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# Least-Cost Wall and Floor Constructions for Limiting Transmission of Noise



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**Department of Forestry** 

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The in-place costs per square foot of 74 wall constructions and of 54 floor-ceiling constructions have been estimated for 12 selected cities in the United States. These wall and floor constructions —all previously rated for transmission of airborne and (or) impact sound—are ranked from lowest to highest cost for several minimum levels of insulation against noise.

The ranking of the wall and floor constructions relative to costs is the same for all cities. Costs for particular types of constructions, however, varied widely from city to city. Wood-frame walls and floors proved the most economical for several minimum sound-transmission ratings, but other types of construction proved least expensive for some sound-transmission ratings. Construction cost, however, was not necessarily an indicator of relative protection against noise transmission.

The rankings, ratings and cost data presented in this report should be useful to designers and builders in selecting the least-cost wall and floor constructions to provide a required or desired minimum level of sound isolation.

# Least-Cost Wall and Floor Constructions For Limiting Transmission of Noise

#### by Dean R. Prestemon<sup>2</sup>

Controlling or suppressing transmission of noise in homes, offices and apartments costs money and usually requires special types of construction. Designers and builders, therefore, need to know the kinds of constructions or assemblies that provide a specified or desired level of sound isolation at a minimum cost.

Satisfactory acoustical privacy depends on many factors. These include level of background noise, noisiness and sensitivity to noise of dwelling inhabitants or office workers, extent of dweller or worker satisfaction desired and how well the walls and floors limit transmission of noise. Transmission of both airborne and impact noise is important in evaluating floor-ceiling constructions. For wall constructions, transmission of airborne noise is the more important.

The degrees of sound protection or isolation "best" for homes, offices, apartments, etc., are not well defined. But Minimum Property Standards for Multifamily Housing, published by the Federal Housing Administration in 1963, established minimum FHA requirements to control transmission of airborne noise through walls and floors and recommended limitations for controlling impact noise through floors.

The objective of the work reported in this publication was to identify the least-expensive wall and floor-ceiling constructions that would limit transmission of airborne sound and (or) impact sound to certain minimum levels. In all, 74 wall constructions and 54 floor-ceiling constructions were considered. These were rated according to procedures and sources described in the following sections. Finally, in-place costs per square foot of selected wall and floor-ceiling constructions were estimated for 12 cities: Atlanta, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, Des Moines, Detroit, Los Angeles, Miami, Minneapolis, New York City, Seattle and St. Louis.

### COST ESTIMATES

Construction costs for the wall and floor-ceiling assemblies were estimated by considering each construction operation performed and all materials used. Wage rates, production rates and material costs appropriate to each city were used. All labor and material costs required to job-fabricate and erect a given assembly were totaled to give the unit price. Hourly wage rates for construction workers in the different cities were obtained from the U. S. Department of Labor, "Engineering News Record" magazine and The Associated General Contractors of America.

Prices for construction materials were obtained from "Engineering News Record" magazine, The Building Estimator's Reference Book by Frank Walker, Building Construction Cost Data by R. S. Means, and from individual manufacturers. Labor production rates were taken from the Walker and Means sources. Wage rates and material costs used were based on data published for 1966.

### USE OF RESULTS

The analysis originally centered on least-cost wall and floor constructions for limiting transmission of noise in apartments. This was because FHA data that established minimum FHA requirements and recommended limits for multifamily housing was readily available. The ratings for multifamily housing, however, and the leastcost constructions determined in this study can also be used as guidelines for other dwellings or for offices where given levels of noise isolation are necessary or desired.

The results and conclusions reported for walls and floors in the following sections and tables relate only to the constructions and assemblies specifically considered and which had been previously rated for transmission of airborne and (or) impact noise. No attempt is made to define what ratings are "best" for walls and floors in homes, apartments or other buildings. Similarly, no evaluation is made of the adequacy of current testing methods or rating systems for sound transmission.

#### WALL CONSTRUCTIONS

The FHA minimum "Sound Transmission Class" (STC) ratings required for multifamily housing range from 40 to 60, depending on location of the wall assembly in the building and on a measure of potential background noise. Sound transmission class (STC) is a single-number rating for airborne sound isolation and is measured according to procedures outlined in ASTM Standard E-90-61T. The higher the numerical rating, the more effective is the assembly in limiting transmission of airborne noise.

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To identify the least-expensive wall constructions that would limit transmission of airborne sound to each of five minimum levels, STC ratings of 40, 45, 50, 55 and 60 were used in this study. The FHA requires a rating of 40, 45 or 50 for walls between living units in multifamily housing, with higher ratings often required for other separations.

The 74 wall constructions considered (table 1) represent a wide variety of construction and material combinations. All had been tested for transmission of airborne sound and have STC ratings ranging from 36 to 63, with most rated from 40 to 55. The major source of data for sound-transmission ratings is a recent compilation made by the National Bureau of Standards for the Technical Studies Program of the Federal Housing Administration.

Wall constructions are ranked, by cost index, from lowest to highest cost for different STC ratings in table 1. Ranking of wall constructions relative to cost for each minimum STC value was the same for all 12 cities, although estimated dollar costs for a particular wall varied widely among cities (table 2). Construction costs were highest for New York and Chicago, lowest for Miami and Dallas.

The cost indexes listed in table 1 were calculated by using estimated cost figures for Des Moines, with a base of 0.68/sq. ft. = 100 for the leastexpensive wall considered. The relative cost indexes vary from 116 to 265 for the minimum STC of 40, from 121 to 337 for the minimum STC of 45, from 147 to 275 for the minimum STC of 50, and from 169 to 426 for the minimum STC of 55. Relationships among costs of the different walls are similar for all 12 cities, and the estimated 1966 dollar costs per square foot for each wall in each city are shown in table 2.

Wood-frame walls provide the least-cost construction for achieving STC ratings of 40 and 45, and steel-framing construction meets minimum ratings of 50 and 55 at lowest cost. Only one wall considered had a rating of 60 or more—a solid masonry wall more than 16 inches thick.

Increasing ratings from 40 to 45 is not as costly as going from 45 to 50 or from 50 to 55. The highest-cost wall construction providing an STC of at least 40 is more expensive than the lowestcost wall offering a minimum STC of 55. Thus, expensive construction does not necessarily insure good protection against the transmission of airborne noise.

#### FLOOR CONSTRUCTIONS

Both airborne and impact noise must be considered in evaluating floor-ceiling constructions. A new rating system, developed by the National Bureau of Standards for part of the FHA Technical Studies Program and designed to evaluate floors for transmission of impact noise, uses "Impact Insulation Class" (IIC) ratings. These are similar to the STC ratings for transmission of airborne noise; i.e., the higher the IIC number, the more effective is the assembly in limiting transmission of impact noise.

STC and IIC ratings of 40, 45, 50 and 55 were used in this study to identify the least-expensive floor-ceiling constructions that would limit transmission of airborne and impact noise to each of those four minimum levels. Each floor construction had to meet both the minimum STC and IIC ratings specified.

The 54 floor-ceiling constructions considered (table 3) include a wide range of constructions and materials combinations previously tested for transmission of noise. The floor constructions considered have STC ratings of from 29 to 55 and IIC ratings of from 29 to 85.

Floor-ceiling constructions are ranked, by cost index, from lowest to highest cost in table 3 for the specified levels of isolation against both airborne and impact noise. This ranking assumes that isolation against airborne and impact noise are equally important and that similar STC and IIC ratings are appropriate for this purpose.

Ranking of floor-ceiling constructions from lowest to highest cost was the same for all 12 cities, although as for walls, estimated dollar costs for a particular assembly vary widely among cities (table 4). Construction costs again were highest for New York and Chicago and lowest for Miami and Dallas.

The cost indexes listed in table 3 were calculated by using estimated cost figures for Des Moines, with a base of 1.24/sq. ft. = 100 for the leastexpensive floor considered. The relative cost indexes vary from 110 to 230 for minimum ratings of 40, from 128 to 265 for minimum ratings of 45, and from 160 to 269 for minimum ratings of 50. Relationships among costs of the different constructions are similar for all 12 cities, and the estimated 1966 dollar costs per square foot for each construction in each city are shown in table 4.

There is considerable overlap in costs among different minimum ratings. For example, the most-expensive floor construction with a minimum rating of 40 is more expensive than the assembly with a minimum rating of 55. Improving minimum ratings from 40 to 45 is less costly than an increase from 45 to 50 or from 50 to 55.

Wood-frame floor constructions proved the least expensive for minimum STC and IIC ratings of 40 and 50, and concrete-slab construction meets minimum ratings of 45 and 55 at lowest cost. Only one

floor-ceiling assembly considered had both STC and IIC ratings of at least 55.

The least-expensive floor constructions for minimum ratings of 40, 50 and 55 all feature wood finish flooring. The least-expensive floor providing a minimum rating of 45 has a finish floor of concrete. Floor-ceiling constructions with

carpeting as the finish floor covering are relatively expensive, assuming a basic installed price of \$1 per square foot for the carpet and pad in making the cost estimates.

As for wall constructions, expensive floor-ceiling assemblies do not necessarily insure good insulation against transmission of noise.

