

## OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006 Telephone (515) 281-5834 Rob Sand Auditor of State

	NEWS RELEASE	
		Contact: Brian Brustkern
FOR RELEASE	March 27, 2025	515/281-5834

Auditor of State Rob Sand today released an audit report on the City of Sigourney, Iowa.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The City's receipts totaled \$4,229,240 for the year ended June 30, 2024, a 12% decrease. Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$4,271,200, a 21.7% decrease from the prior year. The significant decrease in receipts is primarily due to a decrease in note proceeds used to fund work on capital projects. The significant decrease in disbursements is primarily due to the completion of capital projects which started in the prior year.

### AUDIT FINDINGS:

Sand reported nine findings related to the receipt and disbursement of taxpayer funds. They are found on pages 52 through 57 of this report. The findings address issues such as a lack of segregation of duties, a lack of review of utility reconciliations, a lack of review of bank reconciliations, compliance on SRF note covenants, business transactions that may represent a conflict of interest and incorrect certifications of TIF debt. Sand provided the City with recommendations to address each of the findings.

Five of the findings discussed above are repeated from the prior year. The City Council has a fiduciary responsibility to provide oversight of the City's operations and financial transactions. Oversight is typically defined as the "watchful and responsible care" a governing body exercises in its fiduciary capacity.

A copy of the audit report is available for review on the Auditor of State's website at <u>Audit Reports – Auditor of State</u>.

# # #

#### **CITY OF SIGOURNEY**

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2024



## OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006 Telephone (515) 281-5834 Rob Sand Auditor of State

March 25, 2025

Officials of the City of Sigourney Sigourney, Iowa

Dear Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

I am pleased to submit to you the financial and compliance audit report for the City of Sigourney, Iowa, for the year ended June 30, 2024. The audit was performed pursuant to Chapter 11.6 of the Code of Iowa and in accordance with U.S. auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of the City of Sigourney throughout the audit. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or my staff at 515-281-5834.

Sincerely,

Rob Sand Auditor of State

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## Officials

## (Before January 2024)

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
Jimmy Morlan	Mayor	Jan 2026
Edward Conrad Connie McLaughlin Alley Tish Stephani Lentz Adam Clark Gary Iosbaker	Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member	Jan 2024 Jan 2024 Jan 2024 Jan 2026 Jan 2026 Jan 2026
Angela Alderson	City Clerk	Indefinite
John Wehr	Attorney	Indefinite
(A:	fter January 2024)	
Name	Title	Term <u>Expires</u>
Jimmy Morlan	Mayor	Jan 2026
Adam Clark Gary Iosbaker Stephani Lentz Edward Conrad Connie McLaughlin Randall Schultz	Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member	Jan 2026 Jan 2026 Jan 2026 Jan 2028 Jan 2028 Jan 2028 Jan 2028
Angela Alderson	City Clerk	Indefinite
John Wehr	Attorney	Indefinite



## OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006 Telephone (515) 281-5834 Rob Sand Auditor of State

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sigourney, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sigourney as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Sigourney, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sigourney's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Sigourney's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Sigourney's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of this report, the financial statements for the eight years ended June 30, 2023 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared on the cash basis of accounting. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 (which are not presented herein) were audited by another auditor who expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information in Schedules 1 through 3 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in this report. The other information comprises the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 34 through 42 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2025 on our consideration of the City of Sigourney's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the City of Sigourney's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Brian R. Brustkern, CPA Deputy Auditor of State

March 25, 2025

**Basic Financial Statements** 

## Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position

## As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

				Program Receipts				
	Dis	- sbursements	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest			
Functions/Programs:		burbennenntb	Bervice	interest	interest			
Governmental activities:								
Public safety	\$	189,373	3,343					
Public works	Ψ	448,598		283,569				
Culture and recreation		373,315	34,179	114,561				
Community and economic development		127,971	35,716	149,824				
General government		512,496	52,538	15,209				
Debt service		303,507						
Capital projects		375,401	-	-				
			105 776	562 162				
Total governmental activities Business type activities:		2,330,661	125,776	563,163	-			
Water		554,484	577,132	4 402				
Sewer		1,174,313	629,438	4,493	194,373			
Sanitation		211,742	229,783	2,184 1,135	194,570			
Total business type activities		1,940,539	1,436,353	7,812	194,373			
Total	\$	4,271,200	1,562,129	570,975	194,373			
General Receipts:	ψ	7,271,200	1,002,129	510,915	194,070			
Local option sales tax Property tax replacement Unrestricted interest on investments Note proceeds Miscellaneous								
Total general receipts								
Change in cash basis net position Cash basis net position beginning of year								
Cash basis net position end of year <b>Cash Basis Net Position</b> Restricted: Nonexpendable: Lewis Memorial Trust Library Memorial Trust Expendable: Streets Debt service Capital projects Local option sales tax Employee benefits Other purposes Meter deposits Unrestricted								
Total cash basis net position								
rotar caon basis net position								

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and								
Changes i	n Cash Basis Ne	t Position						
Governmental	Business							
Type	Туре							
Activities	Activities	Total						
(186,030)	-	(186,030)						
(165,029)		(165,029)						
(224,575)		(224,575)						
57,569	-	57,569						
(444,749)	-	(444,749)						
(303,507)	-	(303,507)						
(375,401)	-	(375,401)						
(1,641,722)	-	(1,641,722)						
-	27,141	27,141						
-	(348,318)	(348,318)						
	19,176	19,176						
-	(302,001)	(302,001)						
(1,641,722)	(302,001)	(1,943,723)						
(_,_ ,_ ,,	(******)	(-, , )						
782,915	-	782,915						
276,337	_	276,337						
714	-	714						
230,501	_	230,501						
78,764	-	78,764						
35,726	76,622	112,348						
	396,857	396,857						
23,327	-	23,327						
	470.470							
1,428,284	473,479	1,901,763						
(213,438)	171,478	(41,960)						
3,634,507	3,741,320	7,375,827						
\$ 3,421,069	3,912,798	7,333,867						
\$ 4,675	-	4,675						
1,000	-	1,000						
1,000		1,000						
355,059	-	355,059						
246,138	249,610	495,748						
85,505	1,813,004	1,898,509						
818,008	-	818,008						
120,801	-	120,801						
91,094	-	91,094						
-	38,069	38,069						
1,698,789	1,812,115	3,510,904						
\$ 3,421,069	3,912,798	7,333,867						
	, , ,	, -,						

## Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Governmental Funds

## As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

		-	Special Revenue			
	(	General	Road Use Tax	Local Option Sales Tax	Employee Benefits	
Receipts:						
Property tax	\$	619,191	-	-	143,206	
Local option sales tax		-	-	230,501	-	
Tax increment financing		-	-	-	-	
Other city tax		16,618	-	-	3,900	
Licenses and permits		90,538	-	-	-	
Use of money and property		34,035	-	20,960	-	
Intergovernmental		214,140	283,070	-	11,065	
Charges for service		23,712	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous		51,029	-	5,000	-	
Total receipts		1,049,263	283,070	256,461	158,171	
Disbursements:						
Operating:						
Public safety		198,491	-	5,059	14,460	
Public works		53,092	269,431	117,382	23,315	
Culture and recreation		217,130	-	53,802	23,376	
Community and economic development		111,933	-	16,038	-	
General government		417,488	-	31,622	41,301	
Debt service		-	-	-	-	
Capital projects		-	-	23,241	-	
Total disbursements		998,134	269,431	247,144	102,452	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts						
over (under) disbursements		51,129	13,639	9,317	55,719	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	
Transfers out		(8,000)	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(8,000)	-	-	-	
Change in cash balances		43,129	13,639	9,317	55,719	
Cash balances beginning of year		1,242,319	341,420	808,691	65,082	
Cash balances end of year		1,285,448	355,059	818,008	120,801	
Cash Basis Fund Balances	*	1,200,110	000,000	010,000	120,001	
Nonspendable:						
Lewis Memorial Trust	\$	_	_	_	_	
Library Memorial Trust	Ψ	_	_	_	_	
Restricted for:						
Streets		_	355,059	_	_	
Debt service		_		_	_	
Capital projects		_	-	_	_	
Other purposes		_	-	_	_	
Local option sales tax		_	-	818,008	-	
Employee benefits		-	-		120,801	
Unassigned		- 1,285,448	-	_		
			055.050	-	100.001	
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	1,285,448	355,059	818,008	120,801	
See notes to financial statements.						

Debt	Capital		
Service	Projects	Nonmajor	Total
269,102	_	_	1,031,499
209,102	-	-	230,501
-	-	714	714
7,235	-	-	27,753
-	-	25	90,563
-	504	1,602	57,101
20,528	-	-	528,803
-	-	-	23,712
	-	65,238	121,267
296,865	504	67,579	2,111,913
-	-	-	218,010
-	-	-	463,220
-	-	57,352	351,660
-	-	-	127,971
-	-	-	490,411
303,507	-	-	303,507
	375,401	-	398,642
303,507	375,401	57,352	2,353,421
	,	.,	_,,
(6,642)	(374,897)	10,227	(241,508)
(0,012)	(011,001)	10,221	(211,000)
-	_	8,000	8,000
-	-	-	(8,000)
		8 000	(0,000)
	-	8,000	
(6,642)	(374,897)	18,227	(241,508)
174,070	460,402	152,423	3,244,407
167,428	85,505	170,650	3,002,899
-	-	4,675	4,675
-	-	1,000	1,000
-	-	-	355,059
167,428	-	78,710	246,138
-	85,505	-	85,505
-	-	91,094	91,094
-	-	-	818,008
-	-	-	120,801
	-	(4,829)	1,280,619
167,428	85,505	170,650	3,002,899
	00,000	110,000	0,004,000

Reconciliation of the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances to the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position -Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

Total governmental funds cash balances (page 13)	\$ 3,002,899
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:	
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of vehicle replacement and partial self-funding of the City's health benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is included in governmental activities in the Cash Basis Statement of	
Activities and Net Position.	418,170
Cash basis net position of governmental activities (page 11)	\$ 3,421,069
Change in cash balances (page 13)	\$ (241,508)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:	
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of vehicle replacement and partial self funding of the City's health benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the change in the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position.	28,070
	 20,010
Change in cash basis net position of governmental activities (page 11)	\$ (213,438)

## Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Proprietary Funds

## As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Enterprise					Internal Service
		Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Total	Total
Operating receipts: Charges for service Miscellaneous	\$	568,755 12,868	629,608 2,014	229,783 1,135	1,428,146 16,017	284,600
Total operating receipts Operating disbursements: Governmental activities:		581,623	631,622	230,918	1,444,163	284,600
Public safety Public works		-	-	-	-	28,436 73,278
Culture and recreation General government		-	-	-	-	673 5,553
Business type activities		350,793	289,596	181,826	822,215	125,437
Total operating disbursements Excess of operating receipts		350,793	289,596	181,826	822,215	233,377
over operating disbursements		230,830	342,026	49,092	621,948	51,223
Non-operating receipts (disbursements): Interest on investments		24,816	39,784	6,024	70,624	11,310
Community Development Block Grant		- 21,010	143,073		143,073	-
Sewer revenue note proceeds		-	396,857	-	396,857	-
Miscellaneous		-	51,300	-	51,300	-
Debt service Capital projects		(79,602) (138,680)	(350,713) (540,661)	- (37,131)	(430,315) (716,472)	-
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)		(193,466)	(260,360)	(31,107)	(484,933)	11,310
Change in cash balances Cash balances beginning of year		37,364 778,170	81,666 1,987,662	17,985 393,647	137,015 3,159,479	62,533 971,941
Cash balances end of year	\$	815,534	2,069,328	411,632	3,296,494	1,034,474
Cash Basis Fund Balances Restricted for:						
Debt service	\$	59,627	189,983	-	249,610	-
Capital projects		605,190	1,207,814	-	1,813,004	-
Meter deposits		38,069	-	-	38,069	-
Unrestricted		112,648	671,531	411,632	1,195,811	1,034,474
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	815,534	2,069,328	411,632	3,296,494	1,034,474

