

# FIGURES AND FACTS ON IOWA'S WORKERS AND WAGES 

The extension of job insurance coverage to agricultural employees, local government employees and additional employees in the service industries, effective January 1, 1978, boosted the total wages of employees protected by the lowa Employment Security Law 26.1 percent during calendar year 1978. Industries in which job insurance protection had previously been extended to nearly all employees reported a total increase in wages of 12.0 percent. The increases are the result of the combined effect of increased employment, a strong economy and national inflation.

The largest percentage increase in total wages occurred in contract construction - 15.3 percent, followed by finance - 13.6 percent, and transportation and public utilities - 12.3 percent. Total wages in state government increased 10.6 percent while wages paid to federal government employees increased 10.4 percent during 1978.

The private sector accounted for 82.6 percent of the total wages paid in lowa, followed by local government -10.3 percent, state government -- 4.5 percent, and federal
government -- 2.7 percent. Within the private sector, the largest amount of wages paid was reported by manufacturing employers - $\$ 3,823,222,793$, followed by employers in the wholesale-retail trade -- $\$ 2,359,406,042$.

The highest average weekly wage went to all employees in manufacturing -- $\$ 290.57$ per week or 37.7 percent above the $\$ 211.05$ average weekly wage paid to all workers. lowans employed in mining received an average weekly wage of $\$ 281.51$ while transportation and public utility employees received an average weekly wage of $\$ 279.83$. The lowest average weekly wage was paid to service industry workers - \$150.24.

Based on annual average data, the number of workers employed in the various industrial groups formed the following pattern: The largest number of workers was employed in wholesale-retail trade -- 288,521, followed by manufacturing -- 253,034 employees. Wholesale-retail trade employers added 9,342 employees to their payrolls while manufacturing employers added 6,780 .

Total Insured Wages by Major Industry Group


Industries in which Coverage was Extended by 1978 Employment Security Law Changes

| Agriculture | .5 | $53,839,490$ | $33,778,486$ | 59.4 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Services | 11.5 | $1,373,822,317$ | $1,168,141,967$ | 17.6 |
| Local Government | 10.2 | $1,220,447,219$ | $6,560,579$ | none <br> nomparable |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Private | 82.6 | $9,834,964,037$ | $8,702,100,762$ | 13.0 |
| Total Employment |  |  |  |  |
| Security Law | 97.3 | $11,588,160,902$ | $9,189,433,779$ | 26.1 |
| Coverage | 2.7 | $317,930,112$ | $287,923,200$ | 10.4 |
| Federal Government | 2.7 |  |  |  |
| Total | 100.0 | $11,906,091,014$ | $9,477,356,979$ | 25.6 |

## The National Scene...

The nation's overall unemployment rate of 5.7 percent, as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor, is little different from the June rate of 5.6 percent and similar to those which have prevailed since August 1978.

Like the unemployment rate, the national total of unemployed, 5.8 million, was about the same as in June, and has remained near this level since last August.

The unemployment figures and rates for various groups are as follows:

## Major Indicators of Labor Market Activity, Seasonally Adjusted

| Selected categories | Quarterly averages |  |  |  |  | Monthly data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1978 |  |  | 1979 |  | 1979 |  |  |
|  | 11 | 111 | IV | I | 11 | May | June | July |
| HOUSEHOLD DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thousands of persons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force..................... | 100,127 | 100,753 | 101,524 | 102,475 | 102,295 | 102,247 | 102,528 | 103,059 |
| Total employment ........ ........ | 94,099 | 94,726 | 95,616 | 96,596 | 96,415 | 96,318 | 96,754 | 97,210 |
| Unemployment..................... | 6,028 | 6,027 | 5,908 | 5,878 | 5,880 | 5,929 | 5,774 | 5,848 |
| Not in labor force ...................... | 58,478 | 58,482 | 58,398 | 58,095 | 58,886 | 58,935 | 58,865 | 58,545 |
| Discouraged workers.............. | 851 | 853 | 760 | 724 | 826 | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Percent of labor force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unemployment rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All workers............................ | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| Adult men............................ | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| Adult women........................ | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.5 |
| Teenagers.............................. | 16.1 | 16.1 | 16.3 | 15.8 | 16.2 | 16.8 | 15.3 | 15.3 |
| White ................................... | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Black and other..................... | 12.1 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 10.8 |
| Full-time workers.................. | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.3 |

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonfarm payroll employment...... | 85,677 | 86,115 | 86,963 | 87,868 | $88,499 p$ | 88,539 | $88,709 p$ |
| Goods-producing industries..... | 25,376 | 25,478 | 25,857 | 26,241 | $26,408 p$ | 26,423 | $26,451 p$ |
| Service-producing industries.... | 60,302 | 60,637 | 61,106 | 61,628 | $62,090 p$ | 62,116 | $62,258 p$ |

Average weekly hours:

| Total private nonfarm............ | 36.0 | 35.8 | 35.9 | 35.8 | 35.6p | 35.7 | 35.7p | 35.7p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing. | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 39.8p | 40.2 | 40.1p | $40.2 p$ |
| Manufacturing overtime..... | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.2p | 3.4 | 3.3p | 3.3 p |

## ...and in lowa

lowa's unemployment rate rose slightly, to 3.5 percent from the June rate of 3.3 percent. This, however, is below the rates recorded earlier in the year. In January the rate was 5.1 percent. The year-ago figure was 4.0 percent.

In lowa, the number of unemployed rose by 2,200 over the month, yielding a total of 50,900 . This represents 3.5 percent of a total labor force of $1,471,400$.

Nonagricultural employment, while being essentially unchanged at the national level, was down by 17,000 in lowa. Most of the decline from June was in local government, with the remainder in the durable goods sector. In durable goods, farm machinery, primary metals, electrical equipment and fabricated metals all fell. A series of plant
closings, totaling 700 in meat packing, was the major change in nondurable goods.

Services dropped 1,200 from June, all in private education; local government declined 14,700, mostly in public schools.

Nationally there was little change in nonfarm payroll employment.

Workers in lowa's private sector earned \$228.02 a week during July, compared to a national rate of $\$ 221.40$ a week.

Quite a bit more overtime was recorded in construction machinery during July, and as a result, this industry showed the largest gain in weekly earnings. Farm machinery workers increased substantially, also.

Recession is a word not to be used lightly, however measurements at the national level indicate that, indeed, we are in the early stages of the seventh recession since the end of World War II. Iowa may be insulated from
immediate effects, such as drastic drops in employment and dramatic rises in the number of unemployed, however progressive inflation is felt immediately by everyone.