## TABLES

Wall

Table 1. Continued

Table 1. Wall constructions ranked from lowest to highest cost index for specified minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) ratings.

				no.	Description	cost	index
Wal no	l Description	Relative cost index <sup>a</sup>	STC rating		galvanized wire clips, 7/16" gypsum ver-		
	Minimum STC 35				miculite plaster w/1/16" white-coat finish both sides; painted both sides	1	149
1	Steel frame partition: 15%" metal channel studs @ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling			11	Steel frame partition: 31/4" open truss steel studs @ 16" o.c. w/floor and ceiling chan-		
	channels; 5%" gypsum wallboard screwed 12" o.c., both sides; joints reinforced and finished, pointed both sides	100	20		7/8" gypsum sand plaster both sides; painted both sides.		159
2	Wood frame partition: 2x4 studs @ 16"	100	30		Minimum STC — 40		
-	o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double			12	Slotted wood stud frame partition: 2x4		
	ceiling plates; 1/2" gypsum wallboard			12	slotted studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4		
	nailed to studs both sides; joints reinforced	101	00		floor plate and double ceiling plates; 11/2"		
3	Wood frame partition: 2x4 stude @ 16"	101	39		blanket insulation stapled between studs;		
5	o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double				1/2" gypsum wallboard nailed to studs		
	ceiling plates; 5/8" gypsum wallboard				points des; joints reinforced and finished;		116
	nailed to studs both sides; joints reinforced			13	Staggered studs, wood frame partition:		110
	and finished; painted both sides	106	36		staggered 2x3 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single		
4	2" solid plaster partition: 3.4 lb. diamond				2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates;		
	ing gypsum sand plaster on both sides:				5/8" gypsum wallboard nailed @ 7" o.c.		
	painted both sides	116	36		to study both sides; joints reinforced and finished, painted both sides		118
5	Solid gypsum core movable partition: two			14	Wood frame partition: 2x4 studs @ 16"		
	piece metal floor and ceiling tracks; 24"				o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double		
	wide panels constructed of 1" gypsum				ceiling plates; double layer of 3/8" gypsum		
	wallboard laminated each side with a 11/2"				wallboard both sides, 1st layer nailed to		
	off-set to form a tongue and groove edge				studs and second laminated to first; ex-		
	on both sides set-in and anchored to floor			1	painted both sides.		124
	and ceiling tracks; joints reinforced and			15	Steel frame partition: 15/8" open truss steel		
	finished; painted both sides	121	36		studs @ 16" o.c. w/floor and ceiling		
6	21/2" solid plaster partition: 3/8" gypsum				channels; 3/8" gypsum lath screwed to		
	avosum sand plaster both sides: painted				studs and $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum sand plaster both		100
	both sides.	128	38	16	Wood frame partition: 2x4 stude @ 16"		130
7	2" solid plaster partition: 3/4" cold-rolled				o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double		
	steel channels @ 16" o.c. w/3.4 lb.				ceiling plates; double layer of 5/8" gypsum		
	diamond mesh metal lath wire-tied with				wallboard both sides, 1st layer nailed to		
	both sides	137	37		studs 7" o.c. and the second layer ( $w$ 14"		
8	2" solid plaster partition: 3/4" cold-rolled	137	57		ished, painted both sides	3	140
	steel channels @ 12" o.c. w/3.4 lb.			17	Solid lightweight block partition: 4" x 8"		110
	diamond mesh metal lath wire-tied to chan-				x 14" solid lightweight block, 3 coats		
	nels with gypsum sand plaster both sides;	140	24		masonry painted both sides		146
9	21/2" solid plaster partition: 3/4" cold-rolled	140	30	18	Wood frame partition: 2x4 studs @ 16"		
	steel channels @ 12" o.c. w/3.4 lb.				o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double		
	diamond mesh (flat expanded) metal lath				at 3" o.c. along edges to studs: 1/2"		
	wire-tied to channels with gypsum sand				gypsum sand plaster both sides; painted		
10	plaster both sides; painted both sides	144	39		both sides.	1	147
10	stude $(a)$ 16" oc w/floor and ceiling			19	Hollow gypsum block partition: 3" hollow		
	channels; 3/8" gypsum lath attached with				gypsum blocks w/3/8" mortar joints, 1/2"		
	011				both sides	n	147
				20	Steel frame partition: 15%" open truss	3	. 4/
<sup>a</sup> Rel	ative cost indexes were calculated by using	g the cost fig	ures for	20.	steel studs @ 16" o.c. w/floor and ceiling		
Des	Moines, with a base of $0.68/sq.$ ft. = 10	00 for the leas	st-expen-		channels; 3/8" gypsum lath attached w/re-		
stru	ctions existed in the other cities studied.	(See table 2 f	or 1966		silient clips; 1/2" gypsum sand plaster both		
estin	nated dollar costs per sq. ft. in 12 cities.)			1	sides; painted both sides	1	153

43 7

STC

rating

38

39

43

44

40

41

41

44

42

40

Relative

Table 1. Continued

no.	l Description	Relative cost index <sup>a</sup>	STC rating
21	Wood frame partition: $2x4$ studs @ $16''$ o.c. w/single $2x4$ floor plate and double ceiling plates; resilient clips @ $16''$ o.c. (horizontal and vertical) nailed to studs and holding $36''$ gypsum lath; $1/2''$ gypsum sand plaster w/white coat finish both		
22	sides; painted both sides Staggered studs, wood frame partition: staggered 2x3 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates; two layers of 5%" gypsum wallboard nailed to studs both sides, first layer nailed 7" o.c.; second layer 16" o.c.; joints reinforc	156	44
23	ed and finished; painted both sides Hollow gypsum block partition: 4" hollow gypsum block w/ 36" mortar joints, 1/2" gypsum sand plaster both sides; painted	156	44
24	both sides. Steel frame partition: $31/4''$ open truss steel studs @ 16'' o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels; $3/8''$ gypsum lath attached one side w/resilient clips and to the other side w/galvanized wire clips; $1/2'''$ gypsum sand plaster both sides; painted both	157	42
25	sides. Solid gypsum core partition: 1" gypsum coreboard attached to the floor and ceiling track with 5%" gypsum wallboard lami- nated to coreboard and on the other side V <sub>6</sub> " sheet lead (7 lbs./sq. ft.) and V <sub>2</sub> " gypsum laminated to coreboard; joints	160	43
	reinforced and finished; painted both sides.	265	44
26	Wood frame partition: 2x4 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates; resilient channels nailed to studs @ 24" horizontally; $56$ " gypsum wallboard screwed to channels @ 12" o.c. both sides; joints reinforced and finished;		
27	painted both sides. Concrete block wall: 6" x 8" x 16" hollow concrete block laid-up with vertical joints	121	47
28	staggered; painted both sides Steel frame partition: 31/4" open truss steel studs @ 16" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels; 3%" gypsum lath attached w/galvanized wire clips both sides; 3%" gysum wallboard laminated to gypsum lath; joints reinforced and finished; painted	129	45
29	both sides. Steel frame partition: 35%" metal channel studs @ 37%4" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels set on beads of nonsetting re- silient caulking compound; 2 layers of 1/2" gypsum wallboard screwed 12" o.c. to metal channel studs on both sides,	131	48
	screws staggered or offset 6" both sides; joints of wallboard staggered 24"; peri- meter caulking w/nonsetting resilient caulking compound; joints reinforced and finished; painted both sides	132	47
80	Steel frame partition: 21/2" open truss steel studs @ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels; 3%" gypsum lath attached with galvanized wire clips and 1/2" gypsum		
31	sand plaster both sides; painted both sides. Wood frame partition: $2x4$ studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates; $1/2$ " wood fiber sound deadening board nailed to studs both	138	47
	sides; 5/8" gypsum wallboard laminated to		