City of Sigourney		
Reconciliation of the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursemen and Changes in Cash Balances to the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position – Proprietary Funds	ts	
As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024		
Total enterprise funds cash balances (page 15)	\$	3,296,494
Amounts reported for business type activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:		
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of vehicle replacement and partial self funding of the City's health benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is included in business type activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position.		616,304
Cash basis net position of business type activities (page 11)	\$	3,912,798
Change in cash balances (page 15)	\$	137,015
Amounts reported for business type activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:		
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of vehicle replacement and partial self funding of the City's health benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the change in the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is reported with business type activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position.		34,463
Change in cash basis net position of business type activities (page 11)	\$	171,478

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Sigourney is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Keokuk County. It was first incorporated in 1858 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens, including public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides water, sewer and sanitation utilities for its citizens.

### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Sigourney has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Sigourney (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> – The Friends of the Sigourney Public Library is an entity which is legally separate from the City but is so intertwined with the City that it is, in substance, the same as the City. They are reported as part of the City and blended into the nonmajor governmental funds.

### Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Keokuk County Assessor's Conference Board, City Assessor's Conference Board, Keokuk County Emergency Management Commission, Keokuk County Landfill Commission and Keokuk County Joint 911 Service Board.

### B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statement</u> – The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental receipts, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service. The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's nonfiduciary net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Nonexpendable restricted net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require the cash balance to be maintained permanently by the City, including the City's Permanent Funds.

Expendable restricted net position results when constraints placed on the use of cash balances are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of cash balances not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts from general and emergency levies and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa to be used for road construction and maintenance.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for local option sales tax authorized by referendum and used in accordance with the referendum.

The Employee Benefits Fund is used to account for employee benefits tax levy collections and the payment of employee benefits.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other receipts to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities with the exception of those financed through Enterprise Funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Enterprise, Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Enterprise, Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

The Enterprise, Sanitation Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitary disposal system.

The City also reports the following proprietary funds:

Internal Service Funds are utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the City and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

## C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general receipts. Thus, when program disbursements are paid, there are both restricted and unrestricted cash basis net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general receipts.

When a disbursement in governmental funds can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is generally to first apply the disbursement toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

### D. Property Taxes and Governmental Cash Basis Fund Balances

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Property tax receipts recognized in the governmental funds become due and collectible in September and March of the current fiscal year with a  $1\frac{1}{2}\%$  per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2022 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024 and reflects tax asking contained in the budget certified to the City Council in April 2023.

In the governmental fund financial statements, cash basis fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

### E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Other Information. During the year ended June 30, 2024, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

### (2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2024 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The City had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

#### (3) Bonds, Notes and Leases Payable

A summary of changes in bonds, notes and leases payable for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,395,000	-	200,000	3,195,000	220,000
Lease agreement	 29,416	-	22,410	7,006	2,083
Governmental activities total	\$ 3,424,416	-	222,410	3,202,006	222,083
Business type activities:					
Water revenue notes - direct borrowing	\$ 680,000	-	66,000	614,000	68,000
Sewer revenue notes - direct borrowing	 4,848,759	396,857	250,616	4,995,000	255,000
Business-type activities total	\$ 5,528,759	396,857	316,616	5,609,000	323,000

### **General Obligation Notes**

Street Improvement						 Cap	ital Loan	Not	es
Year	Iss	Issued Aug 22, 2013				 Issue	ed Aug 17	7,20	16
Ending	Interest					Interest			
June 30,	Rates	F	rincipal	Int	erest	 Rates	Princip	al	Interest
2025	4.00%	\$	40,000		17,900	2.00%	\$ 130,0	00	17,144
2026	4.00		40,000		16,300	2.00	125,0	00	14,544
2027	4.00		40,000		14,700	2.13	135,0	00	12,044
2028	4.38		45,000		13,100	2.25	230,0	00	9,175
2029	4.38		45,000		11,131	2.25	80,0	00	4,000
2030-2034	4.38-4.50		205,000		23,338	2.25-2.50	80,0	00	2,000
2035-2037			-		-			-	
Total		\$	415,000		96,469		\$ 780,0	00	58,907
	St	reet	Improvem	ent					
Year	Iss	sued	l Apr 20, 20	022			Total		
Ending	Interest								
June 30,	Rates	F	rincipal	Int	erest	 Principal	Interes	st	Total
2025	3.00%	\$	50,000		60,813	\$ 220,000	95,8	57	315,857
2026	3.00		55,000		59,313	220,000	90,1	57	310,157
2027	3.00		65,000		57,662	240,000	84,4	06	324,406
2028	3.00		60,000		55,713	335,000	77,9	88	412,988
2029	3.00		170,000		53,913	295,000	69,0	44	364,044
2030-2034	3.00-3.13		950,000	1	88,713	1,235,000	214,0	51	1,449,051
2035-2037	3.13		650,000		41,092	 650,000	41,0	92	691,092
Total		\$ 2	2,000,000	5	17,219	\$ 3,195,000	672,5	95	3,867,595

A summary of the City's June 30, 2024 general obligation notes payable is as follows:

On August 22, 2013, the City issued \$750,000 of general obligation capital loan notes for the opening, widening, extending, grading and draining of the right-of-way of streets; the construction, reconstruction and repairing of any street improvements; the acquisition, installation, and repair of traffic control devices and the acquisition of real estate needed for any of the foregoing purposes. The notes bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.50% per annum and mature June 1, 2033. During the year ended, June 30, 2024, the City paid principal of \$40,000 and interest of \$19,300 on the notes.

