2020 SESSION FISCAL REPORT

88th General Assembly
State of Iowa

Fiscal Services Division
Legislative Services Agency
August 2020

August 2020

Members of the 88th General Assembly of Iowa and Other Interested Citizens:

The <u>2020 Session Fiscal Report</u>, issued by the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency, contains a summary of fiscal information and legislation enacted by the 2020 Session of the 88th General Assembly.

The General Assembly recessed the 2020 Legislation Session on March 17, 2020, due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Regular Session resumed on June 3, and ultimately adjourned on June 14, 2020.

This report does contain some information related to COVID-19 such as information on appropriations or transfers made for COVID-19 related purposes, and estimated federal funds received and awarded. More information on the impacts of COVID-19 can be found in the <u>LSA's State of lowa Financial Update — Revenue and Budget Implications of COVID-19</u>, which will be updated throughout the 2020 interim. Additional lowa-related articles on COVID-19 can be found here: Fiscal Update Articles.

This Report is intended to provide interested persons with information on General Fund and non-General Fund appropriations, receipts, and legislation that has a significant fiscal impact on the State of Iowa.

Included in this Report is the following information: appropriations summary; General Fund balance sheet; balance sheets for various other funds; and bill summaries for subcommittee and other miscellaneous appropriation acts. Also included are the final action versions of the fiscal notes issued during the Legislative Session for all enacted legislation with a fiscal impact of \$100,000 or more.

Fiscal Services Division staff members are available to answer any questions concerning the contents of this document. A staff directory can be found on the following page.

Sincerely,

Holly M. Lyons,

Fiscal Services Division Director

STAFF DIRECTORY

FISCAL SERVICES DIVISION LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY

Holly M. Lyons, Director holly.lyons@legis.iowa.gov State Capitol, Room G01 Telephone: 515.281.5279

Fax: 515.281.8027 Website: Staff List

NOTE: All phones are area code 515.

STAFF ASSIGNMENTS	STAFF PERSON	PHONE	EMAIL ADDRESS
DIVISION ADMINISTRATOR	Jennifer Acton	281.7846	jennifer.acton@legis.iowa.gov
DIVISION EDITOR/SUPERVISOR	Dave Reynolds	281.6934	dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov
APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEES			
ADMINISTRATION & REGULATION			
Commerce	Angel Banks-Adams	281.6301	angel.banks-adams@legis.iowa.gov
Governor's Office of Drug Control Policy			
Human Rights			
Inspections & Appeals			
Lottery Authority			
Management			
Racing & Gaming			
Revenue			
Administrative Services	Chris Ubben	725.0134	chris.ubben@legis.iowa.gov
Auditor			
Governor			
Iowa Public Employees Retirement System			
Ethics & Campaign Finance Disclosure Board			
Office of the Chief Information Officer			
Secretary of State			
Treasurer			
AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES			
Agriculture	Rodrigo Acevedo	281.6764	rodrigo.acevedo@legis.iowa.gov
Environment First Fund	Deb Kozel	281.6767	deb.kozel@legis.iowa.gov
Natural Resources			

STAFF DIRECTORY

STAFF ASSIGNMENTS	STAFF PERSON	PHONE	EMAIL ADDRESS
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Board of Regents – Economic Development Collective Bargaining Cultural Affairs Economic Development Authority Iowa Finance Authority Public Employment Relations Board Workforce Development	Ron Robinson	281.6256	ron.robinson@legis.iowa.gov
EDUCATION Board of Regents College Aid Commission Community Colleges Blind	Robin Madison	281.5270	robin.madison@legis.iowa.gov
Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation Services Education Iowa Public Television	Lora Vargason	725.2249	lora.vargason@legis.iowa.gov
HUMAN SERVICES Adoption Child Care Child Welfare Field Operations Foster Care General Administration Juvenile Justice and Institutions Public Health	Kent Ohms	725.2200	kenneth.ohms@legis.iowa.gov
Veterans Affairs Aging Child Support Recovery Family Investment Program (FIP), Promise Jobs, Food Stamps Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Block Grant Children' Health Insurance Program (hawk-i) Aging Mental Health Institutes and Resource Centers Medicaid Mental Health/County-based Services Social Services Block Grant Veteran's Home	Jess Benson	281.4611	jess.benson@legis.iowa.gov

STAFF DIRECTORY

STAFF ASSIGNMENTS	STAFF PERSON	PHONE	EMAIL ADDRESS
JUSTICE SYSTEM			
Corrections	Laura Book	205.9275	laura.book@legis.iowa.gov
Indigent Defense/Public Defender			
Justice Department			
Judicial Branch			
Parole Board			
Civil Rights	Christin Mechler	250.0458	christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov
Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division			
Homeland Security and Emergency Management			
Iowa Law Enforcement Academy			
Public Safety Public Defense			
Public Deletise			
TRANSPORTATION, INFRASTRUCTURE, & CAPITALS			
Transportation	Adam Broich	281.8223	adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov
Capitals			
Infrastructure			
Iowa Communications Network			

OTHER STAFFING ASSIGNMENTS						
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES (Fiscal Summary)	Christin Mechler	250.0458	christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov			
	Chris Ubben	725.0134	chris.ubben@legis.iowa.gov			
APPROPRIATIONS (Standing Committees)	Dave Reynolds	281.6934	dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov			
	Holly Lyons	281.7845	holly.lyons@legis.iowa.gov			
	Jennifer Acton	281.7846	jennifer.acton@legis.iowa.gov			
SCHOOL FINANCE	Michael Guanci	725.1286	michael.guanci@legis.iowa.gov			
FEDERAL FUNDS	Deb Kozel	281.6767	deb.kozel@legis.iowa.gov			
	Chris Ubben	725.0134	chris.ubben@legis.iowa.gov			
FISCAL COMMITTEE	Dave Reynolds	281.6934	dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov			
	Jennifer Acton	281.7846	jennifer.acton@legis.iowa.gov			
GAMBLING	Dave Reynolds	281.6934	dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov			
	Angel Banks-Adams	281.6301	angel.banks-adams@legis.iowa.gov			

STAFF DIRECTORY						
GOVERNMENT OVERSIGHT	Adam Broich Jess Benson	281.8223 281.4611	adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov jess.benson@legis.iowa.gov			
STAFF ASSIGNMENTS	STAFF PERSON	PHONE	EMAIL ADDRESS			
WAYS AND MEANS (Standing Committees)	Jeff Robinson Kent Ohms	281.4614 725.2200	jeff.robinson@legis.iowa.gov kenneth.ohms@legis.iowa.gov			
LOCAL GOVERNMENT	Robin Madison	281.5270	robin.madison@legis.iowa.gov			
PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEMS	Jennifer Acton	281.7846	jennifer.acton@legis.iowa.gov			
APPROPRIATIONS TRACKING	Dave Reynolds Jennifer Acton	281.6934 281.7846	dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov jennifer.acton@legis.iowa.gov			
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	Dave Reynolds	281.6934	dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov			

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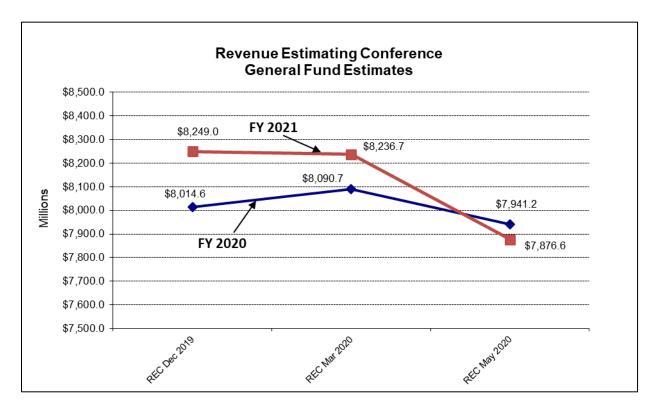
BUDGET RECAP FOR FY 2019 - FY 2021

The 2020 Legislative Session proved to be a unique and challenging session due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Due to concerns over COVID-19, the General Assembly recessed the Legislative Session on March 17, 2020, for approximately two and a half months. The Session was resumed on June 3, and the General Assembly adjourned the 2020 Legislative Session on June 14.

The Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) met in December 2019 and March 2020 prior to the economic slowdown brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic. The REC met for a third time on May 29, 2020, to revise the FY 2020 and FY 2021 revenue estimates to incorporate potential impacts of the economic crisis.

Despite the challenges associated with the declining State tax revenues that stemmed from the economic slowdown, the 2020 General Assembly passed a balanced budget for FY 2021 and revised the FY 2020 General Fund budget. The information below provides a summary of the status of the State's General Fund budget for FY 2020 and FY 2021.

Revenue Estimating Conference. The REC met on May 29, 2020, and lowered the FY 2020 and FY 2021 revenue estimates by 1.8% and 4.4%, respectively. This represents revenue reductions of \$149.5 million for FY 2020 and \$360.1 million for FY 2021, compared to the FY 2021 March estimates.



The information below provides a summary of General Fund budgets for year-end FY 2019, revised FY 2020, and FY 2021.

Fiscal Year 2019. The FY 2019 General Fund budget ended the fiscal year with total resources (receipts plus carryforward funds) of \$7.930 billion. This was an increase of \$546.0 million (7.4%) compared to FY 2018. Yearend appropriations for FY 2019 totaled \$7.646 billion, which includes supplemental appropriations of \$168.6 million enacted during the 2019 Legislative Session. The FY 2019 appropriations represented an increase of \$384.9 million (5.3%) compared to FY 2018. The FY 2019 General Fund ended the fiscal year with a balance of \$289.3 million. For additional information on the FY 2019 General Fund budget, see the following report: State of Iowa FY 2019 Year End Report on General Fund Revenues and Appropriations.

Fiscal Year 2020. The total resources available for the FY 2020 General Fund budget are estimated at \$8.132 billion. This includes the May REC estimate of \$7.941 billion, revenue adjustments passed by the 2020 General Assembly of negative \$4.5 million, and a carryforward balance of \$195.6 million.

In addition, the General Assembly passed supplemental appropriations totaling \$185.6 million for FY 2020, which included a \$70.0 million appropriation to the RIIF to eliminate the estimated shortfall in the Fund, due to the mandatory closure of the casinos from March 17 to June 1 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Other significant supplemental appropriations included \$89.0 million for the Medicaid program and \$21.0 million to assist local governments with flood mitigation. The General Fund ending balance for FY 2020 is estimated at \$313.0 million.

Fiscal Year 2021. The total resources available for the FY 2021 General Fund budget are estimated at \$8.102 billion, which is a reduction of \$30.4 million (0.4%) compared to FY 2020. This includes the May REC estimate of \$7.877 billion, net revenue adjustments passed by the 2020 General Assembly of negative \$39.1 million, and a carryforward balance of \$264.4 million. The General Assembly passed and the Governor signed HF 2641 (Department of Revenue Omnibus Act), which is estimated to reduce General Fund revenues by a net total of \$41.9 million in FY 2021. The Act reduces revenues from personal and corporate income taxes and the State sales/use tax. The expenditure limitation for FY 2021 was \$8.023 billion, which is 99.0% of the total available resources.

The General Assembly appropriated a total of \$7.779 billion from the General Fund for FY 2021, which is a reduction of \$45.8 million (0.6%) compared to the revised FY 2020 appropriations after factoring in the supplemental appropriations. The FY 2021 appropriations are also \$244.5 million below the expenditure limitation. The General Fund ending balance for FY 2021 is estimated at \$328.4 million (**Table 1**).

Table 1

Projected Condition of the General Fund							
(In Millions)							
	Actual	Revised	Enacted				
	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021				
Resources							
Receipts (Mar 2019 Est)	\$7,858.9	\$8,090.7	\$ 8,236.7				
May REC Adjustment	0.0	- 149.5	- 360.1				
Net Receipts	7,858.9	7,941.2	7,876.6				
Revenue Adjustments	0.0	- 4.5	- 39.1				
Surplus Carryforw ard	71.0	195.6	264.4				
Total Available Resources	\$7,929.9	\$8,132.3	\$ 8,101.9				
Appropriations and Expenditures							
Appropriations	\$7,477.4	\$7,638.8	\$ 7,778.5				
Supplemental/Deappropriations	168.6	185.6	0.0				
Total Appropriations	\$7,646.0	\$7,824.3	\$ 7,778.5				
Reversions	- 5.4	- 5.0	- 5.0				
Net Appropriations	\$7,640.6	\$7,819.3	\$ 7,773.5				
Ending Balance - Surplus	\$ 289.3	\$ 313.0	\$ 328.4				
Note: Numbers may not equal totals du	e to roundino	g.					

Significant General Fund Appropriations. For FY 2021, there were numerous increases and decreases for State agencies and programs (**Table 2**). The two programs that received the largest increases were State Foundation School Aid and the State Children's Health Insurance (Hawki) Program. Senate File 2142 (Supplemental State Aid Act) was signed into law on March 12, 2020, and increased the State cost per pupil (SCPP) by 2.3%. The increase in the SCPP, along with adjustments to State Foundation School Aid in other legislation, resulted in a net increase in the General Fund State Foundation School Aid appropriation of \$91.3 million (2.8%) compared to the funding for FY 2020. The Hawki Program received an increase of \$16.5 million (78.2%), which reflects the Hawki Forecasting Group's estimate for the Program from its meeting held on May 22, 2020.

The increases were offset by appropriations reductions. Two of the largest reductions were related to one-time appropriations made in FY 2020 resulting in reductions for FY 2021. These included \$21.0 million for flood mitigation assistance to local governments and the \$70.0 million supplemental appropriation to eliminate the projected budget shortfall in the RIIF. The appropriation for Medicaid was also reduced by \$56.8 million for FY 2021 primarily due to an increase of 6.2% in the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP), which reduces the State's costs.

The majority of the FY 2021 General Fund appropriations for State programs' and agencies' operations were status quo compared to FY 2020.