Table	1.	Continued

Wal no.	l Description	Relative cost index <sup>a</sup>	STC rating
32	Steel frame partition: 35%" metal channel studs @ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels; 2 layers of 5%" gypsum wall- board, first layer screwed to studs, second		
33	and finished; painted to tirst; joints reinforced and finished; painted on both sides	141	47
	w/white coat finish both sides; painted both sides.	141	46
34	Steel frame partition: five layers of 3/4" cold-rolled steel channel, wire-tied together to form core of panel. The center layer consists of two pieces of channel 2" long placed vertically 40" apart acting as spacers for two horizontal length of channel with vertical channels @ 16" o.c. wire-tied to vertical channels and joints held by sheet metal clips and 1/2" grows mand		
	plaster w/white coat finish both sides;	144	48
35	Steel frame partition: $2\frac{1}{2}$ " metal channel studs @ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels isolated w/ $\frac{1}{2}$ " continuous re- silient gasket; 2" mineral fiber blanket in- sulation (2.5 lbs./cu. ft.), stapled between studs; first layer $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum lath screwed 8" o.c. at edges and 12" o.c. in field area to metal studs second layer laminated and screwed 36" o.c. @ edges and 48" o.c. in field to first and 1/16" finish plaster		
36	both sides; painted both sides Staggered studs, wood frame partition: staggered 2x3 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates; 1/2" sound deadening board nailed to both sides; $1/2$ " gypsum wallboard laminated to sound deadening board both sides; ioints reinforced and finished.	146	48
37	both sides. Double panel, coreboard and gypsum wall- board partition: $2V_2$ " metal channel floor and ceiling track. 1" T & G gypsum core	149	47
	board attached to both sides of channel; 2" mineral wool batt insulation glued to inside surface of coreboard; 1/2" gypsum wallboard laminated to the outside faces of the coreboard; joints reinforced and		
38	finished; painted both sides Staggered studs, wood frame partition: staggered 2x4 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x6 floor plate and double ceiling plate; 11/2" blanket insulation woven between studs; $1/2$ " gypsum wallboard nailed to both sides; joints reinforced and finished:	157	45
39	painted both sides Slotted wood stud frame partition: 2x4 slotted studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates; 3"	159	49
	mineral fiber blanket insulation stapled between studs; $3\%$ " gypsum lath nailed ( $\emptyset$ 7" o.c., $1/2$ " gypsum sand plaster w/white coat finish both sides; painted		
40	both sides. Steel frame partition: 21/2" open truss steel studs @ 16" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels; 3%" gypsum lath attached	160	45
41	w/resilient clips and $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum sand plaster both sides; painted both sides Steel frame partition: $\frac{21}{2}$ " open truss steel studs @ 16" o.c. w/floor and ceiling	160	45
	channels isolated w/ $1/4''$ thick continuous resilient gasket; $3/8''$ perforated gypsum		

8

Table 1. Continued

Wal no.	l Description	Relative cost index <sup>a</sup>	STC	Wa no	11 >.
	and the second se	and the second second			
	lath attached w/resilient clips @ 16" o.c.				dian
	and 1/2" gypsum sand plaster w/white				and
	coat both sides; perimeter caulking w/non-			50	whit
	setting resilient caulking compound;			50	12
	painted both sides, one face primed with				X IC
	a pigment sealer and the other with	1/0	17	51	Woo
	shellac	169	47	51	0.00
2	Steel frame partition: 34" cold-rolled steel				ceili
	channels (0.33° o.c. vertically; %4° chan-				w/l
	on each side of vertical channel and off				to
	set 6" oc with perimeter channels all				side
	channels placed with $3/4$ dimension				pain
	parallel to panel so as to bridge a 11/2" air			52	Stee
	space: $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum lath wire-tied and set				stuc
	into groove of wood floor runner and 3/4"				char
	gypsum sand plaster both sides; painted				stud
	both sides	171	46		nate
	Staggered studs, wood frame partition:				plas
	staggered 2x4 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single			53	Brick
	$2'' \times 4^{1/2}''$ floor plate and double ceiling				two
	plates (cut from 2x6's); stud spaces filled				a co
	with vermiculite masonry fill insulation				met
	with a density of 6.3 lbs./cu. ft.; 1/2"				pose
	gypsum vermiculite plaster, machine-				
	applied, and hand-applied white coat			54	Stee
	finish; painted on both sides	1/2	48	• •	stud
	Steel frame partition: 31/4" open truss steel				nels
	studs (w 16 o.c. w/floor and celling chan-				adhe
	rasket material: 3/2" gupsum lath attached		1		both
	w/resilient clips and 1/2" gypsum sand				tion
	plaster w/white-coat finish one side: 2"				caul
	mineral fiber blanket insulation stapled in				acce
	stud space, 3/8" gypsum lath attached			55	Stee
	w/galvanized wire clips and 1/2" gypsum				stud
	sand plaster w/white-coat on other side;				nels
	perimeter caulking w/nonsetting resilient				caul
	caulking compound; painted both sides	174	47		blan
	Cinder block partition: 4" x 8" x 16" hol-				berv
	low cinder block with 5/8" gypsum sand				wan
	plaster both sides; painted both sides	175	46		w/n
	Double wall, solid plaster leaves: double				ioint
	wall with 41/2" between leaves consisting				sides
	or %4 cold-rolled metal channels 12			56	Stee
	channel halfway between floor and colling.		-		stud
	3.4 lb diamond mesh metal lath and 3/4"				chan
	avosum sand plaster both sides, painted				silie
	both sides.	185	47		fibe
	Hollow gypsum block partition: 3" x 12"				stud
	x 30" hollow gypsum blocks w/ 1/2"				boar
	mortar joints; 7/16" gypsum sand plaster				dead
	one side, other side, resilient clips @ 24"				w/n
8	o.c. horizontally and @ 281/4" o.c. vertically				joint
	stapled, 3/4" cold-rolled metal channels				htod
	wire-tied @ 281/4" o.c. to clips, 1/2" "V"			5/	Woo
	edge long-length gypsum lath wire-tied to				O.C.
	channels and 11/16" gypsum sand plaster				ceilii
	w/ 1/16" white-coat finish applied to both				(nori
	sides; painted both sides	191	45		nlact
	Hollow gypsum block partition: 4" x 12"				piasi
	x 30 notiow gypsum block w/ 1/2" mortar			£0	Stoo
	$\frac{1}{16}$ white cost finish and plaster			50	stud
	the other side slotted resilient channels				chan
	nailed @ 25" or horizontally 1/2" long				none
	length avosum lath wire-tied to channels				1/2"
	with 11/16" avosum sand plaster 1/16"				SCREW
,	white-coat finished: painted both sides	197	40		side
	Hollow gypsum block partition: 3" x 12"	177	-7		screv
	x 30" hollow gypsum block w/ 1/2" mortar				1/2"
	joints; 7/16" gypsum sand plaster				ner;
	w/1/16" white-coat finish on one side.				both
1	other side resilient clips @ 18" o.c. verti-			59	Stage
3	cally and @ 16" o.c. horizontally, 3.4 lb.				rows

Table 1. Continued

Wal no	l Description	Relative cost index <sup>a</sup>	STC rating
	diamond mesh lath wire-tied to channels and 11/16" gypsum sand plaster with white-coat finish; painted both sides	199	46
50	12" concrete block wall: one fier 8" x 8" x 16" block, other 4" x 8" x 16"; painted	225	40
51	Wood frame partition: 2x4 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates; 1/2" gypsum wallboard w/layer of lead (3 lbs./sq. ft.) laminated to wallboard and nailed to studs both sides; joints reinforced and finished;	225	40
52	painted both sides Steel frame partition: $15/6''$ open truss steel studs @ $16''$ o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels; $3/6''$ gypsum lath screwed to studs, layer of lead (3 lbs./sq. ft.) lami- nated to each side and $1/2''$ gypsum sand	229	47
53	plaster both sides Brick cavity wall: 12" cavity wall with two tiers of brick masonry separated by a continuous air space and connected with metal ties, $V_2$ " gypsum sand plaster on ex-	285	48
	posed faces; painted both sides Minimum STC = 50	337	49
54	Steel frame partition: $2\frac{1}{2}$ metal channel studs @ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling chan- nels; $\frac{1}{2}$ " vinyl-coated gypsum wallboard adhesively attached and screwed to studs both sides, 2" mineral fiber blanket insula- tion hung in stud space, joints sealed with caulking and aluminum battens and trim accessories both sides; painted both sides	147	50
55	Steel frame partition: $2^{1}/2^{\prime\prime}$ metal channel studs @ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling chan- nels set on beads of nonsetting resilient caulking compound; $3^{1}/2^{\prime\prime}$ glass fiber blanket insulation (2 lbs./cu. ft.) stapled between studs, two layers of $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard screw attached @ 12" o.c. w/staggered joints, perimeter caulking w/nonsetting resilient caulking compound, joints reinforced and finished; painted both sides.	153	52
56	Steel frame partition: $35\%$ " metal channel studs @ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels set on beads of nonsetting re- silient caulking compound, $V_2$ " mineral fiber sound deadening board screwed to studs both sides and $5\%$ " gypsum wall- board laminated and screwed to sound deadening board, perimeter caulking w/nonsetting resilient caulking compound, joints reinforced and finished; painted	100	51
57	both sides. Wood frame partition: 2x4 studs @ 16" o.c. w/single 2x4 floor plate and double ceiling plates; resilient clips @ 16" o.c. (horiz. and vert.) nailed to studs and hold- ing %" gypsum lath; 1/2" gypsum sand plaster w/white-coat finish both sides;	154	50
58	painted both sides Steel frame partition: $35\%''$ metal channel studs @ $24''$ o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels isolated with continuous beads of nonsetting resilient caulking compound; 1/2'' mineral fiber sound deadening board screwed @ $24''$ o.c. to both sides, on one side $1/2''$ gypsum wallboard laminated and screwed, on the other side, two layers of 1/2'' gypsum, both attached in same man- ner; joints reinforced and finished; painted	156	52
59	both sides Staggered studs, steel frame partition: two rows of 2½" metal channel studs @ 24"	159	52