# EMPLOYERS' PAGE 

Shorter days and fallen leaves are reminders that the time to check holiday preparations has come. Advertisements, store counters and window displays testify that many of you have already done much to greet the season. But better go over your list to make sure you have covered everything. Of prime importance...have you made arrangements for extra workers to take care of the business rush?

Employers often wait too long to look for "extra's"... until the demand has overtaken the supply. Now is better... while there are many potential employees available... and while you have the time.

## Job Service at Your Service

Job Service of lowa can make your task easier...at great savings in money, effort and time.

This year, as usual, Job Service offers assistance in finding the best qualified workers for your holiday positions. This special service, available without charge, should reduce many problems and pressures that accompany the busiest of busy times.


All you have to do is contact Job Service and describe the workers you'll need.

- If you're a merchandise-maker and need more people to make more merchandise in a hurry, your local Job Service office will suggest suitable applicants for the job.
- If you're responsible for deliveries--from factories or warehouses, to retailers or purchasers--Job Service will find workers to help carry the load.
- If you're a retailer, arrangements can be made for "extra" assistance in the many services and details of your business...to stock, demonstrate, promote and bill your bulging inventory and to wrap-up merchandise and sales.
- If you're in the restaurant business, instant or longstaying, sit-in or carry-out, Job Service personnel will refer extra workers to handle holiday refreshments...taste to party-size.

Whatever your employment needs, Job Service will recruit, select and refer applicants who qualify.

The Way it Works

Through personal interviews and with the aid of application information, staff members will screen all available applicants and suggest those most suitable, based upon their experience and capability for the work.

You make the selections. You decide how many and which applicants you want to consider for employment as well as the ones to hire.

With Job Service assistance, you have the opportunity to select from a large group of qualified applicants without the necessity of going through all of the preliminaries. You save the money which would have been involved in those personnel procedures...and you save valuable worktime.

## " Early " Advantages

For the best selection, it's wise to call early. Many prospective employees are seriously "looking" now-students and teachers, wanting part-time work on weekends or temporary jobs during vacations...permanent iob-holders, interested in after-hour and week-end work. A number of women who do not ordinarily work start thinking about temporary jobs to supplement the family income...many with working experience or business skills, some with special knowledge of clothing, furnishings, jewelry, crafts or toys.

Job Service interviewers work hard to fit applicants into suitable positions, where they can best serve companies and their clientele. Employers who place orders early benefit from the supply of applicants and the special screening...they have a chance to choose from the "choice."

For help when you need it, call Job Service of Iowa. You can set the starting date and the length of time each job will last. You may want to bring some workers in early, to help with preparations, to train in general procedures or for particular tasks. Perhaps you'd like to retain some of the "extra's" through January sales and inventory... or keep them as "regulars." Whatever your needs, Job Service will look for applicants to fill your requests.

If you'd like assistance in planning holiday schedules or writing iob descriptions or for other personnel matters, an employer service representative will be glad to help.

Whatever your employment needs, you can count on Job Service. Just contact the nearest of the 76 local Job Placement offices throughout the state.

Call now and place your "extra" iob orders. Be ready for the busiest days of the year.

Table I - Civilian Labor Force by Place of Residence

|  | Resident Civilian Labor Force 1 / | Resident Unemployed | Percent Unemployed | Resident Total Employment 2/ | Nonagricultural Wage and Salary 3/ | Self-employed, Unpaid Family \& Domestic Workers 4/ | Agriculture |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa. | 1,471,400 | 50,900 | 3.5 | 1,420,500 | 1,060,500 | 154,400 | 205,600 |
| Cedar Rapids. | 87,200 | 2,700 | 3.1 | 84,400 | 74,900 | 6,300 | 3,200 |
| Council Bluffs.................. | 43,600 | 2,100 | 4.8 | 41,600 | * | * | * |
| Davenport........................ | 71,000 | 2,500 | 3.6 | 68,500 |  |  | 3,900 |
| Des Moines. | 182,100 | 6,800 | 3.7 | 175,400 | 156,800 | 14,600 | 3,900 |
| Dubuque.......................... | 45,900 | 2,100 | 4.6 | 43,800 | 37,300 | 3,300 | 3,100 |
| Sioux City........................ | 56,800 | 3,600 | 6.3 | 53,200 | 44,300 | 5,700 | 3,200 |
| Waterloo ......................... | 69,600 | 2,700 | 3.9 | 66,900 | 58,900 | 5,700 | 2,300 |
| June 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| lowa. | 1,483,800 | 48,700 | 3.3 | 1,435,000 | 1,077,200 | 150,200 | 207,600 |
| Cedar Rapids................... | 88,600 | 2,900 | 3.3 | 85,700 | 76,200 | 6,100 | 3,300 |
| Council Bluffs.a................. | 43,900 | 2,100 | 4.8 | 41,800 | * | * | * |
| Davenport....................... | 71,000 | 2,400 | 3.4 | 68,600 | 159,200 | , 200 |  |
| Des Moines...................... | 183,300 | 5,900 | 3.2 | 177,300 | 159,200 | 14,200 | 4,000 |
| Dubuque......................... | 46,000 | 2,000 | 4.4 | 44,000 | 37,600 | 3,200 | 3,100 |
| Sioux City....................... | 57,000 | 3,500 | 6.1 | 53,500 | 44,800 | 5,500 | 3,200 |
| Waterloo......................... | 69,100 | 2,700 | 3.9 | 66,400 | 58,700 | 5,400 | 2,300 |
| July 1978 |  | 58,000 | 4.0 | 1,403,700 | 1,042,900 | 150,800 | 210,100 |
| Cedar Rapids..................... | $1,461,700$ 84,800 | 2,900 | 3.5 | 1,403,700 | 7, 72,500 | 6,100 | 3,300 |
| Council Bluffs.................. | 42,800 | 2,300 | 5.4 | 40,500 | * | * | * |
| Davenport....................... | 68,700 | 3,200 | 4.7 | 65,400 | ** | ** | * |
| Des Moines...................... | 180,700 | 7,600 | 4.2 | 173,100 | 154,800 | 14,300 | 4,000 |
| Dubuque.. | 44,500 | 2,600 | 5.8 | 42,000 | 35,600 | 3,200 | 3,200 |
| Sioux City ....................... | 57,000 | 3,600 | 6.4 | 53,400 | 44,500 | 5,700 | 3,300 |
| Waterloo......................... | 66,700 | 3,600 | 5.4 | 63,100 | 55,500 | 5,300 | 2,300 |

Latest month's data is preliminary. Detail may not add up to total due to rounding. Council Bluffs and Davenport areas include lowa portions only.
*Data not available at time of publication. (March, 1978 benchmark levels)
1/ Includes unemployed and employed individuals. Establishment employment data is adjusted to commuting, multiple job holding, and unpaid absence patterns.
2/ Includes nonagricultural wage and salary, self-employed, unpaid family, domestic and agriculture workers.
3/ Includes all full and part-time wage and salary workers, excluding domestics, who were employed or involved in a labor-management dispute during the week including the 12 th of the month.
4/ Includes nonagricultural self employed persons, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.

