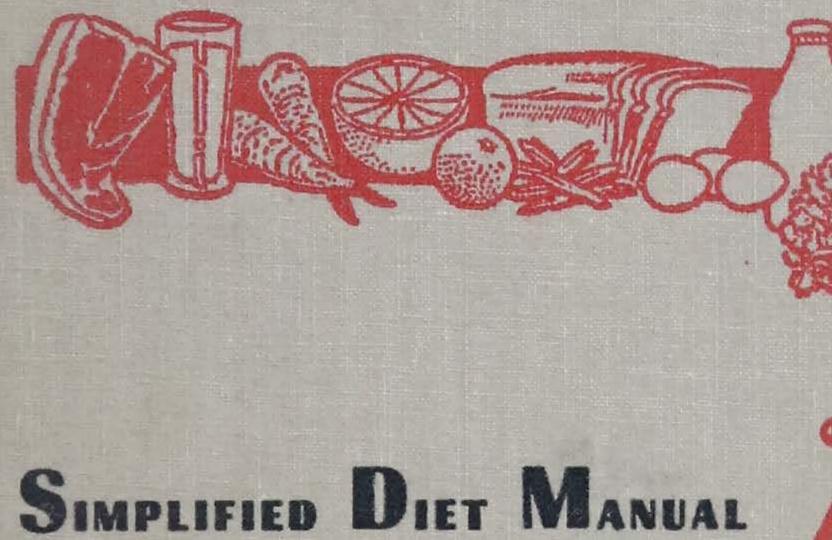
2nd Edition— Revised and Expanded



SIMPLIFIED DIET MANUAL

-with meal patterns

Prepared by
NUTRITION SERVICE
of the
IOWA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

In cooperation with the
IOWA DISTETIC ASSOCIATION



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Iowa. State Dept. of Health.
Nutrition Service
Simplified diet manual
with meal patterns

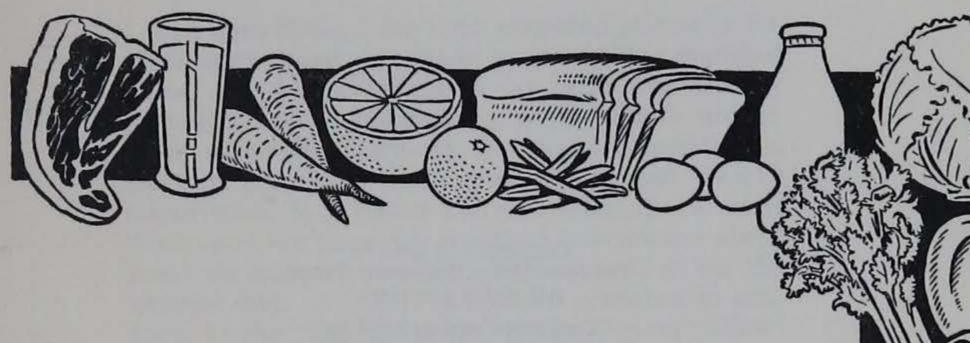


SIMPLIFIED DIET MANUAL with meal patterns

REVISED, SECOND EDITION

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IOWA DIETETIC ASSOCIATION

Approved by

IOWA STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY
IOWA HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION
IOWA STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

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> > First Edition, 1958 First Reprinting, 1958 Second Edition, 1961

A WORD TO THE USER

The Diet Manual has been prepared primarily for physicians to use as a guide in prescribing modified diets, and for personnel in hospitals and nursing homes to use in interpreting a physician's orders. It is especially prepared for those hospitals and nursing homes in which there is limited dietary supervision. It is hoped that this Manual will meet their need for clear-cut, practical information about meal planning for modified diets as well as for the general diet. All diets have been prepared to conform to the "Recommended Daily Dietary Allowances" of the Food and Nutrition Board, National Research Council.

The modified diet cannot be overlooked as a part of the total therapy of a patient. It is prescribed not only to support the clinical treatment, but also to promote the maintenance of, or a return to, a normal nutritional state. Normal nutrition, therefore, is emphasized throughout the Manual in the acknowledgment that every modified diet should be nutri-

tionally adequate.

The diets are based on the most recent authoritative material available and have been reviewed by a committee of the Iowa Dietetic Association. The Manual has been approved by three professional organizations: the Iowa State Medical Society, the Iowa Hospital Association, and the Iowa State Board of Health. We are happy to make this Manual available to physicians, nutritionists, dietitians, professional public health personnel, and to hospitals in which its use is approved by the medical staff.

EDMUND G. ZIMMERER, M.D., M.P.H. Commissioner of Public Health, State of Iowa

About the Book

The SIMPLIFIED DIET MANUAL has been useful to many physicians, dietitians, nutrition consultants, nurses, cooks and food supervisors. As implied by the title, it has been prepared as a manual that would make modified diets more easily understood.

The staff of Nutrition Service, Iowa State Department of Health, recognized a need for a diet manual that would be helpful to the dietary consultant as she worked with the untrained food service personnel of the 118 small hospitals and over 600 nurs-

ing and custodial homes in Iowa.

In 1953, Mrs. Nina Kagarice Bigsby, the dietary consultant to small hospitals and nursing homes, began a survey of diets that were being prescribed by physicians in Iowa. She worked with the cooks responsible for filling the prescriptions; she consulted with hospital nurses responsible for planning menus and instructing patients. Trial diet sheets were tested in small hospitals. Eventually a Trial Manual was compiled and used for several months in ten hospitals in Iowa:

Allen Memorial Hospital, Waterloo, Iowa
St. Luke's Hospital, Davenport, Iowa
Mahaska County Hospital, Oskaloosa, Iowa
Grundy County Hospital, Grundy Center, Iowa
Mary Frances Skiff Memorial Hospital, Newton, Iowa
Palo Alto Memorial Hospital, Emmetsburg, Iowa
Community Hospital, De Witt, Iowa
Community Hospital, Belmond, Iowa
Story County Hospital, Nevada, Iowa
Loring Hospital, Sac City, Iowa

Following the use in these hospitals, a questionnaire was developed to evaluate the Trial Manual. A special committee of the Iowa Dietetic Association was formed to evaluate the Trial Manual and to make suggestions for it to be published. This IDA committee was composed of:

Dr. Marian Moore, Iowa State University, Ames Miss Elizabeth Yearick, University Hospitals, Iowa City Miss Ellen Clewell, University Hospitals, Iowa City Miss May Morris, Veteran's Hospital, Des Moines Mrs. Darlene Ayres, St. Joseph's Hospital, Ottumwa Miss Betty Johnson, Ottumwa Hospital, Ottumwa

The Iowa State University Press, Ames, agreed to publish the diet manual. The royalties from its sale have gone to the Iowa Dietetic Association. Many hospitals in every state in the country have used the SIMPLIFIED DIET MANUAL. Many nursing homes and welfare agencies have discovered it and are using it.

The Second Edition includes these changes: A section on Diets for Children has been included. The Soft and Bland Diets have been liberalized somewhat. The formulae for Tube Feedings have been changed to include a greater variety of foods. A section on Fat Controlled Diets has been included. The American Heart Association diets for 500 mg., 1000 mg., and Mild Sodium Restriction have been incorporated in the Second Edition in the belief that the AHA terminology should be used more widely.

Nutrition Service of the Iowa State Department of Health and the Iowa Dietetic Association are proud to present the Second Edition of the SIMPLI-FIED DIET MANUAL.

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SIMPLIFIED DIET MANUAL with meal patterns

TABLE 1

Percentage of Daily Nutrient Allowance Furnished by Each Food Group

(Based on the amounts of foods recommended in General Diet for average person.)

Food Group	Protein	Calcium	Iron	Thiamin	Riboflavin	Niacin	Vitamin A		Vitamin C
****	(per cent)		(per cent)						
Milk	25	75	5	1-5	60	5		15	
Meat and Eggs	50	15	40	30	25	60	eggs meat	10	
Breads and Cereal	20	15	20	30	10	20			
Fruits and Vegetables	5	20	35	30	25	20	Leafy, green, or yellow veg. Other veg. & fr.	125 10	Citrus fruit 60 Other 40
Totals*	100	125	100	105	120	105		160	100

^{*} In order to get the required amount of one nutrient, the food which is the chief contributor of that nutrient may boost the total of another nutrient above the 100% level. This is not harmful and is beneficial in many cases where the actual amount of nutrient may not be as large as the chart shows, due to inadequate storage of fresh food, loss of juices through cooking, or delay in serving.

Fats and sugar contribute negligible amounts to the above eight nutrients.

HOW FOOD GROUPS CONTRIBUTE NUTRIENTS

In planning practical diets there has to be a starting point. The normal, healthy adult, about 25 years of age, who is moderately active has been chosen for calculating dietary needs. Modifications for health, age, and size are easily figured by adding and subtracting from the General Diet (beginning on page 16) which will furnish necessary nutrients to sustain this average adult under normal conditions. The remaining diets have been adapted from the General Diet to meet the varying needs of any individual.

Foods usually are classified into groups, and on page 14 will be found the common foods classified under basic headings. Underneath each is the amount needed daily to maintain good nutritional health for the average adult under normal conditions. On page 15 will be found the size of servings considered "average" for all diets

in this manual, unless otherwise indicated.

It is helpful to know which foods are rich in specific nutrients. Table 1 shows the approximate percentage of each day's needs that is furnished by the amount of food recommended in the General Diet. For example, the full amount of protein needed daily will be supplied as follows: milk will supply 25%; meat and eggs, 50%; bread and cereals, 20%; fruit and vegetables, 5%.

This table can be useful in teaching why it is important to select a variety of foods from all four groups and why to leave out foods

from any single group weakens the diet.

BASIC FOOD GROUPS FOR MENU PLANNING

MILK

Children through teen age: 3 to 4 cups daily

Adults: 2 or more cups daily

Pregnant women: About 1 quart daily

Nursing mothers: About 1½ quarts daily

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES

Meat, poultry, or fish — 2 or more servings daily

Eggs - 3 or 4 a week

Dried beans and peas, nuts and peanut butter — 2 or more servings a week

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

A total of four or more servings daily

It is important to serve a variety throughout the week.

Foods high in vitamin C should be served daily.

Deep yellow or dark leafy green vegetables should be served often for vitamin A.

High Vitamin C Foods

One or more servings daily

Grapefruit
Lemons
Limes
Oranges
Tangerines
Tomatoes
Cantaloupe
Pineapple — raw
Strawberries, raw

A large serving of

Broccoli
Brussels sprouts
Cabbage, raw
Cauliflower
Green peppers, raw
Turnips, raw

Suggested Vegetables

For variety

Asparagus, green Beans, snap, green Beans, lima Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage, green Carrots Cauliflower Celery Chard Cucumber Eggplant Kale Lettuce Mustard greens Peas, green

Peas, green
Peppers, green and red
Potatoes
Pumpkin
Spinach
Tomatoes
Turnip greens
Turnips
Squash, winter yellow
Sweet potatoes

Sweet potatoes

Yams

BREADS and **CEREALS**

Four or more servings daily

Whole grain, fortified, or enriched breads and cereals

BUTTER, FORTIFIED MARGARINE and SALAD OIL

Some daily in moderation

Size of Servings

(for Children, see page 24)

Unless otherwise indicated, the average servings listed are:

Meat, fish, or poultry

21/2 to 3 ounces, cooked weight

Meat substitute see page 57 equivalent to 1 to 2 ounces of meat (also ½ cup cooked dried beans or peas)

Potato
Vegetables
Fruit and fruit juices
Desserts

½ cup

Bread

1 slice

Cereal

½ cup cooked, ¾ to 1 cup prepared dry

Butter or margarine

1 pat (1 teaspoon)

The use of the following is recommended:

Iodized salt

Pasteurized milk fortified with 400 International Units of vitamin D

Whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals

GENERAL DIET

Use: The General Diet is prescribed for persons who require no dietary modifications.

Adequacy: The suggested food plan includes foods in amounts that will provide the amount of nutrients recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult.

Diet Principles: The diet should be simple in character and preparation, and planned to provide maximum nourishment to the body.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 2 or more cups Milk may be whole, skim, buttermilk, fresh, dried, or evaporated. May be used as a beverage and in cooking.

EGGS 3 or 4 a week Prepared in any way or used in cooking.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings (total 5 oz.) Meat, fish, or fowl should be used in one serving. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cheese, dried beans or peas, or peanut butter. Liver and other organ meats should be served regularly.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 serving

White or sweet potatoes; macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, or rice.

VEGETABLES 2 or more servings May be fresh, canned, or frozen; served raw, or cooked. Serve one deep yellow or dark leafy green vegetable at least every other day.

FRUITS 2 or more servings May be fresh, canned, or frozen; served whole, diced, or as juice. Serve one citrus fruit or other food high in vitamin C.

BREAD and CEREALS
4 servings

Use whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals.

FATS 2 tablespoons

Use butter, fortified margarine, cream, or salad oil in moderate amounts to make food palatable.

The suggested menu plan described below will furnish approximately 1600 calories. To meet the caloric needs of the individual, additional servings of the above foods may be used or the following foods may be added: soups; sweets such as desserts, sugar, and jellies; or other fats such as bacon, cream, and salad dressings.

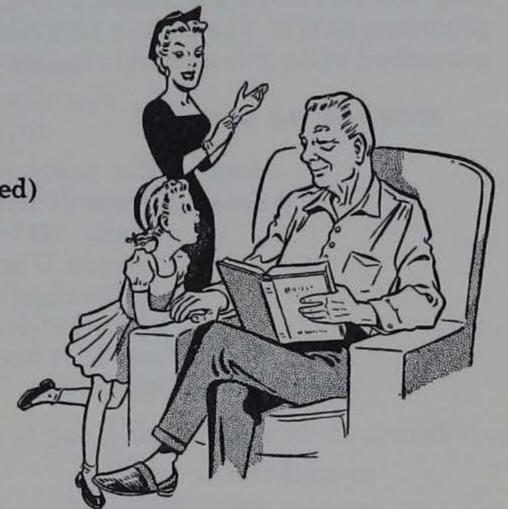
Suggested Menu Plan for General Diet

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

Fruit or juice Cereal with milk and/or

Egg
Bread with butter or margarine
Beverage



Dinner

Meat, poultry, fish, or meat substitute

Potato or substitute

Cooked vegetable

Salad — vegetable or fruit

Bread with butter or margarine

Fruit or dessert

Milk

Lunch or Supper

Soup or juice, if desired
Meat, egg, or cheese dish
Vegetable — raw or cooked
Bread with butter or
margarine
Fruit or dessert
Milk

DIET FOR PREGNANCY

Diet Principles: The National Research Council Recommended Allowances for all nutrients are increased during pregnancy and lactation. The percentage increase is much greater for protein, minerals, and vitamins than it is for calories. Therefore the diet should be carefully selected to provide these necessary nutrients without providing excessive calories. The nutrient intake can be attained through a well-chosen diet; dietary supplements should provide only needed nutrients and should be taken only if prescribed by the physician. NOTE: The 1500 or 1800 calorie diets (pp. 73–74) may be prescribed when it is advisable to restrict calories.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 1 quart Use pasteurized milk fortified with 400 International Units of vitamin D per quart. If the milk is not fortified, a vitamin D supplement will be prescribed by the physician. The milk may be whole, skim, buttermilk, fresh, dried, or evaporated. It may be used as a beverage and in cooking.

EGGS 1 daily

Prepared in any way or used in cooking.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 medium servings (total 6 oz.) Meat, fish, or fowl should be used in one serving. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cheese, dried beans or peas, or peanut butter. Liver and other organ meats should be served regularly.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 serving

White or sweet potato; macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, rice.

VEGETABLES 2 or more servings

May be fresh, canned, or frozen; served raw, or cooked. Serve one deep yellow or dark leafy green vegetable at least every other day.

FRUITS 2 or more servings May be fresh, canned, or frozen; served whole, diced, or as juice. Serve one citrus fruit or other food high in vitamin C.

BREADS and CEREALS
6 servings

Use whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals. Less bread and cereals may be used if larger servings of meat are preferred.

FATS 2 tablespoons Use butter, fortified margarine, cream, or salad oil in moderate amounts to make food palatable.

To meet the caloric needs of the individual, additional servings of the above foods may be used or the following foods may be added: soups; sweets such as desserts, sugar, and jellies; or other fats such as bacon, cream, and salad dressings.

Iodized salt should be used.

Suggested Menu Plan for Pregnancy

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

Fruit or juice
Cereal with milk
and/or
Egg
Bread with butter or
margarine

Beverage

Dinner

Meat, poultry, fish, or
meat substitute

Potato or substitute

Cooked vegetable

Salad — vegetable or fruit

Bread with butter or
margarine

Fruit or dessert

Milk

Lunch or Supper

Meat, egg, or cheese
Vegetable — raw or cooked
Bread with butter or
margarine
Fruit
Milk

Between meals and in cooking — enough milk to make certain a total of 4 cups is served.