### Table 1. Continued

Wal no.	l Description	Relative cost index <sup>a</sup>	STC rating	Wa n
	o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels separated by $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard screwed @ 12" o.c. to both rows of studs; 2" mineral fiber blanket insulation hung on both sides; $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard screwed and laminated to outside face of metal channel			
60	studs on both sides; joints reinforced and finished; painted both sides	165	54	67
	mortar joints, resilient clips stapled @ 16" o.c. vertically and horizontally, $36"$ gypsum lath and $1/2"$ gypsum sand plaster with white-coat finish one side, on the other side, $1/2"$ gypsum sand plaster with white-			00
61	coat finish; painted both sides Steel frame partition: $35\%''$ metal channel studs @ 12" o.c. w/floor and ceiling channels isolated w/continuous beads of nonsetting resilient caulking compound; 1/2'' mineral fiber sound deadening board screwed @ 24" o.c. to alternate studs; $1/2'''$ gypsum wallboard laminated and screwed	169	52	
62	(a) edges and 12" o.c. in the field area both sides; joints reinforced and finished; painted both sides. Steel frame partition: $2V_2$ " metal channel studs (a) 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling	169	50	69
63	to studs both sides; first layer $\frac{5}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard screw attached on both sides; on one side the second layer of $\frac{5}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard laminated to first; on the other side $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick layer of cork lam- inated to gypsum wallboard and the second layer of $\frac{5}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard laminated to cork; joints reinforced and finished; painted both sides	171	53	70
	side resilient channels screwed horizontally (@ 24" o.c. and $\frac{5}{6}$ " gypsum wallboard screwed to channels; on the other side, $\frac{5}{6}$ " gypsum laminated to first layer; joint reinforced and finished; painted both sides.	172	51	71
64	Steel frame partition: $31/4"$ open truss steel studs @ 16" o.c. w/floor and ceiling chan- nels; resilient clips attached to studs, $1/4"$ metal rods (pencil rods) wire-tied to clips, 2.5 lb. diamond mesh metal lath wire-tied to rods and $34"$ gypsum sand plaster both			
65	sides; painted both sides Double wall, gypsum drywall leaves: double wall of 5%" gypsum wallboard attached to 15%" metal channel runners at floor and ceiling reinforced on the inside	176	54	
	tace with $1^{"} \times 6^{"}$ gypsum ribs laminated @ 24" o.c. with joints staggered; second 'aver 5%" gypsum wallboard laminated to first layer with joints staggered; joints re- inforced and finished; painted on both	10-		72
66	sides, Double wall, hollow-core movable gypsum partition: double wall with $21/6"$ airspace and 2" mineral fiber blanket stapled to one leaf. Each leaf consisted of 24" wide panels of 56" gypsum coreboard strips, 71/2" and $43/6"$ wide, offset $11/2"$ at edges to form tongue and groove. $5/6"$ , vinyl- faced, gypsum wallboard laminated to both sides of coreboard strips. Panels	141	51	

Tal	ble	1.	Cor	ntin	ued

Wal no	Description	Relative cost index <sup>a</sup>	STC rating
	screwed 12" on centers to $11/4$ " x 1" angle floor and ceiling ruppers $1/4$ " perimeter		
	clearance closed with a nonsetting resilient		
	caulking compound. Vertical face layer		
	joints sealed with joint compound; painted	194	50
67	Poured concrete wall: 6" poured concrete	174	
	wall, 1/2" gypsum sand plaster applied		
40	both sides; painted both sides	196	53
00	partition: floor and ceiling runners		
	consisting of a pair of $1'' \times 1\frac{1}{2}''$ 22 gage		
	steel angles isolated from floor and ceiling		
	tion between runners; leaves consisting of		
	1" x 24" T & G gypsum coreboard		
	attached to floor and ceiling angles with		
	fiber blanket insulation stapled to one in-		
	side surface of coreboards; 1/2" gypsum		
	lath laminated and screwed to coreboard		
	with joints offset 3" and 1/16" plaster		
	caulking w/nonsetting resilient caulking		
	compound; painted both sides	197	54
59	Hollow gypsum block partition: 3" x 12"		
	x 30" hollow gypsum block w/ $\frac{1}{2}$ " mortar		
	thick continuous resilient dasket. 2 x 2		
	wood furring strips wire-tied @ 16" o.c.		
	horizontally, $1^{1/2}$ " mineral fiber blanket		
	insulation stapled between turring strips, 3%" plain gypsum lath attached with re-		
	silient clips nailed to furring strips, 1/2"		
	gypsum sand plaster with white-coat		
	finish. On other side, 5%" gypsum sand		
	directly to gypsum block, perimeter caulk-		
	ing with nonsetting resilient caulking com-		
	pound; painted both sides	235	52
0	Clinker block cavity wall: 11" cavity wall		
	by a continuous air space (no ties between		
	tiers), 1/2" gypsum sand plaster on exposed		
	faces; painted both sides	275	52
	Minimum STC == 55		
1	Steel frame partition: 35%" metal channel		
	studs (@ 24" o.c. w/floor and ceiling		
	nonsetting resilient caulking compound:		
	11/2" mineral fiber blanket insulation		
	stapled between studs; two layers of 5/8"		
	first laver screwed @ 8" o.c. at edges and		
	@ 12" o.c. in the field area, second layer		
	screwed @ 24" o.c. and laminated to first		
	layer, joints staggered or offset 24"; peri-		
	caulking compound; ioints reinforced and		
	finished; painted both sides	169	55
2	Double leaf, gypsum drywall insulated		
	partition: floor and ceiling runners con-		
	angles isolated from floor ceiling on con-		
	tinuous beads of nonsetting resilient caulk-		
	ing compound with a 3" separation be-		
	tween runners; leaves consisting of 1"x24"		
	screws 12" o.c. to floor and ceiling angles		
	with vertical joints staggered 12"; 11/2"		
	mineral fiber blanket insulation stapled to		
	one inside surface of coreboards; $\frac{1}{2}$ "		
	with joints staggered; perimeter caulking		
	w/nonsetting resilient caulking compound;		

### Table 1. Continued

Wall no.	Description	Relative cost index"	STC rating
	joints reinforced and finished; painted both sides.	184	56
73	Brick wall: 12" solid brick wall, 3 tiers of standard brick, flemish bond.	426	56
	Minimum STC == 60		
74	Solid concrete block wall: 16" solid con- crete block wall, block sizes $4" \times 8" \times 16"$ , $6" \times 8" \times 16"$ and $8" \times 8" \times 16"$ stack bond rotating block sizes, $1/4"$ to $1/2"$ gypsum sand plaster both sides; painted both sides	276	63

Table 2. Estimated in-place costs per square foot of different wall constructions in 12 selected U. S. cities.

