

## Issues / Model Components / "Patterns of Evidence"

"Iowa's Tech Prep Model Framework" for implementation between all educational entities, business, industry, labor and Iowa communities is funded through the Iowa Department of Education, Division of Community Colleges, Bureau of Technical and Vocational Education, as part of a \$250,000 competitive grant of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act Amendments of 1990 (P.L. 101-392).

Iowa Department of Education Dr. Al Ramirez, Director Division of Community Colleges Harriet Howell Custer, Ph.D., Administrator Bureau of Technical and Vocational Education Roger Foelske, Chief

Implementation Team Victor V. Lundy, State Tech Prep Coordinator Betty B. Armstrong James H. Fliehler Gerald R. Lamers V. Jane Muhl, Ph.D.

Through a Partnership with North Iowa Area Community College and Hawkeye Community College

#### A Partnership for Tech Prep



Revised 1995

#### A Partnership for Tech Prep



Dr. David L. Buettner

North Iowa Area Community College

Dr. Phillip O. Barry President Hawkeye Community College

#### Iowa Tech Prep Model Framework Directors

Dr. Michael C. Morrison Vice President for Academic Affairs North Iowa Area Community College

School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994.

Dr. Glen Pedersen Dean, Vocational-Technical Education Hawkeye Community College Dr. Marty C. Mahler State Tech Prep Director North Iowa Area Community College

Iowa Department of Education

#### Statewide Tech Prep Advisory Council Secondary Representatives **Secondary Representatives Postsecondary Representatives Postsecondary Representatives Department of Education** Dr. Mary Chapman Ms. Cindy Zortman Ms. Shirley Brodersen Ms. Joyce TenHaken Ms. Mary Ellen Knowles Academic Instructor Campus Dean Counselor Guidance Counselor Curriculum Coordinator St. Ansgar CSD Des Moines Area Community College Western Iowa Tech Community College Mason City CSD Iowa Department of Education Ms. Rosemary Hedlund Mr. Dave Dorenkamp **Regents Institutions** Business/Industry Home Economics Instructor Ex officio Members Principal Okoboji Middle School Des Moines Area Community College Dr. Charles Johnson Professor Mr. William Benskin, Jr. Mr. Jerry Bolton Dr. James Kimmet Mr. Dave Jensen University of Northern Iowa Owner/Operator Tech Prep Coordinator Associate Vice President of Instruction Superintendent The Printer, Inc. Hawkeye Community College Kirkwood Community College Waterloo CSD Labor Ms. Connie Bever Mr. Ralph McGrew Ms. Carol Brobst Dr. Jackie Pelz Mr. Perry Chapin Vice President, Marketing & Sales Curriculum Director Vocational Instructor President Administrative Assistant Iowa Western Community College South Central Federation of Labor Ankeny CSD American Media, Inc. Hawkeye Community College Mr. Chuck Roberts Dr. Michael C. Morrison **Regional Planning Boards** Mr. Robert Wiederholt Mr. Keith Byman Vocational Instructor Vice President for Academic Affairs Human Resources Representative Director, Secondary Career Programs Fort Madison CSD North Iowa Area Community College Mr. Jim Wolter John Deere North Iowa Area Community College Administrator Ms. Ann Shaw Mr. Don Roby Heartland AEA Principal President Ms. Peggy Christie Northeast Iowa Community College Indianola CSD Area Education Agencies Tech Prep Coordinator North Iowa Area Community College Ms. Mary Stewart Dr. Bob Steele Special Needs Coordinator Administrator Mr. Vic Lundy "Iowa's Tech Prep Model Framework" was amended in Indian Hills Community College Green Valley AEA State Tech Prep Coordinator February of 1995 to make it parallel with the

ii





## The mission of Iowa's Tech Prep programs is to mobilize community and statewide resources to:

- Develop a highly skilled and competitive workforce
- Improve academic and technical competence for all students
- Improve career readiness and career decision-making
- Develop students' foundation and adaptive skills for life-long learning and for success on the job and in life
- Increase the number of skilled graduates to be responsive to lowa's business and industry needs
- Ensure successful transition from secondary to postsecondary education and/or work
- Increase access to quality programs for diverse and special populations