Table 2

Significant Changes to General Fund Appropriations							
(In Million	ıs)						
Est Net Enacted Percent							
Programs/Appropriations	FY 2020	FY 2021	Change	Change			
State Foundation School Aid	\$3,285.4	\$3,376.8	\$ 91.3	2.8%			
Human Services - State Children's Health Insurance	21.1	37.6	16.5	78.2%			
Education - Transportation Equity Fund	11.2	19.0	7.8	69.6%			
Human Services – Eldora Training School	13.9	16.0	2.1	15.1%			
Public Safety – Overtime	2.4	0.0	- 2.4	-100.0%			
Regents Institutions	576.7	569.0	- 7.7	-1.3%			
Flood Recovery Assistance	21.0	0.0	- 21.0	-100.0%			
Medical Assistance (Medicaid)	1,516.4	1,459.6	- 56.8	-3.7%			
Appropriation to RIIF	70.0	0.0	- 70.0	-100.0%			
Subtotal	\$5,518.1	\$5,478.0	\$ - 40.1	-0.7%			
All Other Net Appropriations	2,306.2	2,300.5	- 5.7	-0.2%			
Total	\$7,824.3	\$7,778.5	\$ - 45.8	-0.6%			

<u>State Reserve Funds and Taxpayer Relief Fund</u>. The combined balances in the State's reserve funds are estimated to total \$783.7 million for FY 2021, which fills the reserves to the statutory maximum of 10.0% of the adjusted revenue estimate.

The Taxpayer Relief Fund is estimated to have a balance totaling \$105.9 million in FY 2021. The Fund has an estimated carryforward balance of \$73.8 million and is estimated to receive an additional \$32.1 million from the FY 2020 General Fund surplus. The moneys in the Taxpayer Relief Fund can only be spent pursuant to an appropriation by the General Assembly for purposes of providing tax relief to lowans.

<u>Federal Funding for COVID-19 Pandemic Recovery</u>. In response to the COVID-19 emergency, four federal acts were enacted to provide relief to states (available summaries listed on next page):

- H.R. 6074 Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act
- H.R. 6201 Families First Coronavirus Response Act
- H.R. 748 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act)
- <u>H.R. 266</u> Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act

As of August 6, 2020, a total of \$4.057 billion in federal funds has been awarded to the State of Iowa. The following chart shows the total estimated federal fund relief allocated to the State through the federal legislation listed above. Nearly 60.0% (\$2.634 billion) of the total funds awarded to Iowa is for unemployment benefits through the Iowa Department of Workforce Development. Approximately 30.0% (\$1.250 billion) of the total funds awarded were from the Coronavirus Relief Fund. Iowa received the \$1.250 billion in federal funds through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act on April 20, 2020, and deposited in the Iowa Coronavirus Relief Fund (ICRF). The General

Assembly delegated the spending authority of the ICRF moneys to the Governor. As of July 31, 2020, a total of \$627.3 million has been transferred from the ICRF to various programs for addressing costs associated with the COVID-19 pandemic. The current balance in the Fund is \$542.1 million. **Table 3** lists the ICRF transfers through July 31, 2020.

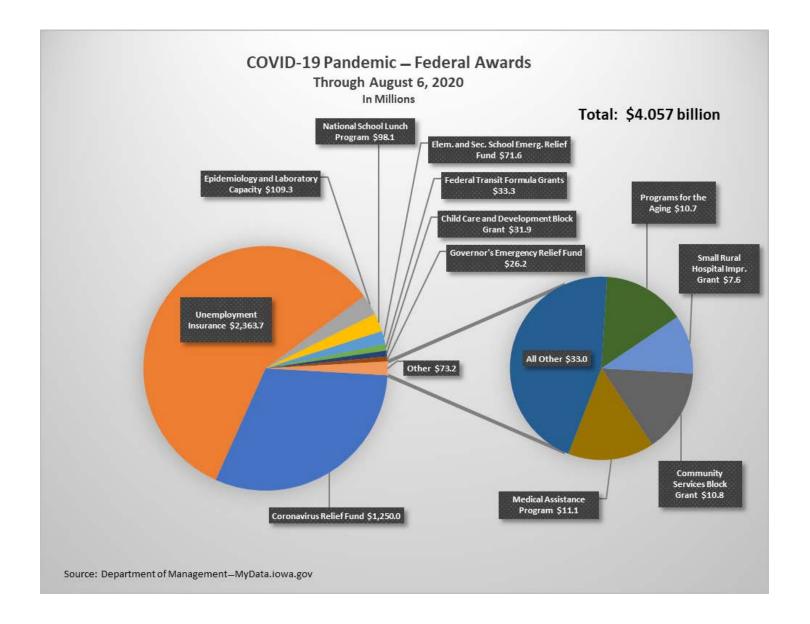
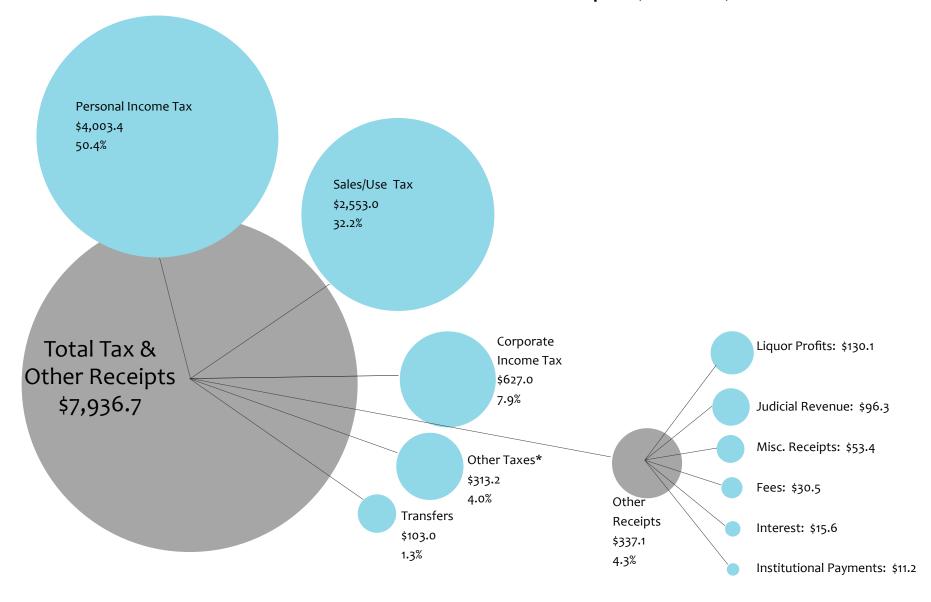


Table 3

5	
5	
\$	1,250.0
	0.4
\$	1,250.4
	94.0
	2.6
	3.6
	22.0
	5.1
	490.0
	41.1
	50.0
\$	708.3
\$	542.1
	\$

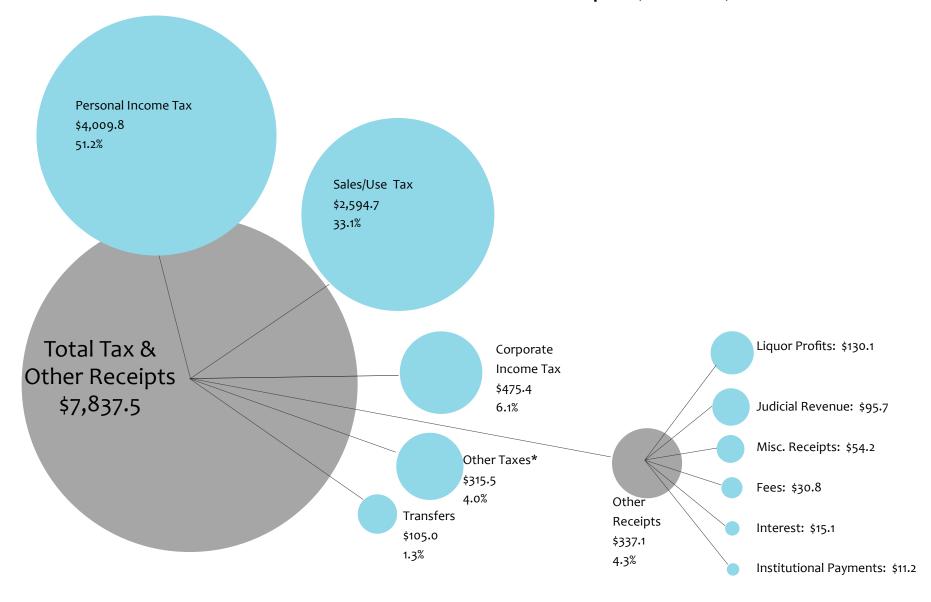
FY 2020 Estimated Total Net General Fund Receipts (In Millions)



The numbers on this chart reflect the Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) estimates agreed to on May 29, 2020, and adjusted for law changes enacted after the May REC meeting. The individual taxes have been adjusted for refunds and law changes. Figures may not equal totals due to rounding.

^{*} Other taxes include: Insurance premium tax, beer tax, franchise tax, and other miscellaneous taxes.

FY 2021 Estimated Total Net General Fund Receipts (In Millions)



The numbers on this chart reflect the Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) estimates agreed to on May 29, 2020 and adjusted for law changes enacted after the May REC meeting. The individual taxes have been adjusted for refunds and law changes. Figures may not equal totals due to rounding.

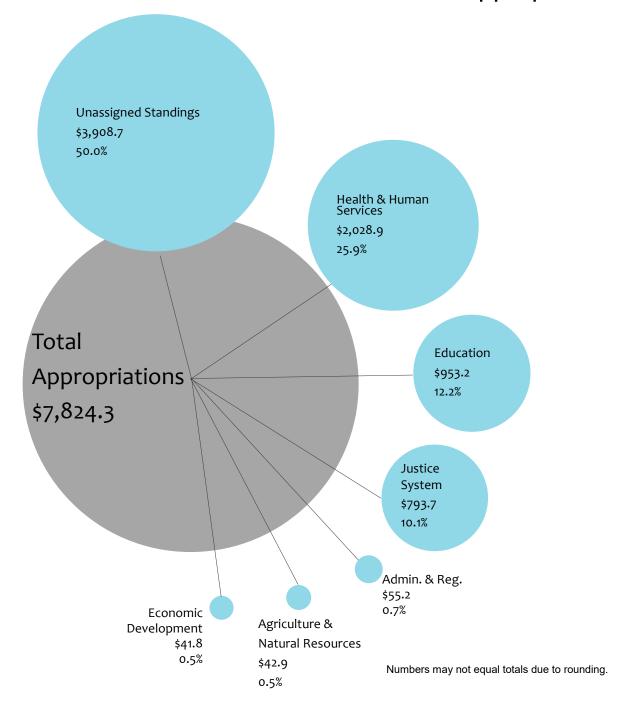
^{*} Other taxes include: Insurance premium tax, beer tax, franchise tax, and other miscellaneous taxes.