DIET FOR LACTATION

(Based on General Diet)

For satisfactory lactation, increase milk to about 6 cups per day, and add 1 citrus fruit or food high in vitamin C (see page 14) to make a total of 2 servings of food high in vitamin C.

DIET FOR THE OLDER PERSON

Diet Principles: The National Research Council Recommended Allowances for the older person do not differ materially from those for middle life except for calories, which are lower. The older person needs the same basic foods every day to provide the recommended amounts of protein, minerals, and vitamins. Other foods may be served as desired but should not replace the necessary foods described below.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 2 or more cups Serve more milk and high protein milk drinks if the individual cannot or will not eat the recommended amounts of meat and meat substitutes. Milk may be whole, skim, buttermilk, evaporated, or dried. It may be used as a beverage and in cooking.

EGGS 3 or 4 a week

Prepared in any way or used in cooking and in milk drinks.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings (total 5 oz.) Meat, fish, or poultry should be used in one serving. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cheese, dried beans or peas, or peanut butter. If meat cannot be chewed, it may be chopped, ground, or strained, or additional meat substitutes served. Commercial baby and junior foods may be used.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 serving

Serve potatoes often. They are a good food but if served in too large a quantity, may replace other foods which are also valuable. Potato substitutes are macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, rice.

VEGETABLES
2 or more servings

If there is difficulty in chewing, the vegetables may be chopped, mashed, or strained. Serve a deep yellow or a dark leafy green vegetable at least every other day.

FRUITS 2 or more servings

Fruit may be raw, cooked, chopped, strained, or served as a juice. Serve one citrus fruit or other food high in vitamin C.

BREAD and CEREALS
4 servings

Serve whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals. Like potatoes, the excessive use of breads and cereals may result in other necessary foods being omitted.

FATS 2 tablespoons Use butter, fortified margarine, or salad oil in moderate amounts to make food palatable.

Important: Excess fat can dull the appetite. Try to avoid rich gravies, pastries, or repeated use of fried foods.

Suggested Menu Plan for Older Person

(Select from foods described)

It may be desirable to serve the food in small frequent meals.

Breakfast

Fruit or juice
Cereal with milk
and/or
Egg
Bread with butter or
margarine
Beverage

Dinner

Meat, poultry, or fish
Potato or substitute
Vegetable or salad
Bread with butter or
margarine
Fruit or dessert
Milk

Lunch or Supper

Meat, egg, or cheese dish

Vegetable — raw or cooked

Bread with butter or
margarine

Fruit

Milk

Bedtime

Milk with cookies or crackers

If supper meal is served before 6 p.m., a bedtime nourishment should be provided.

DIET FOR CHILDREN

Use: The Diet for Children is prescribed for children, age 1 to 6 years, who require no dietary modifications.

Adequacy: The suggested food plan includes food in amounts which will provide the nutrients recommended by the National Research Council for the average child.

Diet Principles: The diet should be simple in character and preparation, and planned to provide maximum nourishment to the body.

IMPORTANT: A sick child will regress in his level of performance. There is the possibility this regression will increase rather than decrease throughout a long illness. For instance, a 6-year-old child will regress to the performance of a 4- or 5-year-old so far as eating is concerned.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 3 or 4 cups

Milk should not be drunk to the exclusion of other foods. If milk served with meals tends to reduce the intake of other food, it should be served at the end of the meal or between meals. When a child will not drink milk, serve milk puddings and custards frequently. Milk fortified with 400 IU vitamin D per quart is recommended for children through the age of 21 years.

EGGS 1 daily

Prepared in any way or used in cooking.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings (total 1 to 2 oz.) Meat, fish, or fowl should be in one serving. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cheese, peanut butter. Liver and other organ meats should be served regularly. It is important that meat be tender, moist, and cut into strips or bite-sized pieces.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 serving

White or sweet potatoes; macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, or rice.

VEGETABLES 2 or more servings May be fresh, canned or frozen; served raw or cooked. Serve one deep yellow or a dark leafy green vegetable at least every other day. Young children like crisp finger foods; serve them regularly.

FRUITS 2 or more servings May be fresh, canned or frozen; served whole, diced, or as juice. Serve one citrus fruit or other food high in vitamin C. Young children like crisp finger foods; serve them regularly.

BREAD and CEREALS 2 to 4 servings Use whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals.

DESSERTS

Serve fruit often. Milk puddings, custard; ice cream, sherbet; angel food, sponge-type, chocolate, and plain cake, cookies; gelatin. Serve gelatin with generous amounts of fruit and vegetables often.

FATS In moderate amounts Use butter, fortified margarine, or salad oil in moderate amounts for palatability. IMPORTANT: Excess fat can dull the appetite. Try to avoid rich gravies, pastries, or repeated use of fried foods.

SEASONINGS In moderate amounts Seasonings may be used in moderate amounts. Highly seasoned foods are not recommended.

To meet the calorie needs of the individual, additional or larger servings of the above foods may be used or the following foods may be added: soups; sweets such as desserts, sugar, and jellies; or other fats such as crisp bacon, cream, and salad dressings.

Suggested Menu Plan for Children

(Select from foods described in amounts suggested below)

Breakfast

Fruit or juice Cereal with milk Toast or bread Butter or margarine Milk

Dinner

Meat, fish, or poultry
Potato or substitute
Vegetable—raw or cooked
Bread with butter or
margarine
Pudding or fruit
Milk

Lunch or Supper

Eggs, meat, cheese, or peanut butter Vegetable — raw or cooked Bread with butter or margarine Fruit Milk

Size of Servings for Children

	1-year-old	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years
	½ to 1 cup	½ to 1 cup	1 cup
}	1 tablespoon	3 tablespoons	4 tablespoons
	1 whole	1 whole	1 whole
}	2 tablespoons	3 tablespoons	4 tablespoons
7	1 or 2 small pieces	2 or 3 small pieces	3 or 4 small pieces
}	1/4 cup	½ cup	½ cup
-	⅓ to ½ cup	1/3 to 1/2 cup	1/3 to 2/3 cup
	½ to 1 slice	1 slice	1 to 1½ slices
	1/4 cup	⅓ cup	½ cup
	} }	1 tablespoon 1 whole 2 tablespoons 1 or 2 small pieces 14 cup 15 to 15 cup 16 to 1 slice	½ to 1 cup ½ to 1 cup 1 tablespoon 3 tablespoons 1 whole 1 whole 2 tablespoons 3 tablespoons 1 or 2 small pieces 2 or 3 small pieces ¼ cup ⅓ to ½ cup ⅓ to ½ cup ⅓ to ½ cup ½ to 1 slice 1 slice

HIGH CALORIE, HIGH PROTEIN, HIGH VITAMIN DIET

Use: This diet is prescribed to build and repair body tissues, to combat infection, for general malnutrition, and for nutritional rehabilitation of the patient.

Adequacy: This diet is planned to provide calories, protein, minerals, and vitamins in amounts greater than recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult.

Diet Principles: Lack of appetite is often a factor for the patient in need of this diet. To aid in food consumption, consider these factors:

- Generally a patient cannot begin to eat a 3000 to 4000 calorie diet immediately. During the initial stages of treatment, servings may need to be kept small. Provide larger and more servings of food gradually.
- 2. Some individuals eat better if food for the day is served as three small meals with substantial amounts between meals. For other patients a decrease in the number of feedings per day may result in a better appetite and an increase in total food consumption. For these patients, between meal nourishment only dulls the appetite for the regular meal. The fact that each patient is different must be taken into consideration.
- 3. A simple addition to each meal may answer the need for increased calories, protein, and vitamins. For example, a slice of bread and butter, an extra glass of milk, a bedtime snack of cereal with cream and sugar, or the addition of nonfat dried milk to the milk.
- 4. The food should be simple to prepare and easy to digest. Many high calorie foods such as fried foods, rich pastries and desserts, and candy will only dull the appetite and will result in an overall decrease in food intake.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 2 cups

Increase gradually to 1 to 1½ quarts a day through the use of fluid milk or nonfat dried milk solids. May be used as a beverage and in cooking. An effective way of including additional milk in the diet is to add nonfat dried milk to fluid milk or add it to prepared dishes such as meat loaf, mashed potatoes, etc.

EGGS 1 or more Increase to 2 or more daily, prepared in any way and used in cooking.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings

Increase size servings to 3 to 5 ounces. Meat, fish, or fowl should be in one serving. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cheese, dried beans or peas, or peanut butter. Liver and other organ meat should be included regularly.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 serving

Additional servings will increase calories, especially if additional amounts of butter, fortified margarine, or cream are added.

VEGETABLES 2 servings

Additional servings may be included. They add little protein or calories in comparison to other foods but do contribute vitamins and minerals. Serve one dark leafy green or deep yellow vegetable at least every other day.

FRUITS 2 servings

Additional servings, along with the use of sweetened fruit juices, will increase calories. Serve one citrus fruit or other food high in vitamin C.

BREAD and CEREALS 3 to 5 servings

Gradually increase amount. Use whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals.

FATS 2 or more tablespoons

Use butter, fortified margarine, or salad oil daily. Increase calories through the use of bacon, salad dressing, and cream. Excessive use of fat may dull the appetite.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

SOUP as desired Cream soups will add more calories and protein than broth soups. The addition of nonfat milk solids to cream soups would increase their value even more. A thin broth soup sometimes will stimulate the appetite.

DESSERTS as desired With heavier, high protein, high calorie meals it may be better to serve a simple dessert such as fruit, pudding, ice cream, gelatin, or cookies. These desserts will add calories without making the patient feel that he is obligated to eat more than he desires.

SWEETS as desired Sugar added to tea, coffee, and fruit juices as well as the use of jelly, jams, and hard candy will increase calories. The use of sweets, however, should not take the place of the protective foods in the diet.

SEASONINGS in moderate amounts

Seasonings may be used in moderate amounts. Highly seasoned foods may dull the appetite.

BEVERAGES as desired Coffee, tea, and carbonated beverages may be used as desired, but not to the exclusion of other food.

Suggested Menu Plan for High Calorie, High Protein, High Vitamin Diet

Protein - 100 grams, Calories - 3000

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

1 serving fruit or juice
2 eggs
Cereal with sugar and cream
Toast with jelly
Butter or margarine
1 cup milk
Tea or coffee

Mid-morning

Fruit or fruit juice

Dinner

3 ounces meat, fish, or poultry
Potato or substitute
Cooked vegetable
Salad — vegetable or fruit
with salad dressing
Bread with jelly
Butter or margarine
Dessert
1 cup milk

Mid-afternoon

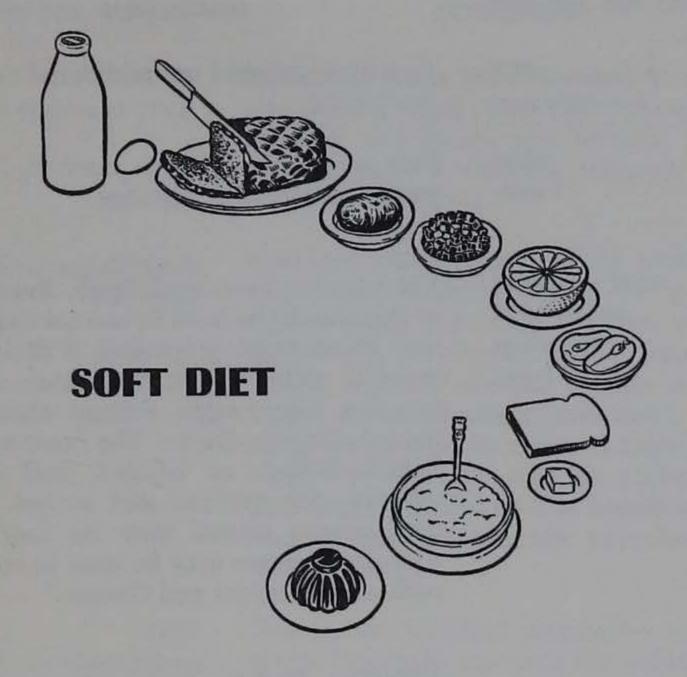
Fruit or fruit juice

Lunch or Supper

3 ounces meat or substitute
Vegetable — raw or cooked
2 slices bread with jelly
Butter or margarine
Fruit
1 cup milk

Bedtime

1 cup milk Bread with butter or margarine



Use: This diet is prescribed post-operatively following the Liquid Diet and leading to the General Diet, for the acutely ill patient, in some gastrointestinal disturbances, and in conditions where mechanical ease of eating and digestion is desired. (See page 20 for the Diet for the Older Person.)

Adequacy: The Soft Diet includes foods in quantities which will provide the amount of nutrients recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult.

Diet Principles: This diet is soft in texture, includes easily digested foods.

The Toothless Soft Diet

Diet Principles: It is important that foods may be swallowed without chewing. Fruits and vegetables should be mashed or strained. Meat, fowl, and fish should be finely chopped or ground and served with enough added broth to assure ease of swallowing.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 2 or more cups As a beverage and use additional amounts in cooking.

EGGS 1 daily Soft or hard cooked, poached, baked, omelet, scrambled, eggnogs.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings (total 5 oz.)

Very tender beef, veal, lamb, liver, fowl, or fish should be used in one serving. This may be chopped or ground, if desired, to make it easier to eat. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cottage cheese, or mild American cheese. The meat may be baked, boiled, or broiled, and served without rich gravies and sauces. Standard cream sauces may be used. The American cheese may be used in cooking, such as "Macaroni and Cheese."

AVOID: Highly seasoned or highly salted fish or meats, pork, ham, luncheon meats, frankfurters, corned beef; smoked, spiced fish or meats.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTE
1 serving

White or sweet potato cooked tender such as mashed, creamed, escalloped, au gratin, and baked (omit skins); spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, rice.

VEGETABLES 2 servings Cooked tender young asparagus tips, beets, carrots, string beans, peas, spinach, squash; tomato and other vegetable juices.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

FRUITS 2 or more servings Serve one citrus fruit. Cooked or canned applesauce, Royal Anne cherries, apricots, peaches, and pears; ripe banana; orange and grapefruit sections without membrane; fruit juices.

BREAD and CEREALS
4 servings

Enriched white bread, whole wheat and rye bread without seeds, or cracked wheat; plain roll; soda crackers or saltines, rusk, zweiback, melba toast. Enriched, refined cooked cereals such as farina, cream of wheat, corn meal, maltomeal, quick-type or strained regular oatmeal; dry cereals such as puffed rice, rice flakes, cornflakes. Hot breads such as muffins and biscuits are sometimes not well tolerated.

FATS in moderate amounts

Use butter, fortified margarine, or salad oil in moderate amounts for palatability. Crisp bacon and cream may be added as desired.

SOUPS as desired Broth and cream soups made with allowed vegetables.

DESSERTS as desired Plain puddings such as vanilla, chocolate, butterscotch, rice, tapioca, bread; custard, plain ice cream, sherbet; angel food, sponge, chocolate, and plain cake; plain cookies; gelatin desserts and fruit whips, plain or with allowed fruit.

SWEETS as desired

Sugar, syrup, honey, clear jelly.

SEASONINGS in moderate amounts

Salt and flavorings.

BEVERAGES as desired Coffee, tea, and carbonated beverages.

Suggested Menu Plan for Soft Diet

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

Fruit

Cereal with milk and/or

Egg

Toast with butter or margarine

Beverage

Dinner

Milk

Meat, fish, or poultry
Potato or substitute
Cooked vegetable
Bread with butter or margarine
Dessert or fruit

Lunch or Supper

Soup or fruit juice
Meat, egg, or cheese dish
Cooked vegetable
Bread with butter or margarine
Fruit or dessert
Milk

Use: This diet is prescribed for ulcers or open lesions upon the mucous lining of the stomach or duodenum and in various diseases of the gastrointestinal tract where inflammation or spasms are present.

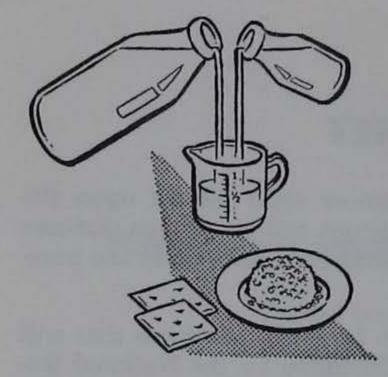
Adequacy: Bland Diets 3 and 4 include foods in quantities that will provide the amount of nutrients recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult. Bland Diets 1 and 2 are inadequate in iron, thiamine, niacin, and ascorbic acid.