Mission of Iowa's Tech Prep Program v

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

 Issue: Collaboration Iowa's Tech Prep among all educational entities, business, labor, and the community could be improved.
 Issue: Collaboration Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by levels of collaboration amo all educational an

Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by high levels of collaboration among all educational and employment and training entities, business, labor and the community. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Articulation agreements between LEAs, community colleges, regents' institutions and other postsecondary institutions
- Postsecondary Enrollment Options Act (281-22 Iowa Administrative Code)
- Regional Tech Prep advisory boards
- Local task forces\*
- Regional resource centers
- Jointly administered programs
- Regional planning board coordination
- Worksite-based learning programs
- Utilize the expertise of existing Tech Prep programs

\*Hull, D. & Parnell, D. (1991). *Tech prep associate degree: A win/win experience*. Waco, Texas: Center for Occupational Research and Development. (pg. 50)



### Collaboration

#### Issue

### Model Component

► Issue: The transition► Iowa's Tech Prep from secondary school to graduates who postsecondary education and/or work could be improved. secondary to

programs will be characterized by successfully make the transition from postsecondary education and/or work.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- High levels of employer satisfaction
- High levels of student satisfaction
- Worksite-based learning opportunities
- ► Tech Prep enrollments and completion rates
- Articulation rates
- Students with academic and technical readiness for entry into and success in a postsecondary program and/or occupation

2

### School-to-Work/School Transition



#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- ► "For years, American society has perpetuated an educational system in which academic education and occupational learning have been kept separate, suggesting that the two have very different applications."
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by integrating the three components of an integrated school-towork delivery system:
  - 1. School-Based Learning
  - 2. Connecting Activities
  - 3. Work-Based Learning

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

See "Patterns of Evidence" for each of the three components on the next pages.

Source: School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994. P.L. 103-239, May 4, 1994; and AVA Guide to the School-to-Work Opportunities Act, 1994.

A Partnership for Tech Prep

### School-to-Work Transition

2A

### **Components of School-to-Work Transition**

School-Based Learning Component

- Career preparation
- Selection of a career pathway
- Higher performance levels
- Integration of academic and vocational education
- Evaluation
- Secondary/postsecondary articulation
- Implement workplace readiness skills
- Integrate career development into curriculum

A Partnership for Tech Prep



Bring students and employers together

Connecting

**Activities** 

Component

- Establish liaisons between education and work
- Technical assistance to schools, students and employers
- Assistance to integrate classroom learning with worksite learning
- Encourage participation of employers
- Job placement, continuing education or further education
- Post program participant follow-up and analysis
- Linkages with youth development programs and industry

Work-Based Learning Component

- Integration of classroom and worksite learning
- Work experience (Paid and Non-Paid)
- Job Training/Job shadowing
- Workplace mentoring
- Instruction in workplace readiness competencies
- Instruction in all aspects of an industry



#### Issue

# School-to-Work Sub-Component #1: School-Based Learning

### **Model Component**

Iowa's Tech Prep programs will provide students with opportunities for career planning and workplace readiness; career preparation and instruction in both academic and technical skills. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Career planning
- Career preparation
- Selection of a career pathway
- Higher performance levels
- Integration of academic and vocational education
- Evaluation
- Secondary/ postsecondary articulation

Source: School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994. P.L. 103-239, May 4, 1994; and AVA Guide to the School-to-Work Opportunities Act, 1994.

HAWKEY

COMMUNITY

A Partnership for Tech Prep

### School-to-Work Transition

2C

#### Issue

School-to-Work
 Sub-Component
 #2: Connecting
 Activities

### **Model Component**

Iowa's Tech Prep programs will develop and implement "connecting activities" which link school-based and work-based learning. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Bring students and employers together
- Establish liaisons between education and work
- Technical assistance to schools, students and employers
- Assistance to integrate classroom learning with worksite learning
- Encourage participation of employers
- Job placement, continuing education or further education
- Post program participant follow-up and analysis
- Linkages with youth development programs and industry

Source: School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994. P.L. 103-239, May 4, 1994; and AVA Guide to the School-to-Work Opportunities Act, 1994.