REVENUE ESTIMATING CONFERENCE

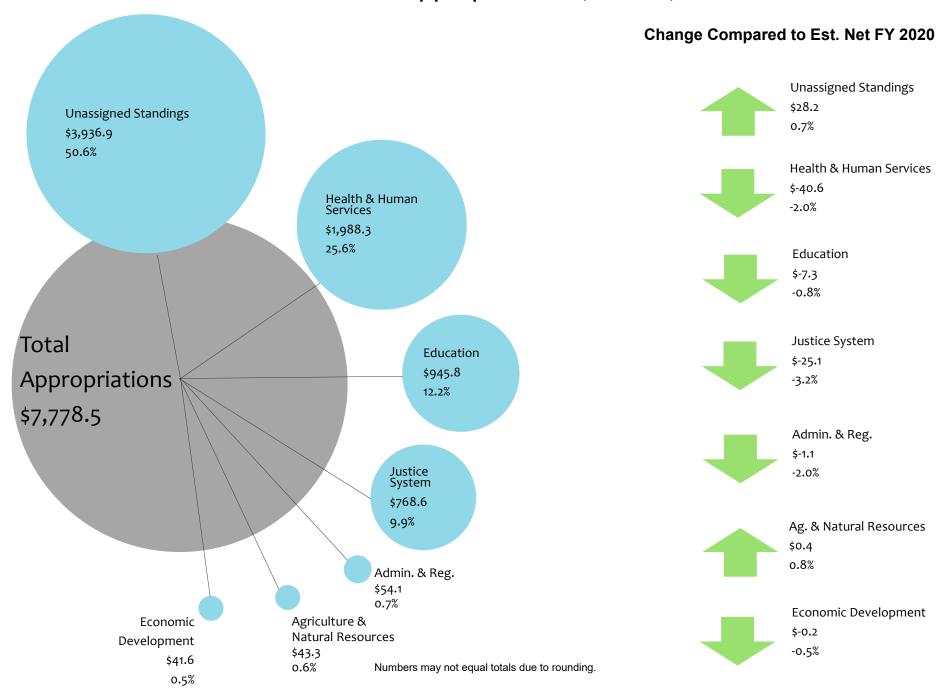
May 29, 2020

			% Change	REC	% Change	REC	% Change	REC	% Change	REC	% Change
			FY 19 vs.	FY 20	FY 20 Est.	FY 21	FY 21 Est.	FY 20	FY 20 Est.	FY 21	FY 21 Est.
	FY 18	FY 19	FY 18	Estimate	vs. FY 19	Estimate	vs. FY 20	Estimate	vs. FY 19	Estimate	vs. FY 20
Tax Receipts	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>12-Mar-20</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>12-Mar-20</u>	<u>Estimate</u>	<u>29-May-20</u>	<u>Actual</u>	29-May-20	<u>Estimate</u>
Personal Income Tax	\$4,746.7	\$4,944.0	4.2%	\$4,995.1	1.0%	\$5,050.6	1.1%	\$4,613.2	-6.7%	\$5,141.4	11.4%
Sales/Use Tax	2,941.5	3,045.5	3.5%	3,233.4	6.2%	3,342.1	3.4%	3,147.8	3.4%	3,174.6	0.9%
Corporate Income Tax	565.0	706.3	25.0%	726.5	2.9%	692.2	-4.7%	648.3	-8.2%	748.4	15.4%
Inheritance Tax	83.1	80.7	-2.9%	77.5	-4.0%	81.4	5.0%	88.8	10.0%	87.0	-2.0%
Insurance Premium Tax	121.8	153.4	25.9%	135.2	-11.9%	138.4	2.4%	145.9	-4.9%	152.3	4.4%
Beer Tax	13.7	13.5	-1.5%	13.5	0.0%	13.5	0.0%	12.6	-6.7%	12.9	2.4%
Franchise Tax	46.7	59.6	27.6%	56.4	-5.4%	62.5	10.8%	57.0	-4.4%	73.3	28.6%
Miscellaneous Tax	1.7	14.1	729.4%	24.0	70.2%	20.6	-14.2%	24.4	73.0%	20.4	-16.4%
Total Tax Receipts	\$8,520.2	\$9,017.1	5.8%	\$9,261.6	2.7%	\$9,401.3	1.5%	\$8,738.0	-3.1%	\$9,410.3	7.7%
Other Receipts											
Institutional Payments	\$12.0	\$11.2	-6.7%	\$10.6	-5.4%	\$10.6	0.0%	\$11.2	0.0%	\$11.2	0.0%
Liquor Profits	118.1	125.6	6.4%	129.1	2.8%	129.1	0.0%	129.1	2.8%	129.1	0.0%
Interest	4.7	9.0	91.5%	13.7	52.2%	13.7	0.0%	15.3	70.0%	15.3	0.0%
Fees	26.1	28.9	10.7%	27.6	-4.5%	27.6	0.0%	30.8	6.6%	30.8	0.0%
Judicial Revenue	97.4	95.4	-2.1%	95.4	0.0%	95.4	0.0%	95.4	0.0%	95.4	0.0%
Miscellaneous Receipts	52.3	64.4	23.1%	53.9	-16.3%	54.2	0.6%	54.2	-15.8%	54.2	0.0%
Total Other Receipts	\$310.6	\$334.5	7.7%	\$330.3	-1.3%	\$330.6	0.1%	\$336.0	0.4%	\$336.0	0.0%
Gross Tax & Other Receipts	\$8,830.8	\$9,351.6	5.9%	\$9,591.9	2.6%	\$9,731.9	1.5%	\$9,074.0	-3.0%	\$9,746.3	7.4%
Accruals (Net)	\$48.0	\$19.2		\$16.8		\$14.7		\$361.1		\$-350.9	
Refund (Accrual Basis)	\$-1,135.1	\$-1,131.9	-0.3%	\$-1,093.0	-3.4%	\$-1,069.5	-2.2%	\$-1,085.5	-4.1%	\$-1,104.0	1.7%
School Infras. Refunds (Accrual)	-\$480.8	-\$503.1	4.6%	\$-534.0	6.1%	\$-550.4	3.1%	\$-511.4	1.6%	\$-519.8	1.6%
Total Net Receipts	\$7,262.9	\$7,735.8	6.5%	\$7,981.7	3.2%	\$8,126.7	1.8%	\$7,838.2	1.3%	\$7,771.6	-0.8%
Transfers (Accrual Basis)											
Lottery	\$84.6	\$90.4	6.9%	\$83.0	-8.2%	\$84.0	1.2%	\$77.0	-14.8%	\$79.0	2.6%
Other Transfers	36.4	32.6	-10.4%	26.0	-20.2%	26.0	0.0%	26.0	-20.2%	26.0	0.0%
	00.1	02.0	101170	20.0	201270	20.0	0.070		20.270	20.0	0.070
Net Receipts Plus Transfers	\$7,383.9	\$7,858.8	6.4%	\$8,090.7	3.0%	\$8,236.7	1.8%	\$7,941.2	1.0%	\$7,876.6	-0.8%
Estimated Gambling Revenues											
Deposited to Other Funds	\$292.1	\$291.4	-0.2%	\$293.6	0.8%	\$293.6	0.0%	\$220.7	-24.3%	\$268.6	21.7%
Interest on Reserve Funds	\$7.7	\$14.7	90.9%	\$16.0	8.8%	\$15.0	-6.3%	\$16.0	8.8%	\$17.0	6.3%
Interest on neserve runus	Ψ1.1	ψ14./	30.3 %	\$10.0	0.070	φ13.0	-0.3 /0	· ·			
There are no post-REC adjustments to	the March	2020 estin	nate.					FY 2022	Estimate>	8,199.5	4.1%

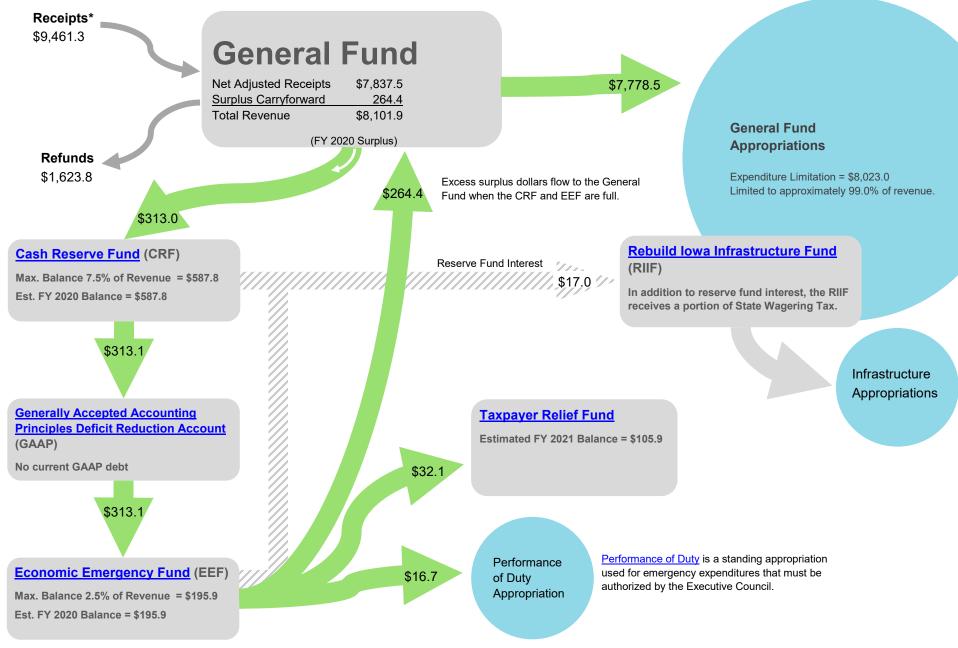
FY 2020 Estimated Net General Fund Appropriations (In Millions)



FY 2021 Estimated General Fund Appropriations (In Millions)



Flow of General Fund Surplus — Estimated FY 2021 (Dollars in Millions)



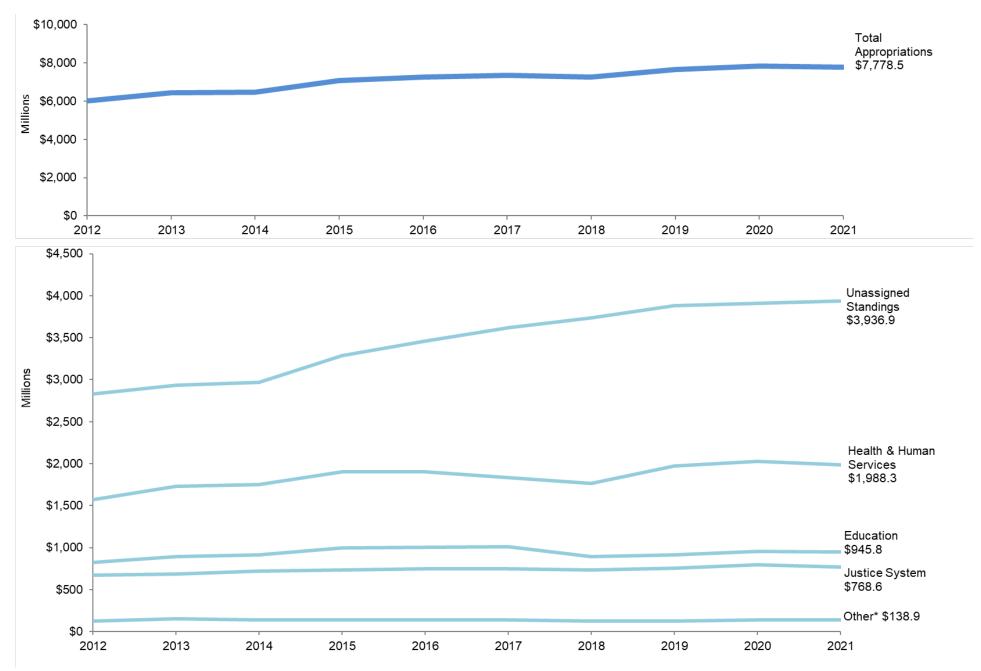
^{*} Includes transfers, accruals, and revenue adjustments.

Note: Numbers may not equal totals due to rounding.

For more information, see the General Fund Balance Sheet.

LSA: Fiscal Analysis 12 August 2020

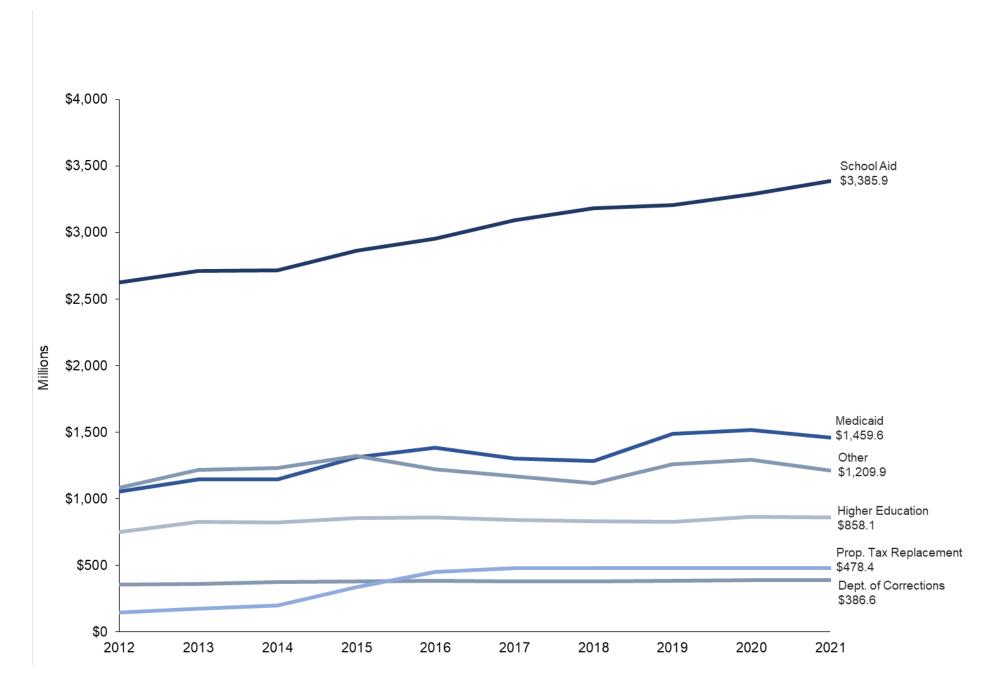
Fiscal Year Appropriations by Subcommittee — FY 2012 - FY 2021



^{*} Other includes: Administration and Regulation (\$54.1), Agriculture and Natural Resources (\$43.3), and Economic Development (\$41.6).

General Fund Appropriations — FY 2012 - FY 2021

(Not Adjusted for Inflation)



State of Iowa Projected Condition of the General Fund

	Actual FY 2019	Revised FY 2020	Enacted FY 2021
Resources			
Receipts (Mar 2019 Est)	\$ 7,858.9	\$ 8,090.7	\$ 8,236.7
May REC Adjustment	0.0	- 149.5	- 360.1
Net Receipts	7,858.9	7,941.2	7,876.6
Revenue Adjustments	0.0	- 4.5	- 39.1
Subtotal Receipts	7,858.9	7,936.7	7,837.5
Surplus Carryforward	71.0	195.6	264.4
Total Available Resources	\$ 7,929.9	\$ 8,132.3	\$ 8,101.9
Expenditure Limitation			\$ 8,023.0
Estimated Appropriations and Expenditures			
Appropriations	\$ 7,480.2	\$ 7,642.6	\$ 7,778.5
Adjustment to Standing Appropriations	- 2.8	- 3.8	0.0
Supplemental/Deappropriations	168.6	185.6	0.0
Total Appropriations	\$ 7,646.0	\$ 7,824.3	\$ 7,778.5
Reversions	- 5.4	- 5.0	- 5.0
Net Appropriations	\$ 7,640.6	\$ 7,819.3	\$ 7,773.5
Ending Balance - Surplus	\$ 289.3	\$ 313.0	\$ 328.4
Under (Over) Expenditure Limitation			\$ 244.5

State of Iowa

General Fund Appropriations Acts

			Enacte	ed
Act No.	Act Name	FY 2	2020 Adj.	FY 2021
HF 2642	Infrastructure Appropriations Act	\$	70.0 \$	- 17.5
HF 2643	Omnibus Appropriations Act		2.4	4,321.9
SF 2142	School Supplemental State Aid Act		0.0	3,385.9
SF 2144	Supplemental Appropriations Act		21.3	0.0
SF 2164	School Transportation Equity Act		0.0	32.5
SF 2408	Supplemental and Continuing Appropriations Act		91.8	- 32.4
Current Law	Standing Appropriations (Current Law)		0.0	88.0
	Total	\$	185.6 \$	7,778.5

State of Iowa General Fund Revenue Adjustments by Act

			Enact	ed
Act No.	Description	FY	2020	FY 2021
HF 760	Hotel and Motel Local Sales Tax	\$	0.0 \$	2.7
HF 2340	529 Plan Out-of-State Private Schools		0.0	- 0.2
HF 2641	Department of Revenue Omnibus Act		- 4.5	- 41.9
SF 457	Criminal Surcharge and Court Fee Reform		0.0	0.3
Total Reve	nue Adjustments	\$	- 4.5 \$	- 39.1

State of Iowa Expenditure Limitation Calculation

		Enacted					
			Amount	%	Ex	pend. Limit	
Revenue I	Estimating Conference						
Total (May	/ 2020 Estimate)	\$	7,876.6	99%	\$	7,797.8	
Revenue /	Adjustments:						
HF 760	Hotel and Motel Local Sales Tax		2.7	95%		2.6	
HF 2340	529 Plan Out-of-State Private Schools		- 0.2	100%		- 0.2	
HF 2641	Department of Revenue Omnibus Act		- 41.9	100%		- 41.9	
SF 457	Criminal Surcharge and Court Fee Reform		0.3	95%		0.3	
Subtotal	Revenue Adjustment	\$	- 39.1		\$	- 39.2	
Transfer f	rom Surplus	\$	264.4	100%	\$	264.4	
Total Adj	ustments	\$	225.3		\$	225.2	
Expendit	ure Limitation				\$	8,023.0	

State of Iowa Reserve Funds

		Y 2020	Enacted FY 2021		
General Fund Transfer from Surplus	42.4 \$ 27.3 13.1	571.6 289.3 0.0	\$	587.9 313.0 0.0	
Total Funds Available \$ 6	82.8	860.9	\$	900.9	
Transfer to Economic Emergency Fund - 1	11.2	- 273.0		- 313.1	
Balance \$ 5	71.6 \$	587.9	\$	587.8	
	571.6 \$	587.9	\$	587.8	
Economic Emergency Fund Funds Available					
Excess from Cash Reserve 1	77.9 \$ 11.2 14.2	185.6 273.0 - 7.0	\$	196.0 313.1 - 16.7	
Total Funds Available \$ 2	74.9 \$	451.6	\$	492.4	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- 4.9 \$ 84.4 0.0 0.0	0.0 - 255.6 - 17.0 17.0	\$	0.0 - 296.5 0.0 0.0	
Balance \$ 1.	85.6 \$	196.0	\$	195.9	
	90.5 \$	196.0	\$	195.9	
One-time Transfer to General Fund Transfer to Taxpayer Relief Fund	71.0 \$ 0.0 13.4 84.4 \$	195.6 0.0 60.0 255.6	\$	194.4 70.0 32.1 296.5	
•	71.6 \$	587.9	\$	587.8	
<u></u>	85.6 57.2 \$	196.0 783.9	\$	195.9 783.7	
Statutory Maximum					
•	71.6 \$ 90.5	587.9 196.0	\$	587.8 195.9	
	62.1 \$	783.9	\$	783.7	

^{*} An adjustment of \$4.9 million was made to the FY 2019 Performance of Duty appropriation to account for actual yearend expenditures exceeding the previous estimate of \$14.2 million. The adjustment occurred during the FY 2019 "holdopen" period, which was after the excess FY 2018 General Fund surplus dollars were transferred back to the General Fund for FY 2019.

