

This is Wright County

A MANPOWER STUDY

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THIS IS WRIGHT COUNTY

a report on the results of a manpower study conducted by the

Community Development Section Iowa Employment Security Commission May 1966



FOREWORD

This report was prepared as a result of a manpower study conducted by the Smaller Communities Program of the Iowa Employment Security Commission. The study which lasted from November 1 through December 16 of 1965 was sponsored by the county's three industrial groups and Iowa Growthland Inc., an organization of six counties in north central Iowa.

The Smaller Communities Program is designed to provide economic development assistance to rural areas and to offer employment service assistance to residents. The mobile team of interviewers and counselors of the Smaller Communities Program has committed itself to return to Wright County and offer any or all of these services to a specific new or existing company:

- 1. Validate on a selective basis the availability of persons who participated in the Wright County Manpower Study.
- 2. Assist with staffing needs by

a. selecting and referring qualified workers

- recruiting additional workers from within county besides those who took part in the original study
- c. testing additional job seekers to determine their potential skills
- d. providing technical services including test development for specific jobs, job analysis and recruitment of professional, technical and skilled workers from outside the area.
- e. utilizing the provisions of the Manpower Development and Training Act to develop the skills required by industry.

Interpretation of the results of the Wright County Manpower Study and a vast array of unpublished data on the county is available to firms who contact the

> Community Development Section Iowa Employment Security Commission 1000 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa

INTRODUCTION

New or expanding industry will find Wright County an excellent location. Several industrial sites, ample electrical power and water resources are available at reasonable cost. Good transportation facilities and favorable wage rates exist. During the manpower study, 1, 443 residents including 357 homemakers were interested in employment.

All major towns have active industrial development groups to assist industry in locating, acquiring and modifying industrial sites. Any firm interested in learning more about Wright County as a plant location should contact:

Belmond Industrial Development Group

President	Don Bancroft
Vice President	Phyliss Pals
Secretary/Treasurer	Larry J. Flannagan

Clarion Community Development Commission

President Vice President *Secretary Treasurer

Chester Isenberger Jack Eyler Burtwin L. Day Roger Summers

Eagle Grove Industrial Expansion Corporation

President Vice President *Secretary Treasurer

Robert G. Jacobsen Lawrence McCov Calvin I. Tschetter I. H. Schroder

*Inquiries should be addressed to the respective secretary.

Residents who are members of other development groups:

Duane Sandage

- Director, Iowa Growthland, Inc. (Sandage Real Estate & Farm Management, Clarion)
- C. W. Dunn - Vice President, Iowa Growthland, Inc. (President, 1st National Bank, Eagle Grove)
- Dr. Les Classick Educational Director, North Iowa Area Development (Veterinarian, Belmond)

Highlights of the Wright County Manpower Survey

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COMMUNITY RESPONSE

Survey forms were returned by 4,847 persons and 1,449 were interested in employment. Approximately 70 per cent of the 1,449 were between 16 and 45 years old.

Over 73 per cent of these 1,449 persons had nonfarm work experi-

WORK EXPERIENCE

LABOR RESERVE In this category are 713 persons including 69 unemployed workers, 357 homemakers and 297 students.

TRAINABILITY

Over 900 persons took the General Aptitude Test Battery and 300 prospective job seekers showed aptitudes for vocational training. Some indicated they would seek vocational or technical training in either the Eagle Grove or Fort Dodge junior colleges.

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL

Of the 1, 443 persons interested in employment, 226 had better than a high school education and 741 had graduated from high school. Some high school education had been received by 296 individuals while the remaining 180 had 8 years or less of education.

WAGES

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Industrial wages range from \$1.25 an hour for unskilled workers to \$2.50 an hour for skilled workers.