### A Partnership for Tech Prep



School-to-Work Transition

2D

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- School-to-Work
  Sub-Component
  #3: Work-Based
  Learning
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will provide students with opportunities for job training and other employment experiences related to a chosen career.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Work experience (paid and non-paid)
- Job training/Job shadowing
- Workplace mentoring
- Instruction in workplace readiness competencies
- Instruction in all aspects of an industry
- Integration of classroom learning and worksite learning

Source: School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994. P.L. 103-239, May 4, 1994; and AVA Guide to the School-to-Work Opportunities Act, 1994.

#### A Partnership for Tech Prep



#### School-to-Work Transition

2E

### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: Educational programs are not adequately articulated in design and implementation among all educational entities.
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by a planned sequence of learning experiences, appropriately articulated across the delivery system.

\*Hull, D. & Parnell, D. (1991). *Tech prep associate degree: A win/win experience*. Waco, Texas: Center for Occupational Research and Development. (pp. 344-363)

\*\*Norton, R. E. (1985). Dacum handbook. The National Center for Research in Vocational Education; The Ohio State University: Columbus, Ohio. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Drawing Boards\*
  - Articulation agreements between LEAs, community colleges, regents' institutions and other postsecondary institutions
  - Postsecondary Enrollment Options Act (281-22 Iowa Administrative Code)
  - Articulation with apprenticeship programs
- Joint curriculum design
- DACUMS (Develop A CUrriculu M)\*\*



### Articulation

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

4

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

Issue: Traditional vocational programs have been criticized for producing graduates too narrowly trained and lacking foundation and adaptive skills for a changing workplace and society.

 Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by graduates who have foundation and
 adaptive skills for a changing workplace and society. (Continued on next page)



Life-long Learning/ Adaptive Skills

### **Model Component**

Students will be required to complete a challenging and multi-year program of study that prepares them for life-long learning.

\*Hull, D. & Parnell, D. (1991). *Tech prep associate degree: A win/win experience*. Waco, Texas: Center for Occupational Research and Development. (pp. 31-62)

\*\*Hull, D. & Parnell, D. (1991). *Tech prep associate degree: A win/win experience*. Waco, Texas: Center for Occupational Research and Development. (pp. 344-363)

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Hull/Parnell Tech Prep curriculum design:\*
  - Basic core
  - Technical core
  - Specialty courses
- Applied Academics
- Articulation
- Drawing Boards\*\*
- Increased expectations/ achievements for students documented through evaluation

5

Life-long Learning/ Adaptive Skills

Issue



### Issue

### **Model Component**

Issue: Historically, vocational and academic education have not been adequately integrated in course/program design.

Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by integrated technical and academic curricula, providing all students access to higher levels of academic and technical opportunities.

\*Grub, N. W. & et. al. (1991). *The cunning hand, the cultured mind: Models for integrating vocational and academic education.* Berkeley, California: National Center for Research in Vocational Education.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Integration Models:
  - Academic content into vocational programs
  - Team Teaching
  - Vocational content into academic programs
  - Curricular alignment
  - Senior projects
  - The Academy
  - Occupational clusters--career paths

Integration of Technical & Academic Curricula 6



#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: Our educational system limits options by tracking a majority of students into Baccalaureate Prep programs.
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will provide students with more educational and career options.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Options to the general track for the "Middle Majority"\*
- Applied course work
- Restructured school models with multiple options

\*Parnell, D. (1985). *The neglected majority*. Washington, DC: The Community College Press.



Increased Educational & Career Options 7

### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: The design of educational programs should involve business/industry/ labor.
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by input and involvement of business/industry/labor in the design, implementation and evaluation of Tech Prep programs.

