit of the National Guard. The numbers and grades of officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men within the State Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment will be based upon the strength of allotted National Guard units to the State and, in addition, will provide a suitable number of officers and enlisted men for duties in connection with Selective Service and internal security.

Headquarters, Iowa Air National Guard.

By direction of the Secretary of the Air Force through the Chief, National Guard Bureau, the Unit known as the Headquarters, Iowa Air National Guard is assigned to the Office of the State Adjutant General. As the State Headquarters and Headquarters Detachment, the strength of the Headquarters, Iowa Air National Guard is based upon the total personnel authorization of the Federally recognized Air National Guard units of the State. The responsibility of determining positions and titles for the grades authorized rests with the State Adjutant General. The mission of Headquarters, Iowa Air National Guard is to advise and assist the Adjutant General in matters pertaining to administration, logistics, and training of Air National Guard units within the State.

Advisors.

Under policies of the Department of the Army and Department of the Air Force, selections and assignment of aqualified advisors is reserved as a function of Headquarters, Department of the Army and Headquarters, Department of the Air Force. The supervision of the Training responsibility of the advisors is vested in the Commanding General, Continental Army Command and the major commands of the United States Air Force. Personnel on duty as advisors with the National Guard have no command status with troops or units of the National Guard, nor will they be subject to orders of State Military authorities.

The primary duty of advisors will be to advise and assist responsible commanders in the attainment and maintenance of that state of efficiency of the National Guard units as is prescribed by Headquarters, Department of the Army and Headquarters, Department of the Air Force.

NATIONAL GUARD BUREAU.

The National Guard Bureau is charged with:

Administering approved joint Army and Air Force policies, other than those relative to training, when such policies are applicable to both the Army National Guard not in the Federal service and the Air National Guard not in Federal service and with promulgating joint Army-Air Force directives applicable to both the Army and Air National Guard, including those relating to training.

Functioning as the channel of communication between the Departments of the Army and Air Force and the State on all matters pertaining to the Army and Air National Guard.

Maintaining an office of record of all Departments of the Army and Air Force records pertaining to the Army and Air National Guard not in the Federal service.

National Guard Policy.

All policies affecting the National Guard are prepared by the General Staff Committee on National Guard Policy (known as the "Section Five Committee") for action by the Secretary of the Army and Secretary of the Air Force procedure. All regulations to carry such policies into effect are reviewed by this committee.

4. MILITARY DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE OF IOWA

ADMINISTRATION

Authority for administration, command, inspection, logistical support, organization and training of the State Military Force is provided in Chapter 29 Code of Iowa

The Commander-in-Chief of the Military Forces of the State is the Governor. He may use such forces to execute the laws, to repel invasion, and to protect life and property in the event of local emergency or disaster.

The Adjutant General of Iowa is appointed by the Governor and shall execute all orders given by the Commander-in-Chief. He is charged by the laws of Iowa with the responsibility of administration, organization, equipping and training of the National Guard in accordance with policies and directives of the Department of Defense.

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

THE UNITED STATES PROPERTY AND FISCAL OFFICER

United States Property & Fiscal Officer operates under the direction of the Adjutant General of Iowa subject to regulations and policies of the National Guard Bureau, the Department of the Army, and the Department of the Air Force. He serves in a dual Federal and State status and is considered to be G-4 on the staff of the Adjutant General of Iowa.

The status of the USP&FO is that of a commissioned officer of the Army National Guard or Air National Guard of the United States, and of the State, on extended active duty and detailed for duty with the National Guard Bureau. He is in charge of the Field Office of the National Guard Bureau for the State of Iowa.

The USP&FO is required to receipt and account for all funds and property belonging to the United States Government that is in possession of the National Guard of the State of Iowa, making such reports and returns as are required by the appropriate authority. An inspection of pertinent accounts and records of the USP&FO by the Inspector General and the Army Audit Agency is made at least once each year to insure the proper control and accuracy of these accounts.

The mission of the USP&FO is to provide maximum logistical support authorized for all Iowa Army and Air National Guard units. He performs the duties of Fiscal Officer for all Federal funds allotted to the State, serves as Transportation Officer for the movement of Federal supplies, equipment, and troops of the Iowa Army and Air National Guard, and performs the duties of Federal Contracting Officer.

THE STATE ARMY NATIONAL GUARD MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

The State Maintenance Officer is responsible for all inspections and maintenance of all Federal property and equipment in use and on hand in the State of Iowa for the Army National Guard. This is accomplished by a Combined Field Maintenance Shop located at Camp Dodge, and Organizational Maintenance Shops dispersed throughout the State. Maintenance of Army National Guard aircraft is performed at the Army Aviation Field Maintenance Shop located at Boone. The Combined Field Maintenance Shop performs all Command Maintenance Inspections, a higher level of maintenance, and furnishes back-up support for all other maintenance facilities throughout the State. The manning for all of these shops is supported 100% from Federal funds.

5. LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

STATE

The 58th General Assembly of the Iowa Legislature enacted three bills which amended Chapter 29 Code of Iowa 1958 (The Military Code of Iowa).

H. F. 308 amended Section 29.1 (11), which defines the "Advisory Council" by adding the words "officers holding command positions calling for the rank of colonel according to current service tables or organization, and commanders of separate battalions and separate squadrons of the National Guard, Army and Air, and the senior commander of the Iowa Air National Guard".

H. F. 225 amended Section 29.8, which provides the Governor with power to order the Military Forces of the State into active State service in aid to civil authorities, adding the words "including retired National Guardsmen, both Army and Air, who are willing to return to service", and amended Section 29.9, which authorizes the Governor to order units or personnel of the State Military Forces into active State service for other purposes than aid to civil authorities, by adding words which also include retired persons as in the case of Section 29.8. This bill further amended Sections 29.18 and 29.19 by changing the designation of the United States Property and Disbursing Officer to the United States Property and Fiscal Officer which coincides with the Federal designation of such officer, amended Section 29.20 by adding words "providing that newly commissioned officers must be at least 21 years of age," and repealed Section 29.32 which provided allowances for unit rifle and pistol ranges.

H. F. 392 amended Section 29.19 by providing authority for appointment of retired officer as State Quartermaster.

FEDERAL

Several bills directly affecting the National Guard were enacted into law during fiscal year 1959. Following is a summary of the important aspects of this legislation:

Public Law 85-599, 85th Congress, the Department of Defense Reorganization Act of 1958, among other things, established the National Guard Bureau as a Joint Bureau of the Department of the Army and the Department of the Air Force, headed by a chief who is the advisor to the Army Chief of Staff and the Air Force Chief of Staff on National Guard matters. It also provides that the National Guard Bureau is the channel of communication between the departments concerned and the several States, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia on all matters pertaining to the National Guard, the Army National Guard of the United States, and the Air National Guard of the United States.

Public Law 85-685, 85th Congress, the "Reserve Forces Facilities Act of 1958," authorizes the Department of Defense to establish or develop facilities for the reserve forces, as listed in the act. Included are Army National Guard armory and nonarmory facilities, and also Air National Guard facilities.

Public Law 85-772, 85th Congress, provides for the retention of an individual's deferment or exemption upon change of membership in a reserve component.

Public Law 85-724, 85th Congress, was the Department of Defense Appropriation for fiscal year 1959.

Public Law 85-811, 85th Congress, authorizes the Secretary of the Army to furnish headstones or markers for the unmarked graves of former members of the National Guard whose deaths occurred under honorable conditions while performing training duty including inactive duty training, or while hospitalized at Government expense for injury or disease contracted under honorable conditions while performing training duty.

Public Law 85-852, 85th Congress, provided appropriations for Department of Defense military construction for fiscal year 1959.

Public Law 85-861, 85th Congress, amended titles 10, 14, and 32, United States Code, to codify recent military law, and to improve the Code.

Public Law 85-894, 85th Congress, permits the Governor of Puerto Rico to appoint the Adjutant General of the Commonwealth as provided by its laws. Previous law required that the Adjutant General of Puerto Rico be appointed by the President of the United States.

A number of bills of importance to the National Guard were still pending in the 86th Congress on 30 June 1959. They included:

H. R. 3352, a bill to remove the present requirement that not more than 15 National Guard civilian caretakers may be employed at a single maintenance or storage pool, which would also repeal the provision that permits only 1 officer below the grade of major to be so employed. The requirement has been suspended in recent years by recurring provisions in annual appropriation acts for the Department of Defense.

H. R. 3355, S. 1027, H.R. 6318, and S. 1708, similar bills to permit the training of State defense forces authorized by subsection 109(c) of Title 32, United States Code, at Federal expense during the time of war, or of national emergency declared by the President of the Congress, or whenever the National Guard is in the active Federal service; to permit uniforms, arms, ammunition, and equipment, surplus to the needs of the United States, to be given to such defense forces; and to assign administration of the program, under regulations to be prescribed by the President, to the Chief, National Guard Bureau, the National Guard Bureau to be the channel of communication between all Federal departments and agencies, and the several States, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia in matters pertaining to such forces.

H. R. 3356, a bill to clarify the status of members of the National Guard performing "additional training or duty with or without pay" authorized by the Secretary of the Army or of the Air Force, or instructing at National Guard schools or attending such a school where all of the instructors are members of the National Guard not in active Federal service. Members of the National Guard are entitled to hospital benefits, medical care and compensation for injury incurred or disease contracted during authorized training only if that training is itself authorized by one of the sections of

Title 32, expressly referred to in sections 318, 319, or 320 of Title 32, United States Code.

H. R. 3357, a bill to amend section 303 (c) of the career Compensation Act of 1949 to provide that the term "permanent station" may also include the home of a member upon order to, call to, or relief from active duty, active duty for training, or full-time duty performed under the provisions of sections 316, 502, 504, or 505 of Title 32, United States Code. Enactment would permit payment of temporary duty per diem allowances to such members.

H. R. 3361, a bill to provide for the statutory organization of the National Guard Bureau.

H. R. 3363, a bill to provide a flexible enlistment program in the National Guard to permit the appropriate service Secretaries to promulgate regulations whereby non-prior-service personnel could enlist for any specified period of not less than 3 years, prior service personnel could enlist for a specified period of not less than 1 year, and reenlistments could be authorized for any specified period, except for persons whose last service was in one of the three highest enlisted grades who could also be authorized to enlist for any unspecified period on a career basis; to authorize extensions of an enlistment, at the request of the member, for any period not less than 6 months; to continue the present authority of the President to extend enlistments in the National Guard for 6 months following termination of a national emergency declared by Congress; and to permit enlistments, reenlistments, and extensions of enlistments as Reserves of the Army or Reserves of the Air Force as appropriate to be concurrent with enlistments, reenlistments, and extensions in the Army National Guard or Air National Guard, assuring that all members of the National Guard will have a corresponding Reserve status.