A BRIEF LOOK AT WRIGHT COUNTY

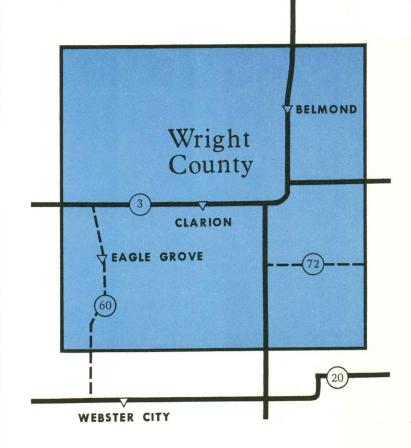
Wright County is located in north central Iowa. Clarion, the county seat, is 85 miles north of Des Moines, the state capital.

Corn, cattle and hogs are the county's major products and crop and livestock sales totaled \$24.7 million according to the 1959 U.S. Census of Agriculture.

The major towns of Belmond, Clarion and Eagle Grove have the mayor-city council form of government. Wright County is governed by a five-man Board of Supervisors. Elective officials include the county attorney, auditor, clerk, recorder, sheriff and treasurer. The five public high schools have a current enrollment of 1, 677 students.

MILEAGE FROM	WRIGHT COUNTY
Chicago 370	Minneapolis 175
Denver 765	Omaha 220
Des Moines 85	Sioux City 175
Detroit 640	St. Louis 420
Dubuque 190	Wichita 485
Kansas City 290	

U. S. Highway 69 and Iowa Highways 3 and 60 traverse the county for 90 miles. The proposed route for Interstate 35 takes it through the southeastern portion of the county. The completion of this new interstate will make overnight truck service possible to Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City and Omaha.



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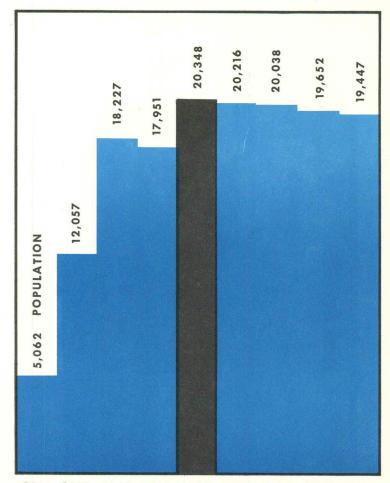
Population Remains Above 19,000

Peak population of 20, 348 was reached in the county in 1920. Since then outmigration has gradually reduced the number of residents. Subtracting deaths from births during the 1950-1960 period shows a population potential of 22, 240 for 1960. However, outmigration of 2, 793 or more than 14 per cent of the 1950 population brought the 1960 population to 19, 447. By 1964 the population was estimated at 19, 500.

With most small farms already consolidated into larger units and with a slowly increasing rate of business and industry, the present level of population should remain fairly stable.

Source: "Migration and Changes of Population in Iowa," Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa

> Division of Vital Statistics, Iowa State Department of Health



1880 1890 1900 1910 1920 1930 1940 1950 1960

SERVICE, RETAIL TRADE ACCOUNT FOR ALMOST 90 PER CENT OF NONFARM EMPLOYMENT

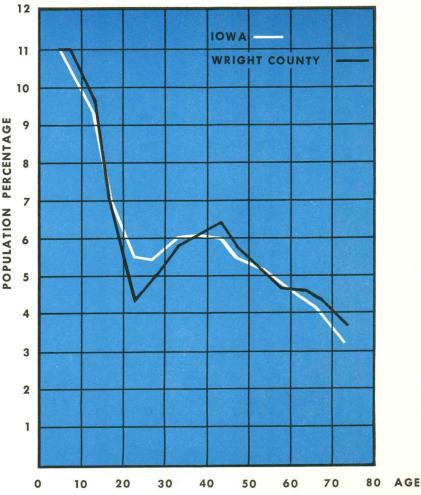
The nine largest industrial firms employ about 11 per cent of the nonagricultural workers. The remaining nonfarm employees work in more than 500 small firms concentrated in the service and retail trade industries.