	Sound trans- mission		City											
Wall no.	class (STC)	Atlanta	Chicago	Dallas	Denver	Des Moines	Detroit	Los Angeles	Miami	Minne- apolis	New York	Seattle Seattle	St. Louis	
							(Dollars)							
1	38	0.65	0.78	0.63	0.66	0.68	0.73	0.72	0.63	0.68	0.85	0.71	0.74	
2	39	0.65	0.78	0.63	0.66	0.69	0.74	0.72	0.63	0.69	0.88	0.71	0.74	
3	36	0.68	0.81	0.72	0.70	0.72	0.77	0.76	0.66	0.72	0.90	0.75	0.78	
4	36	0.75	0.90	0.73	0.77	0.79	0.85	0.83	0.73	0.79	0.99	0.82	0.86	
5	36	0.78	0.93	0.76	0.80	0.82	0.88	0.86	0.76	0.82	1.02	0.85	0.89	
6	38	0.82	1.00	0.80	0.84	0.87	0.93	0.91	0.80	0.87	1.09	0.91	0.94	
7	37	0.88	1.06	0.86	0.90	0.93	0.99	0.97	0.86	0.93	1.18	1.03	1.07	
8	36	0.90	1.09	0.87	0.92	0.95	1.02	1.00	0.87	0.95	1.20	0.99	1.03	
9	39	0.93	1.12	0.90	0.95	0.98	1.06	1.03	0.90	0.98	1.23	1.02	1.06	
10	38	0.96	1.15	0.93	0.98	1.01	1.08	1.06	0.93	1.01	1.26	1.05	1.09	
11	39	1.02	1.23	0.99	1.05	1.08	1.15	1.13	0.99	1.08	1.35	1.12	1.17	
12	43	0.75	0.90	0.73	0.77	0.79	0.85	0.83	0.73	0.79	0.99	0.82	0.85	
13	44	0.76	0.91	0.74	0.78	0.80	0.86	0.84	0.74	0.80	1.00	0.83	0.86	
14	40	0.83	1.02	0.80	0.85	0.84	0.92	0.92	0.80	0.8/	1.05	0.93	0.95	
15	41	0.89	1.07	0.80	0.91	0.94	1.01	1.00	0.80	0.94	1.18	0.93	1.02	
17	41	0.90	1.00	0.87	0.92	0.93	1.02	1.00	0.87	0.95	1.19	1.02	1.03	
18	44	0.95	1.13	0.97	0.90	1.00	1.00	1.04	0.97	1.00	1.24	1.03	1.08	
19	42	0.95	1.14	0.92	0.97	1.00	1.07	1.05	0.92	1.00	1.25	1.04	1.08	
20	43	0.99	1 19	0.96	1.00	1.04	1.11	1.09	0.96	1.04	1.30	1.08	1.12	
21	40	1.02	1.21	0.97	1.03	1.06	1.13	1 11	0.97	1.06	1.32	1.10	1 15	
22	44	1.02	1.21	0.97	1.03	1.06	1.13	1.11	0.97	1.06	1.33	1.10	1.15	
23	42	1.02	1.22	0.98	1.04	1.07	1.14	1.12	0.98	1.07	1.34	1.11	1.16	
24	43	1.03	1.24	1.00	1.06	1.09	1.16	1.13	1.00	1.09	1.36	1.13	1,18	
25	44	1.71	2.06	1.66	1.75	1.80	1.92	1.89	1.66	1.80	2.24	1.87	1.94	
26	47	0.78	0.94	0.76	0.80	0.82	0.88	0.86	0.76	0.82	1.03	0.85	0.88	
27	45	0.84	1.00	0.81	0.85	0.88	0.94	0.92	0.81	0.88	1.10	0.92	0.95	
28	48	0.85	1.02	0.82	0.86	0.89	0.95	0.93	0.82	0.89	1.11	0.93	0.96	
29	47	0.85	1.03	0.83	0.87	0.90	0.96	0.94	0.83	0.90	1.12	0.94	0.97	
30	47	0.90	1.07	0.87	0.91	0.94	1.01	0.99	0.87	0.94	1.18	0.98	1.01	
31	49	0.91	1.09	0.88	0.93	0.96	1.02	1.01	0.88	0.96	1.20	1.00	1.04	
32	47	0.91	1.10	0.88	0.93	0.96	1.03	1.01	0.88	0.96	1.20	1.00	1.04	
33	46	0.91	1.10	0.88	0.93	0.96	1.03	1.01	0.88	0.96	1.20	1.00	1.04	
34	48	0.93	1.12	0.90	0.95	0.98	1.05	1.03	0.90	0.98	1.23	1.02	1.06	
35	48	0.94	1.13	0.91	0.96	0.99	1.06	1.04	0.91	0.99	1.24	1.03	1.07	
36	4/	0.96	1.15	0.93	0.98	1.01	1.07	1.06	0.93	1.01	1.26	1.05	1.09	
37	45	1.01	1.22	0.98	1.04	1.07	1.14	1.12	0.98	1.07	1.34	1.11	1.15	
38	49	1.04	1.23	0.99	1.05	1.08	1.10	1.13	1.00	1.08	1.35	1.12	1.17	
10	45	1.04	1.25	1.00	1.06	1.09	1.17	1.15	1.00	1.09	1.3/	1.14	1.18	
40	45	1.03	1.24	1.00	1.05	1.09	1.17	1.14	1.06	1.09	1.30	1.13	1.18	
41	4/	1.09	1.37	1.00	1.12	1.15	1.23	1.21	1.07	1.15	1.44	1.20	1.24	
42	40	1.10	1.32	1.07	1.12	1.10	1.24	1.22	1.07	1.17	1.45	1.20	1.25	
45	40	1 12	1.33	1.08	1.13	1.12	1.23	1.23	1.08	1.19	1.40	1.22	1.20	
45	46	1.13	1.35	1.09	1 15	1 19	1 27	1 25	1.09	1.19	1 49	1.23	1.22	
46	47	1 20	1 44	1.16	1.22	1.26	1.35	1.32	1.16	1.26	1.58	1.24	1.20	
47	45	1.23	1.48	1.20	1.26	1.30	1.39	1.36	1.20	1.30	1.62	1.35	1.40	
48	49	1.27	1.53	1.24	1.31	1.34	1.43	1.40	1.24	1.34	1.66	1.39	1 44	
49	46	1.28	1.54	1.25	1.31	1.35	1.44	1.41	1.25	1.35	1.68	1.40	1.45	
50	48	1.45	1.74	1.41	1.48	1.53	1.64	1.61	1.41	1.53	1.91	1.59	1.65	
51	47	1.52	1.82	1.47	1.55	1.60	1.71	1.68	1.47	1.60	2.00	1.67	1.73	

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Table 2. (Continued)

	Sound trans- mission		City											
Well no.	class (STC)	Atlanta	Chicago	Dallas	Denver	Des Moines	Detroit	Los Angeles	Miami	Minne- apolis	New York	Seattle	St. Louis	
							(Dollars)							
52	48	1.84	2.21	1.78	1.88	1.94	2.08	2.04	1.78	1.94	2.42	2.02	2.10	
53	49	2.18	2.61	2.10	2.22	2.29	2.44	2.40	2.10	2.29	2.76	2.38	2.47	
54	50	0.95	1.14	0.92	0.97	1.00	1.07	1.05	0.92	1.00	1.25	1.04	1.08	
55	52	0.99	1.18	0.96	1.01	1.04	1.11	1.09	0.96	1.04	1.29	1.08	1.12	
56	50	1.00	1.20	0.97	1.02	1.05	1.12	1.10	0.97	1.05	1.30	1.09	1.14	
57	52	1.02	1.21	0.97	1.03	1.06	1.13	1.11	0.97	1.06	1.32	1.10	1.15	
58	52	1.02	1.23	0.99	1.05	1.08	1.15	1.13	0.99	1.08	1.35	1.12	1.16	
59	54	1.06	1.28	1.03	1.08	1.12	1.20	1.18	1.03	1.12	1.40	1.17	1.21	
60	52	1.09	1.31	1.06	1.11	1.15	1.23	1.20	1.06	1.15	1.44	1.20	1.24	
61	50	1.09	1.31	1.06	1.11	1.15	1.23	1.21	1.06	1.15	1.43	1.19	1.24	
62	53	1.10	1.32	1.07	1.12	1.16	1.24	1.22	1.07	1.16	1.45	1.20	1.25	
63	51	1.11	1.33	1.08	1.13	1.17	1.25	1.23	1.08	1.17	1.46	1.21	1.26	
64	54	1.14	1.37	1.10	1.06	1.20	1.28	1.26	1.10	1.20	1.50	1.25	1.30	
65	51	1.23	1.48	1.20	1.26	1.30	1.39	1.36	1.20	1.30	1.62	1.35	1.40	
66	50	1.25	1.50	1.21	1.28	1.32	1.41	1.38	1.21	1.32	1.65	1.37	1.42	
67	53	1.26	1.50	1.16	1.29	1.33	1.42	1.39	1.22	1.33	1.64	1.38	1.43	
68	54	1.27	1.52	1.17	1.30	1.34	1.43	1.40	1.23	1.34	1.66	1.39	1.44	
69	52	1.52	1.82	1.47	1.55	1.60	1.71	1.68	1.47	1.60	2.00	1.66	1.72	
70	52	1.77	2.13	1.72	1.81	1.87	2.00	1.96	1.72	1.87	2.34	1.94	2.02	
71	55	1.09	1.31	1.06	1.11	1.15	1.23	1.21	1.06	1.15	1.43	1.19	1.24	
72	56	1.19	1.43	1.15	1.21	1.25	1.34	1.31	1.15	1.25	1.56	1.31	1.35	
73	56	2.76	3.30	2.68	2.80	2.90	3.10	3.05	2.68	2.90	3.62	3.02	3.13	
74	63	1.78	2.14	1.72	1.82	1.88	2.01	1.97	1.72	1.88	2.35	1.95	2.03	

#### Table 3. Floor constructions ranked from lowest to highest cost index for specified minimum Sound Transmission Class (STC) and Impact Insulation Class (IIC) ratings.

Table 3. Continued

loor		Relative	STC	IIC
no.	Description	index <sup>a</sup>	rating	rating
	STC or IIC Less Than 40			
1 2	Wood frame floor and ceiling system: 2x8 joists @ 16" o.c.; $7_8$ " x $31/4$ " T & G wood floor sanded and finished; $3/4$ " gypsum wallboard ceiling nailed with joints reinforced and finished, painted Wood frame floor and ceiling system: 2x10 joists @ 16" o.c.; 1 11/32" x 231/4" compressed paper pulp building board approximate density 26.1 lbs./cu.ft.) nailed @ 8" o.c.; $1/8$ " hardboard laminated, a single layer of 15 lb. felt building paper	100	34	32
	laminated, 1/a" x 9" x 9" vinyl asbestos tile laid in mastic; 1/2" gypsum wallboard ceil- ing nailed @ 12" o.c., joints reinforced and finished, painted. Steel frame floor and ceiling system: 8" steel joists @ 16" o.c.; 1 11/32" x 231/4" paper pulp building board (26.1 lbs./cu. ft.) subfloor, 1/a" hardboard laminated, a single layer 15 lb. building felt glued, 1/a"	124	35	39
	x 9" x 9" vinyl asbestos tile laid in mastic; 1/2" gypsum wallboard ceiling, joints re- inforced and finished, painted. Prestressed concrete channel floor slab: 3" prestressed concrete channels with joints	126	37	40
į	prouted full; 94 concrete topping; ceiling painted.	126	42	32

<sup>a</sup>Relative cost indexes were calculated by using the cost figures for Des Moines, with a base of 1.24/sq. ft. = 100 for the least expensive floor considered. Similar relationships between the costs of floor constructions existed in the other cities studied. (See table 4 for 1966 estimated dollar costs per sq. ft. in 12 cities.)