Adjusted Revenue Estimate and Reserve Fund Goal Calculations

	F	Y 2018	F	Y 2019	F	Y 2020	_	Enacted Y 2021
REC Estimates	\$	7,364.5	\$	7,527.0	\$	7,848.4	\$	7,876.6
Revenue Adjustments		6.0		94.9		-9.3		-39.1
Adjusted Revenue Estimate	\$	7,370.5	\$	7,621.9	\$	7,839.1	\$	7,837.5
Reserve Fund Goals Cash Reserve Fund Economic Emergency Fund	\$	552.8 184.3	\$	571.6 190.5	\$	587.9 196.0	\$	587.8 195.9
Total	\$	737.1	\$	762.1	\$	783.9	\$	783.7

Taxpayer Relief Fund

					E	nacted
	F\	/ 2019	FY	2020	F`	Y 2021
Funds Available						
Balance Brought Forward	\$	8.4	\$	13.5	\$	73.8
General Fund Surplus Transfer		13.4		60.0		32.1
Interest		0.1		0.3		0.0
Total Funds Available	\$	21.9	\$	73.8	\$	105.9
Expenditures						
Transfer to the General Fund	\$	- 8.4	\$	0.0	\$	0.0
Ending Balance	\$	13.5	\$	73.8	\$	105.9

State Tax Credit Claims Projection

(In Millions)

Tax Credit Program	-	Actual Y 2019	F	Est Y 2020	F`	Est Y 2021
Capped Programs		_			-	
High Quality Jobs Program	\$	35.3	\$	47.7	\$	57.8
Historic Preservation Tax Credit		36.4		46.5		48.6
Redevelopment Tax Credit		9.0		8.9		12.7
School Tuition Organization Tax Credit		10.8		10.9		13.4
Workforce Housing Tax Incentive Program		14.7		24.0		12.7
All Other Programs		41.8		40.7		38.7
Total Capped Programs	\$	148.1	\$	178.7	\$	184.0
Uncapped Programs						
Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit	\$	17.3	\$	21.7	\$	22.1
Earned Income Tax Credit		66.9		71.8		72.3
Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program (260E)		37.2		42.2		43.0
Research Activities Tax Credit		84.2		77.6		77.7
Tuition and Textbook Tax Credit		14.5		14.8		14.8
All Other Programs		20.0		23.6		26.2
Total Uncapped Programs	\$	240.0	\$	251.7	\$	256.0
Tax Credit Program Total	\$	388.1	\$	430.4	\$	440.0

Note: These estimates are based on the Tax Credit Expected Claims Projection published by the Department of Revenue in May 2020 in the Tax Credits Contingent Liabilities Report. The table above reflects the tax credits that are likely to be claimed in a given fiscal year based on the previous year.

The numbers may not equal totals due to rounding.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund

	Actual	Est Net				
	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Resources						
Balance Forward	\$ 10,882,659	\$ 10,921,715	\$ 1,764,144	\$ 72,108	NA	NA
Wagering Taxes and Fees	163,317,037	90,700,000	138,600,000	159,810,000	159,810,000	159,810,000
General Fund Appropriation	0	70,000,000	0			
Interest	15,728,014	16,000,000	17,000,000	17,000,000	17,000,000	17,000,000
MSA Tobacco Payments	10,900,749	10,790,405	10,790,405	10,790,405	10,790,405	10,790,405
MSA Tobacco Litigation Settlements	2,209,594	2,209,595	2,209,595	2,209,595	2,209,595	2,209,595
Total Resources	\$ 203,038,053	\$ 200,621,715	\$ 170,364,144	\$ 189,882,108	\$ 189,810,000	\$ 189,810,000
Appropriations						
Administrative Services						
Major Maintenance	\$ 24,500,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000
Routine Maintenance	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Security Cameras	0	0	250,000	0	0	0
Agriculture & Land Stewardship						
Water Quality Initiative	5,200,000	5,200,000	5,200,000	0	0	0
Ag Drainage Wells	1,875,000	0	0	0	0	0
Renewable Fuels Infrastructure Fund	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	0	0	0
Chief Information Officer						
Broadband Improvements	1,300,000	0	0	0	0	0
Corrections						
CBC Fire Suppression System	0	150,000	0	0	0	0
Cultural Affairs						
Great Places Infrastructure Grants	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	0	0
Strengthening Communities Grants	250,000	250,000	250,000	0	0	0
Economic Development						
Community Attraction & Tourism Grants	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	0	0	0
Regional Sports Authorities	500,000	500,000	500,000	0	0	0
World Food Prize	300,000	300,000	0	0	0	0
Vacant Buildings Demolition Fund	0	1,000,000	0	1,000,000	0	0
Vacant Buildings Rehabilitation Fund	0	1,000,000	0	1,000,000	0	0
Independence Innovation Center	0	200,000	800,000	0	0	0
Lewis and Clark Regional Water System	4,750,000	0	0	0	0	0
Junior Olympics	250,000	0	0	0	0	0
Gas Pipeline	250,000	0	0	0	0	0

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund

	Actual	Est Net		Enact	ed		
	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	
Human Services							
Childserve Project	500,000	0	0	500,000	0	(
ADA Projects	0	0	596,500	0	0	(
Nursing Home Facility Improvements	500,000	500,000	500,000	0	0	(
Iowa Finance Authority							
State Housing Trust Fund (Standing)	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	
State Housing Trust Fund	0	50,000	0	0	0	(
lowa Law Enforcement Academy							
Law Enforcement Academy Remodel	1,449,938	10,826,911	0	0	0	(
Law Enforcement Academy Furniture	0	0	280,000	0	0	(
Judicial Branch							
Polk County Justice Center	1,464,705	0	0	0	0	(
Other County Justice Center Furnishings	0	193,620	211,455	0	0	(
Judicial Branch Building	0	0	400,000	0	0	(
Legislative Branch							
Capitol Building Maintenance	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	
Capitol Building Gutter Replacement	0	0	1,250,000	1,250,000	0	(
Management							
Environment First Fund	42,000,000	42,000,000	42,000,000	42,000,000	42,000,000	42,000,000	
Technology Reinvestment Fund	14,400,000	18,069,975	18,550,000	0	0	(
Natural Resources							
State Park Infrastructure	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	0	0	(
Lake Restoration	9,600,000	9,600,000	8,600,000	0	0	(
Water Trails and Low Head Dam Grants	500,000	500,000	250,000	0	0	(
Public Defense							
Facility/Armory Maintenance	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	0	(
Statewide Modernization - Readiness Centers	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	0	0	(
Camp Dodge Infrastructure Upgrades	250,000	250,000	250,000	0	0	(
Public Safety							
State Communication System	1,351,666	3,719,355	3,960,945	0	0	(
Tasers	740,000	0	0	0	0	(
Lab Liquid Chromatograph	0	325,000	0	0	0	(
Explosive Trace Detectors	0	29,000	0	0	0	(
Iowa State Patrol Aircraft	0	0	1,713,170	0	0	(
Ballistic Vests	0	0	467,500	0	0	(

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund

	Actual	Est Net				
	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Regents						
Tuition Replacement	31,471,292	28,098,870	28,268,466	0	0	(
ISU Student Innovation Center	6,000,000	7,000,000	6,625,000	13,375,000	0	(
ISU Biosciences Building	4,000,000	0	0	0	0	C
UI Pharmacy Building Renovation	5,500,000	0	0	0	0	(
ISU Veterinary Lab	1,000,000	12,500,000	8,900,000	12,500,000	12,500,000	16,100,000
ISD Long Hall Renovation	0	3,000,000	1,325,000	0	0	(
UNI Industrial Technology Center Renovation	0	0	1,000,000	13,000,000	18,000,000	8,500,000
State Fair						
NW Events Area Construction and Remodel	8,500,000	0	0	0	0	C
4H Building Renovation	0	500,000	4,500,000	0	0	(
State Historical Building Relocation Study	0	500,000	0	0	0	(
ransportation						
Railroad Revolving Loan and Grant	1,000,000	1,000,000	500,000	0	0	(
Recreational Trails	1,000,000	1,500,000	1,000,000	0	0	(
Public Transit Vertical Infrastructure Grants	1,500,000	1,500,000	500,000	0	0	(
Commercial Air Service Vertical Infra. Grants	1,500,000	1,900,000	1,000,000	0	0	(
General Aviation Vertical Infra. Grants	700,000	1,000,000	650,000	0	0	(
reasurer						
County Fair Infrastructure	1,060,000	1,060,000	1,060,000	0	0	
/eterans Affairs						
Mechanical and Electrical Distribution	0	6,134,840	50,000	0	0	
Net Appropriations	\$ 193,662,601	\$ 198,857,571	\$ 170,292,036	\$ 110,125,000	\$ 98,000,000	\$ 92,100,00
Reversions	-1,546,263	0	0	0	0	
ing Balance	\$ 10,921,715	\$ 1,764,144	\$ 72,108	\$ 79,757,108	\$ 91,810,000	\$ 97,710,00

NA = Not applicable. The balances carried forward to FY 2023 and FY 2024 will not be known until additional spending decisions are made for FY 2022 during the 2021 Legislative Session.

Technology Reinvestment Fund

	Final		Est Net		Enacted	
		FY 2019		FY 2020		FY 2021
Resources					_	
Beginning Balance	\$	19,635	\$	5,855	\$	10,855
RIIF Appropriation		14,400,000		18,069,975		18,550,000
Total Available Resources	\$	14,419,635	\$	18,075,830	\$	18,560,855
Appropriations						
Office of the Chief Information Officer						
Information Technology Consolidation Projects	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	0
Department of Corrections						
Technology Projects		0		629,000		0
Building Automation		0		0		500,000
Department of Education						
ICN Part III & Maintenance & Leases		2,727,000		2,727,000		2,727,000
Statewide Education Data Warehouse		600,000		600,000		600,000
IPTV Equipment Replacement		500,000		500,000		1,000,000
Department of Homeland Security						
Mass Notification and Emer. Messaging System		400,000		400,000		400,000
Department of Human Rights						
Criminal Justice Info System Integration (CJIS)		1,200,000		1,200,000		1,400,000
Justice Data Warehouse		157,980		157,980		157,980
Department of Human Services						
Medicaid Technology		636,000		1,228,535		1,979,319
Family and Children Services System Replacement		0		5,525,660		0
Iowa Poison Control Center		0		0		34,000
Iowa Communications Network						
Firewall Protection		0		0		2,071,794
lowa Ethic and Campaign Disclosure Board						
Candidate Reporting System		0		0		500,000
Iowa Law Enforcement Academy						
Online Learning Platform		0		15,000		400,000
Department of Inspections and Appeals						
State Public Defender Online Attorney Billings		88,800		0		0
Electronic Storage Space Study		0		50,000		0
Judicial Branch						
Technology Projects		3,000,000		0		163,000

Technology Reinvestment Fund

	Final	Est Net	Enacted
	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Department of Management			
Transparency Project	45,000	45,000	45,000
Local Government Budget & Property Tax Upgrade	600,000	120,000	624,000
Electronic Grant Management System	70,000	50,000	70,000
Department of Natural Resources			
New Online Application	954,000	0	0
Board of Parole			
Record Digitization	50,000	0	0
Department of Public Health			
Medical Cannabidiol Registry	350,000	0	0
State Medical Examiner Equipment	0	0	395,000
AMANDA System	0	796,800	0
Department of Revenue			
Tax System Modernization	0	0	4,070,460
Department of Public Safety			
Crime Scene Processing Equipment	125,000	0	0
Radio Upgrades	860,000	0	0
Lab Management System	0	300,000	0
Virtual Storage Archival System	0	290,000	0
Evidence Management	0	80,000	0
Post 16 Technology Upgrade	0	250,000	0
Secretary of State			
Voter Registration System	1,050,000	2,100,000	1,400,000
Veterans Affairs			
Computer Equipment	0	5,000	21,000
Total Appropriations	\$ 14,413,780	\$ 18,069,975	\$ 18,558,553
Reversions	0	-5,000	0
Ending Balance	\$ 5,855	\$ 10,855	\$ 2,302