On August 17, 2016, the City issued \$2,385,000 of general obligation refunding notes for the current refunding of \$1,935,000 of general obligation notes, street construction projects and the construction of and renovation to city buildings and facilities. The notes bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 2.50% per annum and mature June 1, 2030. During the year ended, June 30, 2024, the City paid principal of \$115,000 and interest of \$19,444 on the notes.

On April 20, 2022, the City issued \$2,045,000 of general obligation capital loan notes for the purpose of opening, widening, extending, grading, and draining of the right-of-way of streets, highways, avenues, alleys and public grounds; the construction, reconstruction, and repairing of any street or bridge improvements; the acquisition, installation, and repair of sidewalks, pedestrian overpasses and underpasses, trails, storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water service lines, street lighting, and traffic control devices. In addition, \$300,000 of these notes were for the City's local match requirement for the CDBG Façade grant project. The notes bear interest at rates ranging from 3.00% to 3.13% per annum and mature June 1, 2037. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid principal of \$45,000 and interest of \$62,162 on the notes.

### Revenue Capital Loan Notes

	Wate	er Capital Loan 2007			Wat	Water Capital Loan 2020		
Year	Iss	sued Dec 20, 2007			I	Issued Jun 6, 2020		
Ending	Interest				Interest			
June 30,	Rates	F	rincipal	Interest	Rates	I	Principal	Interest
2025	1.75%	\$	45,000	3,290	1.75%	\$	23,000	7,455
2026	1.75		46,000	2,503	1.75		24,000	7,053
2027	1.75		48,000	1,698	1.75		24,000	6,633
2028	1.75		49,000	1,158	1.75		25,000	6,213
2029			-	-	1.75		25,000	5,775
2030-2034			-	-	1.75		131,000	19,522
2035-2039			-	-	1.75		144,000	10,273
2040-2041			-	-	1.75		30,000	525
Total		\$	188,000	8,649		\$	426,000	63,449
		1	Water Capit	tal Loan	Sew	er C	Capital Loan	2020
Year		Totals			I	Issued Nov 6, 2020		
Ending					Interest			
June 30,		F	rincipal	Interest	Rates	F	Principal	Interest
2025		\$	68,000	10,745	1.75%	\$	255,000	87,412
2026			70,000	9,556	1.75		259,000	82,950
2027			72,000	8,331	1.75		264,000	78,417
2028			74,000	7,371	1.75		268,000	73,798
2029			25,000	5,775	1.75		273,000	69,106
2030-2034			131,000	19,522	1.75		1,440,000	272,123
2035-2039			144,000	10,273	1.75		1,569,000	141,696
2040-2041			30,000	525	1.75		667,000	17,552
Total		\$	614,000	72,098		\$ 4	4,995,000	823,054

A summary of the City's June 30, 2024 revenue notes payable is as follows:

### Water Revenue Capital Loan Note - Direct Borrowing

On December 20, 2007, the City entered into an agreement with the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA) for the issuance of \$737,000 of water revenue capital loan notes with an interest of 1.75% per annum. The notes were issued pursuant to Chapters 76.13 and 384.24A of the Code of Iowa to provide financing for the construction of water main extensions. In the event of a default, the issuer shall have the right to take any action authorized under the regulations, the revenue note or the agreement and to take whatever action at law or equity may appear necessary or desirable to collect the amounts then due and thereafter to become due under the agreement of the participant under the agreement. An initiation fee of \$7,500, 1.0% of the authorized borrowing for the water revenue notes, was charged by the IFA. The agreement also requires the City to pay a 0.25% servicing fee on the outstanding principal balance. During the year ended, June 30, 2024, the City paid principal of \$43,000 and interest of \$4,043 on the notes.

## Water Revenue Notes - Direct Borrowing

On June 5, 2020, the City entered into an agreement with the IFA for the issuance of \$521,065 water revenue notes with interest at 1.75% per annum. The notes were issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapters 76.13 and 384.24A of the Code of Iowa to provide financing for the cost of planning, designing and constructing improvements and extensions to the utility. In the event of a default, the issuer shall have the right to take any action authorized under the regulations, the revenue note or the agreement and to take whatever action at law or equity may appear necessary or desirable to collect the amounts then due and thereafter to become due under the agreement of the participant under the agreement. An initiation fee of \$3,250, 0.5% of the authorized borrowing for the water revenue notes, was charged by the IFA. The agreement also requires the City to pay a 0.25% servicing fee on the outstanding principal balance. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid \$23,000 in principal and \$7,858 in interest on the notes.

The City has pledged future water customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$737,000 of water revenue capital loan notes issued in December 2007 and to repay \$521,065 of water revenue notes issued in June 2020. The notes are payable solely from water customer net receipts. Annual principal and interest payments on the notes are expected to require 34% of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$686,098. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$77,901 and \$230,830, respectively.

#### Sewer Revenue Notes - Direct Borrowing

On November 6, 2020, the City entered into an agreement with the IFA for the issuance of \$5,597,616 sewer revenue notes with interest of 1.75% per annum. The notes were issued pursuant to Chapters 6.13 and 384.24A of the Code of Iowa to provide financing for the cost of planning, designing and construction improvements and extensions to the utility. In the event of a default, the issuer shall have the right to take any action authorized under the regulations, the revenue note or the agreement and to take whatever action at law or equity may appear necessary or desirable to collect the amounts then due and thereafter to become due under the agreement of the participant under the agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City had drawn down the remaining \$396,857 for a total of \$5,597,616. An initiation fee of \$28,645, 0.5% of the authorized borrowing for the sewer revenue notes, was charged by the IFA. The agreement also requires the City to pay a 0.25% servicing fee on the outstanding principal balance. During the year ended June 0, 2024, the City paid \$250,616 in principal and \$87,585 in interest.

