Published Monthly IOWA EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION

1000 EAST GRAND AVENUE DES MOINES, IOWA 50319

Research & Statistics Division

Seasonal Rise In Unemployment

Iowa Workforce and Unemployment: November of 1970 showed the highest unemployment in Iowa for any November since unemployment figures were first released in 1950. The new figures showed 44,600 unemployed Iowans in mid-November . . . up 9,500 from mid-October. Although unemployment normally rises at this time of year, the increase this November was larger than usual. Since November of last year, unemployment has risen by nearly 50 percent, or 14,700.

Iowa's mid-November unemployment rate was 3.6 percent of the workforce compared to 2.8 percent in mid-October and 2.4 percent in November, 1969.

Although unemployment was up, total employment also rose in November by 1,800 from October to 1,208,200. In November, 1969, there were 1,220,800 employed Iowans.

The total civilian workforce in Iowa reached 1,252,800 in mid-November, a gain of 11,300 from October and a 2,100 increase from November, 1969.

Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment: Iowa had 300 fewer nonfarm wage and salary workers in mid-November than in mid-October. The current total is 886,200, a figure 5,700 below the level of November, 1969.

Manufacturing employment edged downward by 100 workers from mid-October to a mid-November total of 208,800. Total manufacturing employment remained 16,500 under the November, 1969 total.

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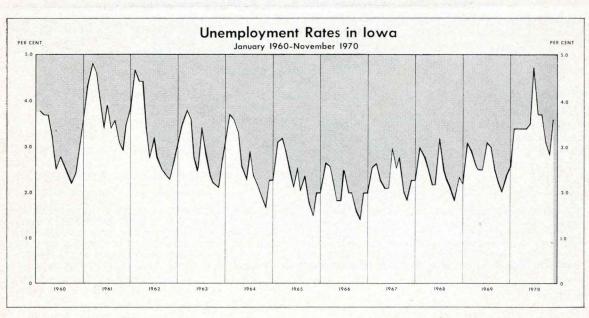
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Contract construction continued to decline seasonally losing an additional 2,400 workers between October and November.

A seasonal upswing was noted in retail trade, showing a gain of 2,000 workers from October to a mid-November total of 168,000. Retail general merchandise stores accounted for 1,200 of this increase.

Expanded employment in local schools during November boosted the local government total by 1,100.

Iowa Manufacturing Hours and Earnings: For the third month in a row, average weekly



Hours and Earnings of Production Workers By Industry In Iowa, November, 1970

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor)

INDUSTRY	Ave	erage We Earnings			age W Hours	eekly	Average Hourly Earnings		
	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969		Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	
MANUFACTURING	\$152.40	\$151.18	\$143.87	40.0	40.1	40.3	\$3.81	\$3.77	\$3.57
Durable Goods	144.23	146.43	139.49	39.3	39 9	40.2	3.67	3.67	3.47
Lumber & furniture		121.20	107.97			38.7	3.19	3.14	2.79
Stone, clay & glass products		159.36	145.42	The state of the s		43.8	3.62	3.63	3.32
Primary metal industries	157.08	157.08	155.96		40.8		3.85	3.85	3.74
Fabricated metal products		140.49	131.61	40.1	41.2		3.43	3.41	3.21
Machinery except electrical		162.33	162.39	3.7	39.4		4.12	4.12	3.99
Farm machinery	165.64	168.24	174.12			40.4	4.28	4.27	4.31
Const. & related machinery		158.40	150.72		39.8		4.01	3.98	3.74
Electrical equip. & supplies	129.54	135.54	122.53	38.9		39.4	3.33	3.38	3.11
Transportation equipment	130.73	130.87	115.50	40.1	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	38.5	3.26	3.28	3.00
Other durable goods	128.35	124.13	118.56			38.0	3.36	3.31	3.12
Nondurable Goods	162.38	156.36	149.48	40.8	40.3	40.4	3.98	3.88	3.70
Food & kindred products		170.57	157.90		41.4	0.000	4.22	4.12	3.87
Meat products	198.79	188.20	173.66		40.3		4.79	4.67	4.32
Grain-mill products	172.48	174.15	156.14	44.0	44.2	42.2	3.92	3.94	3.70
Apparel & other textile prod	82.78	87.32	83.39		38.3		2.19	2.28	2.26
Paper & allied products	127.91	130.59	120.65			43.4	3.06	3.08	2.78
Printing & publishing		145.47	144.72	38.1	37.3	38.8	3.94	3.90	3.73
Newspapers	146.78	144.82	145.30	34.7	34.4	35.7	4.23	4.21	4.07
Chemicals & allied products	155.77	156.15	148.16	41.1	41.2	41.5	3.79	3.79	3.57
Rubber & plastics products, nec		149.78	171.20	37.1	36.8		4.35	4.07	4.28
Other nondurable goods	83.22	74.45	79.52	38.0	37.6	38.6	2.19	1.98	2.06
SELECTED NONMANUFACTURING	1								
Nonmetallic mining	155.68	172.37	161.51	47.9	51.3	51.6	3.25	3.36	3.13
Comm., elec., gas & sanitary svcs	142.37	143.05	138.40	38.9	39.3	40.0	3.66	3.64	3.46
Department stores	61.32	61.43	60.08	*	*	*	*	*	*
Banking	89.81	87.80	84.11	*	*	*	*	*	*
Insurance carriers & agents	105.15	103.30	97.83	*	*	神	*	*	*
Laundries & dry clean. plants	73.07	73.12	62.48	*	*	*	*	*	*

