

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

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State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 281-6518

NEWS RELEASE

		Contact: Ernest Ruben
FOR RELEASE	May 15, 2023	515/281-5834

Auditor of State Rob Sand today released an audit report on the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The Rural Improvement Zone's receipts totaled \$421,985 for the year ended June 30, 2022, a 13.9% decrease from the prior year. Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$484,157 a 50.1% decrease from the prior year. Proceeds from the sale of land of approximately \$74,000 were received during fiscal year 2021. There were no sales of land during fiscal year 2022. The significant decrease in disbursements is primarily due to a dredging project that was completed during the prior fiscal year.

AUDIT FINDINGS:

Sand reported one finding related to the receipt and disbursement of taxpayer funds. It is found on page 22 of this report. The finding addresses a lack of review of monthly bank reconciliations. Sand provided the Rural Improvement Zone with a recommendation to address the finding.

The one finding discussed above is repeated from the prior year. The Rural Improvement Zone Trustees have a fiduciary responsibility to provide oversight of the Rural Improvement Zone's operations and financial transactions. Oversight is typically defined as the "watchful and responsible care" a governing body exercises in its fiduciary capacity.

A copy of the audit report is available for review on the Auditor of State's website at <u>Audit Reports – Auditor of State</u>.

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SUNDOWN LAKE RURAL IMPROVEMENT ZONE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2022



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Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 281-6518

April 26, 2023

Officials of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone Centerville, Iowa

Dear Board Members:

I am pleased to submit to you the financial and compliance audit report for the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone for the year ended June 30, 2022. The audit was performed pursuant to Chapter 357H.9A of the Code of Iowa and in accordance with U.S. auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone throughout the audit. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or my staff at 515/281-5834.

Sincerely,

Rob Sand Auditor of State

Table of Contents

		<u>Page</u>
Board of Trustees		3
Independent Auditor's Report		5-7
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Entity-wide Financial Statements: Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position Governmental Fund Financial Statement:	А	10
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Notes to Financial Statements	В	11 12-15
Other Information: Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances – Budget and Actual – All governmental funds Notes to Other Information – Budgetary Reporting		18 19
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with		
Government Auditing Standards		20-21
Schedule of Findings		22-23
Staff		24

Board of Trustees

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
Greg Hayes	President	August 2022
Andy Fuhs	Treasurer	August 2024
Kimberly Merriam	Clerk	August 2024
Frank Kamish	Trustee	August 2022
Jason Smith	Trustee	August 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Trustees of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the Rural Improvement Zone's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and <u>Government</u> <u>Auditing Standards</u>, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 18 and 19 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2023 on our consideration of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rural Improvement Zone's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ernest H. Ruben, Jr., CPA Deputy Auditor of State

April 26, 2023

Basic Financial Statements

Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2022

					Net (Disbursements)	
			Prog	ram Receipts	Receipts and Changes	
				Operating Grants,	in Cash Basis	
			Charges	Contributions	Net Position	
			for	and Restricted	Governmental	
	Dist	oursements	Service	Interest	Activities	
Functions/Programs:						
Governmental activities:						
Maintenance and improvements:						
Dredging	\$	42,000	-	-	(42,000)	
Erosion control		43,400	-	-	(43,400)	
Administration		6,734	-	-	(6,734)	
Professional fees		146,603	-	-	(146,603)	
Debt service		245,420	-	-	(245,420)	
Total	\$	484,157	_	_	(484,157)	
General Receipts:						
Tax increment financing					421,985	
Change in cash basis net position					(62,172)	
Cash basis net position beginning of	year				154,534	
Cash basis net position end of year					\$ 92,362	
Cash Basis Net Position						
Restricted for rural improvement zone	e purpo	oses			\$ 92,362	

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund			
Receipts:				
Tax increment financing	\$	421,985		
Disbursements:				
Maintenance and improvement:				
Dredging	42,000			
Erosion control		43,400		
Administration		6,734		
Professional fees		146,603		
Debt service:				
Loan principal repayments		196,000		
Interest on loan		49,420		
Total disbursements		484,157		
Excess (deficiency) of receipts				
over (under) disbursements		(62,172)		
Cash balances beginning of year		154,534		
Cash balances end of year	\$	92,362		
Cash Basis Fund Balances				
Restricted for rural improvement purposes	\$	92,362		