The City has pledged future sewer customer receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$5,597,616 of sewer revenue notes issued in November 2020. The notes are payable solely from sewer customer net receipts. Annual principal and interest payments on the notes are expected to require 99% of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$5,818,054. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$338,201 and \$342,026, respectively. The City's net receipts for the year ended June 30, 2024 were less than the required 110% of note principal and interest falling due during the year.

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the water and sewer revenue capital loan notes include the following provisions:

- (a) The notes will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the note holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (b) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to separate water and sewer revenue note sinking accounts within the Enterprise Funds for the purpose of making the note principal and interest payments when due.
- (c) Water and sewer user rates shall be established at a level which produces and maintains net receipts at a level not less than 110% of the annual installments of principal and interest on the notes falling due in the same year.

### Lease Agreements

On September 22, 2022, the City entered into a noncancelable lease agreement for a city hall printer. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$10,531. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$189 over 60 months, with an implicit interest rate of 3.0% and a final payment on September 22, 2027. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid principal of \$2,022 and interest of \$246. Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Year				
Ending			Printer	
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2025	\$	2,083	185	2,268
2026		2,147	121	2,268
2027		2,212	56	2,268
2028		564	3	567
Total	\$	7,006	365	7,371

### (4) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age, which is generally age 55 and may retire any time after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment.

The formula used to calculate a protection occupation member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for more than 22 years of service but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2024, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.73%. Protection occupation members contributed 6.21% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.31% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 15.52%.

The City's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$55,287.

<u>Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> – At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$268,167 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.005941%, which was an increase of 0.000751% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City's pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$22,787, \$209,932 and \$163,515, respectively.

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, as follows:

Rate of inflation	
(effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increase	3.25 to 16.25% average, including inflation.
(effective June 30, 2017)	Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return	7.00% compounded annually, net of investment
(effective June 30, 2017)	expense, including inflation.
Wage growth	3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)	and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of a quadrennial experience study covering the period of July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021.

Mortality rates used in the 2023 valuation were based on the PubG-2010 mortality tables with future mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	21.0%	4.56%
International equity	16.5	6.22
Global smart beta equity	5.0	5.22
Core plus fixed income	23.0	2.69
Public credit	3.0	4.38
Cash	1.0	1.59
Private equity	17.0	10.44
Private real assets	9.0	3.88
Private credit	4.5	4.60
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 570,182	268,167	15,073

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

#### (5) Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, personal leave and compensatory time hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned vacation, personal leave and compensatory time payable to employees at June 30, 2024, primarily relating to the General Fund, is as follows:

Amount
\$ 28,300
5,800
 2,100
\$ 36,200
\$

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2024.

### (6) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount		
Special Revenue:				
CDBG Housing	General	\$ 8,000		

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

## (7) Risk Management

The City is a member of the Iowa Community Assurance Pool, as followed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Community Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 803 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, employment practices liability, public officials liability, cyber liability and law enforcement liability. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operation contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the Pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the Pool. The City's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$50,432.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, employment practices, law enforcement, cyber and public officials' liability risks up to \$500,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$500,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing greements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred. As of June 30, 2024, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member. The City also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with worker's compensation in the amount of \$1,000,000. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## (8) Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax receipts to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

### City Tax Abatements

The City provides tax abatements for urban renewal and economic development projects with tax increment financing as provided for in Chapters 15A and 403 of the Code of Iowa. For these types of projects, the City enters into agreements with developers which require the City, after developers meet the terms of the agreements, to rebate a portion of the property tax paid by the developers, to pay the developers an economic development grant or to pay the developers a predetermined dollar amount. Additionally, the City offered an urban revitalization tax abatement program pursuant to Chapter 404 of the Code of Iowa. With prior approval by the governing body, this program provides for an exemption of taxes based on a percentage of the actual value added by improvements. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, no property tax was diverted from the City under the urban renewal and economic development agreements and \$56,411 of property tax was diverted from the City under the revitalization projects.

## (9) Deficit Balance

The Special Revenue, CDBG Housing Fund had a deficit balance of \$4,829 at June 30, 2024. The City is investigating alternatives to eliminate this deficit.

**Other Information** 

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Balances – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

# Other Information

## Year ended June 30, 2024

	-			
	Go	overnmental Funds Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual	Less Funds not Required to be Budgeted
Receipts:				
Property tax	\$	1,031,499	-	-
Tax increment financing		714	-	-
Other city tax		258,254	-	-
Licenses and permits		90,563	-	-
Use of money and property		57,101	70,624	32
Intergovernmental		528,803	143,073	-
Charges for service		23,712	1,428,146	-
Special assessments		-	-	-
Miscellaneous		121,267	67,317	13,551
Total receipts		2,111,913	1,709,160	13,583
Disbursements:				
Public safety		218,010	-	-
Public works		463,220	-	-
Culture and recreation		351,660	-	3,533
Community and economic development		127,971	-	-
General government		490,411	-	-
Debt service		303,507	-	-
Capital projects		398,642	-	-
Business type activities		-	1,969,002	-
Total disbursements		2,353,421	1,969,002	3,533
Excess (deficiency) of receipts				
over (under) disbursements		(241,508)	(259,842)	10,050
Other financing sources, net		_	396,857	
Change in balances		(241,508)	137,015	10,050
Balances beginning of year		3,244,407	3,159,479	16,464
Balances end of year	\$	3,002,899	3,296,494	26,514