Hours and Earnings For Total Manufacturing in Selected Iowa Areas, November, 1970¹

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor)

AREA	Av	Average Weekly Earnings			erage Hou	Weekly rs	Average Hourly Earnings		
	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969	Nov. 1970		Nov. 1969	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969
Cedar Rapids	. \$157.49	\$159.03	\$144.32	40.8	41.2	41.0	\$3.86	\$3.86	\$3.52
Council Bluffs	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Davenport	168.42	168.91	158.73	40.1	40.7	40.7	4.20	4.15	3.90
Des Moines	153.25	147.07	153.41	38.7	38.2	40.8	3.96	3.85	3.76
Dubuque	177.51	169.30	164.72	39.1	39.1	39.5	4.54	4.33	4.17
Sioux City	. 137.61	137.19	122.84	41.7	41.7	41.5	3.30	3.29	2.96
Waterloo	157.10	160.38	160.40	38.6	39.6	40.2	4.07	4.05	3.99

Estimates are based upon a sample of full and part-time production and related employees, who worked during or received pay for the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month. Average hourly earnings reflect, in addition to changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, such variable factors as overtime premium pay, late shift work, changes in output of workers paid on an incentive basis, and changing employment of workers between relatively high-paid and low-paid work, and full-time and part-time status. Revised to most current information available at date of publication.

^{*} Data not available.

Labor Turnover Rates For Iowa Manufacturing Industries, November, 1970¹

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor)

	ACCESSION RATES					SEPARATION RATES					
INDUSTRY	Total		New	New Hires		tal	Quits		Layoffs		
	Nov. 1970 ²		Nov. 1970 ²		Nov. 1970 ²		Nov. 1970 ²		Nov. 1970 ²		
MANUFACTURING	2.9	3.5	1.7	2.5	3.8	4.4	1.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	
Durable Goods	1.9	2.7	1.0	1.8	3.1	4.5	.8	1.5	1.9	2.3	
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	1.4	2.4	1.2	2.2	3.4	4.0	1.7	3.0	1.3	.6	
Primary Metal Industries	1.4	2.2	.8	1.6	3.8	3.5	.9	1.5	2.4	1.1	
Fabricated Metal Products	3.0	4.0	2.6	3.7	3.1	6.2	1.7	2.7	.7	2.4	
Machinery Except Electrical		2.1	.5	.7	2.9	5.8	.4	.7	2.1	4.5	
Electrical Equipment & Supplies	1.2	3.0	.8	2.3	2.8	3.2	.7	2.0	1.7	.6	
Other Durable Goods	1.9	3.1	1.4	2.1	3.4	3.0	.8	1.5	2.2	1.1	
Nondurable Goods	4.1	4.5	2.5	3.5	4.7	4.3	2.0	2.4	2.0	1.2	
Food & Kindred Products	5.2	5.3	3.1	4.2	5.6	4.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	1.4	
Meat Products	8.4	7.3	4.7	5.4	8.3	5.4	3.4	2.8	4.1	1.9	
Printing & Publishing	1.8	2.2	1.1	1.6	3.5	3.7	1.3	1.8	1.3	1.5	
Rubber, Plastics & Leather Prod	3.0	4.2	.7	1.5	4.3	5.7	1.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	
Other Nondurable Goods		3.6	2.4	3.4	3.0	3.4	1.7	2.7	.7	.3	

Figures presented are expressed as a rate per 100 employees.