\*Norton, R. E. (1985). Dacum handbook. The National Center for Research in Vocational Education; The Ohio State University: Columbus, Ohio. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Business/industry/labor representation on planning committees and curriculum modification committees
- Participation in DACUMS (*D*evelop *A C*urricul *UM*)\*
- Business/industry/labor mentorships

8

 Education/business/ industry/labor partnerships

### Business / Industry / Labor Involvement





#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: There is a common misperception that learning can only take place in educational institutions.
- To provide flexible design alternatives, lowa's Tech Prep programs will encourage and expand worksite-based learning.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Apprenticeships
- Co-op programs
- Business/industry/labor mentorships
- Job shadowing
- On-the-Job training
- Clinical experiences/practicums
- Secondary faculty internships/
- Postsecondary faculty internships
- Education/business/ industry/labor partnerships

9

 Flexible school calendars/schedules

#### Worksite-based Learning

A Partnership for Tech Prep

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: Educational I lowa's Tech Prep programs should prepare students for success on the job and in life.
  - Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be designed to give all students a rigorous foundation in math, science, technology communications, social science, and fine arts, (Continued on next page)



### **Model Component**

providing students an opportunity to be successful both on the job and in life. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Representation of liberal arts faculty on regional board & local task force
- Inclusion of math, science,

communications, social science & fine arts on all "drawing boards"

- Applied Academics
- Inclusion of leadership skills in program content

11

### Life Skills / Job Skills

A Partnership for Tech Prep

Issue



#### Issue

### **Model Component**

programs will be

characterized by

emphasizes applied

teaching which

and contextual

learning.

► Issue: Research Iowa's Tech Prep indicates that the "middle majority" of students learn better with an applied approach to teaching and learning, yet this is not currently the predominant mode of instruction.\*

A Partnership for Tech Prep

\*Bottoms, G. (1991). High schools that work. Atlanta, Georgia: Southern Regional Education Board.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Applied Math
- Applied Communications
- Applied Physics
- Applied Biology/Chemistry
- Workplace Readiness
- Provisions for the efficient & convenient dissemination of applied curriculum material

**Applied and Contextual** earning 12

### Issue

### **Model Component**

- ► Issue: The workforce requires increasing levels of academic and technical competence.
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by graduates demonstrating high levels of technical and academic competence.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Student outcomes: i.e., math, science, social science, fine arts, communication skills, technical skills, higher order thinking and problem-solving skills
- Assessment
  - Authentic assessment, portfolios, capstone projects, value added model, pre/post tests, senior projects, paper and pencil

A Partnership for Tech Prep



**Technical and Academic** Competence

13

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: Successful educational initiatives require continuous and extensive staff development opportunities.
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by continuous comprehensive staff development programs for support staff, faculty, administrators and counselors.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Staff development on the need for change
  - Future workforce demographics
  - Economic competitiveness
  - Workforce needs
  - Workforce diversity
  - Continuous Quality Improvement
  - Work-based opportunities
- Use cadre of Tech Prep facilitators\*
- Continued participation in statewide Tech Prep conferences
- Participation in regional Tech Prep conferences
- Staff development for Tech Prep design & implementation:
  - Applied Academics
  - Technical Core
  - Technical Specialty
  - Teaching Methodologies
- Staff development designed for administrators & counselors
- Faculty retraining opportunities in business/industry/labor/health/ agriculture

\* The cadre of Tech Prep facilitators will consist of a team made up of LEA, AEA, and postsecondary personnel from each merged area.

A Partnership for Tech Prep

### Staff Development

#### Issue

### ► Issue: Students, parents, teachers, administrators and the community at large need information about career opportunities, possible earnings by job classification, and placement rates by occupational area.

### **Model Component**

Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by comprehensive career education and development programs designed for students, parents, faculty, counselors, administrators and the community at large.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Comprehensive career education program with job opportunities and associated earnings & placement rates
- Participation in regional Tech-Prep conferences
- Shared career information resources (i.e., Regional Hub)
- Career education programs:
  - Elementary
  - Middle school
  - High school
  - Postsecondary
  - Community
- Transitional support services for students, educators, and employers



#### Issue

### Issue: America's workforce has evolved into a very diverse population. lowa's educational system must respond to the needs of a diverse workforce.