Environment First Fund

		Actual FY 2019		Est Net FY 2020	Enacted FY 2021			
Resources Balance Forward	<u> </u>	05.050	ф.	05.050	¢.	05.050		
RIIF Appropriation	\$	85,850 42,000,000	\$	85,850 42,000,000	\$	85,850 42,000,000		
Total Resources	\$	42,085,850	\$	42,085,850	\$	42,085,850		
Appropriations								
Department of Agriculture								
Soil Conservation Cost Share	\$	8,325,000	\$	8,325,000	\$	8,325,000		
Soil & Water Conservation Fund		3,800,000		3,800,000		3,800,000		
Water Quality Initiative		2,375,000		2,375,000		2,375,000		
Conservation Reserve Enhancement (CREP)		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		
Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)		900,000		900,000		900,000		
Watershed Protection Program		900,000		900,000		900,000		
Total Department of Agriculture	\$	17,300,000	\$	17,300,000	\$	17,300,000		
Department of Natural Resources								
REAP Program	\$	12,000,000	\$	12,000,000	\$	12,000,000		
Park Operations and Maintenance		6,235,000		6,235,000		6,235,000		
Water Quality Monitoring Stations		2,955,000		2,955,000		2,955,000		
Animal Feeding Operations		1,320,000		1,320,000		1,320,000		
Water Quality Protection		500,000		500,000		500,000		
Air Quality Monitoring Program		425,000		425,000		425,000		
Floodplain Management		375,000		375,000		375,000		
GIS Information for Watersheds		195,000		195,000		195,000		
Total Department of Natural Resources	\$	24,005,000	\$	24,005,000	\$	24,005,000		
Board of Regents								
Water Quantity Program	\$	495,000	\$	495,000	\$	495,000		
Geological and Water Survey		200,000		200,000		200,000		
Total Board of Regents	\$	695,000	\$	695,000	\$	695,000		
Total Appropriations	\$	42,000,000	\$	42,000,000	\$	42,000,000		
Reversions		0		0		0		
Ending Balance	\$	85,850	\$	85,850	\$	85,850		

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Fund

	Actual FY 2019	Est Net FY 2020	Enacted FY 2021
Revenues			
Beginning Balance	\$ 251,315	\$ 1,067,624	\$ 3,753,354
TANF Surplus from CFS	0	1,089,807	0
TANF Payment	130,558,068	130,558,068	130,558,068
Total Revenues	\$ 130,809,383	\$ 132,715,499	\$ 134,311,422
Appropriations			
Family Investment Program			
Family Investment Program	\$ 3,685,633	\$ 3,507,371	\$ 5,002,006
FaDSS	2,875,968	2,888,980	2,898,980
JOBS Program	5,192,060	5,225,088	5,412,060
Training and Technology	408,593	738,063	1,037,186
Child Abuse Prevention	72,863	125,000	125,000
Pregnancy Prevention	1,737,305	1,878,647	1,913,203
Child Care Assistance	47,166,826	47,166,826	47,166,826
Child and Family Services	32,380,654	32,380,654	32,380,654
General Administration	3,744,000	3,744,000	3,744,000
Field Operations	32,465,681	31,296,232	31,296,232
Expanded Categorical Eligibility for SNAP	12,176	11,284	14,236
Total Appropriations	\$ 129,741,759	\$ 128,962,145	\$ 130,990,383
Reversions	0	0	0
Ending Balance	\$ 1,067,624	\$ 3,753,354	\$ 3,321,039

Notes:

TANF - Temporary Assistance for Needy Families

FaDSS - Family Development and Self-Sufficiency Program

MH/DD - Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities

FIP - Family Investment Program

CFS - Child and Family Services

Medicaid Balance Sheet

	Actual Est Net FY 2019 FY 2020					Enacted FY 2021		
Medicaid Funding								
Carryforward from Previous Year	\$	36,170,463	\$	87,888,114	\$	120,613,153		
Palo Replacement Generation Tax		1,408,668		1,204,161		602,080		
Health Care Trust Fund		202,680,114		197,755,241		182,830,000		
Nursing Facility Quality Assurance Fund		34,138,988		54,100,000		56,305,139		
Hospital Trust Fund		33,920,554		33,920,554		33,920,554		
Medicaid Fraud Fund		612,518		150,000		150,000		
Transfer Decategorization Reversion		2,932,149		907,404		0		
CFS Foster Care Transfer		5,000,000		0		0		
Total Non-General Fund Sources	\$	316,863,454	\$	375,925,474	\$	394,420,926		
General Fund Appropriation		1,337,646,375		1,427,381,675		1,459,599,409		
General Fund Supplemental		150,300,000		88,982,734		0		
Total General Fund Sources	\$	1,487,946,375	\$	1,516,364,409	\$	1,459,599,409		
Total Medicaid Funding	\$	1,804,809,829	\$	1,892,289,883	\$	1,854,020,335		
Estimated State Medicaid Need	\$	1,572,484,966	\$	1,823,945,331	\$	1,932,680,545		
FMAP Changes		-58,940,360		-53,120,556		-32,412,311		
6.2% FMAP Adjustment — COVID-19		0		-125,000,000		-62,500,000		
Health and Wellness Program Expenditures		7,200,000		16,900,000		13,454,459		
Adjustment Due to Gov. Line Item Veto		-195,000		-195,000		0		
MCO Capitation Increase		109,907,245		67,834,927		0		
Risk Corridor Payments		21,817,026		0		0		
Habilitation Risk Pool Adjustment		40,425,283		0		0		
MCO Incentives		9,600,000		0		0		
CY 2018 Health Insurer Fee Payment		14,622,555		0		0		
FY 2020 Appropriations Act Changes		0		27,926,781		0		
Nursing Facility Rebase		0		13,385,247		0		
Adult and Children MH Funding		0		0		2,796,776		
Total Estimated Medicaid Need	\$	1,716,921,715	\$	1,771,676,730	\$	1,854,019,469		
Balance (Underfunded If Negative)	\$	87,888,114	\$	120,613,153	\$	866		

MCO – Managed Care Organization FMAP – Federal Medical Assistance Percentage CFS - Child and Family Services

Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund

Revenue S 0 \$ 0 Beginning Account Balance \$63,750,000 \$63,750,000 \$63,750,000 Total Revenues \$63,750,000 \$63,750,000 \$63,750,000 Appropriations & Expenses College Student Aid Commission Skilled Workforce Shortage Tuition Grant \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$6,000,000			Actual FY 2019	Est Net FY 2020	Enacted FY 2021		
Wagering Tax Receipts 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 Total Revenues \$63,750,000 \$63,750,000 \$63,750,000 Appropriations & Expenses College Student Aid Commission Skilled Workforce Shortage Tuition Grant \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 Total College Student Aid Commission \$5,000,000 \$6,000,000 \$6,000,000 Economic Development Authority #13,650,000 \$1,700,000 \$1,700,000 STEM Internships \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$10,000,000 Future Ready Iowa Mentor Program \$0 \$100,000 \$10,000,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment \$0 \$100,000 \$100,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment \$0 \$100,000 \$100,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment \$0 \$10,000 \$100,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment \$0 \$100,000 \$15,100,000 \$15,100,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment \$0 \$1,500,000 \$15,100,000 \$15,100,000 \$15,100,000 \$1	Revenue	-					
Page	Beginning Account Balance	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	
Appropriations & Expenses Scollege Student Aid Commission Stilled Workforce Shortage Tuition Grant \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$6,000,000 Tuture Ready Grant Program \$5,000,000 \$6,000,000	Wagering Tax Receipts		63,750,000	63,750,000		63,750,000	
Selided Workforce Shortage Tuition Grant	Total Revenues	\$	63,750,000	\$ 63,750,000	\$	63,750,000	
Skilled Workforce Shortage Tuition Grant Future Ready Grant Program \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$6,000	Appropriations & Expenses						
Future Ready Grant Program 0 1,000,000 1,000,000 Total College Student Aid Commission 5,000,000 6,000,000 Economic Development Authority 313,650,000 11,700,000 11,700,000 STEM Internships 1,000,000 11,700,000 400,000 400,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment 0 400,000 400,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment 0 300,000 300,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment 0 300,000 300,000 Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 0 300,000 300,000 Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 14,650,000 13,500,000 300,000 Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 14,650,000 15,100,000 300,000 Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 15,100,000 15,100,000 15,100,000 Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 15,100,000 15,100,000 5,500,000 5,500,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 5,500,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 <td>College Student Aid Commission</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	College Student Aid Commission						
Total College Student Aid Commission \$ 5,000,000 \$ 6	Skilled Workforce Shortage Tuition Grant	\$	5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	
High Quality Jobs 13,650,000 11,700,000 11,700,000 11,700,000 STEM Internships 1,000,000	Future Ready Grant Program		0	1,000,000		1,000,000	
High Quality Jobs 13,650,000 11,700,000 11,700,000 STEM Internships 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 Enture Ready lowa Mentor Program 0 100,000 100,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment 0 100,000 300,000 200,000 1	Total College Student Aid Commission	\$	5,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	
STEM Internships 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 Future Ready lowa Mentor Program 0 400,000 400,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment 0 100,000 300,000 Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 0 300,000 300,000 Total Economic Development Authority 14,650,000 13,500,000 \$13,500,000 Department of Education Workforce Training and Econ Dev Funds 15,100,000 15,100,000 15,100,000 Adult Literacy for the Workforce 5,500,000 5,500,000 5,500,000 ACE Infrastructure 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 ACE and Regional Sectors 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 Gaz Tuition Assistance Fund 2,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 Gaz Tuition Assistance Fund 2,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 Work-based Learning Intermediary Network 1,500,000 1,500,000 200,000 Work-based Learning Intermediary Network 1,500,000 30,000,000 30,000,000 30,000,000 Total Department of Workforce Devel	Economic Development Authority						
Future Ready lowa Mentor Program 0 400,000 400,000 Empower Rural lowa Housing Needs Assessment 0 100,000 300,000 Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 0 300,000 300,000 Total Economic Development Authority \$ 14,650,000 \$ 13,500,000 \$ 13,500,000 Department of Education Workforce Training and Econ Dev Funds 15,100,000 \$ 5,500,000 5,500,000 Adult Literacy for the Workforce 5,500,000 5,500,000 6,000,000 ACE Infrastructure 6,000,000 5,000,000 6,000,000 PACE and Regional Sectors 5,500,000 5,000,000 6,000,000 Gap Tuition Assistance Fund 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 Work-based Learning Intermediary Network 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting 200,000 200,000 200,000 Total Department of Education 35,300,000 36,300,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development 100,000 150,000 150,000 Future Ready lowa C	, ,						
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Empower Rural lowa Rural Innovation Grants 0 300,000 300,000 Total Economic Development Authority 14,650,000 \$ 13,500,000 \$ 13,500,000 Department of Education Separtment of Education	Future Ready Iowa Mentor Program			400,000		400,000	
Total Economic Development Authority \$ 14,650,000 \$ 13,500,000 \$ 13,500,000 Department of Education Workforce Training and Econ Dev Funds \$ 15,100,000 \$ 15,100,000 \$ 15,100,000 \$ 15,000,000 \$ 5,500,000 \$ 5,500,000 \$ 5,500,000 \$ 5,500,000 \$ 5,500,000 \$ 5,500,000 \$ 6,000,000 \$ 6,000,000 \$ 6,000,000 \$ 6,000,000 \$ 5,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000 \$ 20,000,000	Empower Rural Iowa Housing Needs Assessment		0	100,000		100,000	
Department of Education Workforce Training and Econ Dev Funds 15,100,000 15,100,000 15,100,000 Adult Literacy for the Workforce 5,500,000 5,500,000 5,500,000 ACE Infrastructure 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 PACE and Regional Sectors 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 Gap Tuition Assistance Fund 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 Work-based Learning Intermediary Network 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting 200,000 200,000 200,000 Total Department of Education \$35,300,000 \$35,300,000 35,300,000 Pepartment of Workforce Development 100,000 100,000 100,000 Future Ready lowa Coordinator 0 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development \$100,000 \$3,000,000 \$250,000 Beard of Regents 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 2,002,000 2,002,000 2,002,000 UI - Economic Development 2,002,000	Empower Rural Iowa Rural Innovation Grants		0	300,000		300,000	
Workforce Training and Econ Dev Funds 15,100,000 15,100,000 15,100,000 Adult Literacy for the Workforce 5,500,000 5,500,000 5,500,000 ACE Infrastructure 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 PACE and Regional Sectors 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 Gap Tuition Assistance Fund 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting 200,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting 200,000 200,000 200,000 Total Department of Education \$35,300,000 \$35,300,000 \$35,300,000 AMOS Training Program 100,000 100,000 150,000 Future Ready lowa Coordinator 0 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development \$100,000 250,000 250,000 Board of Regents 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 2,902,79 209,279 209,279 UI - Economic Development 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Eco	Total Economic Development Authority	\$	14,650,000	\$ 13,500,000	\$	13,500,000	
Adult Literacy for the Workforce 5,500,000 5,500,000 5,500,000 ACE Infrastructure 6,000,000 6,000,000 6,000,000 PACE and Regional Sectors 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 Gap Tuition Assistance Fund 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 Work-based Learning Intermediary Network 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting 200,000 200,000 200,000 Total Department of Education \$35,300,000 \$35,300,000 \$35,300,000 Department of Workforce Development 100,000 100,000 100,000 Future Ready lowa Coordinator 0 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development 100,000 250,000 250,000 Board of Regents 200,000 2,424,302 2,424,302 Regents Innovation Fund 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 ISU - Economic Development 209,279 209,279 209,279 UI - Ecronomic Development 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI	·						
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Work-based Learning Intermediary Network 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting 200,000 200,000 200,000 Total Department of Education \$ 35,300,000 \$ 35,300,000 \$ 35,300,000 Department of Workforce Development AMOS Training Program 100,000 100,000 100,000 Future Ready lowa Coordinator 0 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development \$ 100,000 \$ 250,000 250,000 Board of Regents Regents Innovation Fund 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 ISU - Economic Development 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 209,279 209,279 209,279 UI - Entrepreneurship and Econ Growth 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Economic Development 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 Total Board of Regents 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 Total Appropriations & Expenses 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000			5,000,000	5,000,000		5,000,000	
Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting Total Department of Education 200,000 200,000 200,000 Department of Workforce Development 35,300,000 35,300,000 35,300,000 AMOS Training Program Future Ready lowa Coordinator Total Department of Workforce Development 100,000 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development 100,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 Board of Regents 8 100,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 ISU - Economic Development 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Economic Development 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 3,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 0 0	Gap Tuition Assistance Fund		2,000,000				
Total Department of Education \$ 35,300,000 \$ 35,300,000 \$ 35,300,000 Department of Workforce Development	,		1,500,000	1,500,000		1,500,000	
Department of Workforce Development AMOS Training Program 100,000 100,000 100,000 Future Ready Iowa Coordinator 0 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development \$ 100,000 \$ 250,000 250,000 Board of Regents \$ 250,000 \$ 250,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,000,200 2,000,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 2000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 3,000,	Workforce Prep Outcome Reporting		200,000	200,000		200,000	
AMOS Training Program 100,000 100,000 100,000 Future Ready lowa Coordinator 0 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development \$ 100,000 \$ 250,000 \$ 250,000 Board of Regents Begents Innovation Fund 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 15U - Economic Development 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,000,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 200,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 3,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 6,3,750,000 <td>Total Department of Education</td> <td>\$</td> <td>35,300,000</td> <td>\$ 35,300,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>35,300,000</td>	Total Department of Education	\$	35,300,000	\$ 35,300,000	\$	35,300,000	
Future Ready Iowa Coordinator 0 150,000 150,000 Total Department of Workforce Development \$ 100,000 \$ 250,000 \$ 250,000 Board of Regents Begents Innovation Fund 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 ISU - Economic Development 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 209,279 209,279 209,279 UI - Entrepreneurship and Econ Growth 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Economic Development 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 Total Board of Regents \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 Total Appropriations & Expenses \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000	·						
Board of Regents Regents Innovation Fund 3,000,000 2,024,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,029,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 209,279 200,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	5 5		100,000	•		100,000	
Board of Regents Regents Innovation Fund 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 ISU - Economic Development 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 209,279 209,279 209,279 UI - Entrepreneurship and Econ Growth 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Economic Development 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 Total Board of Regents \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 Total Appropriations & Expenses \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 Reversions 0 0 0 0	•						
Regents Innovation Fund 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 ISU - Economic Development 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 209,279 209,279 209,279 UI - Entrepreneurship and Econ Growth 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Economic Development 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 Total Board of Regents \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 Total Appropriations & Expenses \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 Reversions 0 0 0	Total Department of Workforce Development	\$	100,000	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	
ISU - Economic Development 2,424,302 2,424,302 2,424,302 UI - Economic Development 209,279 209,279 209,279 UI - Entrepreneurship and Econ Growth 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Economic Development 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 Total Board of Regents \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 Total Appropriations & Expenses \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 Reversions 0 0 0 0							
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UI - Entrepreneurship and Econ Growth 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 UNI - Economic Development 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 Total Board of Regents \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 Total Appropriations & Expenses \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 Reversions 0 0 0 0	·						
UNI - Economic Development Total Board of Regents 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 1,066,419 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 8,700,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 63,750,000 0	·		,	,			
Total Board of Regents \$ 8,700,000 \$ 8,700,000 Total Appropriations & Expenses \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 Reversions 0 0 0 0	·		2,000,000	2,000,000		2,000,000	
Total Appropriations & Expenses \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 \$ 63,750,000 Reversions 0 0 0	•						
Reversions 0 0 0	Total Board of Regents	\$	8,700,000	\$ 8,700,000	\$	8,700,000	
<u></u>	Total Appropriations & Expenses	\$	63,750,000	\$ 63,750,000	\$	63,750,000	
Ending Balance \$ 0 \$ 0	Reversions		0	0		0	
	Ending Balance	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	