Diet Principles:

- 1. Each patient should be treated individually. The diet is increased as rapidly as the patient's condition warrants. Some patients may be started on Bland Diet 3 or 4. Others may require a more restricted diet at first.
- Generally milk and cream are initially used since they are best tolerated by an inflamed mucous membrane.
- Frequent small feedings are served to prevent accumulation of excessive acid and to neutralize digestive juices.
- 4. As healing occurs more food is added. Feedings should be kept frequent and small throughout the course of the treatment.
- Foods should be of moderate temperature and as soft and smooth as possible to avoid mechanical irritation.
- 6. Foods that stimulate gastric secretion alcohol, tobacco, spices, carbonated beverage, tea, coffee, meat extractives are omitted or are limited to the extent specified by the attending physician.
- 7. Protein foods such as milk and eggs aid in lowering the free acid in the stomach. Proteins are also needed for blood regeneration. One way of increasing the protein value of the diet is by using nonfat dried milk.

HIGH PROTEIN MILK

Add ¾ cup nonfat dried milk to 1 quart of milk to double the natural protein content and to increase the buffering action.



Ulcer Management - Milk and Cream Regime

Four ounces (½ cup) of milk or milk and cream combinations are taken every hour from 7 a.m. through 9 p.m. or later if necessary. The standard mixture of milk and cream may include equal parts whole milk and commercially prepared half and half which is a suitable proportion of milk and cream. The quality and frequency of feeding may be modified by the physician. To modify caloric intake the physician may order one of the following:

4 OUNCE (1/2 cup) SERVING

	2 oz. milk	3 oz. milk	4 oz.	4 oz.	
	2 oz. half & half	1 oz. half & half	milk	skim milk	
The Real Property lives	(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)	
Carbohydrate	6	6	6	6	
Protein	4	4	4	4	
Fat	10	7	5	_	
Calories	130	103	85	40	

15 SERVINGS (Hourly - 7 a.m. through 9 p.m.)

	2 oz. milk 2 oz. half & half	3 oz. milk 1 oz. half & half	4 oz. milk	4 oz. skim milk	
Carbohydrate	(gms.) 90	(gms.) 90	(gms.) 90	(gms.) 90	
Protein	60	60	60	60	
Fat	150	105	75		
Calories	1950	1545	1275	600	

(Also Post Surgical Soft Diet — omit hourly milk-cream feedings)

Ulcer Management-Small, Frequent Feedings

A milk and cream mixture described under Bland Diet 1 is taken every two hours from 7 a.m. through 9 p.m. and later if necessary. A small serving of the foods listed below may be served with the milk and cream mixture.

Butter or margarine, salt, and sugar may be used in small amounts.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

EGGS Soft cooked, poached, scrambled.

CHEESE Cottage cheese.

POTATO Baked (omit skins), boiled, mashed, or creamed.

BREAD and CEREALS Refined cooked cereals such as farina, cream of wheat, corn meal, creamed rice; quick-type or strained regular oatmeal.

Toasted white bread and soda crackers.

SOUPS Homemade strained cream soups made with a thin cream sauce and strained vegetable or potato.

DESSERTS Plain custard, flavored and unflavored gelatin, cornstarch, tapioca and rice pudding, vanilla ice cream.

A Suggested Plan for Increase in Amount to be Served

NOTE: The period of time allotted to steps 1, 2, and 3 may last from one day to several days. It will differ with each individual.

- Step 1 With one or more servings of the milk and cream mixture, add one of the foods listed above.
- Step 2 Add a very small serving of the foods suggested above to two or more feedings as the patient desires: For example:

7 a.m. Cereal, 1 slice toast with butter.

11 a.m. Cream soup, potato, toast with butter, dessert.

3 p.m. Cereal, toast with butter.

- 7 p.m. Cream soup, egg or cottage cheese, toast with butter, dessert.
- Step 3 Increase size of serving portion of the above foods.

Ulcer Management - Six Meals Per Day

This diet consists of six small meals per day served at regular intervals. The foods allowed are similar to those on the Soft Diet with the following additional modifications.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 1 to 1½ quarts

May be used as milk or a milk beverage — eggnog, malted milk, milkshake — and in cooking.

EGGS 1 daily Soft or hard cooked, poached, baked, omelet, scrambled, eggnogs.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings (total 5 oz.) Very tender beef, lamb, veal, liver, fowl, or fish should be one serving. This may be chopped or ground if desired. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cottage cheese, or mild American cheese. The meat may be baked, boiled, or broiled and served without rich gravies and sauces. Standard cream sauces may be used. The American cheese may be used in cooking, such as "Macaroni and Cheese."

AVOID: Pork, ham, luncheon meats, frankfurters, corned beef; smoked, highly seasoned, and highly salted fish or meats.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 serving

White potato cooked tender such as mashed, creamed, escalloped, au gratin, or baked (omit skins); spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, or rice.

VEGETABLES (strained) 2 servings

Strained asparagus, beets, carrots, string beans, peas, spinach, squash — may be served alone or in cream soups.

FRUITS 2 servings

One serving should be ½ cup orange (or tomato) juice, taken at the end of the meal or diluted with water if it causes discomfort. The other serving may be ripe banana, cooked or canned applesauce, Royal Anne cherries, peeled apricots, peaches, or pears; orange or grape-fruit sections without membrane; fruit juice.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

BREAD and CEREALS
4 or more servings

Use only white toast, melba toast, zweiback, rusk, soda crackers, or saltines; farina, cream of wheat, corn meal, maltomeal; quick-type or strained regular oatmeal.

FATS in moderate amounts Butter, fortified margarine, cream, or salad oil may be used in moderate amounts for palatability.

SOUPS as desired Use only homemade strained cream soups made with a thin cream sauce and allowed vegetables.

AVOID: Broth soups. Commercial soups that are usually highly seasoned often cause discomfort.

DESSERTS as desired Plain puddings such as vanilla, chocolate, butterscotch, rice, tapioca, bread; custard, plain ice cream, sherbet without fruit pulp; angel food, sponge, chocolate, and plain cake; plain cookies; gelatin desserts and fruit whips, plain or with allowed fruit.

SWEETS as desired

Sugar, syrup, honey, clear jelly.

SEASONINGS in moderate amounts

Salt and flavorings.

BEVERAGES as desired

Decaffeinated coffee such as Postum or Sanka.

AVOID: Carbonated beverages. Serve coffee and tea only if permitted by the physician.

Suggested Menu Plan for Bland Diet 3

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

½ cup strained orange or tomato juice (to be taken at end of meal or diluted with water)

1 egg

1 slice of toast with butter or margarine

Milk

Mid-morning

1 cup milk or milk beverage 1 to 2 slices of toast or ½ cup cereal

Dinner

1 serving meat

1 small serving (¼ cup) potato

1 small serving (¼ cup) strained vegetable

1 slice of toast with butter or margarine

Mid-afternoon

1 cup milk or milk beverage ½ cup custard, pudding, or other allowed dessert

Lunch or Supper

1 serving meat substitute

1 to 2 slices of toast or ½ cup cereal, macaroni, spaghetti, rice, etc.

1 small serving strained vegetable (may be combined with the milk to make a soup or in gelatin)

Bedtime

1 cup milk or milk beverage 1 to 2 slices of toast or ½ cup cereal

Sample Meals for Lunch or Supper

Strained cream soup Poached eggs on toast Fruit

Cottage cheese Strained vegetable Fruit Toast Milk Strained cream soup Macaroni and cheese Fruit

BLAND DIET 4

Ulcer Management - Three Meals Per Day

This diet is prescribed after healing has occurred. Each patient must learn which foods to avoid; the foods will differ with each patient. The patient is able to eat food on the General Diet with these modifications:

- 1. Highly seasoned foods should be avoided.
- 2. Fried foods are to be eaten very seldom.
- 3. Meals should be served at regular intervals to avoid long periods without food in the stomach.
- 4. A small between-meal feeding should be part of the daily intake.

Suggested Menu Plan for Bland Diet 4

Breakfast

Fruit Cereal with milk and/or

Egg Toast with butter or margarine Beverage

Mid-morning Milk

Dinner

Meat, poultry, fish,
or meat substitute
Potato or substitute
Cooked vegetable
Salad, vegetable or fruit
Bread with butter or margarine
Dessert or fruit
Milk
Beverage

Lunch or Supper

Soup or juice, if desired
Meat, egg, or cheese dish
Vegetable, cooked or raw
Bread with butter or margarine
Fruit or dessert
Milk
Beverage

Mid-afternoon

Custard Beverage

Bedtime

Milk with crackers

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

LOW RESIDUE DIET

Use: The Low Residue Diet is sometimes prescribed in the treatment of diarrhea, colitis, gastrointestinal disturbances, and during the post-operative period following surgery on the lower bowel.

Adequacy: This diet provides foods in quantities that will provide the amount of nutrients recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult providing the individual can tolerate milk.

Diet Principles: The diet includes foods which will reduce (not eliminate) the residue in the colon. It is smooth in texture and is mechanically and chemically nonirritating. The foods allowed are similar to those on the Soft Diet with additional modifications.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK Limit to 2 cups Milk may be used as a beverage and in cooking. Some individuals on this diet do not tolerate milk to drink. In that case the milk will need to be used in cooking or boiled before serving, and added gradually to the diet.

EGGS 1 daily

Soft or hard cooked, poached, baked, omelet, scrambled, eggnog.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings Very tender beef, lamb, veal, liver, fowl, or fish should be one serving. This may be chopped or ground if desired. The other serving may be meat, eggs, cottage cheese, or mild American cheese. The meat may be baked, boiled, or broiled and served without rich gravies and sauces. Standard cream sauces may be used. The American cheese may be used in cooking, such as "Macaroni and Cheese."

AVOID: Pork, ham, luncheon meats, frankfurters, corned beef; smoked, highly seasoned, or highly salted fish or meats.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 serving

White potato, mashed, creamed, escalloped, au gratin, and baked (omit skins); spaghetti, macaroni, noodles, and rice.

VEGETABLES (strained) 2 servings Strained asparagus, beets, carrots, string beans, peas, spinach, squash — may be served alone or in clear or cream soups.

FRUITS 2 servings Serve one citrus fruit (or tomato) juice; the other serving may be ripe banana, cooked or canned applesauce, white cherries, peeled apricots, peaches, and pears; fruit juices.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

BREADS and CEREALS
4 or more servings

Enriched white bread, whole wheat and rye bread without seeds; soda crackers or saltines, rusk, zweiback, melba toast. Enriched, cooked refined cereals such as farina, cream of wheat, corn meal, maltomeal, quick-type or strained regular oatmeal; dry cereals such as puffed rice, rice flakes, cornflakes.

Hot breads such as muffins and biscuits are sometimes not well-tolerated.

FATS in moderate amounts

Use butter, fortified margarine, cream, or salad oil in moderate amounts for palatability.

SOUPS as desired

Use homemade strained cream soups made with a thin cream sauce and allowed vegetables; clear broth soups.

DESSERTS as desired Plain puddings such as vanilla, chocolate, butterscotch, rice, tapioca, bread; custard, plain ice cream, sherbet without fruit pulp; angel food, sponge, chocolate, and plain cake; plain cookies; gelatin desserts and fruit whips, plain or with allowed fruit.

SWEETS as desired

Sugar, syrup, honey, clear jelly.

SEASONINGS in moderate amounts

Salt and flavorings.

BEVERAGES as desired Tea and coffee, carbonated beverages.

Suggested Menu Plan for Low Residue Diet

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

Citrus fruit juice

Cereal with 1 cup milk and/or

Egg

Toast with butter or margarine

Beverage

Dinner

Meat, fish, or poultry

Potato

Strained vegetable

Bread with butter or margarine

Dessert

Beverage

Lunch or Supper

Meat, cheese, or egg dish

Potato substitute if desired

Strained vegetable

Bread with butter or

margarine

Fruit

1 cup milk

FULL LIQUID DIET

Use: This diet is prescribed for the post-operative patient following the Clear Liquid Diet, for the acutely ill patient, and for the patient who cannot chew or swallow solid food. It may be prescribed to supplement a tube feeding.

Adequacy: Depending upon the amount and choice of food the patient eats, this diet will tend to be low in protein, calories, iron, thiamine, or niacin.

Diet Principles: The Full Liquid Diet includes foods which are liquid at body temperature and which are free from mechanical and chemical irritants.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 1 to 1½ quarts as a beverage and in cooking. May use milk in milk drinks such as eggnog, milkshake, or malted milk, in high protein milk, and in strained cream soups.

EGGS In eggnogs.

POTATO Strained in cream soups only.

VEGETABLES Strained asparagus, carrots, green beans, peas, spinach, and tomato, combined with clear broth, cream soup, or gelatin; vegetable juices.

FRUITS Citrus and other fruit juices.

BREADS and CEREALS Cereal gruel.

FATS Butter, fortified margarine, and cream may be used in soups.

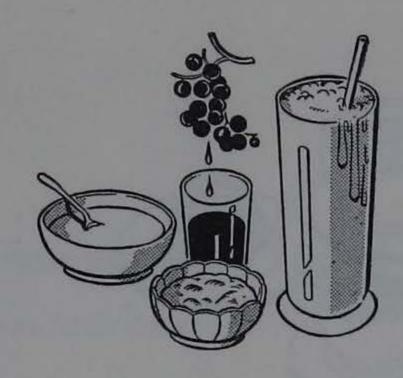
SOUPS Broth, or strained cream soup combined with allowed strained vegetables.

DESSERTS Soft custard, rennet, flavored and unflavored gelatin, plain ice cream, sherbet without pulp.

SWEETS Sugar, honey, syrup.

SEASONINGS Salt, and flavorings in moderation.

BEVERAGES Coffee, tea, carbonated beverages.



Suggested Menu Plan for Full Liquid Diet

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

Fruit juice Cereal gruel Milk or milk beverage

Dinner

Lunch or Supper

Soup

Soup

Fruit juice

Fruit juice

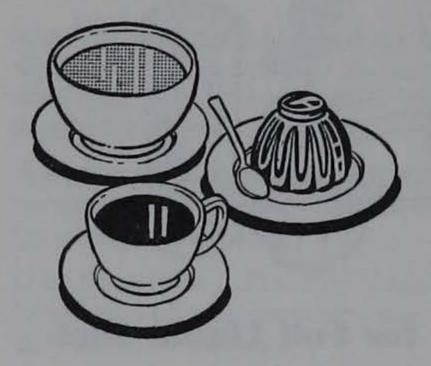
Dessert

Dessert

Milk or milk beverage

Milk or milk beverage

Between-meal nourishment: Milk, milk beverage, or fruit juice.



CLEAR LIQUID DIET

Use: This diet is prescribed for patients post-operatively, in acute inflammatory condition of the gastrointestinal tract, in acute stages of many illnesses, especially those with high elevation of temperature, and in conditions when it is necessary to minimize the amount of fecal material in the colon.

Adequacy: This diet is inadequate in all nutrients. It should be used only for a short period of time (24 to 48 hours).

Diet Principles: This diet is planned to provide fluids without stimulating extensive digestive processes, to relieve thirst, and to provide oral feedings which will promote a gradual return to a normal intake of food. Small servings may be served every two or three hours and at mealtime.

Certain post-operative patients may be limited to tea and fat free broth for one or more meals.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

FRUITS Fruit juices, if tolerated.

SOUPS Fat-free clear broth.

DESSERTS Flavored and unflavored gelatin.

SWEETS Sugar.

BEVERAGES Coffee, tea, and carbonated beverages.

Suggested Menu Plan for Clear Liquid Diet

(Select from foods described)

Breakfast

Broth

Tea or coffee

Dinner

Broth

Broth

Flavored or unflavored gelatin

Tea or coffee

Flavored or unflavored gelatin

Lunch or Supper

Tea or coffee

Between-meal nourishment: Fruit juice, if tolerated.

TUBE FEEDINGS

Diet Principles: A tube feeding is any food that can be poured through a polyvinyl tube. Adequate carbohydrate and fat must be furnished in amounts to spare the protein; if protein content is too high, formula will not pass through the tube readily.

Use: A tube feeding is prescribed when a patient is unable to take food by mouth. It is useful for a patient who is too weak to consume regular food in amounts that furnish adequate nutrients.

Adequacy: The plain milk feedings furnish adequate protein, calcium, and riboflavin. They are inadequate in calories, iron, vitamin A, thiamin, and ascorbic acid.

2000 сс.	Buttermilk	Skim Milk	Whole Milk
Carbohydrate	100	100	100
Protein	70	70	70
Fat	2	2	75
Calories	700	700	1355

Tube feeding A is adequate in all but iron, and is only moderately low in thiamin and vitamin A.

Tube feeding B is adequate in all nutrients.

IMPORTANT: Additional supplemental vitamins and minerals may be contraindicated in tube feedings, particularly when a highly fortified commercial preparation is used.

Select a

variety

to day.