### **Model Component**

Iowa's Tech Prep programs will actively involve constituents of diverse backgrounds in the design, implementation/ participation and evaluation of Tech Prep programs. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Constituents with diverse backgrounds represented on regional Tech Prep planning boards and local task forces
- Identified and utilized plan to address gender equity issues
- Identified and utilized plan to:
  - recruit and retain students with diverse backgrounds
  - recruit faculty with diverse backgrounds
- Retain students with diverse backgrounds
- Support services for students with diverse backgrounds

A Partnership for Tech Prep



Cultural Diversity / Gender Equity

16

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- ► Issue: Educational ► Iowa's Tech Prep systems must respond to the needs of students with various learning, economic, and physical abilities.
- programs will afford special population students, through the use of supplementary services, every opportunity that is afforded to all other students.

Final Regulation: 34 C.F. R. 403.111(c)(3) Perkins Act: 235(a) (b) (c)

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Supplementary Services:
  - i.e., Comprehensive career education services, curriculum modification, equipment modification, classroom modification, support personnel and instructional aids and devices
- Preparatory Services:
  - i.e., outreach to potential vocational education students. career and personal counseling, vocational assessment and testing
- Representation on regional Tech Prep planning board
- Representation on local task force
- Involvement of health & human services and advocacy organizations

**Special Populations / Preparatory Services** 17



#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: Successful educational programs need the support and commitment of top-level administrators and practitioners.
- Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by support and commitment from top-level administrators, governing boards, faculty, and counselors.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Team attendance at major conferences, workshops, and meetings
- Commitment of resources:
  - Time
  - Personnel
  - Financial
- Comprehensive staff development
- Local board approval for Tech Prep
- Business commitment
- Regional planning board approval for Tech Prep

#### A Partnership for Tech Prep



#### Commitment

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: Successful educational initiatives require planned and focused marketing programs.
- The Iowa Tech Prep model will reflect a long-term view of developing and marketing Tech Prep. The long-term goals for marketing Tech Prep should be to place Tech Prep on the same prestigious level as Baccalaureate Prep.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Workshops for targeted audiences:
  - i.e., parents, students, staff administrators, and business/industry/ labor
- Local community awareness campaigns
- Feedback of formative & summative evaluation
- Promotional media:
  - i.e., success stories, newsletters, news ads, video tapes, and brochures



### Marketing

#### Issue

Issue: Different areas of the state have varying strengths and capacities to implement Tech Prep programs.

### Model Component

Iowa's Tech Prep Model respects area adaptation of the umbrella model which builds on the strengths and capacities of the area, while adhering to the principles of the approved generic model. Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Identify and analyze area strengths and weaknesses
- Establish goals and plans to respond to identified strengths and weaknesses.
- Utilize "Continuous Quality Improvement" strategies to maximize area strengths and minimize area weaknesses
- Monitor adherence to the principles of the approved generic model



20

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

- Issue: Varying definitions of terms associated with Tech Prep and School-to-Work program designs often create confusion among Tech Prep planners, faculty, and staff.
- To facilitate articulation and communication, lowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by a common vocabulary.

Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Statewide glossary of terms for Tech Prep and School-to-Work
- Regional plan developed to disseminate glossary
- Glossary used in regional implementation

**Common Vocabulary** 

21

A Partnership for Tech Prep

#### Issue

### **Model Component**

Issue: The educational system needs to be accountable for student outcomes and for creating a process for continuous quality improvement.

Iowa's Tech Prep programs will be characterized by formative and summative evaluation procedures.

(See definitions for formative and summative evaluations on next page.) Recommended "Patterns of Evidence" for Site-based Program Design, Implementation, and Evaluation

- Formative Evaluation:
  - Continuous Quality Improvement
- Summative Evaluation:
  - Outcomes
    - School-based
    - Student-based
    - Work-based
    - Connecting Activities
  - Indicators
    - School-based
    - Student-based
    - Work-based
    - Connecting Activities

A Partnership for Tech Prep



-		_		_		
			 -		-	
	- \/				$\mathbf{n}$	
			L		-	

22

### **Evaluation Definitions**

► Formative evaluation: A process for monitoring program implementation and management to ascertain the quality of (a) resources; (b) procedures for planning and delivering Tech Prep programs; (c) instruction; (d) recruitment; and (e) organizational structure and operating procedures for the purpose of mid-course corrections.