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone was formed in 2010 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 357H of the Code of Iowa. The governing body of the Rural Improvement Zone is composed of five elected Trustees. The purpose of the Rural Improvement Zone is to manage maintenance and improvement of the Sundown Lake private development in rural Appanoose County.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Rural Improvement Zone has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Rural Improvement Zone are such that exclusion would cause the Rural Improvement Zone's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the rural Improvement Zone to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Rural Improvement Zone. The Rural Improvement Zone has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

<u>Entity-wide Financial Statement</u> – The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Rural Improvement Zone. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities are supported by tax revenues.

Net position is reported in the following category:

Restricted net position is used to manage maintenance and improvement of the Rural Improvement Zone.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Tax increment financing receipts and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statement</u> – A separate financial statement is provided for governmental fund.

The Rural Improvement Zone reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the special fund in which all tax increment financing receipts and other receipts are deposited. The fund pays the maintenance and improvement costs and the debt service costs of the Rural Improvement Zone.

C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>

The Rural Improvement Zone maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the Rural Improvement Zone are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statement does not present the financial position and results of operations of the Rural Improvement Zone in accordance with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles.

D. <u>Property Taxes and Governmental Cash Basis Fund Balances</u>

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Tax increment financing receipts recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the current fiscal year with a $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2020 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and reflects tax asking contained in the budget certified to the Rural Improvement Zone in March 2021.

In the governmental fund financial statements, cash basis fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The budget comparison and related disclosures are reported as Other Information. During the year ended June 30, 2022, total disbursements did not exceed the amount budgeted.

(2) Cash and Investments

The Rural Improvement Zone's deposits in banks at June 30, 2022 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Rural Improvement Zone is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Rural Improvement Zone; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The Rural Improvement Zone had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

(3) Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	of Year
Tax Increment				
Improvement Zone				
Certificates	\$ 1,630,000	-	196,000	1,434,000

On September 6, 2017, the Rural Improvement Zone issued a tax increment improvement zone certificate for \$1,120,000 for the purpose of rural improvement zone projects. The certificate bears interest at 3.50% per annum and is payable solely from tax increment financing (TIF) receipts generated by the rural improvement zone. The certificate matures on December 1, 2025. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Rural Improvement Zone paid \$156,000 of principal and \$25,935 of interest on the certificate.

On September 18, 2019, the Rural Improvement Zone issued a tax increment improvement zone certificate for \$940,000 for the purpose of rural improvement zone projects. The certificate bears interest at 2.85% per annum and is payable solely from TIF receipts generated by the rural improvement zone. The certificate matures December 1, 2028. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Rural Improvement Zone paid \$40,000 of principal and \$23,485 of interest on the certificate.

Annual debt service to maturity for the tax increment improvement zone certificates are as follows:

	Tax Increment			Tax Increment							
	Improv	em	ent Zone C	ertificate	Improve	Improvement Zone Certificate					
		Series 2017B				Series 2019					
Year	Is	ssued Sep 6, 2017			Iss	Issued Sep 18, 2019					
Ending	Interest				Interest					Tota	1
June 30,	Rate		Principal	Interest	Rate	P	rincipal	Interest	I	Principal	Interest
2023	3.50%	\$	162,000	17,972	2.85%	\$	40,000	24,795	\$	202,000	42,767
2024	3.50		168,000	12,250	2.85		40,000	23,655		208,000	35,905
2025	3.50		174,000	6,318	2.85		45,000	22,444		219,000	28,762
2026	3.50		50,000	875	2.85	1	75,000	20,235		225,000	21,110
2027	3.50		-	-	2.85	2	230,000	14,891		230,000	14,891
2028-2029)		-	-	2.85	3	350,000	9,833		350,000	9,833
Total		\$	554,000	37,415		\$8	380,000	115,853	\$	1,434,000	153,268

(4) Risk Management

The Rural Improvement Zone is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The Rural Improvement Zone assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims for these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past two fiscal years.