Include

liver twice

a month.

from day

Tube Feeding A

Yield: 1800 cc. (13/4 quarts)

Carbohydrate—180 gms. (45%) Protein—80 gms. (20%) Fat—65 gms. (35%) Calories—1600

DIRECTIONS

INGREDIENTS

(1) Beat Strain into bowl (2 qt. size)

One egg

(2) Strain into beaten egg

(3) Gradually add — stir with

1 cup orange juice

spoon

½ cup dry skim milk powder

(4) Add

1/4 cup granulated sugar 1 teaspoon salt

1 quart skim milk

1 pint half and half

(5) Stir thoroughly. Strain into bottle to remove any lumps before delivery to patient.

Tube Feeding B

Yield: 2000 cc. (2 quarts)

Carbohydrate—210 gms. (45%) Protein—110 gms. (20%) Fat— 75 gms. (35%) Calories-1955

To be mixed in a blender

DIRECTIONS

INGREDIENTS

(1) Strain into blender (2) Add—and blend thoroughly

(May be mixed in two batches, depending upon size of the blender.)

1 cup orange juice

1 cup cooked refined cereal eggs 1 small can strained meat

 $(3\frac{1}{2} \text{ oz.})$ 1 small can strained vegetable

 $(4\frac{3}{4} \text{ oz.})$ 1 small can strained fruit

(43/4 oz.)4 teaspoons salad oil granulated sugar 1/4 cup

salt 1 teaspoon dry skim milk powder ½ cup

In a bowl (2 quart):

(3) Combine with

1 quart whole milk

(4) Stir thoroughly. Strain into bottle to remove any lumps before delivery to patient.

DIABETIC DIET

Use: This diet is prescribed for diet control in diabetes.

Adequacy: The Diabetic Diet is planned to meet the nutritional needs of the patient.

Diet Principles:

- 1. The diet is planned to return the patient to as nearly normal living as possible.
- 2. The Exchange Diet. This diet was prepared by the American Dietetic Association, American Diabetes Association, and the Diabetes Branch of the United States Public Health Service. The diet is based on the grouping of food into six food groups. Foods in each group have comparable food values; thus, a food within a group may be exchanged or substituted for another food in the same group. For example, a bread exchange can be one slice of bread, ½ cup cereal, or ½ cup potato. Included are nine meal plans ranging from 1200 to 3500 calories. These are designed to meet the needs of most individuals but can be adjusted easily to satisfy differences.
- 3. Measuring Food. Food should be measured with standard measuring equipment 8 ounce cup, measuring spoons, ruler until the amounts can be guessed accurately. Then checks should be made from time to time to make certain that the measurements are accurate. The foods are measured after they are cooked. All measurements are level.
- 4. Special Foods. Special foods are not necessary. They are expensive, and labels are often misleading. For variety you may purchase some diabetic canned fruit. The diabetic patient generally can eat the same foods planned for other patients or members of the family milk, meat, vegetables, and fruits without added sugar. The food may be prepared with the other patients' meals in the hospital and the diabetic's portion taken out before extra fat, flour, or sugar is added.
- 5. No Sugar. No sugar is to be used on the foods or in cooking; no honey, molasses, syrup, jelly, jam, or other sugar products are included. Saccharin, Sucaryl, or a similar artificial sweetener may be used as directed by the physician.

Composition of the Diabetic Diet

FOOD EXCHANGES

FOOD	LIST	AMOUNT	WEIGHT	C.	P.	F.	CAL.
			(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)	
Milk Exchanges	1	½ pint	240	12	8	10	170
Vegetable Exchanges		as desired			1878		
Vegetable Exchanges		½ cup	100	7	2	***	36
Fruit Exchanges		varies		10		*22*2	40
Bread Exchanges		varies	0.00	15	2		68
Meat Exchanges	1000	1 oz.	30		7	5	73
Fat Exchanges		1 tsp.	5		S.*//.*	5	45

A. D. A.* SAMPLE MEAL PLANS

	C., P., F., and CAL. DISTRIBUTION FOR DAY				CARB	OHYDR/ FOR	TE DIS		ON
ADA Plan Diet No.	Carbo- hydrate	Protein	Fat	Calories	Breakfast	Lunch	Dinner	Bedtime	Midaft- ernoon
	(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)		(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)
1	125	60	50	1200	25	37	32	27	
2	150	70	70	1500	25	52	47	27	
3	180	80	80	1800	40	52	47	42	
4	220	90	100	2200	40	67	72	42	
5†	180	80	80	1800	37	52	59	27	
6†	250	100	130	2600	52	77	74	42	
7†	370	140	165	3500	82	92	114	42	40
8	250	115	130	2600	55	82	72	42	
9	300	120	145	3000	70	82	75		

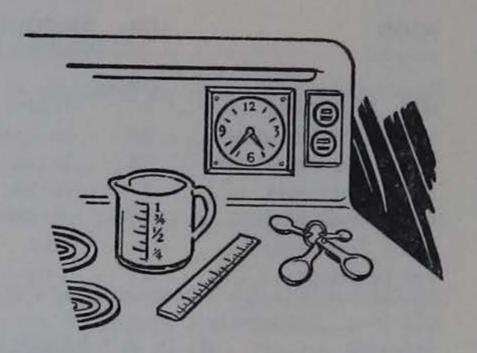
TOTAL DAY'S FOOD IN SAMPLE MEAL PLANS

DIET	MILK	VEG. A	VEG. B	FRUIT	BREAD EX.	MEAT EX.	FAT EX
1	1 pint	as desired	1	3	4	5	1
2	1 pint	as desired	1	3	6	6	4
3	1 pint	as desired	1	3	8	7	5
4	1 pint	as desired	1	4	10	8	8
5†	1 quart	as desired	1	3	6	5	3
6†	1 quart	as desired	1	4	10	7	11
7+	1 quart	as desired	1	6	17	10	15
8	1 pint	as desired	1	4	12	10	12
9	1 pint	as desired	1	4	15	10	15

^{*} Adapted from the American Dietetic Association.

[†] These diets contain more milk and are especially suitable for children.

Procedure For Calculating A Diabetic Diet



A prescription for a diabetic diet can be easily translated into a food plan by using the accompanying food exchange lists. The following sample prescription illustrates how it can be done.

Sample	Prescription	Carbohydrates	180 grams
		Protein	80 grams
	Fat	80 grams	
		Calories	1800

(This prescription may be filled with ADA Meal Plans No. 3 or No. 5.)

FOOD	LIST	AMOUNT	C.	Р.	F.
			(gms.)	(gms.)	(gms.)
Milk, whole	1	1 pint	24	16	20
Vegetables	2A	as desired	_	_	-
Vegetables	2B	1 Exchange	7	2	-
Fruit	3	3 Exchanges	30	_	-
			61(Step 1)	
Bread	4	8 Exchanges	120	16	
				34(Step 2)
Meat	5	7 Exchanges		49	35
					55(Step 3)
Fat	6	5 Exchanges			25
			181	83	80

As the basis of the diet use 2 cups of milk (for an adult), vegetables from List 2A as desired, 1 serving of vegetable from List 2B, and 3 servings of fruit. To determine the number of servings of bread, meat, and fat that may be added to complete the daily allowances, proceed as follows:

Step 1. To determine the number of bread servings: Subtract from the number of grams of carbohydrate allowed (180), the amount already furnished by the milk, fruit, and vegetables (61); divide the result by 15 (the number of grams of carbohydrate in one bread exchange as noted in List 4).

$$\begin{array}{r}
180 \\
- 61 \\
\hline
119 \div 15 = 8 \text{ bread exchanges}
\end{array}$$

Step 2. To determine the number of meat servings: Subtract from the number of grams of protein allowed (80), the amount already furnished by the milk, vegetables, and bread (34); divide by 7 (the number of grams of protein in one meat exchange).

$$\frac{80}{-34}$$

$$\frac{-34}{46} \div 7 = 7 \text{ meat exchanges}$$

Step 3. To determine the number of fat servings: Follow the same procedure with regard to fat, dividing the results by 5 (the number of grams of fat in one fat exchange).

$$\frac{80}{-55}$$

$$\frac{25 \div 5}{= 5} = 5 \text{ fat exchanges}$$

The diet is calculated as closely as possible to the prescription but it is not necessary to split exchanges such as bread or meat. A variation from the prescription of as much as 7 grams of carbohydrate and 3 grams of protein is permissible.

The food is then divided into meals. This should be done with the patient, taking into consideration such factors as:

- Present meal patterns which are usually related to occupation, working hours, place of eating, etc.
- 2. Diabetic condition; i.e., the tendency to excrete more or less sugar at varying times during the day.
- 3. Type of insulin.

The carbohydrate content of the diet should be divided between the meals, avoiding too large a proportion of the total at any one meal. A protein-rich food should be included at each meal.

Fat usually requires no special consideration in apportioning.

EXCHANGE LIST OF FOODS*

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

The exchange list of foods is based upon the grouping of foods into six food groups — milk, vegetables, fruits, breads, meats, and fats. Foods within each group have comparable food value. Exchange means that a food listed in a particular group may be substituted, or exchanged for, or used in place of another food included in the same group. For example, a bread exchange could be 1 slice of bread, or ½ cup of cooked cereal, or ½ cup potato.

Follow the diet prescribed to be used with this food exchange list. Include the number of exchanges allowed from each food group every day as suggested on the diet.

List 1. Milk Exchanges

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

Each exchange is equal to 1 cup milk.

Carbohydrate — 12 grams, Protein — 8 grams, Fat — 10 grams, Calories — 170

1 cup whole milk 1 cup skim milk †

½ cup evaporated milk ¼ cup powdered whole milk

1/4 cup powdered skim milk †

1 cup buttermilk

(made from whole milk)

1 cup buttermilk (made from skim milk)†

† Add 2 fat exchanges to meal when one cup of skim milk or buttermilk made from skim milk is used.

List 2. Vegetable Exchanges

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

2A. These vegetables may be used in ordinary amounts. An average serving would be ½ cup.

Contain little Carbohydrate, Protein, or Calories

Asparagus
Broccoli
Brussels sprouts
Cabbage
Cauliflower
Celery
Chicory
Cucumbers
Escarole
Eggplant

"Greens"
Beet
Chard
Collard
Dandelion
Kale
Mustard
Spinach
Turnip

Lettuce (head)
Lettuce (leaf)
Mushrooms
Okra
Pepper
Radishes
Rhubarb
Sauerkraut

String beans, young Summer squash

Tomatoes Watercress

^{*} The Exchange Lists in this manual are based on material in Meal Planning with Exchange Lists, prepared by committees of the American Diabetes Association, Inc., and the American Dietetic Association in cooperation with the Chronic Disease Program, Public Health Service, Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

2B. Each exchange is a ½ cup serving.

Carbohydrate — 7 grams, Protein — 2 grams, Calories — 35.

Beets Carrots Onions Peas, green Pumpkin Rutabaga

Squash, winter Turnip

1. The vegetables printed in **bold** face are high in vitamin A; serve at least once every other day.

2. The vegetables used may be fresh, commercially canned, or frozen.

3. The vegetables may be served either raw or cooked.

4. 1 cup serving of vegetable 2A or ½ bread exchange may be used in place of a ½ cup serving of vegetable 2B.

List 3. Fruit Exchanges

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

The size of the exchange or serving varies with the kind of fruit.

Carbohydrate - 10 grams, Calories - 40

1 small apple - 2" diameter

½ cup applesauce

2 medium apricots, fresh

4 halves apricots, dried

1/2 small banana

1 cup berries - straw., rasp., black

3/3 cup blueberries

1/4 (6" diam.) cantaloupe

10 large cherries

2 dates

1 large fig, fresh

1 small fig, dried

1/2 small grapefruit

½ cup grapefruit juice

12 grapes

1/4 cup grape juice

1/8 (7" diam.) honeydew melon

1 small orange

½ cup orange juice

1 medium peach

1 small pear

½ cup pineapple

1/3 cup pineapple juice

2 medium plums

2 medium prunes, dried

2 tablespoons raisins

1 large tangerine

1 cup watermelon

1. The fruits printed in **bold face** are rich in vitamin C; use at least one serving each day.

 Fresh, dried, cooked, canned, or frozen fruits may be used as long as no sugar has been added. Look at the label on the can or package to be sure it says "unsweetened" or "no sugar added."

List 4. Bread Exchanges

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

Each exchange is equal to 1 slice of bread.

Carbohydrate — 15 grams, Protein — 2 grams, Calories — 70

BREAD

1 slice bread, bakers — usual cut,
16 slices to a loaf (white, whole
wheat, or rye)
1½ slices thin slice sandwich loaf
1 roll, plain yeast — 16 rolls to a
pound
½ hamburger bun (8 to a pound)
1 biscuit, 2" diameter
1 muffin, 2" diameter
1 cube (1½") cornbread

VEGETABLES

½ cup cooked dried beans or peas
(lima, navy, kidney, blackeyed,
cowpeas, split peas)
¼ cup baked beans, without pork
¼ cup corn (½ ear)
⅔ cup parsnips
⅙ cup potatoes, white (1 small)
¼ cup potatoes, sweet or yams
15 large potato chips — 2" diameter
(omit 2 fat exchanges)
1 cup popcorn

CEREAL

½ cup cooked cereal
¾ cup cereal; dry, flake, and
puffed type
½ cup cooked rice, macaroni,
spaghetti, noodles

CRACKERS

2 graham, 2½" square
20 oyster (½ cup)
5 saltines, 2" square
3 soda, 2½" square
6 round, thin, 1½" diameter

OTHER

½ cup ice cream, vanilla
(omit 2 fat exchanges)

1½" cube sponge cake, no icing
4 small vanilla wafers

2½ tablespoons flour

List 5. Meat Exchanges

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

Each exchange is equal to 1 ounce of meat.

Protein — 7 grams, Fat — 5 grams, Calories — 75

MEAT

1 ounce beef, fowl, lamb, veal (medium fat)
1 ounce liver, pork, ham (lean)
1 slice cold cuts: 4½" diam. x ½" salami, minced ham, bologna, liver sausage, luncheon loaf

1 frankfurter (8 to 9 per lb.)

CHEESE

1 ounce cheddar type ¼ cup cottage

FISH

1 ounce cod, haddock, halibut, etc.
¼ cup salmon, tuna, crabmeat,
lobster
5 shrimp, clams, oysters (medium)
3 sardines (medium)

EGGS

1 egg, whole 2½ tablespoons dried whole

PEANUT BUTTER

2 tablespoons peanut butter*

* Use only 1 peanut butter exchange (2 tablespoons). If additional exchanges are used, count every 2 exchanges (4 tablespoons) as 2 meat exchanges and 1 bread exchange.

2. Measure meat after cooking, eliminating bones and extra fat

before measuring.

3. Include liver and other organ meats regularly.

List 6. Fat Exchanges

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

Each exchange is equal to 1 teaspoon butter. Fat — 5 grams, Calories — 45

1 teaspoon butter or margarine

1 slice bacon, crisp

3 tablespoons 12% cream (half & half)

2 tablespoons 20% cream, light

1 tablespoon 40% cream, heavy

1 tablespoon cream cheese

1 tablespoon French dressing

1 teaspoon mayonnaise

1 teaspoon oil or cooking fat

6 small nuts

5 small olives

1/8 avocado —4" diameter

Foods Allowed as Desired

(For diabetic diets, low calorie diets, fat controlled diets)

Negligible carbohydrate, protein, and fat.

Coffee

Tea

Clear broth

Bouillon

Gelatin, unsweetened

Rennet tablets Cranberries

Lemon

Mustard

Pickle, sour

Pickle, dill-unsweetened

Pepper

Spices

Vinegar

Rhubarb

Liquid and Clear Liquid Substitutions for a Diabetic Diet

Sometimes a diabetic patient cannot eat solid food and it is necessary to substitute for a short period of time liquid and/or clear liquid foods. Following are substitutions which can be used for bread, fruit, meat, fat, and milk exchanges in the accompanying exchange lists.