H. R. 3364, a bill to grant the same hospital and medical care, pay and allowances, and other benefits now provided for members of the reserve components who contract or aggravate a disease in line of duty while proceeding directly to or from, or performing inactive duty training or active duty for 30 days or less as are now provided for individuals while on duty for more than 30 days. The bill would provide the same medical care and other benefits to members injured en route to or from inactive duty training as if they had been performing that duty.

H. R. 3370 and S. 239, similar bills to modernize and clarify sections 326-333 of Title 32, United States Code, with respect to a system of courts-martial for the National Guard not in Federal service; and to permit the States to adopt their own codes of military justice.

H. R. 4083 and S. 165, identical bills to exempt from income tax the cost-of-living allowances paid to certain caretakers and clerks employed by the National Guard outside the continental United States or in Alaska.

H. R. 5082, a bill to provide for the appointment of a person to perform the statutory and assigned duties of the United States property and fiscal officer in the event of the latter's death, incapacity, or absence.

H. R. 5084, a bill to provide authority to withhold the employee's contribution to State or Territorial sponsored plans providing retirement, disability, or death benefits for field civilian personnel of the National Guard.

H. R. 5435 and S. 1764, identical bills to extend the application of Federal Tort Claims Act in order that the Federal Government would become liable for the tortious acts of members of the National Guard committed while engaged in training or duty authorized by Federal law, to the same extent as it is now liable for the torts of members of the active establishment and reserve components. The Federal Government would also have the same liability for tortious acts of the full-time civilian employees of the National Guard employed under authority of section 709 of Title 32, United States Code, as it now has for acts of civilian employees of the military departments. The bills would also extend the coverage of section 2733 of Title 10, United States Code, to permit the secretaries of the military departments to pay third-party claims for damage to real or personal property or for personal injury or death when caused by such members of the National

Guard or civilian employees of their departments and members of the Army and Air Force.

H. R. 3365, a bill to credit for the purposes of the Reserve retirement law the periods served in the National Guard after June 14, 1933, during which a person was in a federally recognized status, but before appointment or enlistment was effected in a Reserve component (National Guard of the United States, Army National Guard of the United States, or Air National Guard of the United States). (Approved 25 August 1959, Public Law 86-197, 86th Congress).

S. 625, a bill to broaden the categories of those eligible for burial in national cemeteries to include members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces, the Army National Guard, the Air National Guard, and the Reserve Officers Training Corps if death occurs: (1) while on active duty for training or performing full-time training duty, (2) while performing authorized travel to or from such duty or training, or (3) while hospitalized or undergoing treatment at the expense of the United States for injury or disease contracted or incurred while on such duty, performing such travel or training, or undergoing such hospitalization or treatment; the surviving spouse, minor children and, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Army, unmarried adult children of such persons also to be eligible for burial in national cemeteries. (Approved 14 September 1959, Public Law 86-260, 86th Congress).

Several bills directly affecting the National Guard were enacted into law by the 86th Congress during fiscal year 1960. Following is a summary of the important aspects of this legislation:

Public Law 86-166 — the Department of Defense Appropriation Act for fiscal year 1960. Included National Guard Personnel, Army, and National Guard Personnel, Air Force; Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard, and Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard.

Public Law 86-275 — appropriations for the Department of Defense military construction for fiscal year 1960. Included Military Construction, Army National Guard and Military Construction, Air National Guard.

Public Law 85-500 — the military construction act of 1960. It authorizes the Department of Defense to establish or develop facilities for the reserve forces, as listed in the act. Included are Army National Guard armory and non-armory and Air National Guard facilities.

Public Law 86-149, the military construction act of 1959, authorized the Department of Defense to establish or develop facilities for the reserve forces, as listed in the act. Included are Army National Guard armory and non-armory facilities, and Air National Guard facilities.

Public Law 86-197, for the purposes of the Reserve retirement law credits the periods served in the National Guard after June 14, 1933, during which a person was in a federally recognized status, but before appointment or enlistment was effected in a Reserve Component (National Guard of the United States, or Air National Guard of the United States).

Public Law 86-260 broadened the categories of those eligible for burial in national cemeteries to include members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces, the Army National Guard, the Air National Guard, and the Reserve Officers Training Corps if death occurs: (1) while on active duty for training or performing full-time training duty (2) while performing authorized travel to or from such duty or training, or (3) while hospitalized or undergoing treatment at the expense of the United States for injury or disease contracted or incurred while on such duty, performing such travel or training, or undergoing such hospitalization or treatment; the surviving spouse, minor children and, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Army, unmarried adult children of such persons also to be eligible for burial in national cemeteries.

Public Law 86-599 provided the necessary technical and substantive amendments to the Reserve Officers Act of 1954 which is the basis for promotion and elimination for members of the Reserve components of the Armed Forces.

6. STATE BUDGET AND FISCAL PROGRAM

a. Fiscal Year 1959

- (1) Salaries
- (2) Support, Maintenance & Armories
- (3) Armory Construction Appropriations
 - (a) 56th General Assembly
 - (b) 57th General Assembly
- (4) Armory Rehabilitation Appropriation (57th GA)
- (5) Camp Dodge Rehabilitation Appropriation (57th GA)
- (6) Camp Dodge Permanent Improvement Fund
- (7) Aid to Civil Authorities
- (8) Compensation and Injury
- (9) Claims — property damage.

b. Fiscal Year 1960

- (1) Salaries, Support, Maintenance, Armories, Etc.
- (2) Armory Construction Appropriations
 - (a) 57th General Assembly
 - (b) 58th General Assembly
- (3) Armory Rehabilitation Appropriations
 - (a) 57th General Assembly
 - (b) 58th General Assembly
- (4) Camp Dodge Rehabilitation Appropriations
 - (a) 57th General Assembly
 - (b) 58th General Assembly
 - (c) BFCC (58th General Assembly)
- (5) Camp Dodge Permanent Improvement Fund
- (6) Aid To Civil Authorities
- (7) Compensation and Injury
- (8) Claims — property damage.

Fiscal Year 1959

SALARIES

		Appropriation	Disbursements
Appropriation — Chapter 1, Section 48, 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1958		\$ 20,090.10	
Second Year of Biennium		272,320.00	
Transfers —			
From Support and Maintenance	\$ 30,776.07		
From State Tax Commission ..	25,000.00	55,776.07	
To State Tax Commission			\$ 25,000.00
Disbursements — Payrolls			
General Office	39,448.17		
Des Moines — Air	16,040.50		
Camp Dodge	122,102.42		
Camp Dodge — Temporary	14,164.84		
Fort Dodge — Air	7,255.33		
Sioux City — Air	9,979.77		
State's Share — IPERS	6,935.19		
State's Share — FICA	4,843.36		
State's Share — IPERS, Guard Drill — 5 quarters	102,416.59		323,186.17
Totals		\$348,186.17	\$348,186.17

REPORT OF ADJUTANT GENERAL OF IOWA

Fiscal Year 1959

SUPPORT, MAINTENANCE AND ARMORIES

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1959
Appropriation — Chapter 1, Section 48 — 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1958	\$ 43,879.80		
Second Year of Biennium	430,200.00		
Receipts	169,703.25		
Cancelled Warrant — Prior	10.23		
Transfers			
From Salaries	\$ 25,000.00		
From State Tax			
Commission	2,000.00		
From Department of Public Safety —			
Highway Patrol	24,000.00	51,000.00	
To Salaries			\$ 30,776.07
Disbursements —			
Travel Allowance	22,427.54		
Printing and Binding	2,698.93		
General Office Expense	504.35		
Encampment & Maintenance, Camp Dodge	80,091.85		
Armory Allowance	485,233.95		
Headquarters Allowance	19,125.00		
Per Capita Allowance	39,365.00		
Physical Examinations	2,764.25		
Boards	229.81		
Contingent Expense	7,543.03		
Auto Insurance	349.00	660,332.71	
Totals	\$694,793.28	\$691,108.78	\$3,684.50*

*Reverted to General Revenue

Fiscal Year 1959

ARMORY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATION

56th General Assembly

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1959
Appropriation — House File 578, Chapter 26, Section 2 — 56th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1958	\$ 21,630.82		
Receipts — Fairfield Armory Corporation			
Reimbursements —			
Steel Shelving and Accessories	\$ 1,193.55		
250 Lockers	3,199.00	4,392.55	
Disbursements			
Steel Shelving and Access. Construction at the Following Armories —		\$ 1,193.55	

Boone	2,328.67		
Council Bluffs	436.63		
Fairfield	2,111.46		
Ottumwa	19,913.06		
Waterloo	40.00		24,829.82
Totals		\$ 26,023.37	\$ 26,023.37

Fiscal Year 1959

ARMORY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATION

57th General Assembly

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1959
Appropriation — Senate File 474, Chapter 16, Section 1, Par. 1, 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1958	\$145,000.00		
Receipts — Refunds of Sales And Used Tax	2,914.32		
Disbursements —			
Armories —			
Des Moines Airport	\$ 1,550.00		
Fairfield	6,781.96		
Le Mars	227.00		
Ottumwa	27,245.47		
Storm Lake	2.10		\$ 35,806.53
Architectural — Engineering Service —			
Storm Lake, Fairfield, Red Oak and Waterloo		362.61	
Soils Investigation for Proposed Armory Sites		125.00	
1,000 Folding Chairs	2,820.00		
Freight Charges	304.10	3,124.10	
Totals	\$147,914.32	\$ 39,418.24	\$108,496.08

Fiscal Year 1959

ARMORY REHABILITATION APPROPRIATION

57th General Assembly

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1959
Appropriation — Senate File 474, Chapter 16, Section 1, Par. 2, 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1958	\$ 14,086.89		
Disbursements			
Armories —			
Algona	\$ 466.60		
Boone	39.55		
Clarinda	797.50		
Council Bluffs	194.00		
Des Moines — Red Horse	1,854.29		
Fort Dodge	887.00		
Iowa Falls	468.22		

Keokuk	3,556.86		
Muscatine	13.85		
Oskaloosa	40.00		
Washington	2,413.30		
Webster City	605.00	\$ 11,336.17	
3 Dehumidifiers		255.04	
Totals	\$ 14,086.89	\$ 11,591.21	\$ 2,495.68