(5) The Coves of Sundown Lake Owners' Association Agreement

On August 13, 2020, the Rural Improvement Zone entered into an agreement with The Coves of Sundown Lake Owners' Association (Association). Under the agreement, the Association will pay McGruder Construction for dredging projects in Sundown Lake of up to 35,400 cubic yards of sediment. The Rural Improvement Zone will reimburse the Association within 10 years for the cost of the work orders paid by the Association pursuant to the agreement. As of June 30, 2022, the Association has invoiced the Rural Improvement Zone \$147,505 for the dredging project. One payment of \$42,000 was made during the fiscal year leaving an outstanding balance of \$105,505.

(6) Subsequent Event

On November 2, 2022, the Board approved a resolution to issue \$1,835,000 in Tax Increment Improvement Zone Certificates for the purpose of rural improvement zone projects.

Other Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Funds

Other Information

Year ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted		
	_	Amounts	Final to	
		Original/	Actual	
	 Actual	Final	Variance	
Receipts:				
Tax increment financing	\$ 421,985	442,271	(20,286)	
Disbursements:				
Maintenance and improvement	238,737	285,000	46,263	
Debt service	 245,420	300,000	54,580	
Total disbursements	 484,157	585,000	100,843	
Excess of receipts over disbursements	(62,172)	(142,729)	80,557	
Cash balance beginning of year	 154,534	511,359	(356,825)	
Cash balance end of year	\$ 92,362	368,630	(276,268)	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Notes to Other Information – Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2022

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Trustees annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon total disbursements by fund. Disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the general fund.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, total disbursements did not exceed the amount budgeted.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Trustees of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2023. Our report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's internal control over financial reporting (internal controls) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the RIZ's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's Responses to the Findings

<u>Government Auditing Standards</u> requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Sundown Lake Rural Improvement Zone's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rural Improvement Zone's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Rural Improvement Zone's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the Sundown Rural Improvement Zone during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Ernest H. Ruben, Jr., CPA Deputy Auditor of State

April 26, 2023

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2022

Finding Related to the Financial Statement:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

2022-001 Bank Reconciliations

<u>Criteria</u> – An effective internal control system provides for internal controls related to ensuring proper accounting for all funds by maintaining appropriate accounting records and reconciling bank and book balances. Independent review of bank reconciliations can help ensure the accuracy of recorded amounts.

<u>Condition</u> – Monthly bank statements are reconciled to the Rural Improvement Zone's monthly financial reports. However, the monthly bank reconciliations are not reviewed and approved by an independent person.

<u>Cause</u> – Procedures have not been designed and implemented to ensure bank reconciliations are independently reviewed for completeness and accuracy.

<u>Effect</u> – The lack of independent review of bank reconciliations can result in unrecorded transactions, undetected errors and opportunity for misappropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u> – An independent person should review the reconciliations and document their review by signing or initialing and dating the monthly reconciliations.

<u>Response</u> – The treasurer will provide the monthly bank reconciliations to an independent person to review and certify completeness and accuracy. The independent person will attest by their signature that the reconciliation is complete and accurate prior to the treasurer presenting to the entire board for approval.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2022

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 2022-A <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2022 did not exceed the amount budgeted.
- 2022-B <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No disbursements we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 2022-C <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of Rural Improvement Zone money for travel expenses of spouses of Rural Improvement Zone officials or employees were noted.
- 2022-D <u>Restricted Donor Activity</u> No transactions were noted between the Board of Trustees, Rural Improvement Zone officials and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.
- 2022-E <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage for Board members is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 2022-F <u>Rural Improvement Zone Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Rural Improvement Zone minutes but were not.
- 2022-G <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa were noted.
- 2022-H <u>Annual Urban Renewal Report</u> The Annual Urban Renewal Report (AURR) was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1.

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Ernest H. Ruben, Jr., CPA, Deputy Gwen D. Fangman, CPA, Manager William R. Bamber, CPA, Staff Auditor