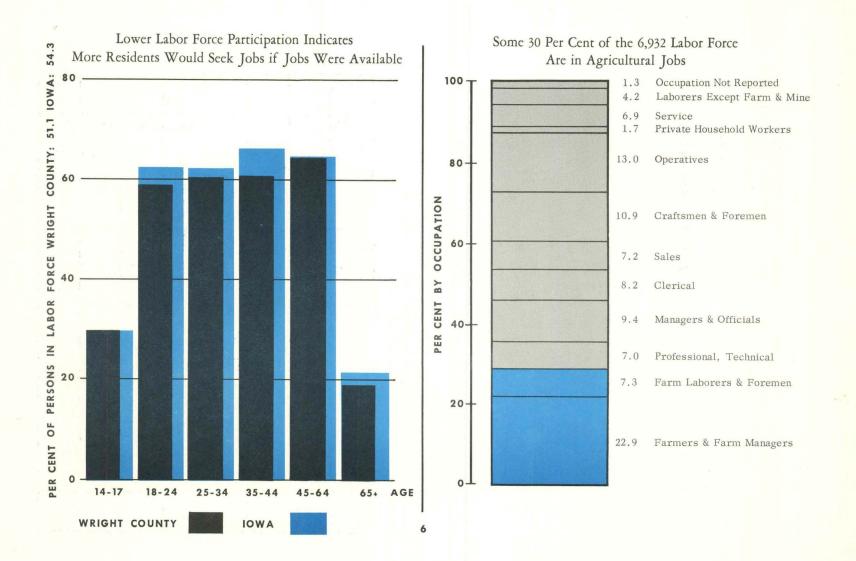
Hourly Wage Rates*

	Minimum	Maximum
General Office Clerk	\$1.25	\$2.00
Secretary	1.25	2.00
Bookkeeper	1.85	3.00
Foreman	1.75	2.50
Laborer	1.25	2.10
Machine Operator	1.25	2.50
Welder	1.25	2.70
Assembler	1.25	1.70
Truck Driver	1.25	2.50
General Maintenance Man	2.00	2.50

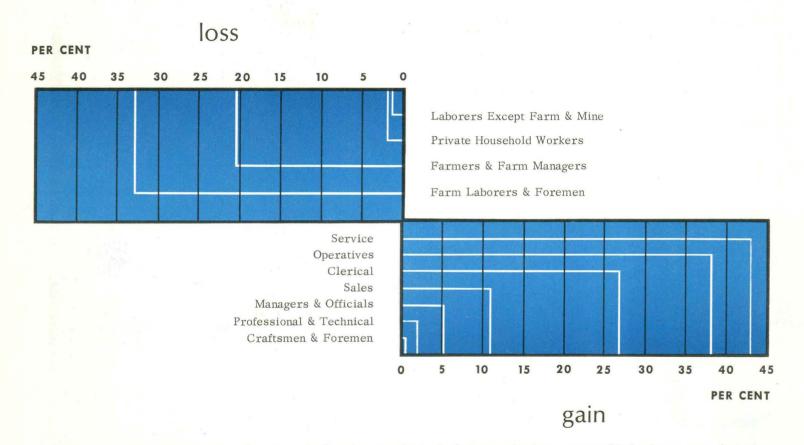
*These hourly rates were determined from a survey of major employers in the county. Since experience and job requirements were greatly varied, caution should be used in utilizing these rates. Outmigration to Find Jobs has Reduced the 18 to 45 Age Group

% The median age in Wright County is 31.3 compared to a state median age of 30.3 years.





The Composition of the Labor Force Changed Substantially Between 1950 and 1960



The largest declines have taken place in agricultural occupations, the largest gains have occurred in business, manufacturing, transportation and service-oriented jobs.

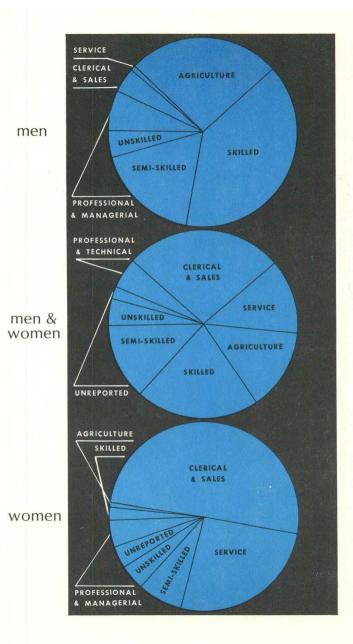
Source: U. S. Census of Population - 1950, 1960

Variety of Experience and Training is Offered by 748 Men Seeking Jobs. Among the 748 men who desired new jobs, 165 are presently self-employed.