1 Bread Exchange

1/2 cup regular ice cream
(liquid diet only)
1/2 cup flavored gelatin such as
Jell-o
1/2 cup cola type soft drink
1/3 cup gingerale
1/4 cup orange juice
1 tablespoon sugar added to
tea or coffee

1 Fruit Exchange

1 fruit (juice) exchange ½ cup gingerale

1 Milk Exchange

1 cup milk (liquid diet only)
1 fruit (juice) exchange
½ cup gingerale

1 Meat Exchange

1 egg — combine with milk or orange juice in a nog (liquid diet only)

1 Fat Exchange

1 teaspoon salad oil — may be beaten into eggnog (liquid diet only)

Carbohydrate — 125 grams, Protein — 60 grams, Fat — 50 grams, Calories — 1200

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint Any amount 1	milk (List 1) vegetable exchanges (List 2A) vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3 4 5 1	fruit exchanges (List 3) bread exchanges (List 4) meat exchanges (List 5) fat exchange (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3) 1 meat exchange (List 5) 1 bread exchange (List 4) Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

1 meat exchange (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1)† 1 bread exchange (List 4)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

Carbohydrates — 150 grams, Protein — 70 grams, Fat — 70 grams, Calories — 1500

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint	milk (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
6	bread exchanges (List 4)
6	meat exchanges (List 5)
4	fat exchange (List 6)

Divide this into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange
(List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1) † 1 bread exchange (List 4) 1 fat exchange (List 6)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

Carbohydrate — 180 grams, Protein — 80 grams, Fat — 80 grams, Calories — 1800

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint Any amount	milk (List 1) vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
8	bread exchanges (List 4)
7	meat exchanges (List 5)
5	fat exchange (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange,
(List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1)† 2 bread exchanges (List 4) 1 meat exchange (List 5)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

Carbohydrate — 220 grams, Protein — 90 grams, Fat — 100 grams, Calories — 2200

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint	milk (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
4	fruit exchanges (List 3)
10	bread exchanges (List 4)
8	meat exchanges (List 5)
8	fat exchanges (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
3 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange
(List 2B)
2 fruit exchanges (List 3)
3 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

3 meat exchanges (List 5)

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
3 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1) † 2 bread exchanges (List 4) 1 meat exchange (List 5)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

Carbohydrate — 180 grams, Protein — 80 grams, Fat — 80 grams, Calories — 1800

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 quart Any amount 1	milk (List 1) vegetable exchanges (List 2A) vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
6	bread exchanges (List 4)
5	meat exchanges (List 5)
3	fat exchanges (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange
(List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

1 meat exchange (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1)† 1 bread exchange (List 4)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

Carbohydrate — 250 grams, Protein — 100 grams, Fat — 130 grams, Calories — 2600

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists to be found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 quart	milk (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
4	fruit exchanges (List 3)
10	bread exchanges (List 4)
7	meat exchanges (List 5)
11	fat exchanges (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
3 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
3 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange
(List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
5 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-afternoon

1 fruit exchange (List 3)

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
3 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
 (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
3 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1) †
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
1 meat exchange (List 5)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

Carbohydrate — 370 grams, Protein — 140 grams, Fat — 165 grams, Calories — 3500

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists to be found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 quart Any amount	milk (List 1) vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
6	vegetable exchange (List 2B) fruit exchanges (List 3)
17	bread exchanges (List 4)
10	meat exchanges (List 5)
15	fat exchange (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 meat exchanges (List 5)
4 bread exchanges (List 4)
4 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
5 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
2 fruit exchanges (List 3)
5 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1)†
Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-afternoon

1 fruit exchange (List 3) 2 bread exchanges (List 4) 1 meat exchange (List 5)

Lunch or Supper

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
4 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
2 fruit exchanges (List 3)
4 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1) †
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea or cereal.

Carbohydrate — 250 grams, Protein — 115 grams, Fat — 130 grams, Calories — 2600

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists to be found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint	milk (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
4	fruit exchanges (List 3)
12	bread exchanges (List 4)
10	meat exchanges (List 5)
12	fat exchanges (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 meat exchanges (List 5)
3 bread exchanges (List 4)
3 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5) 3 bread exchanges (List 4) Vegetables, any amount (List 2A) 1 vegetable exchange (List 2B) 2 fruit exchanges (List 3) 4 fat exchanges (List 6) Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
4 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
3 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1) †
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
2 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

Carbohydrate — 300 grams, Protein — 120 grams, Fat — 145 grams, Calories — 3000

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists to be found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint Any amount 1	milk (List 1) vegetable exchanges (List 2A) vegetable exchange (List 2B)
4	fruit exchanges (List 3)
15	bread exchanges (List 4)
10	meat exchanges (List 5)
15	fat exchanges (List 6)

Divide this food into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 meat exchanges (List 5)
4 bread exchanges (List 4)
4 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
5 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
2 fruit exchanges (List 3)
5 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

3 meat exchanges (List 5)
4 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetables, any amount
(List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
4 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup milk (List 1) †
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 cup milk (List 1) †
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
2 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)

^{*} American Dietetic Association.

[†] Part of milk may be used for coffee, tea, or cereal.

CALORIE RESTRICTED DIETS

Use: The Calorie Restricted Diets are prescribed for weight reduction and as a basis for weight control.

Adequacy: With the exception of the 1000-Calorie Diet, the Calorie Restricted Diets include foods in amounts which will provide the protein, minerals, and vitamins recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult. The 1000-Calorie Diet is marginal in meeting these recommendations.

Diet Principles:

- The Calorie Restricted Diets are planned to permit an individual to lose weight and still maintain health. This requires an adequate intake of protein, minerals, and vitamins. It is important, therefore, that an individual eat all the food allowed on the diet.
- 2. If a person is maintaining weight at a constant level, a decrease of 1000 calories per day from the total calorie intake while at the same time keeping activity constant should result in a weekly weight loss of about two pounds. It is generally accepted that a weight loss greater than two pounds per week is undesirable and may undermine health.
- On a reduction diet an individual may reach a point where he
 will remain the same weight one or two or even three weeks.
 Weight loss will resume, however, if the diet is continued.
- Usually fluid or salt restriction is not considered desirable for weight reduction unless required for medical reasons.
- 5. The suggested menu plan may be modified to meet individual desires. For example, if an individual would like a mid-afternoon or evening snack, he may reserve some food from the previous meal for that purpose, or he could divide the food for the day into five small meals instead of the suggested three.
- Other diets in the manual are modified as to calorie content. During pregnancy when it is advisable to restrict calorie intake, the 1500 and 1800 Calorie Diets may be used.

Under each of the three plans for Sodium Restriction, plans for 1200 and 1800 Calorie Diets may be found.

Under the Fat Controlled Diets, plans for 1200, 1500, and 2000 Calorie Diets may be found.



1000 Calorie Diet

Protein — 60 grams

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

2 cups Any amount	skim milk (List 1) vegetable exchange (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
2 -	bread exchanges (List 4) meat exchanges (List 5)
5	fat exchanges (List 6)
4	Tat exchanges (List 0)

The food may be divided into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup skim milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 cup skim milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

1200 Calorie Diet

Protein - 60 grams

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

2 cups	whole milk* (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchange (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
3	bread exchanges (List 4)
5	meat exchanges (List 5)
2	fat exchanges (List 6)

The food may be divided into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
½ fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup whole milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
½ fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup whole milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

^{*}If skim milk is used instead of whole milk, 4 fat exchanges may be added to the diet for the day.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

1500 Calorie Diet

Protein - 65 grams

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

2 cups Any amount 1	whole milk* (List 1) vegetable exchanges (List 2A) vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
5	bread exchanges (List 4)
5	meat exchanges (List 5)
6	fat exchanges (List 6)

The food may be divided into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup whole milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 fat exchanges (List 6)
1 cup whole milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

^{*}If skim milk is used instead of whole milk, 4 fat exchanges may be added to the diet for the day.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

1200 Calorie Diet

Protein - 80 grams (using 1 quart milk)

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

4 cups	skim milk (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
3	bread exchanges (List 4)
5	meat exchanges (List 5)
3	fat exchanges (List 6)

The food may be divided into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup skim milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 meat exchanges (List 5) 1 bread exchange (List 4) Vegetable exchanges, any amount (List 2A) 1 vegetable exchange (List 2B) 1 fruit exchange (List 3) 1 fat exchange (List 6) 1 cup skim milk (List 1) Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup skim milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Between meals

1 cup skim milk (List 1)

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS, as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

1500 Calorie Diet*

Protein — 85 grams (using 1 quart milk)

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

2 cups	whole milk† (List 1)
2 cups	skim milk (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
3	bread exchanges (List 4)
6	meat exchanges (List 5)
3	fat exchanges (List 6)

The food may be divided into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup whole milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5) 1 bread exchange (List 4) Vegetable exchanges, any amount (List 2A) 1 vegetable exchange (List 2B) 1 fruit exchange (List 3) 1 fat exchange (List 6) 1 cup skim milk (List 1) Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup skim milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Between meals

1 cup whole milk (List 1)

^{*}This 1500 Calorie Diet may be prescribed during pregnancy when it is advisable to restrict calories.

^{†1.} If four cups of skim milk are to be used (instead of two cups whole milk and two cups skim milk) 4 fat exchanges can be added to the diet.

^{2.} Two cups whole milk with ¼ cup nonfat dried milk added to each cup may be substituted for the four cups of milk listed.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

1800 Calorie Diet*

Protein — 90 grams (using 1 quart milk)

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

4 cups	whole milk† (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
3	fruit exchanges (List 3)
5	bread exchanges (List 4)
6	meat exchanges (List 5)
3	fat exchanges (List 6)

The food may be divided into meals as follows:

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup whole milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

3 meat exchanges (List 5) 2 bread exchanges (List 4) Vegetable exchanges, any amount (List 2A) 1 vegetable exchange (List 2B) 1 fruit exchange (List 3) 1 fat exchange (List 6) 1 cup whole milk (List 1) Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
1 bread exchange (List 4)
Vegetable exchanges,
any amount (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange (List 6)
1 cup whole milk (List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

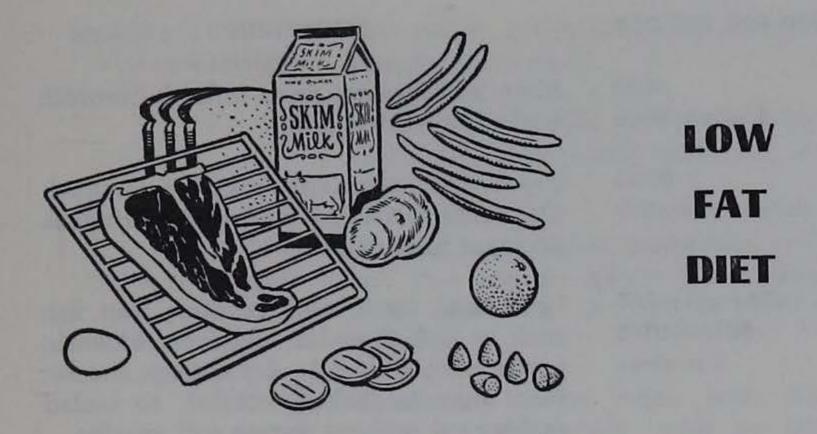
Between meals

1 cup whole milk (List 1)

^{*}This 1800 Calorie Diet may be prescribed during pregnancy when it is advisable to restrict calories.

[†] Skim milk may be substituted for whole milk in part or in all. For each glass substituted, 2 fat exchanges may be added to the diet for the day.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.



Use: The Low Fat Diet may be prescribed for liver diseases, gall bladder diseases, or for certain cardiovascular diseases.

Adequacy: The menu plan for the Low Fat Diet includes foods which will provide an intake of protein, minerals, and vitamins recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult. Because fats are restricted the diet will be low in calories unless calories are provided through additional servings of foods rich in carbohydrate and protein. The physician may consider the use of the Moderate Fat, High Carbohydrate, Liberal Protein Diet for certain liver diseases.

Diet Principles: The diet is planned to reduce the fat intake and to restrict the fats to those which are highly emulsified and readily digested. No fried foods may be served.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 2 cups or more

Skim milk, nonfat dried milk, buttermilk made from skim milk.

EGGS 1 daily (if tolerated) Poached, soft or hard cooked, scrambled. Egg white as desired such as in meringues or angel food cakes.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings

Lean beef, lamb, veal, poultry; lean fish such as cod, flounder, haddock, bluefish, perch, bass, whitefish; dry cottage cheese. Meat may be baked, broiled, or boiled and served without sauces and gravies.

AVOID: Pork, ham, luncheon meats, frankfurters, corned beef, smoked, spiced, processed meats or fish; fatty fish or fish canned in oil such as salmon, tuna, sardines; cheddar type cheese; peanut butter.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 or more servings

White or sweet potato — baked, boiled, or mashed; macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, rice, etc. Any fat used must be taken from the fat allowance.

VEGETABLES 2 or more servings

Serve a yellow or a dark leafy green vegetable at least every other day. All fresh, frozen, or canned vegetables, either raw or cooked, except those to be avoided.

AVOID: Strong flavored vegetables if they cause discomfort: cabbage, onions, turnips, rutabagas, radishes, peppers, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, broccoli, etc.

FRUITS 2 or more servings One should be a citrus fruit; canned, frozen, or dried fruits; fresh fruit if tolerated.

AVOID: Cantaloupe, watermelon, and honeydew if they cause discomfort; avocado, olives, and coconut.

BREADS and CEREALS
4 or more servings

Use whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals.

AVOID: Hot breads such as muffins, biscuits, rich rolls, sweet rolls, and doughnuts.

FATS limit to 1 tablespoon Use butter, fortified margarine, or salad oil. The amount allows 1 teaspoon per meal which may be used on bread or in cooking.

SOUPS as desired Homemade soups made with fat-free broth or skim milk, with or without allowed vegetables.

DESSERTS as desired Fruit, fruit whips, gelatin desserts, angel food cake, vanilla wafers and arrowroot cookies, sherbet, and simple puddings prepared with skim milk. All should be prepared without nuts or chocolate. Cocoa may be used.

SWEETS as desired Sugar, syrup, honey, plain jelly and jams, gum drops, hard candy.

SEASONINGS in moderate amounts Salt, nutmeg, cinnamon, flavorings.

BEVERAGES as desired Coffee and tea.

Suggested Menu Plan for Low Fat Diet

(Select from foods described)

Carbohydrate — 225-350 grams, Protein — 75-100 grams, Fat — 40-50 grams, Calories — 1500-2200

The carbohydrate, protein, fat, and calories will vary depending upon whether the smaller or larger amounts of food are served. Fats are high in calories and when they are restricted, calories need to be provided through foods high in carbohydrate and protein.

Breakfast

Fruit

Egg

Cereal with sugar and 1 cup skim milk

1 to 2 slices bread

1 to 2 tablespoons jelly

1 teaspoon butter or margarine

Coffee or tea

Dinner

2 or 3 ounces lean meat, fish, or poultry

Potato or substitute

Vegetable - cooked or raw

1 to 2 slices bread

1 to 2 tablespoons jelly

1 teaspoon butter or margarine

Fruit or dessert

1 cup skim milk

Lunch or Supper

2 to 3 ounces lean meat or substitute

Vegetable - cooked or raw

1 to 2 slices bread

1 to 2 tablespoons jelly

1 teaspoon butter or margarine

Fruit

1 cup skim milk

In between meals or in cooking — 1 cup skim milk

The allowed fat may be used on bread or in cooking.

MODERATE FAT, HIGH CARBOHYDRATE, LIBERAL PROTEIN DIET

Use: The Moderate Fat, High Carbohydrate, Liberal Protein Diet is prescribed in liver diseases such as infectious hepatitis, jaundice, and cirrhosis. It may be prescribed in certain cardiovascular diseases.

Adequacy: The nutrient requirements in the convalescent stages of liver diseases are increased tremendously over the recommendations for normal health. This diet and menu plan is designed with this in mind.

Diet Principles: The emphasis is on a liberal allowance of protein and carbohydrate rather than on restriction of fat. This emphasis is necessary to assist in preventing further liver damage and to repair previous injury. Fats are restricted to those which are highly emulsified and readily digested. If there is edema, restriction of the use of table salt may be beneficial.

Note: This Diet, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate leaflet for issuing to patients.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

DESCRIPTION

MILK 2 or more cups

Whole milk if tolerated. Skim milk, nonfat dried milk, buttermilk made from skim milk.

EGGS 1 daily (if tolerated) Poached, soft or hard cooked, scrambled. Egg white as desired such as in meringues or angel food cakes.

MEAT and MEAT SUBSTITUTES 2 servings

Lean beef, lamb, veal, poultry; lean fish such as cod, flounder, haddock, bluefish, perch, bass, whitefish; dry cottage cheese. Meat may be baked, broiled, or boiled and served without sauces and gravies.

AVOID: Pork, ham, luncheon meats, frankfurters, corned beef, smoked, highly seasoned or highly salted fish or meats; fatty fish or fish canned in oil such as salmon, tuna, sardines; cheddar type cheese; peanut butter.

POTATO and POTATO
SUBSTITUTES
1 or more servings

White or sweet potato — baked, boiled, or mashed; macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, rice, etc. Any fat used must be taken from the fat allowance.

VEGETABLES 2 or more servings Serve a deep yellow or a dark leafy green vegetable at least every other day. All fresh, frozen, or canned vegetables, either raw or cooked, except those to be avoided.

AVOID: Strong flavored vegetables if they cause discomfort: cabbage, onions, turnips, rutabagas, radishes, peppers, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, broccoli.