Fiscal Year 1959

CAMP DODGE REHABILITATION APPROPRIATION

57th General Assembly

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1959
Appropriation — Senate File 474, Chapter 16, Section 1, Par. 3, 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1958	\$ 7,517.81		
Disbursements			
Totals	\$ 7,517.81		\$ 7,517.81

Fiscal Year 1959

CAMP DODGE PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1959
Balance July 1, 1958	\$ 1,716.20		
Receipts —			
Rent —			
Quarters and			
Land	\$27,487.85		
Facilities	10,532.53	\$ 38,020.38	
*Mobile Kitchens	775.00		
Salee of Steel Chairs to Fairfield Armory Corp. ..	705.00		
Sale of Junk	10.50		
Sales of Used Material	125.89		
Commission on Telephones	95.16		
Damage Claims	16.50		
Purchase Discount —			
Duro Test Corp.	38.57		
Water — Iowa Liquor Control Commission	4.28	\$ 39,791.28	
Building Material and Building Maintenance		\$ 10,305.52	
Materials and Ground Maintenance		3,619.81	
Equipment Parts and Equip- ment Maintenance		1,572.12	
Gasoline, Oil and Service		146.23	
Equipment —			
Twin Coffee Urn	545.00		
Gas Range	195.99		
Electric Range	320.25		
3 Transformers	270.00		

Heating and Air Condi- tioning Unit	615.00		
Stainless Steel Tank	312.00		
Floor Machine	182.50		
Theater Chairs for Classrooms	50.00		
3 Waste Cans	65.40		
H. P. Lub. With Truck	156.48		
2 Time Clocks and Installation	150.00		
Wood Turning Lathe	546.69		
6 Self-Propelled Mowers	677.88		
Ford Tractor	2,415.00	6,502.19	
Miscellaneous —			
Office Supplies	231.28		
Consulting Engineers Fees	130.00		
Cups and Tumblers	75.90	437.18	
Totals	\$ 41,507.48	\$ 22,583.05	\$18,924.43

*Reimbursement for Mobile Kitchen Units received in error — Should have been credited to Support and Maintenance. Correction made in fiscal year 1959-1960.

Fiscal Year 1959

AID TO CIVIL AUTHORITIES

		Appro- piation & Receipts	Disburse- ments	Balance June 30, 1959
Receipts —				
Payroll Reimbursement By Comptroller	\$ 331.16			
Cancelled Warrant — Prior	45.80	\$ 376.96		
Disbursements				
Payroll —				
Office	34,651.58			
State's Share — IPERS	790.92			
State's Share — FICA	580.25			
Guard — Active Duty	31,153.33		\$ 67,176.08	
Other Guard Expense —				
Meals	4,638.61			
Hotel and Motel	1,277.61			
Travel	302.08			
Telephone	271.39			
Gasoline and Oil	773.74			
Miscellaneous	560.71		7,824.14	
Sub-Totals		376.96	75,000.22	74,623.26
Appropriation To Balance		74,623.26		74,623.26
Totals		\$ 75,000.22	\$ 75,000.22	

Fiscal Year 1959

COMPENSATION AND INJURY
\$ 3,629.80

Fiscal Year 1959

CLAIMS — PROPERTY DAMAGE
\$ 386.79

Fiscal Year 1960

SALARIES, SUPPORT, MAINTENANCE, ARMORIES, MISCELLANEOUS

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — Chapter 1, Section 46 — 58th G. A. First Year of Biennium	\$830,000.00		
Receipts	165,170.77		
Disbursements —			
Salaries		\$347,548.44	
Travel Allowance		19,066.35	
Printing and Binding		3,227.10	
General Office Exp.		276.79	
Encampment and Maintenance, Camp Dodge		87,518.77	
Armory Allowance		444,510.62	
Headquarters Allowance		18,350.00	
Per Capita Allowance		37,937.50	
Physical Examinations		1,863.00	
Boards		206.99	
Contingent Expense		4,839.71	
Auto Insurance		494.19	
Totals	\$995,170.77	\$965,839.46	\$29,331.31

Fiscal Year 1960

ARMORY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATION

57th General Assembly

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — Senate File 474 — Chapter 16, Section 1, Par. 1, 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1959	\$108,496.08		
Disbursements			
Armories —			
Camp Dodge	\$ 4,003.20		
Davenport	95.00		
Ft. Dodge	90.00		
Fort Dodge — Air	1,896.49		
Glenwood	35,509.18		
Le Mars	46,620.26		
Storm Lake	209.00	\$ 88,423.13	
1,000 Lockers		12,720.00	
Photo Services		110.18	
Totals	\$108,496.08	\$101,253.31	\$ 7,242.77

Fiscal Year 1960

ARMORY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATION

58th General Assembly

	Appropriation	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — Chapter 20, Section 1, Par. 1 — 58th G. A.	\$151,250.00		
Disbursements		—	
Totals	\$151,250.00	—	\$151,250.00

Fiscal Year 1960

ARMORY REHABILITATION APPROPRIATION

57th General Assembly

	Appropriation & Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — Senate File 474 — Chapter 16, Section 1, Par. 2 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1959	\$ 2,495.68		
Disbursements — Armories			
Iowa City		\$ 1,666.18	
Keokuk		400.00	
Shenandoah		247.50	
Sioux City		182.00	
Totals	\$ 2,495.68	\$ 2,495.68	—

Fiscal Year 1960

ARMORY REHABILITATION APPROPRIATION

58th General Assembly

	Appropriation	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — Chapter 20 Section 1, Par. 2, 58th G. A.	\$ 70,000.00		
Disbursements			
A. G. Office — Camp Dodge		\$ 30.33	
Armories —			
Atlantic	\$ 312.00		
Audubon	232.00		
Charles City	407.00		
Corning	206.20		
Council Bluffs	348.00		
Davenport	680.00		
Denison	28.25		
Des Moines — Air	2,804.27		
Des Moines — Red Horse	1,989.00		
Ft. Dodge	90.00		
Hampton	112.50		
Iowa City	744.09		
Iowa Falls	177.50		
Mason City	877.00		

Muscatine	607.26		
Newton	2,567.00		
Waterloo	154.00	12,336.07	
Totals	\$ 70,000.00	\$ 12,366.40	\$57,633.60

Fiscal Year 1960

CAMP DODGE REHABILITATION APPROPRIATION

57th General Assembly

	Appropriation	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — Senate File 474 — Chapter 16, Section 1, Par. 3 — 57th G. A.			
Balance July 1, 1959	\$ 7,517.81		
Disbursements			
Heating — Labor and Material		\$ 1,182.50	
Consulting Engineer		200.00	
Concrete Blocks, Founda- tion Vents		517.32	
S. H. Poles and Labor		615.00	
Painting — Contract		750.00	
Paint		525.45	
Freight		131.37	
Miscellaneous Supplies		3,596.17	
Totals	\$ 7,517.81	\$ 7,517.81	—

Fiscal Year 1960

CAMP DODGE REHABILITATION APPROPRIATION

58th General Assembly

	Appropriation	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — Chapter 20, Section 1, Par. 3, 58th G. A.	\$167,500.00		
Rehabilitation Camp Dodge (20-1-3a-58)	\$ 67,500.00		
Disbursements —			
Heating — Labor and Material		\$ 13,538.50	
Roadstone		853.50	
Fence		69.00	
Tree Trimming		1,000.00	
Miscellaneous Supplies		5,411.56	
Swimming Pool —			
Cement	281.36		
Sidewalk			
Construction	1,500.00		
Flood Lights	1,733.42	3,514.78*	
Total Disbursements		\$ 24,387.34	
Balance, June 30, 1960			\$43,112.66

Swimming Pool, Camp Dodge (20-1-3b-58) -----	\$100,000.00		
Disbursements			
Starco, Inc. — Contract			
Midwest Pool and Equip- ment Co. — Contract		27,444.92	
Filter System -----		19,837.12	
Engineering Fee			
(share) -----		36,403.24	
Miscellaneous —			
Cement -----	487.64		
Concrete Block -----	199.12		
Concrete Pipe -----	644.38		
Gasoline -----	119.70		
Electrical Supplies -----	792.70		
Crane Rental -----	184.00		
Freight — Hardware -----	4.13	2,431.67	
Total Disbursements		88,656.04	
Balance, June 30, 1960			11,343.96
Totals -----	\$167,500.00	\$113,043.38	\$54,456.62

Fiscal Year 1960

CAMP DODGE REHABILITATION APPROPRIATION
BFCC (58th GA)

	Appro- priation	Disburse- ments	Balance June 30, 1960
Appropriation — BFCC 57-1-58			
Order 24-58 — Transfers From			
General Contingent Fund,			
May 18, 1960. Resurfacing			
Roads and Streets —			
Camp Dodge -----	\$100,000.00		
Disbursements -----			
Totals -----	\$100,000.00		\$100,000.00

Fiscal Year 1960

CAMP DODGE PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Receipts	Disburse- ments	Balance June 30, 1960
Balance July 1, 1959 -----	\$ 18,924.43		
Receipts —			
Rent —			
Quarters and			
Land ----- \$23,069.14			
Facilities ----- 7,080.20			
		\$ 30,149.34	
Sale of Material -----	23.02		
Sale of Junk -----	600.00		
Commission On			
Telephones -----	66.00	30,838.36	

Disbursements —

Building Repair and Maintenance		\$ 13,748.51	
Materials and Ground Maintenance		5,733.56	
Equipment Parts and Equipment		3,826.70	
Supplies		3,085.65	
Equipment —			
3 Used Snow Plows	60.00		
Dyna Fog Jr.	299.42		
Remanufactured Compressor	69.00		
Tractor	3,950.00		
3 Transformers	1,302.00		
Sprayer	272.50	5,952.92	
Swimming Pool			
Under water Lights, Deck Boxes, Accessories	1,076.49		
Equipment — Ladders, diving boards, etc.	1,810.00		
Cement Base Paint	1,200.00	4,086.49	
Miscellaneous —			
To Correct Receipt for 8 Mobile Kitchens in Fiscal Year 1959-1960	775.00		
Reimbursement on Telephone Charge to 224 Engineers Battalion	36.25		
Cost of New Aluminum Boat — Damages in Rescue Attempt of Guard Personnel (Damaged Boat — State Property)	615.50	1,426.75	
Totals	\$ 49,762.79	\$ 37,860.58	\$11,902.21

Fiscal Year 1960

AID TO CIVIL AUTHORITIES

		Appro- priation & Receipts	Disburse- ments
Receipts —			
Refunds on Travel		\$ 75.75	
Disbursements —			
Payroll —			
Office	\$ 35,981.60		
State's Share IPERS	766.66		
State's Share FICA	728.59		
Guard — Active Duty	86,055.99		\$123,532.84
Other Guard Expense —			
Meals	10,607.92		
Hotel and Motel	1,043.68		
Travel	2,006.98		
Telephone	1,280.12		
Gasoline and Oil	3,368.16		18,306.86
Miscellaneous —			
Reports of Survey	636.39		