Manpower Survey Showed 1,443 Wright County Residents Want Jobs.

Over Half of the 695 Women Who Wanted Jobs Had Clerical or Sales Experience. Out of the 695 women, 357 were homemakers who wanted to return to work.

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935 RESIDENTS TESTED FOR POTENTIAL SKILLS

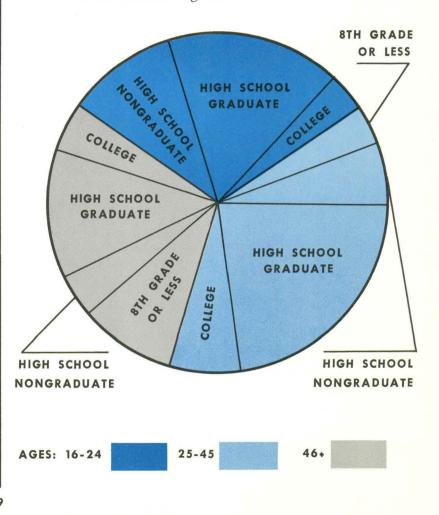
To determine their ability to learn new skills, 935 residents were given the General Aptitude Test Battery by the Iowa State Employment Service. The results demonstrate that many Wright County residents have aptitudes for industrially significant jobs. These aptitudes could be developed through adult education courses presently offered in the high schools or in the junior college.

MDTA IS A SOURCE OF OCCUPATIONAL TRAINING ASSISTANCE

Under the Manpower Development and Training Act, classes may be set up to train unskilled workers for jobs when other qualified workers are not available. Institutional or on-the-job training is possible depending upon the individual situation, the job skills to be learned and the available training facilities.

Workers have been trained through MDTA in about 200 occupations for such diverse jobs as auto mechanic, machine tool operator, cook, practical nurse, electronic technician, stenographer, waitress and computer programmer. The length of training depends on the complexity of the skill to be learned.

Companies planning to establish or expand a plant in Wright County may obtain additional information on MDTA from the Iowa State Employment Service office, located at 903 Wilson Avenue, Webster City. Job Seekers Are Evenly Divided Among Age Groups--67 Per Cent Are High School Graduates or Better

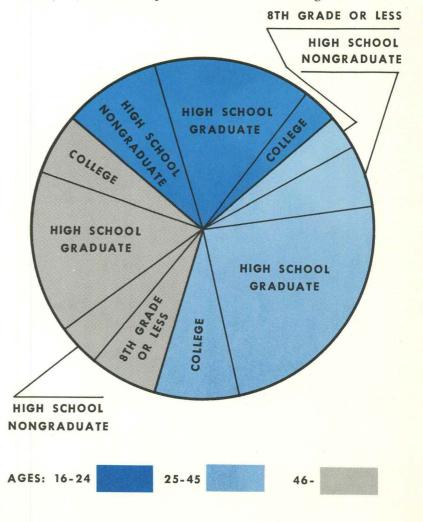


Majority of Women Job Seekers Also in 25-45 Age Bracket

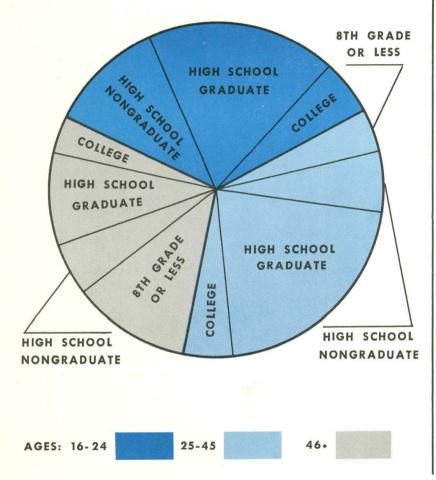
Forty-nine per cent of the 695 women seeking jobs were high school graduates and only 9 per cent had an eighth grade education or less. Some college training had been received by 18 per cent of these women. Among the 19 per cent who had less than a high school education were 53 high school juniors.