			Final to
_	Budgeted	Total	
Total	Original	Final	Variance
1,031,499	1,019,607	1,019,607	11,892
714	-	-	714
258,254	286,822	464,822	(206,568)
90,563	9,900	9,900	80,663
127,693	43,715	149,950	(22,257)
671,876	866,468	926,632	(254,756)
1,451,858	1,332,900	1,332,900	118,958
-	99,310	142,810	(142,810)
175,033	141,502	310,602	(135,569)
3,807,490	3,800,224	4,357,223	(549,733)
218,010	547,176	659,926	441,916
463,220	692,750	692,750	229,530
348,127	477,532	485,932	137,805
127,971	785,518	458,383	330,412
490,411	400,083	592,186	101,775
303,507	304,800	308,000	4,493
398,642	1,555,500	1,555,500	1,156,858
1,969,002	3,291,175	3,300,125	1,331,123
4,318,890	8,054,534	8,052,802	3,733,912
(511,400)	(4,254,310)	(3,695,579)	3,184,179
396,857	1,000,000	1,000,000	(603,143)
(114,543)	(3,254,310)	(2,695,579)	2,581,036
6,387,422	3,727,992	3,727,992	2,659,430
6,272,879	473,682	1,032,413	5,240,466

### Notes to Other Information – Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2024

The budgetary comparison is presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except the Internal Service Fund and the blended component unit. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects and business type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Permanent Funds and the Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, a budget amendment decreased budgeted disbursements by \$1,732. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts. During the year ended June 30, 2024, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted.

# Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

### Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years\* (In Thousands)

## Other Information

		2024	2023	2022	2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	05941%	0.005191%	0.010580% **	0.005768%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	268	196	(36)	405
City's covered payroll	\$	523	504	498	589
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		51.24%	38.89%	(7.23)%	68.76%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		90.13%	91.40%	100.81%	82.90%

\* In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

\*\* Overall plan net pension asset.

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.005409%	0.005400%	0.005491%	0.005589%	0.004973%	0.004451%
	0100010070	0100019170	01000000000000	0100191070	01001101/0
010	240	0.00	050	046	176
313	342	366	352	246	176
595	594	564	544	486	486
52.61%	57.58%	64.89%	64.71%	50.62%	36.21%
85.45%	83.62%	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

# Schedule of City Contributions

### Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

# Other Information

	 2024	2023	2022	2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 55	49	47	47
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (55)	(49)	(47)	(47)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	
City's covered payroll	\$ 586	523	504	498
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.39%	9.37%	9.33%	9.44%

2016 20		2017	2018	2019	2020
55 4		52	55	57	56
(55) (4		(52)	(55)	(57)	(56)
_		-	-	-	
544 48		564	594	595	589
0.11% 9.26	10.	9.22%	9.26%	9.58%	9.51%

## Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability (Asset)

# Year ended June 30, 2024

## <u>Changes of benefit terms</u>:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

### Changes of assumptions:

The 2022 valuation incorporated the following refinements after a quadrennial experience study:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the PubG-2010 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2021.
- Adjusted retirement rates for Regular members.
- Lowered disability rates for Regular members.
- Adjusted termination rates for all membership groups.

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

Supplementary Information

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

					Special
R	estricted Gifts	Tax Increment	CDBG Housing	TIF Program	CLG History Presentation
\$	-	-	-	714	-
	-	-	25	-	-
	552	-	-	-	71
	43,071	-	-	-	-
	43,623	-	25	714	71
	41,908	-	-	-	-
	1,715	-	25	714	71
	-	-	8,000	-	-
	1,715	-	8,025	714	71
	15,565	3,112	(12,854)	74,884	2,321
\$	17,280	3,112	(4,829)	75,598	2,392
\$	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	3,112	-	75,598	-
	17,280	-	-	-	2,392
	-	-	(4,829)	-	-
\$	17,280	3,112	(4,829)	75,598	2,392
	\$	\$	Gifts         Increment           \$         - $552$ - $43,071$ - $43,623$ - $41,908$ - $1,715$ - $1,715$ - $1,715$ - $1,715$ - $1,7280$ $3,112$ \$ $17,280$ $3,112$ $17,280$ - $-$ - $-$ -	GiftsIncrementHousing $\$$ 25552-43,071-43,623-2543,623-1,715251,715-8,0001,715-15,5653,112(12,854) $\$$ -17,2803,11217,280 <t< td=""><td>GiftsIncrementHousingProgram<math>\\$</math>71425-55243,07143,623-2571441,9081,715-257148,000-1,715-8,02571415,5653,112(12,854)74,884<math>\\$</math>17,2803,112(4,829)75,598<math>\\$</math>3,112-75,59817,280</td></t<>	GiftsIncrementHousingProgram $\$$ 71425-55243,07143,623-2571441,9081,715-257148,000-1,715-8,02571415,5653,112(12,854)74,884 $\$$ 17,2803,112(4,829)75,598 $\$$ 3,112-75,59817,280

Revenue			Perma	anent	
Lewis Memorial	Year	Friends of the Sigourney Public	Lewis Memorial	Library Memorial	
Fountain	2044	Library	Trust	Trust	Tota
					714
_	-	-	-	-	25
455	492	32	_	-	1,602
8,616	-	13,551	-	-	65,238
9,071	492	13,583	-	-	67,579
11,911	-	3,533	_	-	57,352
(2,840)	492	10,050	-	-	10,227
				-	8,000
(2,840)	492	10,050	-	-	18,227
34,633	12,623	16,464	4,675	1,000	152,423
31,793	13,115	26,514	4,675	1,000	170,650
-	-	-	4,675	-	4,675
-	-	-	-	1,000	1,000
-	-	-	-	-	78,710
31,793	13,115	26,514	-	-	91,094
-	-	-	-	-	(4,829
31,793	13,115	26,514	4,675	1,000	170,650

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Internal Service Funds

## As of and for the year ended June 30, 2024

	Internal Service				
		Vehicle olacement	Medical Self Fund	Total	
Operating receipts: Charges for service	\$	263,000	21,600	284,600	
Operating disbursements: Governmental activities:					
Public safety		27,763	673	28,436	
Public works		71,932	1,346	73,278	
Culture and recreation		-	673	673	
General government		4,207	1,346	5,553	
Business type activities		117,363	8,074	125,437	
Total operating disbursements		221,265	12,112	233,377	
Excess of operating receipts over operating disbursements		41,735	9,488	51,223	
Non-operating receipts: Interest on investments		11,310	-	11,310	
Change in cash balances		53,045	9,488	62,533	
Cash balances beginning of year		907,637	64,304	971,941	
Cash balances end of year	\$	960,682	73,792	1,034,474	
<b>Cash Basis Fund Balances</b> Unrestricted	\$	960,682	73,792	1,034,474	

See notes to financial statements.