FRUITS 2 or more servings One should be a citrus fruit. Canned, frozen, or dried fruits; fresh fruit if tolerated.

AVOID: Cantaloupe, watermelon, and honeydew if they cause discomfort; avocado, olives, and coconut.

BREADS and CEREALS
4 or more servings

Use whole grain, restored, or enriched breads and cereals.

AVOID: Hot breads such as muffins, biscuits, rich rolls, sweet rolls, and doughnuts.

FATS limit to 1 tablespoon Use butter, fortified margarine, or salad oil. The amount allows 1 teaspoon per meal which may be used on bread or in cooking.

SOUPS as desired Homemade soups with fat-free broth or skim milk, with or without allowed vegetables.

DESSERTS as desired Fruit, fruit whips, gelatin desserts, angel food cake, vanilla wafers, arrowroot cookies, sherbet, and simple puddings, prepared without nuts or chocolate. Cocoa may be used.

SWEETS as desired Sugar, syrup, honey, plain jelly and jams, gum drops, hard candy.

SEASONINGS in moderate amounts Salt, nutmeg, cinnamon, flavorings.

BEVERAGES as desired

Coffee and tea.

Suggested Menu Plan for Moderate Fat, High Carbohydrate, Liberal Protein Diet

(Select from foods described)

Carbohydrates — 400 grams, Protein — 130 grams, Fat — 90 grams, Calories — 3000

Generally a patient cannot begin to eat a 3000 or more calorie diet immediately. During the initial stages of treatment, servings may need to be kept quite small and gradually increased to the amount suggested.

Breakfast

2 servings fruit

Egg

Cereal with sugar and

1 cup milk with added

nonfat dried milk

2 slices bread

2 tablespoons jelly

1 teaspoon butter or margarine

Coffee or tea

Dinner

3 ounces lean meat, fish, or poultry
Potato or substitute
Vegetable — cooked or raw
2 slices bread
2 tablespoons jelly
1 teaspoon butter or margarine
Fruit or dessert
1 cup milk with added nonfat dry milk

Lunch or Supper

3 ounces lean meat or substitute Vegetable — cooked or raw 2 slices bread 2 tablespoons jelly 1 teaspoon butter or margarine Fruit 1 cup milk with added nonfat dry milk

In between meals or in cooking: 1 cup milk with added nonfat dried milk; 2 servings fruit; cookies as allowed.

- 1. The allowed butter may be used on bread or in cooking.
- Calories may be increased even further by adding foods high in protein and carbohydrate.
 - a. Protein can be increased by using larger servings of lean meat, and by serving dry cottage cheese.
 - Carbohydrate can be increased by adding sugar to fruits and juices and using hard candy (pure sugar candy).
 - c. Increase size servings of fruits, breads, cereals, potatoes, etc.

FAT CONTROLLED DIETS

Use: The Fat Controlled Diet is prescribed where there is a desire to restrict calories, to limit the calories from fat to 35% or less of the total calories and to provide approximately 10% of the total calories in the form of polyunsaturated fats.

Adequacy: The suggested plans for 1500 and 2000 calories will meet the recommendation of the National Research Council for the average adult. The plan for 1200 calories will provide 10 grams iron and will be moderately low in thiamin and riboflavin.

Principles: The diets provide control of total calories with a range from 1200, 1500, and 2000 calories. Approximately 10% of the total calories are in the form of salad oil. Eggs are limited to one per day.

Composition of the Fat Controlled Diets With Per Cent of Total Calories

Diet	Calories	C	%	P gm	%	F gm	% 1	Approxin 0% Total From Sala	Calories
1	1200	160	55	60	20	35	25	120/21/2	tsp.
2	1500	175	45	75	20	55	35	150/3	tsp.
3	2000	255	50	75	15	75	35	200/4	tsp.

NOTE: In order to further increase the proportion of polyunsaturated fat, serve frequently fish, chicken, and pork.

NOTE: To make use of salad oil in an acceptable way:

Serve as French dressing: A recipe comprised of 4 parts salad oil to 1 part vinegar provides the following:

21/2 teaspoons dressing contain 2 teaspoons oil

- 4 teaspoons dressing contain 3 teaspoons oil
- 5 teaspoons dressing contain 4 teaspoons oil

Salad oil may be brushed on broiled fish.

Salad oil may be whipped into an eggnog.

FAT CONTROLLED DIET NO. 1

Carbohydrates—160 gms. (55%) Protein—60 gms. (20%) Fat—35 gms. (25%) Calories—1200

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists to be found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint	milk, skim (List 1)			
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)			
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)			
4	fruit exchanges (List 3)			
6	bread exchanges (List 4)			
4	meat exchanges* (List 5)			
3	fat exchanges			
	½ fat exchange, regular (List 6)			
	2½ tsp. salad oil			

A SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3) 1 meat exchange* (List 5) 1 bread exchange (List 4) ½ fat exchange, regular (List 6) Coffee or tea, as desired

Dinner

2 meat exchanges (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Any amount vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1½ tsp. salad oil
Coffee or tea, as desired

Supper

meat exchange* (List 5)
 bread exchanges (List 4)
 Any amount vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
 fruit exchange (List 3)
 tsp. salad oil
 cup skim milk (List 1)
 Coffee or tea, as desired

Bedtime

1 cup skim milk (List 1) 1 bread exchange (List 4) 1 fruit exchange (List 3)

^{*} Limit eggs to 1 per day.

FAT CONTROLLED DIET NO. 2

Carbohydrates—175 gms. (45%) Protein—75 gms. (20%) Fat—55 gms. (35%) Calories—1500

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists to found on pages 54-57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 pint Any amount	milk, skim (List 1) vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
4	fruit exchanges (List 3)
7	bread exchanges (List 4)
6	meat exchanges* (List 5)
5	fat exchanges
	2 fat exchanges, regular (List 6)
	3 tsp. salad oil

A SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION

Breakfast

1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 meat exchange* (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
½ fat exchange, regular (List 6)
Coffee or tea, as desired

Dinner

3 meat exchanges* (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Any amount vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List 2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
½ fat exchange, regular (List 6)
1½ tsp. salad oil
Coffee or tea, as desired

Supper

2 meat exchanges* (List 5)
2 bread exchanges (List 4)
Any amount vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange, regular (List 6)
1½ tsp. salad oil
1 cup skim milk
Coffee or tea, as desired

Bedtime

1 cup skim milk (List 1) 1 bread exchange (List 4) 1 fruit exchange (List 3)

^{*} Limit eggs to 1 per day.

FAT CONTROLLED DIET NO. 3

Carbohydrates—250 gms. (50%) Protein—75 gms. (15%) Fat—75 gms. (35%) Calories—2000

This menu plan is for use with accompanying food exchange lists to be found on pages 54–57.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

1 cup	milk, whole (List 1)
1 cup	milk, skim (List 1)
Any amount	vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1	vegetable exchange (List 2B)
4	fruit exchanges (List 3)
12	bread exchanges (List 4)
5	meat exchanges* (List 5)
8	fat exchanges
	4 fat exchanges, regular (List 6) 4 tsp. salad oil

A SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION

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	1200	~	200		•		•
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1	fruit exchange (List 3)
1	meat exchange* (List 5)
2	bread exchanges (List 4)
	fat exchange (List 6)
	offee or tea, as desired

Dinner

3 meat exchanges* (List 5)
4 bread exchanges (List 4)
Any amount vegetable ex-
changes (List 2A)
1 vegetable exchange (List
2B)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
1 fat exchange, regular (List
6)
2 teaspoons salad oil
Coffee or tea, as desired

Supper

1 meat exchange* (List 5)
4 bread exchanges (List 4)
Any amount vegetable exchanges (List 2A)
1 fruit exchange (List 3)
2 fat exchanges, regular (List 6)
2 tsp. salad oil
1 cup milk, whole (List 1)
Coffee or tea, as desired

Bedtime

1 cup milk, skim (List 1) 2 bread exchanges (List 4) 1 fruit exchange (List 3)

^{*} Limit eggs to 1 per day.

SODIUM RESTRICTED DIETS

Use: Sodium Restricted Diets are used whenever there is generalized edema related to congestive heart failure, toxemia of pregnancy, ACTH and cortisone therapy, and other edematous states caused by sodium retention. Restriction of sodium has been found useful in treating some patients with hypertension. NOTE: The diets are designed for adults.

Adequacy: The Sodium Restricted Diets include food in quantities that will provide the amount of nutrients recommended by the National Research Council for the average adult.

Diet Principles: Because certain foods contain liberal amounts of natural sodium, these foods as well as table salt, are limited in the amount served. Each diet described includes the amount and kind of food which will provide approximately the level of sodium indicated in the name of each diet. Allowance is not made for other sources of sodium such as prescribed medication or drinking water.

In 1958 the American Heart Association published diet plans for three levels of sodium restriction. These are mild restriction, 1000 mg. and 500 mg. sodium per day. With each of the three levels of sodium there is a plan for 1200 calories, 1800 calories, and unrestricted calories. The AHA Sodium Restricted Diets are included in this manual with permission of the American Heart Association.

MILD Sodium Restricted Diet-mild limitation

Salt may be used lightly during preparation of food but is omitted from the tray at mealtime. The food served on this diet is therefore quite palatable and the patient can adjust readily to it.

1000 Milligram Sodium Diet-moderate limitation

Food is prepared without salt. A daily limit of only ¼ teaspoon salt is allowed. Because the milk and meat are restricted there are upper limits to the protein content of the diet.

500 Milligram Sodium Diet-strict limitation

This rigid restriction of foods containing natural sodium results in a diet that is often not well accepted by the patient. Because of this, it is difficult to maintain this low-sodium intake over long periods of time. Food is prepared without salt and no added salt is allowed. Because the milk and meat are restricted there are upper limits to the protein content of the diet.

Note: Upon receipt of a physician's prescription, local heart associations will provide a copy of the following booklets published by the American Heart Association. (1) Your Mild Sodium Restricted Diet, (2) Your 1000 Milligram Sodium Restricted Diet, or (3) Your 500 Milligram Sodium Restricted Diet.

The adaptations of these diets as included in this Manual, with necessary related food information, AVAILABLE TO PHYSICIANS as separate booklets for issuing to patients.

A.H.A.* 500 MILLIGRAM SODIUM DIET For 1200 Calories

See Food Lists for 500 mg. Sodium Diet pp. 97-111.

This is the diet plan to be used each day while patient is restricted to 1200 calories. Do not use more, or less, than the number of units allowed from each food list.

(If the patient is on a 250 Milligram Sodium Diet, follow this plan with one exception: use low sodium milk.)

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Prepare and serve all foods on this 500 mg. Sodium Diet without salt.

from Milk List 1A Choose 2 units from Group A Choose 1 unit or more Vegetable from Group B and 1 unit from Group C and 1 unit from Fruit List Choose 4 units Choose 5 units from Bread List Choose 5 units from Meat List Choose no units from Fat List Choose 1 unit from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(Food allotted between meals may be added to meals if patient prefers.)

Breakfast

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit meat (Meat List)
1 unit bread (Bread List)
½ unit fat** (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-morning

½ unit skim milk (Milk List 1A)

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit B vegetable (Vegetable)

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

List)

1 unit fat** (Free Choice List)

1 unit skim milk (Milk List 1A)

Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 units meat (Meat List)
1 unit bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable
 (Vegetable List)
1 unit C vegetable (Vegetable
 List)
1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
½ unit fat** (Free Choice
 List)

Mid-afternoon

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

½ unit skim milk (Milk List 1A)
1 unit bread (Bread List)

^{*} American Heart Association

^{**} Selected as free choice (Total 2 units fat)

A.H.A.* 500 MILLIGRAM SODIUM DIET For 1800 Calories

See Food Lists for 500 mg. Sodium Diet pp. 97-111.

This is the diet plan to be used each day while the patient is restricted to 1800 calories. Do not use more, or less, than the number of units allowed from each food list.

(If the patient is on a 250 Milligram Sodium Diet, follow this plan with one exception: use low sodium milk.)

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Prepare and serve all foods on this 500 mg. Sodium Diet without salt.

Choose 2 units	from Milk List 1
Choose 1 unit or more	from Group A Vegetable from Group C List
and 1 unit	from Group B List
and 1 unit	
Choose 4 units	from Fruit List
Choose 7 units	from Bread List
Choose 5 units	from Meat List
Choose 4 units	from Fat List
Choose 2 units	from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(Foods allotted between meals may be added to meals if patient prefers.)

Breakfast

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)
1 unit fat (Fat List)
½ unit milk (Milk List 1)

1 unit free choice (Free Choice List)

Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-morning

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)

2 units bread (Bread List)

1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit B vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

2 units fat (Fat List)

1 unit milk (Milk List 1)

Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 units meat (Meat List)

2 units bread (Bread List)

1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit C vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

1 unit fat (Fat List)

Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-afternoon

1/2 unit milk (Milk List 1)
1 unit fruit (1/2 unit Free
Choice List)

Bedtime

1 unit bread (Bread List)

1 unit fruit (½ unit Free Choice List)

^{*} American Heart Association

A.H.A.* 500 MILLIGRAM SODIUM DIET For Unrestricted Calories

See Food Lists for 500 mg. Sodium Diet pp. 97-111.

This is the plan to be used each day if calories are not restricted. Only milk and meat are limited because they are high in natural sodium. There are no upper limits on foods from the other food lists, but include each day the amounts of vegetables, fruit, and bread indicated below.

(If the patient is on a 250 Milligram Sodium Diet, follow this plan with one exception: use low sodium milk.)

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Prepare and serve all foods on this 500 mg. Sodium Diet without salt.

Choose only 2 units from Milk List 1 Choose at least 1 unit from Group A Vegetable List and at least 1 unit from Group B and at least 1 unit from Group C Choose at least 2 units from Fruit List Choose at least 4 units from Bread List Choose only 5 units from Meat List Choose units as desired from Fat List Choose units as desired from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(If a between meal snack is desired, fruit or fruit juice would be a good selection.)

Breakfast

1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
Free choice units, as desired (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 units meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
1 or more units A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
1 or more units C vegetable (Vegetable List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
1 milk unit (Milk List 1)
Free choice units, as desired (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
1 or more units A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units B vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
1 unit milk (Milk List 1)
Free choice units, as desired (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

^{*} American Heart Association

A.H.A.* 1000 MILLIGRAM SODIUM DIET For 1200 Calories

See Food Lists for 1000 mg. Sodium Diet pp. 97-111.

This is the diet plan to be used each day while patient is restricted to 1200 calories. Do not use more, or less, than the number of units allowed from each food list.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Each day ¼ teaspoon salt may be used in cooking or served at mealtime.**

Choose 2 units	from Milk List 1A
Choose 1 unit or more	from Group A
and 1 unit	from Group B \ \ Vegetable List
and 1 unit	from Group C
Choose 4 units	from Fruit List
Choose 5 units	from Bread List
Choose 5 units	from Meat List
Choose no units	from Fat List
Choose 1 unit	from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(Food allotted between meals may be added to meals if patient prefers.)

Breakfast

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit meat (Meat List)
1 unit bread (Bread List)
½ unit fat*** (Free Choice)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 units meat (Meat List)
1 unit bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit C vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
½ unit fat*** (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-morning

1/2 unit skim milk (Milk List A)

Mid-afternoon

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit B vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit fat*** (Free Choice List)
1 unit skim milk (Milk List 1A)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

½ unit skim milk (Milk List 1A) 1 unit bread (Bread List)

*American Heart Association

^{**}The ¼ teaspoon salt contains about 600 mg. sodium. If patient prefers to omit it, foods that contain no more than 600 mg. sodium may be substituted each day within the limits of calorie restriction. See Food Lists for sodium content.

^{***}Selected as free choice. (Total 2 units fat)

A.H.A.* 1000 MILLIGRAM SODIUM DIET For 1800 Calories

See Food Lists for 1000 mg. Sodium Diet pp. 97-111.

This is the diet plan to be used each day while patient is restricted to 1800 calories. Do not use more, or less, than the number of units allowed from each food list.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Each day 1/4 teaspoon salt may be used in cooking or served at mealtime.**

Choose 2 units	from Milk List
Choose 1 unit or more	from Group A)
and 1 unit	from Group B \ Vegetable List
and 1 unit	from Group C
Choose 4 units	from Fruit List
Choose 7 units	from Bread List
Choose 5 units	from Meat List
Choose 4 units	from Fat List
Choose 2 units	from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(Foods allotted between meals may be added to meals if patient prefers.)