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Source: Manpower Study







Only 15 per cent of the 748 men seeking jobs had 8 years or less of education. High school graduates made up 49 per cent of the total while those with some college education numbered 14 per cent. The 22 per cent who had not completed high school includes 70 high school juniors.

Source: Manpower Study

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VOCATIONAL TRAINING AND HIGHER EDUCATION

Public Institution	Class	Maximum Semesters
Eagle Grove	Vocational Agriculture	6
High School	Metal Working	2
0	Power Mechanics	2
	Mechanical Drawing	2
	Industrial Arts (Wood, Leather)	2
Belmond High School	Industrial Arts Drafting	6
High School	Metal & Wood Workir Machine Shop Electricity	ng
	Vocational Agriculture	8
Clarion	Metal Working	4
High School	Drafting	4
	Wood Working	4
	Vocational Agriculture	8
Dows	Metal Working	2
High School	Wood Working	2
	Vocational Agriculture	8
Goldfield	Mechanical Drawing	4
High School	Auto Mechanics	2
	Wood Working	2
	House Construction	2
· · · · · · · · · · ·		
Eagle Grove Junior College*	Liberal Arts Commercial Training	Associate of Arts Degree
	B B 4	

Pre-Professional Training Advanced Shop Courses * Non-credit, one semester, adult education classes are also offered in these subjects:

Typing	(
Shorthand	5
Bookkeeping	I
Accounting]
Machine Shop	5
Welding	c.
Farm Machine Repair	I
Farm Problems	1
Machine Shop Welding Farm Machine Repair	

Cabinet Making Technical Drawing Photography Investments and Stocks Sewing, Beginner's Sewing, Advanced Home Economics Practical Nursing (Non-LPN)

TRANSPORTATION

Rail

Freight service only, no passenger service.

Chicago Great Western: Eagle Grove & Clarion Belmond & Clarion Clarion

1 east-west train daily except Sunday 1 north-south train daily except Sunday 1 local train daily to Fort Dodge except Sunday

 Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific:

 Clarion & Goldfield
 1 east-west train daily except Sunday

 Belmond & Dows
 1 north-south train daily except Sunday

Chicago & North Western: Eagle Grove*

Belmond

4 north trains weekly 8 south trains weekly, connect E & W 6 west trains weekly

Round trip to Hampton daily except Sunday

*Since this is a starting point for many trains, schedule will vary.

Truck Service

Eagle Grove	Ellsworth Freight Lines
0	Umthum Trucking Company

All towns Iowa Parcel Service

Highways

Iowa 3	East-west through Clarion
Iowa 60	North-south through Eagle Grove
US 69	North-south through Belmond, 5 miles east of
	Clarion

US 20	East-west through Webster City, 14 miles south of Eagle Grove
Interstate 35	North-south route proposed through southeastern portion of Wright County
Waterlines	
None	
Air	
Fort Dodge Airport	(30 miles from Eagle Grove)
Runways:	4,400-foot, hard-surfaced, NW-SE runway 4,200-foot, hard-surfaced, NE-SW runway
Lights:	OMMI, UNICOM and beacon
Service:	Ozark Airlinestwo flights daily, DC-3 & Martin 404 Charter service available
Mason City Airport	(40 miles from Belmond)
Runways:	5,600-foot, hard-surfaced, N-S runway 5,500-foot, hard-surfaced, NW-SE runway
Lights:	OMMI, UNICOM and beacon
Service:	Ozark Airlinestwo flights daily, DC-3 Charter service available
Clarion Airport	(15 miles from Eagle Grove and Belmond)
Runways:	3,000-foot, hard-surfaced, NE-SW runway
Lights:	Lights plus beacon
Service:	Charter only

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COMMERCIAL UTILITY RATES

Electricity

	KWH Per Month	Cost Per KWH
Eagle Grove & Clarion*	First 300	5.2¢
	Next 700	3.7¢
	Next 2000	3.5¢
	Balance	2.4¢
Belmond *	First 16	\$1.00
	Next 44	5.5¢
	Next 90	5.0¢
	Next 150	4.0¢
	Next 300	3.0¢
	All Over 600	2.6¢
	Minimum \$1 a mo for each con	onth plus 50 cents nected HP

* Negotiable contracts available for large consumers.