no.	Description	$index^a$	rating	rating
5	Wood frame floor and ceiling system: 2x10 joists @ 16" o.c.; 5%" plywood subfloor, 1/2" plywood underlayment nailed with staggered joints, 1/8" x 9" x 9" vinyl as- bestos tile laid in mastic; 1/2" gypsum wall- board ceiling nailed, joints reinforced and finished, painted.	128	37	33
6	Wood frame floor and ceiling system: 2x8 joists @ 16" o.c.; $\frac{1}{2}$ " C-D plywood sub- floor, $25/32$ " x 21/4" hardwood floor sanded and finished; $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum wall- board ceiling nailed to joists, $\frac{1}{2}$ " acoustical tile laminated to gypsum wallboard	131	39	37
7	Wood frame floor and ceiling system: $2x10$ joists @ 16" o.c.; $\frac{1}{2}$ " plywood subfloor nailed @ 6" o.c. along the edges and @ 10" o.c. in the field, building paper underlayment, $\frac{25}{32"} \times \frac{21}{4"}$ oak flooring sanded and finished; on the ceiling, resilient channels @ 24" o.c. screwed attached @ 12" o.c., $\frac{5}{6}$ " gypsum wallboard attached to resilient channels, joints rejusted and finished and strated.	104	17	20
8	Wood frame floor and ceiling system with insulation: $2x10$ joists @ 16" o.c. with 3" thick mineral fiber batt insulation stapled between joists; $1/2$ " plywood subfloor nailed @ 6" o. c. @ edges and 10" o.c. in the field, building paper underlayment, 25/32" $x 21/4$ " oak flooring sanded and finished; 5%" gypsum wallboard ceiling nailed @ 6" o.c., joints reinforced and	134	47	39
9	finished, painted. Wood frame floor and ceiling system:	135	40	32

Relative

costs

STC

IIC

#### Table 3. Continued

Floo	r	Relative	STC	IIC
no.	Description	costs index <sup>a</sup>	rating	rating
	floor nailed; $\frac{3}{4}$ " fiber glass board lami- nated to subfloor; $\frac{1}{2}$ " T & G plywood underlayment stapled @ 12" o.c. $\frac{1}{2}$ " oak flooring laid in mastic, sanded and finished, (4" grown wellbaced getiling pailing and (9) (1)			
10	o.c.; joints reinforced and finished, painted (20 Prestressed concrete floor slabs: 20" x 6" deep prestressed pumice concrete slabs; %" leveling grout, 34" sand—cement topping: 34" gypsum sand plaster ceiling	137	41	38
11	Isolated 4" concrete slab: 4" concrete slab reinforced with 6x6-10/10 welded wire fabric, 1/8" vinyl floor title laid in mastic;	141	46	30
12	ceiling painted. Steel frame floor system with carpet and pad: 8" steel joists @ 24" o.c.; 1 27/32" paper pulp building board, foam rubber pad with woven back, nylon carpet with 1/4" looped pile; 1/2" gypsum wallboard ceiling, joints reinforced and finished, painted.	148	44 37	29 63
13	Wood frame floor system with carpet: 2x8 joists @ 16" o.c.; 1 1/2" T & G wood fiber board nailed, pad and carpet; 1/2" gypsum wallboard ceiling nailed 6" o.c. with joints			
14	reinforced and finished, painted. Wood frame floor system with carpet: 2x10 joists @ 24" o.c.; 1 27/32" x 231/4" paper pulp building board (26.1 lbs./cu. ft.), foam rubber carpet pad with woven jute fiber cloth bark, nylon carpet-1/8" woven backing and 1/4" looped pile; 1/2" gypsum wallboard ceiling, joints reinforced	153	29	56
15	Reinforced concrete slab: 6" reinforced concrete slab: 5%" mastic asphalt floor; 34"	155	38	5/
16	gypsum sand plaster ceiling, painted Steel frame concrete floor: $14''$ steel bar joists @ 16'' o.c.; $21/2''$ concrete slab, 1/8'' asphalt tile laid in mastic; on ceiling, 3/4'' cold-rolled channels $131/2''$ o.c. wire- tied to joists, diamond mesh metal lath (3.4 lbs./sq. yd.) wire-tied, $9/16''$ perlite gypsum plaster with $1/16''$ white-coat finish painted	210	47	31
17	Wood frame insulated floor system with carpet and pad: 2x10 joists (2) 16" o.c.; 3" mineral fiber batt insulation stapled be- tween joists, $1/2$ " plywood subfloor, building paper underlayment; $25/32$ " x 21/4" hardwood flooring sanded and fin- ished, 40 oz./sq. yd. hair felt pad, 44 oz./sq. yd. carpet; $5/8$ " gypsum wallboard ceiling, joints reinforced and finished, painted	216	39	58
18	Steel frame concrete floor system: 7" steel bar joists @ 27" o.c.; 3% rib lath, 2" con- crete slab; on ceiling, resilient clips and 34" cold-rolled channels 16" o.c., 3%" plain gypsum lath attached with wire clips, 7/16" gypsum sand plaster and 1/16" white-coat finish, painted.	259	51	35
	Minimum STC & IIC = 40	207	51	55
19	Wood frame floor and ceiling system: 2x8 joists @ 16" o.c.; $7_{6}$ " x 31/4" wood flooring, nailed, sanded and finished; on the ceiling, glass wool quilt attached with 1" x 11/2" wood strips, wood lath and $1/2$ " gypsum sand plaster, painted.	110	43	43
20	Reinforced concrete structural slab with wood block flooring: 4" concrete slab re- inforced with 6x6-10/10 welded wire			

Table	3	Continued
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Floo	r	Relative	STC	IIC	
no.	Description	index <sup>a</sup>	rating	rating	
	fabric; $V_2'' \ge 9'' \ge 9''$ prefinished oak block flooring laid in mastic; ceiling painted.	125	44	41	
21	Reinforced concrete structural slab with wood block floor on underlayment: 4" concrete slab reinforced with $6x6-10/10$ welded wire fabric; $1/4$ " semi-rigid poly- urethane foam (2.2 lbs./cu. ft. density) laid in mastic, $1/2$ " x 9" x 9" prefinished oak block flooring laid in mastic; ceiling painted.	131	44	52	
22	Wood frame floor and resilient ceiling system: 2x8 joists ( $@$ 16" o.c., 34" ply- wood subfloor, layer of building paper, 76" x 31/4" T & G fir flooring sanded and finished; on the ceiling, resilient channels ( $@$ 24" o.c. nailed ( $@$ 12" o.c., 5%" gypsum wallboard screwed to channels, joints re- inforced and finished, painted.	140	45	44	
23	Wood frame floor and separate wood frame ceiling: 2x8 joists @ 16" o.c.; 3" fiber glass blanket insulation stapled be- tween joists, $\frac{1}{2}$ " plywood subfloor nailed @ 8" o.c., 25/32" oak flooring sanded and finished; on the ceiling, 2x4 ceiling joists staggered between floor joists, $\frac{1}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard nailed, joints reinforced				
24	and finished, painted. Concrete joists framing system: $3^{3}4'' \times 5^{1}4''$ deep concrete joists (21" o.c. with 2" slab (total thickness $7^{1}4''$ ); $3^{4}4''$ sand cement topping; $5^{6}4''$ wood lath nailed to wood nailing strips in bottom of concrete joists, $5^{6}4''$ reeds and plaster ceiling, painted	143	44	43	
25	Concrete floor slab with carpet and pad: 4" concrete slab reinforced with $6x6-10/10$ welded wire fabric; $1/4$ " foam rubber pad and wood carpeting ( $1/4$ " wool loop pile with $1/8$ " woven jute backing), ceiling painted	147	40	42	
26	Precasted concrete channels with wood block flooring: 7" deep x 14" wide precast trapezoidal concrete channels; spaces be- tween channels filled and 1½" concrete topping slab, 1" thick wood block floor covering; 3.4 lbs./sq. yd. expanded metal lath and 34" gypsum sand plaster ceiling,	100		00	
27	painted. Prestressed concrete floor slab: 14" x 121/2" x 5" deep trapezoidal prestressed concrete slabs @ 141/2" o.c. with spaces between grouted full; 2x2 sleepers @ 18" o.c., 7/8" x 31/4" T & G flooring sanded, linoleum floor covering; 3/4" gypsum sand	203	47	42	
	plaster ceiling, painted	230 5	44	48	
28	Reinforced concrete structural slab sus- pended ceiling system: 43%" reinforced concrete slab; 34" concrete topping; metal lath suspended 4" with wire hangers, 7%"	100	40	47	
29	gypsum sand plaster, painted	128	48 51	4/	
30	Wood frame floor and ceiling system with insulation and resilient channels: $2x10$ joists @ 16" o.c. with 3" thick mineral fiber batt insulation stapled between joists; 1/2" plywood subfloor nailed @ 6" o.c. @ edges and 10" o.c. in the field, build-				