		Section 1		•		200
-	re	_	_		-	- 4
-						

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)

1 unit fat (Fat List)

½ unit milk (Milk List 1)

1 unit free choice (Free Choice List) Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-morning

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

Dinner

2 units meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)

1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit C vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

1 unit fat (Fat List)

Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-afternoon

1/2 unit milk (Milk List 1)
1 unit fruit (1/2 unit Free Choice
List)

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)

2 units bread (Bread List)

1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit B vegetable (Vegetable List)

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

2 units fat (Fat List)

1 unit milk (Milk List 1)

Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime

1 unit bread (Bread List)

1 unit fruit (1/2 unit Free Choice List)

^{*}American Heart Association

^{**}The ¼ teaspoon salt contains about 600 mg. sodium. If patient prefers to omit it, foods that contain no more than 600 mg. sodium may be substituted each day within the limits of calorie restriction. See Food Lists for sodium content.

A.H.A.* 1000 MILLIGRAM SODIUM DIET For Unrestricted Calories

See Food Lists for 1000 mg. Sodium Diet pp. 97-111.

This is the plan to be used each day if calories are not restricted. Only milk and meat are limited because they are high in natural sodium. There are no upper limits on foods from the other food lists, but include each day the amounts of vegetables, fruit, and bread indicated below.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Each day 1/4 teaspoon salt may be used in cooking or served at mealtime.* *

Choose only 2 units from Milk List 1 Choose at least 1 unit from Group A > Vegetable List from Group B and at least 1 unit from Group C and at least 1 unit from Fruit List Choose at least 2 units from Bread List Choose at least 4 units from Meat List Choose only 5 units from Fat List Choose units as desired from Free Choice List Choose units as desired

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(If a between meal snack is desired, fruit or fruit juice would be a good selection.)

Breakfast

1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
Free choice units, as desired (Free
Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 units meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
1 or more units A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units C vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
1 unit milk (Milk List 1)
Free choice units, as desired (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
1 or more units A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units B vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
1 unit milk (Milk List 1)
Free choice units, as desired (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

*American Heart Association

^{**}The ¼ teaspoon salt contains about 600 mg. sodium. If patient prefers to omit it, foods that contain no more than 600 mg. sodium may be substituted each day. See Food Lists for sodium content.

A.H.A.* MILD SODIUM RESTRICTED DIET For 1200 Calories

See Food List for MILD Sodium Restriction pp. 97-111.

This is the diet plan to be used each day while the patient is restricted to 1200 calories. Do not use more, or less, than the number of units allowed from each food list.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Foods may be salted lightly during preparation but do not serve salt at meal-time.

Choose 2 units	from Milk List 1A
Choose 1 unit or more	from Group A 7
and 1 unit	from Group B > Vegetable List
and 1 unit	from Group C
Choose 4 units	from Fruit List
Choose 5 units	from Bread List
Choose 5 units	from Meat List
Choose no units	from Fat List
Choose 1 unit	from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(Food allotted for between meal snacks may be added to meal if patient prefers.)

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1 unit fruit (Fruit List)	
1 unit meat (Meat List)	
1 unit bread (Bread List)	
1/2 unit fat** (Free Choice	List)
Coffee or tea, any amount	

Dinner

Dinner
2 units meat (Meat List)
1 unit bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable (Vege-
table List)
1 unit C vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1/2 unit fat** (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Mid-morning

1/2 unit skim milk (Milk List 1A)

Mid-afternoon

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit B vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit fat** (Free Choice List)
1 unit skim milk (Milk List 1A)
Coffee of tea, any amount

Bedtime

½ unit skim milk (Milk List 1A) 1 unit bread (Bread List)

^{*}Amercian Heart Association

^{**}Selected as free choice (Total 2 units fat)

A.H.A.* MILD SODIUM RESTRICTED DIET For 1800 Calories

See Food List for MILD Sodium Restriction pp. 97-111.

This is the diet plan to be used each day while the patient is restricted to 1800 calories. Do not use more, or less, than the number of units allowed from each food list.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Foods may be salted lightly during preparation, but do not serve salt at meal-time.

Choose 2 units Choose 1 unit or more and 1 unit and 1 unit Choose 4 units	from Milk List from Group A from Group B from Group C from Fruit List
Choose 7 units	from Bread List
Choose 5 units	from Meat List
Choose 4 units Choose 2 units	from Fat List from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(Foods allotted for between meal snacks may be added at mealtime if patient prefers.)

pag				_				8
B	-	-	200		Æ	~	_	ı
		0	•	10				ı
-		c	•			64		a

1	unit fruit (Fruit List)
1	unit meat (Meat List)
2	units bread (Bread List)
	unit fat (Fat List)
	unit milk (Milk List 1)
	unit free choice (Free Choice List)
	offee or tea, any amount

Dinner

List)

2 units meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable (Vege-
table List)
1 unit C vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
1 unit fat (Fat List)
Coffee or tea, any amount
Mid-afternoon

1 unit fruit (1/2 unit Free Choice

1/2 unit milk (Milk List 1)

Mid-morning

1 unit fruit (Fruit List)

Lunch or Supper

2 units meat (Meat List)
2 units bread (Bread List)
1 unit or more A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit B vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 unit fruit (Fruit List)
2 units fat (Fat List)
1 unit milk (Milk List 1)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Bedtime
1 unit bread (Bread List)

1 unit fruit (1/2 unit Free Choice List)

^{*}American Heart Association

A.H.A.* MILD SODIUM RESTRICTED DIET For Unrestricted Calories

See Food List for MILD Sodium Restriction pp. 97-111.

This is the plan to be used each day if calories are not restricted. There are no upper limits on foods from the food lists, but include each day the amounts of milk, vegetables, fruits, and bread indicated below.

FOOD FOR THE DAY

Foods may be salted lightly during preparation, but do not serve salt at mealtime.

> Choose at least 2 units from Milk List Choose at least 1 unit from Group A and at least 1 unit from Group B Vegetable List and at least 1 unit from Group C Choose at least 2 units from Fruit List Choose at least 4 units from Bread List Choose at least 5 units from Meat List Choose units as desired from Fat List Choose units as desired from Free Choice List

A SUGGESTED MEAL PLAN

(If a between meal snack is desired, fruit or fruit juice would be a good selection.)

Breakfast

1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
1 or more units meat (Meat List)
2 or more units bread (Bread List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
Milk units, as desired (Milk List 1)
Free choice units, as desired (Free
Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Dinner

2 or more units meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
1 or more units A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units C vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units fruit (Fruit List)
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
1 or more units milk (Milk List 1)
Free choice units, as desired (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

Lunch or Supper

2 or more units meat (Meat List)
1 or more units bread (Bread List)
1 or more units A vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units B vegetable (Vegetable List)
1 or more units fruit (Fruit List) or pudding or cake
Fat units, as desired (Fat List)
1 or more units milk (Milk List 1)
Free choice units, as desired (Free Choice List)
Coffee or tea, any amount

^{*} American Heart Association

EXCHANGE LIST OF FOODS*

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Because all food contains sodium in various amounts, it is important for the physician and the patient to have a good idea of foods with high sodium content and those with relatively low sodium content.

The foods listed below are grouped according to the amount of sodium to be found in each serving. The lists are arranged so that one can readily compare the sodium content of six groups of food — Milk, Vegetables, Fruit, Bread and Cereals, Meat, Fish and Poultry, and Fat.

These exchange lists are to be used with the plans suggested for Sodium Restricted diets.

^{*}The Exchange Lists for use with restricted diets are based on material prepared by the American Heart Association in 1958 in cooperation with the American Dietetic Association, American Heart Association, Council on Foods and Nutrition of the American Medical Association, Nutrition Foundation, and the Public Health Service, U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

MILK LIST

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

NOTE: When milk is used in cooking, be sure to count it in the total allowance for the day.

List 1. Milk Units

(For Unrestricted and 1800 Calorie Diet Plans)

250 milligrams Sodium

		Each Unit contains about				
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO C	alories
4 Tablespoons	Low sodium dry milk					
	(powder)	7	8	10	12	170
1 cup	Low sodium dry milk (reconstituted)	"	"	"	"	"
1 cup	Low sodium whole liquid milk (canned or frozen)	"	"	"	"	"
1 cup	Low sodium nonfat dry milk (reconstituted)	. "	,,	_	,,	80
and 2 fat units		_	_	"	2-8	90
3 Tablespoons	Low sodium nonfat dry milk (powder) }	"	"	_	"	80
and 2 fat units		_	_	"	-	90
5	00 mg. – 1000 m MILD Sodium Re	-				
1 cup	Milk, whole	120	8	10	12	170
1 cup	Milk, skim	"	"	-	"	80
and 2 fat units		-	-/-	"		90
1 cup	Buttermilk, whole milk (unsalted — ask local dairy)*	" ,	,,	"	,,	170
1 cup	Buttermilk, nonfat (unsalted — ask local dairy)*	,,	,,	_	,,	80
and 2 fat units		-	_	"	_	90
3 Tablespoons	Nonfat milk (powder)	"	"	_	"	80
and 2 fat units		-	=	"	-	90
1 cup	Nonfat milk (reconstituted)	"	,,	_	"	80
and 2 fat units		_	-	"	100	90
½ cup	Evaporated whole milk	"	"	"	. "	170
1 cup	Evaporated whole milk (reconstituted)	"	,,	"	"	"
* On MILD Sodium Res	triction — buttermilk need not be uns	alted.				
The same of the sa	dium Restriction with Unlimited	The said of the sa	200			
1/3 quart Ice Cream	contains approximately	100	5	15	25	250

List 1A. Milk Units

(For 1200 Calorie Diet Plan)

250 milligrams Sodium

		Each	Unit	contain	s about	
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO Ca	lories
3 Tablespoons	Low sodium nonfat dry milk (powder)	7	8	neg.	12	80
1 cup	Low sodium dry milk (reconstituted)		"	"	"	,,
	MILD Sodium Re				12	80
	MILL Sommin M				10000	
0.0	Skim milk	120	8	neg.	12	80
3 Tablespoons	Nonfat dry milk (powder)	"	"	"	"	"
1 cup	Nonfat dry milk	"	,,	"	"	
1 cup	(reconstituted)					"
	Nonfat buttermilk (un- salted — ask local dairy)*	"	"	"	"	"

^{*} On MILD Sodium Restriction — buttermilk need not be unsalted.

(reconstituted)

VEGETABLE LIST

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Group A Units

250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

(Use fresh, frozen, or dietetic canned)

Each Unit contains about

	Edeli Cilli collidilis about					
	mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO C	Calories	
Asparagus	9	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.	
Broccoli	"	"	"	"	"	
Brussels sprouts .	"	"	"	"	"	
Cabbage	"	"	"	"	"	
Cauliflower	"	"	"	"	11	
Chicory	"		"	11:	"	
C	"	"	"	"	"	
	"	"	"	11	"	
Endive	"	11	"	"	"	
Escarole	"	"	"	"	11	
	"	"	"	11	"	
	"	.11	"	"	"	
	"	11	"	11	11	
01	"	"	"	11	"	
Peppers, green or red	"	,,	"	"	"	
Radishes	"	"	"	"	"	
Squash, summer (yellow, zuc- chini, etc.)	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	
Tomato juice (low sodium dietetic only)*	"	"	,,	"	"	
	"	"	"	"	"	
	"	"	11	"	11	
Wax beans	"	"	"	"	"	
	Broccoli Brussels sprouts . Cabbage Cauliflower Chicory Cucumber Eggplant Endive Green beans Lettuce Mushrooms Okra Peppers, green or red Radishes Radishes Squash, summer (yellow, z u c-chini, etc.) Tomato juice (low sodium dietetic only)* Tomatoes Tomatoes Turnip greens	Asparagus 9 Broccoli " Brussels sprouts " Cabbage " Cauliflower " Chicory " Cucumber " Eggplant " Endive " Escarole " Green beans " Lettuce " Mushrooms " Okra " Peppers, green or red " Radishes " Squash, summer (yellow, zuc-chini, etc.) " Tomato juice (low sodium dietetic only)* " Tomatoes " Tomatoes " Turnip greens "	Asparagus 9 neg. Broccoli " " Brussels sprouts . " " Cabbage " " Cauliflower " " Chicory " " Cucumber " " Eggplant " " Escarole " " Green beans " " Lettuce " " Aushrooms " " Peppers, green or red " " Radishes " " Radishes " " Tomato juice (low sodium dietetic only)* " " Tomatoes " " Tomatoes " " Tomatoes " " Tomatoes " "	Mg gm gm Fat	Mg gm gm gm gm Gm GhO ChO Cho	

^{*} MILD Sodium Restriction — use fresh, frozen, or regular canned

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above Group A List:

	Artichoke	45	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.	
	Beet greens	130	"	"	"	"	
	Cauliflower	20	"	"	"	11	
	Celery	110	"	"	"	"	
	Chard	100	"	"	11	"	
Each unit	Dandelion greens	75	"	"	11	11	
is a	Kale	110	"	"	"	"	
½ cup serving	Mustard greens .	45	11	"	"	"	
	Spinach, raw or frozen	70	"	"	"	11	
	Spinach, canned	320	"	"	"		
	Tomato juice (may be regular canned)*	230	"	"	,,	"	

^{*} MILD Sodium Restriction - use fresh, frozen, or regular canned

Group B Units 250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

		East	ch Unit	contai	ns ab	out
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Onions	9	2	neg.	7	35
Each unit	Peas (fresh or low sodium dietetic	,,	,,	"	,,	,,
is a	canned only) .	"	"	"	"	"
½ cup	Pumpkin					
serving	Rutabaga (yellow turnip)	"	"	"	"	"
	Squash (Acorn, Hubbard, etc.)	"	"	"	"	"
N	IILD Sodium	Rest	ricti	on		
Add to the above B	Group List:					
	Beets	100	"	"	"	"
Each unit	Carrots	30	"	"	11	"
is a	Turnips, white	40	"	11	"	"
½ cup serving	Peas (may include regular canned)		,,	"	"	,,
	Group C	Unite	2			

250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

		Each Unit contains about					
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories	
½ cup cooked	Beans, lima or navy (dried)	5	2	neg.	15	70	
1/3 cup cooked	Beans, lima (fresh)	"	"	"	"	"	
¼ cup	Beans, baked (no pork)	"	"	,,	"	"	
1/3 cup or 1/2 small ear	Corn	"	"	"	"	"	
½ cup cooked	Lentils (dried)	"	"	"	"	"	
₹ cup	Parsnips	"	"	"	"	"	
½ cup cooked	Peas, split green or yellow, cow- peas, etc. (dried)	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	
1 small	Potato, white	"	"	"	"	"	
1/2 cup	Potatoes, mashed	"	"	"	"	"	
½ cup or ½ small	Sweet potato	"	"	"	"	"	

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above Group	p C List:	Each Unit contains about					
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories	
1/2 cup B	eans, lima, rozen	310	2	neg.	15	70	

FRUIT LIST

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Fruit Units

250 mg. – 500 mg. – 1000 mg. Sodium MILD Sodium Restriction

(Use fresh, frozen, canned, or dried)

Each Unit contains about

	The second secon	Eden of the companies about					
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories	
1 small	Apple	2	neg.	neg.	10	40	
1/3 cup	Apple juice or apple cider	"	"	"	,,	,,	
½ cup	Applesauce	"	"	"	"	"	
4 halves	Apricots (dried) .	"	"	"	11	"	
2 medium	Apricots (fresh) .	"	11	"	"	"	
¼ cup	Apricot nectar	"	"	"	"	11.	
½ small	Banana	"	"	11	"	"	
1 cup	Blackberries	"	"	"	"	"	
¼ small	Cantaloupe	"	11	"	"	"	
10 large	Cherries	11.	"	"	"	"	
1 Tablespoon	Cranberries (sweetened)	,,	"	,,	11	"	
⅓ сир	Cranberry juice (sweetened)	,,	"	"	,,	.,	
2	Dates	"	"	"	"	"	
1 medium	Fig		"	"	"	"	
½ cup	Fruit cup or mixed fruits	"	,,	,,	,,	"	

Each Unit contains about

		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories
½ small	Grapefruit	2	neg.	neg.	10	40
½ cup	Grapefruit juice	"	"	"	"	"
12	Grapes	"	"	"	"	"
1/4 cup	Grape juice	"	- 11	"	"	"
1/8 medium	Honeydew melon	"	"	11	"	"
½ small	Mango	"	"	"	"	"
1 small	Orange	"	"	"	"	"
½ cup	Orange juice	"	"	"	"	"
1/3 medium	Papaya	"	"	"	u.	"
1 medium	Peach	"	"	"	"	"
1 small	Pear	"	"	"	"	"
½ cup diced or 2 small slices	Pineapple	"	,,	"	"	"
⅓ cup	Pineapple juice .	"	"	"	"	"
2 medium	Plums	"	"	"	"	"
2 medium	Prunes	"	"	"	"	"
1/4 cup	Prune juice	"	"	"	"	"
2 Tablespoons	Raisins	"	11	"	"	"
1 cup	Raspberries	"	"	"	"	"
2 Tablespoons	Rhubarb (sweetened)	,,	"	"	"	"
1 cup	Strawberries	"	"	"		"
1 large	Tangerine	"	"	"	"	"
½ cup	Tangerine juice .	"	"	"	"	"
1 cup	Watermelon	"	"	"	"	"

NOTE: 1200 or 1800 calorie diet plan — DO NOT USE sweetened fruit or fruit canned or frozen in sugar syrup.