Gas

	Cubic Feet Per Month	Cost Per 1,000 Cubic Feet
Eagle Grove & Clarion*	First 500 or less	\$1.00
	Next 1, 500	1.05
	Next 3,000	1.012
	Next 45,000	0.712
	Next 50,000	0.662
	Balance	0.632
Belmond *	First 400	1.03
	Next 1600	.1597
	Next 8000	.0797
	Next 40,000	.0647
	All Over 50,000	.0597
	Minimum charge of	\$1.03 a month

* Negotiable interruptible rates for large consumers.

Water

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	Cubic Feet	Cost Per 100 Cubic Feet
Eagle Grove	First 300	\$1.00
	Next 1, 700	.50
	Balance	.40
	Gallons	Cost Per 1000 Gallons
Clarion	First 10,000	\$.65
	Next 10,000	.50
	Next 10,000	.44
	Next 10,000	.33
	Next 60,000	. 22
	Next 400, 000	.16
	Balance	.11
	Above first 500,000	\$96.40
	Next 500, 000	\$55.00
Belmond	Above 500, 000	\$249.75
	1,000,000	\$474.75
	2,000,000	\$924.75
	Sewer Charge	
		Cost
	Cubic Feet	
	Cubic reet	Per 100 Cubic Feet
Eagle Grove	First 2,000	20¢
	Next 3,000	16¢
	Balance	10¢
Clarion	No separate sewer cha	arge
	Gallons	Cost
Belmond	500,000	\$124.87
	1,000,000	\$237.38
	2,000,000	\$462.38
		4100.00

FIRE PROTECTION AND CLASSIFICATION

Belmond-Manning:	32-man volunteer fire department including chief,		
	assistant chief, secretary, treasurer and three		
	board members.		

Equipment: 2 pumpers with a 500 gallon a minute capacity and 500 gallon booster tank.

1 rural truck, 350 gallon a minute capacity with 1,000 gallon booster tank and a portable pump with a capacity of 300 gallons a minute.

1 emergency panel truck with a 5,000 watt generator, flood lamps and other emergency equipment.

Clarion-Manning:

20-man volunteer fire department including a chief, assistant chief, 2 captains, secretary and treasurer.

Equipment: 2 pumpers, 2 combination pumper/tankers.

Eagle Grove-Manning: 22-man volunteer department.

Equipment: 1 pumper with a 750 gallon a minute capacity 2 pumpers with a 500 gallon a minute capacity 2 rural trucks with 1,000-gallon tanks and installed and portable pumps.

All Major Towns have a Fire Insurance Classification of 6.

NINE FIRMS HAVE 25 OR MORE EMPLOYEES

				Years
Firm	Major Products	Men	Women	Established
1	Agricultural Chemicals	37	8	10
2	Farm Feed Manufacturing	72	15	22
3	Soybean Meal and Oil	86	7	21
4	Farm Feeds and Fertilizer	25	3	18
5	Farm Crop Sprayers	39	4	18
6	Livestock Feeds and Minerals	53	10	22
7	Egg Processing	8	22	50
8	Farm Seeds	51	11	62
9	Meat Processing	16	54	35
		Total	Men	Women
Employees		531	397	134
Managerial, Technical & Sales		204	152	52
* Production Employees		327	245	82

*Of these production workers, 41 per cent are unskilled, 48 per cent are semiskilled and 11 per cent are skilled.