Average Weekly Overtime Hours of Production Workers In Iowa Manufacturing November, 1970

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor)

INDUSTRY	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	
MANUFACTURING Durable Goods	2.8	3.0	3.3
Lumber & furniture	1.7 1.1 4.5 3.1 2.0 1.3 1.0	2.2 1.3 5.5 3.3 2.6 1.6 1.1 2.6	1.8 5.4 4.7 2.6 2.1 1.2 1.4
Other durable goods	1.3 1.2	1.3	1.1
Nondurable Goods Food & kindred products Meat products Apparel & other textile prod. Paper & allied products Printing & publishing Chemicals & allied products Rubber & plastics products. Other nondurable goods	4.2 5.3 6.1 1.7 4.1 2.5 2.0 3.3 1.8	4.1 4.9 5.4 1.4 4.2 2.4 2.7 3.7 1.5	4.6 5.3 5.6 .9 5.2 3.6 3.5 5.6 1.7

¹Estimates are based upon a sample of full and part-time production and related employees who worked in the above industry groups during the week containing the 12th of the month. Revised to most current information available at date of publication.

earnings for Iowa's 152,000 manufacturing production workers broke the previous record high. The November figure was \$152.40, \$1.22 a week more than in October.

The settlement of a lengthy labor-management dispute pushed rubber and plastics weekly earnings up \$11.61. This represented the largest single over-the-month rise. Meat products also showed a large gain of \$10.59 a week, the combined result of more overtime and a substantial wage rate increase.

The greatest decline among manufacturing industries took place in electrical equipment and supplies where less overtime brought the weekly wage down by \$6.00. Of the nonmanufacturing industries for which estimates are prepared, seasonal factors caused an even larger drop of \$16.69 a week in nonmetallic mining, due mainly to a decrease of 3 hours and 24 minutes in the average workweek.

Labor Turnover in Iowa Manufacturing: A downward drift in factory labor demand is continuing in Iowa, according to November turnover figures.

New hires dropped from a rate of 25 per 1,000 in October to 17 per 1,000 in November, the lowest level since December, 1964. New hires in November, 1969 totalled 26 per 1,000 employees.

Total accessions, which include new hires as well as recalls and transfers from other establishments within the same company, were

Preliminary figures. Less than .05

Nonagricultural Employment By Industry In Iowa November, 1970¹

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor)

				Cha	nge From:
INDUSTRY		(Thousand		Oct. 19	
	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969	Nov. 19	to Nov. 1970
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	886.2	886.5	891.9	_ 300	-5,700
MANUFACTURING	208.8	208.9	225.3	_ 100	-16,500
Durable Goods	115.8	116.7	130.7	- 900	
Lumber & furniture	8.0	8.0	8.7	(
Stone, clay & glass products	6.1	6.3	6.5	_ 200	— 400
Primary metal industries	7.9	7.9	8.7	(— 800
Fabricated metal products	12.6	12.5	13.4*	100	_ 800
Machinery (except electrical)	41.7	42.0*	46.1	_ 300	-4,400
Farm machinery	23.0	23.2	25.3*	_ 200	-2,300
Const. & related machinery	7.4	7.6	8.9	_ 200	-1,500
Electrical equip. & supplies	23.7	24.0	27.2	_ 300	-3,500
Transportation equipment.	4.4	4.5	5.6	- 100	-1,200
Other durable goods ²	11.5	11.4	14.4	100	
Nondurable Goods	92.9	92.2	94.6	700	
Food & kindred products	54.6	54.8	55.1	_ 200	
Meat products	27.9	27.9	28.4	200	
Grain-mill products	10.8	10.8	11.1	(
Bakery products	3.5	3.5	3.5	(
Apparel & other textile prod.	4.2*	4.6	4.5	- 400	
Paper & allied products	3.7	3.7	3.9	(
Printing & publishing.	13.4	13.6	13.8	_ 200	
Newspapers	6.7	6.7	6.7	200	
Chemicals & allied products	7.7	7.6	7.6	100	
Rubber & plastics products, nec	7.3	5.9*	7.8	1,400	
Other nondurable goods ³	2.0	1.9	1.9	100	
NONMANUFACTURING	677.4	677.6	666.5	_ 200	
Nonmetallic mining	3.2	3.3	3.2		
Contract construction.	41.3	43.7	42.3	$\frac{-}{-}$ 2,400	
Transportation & public utilities	50.5	50.7	51.4	$\frac{-}{2}$	
Railroad transportation	9.7	9.8	11.0	— 100 — 100	
Communication	12.7	12.7	12.2	(7,000
Elec., gas & sanitary services	9.6	9.6	9.5	(
Wholesale & retail trade	210.7	209.1	208.0	1,600	
Wholesale trade	42.8	43.1	44.1	- 300	
Retail trade	168.0	166.0	163.9	2,000	
Patail general merchandisa	26.3	25.1	26.8	1,200	
Retail general merchandise	42.4	42.5	41.3	-1,200	
	13.4	13.4	12.9	<u> </u>	
Banking.	17.7	17.8	17.4	- 100	
Insurance carriers & agents	145.8	146.1	143.0	- 300	
Medical & other health services	44.9	44.9	42.9	_ 300	
Government	183.4	182.2	177.3	1,200	
Federal govt.	22.4	22.4	21.9	1,200	
State govt.	42.2	42.2	41.3	(
	118.8	117.7	114.1	1,100	
Local govt.	110.0	117.7	114.1	1,100	4,700

¹ Revised to most current information available at date of publication. Data include all full and part-time wage and salary workers employed during the week containing the 12th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed, domestic workers, and the armed forces are excluded. Detail may not add up to total due to rounding.