Medical Service			
and Supplies	297.14		
Cleaning Service	644.75		
Electrical Service	161.26		
Gas Service	191.48		
Supplies	1,679.45		
Mattress and Repairs ..	787.90		
500 Cots	2,625.00		
Burlap Bags	8,000.00		
Sand and Gravel	392.30		
Other	452.16		15,867.83
			<hr/>
Totals		\$ 75.75	\$157,707.53

Fiscal Year 1960

COMPENSATION AND INJURY

\$ 7,859.60

Fiscal Year 1960

CLAIMS — PROPERTY DAMAGE

\$ 907.91

B. ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

7. Administration and Personnel
8. Operations and Training
9. Federal Logistics Program
10. Facilities and Construction

7. ADMINISTRATION AND PERSONNEL

- Military Strength
- Personnel Procurement
- ARNG Technician Program
- Trophies and Awards

STRENGTH — ARMY AND AIR NATIONAL GUARD — 30 JUNE 1960

Unit	Location	OFF	WO	EM
Hq/Hq Det Iowa ARNG	Des Moines	20	6	38
Hq/Hq Co 34th Inf Div (-)	Des Moines	30	2	122
34th Avn Co (-)	Boone	32	1	55
Hq/Hq Trp 113th Armor	Burlington	11	4	136
Trp A	Washington	4	1	99
Trp B	Mount Pleasant	5	0	116
Trp C	Keokuk	4	0	86
Hq/Hq Co 2dMedTkBn 113th Armor	Knoxville	13	2	106
Co A	Chariton	3	0	64
Co B	Centerville	4	0	74
Co C	Ottumwa	4	0	67
Co D	Oskaloosa	4	1	67
Co E	Newton	4	0	62
Hq/Hq Co 234th Signal Bn (-)	Des Moines	11	3	73
Co. A	Des Moines	5	1	94
434th Acft Maint Det	Boone	1	1	23
Hq/Hq Co 1BG/133d Inf	Cedar Falls	20	3	108
Co A	Dubuque	5	0	164
Co B	Dubuque	5	0	145
Co C	Hampton	4	0	78
Co D	Oelwein	5	1	150
Co E	Mason City	4	1	112
Cmbt Spt Co (-)	Charles City	7	0	81
Recon Plt, C/S Co	Mason City	1	0	35
Hq/Hq Co 2d BG/133d Inf	Sioux City	22	2	133
Co A	LeMars	5	1	137
Co B	Sheldon	4	0	103
Co C	Ida Grove	2	0	40
R/W Plt, Co C	Cherokee	2	0	51
Co D	Audubon	4	0	62
Co E	Sioux City	4	0	60
R/W Plt, Co E	Mapleton	2	0	57
Cmbt Spt Co	Denison	7	0	67
Recon Plt, C/S Co	Storm Lake	1	0	19
Hq/Hq Co 1st BG/168th Inf	Council Bluffs	22	3	146
Co A	Glenwood	6	0	82
Co B	Atlantic	6	0	109
Co C	Villisca	4	0	40
R/W Plt, Co C	Clarinda	2	1	53

Unit	Location	OFF	WO	EM
Co D	Corning	4	1	86
R/W Plt, Co D	Red Oak	2	0	65
Co E	Shenandoah	6	1	73
Cmbt Spt Co	Council Bluffs	12	1	141
Hq/Hq Btry 34th Inf Div Arty (-)	Boone	19	2	103
Hq/Hq Btry 1stHowBn/185th Arty	Davenport	15	3	82
Btry A	Clinton	3	0	63
Btry B	Clinton	3	1	61
Hq/Hq Btry 2dHowBn/185th Arty	Davenport	14	3	68
Btry A	Cedar Rapids	3	0	75
Btry B	Cedar Rapids	3	0	69
Hq/Hq Btry 3dHowBn/185th Arty	Des Moines	14	2	68
Btry A	Marshalltown	3	0	69
Btry B	Iowa Falls	3	0	68
Hq/Hq Btry 4thRktHowBn/185th Arty	Boone	14	4	62
Btry A	Jefferson	3	1	62
Btry B	Perry	6	1	56
34th Inf Div Trains (-)	Des Moines	94	20	679
Hq/Hq Det 34th Inf Div Trains	Des Moines	8	0	15
34th Inf Div Band	Fairfield	0	2	39
34th Admin Co (Pt)	Des Moines	15	4	52
Hq/Hq Det 109th Med Bn	Iowa City	13	1	30
Co A	Iowa City	4	0	50
Co B	Iowa City	12	0	63
Hq/Hq Co 234th Trans Bn	Fort Dodge	10	4	77
Co A	Wester City	5	1	81
Co B	Fort Dodge	4	0	70
Co C	Eagle Grove	4	0	68
Hq/Co A 734th Ord Bn	Camp Dodge	10	6	72
Co B	Camp Dodge	9	2	62
Hq/Hq Det 148th Trans Bn (Acft)	Waterloo	9	2	50
1063d Avn Co (FW)	Waterloo	12	5	46
1064th Trans Co	Waterloo	4	1	56
Hq/Hq Btry, 1st How Bn 194th Arty	Humboldt	14	1	50
Btry A	Spencer	5	0	64
Btry B	Algona	5	0	85
Btry C	Estherville	5	0	40
Svc Btry	Storm Lake	3	1	43
Med Det	Humboldt	1	0	4
Hq/Hq&Svc Co 224th Engr Bn(HC)	Cedar Rapids	13	4	114
Hv Equip Plt	Iowa City	1	0	37
Co A	Muscataine	3	2	73
EMov Plt Co A	Davenport	1	1	36
Co B	Cedar Rapids	4	3	128
Co C	Ottumwa	4	2	81
EMov Plt Co C	Fairfield	1	1	45
Hq Iowa Air NG	Des Moines	7	1	7
132d Air Defense Wing (-)	Des Moines	104	4	689
174th TacReconSq (PJ)	Sergeant Bluff	43	2	392
133d AC&W Flt	Fort Dodge	19	2	230

PERSONNEL

1. MILITARY STRENGTH.

a. The federally recognized strength of Iowa Army National Guard on 30 June 1960 was 6918. It was distributed among 85 federally recognized units.

b. The total strength decreased 108 since 30 June 1959. The Officer and Warrant Officers strength on 30 June 1960 consisted of 605 Officers and

97 Warrant Officers, while on 30 June 1959 there were 606 Officers and 96 Warrant Officers.

c. Iowa Army National Guard Strength:

	30 June 1958	30 June 1959	30 June 1960
TOTAL	7128	7026	6918
Officers:	598	606	605
Warrant Officers:	102	96	97
Enlisted Men:	6428	6324	6216
Gain or Loss Previous Year: ..		-102	-108

2. PROCUREMENT OF OFFICERS & WARRANT OFFICERS.

a. The Iowa Military Academy began in 1957, providing a new source of commissioned officers for the Iowa Army National Guard during 1958. There were 43 graduates in July 1958; 49 graduates in July 1959.

b. Officers and Warrants Officers were procured from the following sources:

	1958	1959	1960
Army and NG OCS	33	48	10
USAR Officers	1	20	11
Other Sources	2	25	4
TOTAL	36	93	25

3. PROCUREMENT OF ENLISTED PERSONNEL.

a. The enlisted strength of the Iowa Army National Guard slowly decreased during the period of this report, resulting in a total decrease of 210 enlisted men during the two year period. The reasons for the decline during the period were the lack of sufficient six (6) months training quotas; difficulty of enlisting men returning from two (2) years of active duty with the Armed Forces; the declining number of available veterans who in past had been an excellent source of recruits for the Iowa National Guard, and smaller requirements in Selective Service calls.

b. Reorganization during 1959 resulted in many personnel actions, including reassignment of Officers and Warrant Officers. Some delay in receiving federal recognitions were experienced because of workload experienced at National Guard Bureau with units of 14 States being affected by reorganization.

c. In 1959, the State received its allocation for promotion to E-8 of a limited number of first sergeants and master sergeants. During this same time, the enlisted pay grade structure for enlisted men of the Army National Guard was changed to provide for nine pay grades, from E-1 through E-9.

ARNG TECHNICIAN PROGRAM

1. During the biennium beginning 1 July 1958 to 30 June 1960 the Iowa Army National Guard Technician Program showed very little expansion, however, there was considerable reassignment of personnel due to reorganization of ARNG units during May 1959.

2. As a result of this reorganization the number of Organizational Maintenance Shops was increased from thirteen to eighteen and are now located as indicated:

Organ Maint Shop (Auto)	Location	Parent Unit	Responsible Officer
HHC Co 34th Inf Div	Des Moines	HHCO 34th Inf	CG 34th Inf Div
1st BG 133d Inf	Cedar Falls-Waterloo	HH CO 1st BG 133d Inf	CO 1st BG 133d Inf
2d BG 133d Inf	Mason City		
	Sioux City	HHC Co 2d BG 133d Inf	CO 2d BG 133d Inf
1st BG 168th Inf	Audubon		
	Red Oak	HHC Co 1st BG 168th Inf	CO 1st BG 168th Inf
1st Ren Sq 113th Armor	Council Bluffs	HHTrp 1st Ren Sq 113th Armor	CO 1st Recon Sq 113th Armor
2nd Med Tk Bn 113th Armor	Burlington		
	Chariton	HHC Co 2d Med Tk Bn 113th Armor	CO 2d Med Tk Bn 113th Armor
234th Sig Bn	Camp Dodge	HHC 234th Sig Bn	CO 234th Sig Bn
1st How Bn 185th Arty	Davenport	HHBtry 1st How Bn 185th Arty	CO 1st How Bn 185th Arty
2d How Bn 185th Arty	Davenport	HHBtry 1st How Bn 185th Arty	CO 1st How Bn 185th Arty
3d How Bn 185th Arty	Camp Dodge	HHBtry 3d How Bn 185th Arty	CO 2d How Bn 185th Arty
4th Rkt How Bn 185th Arty	Boone	HHBtry 4th Rkt How Bn 185th Arty	CO 4th Rkt How Bn 185th Arty
HHBtry 34th Inf Div Arty			
109th Med Bn	Iowa City	HHDet 109th Med Bn	CO 109th Med Bn
734th Ord Bn	Camp Dodge	Co B 734th Ord Bn	CO 734th Ord Bn
234th Trans Bn	Fort Dodge	HHC Co 234th Trans Bn	CO 234th Trans Bn
148th Trans Bn (Army Acft(Prov))	Cedar Falls-Waterloo	HHDet 148th Trans Bn	Co 148th Trans Bn (Army Acft)
224th Engr Bn	Fairfield	H/H/Svc Co 224th Engr Bn	CO 224th Engr Bn
1st How Bn 194th Arty	Storm Lake	Svc Btry 1st How Bn 194th Arty	CO 1st How Bn 194th Arty
Hq Det Iowa ARNG	Camp Dodge	Hq Det Iowa ARNG	CO Hq Det Iowa ARNG