INDUSTRIAL SITE SURVEY

			CLARION				EAGLE GR	OVE	
SITE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
SIZE	40 A.	75,888 sq.ft.	13 A.	6,600 sq.ft.	5 A.	11 A.	7 A.	7,250 sq.ft.	45,000 sq.ft.
ELEVATION	1163 feet	1165 feet	1163 feet	1167 feet	1181 feet	1110 feet	1110 feet	1118 feet	1107 feet
BUILDING ON SITE	No	Yes (4)	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
FLOOR AREA		11,840 sq.ft.		2,400 sq.ft.				3,600 sq.ft.	
ZONING	Heavy Industry	Light Industry	Heavy Industry	Heavy Industry	Outside City	Industry	Industry	Industry	Industry
FIRE INSURANCE CLASS	6	6	6	. 6	9	6	6	6	6
WATER	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
ELECTRICITY	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
SEWERAGE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
ACCESS ROAD	Rock	Paved	Paved	Paved	Paved	Pave Later	Pave Later	Paved	Paved
RAILROAD SIDING	Border RR	No	Border RR	Yes	No	Border RR	Border RR	No	Border RI
TRUCK LOADING DOCK	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Site #3 is composed of 10 adjacent lots with 4 separate buildings consisting of an 8,000 sq. ft. former hatchery, 2,400 sq. ft. insulated quonset, 640 sq. ft. truck garage and an 880 sq. ft. insulated building.

Site #8 contains a 45' x 80' building, glazed block construction and steel deck roof.

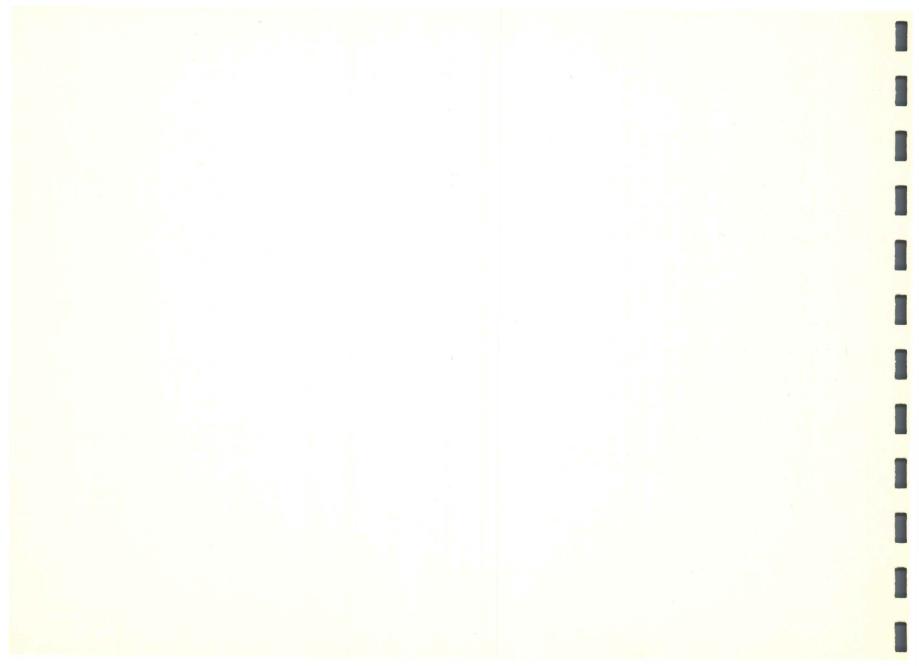
Other choice sites are available in the Belmond area.

BUSINESS FACT SHEET

1959 Income: Total Personal:	\$30, 796, 800	Per Capita: \$1,583		
Individual Taxes	Fiscal Year 1960	Fiscal Year 1965		
Returns Adjusted Gross Income Net Taxable Income State Taxes Paid	5,856 \$24,095,329.91 \$19,673,541.36 \$288,654.00	5,895 \$30,726,988.21 \$25,436,357.69 \$391,270.92		
Corporation Taxes				
Corporation Filing Returns State Tax Paid	31 \$10, 607.51	44 \$16,715.40		
Retail Sales Taxes				
Amount	\$493, 695.78	\$457, 483.05		
1965 Property Tax Receipts:		\$3, 684, 777.20		
Outstanding Debts: None				
Average employer tax rate unc state unemployment insuranc	.78 Per Cent 2.36 Per Cent			
Motor Vehicle Registrations	1960	1965		
Autos Trucks Trucks-Tractors	8,422 2,116 44	8,662 2,284 49		
Labor Unions With Active Mem	nberships			