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#### Table 3. Continued

#### Table 3. Continued

100		costs	SIC	inc	1 10	
no.	Description	index <sup>a</sup>	rating	rating	n	0
	ing paper underlayment, 25/32" x 21/4"					
	oak flooring sanded and finished; on the ceiling, resilient channels ( $0.24''$ o.c. $5a''$					
	gypsum wallboard screw attached @ 12"					
	o.c., joints reinforced and finished, painted	144	49	46		
1	Reinforced concrete slab: 5" reinforced					
	concrete slab; bitumen-telt underlayment, $\frac{1}{8}$ " linoleum: $\frac{1}{2}$ " fiber board ceiling				39	
	painted.	148	51	47	10,45,85	
2	Wood frame floor and resilient ceiling					
	system: 2x6 joists @ 16" o.c.; 5%" ply-					
	(approx. density 20. lbs./cu. ft.) stapled to					
	sub-floor, 1/2" plywood underlayment glued	l				
	to fiber board, 3/32" vinyl floor covering laid in mastic: on the ceiling, 1 x 2 furring					
	strips attached to joists with resilient clips				40	
	@ 24" o.c., 5/8" gypsum wallboard					
	screwed (a) 12" o.c., joints reinforced and finished painted	156	50	47		
	Concrete slab with wood finish floor: 5"			.,		
	concrete slab; 1/4" cork underlayment (11-					
	12 lbs./cu. ft.), 5/8" plywood subfloor,					
	5/16" prefinished oak block flooring	159	49	47		
	Wood frame floor with concrete topping	107		-,	41	
	and resilient ceiling system: 2x8 joists	í.				
	@ 16" o.c.; 3" fiber glass blanket insula-					
	wood subfloor 15%" lightweight concrete					
	(100 lbs./cu. ft.) slab over 4 mil polyethy-					
	lene film, 0.075" vinyl sheet glued to				42	
	screwed to underside of joists, 5%"					
	gypsum wallboard screw attached to					
	channels @ 12" o.c., entire periphery					
	finished, painted.	160	46	85		
	Wood frame floor with concrete topping				43	
	and carpet and pad: 2x8 joists @ 16" o.c.;					
	3/8" I & G C-D plywood subfloor, layer 4 mil polyethylene film 15/8" perlite con-					
	crete, 40 oz./sq. yd. hair felt pad, 44					
	oz./sq. yd. carpet; 5/8" gypsum wallboard					
	entire periphery caulked and sealed.					
	painted.	167	47	66	44	
	Wood frame insulated floor with carpet					
	and pad and resilient ceiling system: $2x8$					
	sulation stapled between joists, 5/8" T & G					
	plywood subfloor, 40 oz./sq. yd. hair felt					
	wallboard ceiling, screwed to resilient					
	channels spaced 24" o.c., joints reinforced					
	and finished, entire periphery caulked and	140	47	60	45	
	Steel frame concrete floor with carnet and	107	47	07		
	pad: 7" steel bar joists @ 27" o.c.; 3/8"					
	rib lath, 2" concrete slab, foam rubber pad					
	with woven jute fiber cloth, nylon carpet					
	on the ceiling, 3/4" cold-rolled channels					
	wire-tied, 3/8" plain gypsum lath attached				46	
	with clips, $7/16''$ gypsum sand plaster and $1/16''$ white-coat finish painted	178	44	74		
	Wood frame floor with insulation and re-					
	silient ceiling system: 2x8 joists @ 16"					
	o.c.; 3" fiber glass blanket insulation					
	stapled between joists, 1/2" plywood sub- floor, 1/2" cane fiber board stapled to sub-					
	floor. 2x3 sleepers alued @ 16" o.c.					

Floo	r .	Relative costs	STC	lic	
no.	Description	$index^a$	rating	rating	
	5%" T & G, C-D plywood underlayment nailed, .075" vinyl flooring laid in mastic; resilient channels @ 24" o.c. screwed to underside of joists, $5\%$ " gypsum wallboard screw attached to channels @ 12" o.c., entire periphery caulked and sealed, joints reinforced and finished and painted.	183	52	49	
39	Concrete joist floor system with filler blocks and floating topping: $2l_2'' \ge 5l_2$ deep, concrete joists at $14l_2''$ o.c. with $1l_2''$ slab over $4'' \ge 12''$ hollow filler blocks; 1'' glass wool quilt covered with building paper laid in mastic, $1l_2''$ con- crete topping reinforced, plastic tile laid in mastic; $l_2''$ gypsum sand plaster ceiling, painted.	197	52	47	
40	Wood frame floor with carpet and pad and resilient ceiling system: 2x10 joists @ 16" o.c.; 1/2" plywood subfloor, building paper underlayment, 25/32" x 21/4" hardwood flooring sanded and finished, 40 oz./sq. yd. pad, 44 oz./sq. yd. carpet; resilient channels attached to joists, 5%" gypsum			,	
41	wallboard ceiling, joints reinforced and finished, painted. Reinforced hollow tile floor: 1534" wide x 5" deep hollow tile beams reinforced; prefinished wood parquet flooring laic	215	47	66	
	in mastic; 1x3 ceiling furring @ 19" o.c., 3/8" gypsum lath, 3/8" reeds and gypsum sand plaster, painted.	219	50	46	
42	Composite steel joist and concrete slab floor system: 4" steel beams @ 30" o.c., $4\sqrt{2}$ " concrete floor slab poured around and over steel joists; 1" lightweight con- crete topping, $76$ " wood fir flooring sand- ed, $\sqrt{8}$ " linoleum cemented; $\sqrt{2}$ " gypsum sand plastered ceiling, painted.	227	46	47	
43	Prestressed concrete floor slab with iso- lated wood finish floor: $14'' \times 121/2'' \times 5''$ deep trapezoidal prestressed concrete slabs @ $141/2''$ o.c. with spaces between grouted full; 1'' glass wool quilt, 2x2 sleepers @ 20'' o.c., 7/6'' x 31/4'' T & G wood floor- ing sanded, linoleum floor covering; 5/6''				
44	gypsum sand plaster ceiling, painted Steel frame insulated floor system carpet and pad: 18" steel bar joists @ 32" o.c.; 11/8" T & G (2-4-1) plywood subfloor, 40 oz./sq. yd. all-hair pad, 44 oz./sq. yd. all- wood pile carpet; on ceiling, resilient channels @ 24" o.c., screw attached $\frac{5}{2}$ " gypsum wallboard, joints reinforced and finished, entire periphery caulked and	231	50	49	
45	sealed, painted. Steel frame concrete floor system with carpet and pad: 18" steel bar joists @ 16" o.c.; %" plywood, 1%" lightweight con- crete topping, 40 oz./sq. ft. all-hair pad, 44 oz./sq. yd. all-wool pile carpet; %" gypsum wallboard ceiling, joints reinforced and finished, entire periphery caulked and	237	47	69	
46	sealed, painted. Steel frame concrete floor with carpet and pad: $14''$ steel bar joists @ $16''$ o.c.; 28 gage corrugated steel deck, $21/2''$ perlite concrete slab, felt pad, carpet; on ceiling, 34'' cold-rolled channels $131/2''$ o.c. wire- tied to joists, diamond mesh metal lath (3.4 lbs./sq. yd.) wire-tied, $9/16''$ perlite	264	47	62	
	gypsum plaster with 1/16" white-coat finish, painted.	265	47	59	

#### Table 3. Continued

Tab	le :	3. (	Conti	inved

Floc	. Description	Relative costs index <sup>a</sup>	STC rating	IIC rating	Floo	or R o. Description	Relative costs indexª
47	<b>Minimum STC &amp; IIC</b> = 5 Wood frame floor with insulation and re silient ceiling system: 2x8 joists @ 16" o.c.; 3" fiber glass blanket insulation stapled between joists, $1/2$ " plywood sub floor, $1/2$ " fiber board stapled to subfloor 2x3 wood sleepers glued @ 16" o.c. 25/32" x $21/4$ " hardwood flooring, sanded and finished; resilient channels @ 24" o.c. screwed to underside of joists, $5/8$ " gypsum wallboard screw attached to channels @ 12" o.c., entire periphery caulked and sealed, joints reinforced and finished	0			51	Wood frame insulated floor with carpet and pad and resilient ceiling system: 2x10 joists @ 16" o.c.; 3" mineral fiber batt insulation stapled between joists, $V_2$ " plywood subfloor, building paper under- layment, 25/32" x 2V4" hardwood flooring sanded and finished, 40 oz./sq. yd. hair felt pad, 44 oz./sq. yd. carpet; 5%" gypsum wallboard ceiling screwed to re- silient channels spaced 24" o.c., joints re- inforced and finished, painted. Concrete joist floor system with filler blocks, floating topping and suspended	224
48	painted. Concrete slab, wood sleepers, wood finish floor: 51/2" reinforced concrete slab, 2x2 wood sleepers laid in asbestos lineo metal clips anchored to slab, 3/4" T & G wood flooring, 1/2" gypsum sand plastered	160	52	51		ceiling: $21/2'' \times 51/2''$ deep concrete joists (@) $141/2''$ o.c. with $11/2''$ slab over $4'' \times 12''$ hollow filler blocks; 1'' glass wool quilt covered with building paper laid in mastic, 11/2'' concrete topping reinforced, plastic tile laid in mastic; $1/4'' \times 11/4''$ steel bars	
49 50	ceiling, painted. Prestressed concrete floor slabs: $14'' \times 12^{1/2''} \times 5''$ deep trapezoidal prestressed concrete slabs @ $14^{1/2''}$ o.c.; grouted and topped with 1'' sand – cement topping, 3/16'' cork tile laid in mastic; on the ceil- ing, 1x2 furring strips @ $16''$ o.c. attached with metal clips, $3/6''$ gypsum wallboard, joints reinforced and finished, painted Precast concrete channels with topping and floating wood finish floor: 5'' deep	218	54 50	51	53	Suspended o below the underside of slab, 3.4 lbs./sq. yd. expanded rib lath, $1/2'''$ gypsum sand plaster, painted. Wood frame floor and separate wood frame ceiling: 2x8 joists @ 16'' o.c.; $11/6'''$ (2-4-1) plywood subfloor, 40 oz./sq. yd. hair felt pad, 44 oz./sq. yd. carpet; 2x4 ceiling joists staggered between floor joists, 3'' fiber glass blanket insulation stapled between joists, $5/6'''$ gypsum wallboard, joints reinforced and sealed painted	226
	precast concrete channels @ 141/2" o.c.; spaces between channels filled and 3/4" concrete topping slab, 1" glass wool quilt, 1x2 wood sleepers @ 20" o.c., 7/6" x 31/4" T & G wood flooring sanded and finished; 1x2 ceiling furring @ 141/2" o.c., 3/6" gypsum wallboard, 1/8" gypsum sand plaster, painted.	219	50	53	54	<b>Minimum STC &amp; IIC</b> = 55 Reinforced concrete slab with wood finish floor: 6" reinforced concrete slab; 1" glass wool quilt, 2x2 wood sleepers @ 16" o.c., $34" \times 31/2"$ T & G wood flooring nailed, sanded and finished; $1/2"$ gypsum sand plaster ceiling, painted.	209