# Schedule of Receipts By Source and Disbursements By Function -All Governmental Funds

#### For the Last Ten Years

	 2024	2023	2022	2021
Receipts:				
Property tax	\$ 1,031,499	867,264	819,492	899,253
Tax increment financing	714	103,302	74,389	69,671
Local option sales tax	230,501	196,943	301,255	224,889
Other city tax	27,753	26,056	24,241	29,303
Licenses and permits	90,563	100,658	100,450	84,776
Use of money and property	57,101	52,220	23,844	28,262
Intergovernmental	528,803	796,867	490,545	505,044
Charges for service	23,712	20,260	20,057	14,191
Miscellaneous	 121,267	112,258	116,931	153,173
Total	\$ 2,111,913	2,275,828	1,971,204	2,008,562
Disbursements:				
Operating:				
Public safety	\$ 218,010	156,239	174,180	174,991
Public works	463,220	525,973	414,860	401,624
Culture and recreation	351,660	326,050	397,216	227,981
Community and economic development	127,971	735,791	380,306	128,495
General government	490,411	273,047	290,911	283,158
Debt service	303,507	326,421	281,442	330,044
Capital projects	 398,642	1,233,046	65,015	60
Total	\$ 2,353,421	3,576,567	2,003,930	1,546,353

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
863,086	855,657	945,154	860,385	938,893	981,899
56,870	52,648	52,511	69,288	58,497	70,909
149,760	158,414	155,860	180,365	166,194	258,088
30,173	29,725	35,068	30,406	17,142	-
90,221	112,381	64,564	36,650	33,664	20,344
31,248	27,894	23,742	21,449	19,065	16,771
341,186	343,150	311,845	458,284	461,201	278,480
11,626	44,751	25,248	28,897	28,646	49,316
141,360	214,636	117,890	97,037	141,325	189,791
1,715,530	1,839,256	1,731,882	1,782,761	1,864,627	1,865,598
304,035	388,808	417,036	464,196	425,087	333,973
327,549	365,701	328,319	364,345	356,362	254,631
295,454	328,203	251,541	288,943	301,388	308,082
293,434 77,431	156,003	231,341 54,807	288,943 73,050	52,393	48,279
•		•		-	-
264,214	236,415	227,385	198,670	219,489	215,201
331,843	322,344	322,494	2,338,305	366,587	363,987
7,468	4,597	237,820	193,236	139,570	366,996
1,607,994	1,802,071	1,839,402	3,920,745	1,860,876	1,891,149



# OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

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#### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sigourney, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2025. Our report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Sigourney's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sigourney's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2024-001 through 2024-003 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2024-004 to be a significant deficiency.

## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Sigourney's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters which are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2024 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

#### City of Sigourney's Responses to Findings

<u>Government Auditing Standards</u> requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Sigourney's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The City of Sigourney's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Sigourney during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Bri RAS

Brian R. Brustkern, CPA Deputy Auditor of State

March 25, 2025

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2024

### Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:**

2024-001 <u>Segregation of Duties</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the City's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> – Generally, one or two individuals in the City may have control over the following areas for which no compensating controls exist:

- (1) Cash reconciling bank accounts, cash disbursement functions and recording cash.
- (2) Receipts opening mail, collecting, recording/accounting for cash receipts and deposit preparation.
- (3) Utilities utility billing, collecting, depositing, posting to customer accounts and maintaining accounts receivable records.
- (4) Accounting system performing all general accounting functions and having custody of City assets.
- (5) Journal entries approving, recording, and reviewing.

<u>Cause</u> – The City has a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

 $\underline{\text{Effect}}$  – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the City should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available staff, including elected officials, to provide additional controls through review of financial transactions, reconciliations, and reports. The independent reviews should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

<u>Response</u> – The City will continue to review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

### Schedule of Findings

### Year ended June 30, 2024

2024-002 <u>Segregation of Duties – Friends of the Sigourney Public Library</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the Friends of the Sigourney Public Library's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> – Generally, one individual in the Friends of the Sigourney Public Library may have control over the following areas for which no compensating controls exist:

(1) Cash – reconciling bank accounts, cash disbursement functions and recording cash.

<u>Cause</u> – The Friends of the Sigourney Public Library has a limited number of members and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

 $\underline{\text{Effect}}$  – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Friends of the Sigourney Public Library's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of members. However, the Friends of the Sigourney Public Library should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available staff, including board members, to provide additional controls through review of financial transactions, reconciliations, and reports. The independent reviews should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

<u>Response</u> – The Friends of the Sigourney Public Library is a volunteer organization with limited members. While we want to comply with the control suggestions, it will be very difficult.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

#### 2024-003 <u>Reconciliation of Utility Billings, Collections and Delinquent Accounts</u>

<u>Criteria</u> – An effective internal control system provides for internal controls related to reconciling utility billings, collections and delinquent accounts and comparing utility collections to deposits to ensure proper recording of utility receipts, the propriety of adjustments and write-offs and the propriety of delinquent account balances.

<u>Condition</u> – For fiscal year 2024, utility reconciliations were completed but not reviewed by an independent person for 10 months. The utility reconciliation for April was not completed timely and utility reconciliations were not performed for May and June.