Table II - Hours and Earnings for Manufacturing Production Workers in Selected Iowa Areas 1/

|  | Average Weekly Earnings |  |  | Average Weekly Hours |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July | July | June | July |
|  | 1979 | 1979 | 1978 | 1979 | 1979 | 1978 | 1979 | 1979 | 1978 |
| Cedar Rapids................ | \$316.31 | \$313.80 | \$313.46 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 44.4 | \$7.81 | \$7.71 | \$7.06 |
| Council Bluffs.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Davenport................... | 400.32 | 409.17 | 343.31 | 41.7 | 42.8 | 40.2 | 9.60 | 9.56 | 8.54 |
| Des Moines.................. | 309.89 | 311.95 | 281.86 | 38.4 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 8.07 | 8.04 | 7.34 |
| Dubuque.................... | 429.66 | 365.42 | 338.99 | 46.5 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 9.24 | 9.09 | 8.37 |
| Sioux City.................. | 289.39 | 290.79 | 222.86 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 35.6 | 6.99 | 6.94 | 6.26 |
| Waterloo..................... | 453.55 | 410.55 | 399.46 | 47.0 | 42.9 | 45.6 | 9.65 | 9.57 | 8.76 |

1/ See footnote - Table III
*Data not available.

Table III - Hours and Earnings of lowa Production or Nonsupervisory Workers 1/

|  | Average Weekly Earnings |  |  | Average Weekly Hours |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  | Average Weekly Overtime Hours $1 /$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL PRIVATE | \$228.02 | \$223.86 | \$208.46 | 36.6 | 36.4 | 36.7 | \$6.23 | \$6.15 | \$5.68 | * | * | * |
| MANUFACTURING. | 320.62 | 311.08 | 280.19 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 7.82 | 7.70 | 7.04 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| Durable Goods. | 337.50 | 322.22 | 287.45 | 42.4 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 7.96 | 7.84 | 7.08 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 2.9 |
| Lumber \& furniture | 213.14 | 223.84 | 214.68 | 34.6 | 35.7 | 38.2 | 6.16 | 6.27 | 5.62 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| Stone, clay \& glass products. | 329.25 | 308.00 | 301.53 | 43.9 | 42.6 | 43.7 | 7.50 | 7.23 | 6.90 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 7.0 |
| Primary metal industries......................... | 380.16 | 385.86 | 344.16 | 43.2 | 43.6 | 42.7 | 8.80 | 8.85 | 8.06 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.2 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 258.18 | 259.25 | 242.19 | 39.0 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 6.62 | 6.58 | 6.21 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| Machinery except electrical..................... | 430.13 | 399.23 | 367.04 | 46.3 | 43.3 | 43.8 | 9.29 | 9.22 | 8.38 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.6 |
| Farm machinery ............................... | 452.68 | 413.60 | 403.49 | 47.5 | 43.4 | 46.7 | 9.53 | 9.53 | 8.64 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 4.0 |
| Construction \& related machinery....... | 461.50 | 420.30 | 376.61 | 46.9 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 9.84 | 9.82 | 8.82 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 3.2 |
| Electrical equipment \& supplies................ | 266.37 | 256.23 | 210.80 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 34.5 | 6.83 | 6.69 | 6.11 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Transportation equipment....................... | 224.40 | 227.01 | 210.00 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 40.0 | 5.50 | 5.51 | 5.25 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.3 |
| Other durable goods................................ | 210.74 | 216.06 | 195.19 | 37.7 | 39.0 | 37.9 | 5.59 | 5.54 | 5.15 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Nondurable Goods. | 292.96 | 293.22 | 270.51 | 38.7 | 39.2 | 38.7 | 7.57 | 7.48 | 6.99 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
| Food \& kindred products........................ | 338.08 | 330.88 | 302.20 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 39.4 | 8.41 | 8.19 | 7.67 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| Meat products................................... | 366.83 | 350.24 | 325.25 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 38.4 | 9.24 | 8.80 | 8.47 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 3.4 |
| Grain mill products. | 349.83 | 356.59 | 313.66 | 41.4 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 8.45 | 8.45 | 7.54 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 4.3 |
| Apparel \& other textile products.............. | 149.33 | 144.89 | 136.16 | 36.6 | 35.6 | 37.0 | 4.08 | 4.07 | 3.68 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| Paper \& allied products........ | 256.19 | 256.31 | 245.74 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 41.3 | 6.31 | 6.36 | 5.95 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.3 |
| Printing \& publishing.. | 240.06 | 238.48 | 228.33 | 35.2 | 35.7 | 36.3 | 6.82 | 6.68 | 6.29 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.8 |
| Newspapers...................................... | 191.26 | 190.95 | 186.98 | 29.2 | 31.1 | 31.8 | 6.55 | 6.14 | 5.88 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.0 |
| Chemicals \& allied products. | 316.65 | 319.30 | 283.91 | 40.7 | 41.2 | 40.1 | 7.78 | 7.75 | 7.08 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| Rubber \& plastics products, nec............... | 279.33 | 306.14 | 270.38 | 36.9 | 39.4 | 37.5 | 7.57 | 7.77 | 7.21 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 2.7 |
| Other nondurable goods......... | 159.07 | 161.83 | 154.22 | 36.4 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 4.37 | 4.27 | 4.08 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| NONMANUFACTURING. | 197.82 | 194.81 | 184.93 | 35.2 | 35.1 | 35.7 | 5.62 | 5.55 | 5.18 | * | * | * |
| Mining... | 310.07 | 317.13 | 296.09 | 48.6 | 50.1 | 50.1 | 6.38 | 6.33 | 5.91 | * | * | * |
| Contract construction. | 374.66 | 367.85 | 355.39 | 39.9 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 9.39 | 9.36 | 9.02 | * | * | * |
| Transportation \& public utilities............... | 334.91 | 325.40 | 298.82 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 8.07 | 7.86 | 7.36 | * | * | * |
| Wholesale \& retail trade. | 169.74 | 169.05 | 158.93 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 34.4 | 4.92 | 4.90 | 4.62 | * | * | * |
| Finance, insurance \& real estate. | 175.90 | 174.56 | 154.09 | 36.8 | 37.3 | 36.6 | 4.78 | 4.68 | 4.21 | * | * | * |
| Services ............................................. | 144.32 | 142.46 | 141.04 | 32.0 | 31.8 | 34.4 | 4.51 | 4.48 | 4.10 | * | * | * |