IIC

rating rating

STC

50 70

55 53

52

80

55 57



Table 4.	Estimated in-	place cost	s per squar	e foot o	f different flo	oor constructions in	1 12 se	elected U.	S. cities.

Floor no.	Sound trans. mission class (STC)	Impact insula- tion class (IIC)	City *													
			Atlanta	Chicago	Dallas	Denver	Des Moines	Detroit	Los Angeles	Miami	Minne- apolis	New York	Seattle	St. Louis		
								(Dollars)								
1	34	32	1.18	1.41	1.14	1.20	1.24	1.32	1.30	1.14	1.24	1.55	1.29	1.34		
2	35	39	1.46	1.76	1.42	1.50	1.54	1.65	1.62	1.42	1.54	1.92	1.60	1.66		
3	37	40	1.48	1.78	1.44	1.52	1.56	1.67	1.64	1.44	1.52	1.94	1.62	1.68		
4	42	32	1.48	1.78	1.44	1.51	1.56	1.67	1.63	1.44	1.56	1.95	1.62	1.68		
5	37	33	1.51	1.82	1.46	1.54	1.59	1.70	1.66	1.46	1.59	2.00	1.65	1.71		
6	39	37	1.54	1.85	1.49	1.57	1.62	1.74	1.70	1.49	1.62	2.02	1.68	1./5		
/	4/	39	1.58	1.90	1.53	1.01	1.00	1.78	1.74	1.53	1.00	2.07	1.72	1.80		
8	40	32	1.60	1.92	1.55	1.65	1.00	1.80	1.78	1.55	1.00	2.10	1.75	1.03		
10	46	30	1.66	2.00	1.61	1.70	1.75	1.87	1.84	1.61	1.75	2.12	1.82	1.90		
11	44	29	1.74	2.08	1.68	1.77	1.83	1.96	1.92	1.68	1.83	2.28	1.90	1.98		
12	37	63	1.75	2.10	1.70	1.78	1.84	1.97	1.93	1.70	1.84	2.30	1.91	1.99		
13	29	56	1.80	2.15	1.74	1.83	1.89	2.02	1.98	1.74	1.89	2.36	1.97	2.04		
14	38	57	1.82	2.19	1.77	1.86	1.92	2.05	2.02	1.77	1.92	2.40	2.00	2.07		
15	47	31	2.01	2.42	1.95	2.06	2.12	2.26	2.22	1.95	2.12	2.65	2.20	2.28		
16	49	35	2.47	2.96	2.40	2.52	2.60	2.78	2.73	2.40	2.60	3.25	2.70	2.80		
17	39	58	2.55	3.06	2.47	2.60	2.68	2.87	2.81	2.47	2.68	3.35	2.79	2.89		
18	51	35	3.05	3.66	2.95	3.10	3.21	3.44	3.37	2.95	3.21	4.00	3.34	3.47		
19	43	43	1.30	1.56	1.26	1.33	1.37	1.4/	1.44	1.26	1.37	1.71	1.42	1.48		
20	44	41	1.4/	1.77	1.43	1.50	1.55	1.00	1.63	1.43	1.55	1.94	1.61	1.6/		
21	44	52	1.54	1.85	1.49	1.57	1.62	1.73	1.70	1.49	1.62	2.03	1.08	1.75		
22	45	44	1.60	2.02	1.59	1.00	1.73	1.85	1.01	1.59	1.73	2.15	1.79	1.00		
23	44	43	1.00	2.02	1.67	1.76	1.82	1.07	1.90	1.65	1.82	2.20	1.84	1.90		
25	40	80	1.92	2.30	1.86	1.96	2.02	2.16	2.12	1.86	2.02	2.53	2 10	2.18		
26	47	42	2.40	2.86	2.32	2.44	2.52	2.68	2.64	2.32	2.52	3.13	2.62	2.72		
27	44	48	2.71	3.23	2.63	2.76	2.85	3.05	2.99	2.63	2.85	3.55	2.96	3.07		
28	48	47	1.51	1.81	1.47	1.54	1.59	1.70	1.67	1.47	1.59	1.98	1.65	1.71		
29	51	48	1.66	2.00	1.61	1.70	1.75	1.87	1.84	1.61	1.75	2.18	1.82	1.90		
30	49	46	1.69	2.03	1.64	1.72	1.78	1.90	1.87	1.64	1.78	2.22	1.85	1.92		
31	51	47	1.75	2.10	1.69	1.78	1.84	1.96	1.92	1.69	1.84	2.30	1.91	2.00		
32	50	47	1.84	2.21	1.78	1.88	1.94	2.07	2.04	1.78	1.94	2.42	2.02	2.10		
33	49	47	1.87	2.24	1.81	1.91	1.97	2.10	2.07	1.81	1.97	2.46	2.05	2.12		
34	46	85	1.89	2.26	1.83	1.93	1.99	2.13	2.08	1.83	1.99	2.49	2.07	2.16		
35	47	66	1.97	2.36	1.90	2.01	2.07	2.21	2.17	1.90	2.07	2.59	2.15	2.24		
30	4/	09	1.99	2.38	1.92	2.03	2.09	2.24	2.19	1.92	2.09	2.61	2.17	2.26		
3/	40	14	2.10	2.52	2.03	2.14	2.21	2.30	2.32	2.03	2.21	2.70	2.30	2.39		
30	52	47	2.10	2.38	2.08	2.20	2.2/	2.42	2.56	2.00	2.2/	2.03	2.50	2.45		
40	47	66	2.52	3.03	2.45	2.50	2.44	2.85	2.50	2.24	2.44	3.00	2.54	2.04		
41	50	46	2.58	3.10	2.50	2.63	2.72	2.92	2.85	2.50	2.00	3.41	2.82	2 93		
42	46	47	2.68	3.20	2.60	2.73	2.82	3.02	2.96	2.60	2.82	3.52	2.93	3.04		
43	50	49	2.73	3.25	2.65	2.78	2.87	3.07	3.01	2.65	2.87	3.57	2.98	3.09		
44	47	69	2.79	3.35	2.70	2.85	2.94	3.15	3.09	2.70	2.94	3.68	3.06	3.17		
45	47	62	3.11	3.73	3.01	3.17	3.27	3.50	3.43	3.01	3.27	4.09	3.40	3.53		
46	47	59	3.12	3.74	3.02	3.18	3.28	3.51	3.44	3.02	3.28	4.10	3.41	3.54		
47	52	51	1.89	2.26	1.83	1.93	1.99	2.13	2.08	1.83	1.99	2.50	2.07	2.16		
48	54	51	2.03	2.44	1.97	2.08	2.14	2.28	2.24	1.97	2.14	2.67	2.22	2.30		
49	50	51	2.56	3.08	2.48	2.61	2.70	2.90	2.84	2.48	2.70	3.40	2.81	2.92		
50	50	53	2.57	3.09	2.49	2.62	2.71	2.91	2.84	2.49	2.71	3.40	2.81	2.92		
51	50	70	2.04	3.17	2.56	2.70	2./8	2.97	2.92	2.56	2.78	3.48	2.89	3.00		
52	50	33	2.00	3.18	2.58	2./1	2.80	3.00	2.94	2.58	2.80	3.50	2.91	3.02		
54	55	57	2.13	3.80	2 14	3.24	3.34	3.58	3.50	3.08	3.34	4.18	3.48	3.00		
54	55	5/	2.24	2.70	2.10	2.20	2.50	2.52	2.40	2.10	2.30	2.97	2.40	2.50		