### Summative evaluation: Procedures to determine the effectiveness of Tech-Prep outputs as measured against clearly stated goals. Usually summative evaluations occur at the end of the initiative to determine the degree to which performance standards are met, including school-based, student-based, connecting activities, and work-based outcomes.



# Parallel Issues Impacting The Development of Tech Prep

A Partnership for Tech Prep



# Issues / Recommendations / Resolution Strategies



#### Issue

Issue: Limited financial resources are available to develop, support and maintain Tech Prep programs in lowa.

### Recommendation

Successful Tech Prep programs will require federal, state and local policies to provide adequate resources for the long-term development and implementation of Tech Prep.

### Strategies for Issue Resolution

- Continued support of the federal, state and local partnership for Tech Prep
- Start up and on-going financing by the State of Iowa
- LEA / AEA / postsecondary institutions / business/ industry/labor partnerships to leverage resources
- Effective utilization of all partners to influence federal, state and local policies
- Internal reallocation of resources
- Interagency cooperation
- Dissemination of other states' policies on Tech Prep (e.g., Indiana and Wisconsin)

A Partnership for Tech Prep



#### **Financial Resources**

### Strategies for **Issue Resolution**

### Issue

### Recommendation

- transcript analysis Tech Prep design is conducted by many four-year institutions does not recognize applied course work for meeting entrance requirements.
- Issue: High school > A key component of the inclusion of applied academic course work as part of the basic core. Research concludes that applied course work provides (Continued on next page)

A Partnership for Tech Prep



Acceptance of Applied **Course Work** 

#### Issue

### Recommendation

students knowledge and skills equal to traditional academics.\* Therefore, applied course work should be accepted as satisfying both high school graduation and college entrance requirements.

### Strategies for Issue Resolution

- Establish a summit meeting with Regents institutions to open dialogue on applied course work/entrance requirements
  - Establish committee to identify/study issues relating to acceptance of applied course work (composed of all Tech Prep partners)
- Community awareness campaigns
- Collection and dissemination of nationwide data on utilization of applied academics

\*Bottoms, G. (1991). *High schools that work*. Atlanta, Georgia: Southern Regional Education Board.

> Acceptance of Applied Course Work 28

A Partnership for Tech Prep



#### Issue

### Recommendation

► Issue: Current ► To allow greater licensure/certification flexibility in the requirements do not delivery of a allow for the contemporary optimum use of curriculum, licensure/certification qualified faculty and other community standards should be changed in order to members in the best utilize available delivery of a contemporary human resources. curriculum.

### Strategies for Issue Resolution

- Study and analyze other states' licensure/certification policies
- Continued utilization of Board of Education Examiners review of licensure/certification standards

A Partnership for Tech Prep



Licensure / Certification

#### Issue

### Issue: Further development of the Tech Prep initiative, as well as ongoing maintenance beyond the current project's scope, will require continued leadership on a statewide basis.

### Recommendation

Tech Prep partners should encourage the allocation of resources to support statewide Tech Prep leadership.

### Strategies for Issue Resolution

 Reserve portion of federal Tech Prep funding for continued statewide leadership

A Partnership for Tech Prep



#### Issue

### Recommendation

- The Tech Prep "Technical Core" is not developed in scope and quality as the "Applied Academic Core." This is a nationwide issue, requiring a national response to the issue.
- Tech Prep partners should encourage the federal government to mobilize resources to develop a quality "Technical Core."

### Strategies for Issue Resolution

- Coordinated efforts with lowa's Congressional delegation, American Vocational Association (AVA), American Association of Community Colleges (AACC), to obtain resources to develop and disseminate a quality "Technical Core."
- Inter-state compacts, national centers for vocational / technical / academic education, and leading institutions and organizations should be mobilized to develop and disseminate the "Technical Core."

A Partnership for Tech Prep

Technical Core Development

31

# **Seven Tech Prep Program Elements**

#### ► Source: AVA Guide to Federal Funding for Tech Prep

The following information represents a legal analysis of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act Amendments of 1990 (P.L. 101-392) by the American Vocational Association. This information is based on the final regulations released by the U.S. Department of Education. Specific legal questions concerning Tech Prep should be directed to the U.S. Department of Education's Office of Vocational and Adult Education.