1/ Estimates based upon a sample of full and part-time production and related employees, who worked during or received pay for the payroll period which includes the 12 th of the month. Besides changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, average hourly earnings reflect such variable factors as overtime premium pay, late shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive basis. They also reflect changing employment of workers between relatively high-paid and low-paid work, and full-time and part-time status. Revised to most current information available at publication. (March, 1978 benchmark levels) *Data not available

|  |  | Total |  |  | Women |  | Unemployed 5 Weeks or Longer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | July 1978 | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total............................... | 18,842 | 17,912 | 20,986 | 8,706 | 8,114 | 9,545 | 11,126 | 10,568 | 12,059 |
| Contract Construction..... | 2,086 | 2,237 | 1,743 | 98* | 94* | 97* | 1,178 | 1,471 | 970* |
| Mianufacturing................ | 7,170 | 6,505 | 9,011 | 3,512 | 3,181 | 3,834 | 4,176 | 3,644 | 4,777 |
| Durable Goods.............. | 4,390 | 4,077 | 6,110 | 2,252 | 2,111 | 2,684 | 2,844 | 2,147 | 3,290 |
| Nondurable Goods......... | 2,779 | 2,428 | 2,900 | 1,260 | 1,070 | 1,150 | 1,331 | 1,497 | 1,487 |
| Trade .............................. | 4,407 | 4,196 | 4,834 | 2,340 | 2,234 | 2,584 | 2,587 | 2,599 | 3,014 |
| Services........................... | 2,666 | 2,599 | 2,820 | 1,738 | 1,652 | 1,813 | 1,683 | 1,448 | 1,836 |
| All Other Industries........... | 2,513 | 2,374 | 2,578 | 1,019 | 953 | 1,217 | 1,502 | 1,405 | 1,461 |

[^0]Table V - Iowa Labor Force Summary
July 1979
Data based on place of residence

| County - Labor Area | 1/Labor Force | Unemployed | Unadjusted Rate | 2/Employment | 3/Nonag Wage and Salary | 4/Self-Employed, Unpaid Family, Domestics | Agriculture |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lowa - Statewide | 1,471,400 | 50,900 | 3.5 | 1,420,500 | 1,060,500 | 154,400 | 205,600 |
| Cedar Rapids SMSA | 87,200 | 2,700 | 3.1 | 84,400 | 74,900 | 6,300 | 3,200 |
| Des Moines SMSA | 182,100 | 6,800 | 3.7 | 175,400 | 156,800 | 14,600 | 3,900 |
| Dubuque SMSA | 45,900 | 2,100 | 4.6 | 43,800 | 37,300 | 3,300 | 3,100 |
| Sioux City SMSA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Waterloo - Cedar Falls SMSA | 69,600 | 2,700 | 3.9 | 66,900 | 58,900 | 5,700 | 2,300 |
| Adair - Greenfield | 5,100 | 100 | 2.0 | 5,000 | 2,190 | 540 | 2,280 |
| Adams - Corning | 2,800 | 80 | 2.8 | 2,720 | 1,210 | 380 | 1,130 |
| Allamakee - Waukon | 8,010 | 210 | 2.7 | 7,790 | 4,270 | 1,230 | 2,290 |
| Appanoose - Centerville | 6,240 | 310 | 4.9 | 5,930 | 3,810 | 980 | 1,140 |
| Audubon - Audubon | 4,570 | 80 | 1.7 | 4,490 | 2,120 | 630 | 1,750 |
| Benton - Vinton | 11,550 | 260 | 2.3 | 11,290 | 7,160 | 1,330 | 2,800 |
| Black Hawk <br> (Waterloo - Cedar Falls SMSA) | 69,600 | 2,700 | 3.9 | 66,900 | 58,900 | 5,700 | 2,300 |
| Boone - Boone | 13,010 | 340 | 2.6 | 12,670 | 9,450 | 1,370 | 1,860 |
| Bremer - Waverly | 11,030 | 300 | 2.7 | 10,730 | 7,560 | 1,080 | 2,080 |
| Buchanan - Independence | 11,680 | 330 | 2.8 | 11,350 | 7,650 | 1,200 | 2,500 |
| Buena Vista - Storm Lake | 10,550 | 230 | 2.2 | 10,320 | 6,940 | 1,180 | 2,200 |
| Butler - Allison | 10,060 | 190 | 1.9 | 9,870 | 6,240 | 1,360 | 2,280 |
| Calhoun - Rockwell City | 6,290 | 140 | 2.2 | 6,150 | 3,520 | 820 | 1,810 |
| Carroll - Carroll | 12,130 | 340 | 2.8 | 11,790 | 6,960 | 2,150 | 2,690 |
| Cass - Atlantic | 9,690 | 180 | 1.8 | 9,510 | 5,630 | 1,480 | 2,410 |
| Cedar - Tipton | 9,290 | 170 | 1.9 | 9,120 | 5,440 | 1,250 | 2,420 |
| Cerro Gordo - Mason City | 26,050 | 1,170 | 4.5 | 24,880 | 20,880 | 2,350 | 1,650 |
| Cherokee - Cherokee | 8,320 | 210 | 2.5 | 8,100 | 5,000 | 1,010 | 2,090 |
| Chickasaw - New Hampton | 7,690 | 280 | 3.7 | 7,410 | 4,230 | 1,090 | 2,090 |
| Clarke - Osceola | 4,690 | 130 | 2.8 | 4,560 | 2,510 | 580 | 1,470 |
| Clay - Spencer | 10,810 | 300 | 2.8 | 10,510 | 7,340 | 1,300 | 1,870 |
| Clayton - Guttenberg | 11,280 | 280 | 2.5 | 11,000 | 5,690 | 1,830 | 3,480 |
| Clinton-Clinton | 28,310 | 1,140 | 4.0 | 27,170 | 21,550 | 2,620 | 3,000 |
| Crawford - Denison | 9,690 | 360 | 3.7 | 9,340 | 5,370 | 1,120 | 2,860 |
| Dallas - Perry | 13,650 | 400 | 2.9 | 13,260 | 9,790 | 1,380 | 2,080 |
| Davis - Bloomfield | 4,000 | 140 | 3.5 | 3,860 | 2,130 | 670 | 1,060 |
| Decatur - Leon | 4,140 | 120 | 2.8 | 4,030 | 2,370 | 480 | 1,180 |
| Delaware - Manchester | 9,580 | 230 | 2.4 | 9,350 | 5,090 | 1,440 | 2,820 |
| Des Moines - Burlington | 20,340 | 950 | 4.6 | 19,390 | 16,560 | 1,600 | 1,230 |
| Dickinson - Spirit Lake | 8,740 | 260 | 2.9 | 8,490 | 5,640 | 1,400 | 1,440 |
| Dubuque - Dubuque SMSA | 45,900 | 2,100 | 4.6 | 43,800 | 37,300 | 3,300 | 3,100 |
| Emmet - Estherville | 6,560 | 200 | 3.0 | 6,360 | 4,490 | 750 | 1,130 |
| Fayette - Oelwein | 12,370 | 410 | 3.3 | 11,960 | 7,480 | 1,500 | 2,980 |
| Floyd - Charles City | 7,880 | 440 | 5.6 | 7,440 | 4,970 | 890 | 1,580 |
| Franklin - Hampton | 7,320 | 140 | 2.0 | 7,170 | 3,650 | 1,010 | 2,520 |
| Fremont - Sidney | 5,260 | 140 | 2.7 | 5,120 | 2,720 | 630 | 1,770 |
| Greene - Jefferson | 6,230 | 100 | 1.5 | 6,130 | 3,400 | 900 | 1,830 |
| Grundy - Grundy Center | 6,940 | 110 | 1.6 | 6,830 | 4,000 | 610 | 2,210 |
| Guthrie - Guthrie Center | 5,920 | 110 | 1.8 | 5,810 | 3,000 | 800 | 2,010 |
| Hamilton - Webster City | 8,900 | 190 | 2.1 | 8,710 | 5,420 | 1,230 | 2,060 |
| Hancock - Garner | 8,280 | 560 | 6.7 | 7,730 | 4,730 | 950 | 2,050 |
| Hardin - lowa Falls | 11,380 | 190 | 1.7 | 11,190 | 7,540 | 1,490 | 2,160 |
| Harrison - Missouri Valley | 7,390 | 230 | 3.2 | 7,160 | 3,970 | 1,040 | 2,150 |
| Henry - Mount Pleasant | 10,630 | 310 | 2.9 | 10,320 | 7,550 | 1,290 | 1,480 |
| Howard - Cresco | 5,860 | 180 | 3.1 | 5,680 | 2,860 | 900 | 1,910 |
| Humboldt - Humboldt | 5,940 | 140 | 2.3 | 5,800 | 3,440 | 820 | 1,530 |