3. The number of technicians employed during the biennium and total obligated funds for salaries during this period is shown below:

1 July 1958

7512 — Organizational technicians	160
7513 — USP&FO technicians	46
7514 — Field Maintenance technicians	55

Total	261
Total obligated funds for salaries	\$102,844.32

30 June 1959

7512 — Organizational technicians	163
7513 — USP&FO technicians	49
7514 — Field Maintenance technicians	54

Total	266
Total obligated funds for salaries	\$109,205.56

30 June 1960

7512 — Organizational technicians	168
7513 — USP&FO technicians	47
7514 — Field Maintenance technicians	54

Total	269
Total obligated funds for salaries	\$121,224.50

TROPHIES AND AWARDS

The following awards were made to units of the Iowa Army National Guard during the Calendar Year 1957:

GENERAL FOUNTAIN TROPHY — For proficiency in training — Calendar Year 1956:

109th Medical Battalion

The following awards were made to units of the Iowa Army National Guard during the Calendar Year 1958:

1. THE EISENHOWER TROPHY — For the most outstanding unit — Calendar Year 1957:

Hq & Hq Co 2nd Battalion 168th Inf Regt

2. NATIONAL GUARD AWARD FOR EFFICIENCY IN MAINTENANCE — Calendar Year 1957:

Btry C 554th Field Artillery Battalion

3. THE GOVERNOR LEO A. HOEGH TROPHY — For the Battalion having highest percent of authorized strength in attendance at annual active duty training — Calendar Year 1958:

556th Field Artillery Battalion

4. NATIONAL GUARD (STATE) TROPHY — Rifle team attaining highest figure of merit:

Hq Co 2nd Battalion 168th Inf Regt

The following awards were made to units of the Iowa Army National Guard during the Calendar Year 1959:

1. THE EISENHOWER TROPHY — For the most outstanding unit — Calendar Year 1958:

Co D 133rd Infantry

2. NATIONAL GUARD AWARD FOR EFFICIENCY IN MAINTENANCE — Calendar Year 1958:

Btry A 185th Field Artillery Battalion

3. NATIONAL GUARD (STATE) TROPHY — Rifle team attaining highest figure of merit:

Hq & Hq Co 133d Infantry Regt

AWARDED 1958

TWENTY-FIVE YEAR STATE SERVICE MEDAL

MSgt Leslie J. Gratton 20701074 Hq Co, 133d Inf

TWENTY YEAR STATE SERVICE MEDAL

CWO W4 Ernest A. Beck	W4003476	3655th Ord Co (DS)
Sfc Samuel J. R. Shaffer	26798310	Btry C 113 AAA Bn (AW) (SP)
Sfc Neal E. Jacobs	26797917	Btry A 113 AAA Bn (AW) (SP)
Sgt Stewart H. Osterholm	26791545	Co I, 168th Inf
CWO W4 Cyril R. Raymond	W2001539	Svc Co, 133d Inf

AWARDED 1959

TWENTY-FIVE YEAR STATE SERVICE MEDAL

Lt Col Nile L. Canon	01575827	Hq Iowa ARNG
MSgt Emory S. Anderson	20702318	Co E 1st BG 133d Inf
MSgt Behnard H. Reynolds	37685159	Co E 1st BG 133d Inf
MSgt Darrow D. Moore	37435383	Co C 2d BG 133d Inf
Sfc Melvin H. Hennings	26782672	Co B 734th Ord Bn

TWENTY YEAR STATE SERVICE MEDAL

MSgt Emil A. Hantelmann	26782673	Co A, 133d Inf
Maj Roger J. Harrison	01175455	HHB 2d How Bn 185th Arty
Capt Burdette N. Anderson	01695689	HHB 2d How Bn 185th Arty
Capt Allen N. Hamer	0946908	HHB 2d How Bn 185th Arty
MSgt E7 Edward J. Brown	20717674	Co B 734th Ord Bn
MSgt E7 Walter O. Collier	26794033	HHB 1st How Bn 185th Arty
Capt Donald E. Graham	0948230	Co D 2d Med Tk Bn 113 Armor

8. OPERATIONS and TRAINING

- Organization
- Armory Training
- Annual Active Duty for Training
- School Training
- Army Aviation
- Iowa Military Academy
- State Service

ORGANIZATION AND TRAINING

Troop Unit Statistics

The Iowa Army National Guard, as of 30 June 1960, consisted of 84 federally recognized units of company or detachment size, which includes 10 detachments that are split parts of companies organized in another location. These 84 units were organized into the 34th Infantry Division (Iowa Part); 148th Transportation Battalion (Army Aircraft); 1st Howitzer Battalion, 194th Artillery; 224th Engineer Battalion (Heavy Construction) and Headquarters Detachment, Iowa Army National Guard. The federally recognized strength of the Iowa Army National Guard on 30 June 1960 was 605 Officers, 97 Warrant Officers, and 6216 Enlisted Men for a total of 6918 personnel.

Major Changes

A new concept in mobilization planning, which places units in three priorities based on their mobilization requirements with varying authorized percentages of full strength, was initiated in FY 1960. Reorganization under the Pentomic Concept was initiated effective 1 May 1959 which necessitated action to either convert, redesignate or reorganize nearly every Army National Guard unit in the State. In some cases it was necessary to entirely inactivate some units and to organize other new units.

This entire action created the necessity for considerable reassignment of officers and transfer of enlisted personnel. The reassignment of officers in many cases involved a change in branch of service which placed the officer on a qualification waiver. Each such officer was faced with the necessity of attending a service school or completing extension courses to become qualified in his new branch of service.

The impact of this change on some communities, particularly those with many years of tradition with a specific unit was, in many cases, hard to cope with and required considerable "selling" to convince them that this change was necessary and would eventually be beneficial to all concerned.

The Combat Arms Regimental System (CARS) was introduced in conjunction with the reorganization of the Iowa Army National Guard. This flexible, nontactical structure insures the historical perpetuation of the Army National Guard's most famous armor, artillery and infantry regiments.

Training

Units of the Iowa Army National Guard conducted training in accordance with criteria established by Headquarters, United States Continental Army Command. This criteria was set forth in the USCONARC Training Directive dated 1 July 1958, which also established the following objectives:

a. **INDIVIDUALS.** To insure that personnel are properly prepared to perform individual duties required upon mobilization, the following objectives pertain: (1) To train all personnel in the fundamentals of combat operations, (2) to develop and qualify personnel in all grades to perform duties which reasonably may be assigned to them both in peace and combat, (3) to develop and qualify all personnel in the MOS assignment, (4) to develop personnel as efficient instructors, (5) to develop a fully qualified individual to fill each key NCO and specialist position listed in the Table of Organization, (6) to maintain standards of mental and physical fitness necessary for active duty, and (7) to indoctrinate all individuals in the Code of Conduct.

b. **UNITS.** Consistent with planned mobilization utilization, the following training objectives will apply: (1) to train each unit to the maximum degree of proficiency, starting with the squad or comparable unit, and progressing to larger units as the smaller elements become proficient, and (2) to bring all units to such a state of training that a minimum of post-mobilization training will be required prior to their being considered combat ready.

Armory Training

All units of the Iowa Army National Guard participated in 48 paid training assemblies during each of fiscal years 1959 and 1960. Multiple drills accounted for 26 percent of the total authorized drills. Multiple drills are two paid 4-hour assemblies conducted on 1 calendar day as a substitute for 2 regular 2-hour armory drill assemblies.

Funds for subsistence to support drill assemblies were authorized on a basis of 52 cents per trainee for one meal or 1.04 per trainee per day when two meals were required.

All federally recognized units of the Iowa Army National Guard receive an Inspector General Inspection annually. The purpose of these inspections, conducted for Commanding General, Fifth U.S. Army, by regular Army officers detailed as inspectors general, is to ascertain whether equipment issued to the Iowa Army National Guard is being maintained as prescribed, proper quantities of equipment are on hand, units are properly organized, assigned personnel are qualified, records are properly maintained, and training is conducted as prescribed. Results of these inspections for FY 1959 and FY 1960 are listed on the following page:

Annual IG Inspections—Iowa ARNG

Fiscal Year 1959

Rating	Fiscal Year 1959 Number of Ratings	Fiscal Year 1960 Number of Ratings
Superior	9	1
Excellent	62	47
Satisfactory	13	26
Unsatisfactory	0	0

Annual Active Duty for Training.

Each year, assigned personnel of the Iowa ARNG are required to participate in a 15 day annual active duty for training (ANACDUTRA) period. This ANACDUTRA provides an opportunity for all federally recognized units to assemble and perform advanced individual and unit training as prescribed in appropriate Armory training programs. During FY 1959, 98.2 percent of the assigned personnel attended such training periods and during FY 1960, 98.5 percent of the assigned personnel participated.

During the ANACDUTRA periods, evaluation teams composed of officers of the Army inspected the training of all Iowa Army National Guard. Reports of these inspections are used as a basis for corrective action and unit evaluation. Training evaluation results for CY 1959 and CY 1960 are given below:

Training Evaluation Reports—Iowa ARNG

CY 1959

Rating	CY 1959 Number of Ratings	CY 1960 Number of Ratings
Superior	2	2
Excellent	56	41
Very Satisfactory	13	—*
Satisfactory	0	28
Unsatisfactory	0	0

*Note: The rating of "Very Satisfactory" was not used as an evaluation rating during CY 1960.

School Activities

The Army National Guard School Program is designed to provide progressive military education and appropriate practical training for officers and enlisted men of the Iowa Army National Guard. Its purpose is to prepare personnel: (1) to perform efficiently in all positions concerned with the leadership of personnel and units; (2) to apply current doctrine, tactics, and techniques; and (3) to plan and execute the training of an organization. Service school courses embrace every phase of Army operations. Through the graduates of these schools improved training methods, techniques, and tactics are taught to other members of the units within the state.

The school program includes four activities; Army Service Schools, Army Area Schools, Officer Candidate Schools, and Nonresident (extension) Courses.