Comparison of All State Appropriated Funds

(In Millions)

Funding Sources		Actual Y 2019		Est Net Y 2020	Enacted FY 2021		
General Fund		. 2010		. 2020	÷	. 2021	
Total General Fund Appropriations	\$	7,646.0	\$	7,824.3	\$	7,778.5	
Net General Fund Appropriations	\$	7,646.0	\$	7,824.3	\$	7,778.5	
Appropriations from Non-General Fund State Sou	ırces						
Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund	\$	193.7	\$	198.9	\$	170.3	
RIIF Appropriations to Other Funds ¹		-56.4		-60.1		-60.6	
Net RIIF Appropriations	\$	137.3	\$	138.8	\$	109.7	
Primary Road Fund	\$	338.5	\$	356.1	\$	342.4	
Health Care Trust Fund		217.1		208.5		208.5	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		129.7		129.0		131.0	
Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund		63.8		63.8		63.8	
Quality Assurance Trust Fund		36.7		58.6		58.6	
Road Use Tax Fund		53.7		54.5		54.1	
Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund		44.0		45.1		45.1	
Environment First Fund		42.0		42.0		42.0	
Hospital Health Care Access Trust		33.9		33.9		33.9	
Commerce Revolving Fund		30.7		32.3		32.3	
Technology Reinvestment Fund		14.4		18.1		18.6	
IPERS Fund		18.0		18.0		18.0	
Iowa Economic Emergency Fund		19.1		7.0		16.7	
Gaming Enforcement Revolving Fund		10.5		10.8		10.8	
Other		28.8		29.0		40.7	
Total Non-General Fund	\$	1,218.2	\$	1,245.3	\$	1,226.1	
Total All State Funds	\$ 8,864.2			9,069.6	\$ 9,004.6		

¹ Appropriations between funding sources are adjusted to avoid double counting.

Note: Numbers may not equal totals due to rounding.

Common Acronyms Used in the Appropriations Tables

AEA	Area Education Agency	EEF	Economic Emergency Fund
ACE	Accelerated Career Education	EFF	Environment First Fund
ACRF	Address Confidentiality Revolving Fund	EMS	Emergency Management Services
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act	ESEA	Elementary and Secondary Education Act
AG	Office of the Attorney General	FaDSS	Family Development & Self-Sufficiency Program
CBC	Community-Based Corrections	FRRF	Federal Recovery and Reinvestment Fund
CCUSO	Civil Commitment Unit for Sexual Offenders	GEF	Gambling Enforcement Revolving Fund
CEF	County Endowment Fund	GF	General Fund
CHIP	Children's Health Insurance Program	GRA	Graduate
CRF	Cash Reserve Fund	GRF	Gaming Regulatory Revolving Fund
CMRF	Commerce Revolving Fund	GSL	Guaranteed Student Loan Program
DAS	Department of Administrative Services	GWF	Groundwater Protection Fund
DD	Developmental Disabilities	НСТА	Health Care Transformation Account
DCA	Department of Cultural Affairs	HCTF	Health Care Trust Fund
DCI	Division of Criminal Investigation	HHCAT	Hospital Health Care Access Trust Fund
DE	Department of Education	HR	Human Resources
DIA	Department of Inspections and Appeals	IBSSS	Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School
DMU	Des Moines University	ICA	lowaCare Account
DPS	Department of Public Safety	ICIW	Iowa Correctional Institute for Women
DOC	Department of Corrections	ICN	Iowa Communications Network
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy	IowAccess	IowAccess Revolving Fund
DVA	Department of Veterans Affairs	IPERS	Iowa Public Employees Retirement System
ECI	Early Childhood Iowa	IPTV	lowa Public Television
IPR	lowa Public Radio	REAP	Resource Enhancement and Protection
ISD	lowa School for the Deaf	REC	Revenue Estimating Conference
ISP	Iowa State Patrol	RFIF	Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund
ISU	Iowa State University	RFP	Request for Proposal
LTC	Long Term Care	RIIF	Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund
MFF	Medicaid Fraud Fund	RUTF	Road Use Tax Fund
МН	Mental Health	SAF	State Aviation Fund
MHI	Mental Health Institute	SIF	School Infrastructure Fund
MSSF	Mortgage Servicing Settlement Fund	SRG	School Ready Grants
MVD	Motor Vehicle Division	STEM	Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematic
MVFT	Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax	SWJCF	Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund
NAEP	National Assessment of Educational Progress	TANF	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
NCES	National Center for Education Statistics	TRF	Technology Reinvestment Fund
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System	TSB	Targeted Small Business
NPPF	Nonparticipating Provider Revolving Fund	UI	University of Iowa
PA	Physician Assistant	UNI	University of Northern Iowa
PhSA	Pharmaceutical Settlement Account	UST	Underground Storage Tank Fund
P & I	Special Contingency Fund	VTF	Veterans Trust Fund
PRF	Primary Road Fund	WDF	Workforce Development Fund
POR	Peace Officer Retirement	WGTF	Wine Gallonage Tax Fund
QATF	Quality Assurance Trust Fund	WIRB	Watershed Improvement Review Board

LSA: Fiscal Analysis 33

General Fund Appropriations to Departments for FY 2021

Summary Data

General Fund

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated FY 2020 (2)		Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Est Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	al Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)
Administration and Regulation	\$ 48,525,262	\$	55,169,040	\$	0	\$ 55,169,040	\$ 54,057,536	\$ -1,111,504
Agriculture and Natural Resources	39,530,366		42,900,777		0	42,900,777	43,250,777	350,000
Economic Development	40,194,356		41,823,073		0	41,823,073	41,595,830	-227,243
Education	912,326,466		952,643,468		525,578	953,169,046	945,837,630	-7,331,416
Health and Human Services	1,971,819,119		1,937,244,420		91,648,636	2,028,893,056	1,988,254,399	-40,638,657
Justice System	766,483,599		770,258,430		23,403,186	793,661,616	768,576,150	-25,085,466
Unassigned Standings	 3,867,143,348		3,838,714,813		70,000,000	 3,908,714,813	 3,936,921,325	 28,206,512
Grand Total	\$ 7,646,022,514	\$	7,638,754,021	\$	185,577,400	\$ 7,824,331,421	\$ 7,778,493,647	\$ -45,837,774

Column Explanations:

- (1) Actual FY 2019 Represents the final, year-end appropriations for FY 2019. Reversions are not deducted from the appropriations.
- (2) Estimated FY 2020 Represents the FY 2020 appropriations enacted during the 2019 Legislative Session and after the Governor's item vetoes.
- (3) Supp-Final Act FY 2020 Represents the supplemental appropriations enacted during the 2020 Legislative Session.
- (4) Est Net FY 2020 Represents FY 2020 estimated appropriations net of supplemental appropriations and deappropriations.
- (5) Final Action FY 2021 Represents the final legislative action for FY 2021 appropriations from the 2020 Legislative Session.
- (6) Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 Represents the change in FY 2021 appropriations compared to the FY 2020 Estimated Net.

NOTE: The Governor did not item veto any appropriations that were passed by the General Assembly during the 2020 Legislative Session.

Totals by Appropriations Act General Fund

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	Est Net FY 2020 (4)	Final Action FY 2021 (5)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (6)
HF2643 Omnibus Appropriations Act	\$ 4,257,689,697	\$ 4,280,179,658	\$ 2,400,000	4,282,579,658	\$ 4,321,890,445	39,310,787
HF2642 Infrastructure Appropriations Act	0	0	70,000,000	70,000,000	-17,500,000	-87,500,000
SF2142 Supplemental State Aid Act	3,207,010,167	3,285,449,656	0	3,285,449,656	3,385,921,000	100,471,344
SF2144 FY 2020 Supplemental Appropriations Act	0	0	21,336,186	21,336,186	0	-21,336,186
SF2164 School Transportation Equity Act	11,200,000	19,000,000	0	19,000,000	32,544,088	13,544,088
SF2408 Supplemental and Continuing Appropriations Act	0	0	91,841,214	91,841,214	-32,382,597	-124,223,811
STND Current Law Standing Appropriations	170,122,651	54,124,707	0	54,124,707	88,020,711	33,896,004
Grand Total	\$ 7,646,022,514	\$ 7,638,754,021	\$ 185,577,400	\$ 7,824,331,421	\$ 7,778,493,647	\$ -45,837,774

	_	Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Est Net FY 2020 (4)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (5)	 Action FY21 st Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Administrative Services, Department of Administrative Services											
Operations Utilities Terrace Hill Operations Real Property Listing	\$	3,616,936 3,356,210 386,660 0	\$ 3,603,404 3,524,611 418,200 50,000	\$	0 0 0	\$ 3,603,404 3,524,611 418,200 50,000	\$	3,603,404 3,882,948 418,200 0	\$ 0 358,337 0 -50,000	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	PG 5 LN 27 PG 4 LN 16
Total Administrative Services, Department of	\$	7,359,806	\$ 7,596,215	\$	0	\$ 7,596,215	\$	7,904,552	\$ 308,337		
Auditor of State											
Auditor of State Auditor of State Billings Auditor of State - General Office	\$	113,985 986,193	\$ 0 986,193	\$	0	\$ 0 986,193	\$	0 986,193	\$ 0	HF2643 HF2643	
Total Auditor of State	\$	1,100,178	\$ 986,193	\$	0	\$ 986,193	\$	986,193	\$ 0		
Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, lowa											
Campaign Finance Disclosure Ethics & Campaign Disclosure Board	_\$	597,501	\$ 668,863	\$	0	\$ 668,863	\$	668,863	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, Iowa	\$	597,501	\$ 668,863	\$	0	\$ 668,863	\$	668,863	\$ 0		
Chief Information Officer, Office of the											
Chief Information Officer, Office of the Broadband Grants	\$	0	\$ 5,000,000	\$	0	\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Chief Information Officer, Office of the	\$	0	\$ 5,000,000	\$	0	\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$ 0		
Commerce, Department of											
Alcoholic Beverages Division Alcoholic Beverages Operations	\$	1,019,556	\$ 1,075,454	\$	0	\$ 1,075,454	\$	1,075,454	\$ 0	HF2643	
Professional Licensing and Reg. Professional Licensing Bureau	\$	370,263	\$ 360,856	\$	0_	\$ 360,856	\$	360,856	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Commerce, Department of	\$	1,389,819	\$ 1,436,310	\$	0	\$ 1,436,310	\$	1,436,310	\$ 0		

		Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Supp-Final Act. Est Net Final Action FY 2020 FY 2020 FY 2020 FY 2021 (2) (3) (4) (5)		I Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)			
Governor/Lt. Governor's Office Governor's Office Governor's/Lt. Governor's Office	\$	2,103,954	\$	2,315,344	\$ 0	\$ 2,315,344	\$ 2,315,344	\$ 0	HF2643	
Terrace Hill Quarters		92,070		142,702	 0	 142,702	 142,702	 0	HF2643	
Total Governor/Lt. Governor's Office	\$	2,196,024	\$	2,458,046	\$ 0	\$ 2,458,046	\$ 2,458,046	\$ 0		
Drug Control Policy, Governor's Office of										
Office of Drug Control Policy Operations	\$	226,247	\$	239,271	\$ 0	\$ 239,271	\$ 239,271	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Drug Control Policy, Governor's Office of	\$	226,247	\$	239,271	\$ 0	\$ 239,271	\$ 239,271	\$ 0		
Human Rights, Department of Human Rights, Dept. of Central Administration Community Advocacy and Services	\$	210,075 956,894	\$	189,071 956,894	\$ 0	\$ 189,071 956,894	\$ 189,071 956,894	\$ 0	HF2643 HF2643	
Total Human Rights, Department of	\$	1,166,969	\$	1,145,965	\$ 0	\$ 1,145,965	\$ 1,145,965	\$ 0	20 10	
Inspections and Appeals, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Dept. of Administration Division Administrative Hearings Division Investigations Division Health Facilities Division Employment Appeal Board Child Advocacy Board Food and Consumer Safety	\$	511,580 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,570,605 574,819	\$	546,312 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,582,454 574,819	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 546,312 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,582,454 574,819	\$ 546,312 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,582,454 574,819	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	_\$	11,528,216	\$	11,574,797	\$ 0	\$ 11,574,797	\$ 11,574,797	\$ 0		
Management, Department of										
Management, Dept. of Department Operations OCIO Rate Adjustment	\$	2,527,389 0	\$	2,695,693 99,381	\$ 0	\$ 2,695,693 99,381	\$ 2,695,693 0	\$ 0 -99,381	HF2643 HF2643	PG 4 LN 34
Total Management, Department of	_\$	2,527,389	\$	2,795,074	\$ 0	\$ 2,795,074	\$ 2,695,693	\$ -99,381		

		Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Est Net FY 2020 (4)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (5)		I Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Public Information Board													
Public Information Board Iowa Public Information Board	\$	339,343	\$ 343,019	\$	0	\$	343,019	\$	343,019	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Public Information Board	\$	339,343	\$ 343,019	\$	0	\$	343,019	\$	343,019	\$	0		
Revenue, Department of													
Revenue, Dept. of Operations Technology Upgrades Tobacco Reporting Requirements Printing Cigarette Stamps	\$	15,474,482 0 17,525 69,036	\$ 15,149,692 1,070,460 17,525 124,652	\$	0 0 0	\$	15,149,692 1,070,460 17,525 124,652	\$	15,149,692 0 17,525 124,652	\$	0 -1,070,460 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 STND	PG 5 LN 4
Total Revenue, Department of	\$	15,561,043	\$ 16,362,329	\$	0	\$	16,362,329	\$	15,291,869	\$	-1,070,460		
Secretary of State, Office of the													
Secretary of State Administration and Elections Business Services	\$	2,109,755 1,405,530	\$ 2,124,870 1,420,646	\$	0	\$	2,124,870 1,420,646	\$	1,874,870 1,420,646	\$	-250,000 0	HF2643 HF2643	PG 6 LN 7
Total Secretary of State, Office of the	\$	3,515,285	\$ 3,545,516	\$	0	\$	3,545,516	\$	3,295,516	\$	-250,000		
Treasurer of State, Office of													
Treasurer of State Treasurer - General Office Total Treasurer of State, Office of	\$ \$	1,017,442 1,017,442	\$ 1,017,442 1,017,442	<u>\$</u> \$	0	<u>\$</u> \$	1,017,442 1,017,442	<u>\$</u> \$	1,017,442 1,017,442	<u>\$</u> \$	0	HF2643	
Total Administration and Regulation	\$	48,525,262	\$ 55,169,040	\$	0	\$	55,169,040	\$	54,057,536	\$	-1,111,504		

Agriculture and Natural Resources

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated FY 2020 (2)		p-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Est Net FY 2020 (4)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (5)		Action FY21 st Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of													
Agriculture and Land Stewardship													
Administrative Division	\$ 18,023,33		18,335,679	\$	0	\$	18,335,679	\$	18,335,679	\$	0	HF2643	
Milk Inspections	189,19		189,196		0		189,196		189,196		0	HF2643	
Local Food and Farm	75,00		75,000		0		75,000		75,000		0	HF2643	
Agricultural Education	25,00		25,000		0		25,000		25,000		0	HF2643	
Farmers with Disabilities	130,00		180,000		0		180,000		180,000		0	HF2643	
Foreign Animal Disease	250,00		500,000		0		500,000		500,000		0	HF2643	
Water Quality Initiative	3,000,00		3,000,000		0		3,000,000		3,000,000		0	HF2643	
Hungry Canyons Acct of Loess Hills Fund		0	50,000		0		50,000		50,000		0	HF2643	
GF - Ag Drainage Wells) D	1,875,000		0		1,875,000		1,875,000		0	HF2643	DC 40 1N 20
Grain Regulation	-	<u> </u>	0		0		0		350,000		350,000	HF2643	PG 49 LN 30
Total Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of	\$ 21,692,53	5 \$	24,229,875	\$	0	\$	24,229,875	\$	24,579,875	\$	350,000		
Natural Resources, Department of													
Natural Resources													
Natural Resources Operations	\$ 11,554,98	7 \$	11.958.058	\$	0	\$	11.958.058	\$	11.958.058	\$	0	HF2643	
Floodplain Management Program	1,510,00		1,510,000		0		1,510,000		1,510,000		0	HF2643	
Forestry Health Management	500,00	0	500,000		0		500,000		500,000		0	HF2643	
Total Natural Resources, Department of	\$ 13,564,98	7 \$	13,968,058	\$	0	\$	13,968,058	\$	13,968,058	\$	0		
Regents, Board of													
Regents, Board of													
ISU - Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory	\$ 4,100,00) \$	4,400,000	\$	0	\$	4,400,000	\$	4,400,000	\$	0	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Center for Ag Safety & Health)	130,000	Ψ	0	Ψ	130,000	Ψ	130,000	Ψ	0	HF2643	
ISU - Livestock Disease Research	172,84	-	172,844		0		172,844		172,844		0	HF2643	
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 4,272,84		4,702,844	\$	0	\$	4,702,844	\$	4,702,844	\$	0	2010	
Total Agriculture and Natural Resources	\$ 39,530,36	_	42,900,777	\$	0	\$	42,900,777	\$	43,250,777	\$	350,000		
•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- <u>-</u>				<u></u>		_			,		

Economic Development

		Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Ao FY 2020 (3)	ct.		Est Net FY 2020 (4)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (5)		Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Cultural Affairs, Department of															
Cultural Affairs, Dept. of															
Administration Division	\$	168,637	\$	168,637	\$		0	\$	168,637	\$	168,637	\$	0	HF2643	
Community Cultural Grants		172,090		172,090			0		172,090		172,090		0	HF2643	
Historical Division		3,027,797		3,142,351			0		3,142,351		3,142,351		0	HF2643	
Historic Sites		426,398		426,398			0		426,398		426,398		0	HF2643	
Arts Division		1,217,188		1,317,188			0		1,317,188		1,317,188		0	HF2643	
Great Places		150,000		150,000			0		150,000		150,000		0	HF2643	
Records Center Rent		227,243		227,243			0		227,243		0		-227,243	HF2643	PG 4 LN 21
Cultural Trust Grants		75,000		150,000			0		150,000		150,000		0	HF2643	
County Endowment Funding - DCA Grants		448,403		448,403			0		448,403		448,403		0	HF2643	
Total Cultural Affairs, Department of	\$	5,912,756	\$	6,202,310	\$		0	\$	6,202,310	\$	5,975,067	\$	-227,243		
Economic Development Authority															
Economic Development Authority															
Economic Development Appropriation	\$	13,413,379	\$	13,318,553	\$		0	\$	13,318,553	\$	13,318,553	\$	0	HF2643	
World Food Prize	*	400,000	,	375,000	•		0	•	375,000	•	375,000	,	0	HF2643	
Iowa Comm. Volunteer Ser Promise		168,201		168,201			0		168,201		168,201		0	HF2643	
Councils of Governments (COGs) Assistance		200,000		275,000			0		275,000		275,000		0	HF2643	
Future Ready Reg. Apprenticeship Prog.		1,000,000		1,000,000			0		1,000,000		1,000,000		0	HF2643	
Tourism Marketing - Adjusted Gross Receipts		878,011		900,000			0		900,000		900,000		0	HF2643	
Total Economic Development Authority	\$	16,059,591	\$	16,036,754	\$		0	\$	16,036,754	\$	16,036,754	\$	0		
lowa Finance Authority															
Iowa Finance Authority															
Rent Subsidy Program	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$		0	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$	0	HF2643	
, ,	<u>Ψ</u>													111 2043	
Total Iowa Finance Authority	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$		0	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$	0		
Public Employment Relations Board															
Public Employment Relations															
General Office	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$		0	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Public Employment Relations Board	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$		0	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$	0		

Economic Development

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	op-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Est Net FY 2020 (4)	F	inal Action FY 2021 (5)	Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Workforce Development, Department of										
Iowa Workforce Development										
Labor Services Division	\$ 3,491,252	\$ 3,491,252	\$	0	\$ 3,491,252	\$	3,491,252	\$ 0	HF2643	
Workers' Compensation Division	3,309,044	3,321,044		0	3,321,044		3,321,044	0	HF2643	
Operations - Field Offices	7,925,650	6,675,650		0	6,675,650		6,675,650	0	HF2643	
Offender Reentry Program	337,158	387,158		0	387,158		387,158	0	HF2643	
I/3 State Accounting System	228,822	228,822		0	228,822		228,822	0	HF2643	
Future Ready Summer Youth Intern Pilot	250,000	250,000		0	250,000		250,000	0	HF2643	
Employee Misclassification Program	379,631	379,631		0	379,631		379,631	0	HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Employer Innovation Fund	0	1,200,000		0	1,200,000		1,200,000	0	HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Coordinator - GF	 150,000	 0		0	 0		0	 0	HF2643	
Total Workforce Development, Department of	\$ 16,071,557	\$ 15,933,557	\$	0	\$ 15,933,557	\$	15,933,557	\$ 0		
Regents, Board of										
Regents, Board of										
ISU - Biosciences Innovation Ecosystem - GF	\$ 0	\$ 825,000	\$	0	\$ 825,000	\$	825,000	\$ 0	HF2643	
UI - Biosciences Innovation Ecosystem - GF	0	275,000		0	275,000		275,000	0	HF2643	
UNI - Additive Manufacturing - GF	 0	 400,000		0	 400,000		400,000	 0	HF2643	
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 0	\$ 1,500,000	\$	0	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$ 0		
Total Economic Development	\$ 40,194,356	\$ 41,823,073	\$	0	\$ 41,823,073	\$	41,595,830	\$ -227,243		

Education

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	Est Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	 Action FY21 est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Blind, Department for the									
Department for the Blind Department for the Blind	\$ 2,167,622	\$ 2,252,001	\$	0	\$ 2,252,001	\$ 2,252,001	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Blind, Department for the	\$ 2,167,622	\$ 2,252,001	\$	0	\$ 2,252,001	\$ 2,252,001	\$ 0		
College Student Aid Commission									
College Student Aid Comm.									
College Student Aid Commission	\$ 429,279	\$ 429,279	\$	0	\$ 429,279	\$ 429,279	\$ 0	HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Administration	0	130,254		0	130,254	130,254	0	HF2643	
DMU Health Care Prof Recruitment	400,973	400,973		0	400,973	400,973	0	HF2643	
National Guard Service Scholarship	4,700,000	4,700,000		0	4,700,000	4,700,000	0	HF2643	
All Iowa Opportunity Scholarship	2,840,854	3,000,000		0	3,000,000	3,000,000	0	HF2643	
Teacher Shortage Loan Forgiveness	105,828	0		0	0	0	0	HF2643	
Teach Iowa Scholars	400,000	400,000		0	400,000	400,000	0	HF2643	
Rural Primary Care Loan Repayment	1,124,502	1,424,502		0	1,424,502	1,424,502	0	HF2643	
Health Care Loan Repayment Program	200,000	250,000		0	250,000	250,000	0	HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Last-Dollar Scholarship Prog	0	13,004,744		0	13,004,744	13,004,744	0	HF2643	
Tuition Grant Program - Standing	46,586,158	47,703,463		0	47,703,463	47,703,463	0	HF2643	
Tuition Grant - For-Profit	372,863	426,220		0	426,220	426,220	0	HF2643	
Vocational-Technical Tuition Grant	1,750,185	1,750,185		0	1,750,185	1,750,185	0	HF2643	
Last-Dollar Scholar - HF 2643	0	0		0	0	32,000	32,000	HF2643	PG 46 LN 31
Rural Veterinarian Loan Program	 0	 0		0	0	 300,000	 300,000	HF2643	PG 47 LN 6
Total College Student Aid Commission	\$ 58,910,642	\$ 73,619,620	\$	0	\$ 73,619,620	\$ 73,951,620	\$ 332,000		