Note: Footnotes identical to Table I.

| County - Labor Area | 1/Labor Force | Unemployed | Unadjusted Rate | 2/Employment | 3/Nonag Wage and Salary | 4/Self-Employed, Unpaid Family, Domestics | Agriculture |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ida - Ida Grove | 4,850 | 70 | 1.5 | 4,780 | 2,240 | 790 | 1,740 |
| lowa - Marengo | 9,720 | 150 | 1.6 | 9,570 | 5,980 | 1,250 | 2,340 |
| Jackson - Maquoketa | 10,990 | 520 | 4.7 | 10,470 | 6,420 | 1,330 | 2,720 |
| Jasper - Newton | 16,390 | 640 | 3.9 | 15,750 | 11,280 | 1,800 | 2,670 |
| Jefferson - Fairfield | 7,670 | 240 | 3.2 | 7,430 | 5,160 | 1,000 | 1,260 |
| Johnson - Iowa City | 42,430 | 990 | 2.3 | 41,440 | 35,620 | 3,200 | 2,620 |
| Jones - Anamosa | 10,560 | 270 | 2.6 | 10,290 | 6,530 | 1,290 | 2,470 |
| Keokuk - Sigourney | 5,890 | 230 | 3.9 | 5,660 | 2,740 | 700 | 2,220 |
| Kossuth - Algona | 12,710 | 600 | 4.7 | 12,110 | 6,610 | 1,910 | 3,600 |
| Lee - Ft. Madison - Keokuk | 22,620 | 970 | 4.3 | 21,640 | 17,930 | 2,360 | 1,350 |
| Linn - Cedar Rapids SMSA | 87,200 | 2,700 | 3.1 | 84,400 | 74,900 | 6,300 | 3,200 |
| Louisa - Wapello | 4,590 | 200 | 4.4 | 4,390 | 3,040 | 410 | 940 |
| Lucas - Chariton | 4,750 | 170 | 3.6 | 4,580 | 2,960 | 540 | 1,080 |
| Lyan - Rock Rapids | 7,150 | 130 | 1.8 | 7,020 | 3,620 | 1,030 | 2,370 |
| Miadison - Winterset | 6,330 | 170 | 2.6 | 6,160 | 3,760 | 700 | 1,700 |
| Mahaska - Oskaloosa | 10,690 | 330 | 3.1 | 10,350 | 6,940 | 1,410 | 2,010 |
| Marion - Knoxville | 15,830 | 310 | 2.0 | 15,520 | 12,080 | 1,700 | 1,730 |
| Marshall - Marshalltown | 20,450 | 630 | 3.1 | 19,820 | 15,180 | 2,250 | 2,390 |
| Mills - Glenwood | 6,630 | 190 | 2.9 | 6,430 | 4,400 | 590 | 1,450 |
| Mitchell - Osage | 6,470 | 350 | 5.4 | 6,120 | 3,180 | 940 | 2,000 |
| Monona - Onawa | 5,680 | 180 | 3.2 | 5,500 | 2,900 | 850 | 1,760 |
| Monroe - Albia | 5,320 | 170 | 3.2 | 5,150 | 3,690 | 680 | 780 |
| Montgomery - Red Oak | 7,060 | 140 | 2.0 | 6,920 | 4,450 | 890 | 1,580 |
| Muscatine - Muscatine | 20,780 | 720 | 3.4 | 20,060 | 16,420 | 1,940 | 1,700 |
| O'Brien - Sheldon | 8,320 | 180 | 2.1 | 8,140 | 4,680 | 1,330 | 2,130 |
| Osceola - Sibley | 3,820 | 80 | 2.0 | 3,740 | 1,840 | 560 | 1,340 |
| Page - Shenandcah | 10,590 | 220 | 2.1 | 10,370 | 6,710 | 1,200 | 2,460 |
| Palo Alto - Emmetsburg | 5,710 | 170 | 3.0 | 5,530 | 3,060 | 850 | 1,630 |
| Plymouth - Le Mars | 12,140 | 440 | 3.6 | 11,700 | 7,070 | 1,160 | 3,470 |
| Pocahontas - Pocahontas | 5,260 | 110 | 2.1 | 5,150 | 2,560 | 690 | 1,900 |
| Polk - (Part of Des Moines SMSA) | 164,800 | 6,300 | 3.8 | 158,500 |  |  |  |
| Pottawattamie * Part - Omaha SMSA | 43,600 | 2,100 | 4.8 | 41,600 |  |  |  |
| Poweshiek - Grinnell | 10,430 | 230 | 2.2 | 10,200 | 6,700 | 1,110 | 2,390 |
| Ringgold - Mount Ayr | 3,550 | 50 | 1.4 | 3,490 | 1,420 | 490 | 1.590 |
| Sac - Sac City | 7,090 | 140 | 2.0 | 6,950 | 3,380 | 960 | 2,610 |
| Scott * Part of DRIM SMSA | 71,000 | 2,500 | 3.6 | 68,500 |  |  |  |
| Shelby - Harlan | 6,820 | 190 | 2.8 | 6,630 | 3,410 | 930 | 2,300 |
| Sioux - Orange City | 16,450 | 380 | 2.3 | 16,060 | 9,670 | 2,360 | 4,040 |
| Story - Ames | 36,950 | 850 | 2.3 | 36,100 | 29,610 | 3,330 | 3,160 |
| Tama - Tama-Toledo | 10,460 | 190 | 1.8 | 10,270 | 6,000 | 1,340 | 2,920 |
| Taylor - Bedford | 3,980 | 70 | 1.8 | 3,910 | 1,530 | 580 | 1,800 |
| Union - Creston | 7,480 | 190 | 2.5 | 7,290 | 5,110 | 1,020 | 1,160 |
| Van Buren - Keosauqua | 4,070 | 110 | 2.6 | 3,960 | 2,380 | 560 | 1,030 |
| Wapello - Ottumwa | 17,710 | 1,140 | 6.4 | 16,580 | 13,860 | 1,680 | 1,040 |
| Warren - (Part of Des Moines SMSA) | 17,300 | 400 | 2.6 | 16,900 |  |  |  |
| Washington - Washington | 10,980 | 280 | 2.5 | 10,710 | 7,050 | 1,610 | 2,050 |
| Wayne - Corydon | 4,070 | 80 | 2.0 | 3,980 | 1,970 | 520 | 1,490 |
| Webster - Fort Dodge | 23,550 | 790 | 3.3 | 22,760 | 18,310 | 2,310 | 2,150 |
| Winnebago - Forest City | 6,570 | 860 | 13.0 | 5,710 | 3,620 | 780 | 1,310 |
| Winneshiek - Decorah | 11,080 | 310 | 2.8 | 10,780 | 5,960 | 1,330 | 3,490 |
| Woodbury - (Part of Sioux City SMSA) | ) 50,400 | 3,400 | 6.6 | 47,100 |  |  |  |
| Worth - Northwood | 4,560 | 330 | 7.2 | 4,230 | 2,450 | 430 | 1,350 |
| Wright - Clarion | 8,280 | 260 | 3.1 | 8,030 | 4,910 | 1,070 | 2,050 |