The Army Service School comprise the main activity of the program. This program trained the number of personnel of the Iowa ARNG in courses of instruction which varied in length from 1 week to 10 months:

Army Service School Program—Iowa ARNG

Year	Number of Officers	Number of EM
FY 1959	113	44
FY 1960	168	75

Priority was given to the training of officers in basic and advanced courses and at the Command General Staff College. For enlisted men, the schools emphasized the training of noncommissioned officers and those enlisted personnel with a specialty which requires training at an Active Army school.

ARMY AVIATION FY 1959 AND FY 1960

At the beginning of Fiscal Year 1959, 1 July 1958, Army Aviation in the Iowa ARNG was composed of nine separate aviation sections. These sections were assigned to Hq Company 34th Infantry Division; Hq 34th Division Artillery; 34th Signal Company; two Infantry Regiments; and four Field Artillery Battalions.

Maintenance on all assigned Army aircraft and helicopters was performed at the Aviation Maintenance Shop, Municipal Airport, Boone, Iowa. This shop was operated under the direction of a supervisor and all employees are members of the Iowa ARNG. These personnel were hired as civilian employees to maintain National Guard equipment and are paid entirely from federal funds.

282102

Units of the 34th Infantry Division, Iowa ARNG, reorganized 1 May 1959 to the pentomic concept. Aviation sections, within the division were combined into the 34th Aviation Company and the 434th Transportation Aircraft Maintenance Detachment both with Headquarters at Municipal Airport at Boone. In addition, three new non-divisional aviation units were organized as follows: HHD Detachment, 148th Transportation Battalion and the 1063d Aviation Co both with Headquarters at Municipal Airport, Waterloo; and the 1064th Trans Co, (Acft Maint) at Municipal Airport, Davenport, Iowa.

With re-organization to the pentomic concept and the adding of three aviation units, Army Aviation in the Iowa ARNG took a gigantic step forward. Total authorization for Army aviators and Army aircraft was nearly doubled.

Fiscal year 1959 closed with 21 aircraft assigned, which included five helicopters. Flying hours for the year totaled 5,189 hours.

Fiscal year 1960 continued to show gains in both personnel and equipment for all Army aviation units. The 1063d Aviation Company received two U1-A (Otters) which were, at that time, the only aircraft of this type assigned to a National Guard unit. The fiscal year closed with 27 aircraft assigned for a net gain of six aircraft. Five of the additional aircraft were helicopters which increased to ten the number of helicopters assigned to the Iowa National Guard. Flying hours for the year totaled 6,611 hours which was an increase of 1422 hours over the previous year.

1 JULY 1958 — 30 JUNE 1960

IOWA MILITARY ACADEMY

On 1 March 1957 General Order Number 6 Published by the Adjutant General of Iowa gave official status to the Iowa Military Academy (State OCS).

This order was the result of an OCS Conference held at Indianapolis, Indiana 17-18 January 1957.

The Iowa Military Academy has graduated 92 Cadets as of 30 June 1960, with Class I graduating in 1958 and Class II in 1959.

The Iowa Military Academy is one of 50 such schools in the United States and the District of Columbia. The Academy is located at Camp Dodge, Iowa, both the 8 weekend sessions and two Summer Field Training periods, are conducted at this State Operated Camp.

The mission of the Academy is to provide an effective means of teaching selected enlisted men and Warrant Officers of the Iowa National Guard and the Army Reserve basic military subjects contained in Army Officers Candidate Courses, together with Supplementary subjects believed to be invaluable to the newly commissioned National Guard and Reserve Officer. To develop the individual capacity for leadership and command at the platoon level.

The program of instruction approximately 280 hours is accomplished on weekends and during summer field training periods. The training period consists of three phases. Phase I "Plebe Phase" Summer Field Training first two weeks. Phase II "8 Weekend assemblies" and Phase III "Final two weeks Summer training."

Commandant of the Academy is Brig Gen Frank P. Williams, Deputy Commander, 34th Infantry Division (Part).

STATE ACTIVE DUTY— AID TO CIVILIAN AUTHORITIES

1 JULY 59 — 30 JUNE 60

2 JULY 59 — FLASH FLOOD — ATLANTIC IOWA AREA

(Approximately 5 days duty)

Detachments from 15 units Iowa ARNG

6 JULY 58 — TRAFFIC CONTROL AVIATION DAY MASON CITY IOWA
(1 day duty)

Detachments from 2 units Iowa ARNG

20 AUG — 1 SEPT 58 — GUARDING NATIONAL GUARD DISPLAY
STATE FAIR DES MOINES IOWA

19 PERSONNEL — Army and Air

6 SEPT 58 — FLOOD — ATLANTIC IOWA AREA

DETACHMENTS from 2 units Iowa ARNG

27 FEB 59 — RESCUE MISSION ON MISSISSIPPI RIVER
(1 day duty)

1 Officer

12 JUL 59 — TRAFFIC CONTROL AVIATION DAY MASON CITY IOWA
(1 day duty)

Detachments from 2 units Iowa ARNG

19-23 SEPT 59 — SECURITY GUARDS FOR KHRUSHCHEV
(Approximately 5 days duty)

Detachments from 22 units

29 SEP - 1 OCT 59 — TRAFFIC CONTROL FARM IMPROVEMENT
SHOW CLARION IOWA

(3 days duty)

Detachment Co C 234th Trans Bn

29 MARCH 60 — FLOOD Ottumwa, Glenwood, Sious City, Council Bluffs,
Cedar Rapids Iowa Areas

4 JUN 60 — TRAFFIC CONTROL GROUND BREAKING FOR RED
ROCK DAM KNOXVILLE IOWA AREA

(1 day duty)

Detachment from 1 unit Iowa ARNG

10 JUL 60 — TRAFFIC CONTROL AVIATION DAY MASON CITY IOWA
(1 day duty)

Detachment 2 units Iowa ARNG

9. FEDERAL LOGISTICS PROGRAM

Supply and Distribution

Fiscal

Maintenance

SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION

On 1 July 1958 the Iowa Army National Guard had an on hand inventory of approximately \$13,500,000. During this year we received approximately \$1,500,000 of additional equipment and consumable material. These receipts included wheeled vehicles, armored personnel carrier, tractors, aircraft, supplies and material for maintenance of equipment, etc. Within the funds allotted for procurement of supplies approximately \$30,000 was authorized for local purchases and primarily all purchased in the State of Iowa.

During this fiscal year the Iowa Army National Guard reported and shipped approximately \$240,000 of excess and surplus property to different agencies. Approximately \$50,000 of the surplus property went to State Health, welfare and education agencies.

As of 30 June 1959 the Iowa Army National Guard had on hand approximately 80 percent of the new army green uniform.

The reorganization of the Iowa ARNG in May 1959 created a requirement for different type of equipment and an excess of some presently on

hand. On 30 June 1959 the Iowa ARNG had on hand approximately 45 percent of authorized equipment with a closing inventory of approximately \$14,000,000.

During FY 1960 the Iowa ARNG received wheeled vehicles, M48 tanks, M41 tanks, armored personnel carriers, 8 in How, aircraft and other equipment and supplies with a monetary value of approximately \$4,824,632. The increased requirement for supplies resulted in an increase of local purchase within the State of Iowa.

The reorganization effected in May 1959 also resulted in the reporting and shipping of approximately \$1,330,416 of excess and surplus equipment and material, approximately 10 percent of the surplus property was allocated to State Health, Welfare and Education Agencies.

The issue of the new army green uniform was completed 100 percent during FY 1960.

As of 30 June 1960 the Iowa ARNG had approximately 55 percent of authorized equipment on hand with a closing inventory of approximately 17 million dollars.

FISCAL

The National Guard Bureau allotted the Adjutant General, State of Iowa \$2,941,380.00 for the support of the Iowa Army National Guard during fiscal year 1959. These funds were provided to cover the following major items of expense:

- Medical Examinations and Medical Care in Non-Army Facilities.
- Pay, Allowances, and Travel for Officers and Enlisted Men for Annual Field Training and School Attendance.
- Subsistence of the National Guard.
- Individual Clothing for the National Guard.
- Cost of Organizational Equipment and Material (Stock Fund Costs only — High Cost End Items are provided without cost at State Level)
- Petroleum, Oils, and Lubricants.
- Training and Office Supplies and Equipment.
- Pay of Army National Guard Technicians.
- Maintenance and Operation Costs of Army National Guard Installations under Service Contract.
- Armory Construction Costs (75% of cost is provided by Federal Government — 25% by the State)

In addition to the above support, the federal government provided federal funds to active army installations in the approximate amount of \$2,120,000.00 to provide funds for pay to members of the 84 federally recognized units for 48 armory drill periods. Approximately \$689,200.00 was furnished for pay and travel, and \$91,189.00 for clothing for the 897 Army National Guard trainees, who entered the 6 months training program. The total federal funding support provided during the fiscal year amounted to \$5,841,789.00, exclusive of costs for any major items of equipment. The year ending strength was 606 officers; 96 warrant officers; and 6324 enlisted men.

During the fiscal year, 6334 Army National Guardsmen participated in annual field training. The training was conducted by the following Iowa Army National Guard units at the locations shown below:

Unit	Location
113th Anti-Aircraft Artillery (AW) Bn	Camp Haven, Wisconsin
194th Field Artillery Bn	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
224th Engineer Bn	Camp Dodge, Iowa
Iowa Military Academy	Camp Dodge, Iowa
34th Infantry Division	Camp Ripley, Minn.

One hundred and thirteen officers and forty-four enlisted men attended Army and Army Area Service Schools during the fiscal year. Some of the larger schools members attended were the U. S. Army Command and General Staff College, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas; U. S. Army Infantry School,

Ft. Benning, Georgia; and the U.S. Army Artillery and Missile School, Ft. Sill, Oklahoma.

On 30 June 1959, 151 Army National Guard Technicians were employed at Organizational level; 49 at United States Property and Fiscal Office level; and 53 in the field maintenance shops.

The federal government provided funds (75% federal share) for Architect-Engineer services and for the construction of new armories at Glenwood, Iowa and Le Mars, Iowa.

The National Guard Bureau allotted the Adjutant General, State of Iowa \$3,377,746.25 for the support of the Iowa Army National Guard during fiscal year 1960. These funds were provided to cover the following major items of expense:

- Medical Examination and Medical Care in Non-Army Facilities.
- Pay, Allowances, and Travel for Officers and Enlisted Men for Annual Field Training and School Attendance.
- Subsistence of the National Guard.
- Individual Clothing for the National Guard.
- Cost of Organizational Equipment and Material (Stock Fund Costs only — High Cost End Items are provided without cost at State Level).
- Petroleum, Oils and Lubricants.
- Training and Office Supplies and Equipment.
- Pay of Army National Guard Technicians.
- Maintenance and Operation Costs of Army National Guard Installations under Service Contract.
- Armory Construction Costs (75% of cost is provided by Federal Government — 25% by the State).