- (1) International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers
- (2) American Federation of Grain Millers

Time lost in labor disputes in past five years: 3,220 man hours Date of strike: December 15-29,1962 Company affected: Boone Valley Coop Processing Association **17**



TWO NEW STATE LAWS AID IN IOWA ECONOMIC GROWTH

The Iowa Revenue Bond Law, passed by the 1963 General Assembly, allows cities and towns to construct and lease buildings for industrial firms and to pay for these facilities by issuing revenue bonds. Its purpose is to aid economic development of communities where local investment capital is lacking and to help provide employment opportunity in areas of declining population.

In 1965 the General Assembly passed another law that enabled municipalities to equip as well as build facilities for leasing to industry.

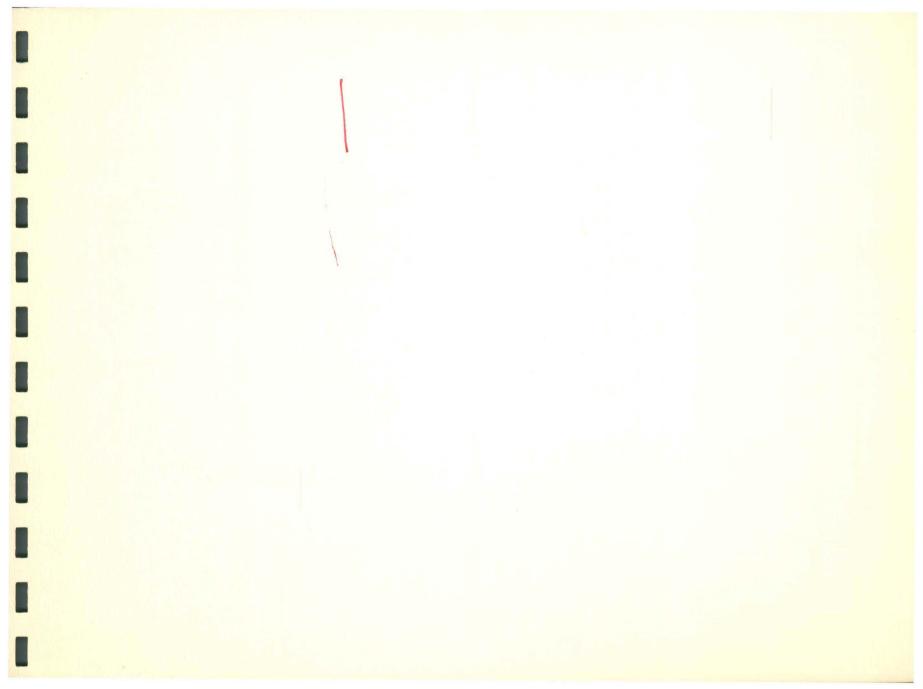
These two new laws and the decision of the Iowa Supreme Court in upholding the Revenue Bond Law is having and should continue to have a stimulating effect on Iowa's economy in the future. Top-caliber manufacturing firms will now have tangible evidence of community interest in their operations. Progressive Iowa cities and towns seeking growth, a healthier economy, and more job opportunities for their residents can use the provisions of these laws to their advantage. The Iowa Employment Security Commission has offices conveniently located in these 34 Iowa cities:

Ames Atlantic Boone Burlington Carroll Cedar Rapids Centerville Charles City Clinton Council Bluffs Creston Davenport Decorah Des Moines Dubuque Fairfield Fort Dodge

Fort Madison Iowa City Keokuk Marshalltown Mason City Muscatine Newton Oelwein Oskaloosa Ottumwa Perry Shenandoah Sioux City Spencer Storm Lake Waterloo Webster City

Contact your nearest Iowa State Employment Service office for additional details on the Smaller Communities Program.

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Smaller Communities Program

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