<u>Cause</u> – Policies have not been established and procedures have not been implemented to ensure monthly reconciliations are completed and reviewed by an independent person.

### Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2024

 $\underline{\mathrm{Effect}}$  – This condition could result in unrecorded or misstated utility receipts, improper or unauthorized adjustments and write-offs and/or misstated delinquent account balances.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City Council should designate a member of the City Council or another independent person to review the reconciliations and monitor delinquent accounts. The review of the reconciliations should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

<u>Response</u> – The City Clerk's office will reconcile the utility billings, collections and delinquent accounts monthly in a timely manner and will have the Mayor or a Council Member sign or initial and date documenting their review.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

#### 2024-004 Bank Reconciliations

<u>Criteria</u> – An effective internal control system provides for internal controls related to ensuring proper accounting for all funds by maintaining appropriate accounting records and reconciling bank and book balances. Independent review of bank reconciliations can help ensure the accuracy of recorded amounts.

<u>Condition</u> – Although bank reconciliations were prepared during fiscal year 2024, the monthly bank reconciliations were not reviewed by an independent person.

<u>Cause</u> – Procedure have not been implemented to ensure the monthly bank reconciliations are reviewed by an independent person for completeness and accuracy.

 $\underline{\text{Effect}}$  – The lack of an independent review of bank reconciliations can result in unrecorded transactions, undetected errors and opportunity for misappropriation.

 $\underline{\text{Recommendation}}$  – The City should establish procedures to ensure an independent person reviews the bank reconciliations and documents their review by signing or initialing and dating the monthly reconciliations.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$  – The City Clerk's office will have the Mayor or a Council Member perform a review over the monthly bank reconciliation and sign or initial and date to document this review.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

# INSTANCES OF NONCOMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

### Schedule of Findings

### Year ended June 30, 2024

### **Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:**

- 2024-A <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2024 did not exceed the amount budgeted.
- 2024-B <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No disbursements we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 2024-C <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- 2024-D <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title and Business Connection	Transaction Description	Amount
Adam Clark, Council member, son is Brady Clark	Snow removal and salt service for the City	\$ 1,015
Stephanie Lentz, Council member, brother owns Atwood Electric Inc.	Electrical work for the City buildings/property	44,574
Randy Schultz, Council member, uncle of Casey Thompson owns Exceptional Edge	Landscaping, land clearing, tree removal, carpentry, power washing and snow removal	16,270

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(3)(j) of the Code of Iowa, transactions with Brady Clark do not appear to represent a conflict of interest since total transactions were less than \$6,000 for the fiscal year.

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(3)(j) of the Code of Iowa, transactions with Atwood Electric, Inc. may represent a conflict of interest since total transactions were more than \$6,000 during the fiscal year and the transactions were not competitively bid. This is the third year the city has done business with Atwood Electric Inc. without a competitive bid.

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(3)(j) of the Code of Iowa, transactions with Exceptional Edge may represent a conflict of interest since total transactions were more than \$6,000 during the fiscal year and the transactions were not competitively bid.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should consult legal counsel to determine the disposition of this matter.

Response – The City Clerk will consult with the City's Attorney regarding this matter.

## Schedule of Findings

## Year ended June 30, 2024

- 2024-E <u>Restricted Donor Activity</u> No transactions were noted between the City, City officials, City employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa
- 2024-F <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 2024-G <u>City Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the City Council minutes but were not.
- 2024-H <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- 2024-I <u>Revenue Notes</u> The provisions of the sewer and water series notes require the city to produce net operating receipts equal to at least 110% of the principal and interest on the bonds as they come due. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net operating receipts were 99% of the sewer bond principal and interest.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should ensure the net operating receipts for the Enterprise, Sewer Fund are sufficient to make required debt service payments and comply with the sewer revenue note resolution.

<u>Response</u> – The City will continue to work with Piper-Sandler to ensure the City complies with this requirement.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

2024-J <u>Tax Increment Financing (TIF)</u> – Chapter 403.19 of the Code of Iowa provides a municipality may certify loans, advances, indebtedness and bonds (indebtedness) to the County Auditor which qualify for reimbursement from incremental property tax. The County Auditor provides for the division of property tax to repay the certified indebtedness and provides available incremental property tax in subsequent fiscal years without further certification by the City until the amount of certified indebtedness is paid.

The Special Revenue, TIF Program Fund has a fund balance of \$75,598. TIF collections are in excess of the TIF debt certified and the balance is considered excessive. If an excess balance in the TIF fund exists, Chapter 24.21 of the Code of Iowa requires the excess balance be remitted to the County Treasurer and allocated to the respective taxing districts.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should review its procedures to ensure TIF debt is properly certified. The City should consult legal counsel to determine the disposition of the excess monies in the Special Revenue, TIF Program Fund.

<u>Response</u> – We will review our procedures to ensure future TIF debt is properly certified. We have contacted our TIF legal counsel, attempted to return the excess monies to the County Treasurer.

# Schedule of Findings

# Year ended June 30, 2024

2024-K <u>Annual Urban Renewal Report</u> – The Annual Urban Renewal Report was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1. The City overstated the amount reported as TIF debt outstanding by \$383,601.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should ensure the correct debt amounts are reported.

<u>Response</u> – We will work to correct future Annual Urban Renewal Reports.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

2024-L <u>Financial Condition</u> – At June 30, 2024 the City had a deficit balance of \$4,829 in the Special Revenue, CDBG Housing Fund.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should investigate alternatives to eliminate this deficit in order to return the fund to a sound financial position.

<u>Response</u> – The City will transfer from the general fund to eliminate the deficit.

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Brian R. Brustkern, CPA, Deputy Selina V. Johnson, CPA, Manager Enoch Duval, Staff Auditor Benjamin I. Manchester, Staff Auditor Hunter W. Penton, Staff Auditor