In addition to the above support, the federal government provided federal funds to active army installation in the approximate amount of \$1,102,730.00 to provide funds for pay to members of the 84 federally recognized units for 48 armory drill periods. Approximately \$731,955.00 was furnished for pay and travel; and \$109,220.00 for clothing for the 1,024 Army National Guard trainees, who entered the 6 months training program. The total federal funding support provided during the fiscal year amounted to \$5,321,651.25, exclusive of costs for any major items of equipment. The year ending strength was 605 officers; 97 warrant officers; and 6216 enlisted men.

During the fiscal year, 5,929 Army National Guardsmen participated in annual field training. The training was conducted by the following Iowa Army National Guard units at the locations shown below:

Unit	Location
1st How Bn, 194th Artillery	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
34th Infantry Division Artillery	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
Iowa Military Academy	Camp Dodge, Iowa
Selective Service Section,	
Hff & Hq Det, Iowa ARNG	Lowry AFB, Denver, Colorado
34th Inf Division	Camp Ripley, Minnesota
224th Engr Bn	Camp Dodge, Iowa
113th Armor	Ft. Knox, Kentucky

One hundred and sixty-eight officers and seventy-five enlisted men attended Army and Army Area Service Schools during the fiscal year.

On 30 June 1960, 167 Army National Guard Technicians were employed at Organizational Level; 47 at United States Property and Fiscal Office level; and 53 in the field maintenance shops.

The federal government provided funds (75% federal share) for Architect-Engineer services and for the construction of new armory Storm Lake, Iowa.

MAINTENANCE

In the field maintenance area the Combined Field Maintenance Shop at Camp Dodge repaired 875 pieces of Automotive and Engineer equipment; 946 pieces of Artillery Small Arms and other weapons; 1,875 pieces of Signal

and other radio equipment; also 2,430 pieces of minor equipment such as canvas and leather and automotive fuel and electrical items were repaired. The total cost was over \$200,000.00 for repair parts. Approximately 95% of this cost was for repair parts received through normal supply channels and 5% for local purchase repair parts.

A total of 41 maintenance technicians were employed in the Combined Field Maintenance Shop at this time. Eighteen Organizational Maintenance Shops were established in twelve locations in the state. Forty-six mechanics were employed in these shops. The office of the Organizational Maintenance Officer was created under the general supervision of the State Maintenance Officer. A Command Maintenance Inspection was performed on all Iowa Army National Guard units and 100% of all of the Federal property on hand was inspected. Btry A, 185th Field Arty won the State Maintenance efficiency rating in calendar year 1959 and Co A 234th Sig Bn won the Maintenance efficiency rating in calendar year 1960.

10. FACILITIES AND CONSTRUCTION

Armory Construction

Non-Armory Construction

Camp Dodge

ARMORY CONSTRUCTION

Location	State Share	Federal Share	Total Cost
Fairfield	\$ 55,188.20	\$137,703.75	\$192,891.95
Glenwood	46,395.03	120,859.50	167,254.50
LeMars	46,334.94	106,730.25	153,065.19
Storm Lake	39,830.48	107,483.25	147,313.73

NON-ARMORY CONSTRUCTION

Organizational Maintenance Shops and Equipment Storage Compounds

Location	State Share	Federal Share	Total Cost
Boone		\$ 44,290.75	\$ 44,290.75
Burlington	\$ 2,002.00	38,616.50	40,618.50
Chariton	1,198.00	33,731.87	34,929.87
Cedar Falls		36,134.38	36,134.38
Fairfield		87,895.51	87,895.51
Red Oak		39,791.17	39,791.17
Storm Lake		37,275.65	37,275.65

Army Aircraft Maintenance Shop — Heating and Insulation of Hangar

Location	Federal Cost
Boone	\$ 12,380.00

CAMP DODGE

	State Share	Federal Share	Total Cost
Adjutant Generals Office	\$120,000.00		\$120,000.00
Gunniting — Bldg S-4		\$ 6,598.50	6,598.50
Bldg S-5		6,598.50	6,598.50
Reroofing — Bldg S-4		28,831.00	28,831.00
Bldg S-5		28,831.00	28,831.00
Paving roads	113,000.00		113,000.00
Hq Bldg — 734 Ord Bn	22,176.10		22,176.10
Electrcal System	13,965.12		13,965.12
Fire Station	13,500.00		13,500.00
Quarters for patrolman	7,802.25		7,802.25
Swimming Pool	130,000.00		130,000.00

C. AIR NATIONAL GUARD

11. Administration and Personnel
12. Operations and Training
13. Federal Logistics Program
14. Facilities and Construction

11. ADMINISTRATION AND PERSONNEL

The Iowa Air National Guard consists of Units of the Federally Recognized Air National Guard located at three Bases in Iowa. The Units of the 132d Air Defense Wing are located in Des Moines, Iowa at the Municipal Airport, and the 174th Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron is located at the Sioux City, Iowa Municipal Airport with the 133rd Aircraft Control and Warning Flight located at Fort Dodge, Iowa Municipal Airport. The Headquarters, Iowa ANG is located in the Adjutant Generals' Office.

The Composition of the 132d Air Defense Wing is as follows:

Unit	Commander
Hqs, 132d Air Defense Wing	Col Roger W. Gilbert
Hqs, 132d Fighter Group	Lt Col Robert M. Moorehead
132d Air Base Squadron	Maj Robert B. Ohme
132d CAM Squadron	Maj Robert J. Chrisjohn
132d USAF Dispensary	Maj Paul From
124th Fighter Interceptor Squadron	Lt Col Allan R. Packer

The 174th Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron Commanded by Lt Col Donald W. Forney during this period.

The 133rd AC&W Flight Commanded by Lt Col El Roy H. Novak.

The Mission of the Iowa Air National Guard can be briefly stated as follows:

"To attain and maintain an operational readiness status so as to effectively perform the Federal Mission; while at the same time be available to perform the State Mission of protecting life and property in the preservation of peace, order and public safety when under orders of State authority."

ANG PERSONNEL

MILITARY PERSONNEL

The Federally recognized strength of the Iowa ANG on 30 June 1960 was 1496 Officers and Airmen.

The total strength of the ANG decreased by 26 during this period; Officer strength decreased by four (4) and the Airmen strength by twenty-two (22).

Assigned strength during this period exceeded 90% of authorized strength.

Strengths as of:	1 July 1958	30 June 1960
Des Moines ANG Base	822	796
Sioux City ANG Base	420	437
Fort Dodge ANG Base	288	251

The most available source of new Officers has been the Officers released from Active Duty by the Air Force.

The most available source of Airmen has been the enlistment of non-prior service Airmen and sending them to Basic Training at Lackland Air Force Base, Texas.

ANG TECHNICIAN PROGRAM

The Air National Guard Technician Program has continued to grow as a result of the more complex equipment in the ANG inventory.

Each ANG Base has a Technician Detachment composed of the full time Civilian employees. The personnel of these detachments are required to maintain aircraft, train "drill status personnel," maintain vehicles, facilities and security, obtain and store equipment and supplies perform various administrative functions and prepare pay rolls and reports required by higher Headquarters.

All Civilian Technicians must be assigned to comparable military positions in the military unit.

The Following is the Technician strength of each Base as of 30 June 1958 and 30 June 1960.

	Number of Technicians
Des Moines	
30 June 1958	171
30 June 1959	160
30 June 1960	166
Sioux City	
30 June 1958	100
30 June 1959	103
30 June 1960	101
Fort Dodge	
30 June 1958	19
30 June 1959	19
30 June 1960	19

Although the figures shown in this report reflect some loss and fluctuation the growth is evident when compared with past reports. The fluctuation in manning of the Technician program is caused by changes in ADC Alert augmentation, change in type of aircraft, number of assigned pilots and budgetary limitations.

12. OPERATIONS AND TRAINING

PERSONNEL TRAINING

In addition to unit training service school training has been used extensively to raise the level of training.

The following by Base report gives a cross section look at the training activities.

Des Moines Base

Service Schools — 61 Airmen attended USAF Technical Schools and of these 25 graduated as outstanding. 97 Airmen completed correspondence courses through the Extension Course Institute, USAF Air University. Several Officers completed specialized Courses of training such as Instrument Instructors School, Squadron Officer Course and Command and Staff Course.

Proficiency Tests — 251 Airmen were examined, 183 passed for a passing rate of 73%.

Sioux City Base

Service Schools; 50 personnel of the 174th Fighter Reconnaissance Squadron entered Service Schools, and 49 completed the Courses. In addition to Technical Courses 97 Airmen completed basic Military Training.

Proficiency Tests — Under the 174th's Testing program the following is the percentage of personnel taking tests for proficiency that passed:

3 level 78% 5 level 59% 7 level 63%

Fort Dodge Base

Service School — 47 Officers and Airmen attended Technical Service Schools. During the same period 80 Airmen attended Basic Training at Lackland Air Force Base, Texas.

Proficiency Testing — 165 Airmen were tested during the period and 83% qualified for advancement.

OPERATIONS AND MISSION TRAINING

Training for the mission of the organization encompasses the activities and goals of the ANG units.

In the 132d Air Defense Wing Conversion from F-84E to F-86L Aircraft took place. The conversion was accomplished in the 1st quarter of FY 1959.

In the 174th Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron conversion was to the RF-84F and the mission of the Unit was changed from a Fighter Interceptor Squadron to Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron. Wing re-assignment was also a result of the reorganization and during this period the 174th was assigned to the 118th Tactical Reconnaissance Wing.

AIRCREW TRAINING

Des Moines ANG Base

The 132d Air Defense Wing during this period quickly became Combat ready in the new aircraft. On December 30, 1958 only four Aircrews of 28 were operationally ready. Six months later 18 Aircrews had completed qualification Training. During the remaining part of the reporting period the all weather mission capability of the Unit were rapidly improved. During this period the 124th Fighter Interceptor Squadron and supporting units of the 132d Air Defense Wing were rated the top F-86L Unit in the Tenth Air Force Area.

The Runway alert program was renewed on 1 January 1960 and provided additional Training and pilot incentive in the 124th FIS. A two week rocketry exercise at McDill AFB, Florida and weekend exercises at Volk Field, Wisconsin and Truax AFB, Wisconsin contributed to the 100% completion of annual proficiency training requirements for Fiscal Year 1960.