Includes ordnance & accessories, instruments, related products & misc. mfg.

Includes textile mill products, petroleum & coal products and leather and leather products.

29 per 1,000 in November, compared to 35 per 1,000 in October and 32 per 1,000 in November, 1969.

The factory quit rate, an indicator of the availability of job opportunities, dipped from a rate of 19 per 1,000 workers in October to 13

per 1,000 in November. In November, 1969, the quit rate was 21 per 1,000 employees.

Layoffs remained unchanged from October at 19 per 1,000 employees, a rate nearly double the 10 per 1,000 recorded in November, 1969.

Workforce and Unemployment For State and Selected Areas

AREA	Workforce (000)	Number Unemployed (000)	Percent of Workforce Unemployed	Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment ¹ (000)	Manu- facturing Employment (000)
November, 1970 ²	Carlotte Control		- 1000		0.1849.7
IOWA	1,252.8	44.6	3.6	886.2	208.8
Cedar Rapids	75.6	3.2	4.2	64.1	24.2
Council Bluffs	*	*	*	*	*
Davenport		2.2	3.8	49.5	16.0
Des Moines		4.4	3.0	131.0	25.8
Dubuque		1.9	4.4	34.2	13.6
Sioux City	51.2	1.5	2.8	41.9	10.2
Waterloo		3.6	6.0	49.1	17.0
October, 1970					
IOWA	1,241.5	35.1	2.8	886.5	208.9
Cedar Rapids	74.9	2.3	3.1	64.3	24.6
Council Bluffs	*	*	*	*	*
Davenport	58.0	1.8	3.1	49.3	15.8
Des Moines		3.5	2.3	129.7	24.4
Dubuque	42.0	1.6	3.9	34.1	13.5
Sioux City		1.2	2.3	42.5	10.4
Waterloo		3.2	5.4	49.0	17.2
November, 1969					
IOWA	1,250.7	29.9	2.4	891.9	225.3
Cedar Rapids		1.4	1.8	68.7	28.2
Council Bluffs	*	*	*	*	*
Davenport	59.4	1.7	2.9	50.5	16.6
Des Moines		3.6	2.4	129.9	26.1
Dubuque	41.8	1.3	3.0	34.2	14.1
Sioux City		1.3	2.5	40.8	8.9
Waterloo		2.2	3.7	50.6	19.1

¹ Excludes self-employed, domestics, unpaid family workers and members of the armed forces.

Employment Security Activities

Characteristics of Iowa's Insured Unemployed: The number of weeks of unemployment insurance claimed during the November survey week showed an increase of 21 percent over October and 112 percent over November, 1969. During the November, 1970 survey week, a total of 11,991 weeks was claimed. The bulk of the increase occurred in the under

25 age group. A total of 2,514 weeks were claimed by persons in that category, an increase of 40 percent over the total claimed by the same age group one month earlier and 210 percent over the total claimed one year earlier. The remainder of the increase in weeks claimed was distributed rather evenly among the over 25 age groups.

By occupational category, a significant in-

Characteristics of the Insured Unemployed in Iowa November, 1970

INDUSTRY	Total Insured Unemployed			Won	umber of nen in To d Unemp	tal	Number of Insured People Unemployed 5 Weeks or More		
	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969	Nov. 1970	Oct. 1970	Nov. 1969
Total	11,991	9,907	5,654	4,109	3,578	2,131	4,109	5,528	3,067
Contract const	1,738	872	606	*	*	*	*	*	*
Manufacturing	7,171	6,130	3,360	2,514	2,076	1,099	2,514	3,830	1,968
Durable Goods	5,910	5,206	2,800	1,899	1,697	716	1,899	3,242	1,668
Nondurable Goods	1,261	924	560	615	*	383	615	588	300
Trade	1,796	1,824	919	966	963	563	966	928	503
All other	1,286	1,081	769	*	518	449	602	*	409

The insured unemployed are for the week including the 12th and are based on a survey of claims filed during the week including the 19th.
 Less than 5 per cent of total insured unemployed.

² Preliminary data.

^{*} Data not available at time of publication.

Council Bluffs and Davenport areas include Iowa portions only.

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