Table VI Selected Characteristics of the Insured Unemployed by Industry and Occupation in Iowa 1/

| Industry and Occupation | Total | Nonwhite | Male | Age Group |  | Weeks Claimed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Under 25 | Over 54 | Under 5 | Over 15 |
| Industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total................................................. | 13,821 | 368 | 7,156 | 4,838 | 1,453 | 3,144 | 4,252 |
| Mining.. | 34 | 0 | 29 | 17 | 6 | 4 | 11 |
| Contract Construction.................... | 1,541 | 42 | 1,465 | 505 | 197 | 231 | 727 |
| Manufacturing.............................. | 5,752 | 130 | 2,733 | 2,200 | 477 | 1,393 | 1,492 |
| Durable Goods......................... | 3,824 | 62 | 1,772 | 1,513 | 339 | 793 | 1,002 |
| Nondurable Goods.................... | 1,928 | 68 | 961 | 687 | 138 | 600 | 490 |
| Public Utilities.............................. | 561 | 17 | 443 | 118 | 62 | 104 | 236 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade............... | 3,020 | 58 | 1,367 | 1,086 | 390 | 753 | 901 |
| Finance, Insurance and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real Estate.............................. | 267 | 8 | 90 | 92 | 23 | 54 | 97 |
| Services........................................ | 1,739 | 68 | 490 | 470 | 219 | 422 | 456 |
| State and Local Government............. | 152 | 6 | 61 | 27 | 21 | 39 | 50 |
| Information Not Available................ | 755 | 39 | 478 | 323 | 58 | 144 | 282 |
| Occupation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prof./Tech./Managerial.................... | 354 | 13 | 189 | 62 | 29 | 88 | 113 |
| Clerical/Sales................................. | 588 | 13 | 133 | 201 | 79 | 129 | 202 |
| Service..... | 343 | 15 | 112 | 108 | 64 | 79 | 93 |
| Farming/Fishing/Forestry.... | 28 | 0 | 20 | 19 | 6 | 8 | 5 |
| Industrial Categories: By Type of Work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Processing............................ | 150 | 4 | 112 | 62 | 10 | 30 | 47 |
| Machine Trades................... | 146 | 5 | 117 | 50 | 15 | 31 | 51 |
| Bench Work......................... | 346 | 1 | 74 | 90 | 36 | 53 | 189 |
| Structural Work.................... | 261 | 11 | 246 | 116 | 29 | 68 | 95 |
| Miscellaneous....................... | 350 | 8 | 273 | 165 | 21 | 89 | 116 |
| By Complexity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High................................... | 94 | 2 | 80 | 29 | 14 | 24 | 33 |
| Medium............................... | 159 | 6 | 105 | 49 | 13 | 29 | 73 |
| Low................................... | 811 | 19 | 483 | 312 | 74 | 166 | 328 |
| Information Not Available............... | 11,255 | 298 | 5,880 | 3,965 | 1,164 | 2,569 | 3,341 |

$1 /$ Data covers individuals claiming benefits for the week including the 12 th of the month. Compiled as part of a cooperative program with the Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor.