#### Articulation:

- The consortium members must sign an articulation agreement. This agreement commits them to a program with a non-duplicative sequence of classes and other experiences providing progressive achievement leading to competencies in a Tech Prep program.
- Corresponding Iowa Tech Prep Model Components:
  - School-to-work Transition
  - Collaboration
  - Articulation

#### Curriculum Development:

- The application must show that some money will be used to develop Tech Prep curricula. The proposed budget must have a line item for curriculum development.
- Corresponding Iowa Tech Prep Model Components:
  - Business/Industry/Labor Involvement
  - Worksite-based Learning
  - Life Skills / Job Skills
  - Applied & Contextual Learning

#### Appropriate Curriculum Design:

- At the secondary level, the Tech Prep program must contain two years of classes during the 11th and 12th grades. It cannot start in the ninth or 10th grades. The program also must contain two years of higher education or an apprenticeship program lasting at least two years after high school. In addition, the program must have a common core of required courses in mathematics, science, communications and technologies that leads to an associate degree or a certificate in a specific career field. The program must require courses in all four area. Applied academic courses are eligible for funding if they are an integral part of the Tech Prep program. Any applied academic course must specifically relate to the occupational skills being taught in the program.
- Corresponding Iowa Tech Prep Model Components:
  - Life-long Learning / Adaptive Skills
  - Integration of Academic and Technical Curricula
  - Increased Career & Educational Options



# **Seven Tech Prep Program Elements**

A Partnership for Tech Prep

HAWKEYE

COMMUNITY

COLLEGI

### In-Service Teacher Training:

- The plan must show that some money will be used for in-service teacher training. The training should instruct teachers in effectively using the Tech Prep curriculum. The training should be provided on a combined basis to teachers from all consortium participants during weekends, evenings or the summer. The budget must contain a line item for in-service training.
- Corresponding Iowa Tech Prep Model Component:
  - Staff Development

#### Counselor Training:

- Training for counselors also must be included in the plan. The training should teach counselors how to recruit students for Tech Prep, how to help students complete the program and how to help place students in jobs.
- Corresponding Iowa Tech Prep Model Component:
  - Career Education

#### Preparatory Services:

- The consortium must provide preparatory services to help all populations participate in Tech Prep. These services, which should be aimed at students who are not enrolled in vocational education programs, can include outreach to potential vocational education students, career and personal counseling and vocational assessment and testing, among other activities. Since preparatory services are provided to students not yet enrolled in Tech Prep, this exception permits the delivery of services before the 11th grade.
- Corresponding Iowa Tech Prep Model Component:
  - Special Populations / Preparatory Services

### Equal Access for Special Populations

- The consortium must provide equal access to all Tech Prep programs to members of special populations. To ensure equal access, consortia may be required to provide services needed by the special populations. "Special populations" are defined as individuals with handicaps or limited English proficiencies, educationally and economically disadvantaged people (including foster children), people who participate in programs designed to eliminate sex bias and individuals in correctional institutions. Providing "equal access" simply means giving special population students the same opportunity to enter the Tech Prep program as that offered other students. The consortium is not required to spend non-federal funds to provide equal access. In the final regulations, the Secretary determined that the Section 118 access requirements that govern the basic grant do not apply to the Title III Tech Prep program. Therefore, the consortium does not have to spend any money, either federal or non-federal, to ensure that members of special populations succeed in Tech Prep programs, as is the case when using basic grant money for Tech Prep programs.
- Corresponding Iowa Tech Prep Model Component:
  - Special Populations / Preparatory Services

Seven Tech Prep Program Elements

### **Tech Prep Drawing Board**

Career\_\_\_\_\_

	High School				Postsecondary			
Subject	Freshman	Sophomore	Junior	Senior	Freshman A	Freshman B	Sophomore A	Sophomore B
Math								
English								
Science								
Humanities								
Other								
Other								
Technical Core								
Technical Core								
Technical Specialty								
Technical Specialty								