NOTE: Fresh lemons and limes (and their juice) may be used as desired. They do not count as a unit. Unsweetened crnaberries and cranberry juice and unsweetened rhubarb may also be use as desired.

NOTE: Read labels on packages of dried and frozen fruit. Sometimes sodium sulfite has been added to dried fruit and salt to frozen fruit. Use only with MILD Sodium Restriction.

BREAD LIST

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Bread Units

250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

(Low Sodium Breads, Cereals, and Cereal Products)

		Each Unit contains about					
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories	
BREAD AND ROLLS (ye	ast) made without sa	lt		THE PARTY			
1 slice	Bread	. 5	2	neg.	15	70	
4 pieces	3¼" Melba toast (unsalted)	. "	,,	,,	,,	"	
1 medium	Roll	. "	"	"	"	"	
BREADS (quick) made baking powder or bonate and withou from low sodium di	with sodium-free potassium bicar- ut salt, or made						
1 medium	Biscuit	. "	"	"	"	"	
1 cube (1½")	Cornbread	. "	"	"	"	"	
	Griddle cakes		"	"	"	"	
1 medium	Muffin	. "	"	"	"	"	
CEREALS (cooked), uns	alted						
½ cup	Farina	. "	"	"	"	"	
½ cup	Grits	. "	"	"	"	- 11	
½ cup	Oatmeal	. "		"	"	"	
½ cup	Rolled wheat	. "	"	"	"	"	
½ cup	Wheat meal	. "	"	"	"	"	
CEREALS (dry)							
3 ₄ cup	Puffed rice	. "	"	"	"	"	
3/4 cup	Puffed wheat	. "	"	"	"	"	
3/3 biscuit	Shredded wheat .	. "	**	"		"	
1½ Tablespoon uncooked	Barley	. "	,,	,,	"	"	
2 Tablespoons	Cornmeal (not self-rising)	. "	"	"	"	"	
2½ Tablespoons	Cornstarch	. "	"	"	"	"	
5 two-inch- square	Crackers (low so- dium dietetic)	. "	,,	"	ı,	"	
2½ Tablespoons	Flour (not self-ris- ing)	200	,,	"	"	"	

		Each	Unit	contains	s abo	ut
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories
1/2 cup cooked	Macaroni	. 5	2	neg.	15	70
1 five-inch- square	Matzo (plain, un- salted)	. "	"	"	,,	"
½ cup cooked	Noodles	. "	"	"	"	"
All Development of the last of	Popcorn (unsalted)	. "	"	"	"	"
½ cup cooked	Rice, brown or white	. "	,,	"	,,	"
¼ cup cooked	Spaghetti	. "	"	"	"	"
2 Tablespoons uncooked	Tapioca	. "	,,	,,	"	"
1 three-inch- square	Waffle (yeast)	. "	"	"	,,	"
	1 five-inch- square ½ cup cooked 1½ cups ½ cup cooked ¼ cup cooked 2 Tablespoons uncooked 1 three-inch-	1 five-inch- square Salted) 1 cup cooked Noodles 1½ cups Popcorn (unsalted) ½ cup cooked Rice, brown or white ¼ cup cooked Spaghetti 1 three-inch-	mg Sodium 1/2 cup cooked Macaroni 5 1 five-inch- square salted) " 1/2 cup cooked Noodles " 1 ty cups Popcorn (unsalted) ." 1/2 cup cooked Rice, brown or white " 1/4 cup cooked Spaghetti " 2 Tablespoons uncooked Tapioca " 1 three-inch-	mg gm Sodium Pro. 1/2 cup cooked Macaroni	mg gm gm Fat 1 five-inch-square salted) " " 2 cup cooked Noodles " " " 1½ cups Popcorn (unsalted) . " " " ½ cup cooked Rice, brown or white " " " 2 Tablespoons uncooked Tapioca " " " " 1 three-inch-	mg gm gm gm gm gm little sodium Pro. Fat CHO 1/2 cup cooked Macaroni 5 2 neg. 15 1 five-inch- Matzo (plain, unsquare salted) " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above Bread Units:

	E	Each Unit contains about				
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories
type, made from r baking power, sal	nixes, or made with	over 200	2	Neg.	15	70
CEREALS (cooked) May be lightly se	alted	"	,,	,,	,,	"
CEREALS (dry) Also 3/4 cup	Other dry cereals	"	,,	"	,,	
5 two-inch- square	Crackers (preferably salted tops)	un- "	,,		"	,,
2	Graham crackers	"	"	"	"	"

AVOID

Breads and rolls with salt toppings Potato chips Pretzels

MEAT LIST

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Meat Units

250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

		Ea	ch Uni	t conta	ins abo	ut
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO	Calories
MEAT or POULTRY (f low sodium dieter 1 ounce, cooke	HIGH TEN	d		MA		
beef chicken duck lamb liver (beef, calf, chicken, pork)	pork quail rabbit tongue (fresh) turkey veal	25	7	5	neg.	75
FISH or FISH FILLETS	(fresh only)					
1 ounce, cooke bass eels bluefish floun catfish halib cod rockfi	der sole ut trout	. "	"	"	"	"
1 ounc	e Canned tuna o salmon, low so- dium dietetic .	20	,,	,,	,,	"
1/4 cu	p Cottage cheese (ui salted)		"	"	ü	"
1 whol	e Egg (limit is 1 o		,,	,,	"	"
1 ounc	e Cheese, low sodium		"	"	"	"
2 Tablespoon	s Peanut butter, low sodium dietetic			"	"	"

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above Meat Units:

		Each Unit contains about				
		mg Sodium	gm Pro.	gm Fat	gm CHO C	Calories
MEAT or POULTRY May include regu		ore than 50	7	5	neg.	75
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Brain	"	"	"	"	"
	Kidney	"	"	"	"	"
FISH or FISH FILLETS May include frozen or regular canned		ı "	"	,,	"	"
1 ounce	Clams Crabs Lobster Oysters Scallops Shrimp	"	"	,,	"	"
1	Egg (are not limited)	. "	"	,,	"	"
1 ounce	Cheese, American		,,	"	"	"
¼ cup	Cottage cheese, may be lightly salted	'. <i>"</i>	,,	"	"	,,

AVOID

Salty or smoked meat such as bacon, bologna, chipped or corned beef, frankfurters, ham, kosher meats, luncheon meats, salt pork sausage, smoked tongue, etc.

Salty or smoked fish such as anchovies, caviar, salted and dried cod, herring, sardines, etc.

Processed cheese,* cheese spreads,* or any cheese such as Roquefort, Camembert, or Gorgonzola

^{*} Unless it is low sodium dietetic.

FAT LIST

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Fat Units 250 mg. – 500 mg. – 1000 mg. Sodium

Each Unit contains about mg gm Sodium Fat Calories 1/8 of four-inch Avocado 5 45 neg. 1 teaspoon Butter, unsalted (1 small pat) 11 " 11 11 1 Tablespoon* Cream, heavy (sweet or sour) 2 Tablespoons* Cream, light (sweet or sour) " 11 10 1 teaspoon Fat or oil for cooking, un-" " 11 salted French dressing, unsalted, or 1 Tablespoon low sodium dietetic 11 3 Tablespoons ** 11 Half and half 11 Margarine, unsalted 1 teaspoon Mayonnaise, unsalted or low 1 teaspoon 11 11 sodium dietetic

Nuts, unsalted

11

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above Fat Units:

6 small

	Each U	Init contains about					
		mg Sodium	gm Fat	Calories			
1 teaspoon (1 small pat)	Butter, salted	over 30	5	45			
1 Tablespoon	French dressing, may be salted or commercial	"	- "	"			
1 teaspoon	Margarine, salted	"	"	"			
1 teaspoon	Mayonnaise, salted	"	"	"			
AVOID: Salted nuts, oli	ives, bacon and bacon fat, salt p	oork					

^{*}Limit is 2 tablespoons a day because cream contains more sodium than the other fats.

FREE CHOICE LIST

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Free Choice Units

250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

Each Unit contains about Calories 2 units from the 1 unit from the Fruit List, pages 102-3 2 units from the Vegetable List, pages 100-1 1 unit from the Sugar (white or brown) 4 teaspoons of Syrup, honey, jelly, jam, or marmalade 4 teaspoons of Candy, homemade, salt free, or special low so-75 calories* of dium candy)

NOTE: The free choice units may be split if the patient prefers. For example: Use one unit from the fruit list and two tablespoons of sugar rather than two units from the fruit list.

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above Free Choice Units:

Candy is limited only to that without salted nuts

- *CANDY COUNTER The following amounts of candy will give you approximately 75 calories:
 - 1 piece (1" x 1" x 34") fondant or fudge-type candy (24 pieces to a pound)
 - 2 large, or 16 small, gum drops (% ounce)
 - 4 pieces (1" x 1" x 1/2"), or 7-8 smaller pieces, hard candy (3/3 ounce)
 - 3 marshmallows (3/3 ounce)
 - 10 jelly beans (1 ounce)

SEASONINGS

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

Flavoring Extracts, Herbs, Spices, Aromatic Seeds

250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

You May Use

Allspice Almond extract Anise seed Basil Bay leaf Bouillon cube, low sodium dietetic if less than 5 mg. sodium per cube Caraway seed Cardamon Catsup, dietetic Chili powder Chives Cinnamon Cloves Cocoa (1 to 2 teaspoons) Coconut Cumin Curry Cyclamate, calcium (sugar substitute) Dill

Garlic Ginger Horseradish root or horseradish prepared without salt Juniper Lemon juice or extract Mace Maple extract Marjoram Meat extracts, low sodium dietetic Meat tenderizers, low sodium dietetic Mint Mustard, dry Nutmeg Onion, fresh, juice, or sliced Orange extract Paprika Parsley Pepper, fresh green or red

Peppermint extract Pimento Poppy seed Poultry seasoning Purslane Rosemary Saccharin Saffron Sage Salt substitutes, recommended by the physician Savory Sesame seeds Sorrel Sugar Tarragon Thyme Tumeric Vanilla extract Vinegar Wine, if allowed Walnut extract

Avoid

Pepper, black, red, or white

Bouillon cube, regular
Catsup, regular
Celery leaves, dried or
fresh
Celery salt
Celery seed
Chili sauce
Cyclamate, sodium
(sugar substitute)
Garlic salt

Fennel

Horseradish, prepared with salt
Meat extracts
Meat sauces
Meat tenderizers
Monosodium glutamate
Mustard, prepared
Olives
Onion salt

Pickles
Relishes
Salt
Salt substitutes, unless recommended
by the physician
Soy sauce
Worcestershire
sauce

NOTE: Read the label on mixed spices to be be sure that no sodium compound or unpermitted seasoning is included.

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above seasonings you may use:

Celery leaves
Celery salt may be used
in cooking in place of
regular salt
Celery seed

Cyclamate, sodium (sugar substitute) Garlic salt may be used in cooking in place of regular salt Onion salt may be used in cooking in place of regular salt Salt is permitted in cooking

MISCELLANEOUS FOODS

(For Sodium Restricted diets)

250 mg. - 500 mg. - 1000 mg. Sodium

You May Use

Beverages

Alcoholic beverages, with physician's permission

Cocoa made with milk from diet

Coffee, instant

Coffee, regular

Fruit juices (Be sure to count them as fruit units.)

Lemonade, using sugar from diet, calcium cyclamate, or saccharin

Milk (as allowed on milk list)

Postum

Tea

Candy, home-made without salt, or special low sodium candy
(If calories are restricted, candy may be used as a 75-calorie free choice.)

Cornstarch

Gelatin, plain, unflavored (Use fruits and fruit juices from day's allowance.)

Leavening agents

Cream of tartar

Sodium-free baking powder

Potassium bicarbonate

Yeast

Rennet dessert powder (not tablets) if calories are unrestricted

Tapioca for thickening fruit or milk tapioca pudding (Be sure to count the tapioca, fruit, milk, and egg from day's allowance.)

Avoid

Instant cocoa mixes

Prepared beverage mixes, including fruit-flavored powders

Malted milk and other milk preparations

Fountain beverages

Commercial candies

Commercial sodium-containing and sweetened gelatin desserts

Regular baking powder

Baking soda (sodium bicarbonate)

Rennet tablets

Molasses

Pudding mixes

MILD Sodium Restriction

Add to the above Miscellaneous Foods you may use:

Baking powder

Baking soda (for baking only)

Commercial candies (See Free Choice List.)

NOTE: Carbonated beverages vary too much both in sodium and calories to be listed.

The physician's permission should be granted.

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FOOD AND NUTRITION BOARD, NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL RECOMMENDED DAILY DIETARY ALLOWANCES¹, REVISED 1958

DESIGNED FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF GOOD NUTRITION OF HEALTHY PERSONS IN THE U.S.A.

(Allowances are intended for persons normally active in a temperate climate)

	Age Years	Weight kg. (lb.)	Height cm. (in.)	Calories	Protein gm.	Calcium gm.	Iron mg.	Vitamin A I.U.	Thiam.	Ribo. mg.	Niacin² mg. equiv.	Asc. Acid mg.	Vitamin D I.U.
Men	25	70 (154)	175 (69)	32003	70	0.8	10	5000	1.6	1.8	21	75	
Men	45	70 (154)	175 (69)	3000	70	0.8	10	5000	1.5	1.8	20	75	1 2 3 3
	65	70 (154)	175 (69)	2550	70	0.8	10	5000	1.3	1.8	18	75	
Women	25	58 (128)	163 (64)	2300	58	0.8	12	5000	1.2	1.5	17	70	
	45	58 (128)	163 (64)	2200	58	0.8	12	5000	1.1	1.5	17	70	
	65	58 (128)	163 (64)	1800	58	0.8	12	5000	1.0	1.5	17	70	
	Pregnant (second half)			+300	+20	1.5	15	6000	1.3	2.0	+3	100	400
	Lactating (850 ml. daily)			+1000	+40	2.0	15	8000	1.7	2.5	+2	150	400
Infants4	0-1/124			See								222	
	2/12-6/12 6 (13) 60 (24)		kg.x120	Footnote	0.6	5	1500	0.4	0.5	6	30	400	
	MAY E GALLEY	7/12-12/12 9 (20) 70 (28)		kg.x100	4	0.8	7	1500	0.5	0.8	7	30	400
Children .	1 - 3	12 (27)	87 (34)	1300	40	1.0	7	2000	0.7	1.0	8	35	400
	4 - 6	18 (40)	109 (43)	1700	50	1.0	8	2500	0.9	1.3	11	50	400
	7 - 9	27 (60)	129 (51)	2100	60	1.0	10	3500	1.1	1.5	14	60	400
	10-12	36 (79)	144 (57)	2500	70	1.2	12	4500	1.3	1.8	17	75	400
Boys	13-15	49 (108)	163 (64)	3100	85	1.4	15	5000	1.6	2.1	21	90	400
	16-19	63 (139)	175 (69)	3600	100	1.4	15	5000	1.8	2.5	25	100	400
Girls	13-15	49 (108)	160 (63)	2600	80	1.3	15	5000	1.3	2.0	17	80	400
	16-19	54 (120)	162 (64)	2400	75	1.3	15	5000	1.2	1.9	16	80	400

¹ The allowance levels are intended to cover individual variations among most normal persons as they live in the United States under usual environmental stresses. The recommended allowances can be attained with a variety of common foods, providing other nutrients for which human requirements have been less well defined. See text for more detailed discussion of allowances and of nutrients not tabulated.

are excessive. Adjustments must be made for variations in body size, age, physical

activity, and environmental temperature.

² Niacin equivalents include dietary sources of the preformed vitamin and the precursor, tryptophan. 60 milligrams tryptophan equals 1 milligram niacin.

³ Calorie allowances apply to individuals usually engaged in moderate physical activity (page 2). For office workers or others in sedentary occupations they

⁴ See text for discussion of infant allowances. The Board recognizes that human milk is the natural food for infants and feels that breast feeding is the best and desired procedure for meeting nutrient requirements in the first months of life. No allowances are stated for the first month of life. Breast feeding is particularly indicated during the first month when infants show handicaps in homeostasis due to different rates of maturation of digestive, excretory, and endocrine functions. Recommendations as listed pertain to nutrient intake as afforded by cow's milk formulas and supplementary foods given the infant when breast feeding is terminated. Allowances are not given for protein during infancy.

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