Table VII - Gross and Spendable Average Weekly Earnings of Iowa Production or Nonsupervisory Workers


| (By Place of Work) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Change From: |  |
|  |  |  | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1979 \\ \text { to } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1978 \\ \text { to } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | July | June | July | July | July |
|  | 1979 | 1979 | 1978 | 1979 | 1979 |
| TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL | 1,125,500 | 1,142,500 | 1,096,200 | - 17,000 | 29,300 |
| MANUFACTURING.......................... | 259,600 | 262,500 | 248,000 | - 2,900 | 11,600 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 164,500 | 167,000 | 154,000 | - 2,500 | 10,500 |
| Lumber \& furniture. | 10,200 | 10,600 | 10,000 | -400 | 200 |
| Stone, clay \& glass products.................. | 8,100 | 8,000 | 7,800 | 100 | 300 |
| Primary metal industries....................... | 9,200 | 9,700 | 8,000 | - 500 | 1,200 |
| Fabricated metal products.................... | 20,600 | 21,000 | 20,500 | -400 | 100 |
| Machinery except electrical.................. | 71,200 | 71,500 | 62,200 | - 300 | 9,000 |
| Farm machinery................................ | 29,600 | 30,300 | 25,000 | - 700 | 4,600 |
| Construction \& related machinery......... | 24,600 | 24,400 | 22,000 | 200 | 2,600 |
| Electrical equipment \& supplies............. | 26,000 | 26,500 | 24,900 | - 500 | 1,100 |
| Transportaion equipment...................... | 9,100 | 9,300 | 10,200 | - 200 | - 1,100 |
| Other durable goods 2/......................... | 10,200 | 10,400 | 10,400 | - 200 | - 200 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS.................. | 95,100 | 95,600 | 94,000 | - 500 | 1,100 |
| Food \& kindred products. | 46,300 | 46,700 | 47,300 | - 400 | - 1,000 |
| Meat products................................... | 22,800 | 23,500 | 24,300 | - 700 | - 1,500 |
| Grain mill products ........................... | 11,000 | 10,900 | 10,500 | 100 | 500 |
| Bakery products.. | 2,500 | 2,200 | 2,600 | 300 | - 100 |
| Appare! \& other textile products........... | 4,300 | 4,400 | 4,300 | - 100 | 0 |
| Paper \& allied products......................... | 4,400 | 4,400 | 4,100 | 0 | 300 |
| Printing \& publishing........................... | 17,900 | 17,600 | 17,300 | 300 | 600 |
| Newspapers. | 7,800 | 7,700 | 7,400 | 100 | 400 |
| Chemicals \& allied products.................. | 8,200 | 8,300 | 7900 | - 100 | 300 |
| Rubber \& plastics products, nec............. | 11,700 | 11,800 | 10,800 | - 100 | 900 |
| Other nondurable goods 3/................... | 2,400 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 100 | 100 |
| NONMANUFACTURING. | 865,900 | 880,000 | 848,200 | - 14,100 | 17,700 |
| Nonmetallic mining. | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 0 | - 0 |
| Contract construction. | 66,000 | 64,100 | 65,400 | 1,900 | 600 |
| Transportation \& public utilities. | 57,900 | 58,000 | 56,500 | - 100 | 1,400 |
| Railroad transportation | 8,300 | 8,300 | 8,400 | 0 | - 100 |
| Communication.................................. | 14,400 | 14,300 | 14,000 | 100 | 400 |
| Electric, gas \& sanitary services............ | 10,600 | 10,600 | 10,600 | 0 | 0 |
| Wholesale \& retail trade........................ | 292,800 | 292,300 | 282,200 | 500 | 10,600 |
| Wholesale trade. | 78,200 | 76,400 | 73,000 | 1,800 | 5,200 |
| Retail trade. | 214,600 | 215,900 | 209,200 | - 1,300 | 5,400 |
| Retail, general merchandise................ | 27,200 | 27,500 | 28,300 | - 300 | - 1,100 |
| Finance, insurance \& real estate............. | 58,600 | 58,600 | 56,400 | 0 | 2,200 |
| Banking. | 18,200 | 18,100 | 17,400 | 100 | 800 |
| Insurance carriers \& agents................... | 22,900 | 22,900 | 22,000 | 0 | 900 |
| Servicos............................................. | 197,300 | 198,500 | 190,300 | - 1,200 | 7,000 |
| Medical \& other health services............ | 74,900 | 74,700 | 72,000 | 200 | 2,900 |
| Government....................................... | 190,800 | 206,000 | 194,800 | - 15,200 | -4,000 |
| Federal government............................ | 19,700 | 20,100 | 20,200 | -400 | - 500 |
| State government................................. | 50,100 | 50,300 | 48,300 | - 200 | 1,800 |
| Local government. | 121,000 | 135,700 | 126,300 | - 14,700 | - 5,300 |
| Persons Involved in |  |  |  |  |  |
| Labor-Management Disputes... | 400 | 600 | 1,200 | - 200 | - 800 |

[^1]2/ Includes ordnance \& accessories, instruments \& related products and miscellaneous manufacturing.
3/ Includes textile mill products, petroleum \& coal products and leather \& leather products.

## *Strike

Table IX - Job Service of lowa Activities

|  | July 1979 |  | June 1979 |  | July 1978 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Women | Total | Women | Total | Women |
| JOB PLACEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New applicants.\&.Renswals......... | 23,241 | 11,178 | 25,844 | 12,361 | 22,935 | 11,298 |
| Total placements........................ | 20,981 | 8,368 | 16,046 | 5,843 | 19,169 | 7,458 |
| Nonagricultural......................... | 17,203 | 6,730 | 15,341 | 5,719 | 15,923 | 6,188 |
| Agricultural............................. | 3,778 | 1,638 | 705 | 124 | 3,246 | 1,270 |
| New job openings 1/ .................. | 19,920 | * ${ }^{*}$ | 17,971 | 39800 | 20,176 | 35,796 |
| Active applicants.(End.of.Month). JOB INSURANCE | 74,547 | 39,159 | 76,122 | 39,800 | 67,612 | 35,796 |
| Initial claims.............................. | 13,148 | 6,067 | 12,243 | 5,524 | 12,806 | 5,674 |
| Continued claims....................... | 79,222 | 36,555 | 66,260 | 29,897 | 79,424 | 35,194 |
| First payments issued................. | 6,421 | 2,661 | 5,506 | 2,280 | 6,578 | 2,918 |
| Total weeks paid......................... | 78,282 | 36,121 | 66,028 | 29,793 | 78,579 | 34,820 |
| Total payments......................... | \$8,169,604 | \$3,278,107 | \$6,981,903 | \$2,744,034 | \$7,766,546 | \$2,969,650 |
| Average weekly payment............. | \$104.36 | \$90.75 | \$105.74 | \$92.10 | \$98.84 | \$85.29 |
| Average weekly payment total unemployment. | \$107.54 | \$94.12 | \$108.03 | \$94.23 | \$101.00 | \$87.14 |

1/ Limited to nonagricultural activities.
*Data not available.