In spite of the Aircraft conversion the Combat readiness of the Aircraft assigned at Des Moines was outstanding! For the biennial period the following percentage was maintained:

F-84E	84%
F-86L	67%
T-33A	82%
C-47A	86%

Sioux City ANG Base

During this period of conversion to RF-84F aircraft the number of aircraft increased until by 30 June 1960 the 174th TRS had the following aircraft assigned:

17 RF-84F
2 T-33A
1 C-47A

During the period of 1 July 1958 to 30 June 1959 4544:35 aircraft hours were flown. The following year in this period 4252:50 hours were flown.

At the end of the reporting period as a result of an extensive flying safety program twenty-two months of accident free flying had been experienced.

Supplemental Exercises were participated in by the 174th TFS in the form of participation in Exercise Pine Cone II and as Striker Aircraft in Air Defense Command exercises.

Fort Dodge ANG Base

The 133rd AC&W Flight had the unique experience of an all Field Operation as their Field Training problem of 1959. The Field Training site was at the Kankakee River State Park, Illinois. Under actual Field conditions personnel lived and trained for two weeks. They used tents for housing and Field equipment was the only support equipment used.

Detachment "A" of Cedar Rapids was closed down in June 1959 and all equipment and personnel were transferred to Fort Dodge, Iowa

Operational readiness of the unit has been emphasized during this period and the stanine score of two on 1 July 1958 was raised to a score of seven by 30 June 1960.

13. FEDERAL LOGISTICS PROGRAM

Supply support of the Air National Guard has been excellent. Equipment and materiel necessary to support the more complicated equipment has in all cases been provided.

As an example a report of supply requirements as of the 30 June 1959 and 30 June 1960 submitted by the Sioux City Base is as follows:

Date	Required Item	On Hand Items	Percentage
30 June 1959	2105	2019	95 %
30 June 1960	2336	2300	98.4%

No deficiencies worthy of note was the comment by the Commander relative to this report.

The Aircraft Out of Commission AOCP rate by year reported by the 174th is as follows:

Date	RF-84F	F-84F	T-33A	C-47A
30 June 1959	11.4%	4.4%	3.2%	0.0%
30 June 1960	4.4%	—	3.3%	3.1%

A like AOCP rate for Des Moines Base is reflected in the previously reported operational ready aircraft percentage under the operations and training report.

14. FACILITIES AND CONSTRUCTION

Des Moines Base

The Main Hangar Building received a major face lifting during this period by a complete re-sealing and re-finishing project along with the Supply Warehouse. A complete new roof was installed on the Hangar and a drainage system was installed along the front of the building to relieve the wet damp condition in the lower shop areas. A new power distribution system was installed to take care of the expanding electrical requirements in the shop and hangar areas. A gas conversion project changed all the heating systems on the Base to gas with a standby system of oil.

The Front Aircraft Parking Apron was extended and all the joints and cracks in the ramp area were restored and resealed.

Several new facilities were added during this period, the largest being the Operations and Training Building, which houses the major portion of the administrative and training activities besides the well equipped hospital facility.

A new jet fuel system was installed that doubled our storage capacity and a jet engine run-up facility was built to better take care of the jet requirements. A paint oil and dope building was built for adequate and safe storage of these materials.

The Operations area and Pilots Briefing Room were completely remodeled and redesigned to more adequately handle the changing requirements.

Considerable painting and floor tiling has been done in all of the buildings and all work areas have been equipped with new florescent lighting.

Sioux City Base

30 June 1959 — During the period ended 30 June 1959, a total of 56 work orders were processed. Major construction during this period consisted of widening the hangar access taxiway at a cost of \$970.00. Labor on this project was handled by the Air Technical Detachment personnel. Another project was performed by Installations Section Personnel of the Military unit during weekend drills and the 1959 summer encampment.

30 June 1960 — A total of 60 work orders were processed. Construction during this period as follows:

Construction of loading dock at Base Supply.

Air conditioning program completed at a cost of \$7,745.04 which included most of the shops, offices in the hangar, Base Supply and the Motor Service Shop.

Trees and shrubs planted around the buildings and parking areas. This project was by contract at a cost of \$1,800.00.

Contracts have been let for construction of blast pads at a cost of \$22,500.00.

Fort Dodge Base

In August 1959, the unit moved into its new armory. The new armory was designed for a AC&W type of unit complete with crypto vault, kitchen, dining room, and cable troughs for radar and communication equipment. The armory has approximately 23,000 square feet of floor space. In addition to the building a 200 feet by 400 feet communication antenna site was provided approximately 1000 feet north of our new armory. The new building provided enough room for the unit to install and operate its unit mission equipment. The armory was dedicated on 26 October 1959, guests for the dedication day included Major General Fred C. Tandy, officials of the local Chamber of Commerce, and representatives from the National Guard Bureau.

ANNEXES

- I. ROSTER OF ADJUTANTS GENERAL
- II. ROSTER OF RETIRED OFFICERS
- III. GRAVES REGISTRATION REPORT

Annex I

ADJUTANT GENERALS OF IOWA

1851 to 1960

1. DANIEL S. LEE, Lee county, appointed April 3, 1851.
2. GEORGE W. McLEARY, Louisa county, appointed May 16, 1855.
3. ELIJAH SELLS, Muscatine county, appointed January 15, 1857.
4. JESSE BOWEN, Johnson county, appointed January 18, 1858.
5. NATHANIEL B. BAKER, Clinton county, appointed July 25, 1861.
(Served until September 13, 1876, date of his death).
6. JOHN H. LOOBY, Clarke county, appointed October 1, 1876.
7. NOBLE WARWICK, Lee county, appointed June 27, 1878.
8. WILLIAM L. ALEXANDER, Lucas county, appointed September 1, 1887.
9. BYRON A. BEESON, Marshall county, appointed October 9, 1889.
Resigned May, 1890.
10. GEORGE GREENE, Linn county, appointed May 1, 1890.
11. JOHN R. PRIME, Polk county, appointed February 1, 1894.
12. HENRY R. WRIGHT, Appanoose county, appointed February 1, 1896.
13. MELVIN H. BYERS, Mills county, appointed February 1, 1898.
14. WILLIAM H. THRIFT, Dubuque county, appointed February 1, 1905.
15. GUY E. LOGAN, Montgomery county, appointed February 1, 1909.
(Resigned July 1, 1918, to accept commission in U.S. Army during the World War).
16. LOUIS C. LASHER, Scott county, appointed September 1, 1918.
(Federally recognized as Brigadier General A.G.D., January 1, 1922).
17. WINFRED H. BAILEY, O'Brien county, appointed July 4, 1927.
(Federally recognized as Brigadier General, A.G.D., July 7, 1927; re-signed January 15, 1932).
18. CHARLES M GRAHL, Polk county, appointed January 16, 1932.
(Federally recognized as Brigadier General, A.G.D., January 16, 1932; resigned to accept Active Federal Service, September 28, 1950).
19. FRED C. TANDY, Polk county, appointed September 29, 1950.
(Federally recognized as Brigadier General, A.G.D., October 26, 1950).
(Federally recognized as Major General, ANGUS, 24 January 1955).

Annex II

RETIRED OFFICERS IOWA ARNG

30 June 1960

LT. GENERAL

Fountain, Ray C.

MAJOR GENERAL

Anderson, Walter L.

Grahl, Charles H.

Hollar, Gordon C.

O'Brien, Maxwell A.

BRIGADIER GENERAL

Anderson, Nevin B.

Bennet, Oliver P.

Clark, Fred G.

Conley, Edward A.

Doyle, James A.

Everest, Folsom

Greenfield, Leonard R.

Grummon, Stuart N.

Hayek, Will J.

Holden, Harold K.

Keller, Herschel W.

Lancaster, Ralph A.

Logan, Guy E.

Marken, DeLoss I.

Patterson, Ralph E.

Rouse, Howard J.

Stedman, Harry E.

Thomas, James E.

Yenter, Ray

White, Dee M.

Wulf, Horace F.

COLONEL

Althouse, John L.

Bolton, Bernard U.

Caughlan, Gerald V.

Everst, Charles B.

Fordyce, Chester

Fulton, Robert L.

Gaumer, Oscar C.

COLONEL (Continued)

James, Lora D.

Kehm, Ronald C.

Kelly, Fred A.

Nicholson, Clyde G.

Rew, Howard B.

Ronningen, Otto I.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL

Armstrong, Robert B.

Barry, Frank J.

Cornelius, George E.

Diehl, Albert P.

Lambert, Clarence J.

McCampbell, Charles T.

Rhoads, Harley R.

Spurgin, Harold S.

Wright, Raymond H.

Young, Nathaniel E.

MAJOR

Block, Lawrence A.

Clause, Olle G.

Crum, Merle B.

Davis, Paul L.

Domet, George

Flach, John

Hawkins, Merrill R.

Jansen, Elmer

Ranck, Cyrus S.

CAPTAIN

Field, Hollie A.

Sandstrom, Cuthbert F.

Seitz, Charles R.

Snyder, Donald W.

Wickham, Earl C.

1st LIEUTENANT

Wolff, Adolph T.

Annex III

GRAVES REGISTRATION REPORT

To: THE ADJUTANT GENERAL, STATE OF IOWA
Camp Dodge, Iowa

SUBJECT: BI-ANNUAL REPORT

1. Transmitted herewith for your approval is the Bi-Annual Report of the Armed Forces Graves Registration Records.

This report covers the period 1 July 1958 to 30 June 1960.

Records on file 1 July 1958	86,968
New records received	2,865

Total on file 1 July 1960	89,833
---------------------------------	--------

Included in this increase of 2,865 new records is the following distribution:

War of 1812 (not previously reported)	1
Civil War (not previously reported)	2
Indian Wars	1
Spanish American War	72
Spanish American & World War I	6
World War I	1,779
World War I and II	34
World War II	794
World War II and Korean	18
Korean Conflict	87
Peace Time	71
Total	2,865

2. The figures used in this report include the total of the Bi-Annual Report 1 July 1958 and the records filed from 1 July 1958 to 30 June 1960.
3. During this period many changes have been made in personnel of County Soldiers Relief Commissions but the ratio of the counties reporting and not reporting has remained about the same. Some improvement should be expected in the coming year.
4. Due to the coming Civil War Centennial requests for information is increasing. In most cases we have been able to identify records and make satisfactory replies.

Respectively submitted,
WALLACE W. BAKER
Director

STATE LIBRARY OF IOWA



3 1723 02025 0262