Table X - lowa Manufacturing Labor Turnover Rates 1/


July June July July June July July June July July June July July June July July June July $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}1979 & 1979 & 1978 & 1979 & 1979 & 1978 & 1979 & 1979 & 1978 & 1979 & 1979 & 1978 & 1979 & 1979 & 1978 & 1979 & 1979\end{array}$

| MANUFACTURING. | 3.5 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 0.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable Good | 2.7 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Stone, clay \& glass product | 3.2 | 5.8 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 3.6 | 7.0 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 5.1 | 0.7 |
| Primary metal industries | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 0.6 | * | 0.6 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 3.9 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Machinery except electrical. | 2.4 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| Electrical equipment \& supplies.. | 2.3 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.0 | * | 0.1 | 1.6 |
| Other durable goods...................... | 2.5 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Nondurable Goods | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 3.3 | 7.7 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 4.9 | 0.7 |
| Food \& kindred products | 6.4 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 10.3 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 7.9 | 1.0 |
| Meat products. | 7.8 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 17.8 | 4.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 15.3 | 1.9 |
| Printing \& publishing.. | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.1 |
| Rubber, plastics \& leather prod....... | 2.0 | 3.3 | 4.7 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 0.3 | * | 0.1 |
| Other nondurable goods............... | 4.1 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 0.8 |

$1 /$ Figures presented are expressed as a rate per 100 employees. *Less than .05.
"Figures and Facts" . . . Cont.

1978 Average Weekly Wage By Major Industry Group

| Major <br> Industry | 1978 | 1977 | Net <br> Change | Percent <br> Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Mining | $\$ 281.51$ | $\$ 265.35$ | $\$ 16.16$ | 6.1 |
| Construction | 271.52 | 249.89 | 21.63 | 8.7 |
| Manufacturing | 290.57 | 268.77 | 21.80 | 8.1 |
| Transportation and |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$Public Utilities | 279.83 | 256.87 | 22.96 | 8.9 |
| Trade | 159.47 | 146.97 | 12.50 | 8.5 |
| Finance | 219.11 | 202.41 | 16.70 | 8.3 |
| State Government | 245.74 | 228.94 | 16.80 | 7.3 |
| Sub Total | 230.47 | 212.92 | 17.55 | 8.2 |

Industries In Which Coverage Was Extended By 1978 Employment Security Law Changes

| Agriculture | 161.35 | 154.52 | 6.83 | 4.4 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Services | 150.24 | 137.65 | 12.59 | 9.1 |
| Local Government | 183.84 | 148.60 | 35.24 | 23.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Private | 213.37 | 197.37 | 16.00 | 8.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Employment |  |  |  |  |
| Security Law <br> Coverage | 211.05 | 198.86 | 12.19 | 6.1 |
| Federal Government | 302.09 | 284.93 | 17.16 | 6.0 |
| Total | 212.87 | 200.61 | 12.26 | 6.1 |

Industries in which Coverage was Extended by 1978
Employment Security Law Changes
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrrc}\text { Agriculture } & .6 & 6,417 & 4,204 & 52.6 \\ \text { Services } & 16.3 & 175,858 & 163,203 & 7.8 \\ \text { Local Government } & 11.9 & 127,664 & 849 & \begin{array}{c}\text { non } \\ \text { comparable }\end{array} \\ & & & & 847,853\end{array}\right] 4.6$

Annual Average Employment by Major Industry Group

| Major <br> Industry | Percent of <br> Total | 1978 | 1977 | Percent <br> Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining | .2 | 2,518 | 2,410 | 4.5 |
| Construction | 5.6 | 59,790 | 56,328 | 6.1 |
| Manufacturing | 23.5 | 253,034 | 246,254 | 2.8 |
| Transportation and |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Public Utilities | 4.6 | 49,062 | 47,603 | 3.1 |
| Trade | 26.4 | 284,521 | 275,179 | 3.4 |
| Finance | 5.1 | 55,270 | 52,672 | 4.9 |
| State Government | 3.9 | 41,774 | 40,385 | 3.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 69.3 | 745,969 | 720,831 | 3.5 |

## 1978 Government

## Wages

| Quarter | Local | State | Federal | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Ist | $290,847,752$ | $124,443,043$ | $77,881,326$ | $493,172,121$ |
| 2nd | $319,934,704$ | $135,564,686$ | $81,393,979$ | $536,893,369$ |
| 3rd | $294,827,322$ | $127,854,789$ | $79,509,917$ | $502,197,028$ |
| 4th | $314,837,441$ | $144,882,128$ | $79,145,195$ | $538,864,764$ |
| Total | $1,220,447,219$ | $532,749,646$ | $317,930,417$ | $2,071,127,282$ |

## Employment

Month

| 1 | 125,061 | 40,672 | 19,793 | 185,526 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 126,677 | 40,731 | 19,562 | 186,970 |
| 3 | 127,378 | 40,815 | 19,523 | 187,716 |
| 4 | 131,371 | 41,290 | 20,178 | 192,839 |
| 5 | 132,051 | 42,096 | 20,414 | 194,561 |
| 6 | 130,139 | 42,832 | 20,465 | 193,436 |
| 7 | 115,461 | 41,469 | 20,390 | 177,320 |
| 8 | 115,593 | 42,826 | 20,272 | 178,691 |
| 9 | 129,031 | 43,663 | 20,087 | 192,781 |
| 10 | 132,144 | 42,016 | 20,633 | 194,793 |
| 11 | 133,334 | 41,679 | 20,679 | 195,692 |
| 12 | 133,728 | 41,200 | 20,864 | 195,792 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $1,531,968$ | 501,289 | 242,860 | $2,276,117$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual |  | 41,774 | 20,238 | 189,676 |
| Average | 127,664 | 41 |  |  |

[^2]| JOB | IOWA DEPARTMENT OF JOB SERVICE |
| :---: | :---: |
| SERY/ICE | Job Placement/Job Insurance |
| OFIOWA | IOOD East Grand Avenue |
|  | Des Moines, lowa 50319 |

Official Business


[^0]:    1/ Insured unemployed counted during the week including the 12 th and based on a survey of claims filed during the week including the 19 th.
    *Less than 5 per cent of total insured unemployed.

[^1]:    1/ Revised to most current information available at publication. Data includes all full and part-time wage and salary workers employed during the week containing the 12th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed, domestic workers and the armed forces are excluded. Detail may not add up to total due to rounding. (March, 1978 benchmark levels)

[^2]:    Tables in this publication prepared in cooperation with U.S. Department of Labor