Education

	 Actual FY 2019	 Estimated FY 2020	Su	pp-Final <i>F</i> FY 2020	Act.	 Est Net FY 2020	F	Final Action FY 2021	Action FY21 st Net FY20	Bill Number	Page and Line #
	 (1)	 (2)		(3)		 (4)		(5)	 (6)	(7)	(8)
Education, Department of											
Education, Dept. of											
Administration	\$ 5,949,047	\$ 5,975,526	\$		0	\$ 5,975,526	\$	5,975,526	\$ 0	HF2643	
State Library	2,530,063	2,532,594			0	2,532,594		2,532,594	0	HF2643	
State Library - Enrich Iowa	2,464,823	2,464,823			0	2,464,823		2,464,823	0	HF2643	
Child Development	10,396,361	10,524,389			0	10,524,389		10,524,389	0	HF2643	
ECI General Aid (SRG)	22,162,799	22,662,799			0	22,662,799		22,662,799	0	HF2643	
Special Ed. Services Birth to 3	1,721,400	1,721,400			0	1,721,400		1,721,400	0	HF2643	
Early Head Start Projects	574,500	574,500			0	574,500		574,500	0	HF2643	
Early Lit - Early Warning System	1,915,000	1,915,000			0	1,915,000		1,915,000	0	HF2643	
Early Lit - Iowa Reading Research Center	1,300,176	1,300,176			0	1,300,176		1,300,176	0	HF2643	
Early Lit - Successful Progression	7,824,782	7,824,782			0	7,824,782		7,824,782	0	HF2643	
Attendance Center/Website & Data System	250,000	250,000			0	250,000		250,000	0	HF2643	
Best Buddies Iowa	0	25,000			0	25,000		25,000	0	HF2643	
Career Technical Education Administration	598,197	598,197			0	598,197		598,197	0	HF2643	
Career Technical Education Secondary	2,630,134	2,952,459			0	2,952,459		2,952,459	0	HF2643	
Children's Mental Health Training	0	2,100,000			0	2,100,000		2,100,000	0	HF2643	
Computer Science PD Incentive Fund	500,000	500,000			0	500,000		500,000	0	HF2643	
School Food Service	2,176,797	2,176,797			0	2,176,797		2,176,797	0	HF2643	
Jobs for America's Grads	1,666,188	2,666,188			0	2,666,188		2,666,188	0	HF2643	
Nonpublic Textbook Services	652,000	652,000			0	652,000		652,000	0	HF2643	
Online State Job Posting System	230,000	230,000			0	230,000		230,000	0	HF2643	
Statewide Student Assessment	2,700,000	3,000,000			0	3,000,000		3,000,000	0	HF2643	
Student Achievement/Teacher Quality	2,965,467	2,965,467			0	2,965,467		2,965,467	0	HF2643	
Work-Based Learning Clearinghouse	250,000	300,000			0	300,000		300,000	0	HF2643	
Midwestern Higher Education Compact	115,000	115,000			0	115,000		115,000	0	HF2643	
Adult Education and Literacy Programs	0	500,000			0	500,000		500,000	0	HF2643	
Community Colleges General Aid	202,690,889	208,690,889			0	208,690,889		208,690,889	0	HF2643	
Nonpublic Concurrent Enrollment	0	1,000,000			0	1,000,000		1,000,000	0	HF2643	
Summer Joint Enrollment Program	 600,000	 600,000			0	 600,000		600,000	 0	HF2643	
Education, Dept. of	\$ 274,863,623	\$ 286,817,986	\$		0	\$ 286,817,986	\$	286,817,986	\$ 0		
Vocational Rehabilitation											
Vocational Rehabilitation	\$ 5,677,908	\$ 5,696,328	\$		0	\$ 5,696,328	\$	5,696,328	\$ 0	HF2643	
Independent Living	84,823	84,823			0	84,823		84,823	0	HF2643	
Entrepreneurs with Disabilities Program	138,506	138,506			0	138,506		138,506	0	HF2643	
Independent Living Center Grant	86,457	86,457			0	86,457		86,457	0	HF2643	
Vocational Rehabilitation	\$ 5,987,694	\$ 6,006,114	\$		0	\$ 6,006,114	\$	6,006,114	\$ 0		
Iowa PBS	 	 									
Iowa PBS Operations	\$ 7,689,415	\$ 7,770,316	\$		0	\$ 7,770,316	\$	7,770,316	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Education, Department of	\$ 288,540,732	\$ 300,594,416	\$		0	\$ 300,594,416	\$	300,594,416	\$ 0		
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Education

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Est Net FY 2020 (4)	F	inal Action FY 2021 (5)	Action FY21 st Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Regents, Board of									
Regents, Board of									
Regents Board Office	\$ 775,655	\$ 775,655	\$ 0	\$ 775,655	\$	775,655	\$ 0	HF2643	
BOR - Regents Resource Centers	272,161	272,161	0	272,161		272,161	0	HF2643	
IPR - Iowa Public Radio	350,648	350,648	0	350,648		350,648	0	HF2643	
University of Iowa - General	214,710,793	218,710,793	0	218,710,793		218,710,793	0	HF2643	
UI - Oakdale Campus	2,134,120	2,134,120	0	2,134,120		2,134,120	0	HF2643	
UI - Hygienic Laboratory	4,297,032	4,297,032	525,578	4,822,610		4,822,610	0	SF2408/HF2643	PG 2 LN 29 *
UI - Family Practice Program	1,745,379	1,745,379	0	1,745,379		1,745,379	0	HF2643	
UI - Specialized Children Health Services	643,641	643,641	0	643,641		643,641	0	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Cancer Registry	145,476	145,476	0	145,476		145,476	0	HF2643	
UI - Substance Abuse Consortium	54,197	54,197	0	54,197		54,197	0	HF2643	
UI - Biocatalysis	706,371	706,371	0	706,371		706,371	0	HF2643	
UI - Primary Health Care	633,367	633,367	0	633,367		633,367	0	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Birth Defects Registry	37,370	37,370	0	37,370		37,370	0	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Nonprofit Resource Center	158,641	158,641	0	158,641		158,641	0	HF2643	
UI - IA Online Advanced Placement Acad.	470,293	470,293	0	470,293		470,293	0	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Flood Center	1,171,222	1,171,222	0	1,171,222		1,171,222	0	HF2643	
Iowa State University - General	170,624,125	174,624,125	0	174,624,125		174,624,125	0	HF2643	
ISU - Agricultural Experiment Station	29,886,877	29,886,877	0	29,886,877		29,886,877	0	HF2643	
ISU - Cooperative Extension	18,266,722	18,266,722	0	18,266,722		18,266,722	0	HF2643	
University of Northern Iowa - General	95,712,362	99,712,362	0	99,712,362		99,712,362	0	HF2643	
UNI - Recycling and Reuse Center	175,256	175,256	0	175,256		175,256	0	HF2643	
UNI - Math & Science Collaborative	5,446,375	6,446,375	0	6,446,375		6,446,375	0	HF2643	
UNI - Real Estate Education Program	125,302	125,302	0	125,302		125,302	0	HF2643	
Iowa School for the Deaf	9,996,325	10,299,287	0	10,299,287		10,536,171	236,884	HF2643	PG 6 LN 28
Ed Services for Blind & Visually Impaired	4,167,759	4,334,759	0	4,334,759		4,434,459	99,700	HF2643	PG 6 LN 34
FY 2021 Regents Decrease	 0	 0	 0	 0		-8,000,000	 -8,000,000	HF2643	PG 7 LN 5
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 562,707,469	\$ 576,177,431	\$ 525,578	\$ 576,703,009	\$	569,039,593	\$ -7,663,416		
Total Education	\$ 912,326,466	\$ 952,643,468	\$ 525,578	\$ 953,169,046	\$	945,837,630	\$ -7,331,416		

^{*} This page and line number is associated with SF 2408.

Health and Human Services

	Actual FY 2019		Estimated FY 2020	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020		Est Net FY 2020	 Final Action FY 2021	I Action FY21 Est Net FY20	Bill Number	Page and Line #
	(1)		(2)		(3)	-	(4)	 (5)	 (6)	(7)	(8)
Aging, Iowa Department on											
Aging, Dept. on Aging Programs Office of LTC Ombudsman	\$ 11,042,9 1,149,8		\$ 11,164,382 1,149,821	\$	0	\$	11,164,382 1,149,821	\$ 11,164,382 1,149,821	\$ 0	HF2643 HF2643	
Total Aging, Iowa Department on	\$ 12,192,7		\$ 12,314,203	\$	0	\$	12,314,203	\$ 12,314,203	\$ 0	111 2043	
Public Health, Department of			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
·											
Public Health, Dept. of Addictive Disorders Healthy Children and Families Chronic Conditions Community Capacity Essential Public Health Services Infectious Diseases Public Protection Resource Management Congenital & Inherited Disorders Registry	\$ 24,804,3 5,820,6 4,528,3 4,970,7 7,662,6 1,796,4,095,971,2	25 09 52 64 26 39	\$ 25,109,379 5,816,681 4,223,373 5,594,306 7,662,464 1,796,206 4,085,220 933,871 223,521	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	25,109,379 5,816,681 4,223,373 5,594,306 7,662,464 1,796,206 4,085,220 933,871 223,521	\$ 23,659,379 5,816,681 4,223,373 5,594,306 7,662,464 1,796,206 4,085,220 933,871 223,521	\$ -1,450,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 STND	PG 15 LN 27
Total Public Health, Department of	\$ 54,854,3	109	\$ 55,445,021	\$	0	\$	55,445,021	\$ 53,995,021	\$ -1,450,000		
Veterans Affairs, Department of			_					 	 		
Veterans Affairs, Department of Veterans Affairs, Dept. of General Administration Home Ownership Assistance Program Veterans County Grants Veterans Affairs, Dept. of	\$ 1,150,5 2,000,0 990,0 \$ 4,140,5	000	2,000,000 990,000	\$	0 0 0	\$	1,229,763 2,000,000 990,000 4,219,763	\$ 1,229,763 2,000,000 990,000 4,219,763	\$ 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Veterans Affairs, Dept. of								 			
Iowa Veterans Home	\$ 7,162,9	76	7,131,552	\$	0	\$	7,131,552	\$ 7,131,552	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Veterans Affairs, Department of	\$ 11,303,4	76	\$ 11,351,315	\$	0	\$	11,351,315	\$ 11,351,315	\$ 0		
Human Services, Department of Assistance											
Family Investment Program/PROMISE JOBS Medical Assistance Health Program Operations State Supplementary Assistance State Children's Health Insurance Child Care Assistance Child and Family Services Adoption Subsidy Family Support Subsidy Conner Training Volunteers	\$ 40,365, 1,488,141, 16,603, 10,250, 7,064, 40,816, 84,939, 40,445, 949, 33,6	375 98 373 957 931 774 37 282	\$ 40,003,978 1,427,381,675 17,831,343 7,812,909 19,361,132 40,816,931 89,071,930 40,596,007 949,282 33,632 84,686	\$	0 88,982,734 0 0 1,737,294 0 0 0 0	\$	40,003,978 1,516,364,409 17,831,343 7,812,909 21,098,426 40,816,931 89,071,930 40,596,007 949,282 33,632 84,686	\$ 40,003,978 1,459,599,409 17,831,343 7,349,002 37,598,984 40,816,931 89,071,930 40,596,007 949,282 33,632 84,686	\$ 0 -56,765,000 0 -463,907 16,500,558 0 0 0	HF2643 SF2408/HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 SF2408/HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	PG 10 LN 33 * PG 24 LN 8 PG 11 LN 18 PG 12 LN 21 *

Health and Human Services

	Actua FY 201 (1)			Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Est Net FY 2020 (4)		Final Action FY 2021 (5)		I Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Child Abuse Prevention	h 1 700 (0	_	438,405	_	0	_	438,405	_	232,570	_	-205,835	STND	
Assistance	\$ 1,729,6	94,660	\$	1,684,381,910	\$	90,720,028	\$	1,775,101,938	\$	1,734,167,754	\$	-40,934,184		
Eldora Training School Eldora Training School	\$ 12,7	62,443	\$	13,950,961	\$	0	\$	13,950,961	\$	16,029,488	\$	2,078,527	HF2643	PG 14 LN 26
Cherokee Cherokee MHI	\$ 13,8	70,254	\$	14,245,968	\$	0	\$	14,245,968	\$	14,245,968	\$	0	HF2643	
Independence Independence MHI	\$ 17,5	13,621	\$	19,201,644	\$	0	\$	19,201,644	\$	19,201,644	\$	0	HF2643	
Glenwood Glenwood Resource Center Glenwood Supplemental Glenwood		58,523 0 58,523	\$	16,105,259 0 16,105,259	\$	333,000 595,608 928,608	\$	16,438,259 595,608 17,033,867	\$	16,700,867 0 16,700,867	\$	262,608 -595,608 -333,000	SF2144/HF2643 SF2408	PG 13 LN 14 * PG 2 LN 29
Woodward Woodward Resource Center	\$ 11,3	86,679	\$	10,913,360	\$	0	\$	10,913,360	\$	10,913,360	\$	0	HF2643	PG 13 LN 17
Cherokee CCUSO Civil Commitment Unit for Sexual Offenders	\$ 10,8	64,747	\$	12,070,565	\$	0	\$	12,070,565	\$	12,070,565	\$	0	HF2643	
Field Operations Child Support Recovery Field Operations Field Operations	49,0	86,635 74,517 61,152	\$	14,867,813 55,600,398 70,468,211	\$	0 0 0	\$	14,867,813 55,600,398 70,468,211	\$	14,867,813 55,600,398 70,468,211	\$	0 0	HF2643 HF2643	
General Administration General Administration DHS Facilities Commission of Inquiry Nonresident Mental Illness Commitment General Administration	2,8	33,040 79,274 1,394 42,802 56,510	\$	13,772,533 2,879,274 1,394 142,802 16,796,003	\$	0 0 0 0	\$	13,772,533 2,879,274 1,394 142,802 16,796,003	\$	13,772,533 2,879,274 1,394 142,802 16,796,003	\$	0 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 STND STND	
Total Human Services, Department of Total Health and Human Services	\$ 1,893,40 \$ 1,971,8	 ;		1,937,244,420	\$	91,648,636 91,648,636		1,949,782,517 2,028,893,056		1,910,593,860 1,988,254,399	\$	-39,188,657 -40,638,657		

^{*} These page and line numbers are associated with HF 2643.

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	· <u> </u>	Est Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	Action FY21 st Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Attorney General										
Justice, Dept. of General Office AG Victim Assistance Grants Legal Services Poverty Grants	\$ 5,911,705 5,016,708 2,304,601	\$ 6,006,268 5,016,708 2,634,601	\$	0 0 0	\$	5,016,708 2,634,601	\$ 6,006,268 5,016,708 2,634,601	\$ 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Total Attorney General	\$ 13,233,014	\$ 13,657,577	\$	0	\$	13,657,577	\$ 13,657,577	\$ 0		
<u>Civil Rights Commission, Iowa</u> <u>Civil Rights Commission</u> <u>Civil Rights Commission</u>	\$ 1,198,266	\$ 1,252,899	\$	0	\$	1,252,899	\$ 1,252,899	\$ 0_	HF2643	
Total Civil Rights Commission, Iowa	\$ 1,198,266	\$ 1,252,899	\$	0	\$	1,252,899	\$ 1,252,899	\$ 0		
Corrections, Department of Central Office										
Corrections Administration County Confinement Federal Prisoners/Contractual Corrections Education Iowa Corrections Offender Network Mental Health/Substance Abuse Corrections Real Estate - Capitals State Cases Court Costs Central Office	\$ 5,287,909 1,575,092 484,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 7,617 0 11,991,203	\$ 5,473,325 1,082,635 234,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 717,838 10,000	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ - _ \$	1,082,635 234,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 717,838 10,000	\$ 5,473,325 1,082,635 234,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 0 10,000 11,436,545	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 -717,838 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 STND STND	
Fort Madison Ft. Madison Institution	\$ 41,213,841	\$ 41,647,701	\$	0	\$		\$ 41,647,701	\$ 0	HF2643	
Anamosa Anamosa Institution	\$ 32,414,148	\$ 32,868,225	\$	0	\$	32,868,225	\$ 32,868,225	\$ 0	HF2643	
Oakdale Oakdale Institution	\$ 61,308,427	\$ 62,610,335	\$	0	\$	62,610,335	\$ 62,610,335	\$ 0	HF2643	
Newton Newton Institution	\$ 28,261,220	\$ 28,818,686	\$	0	\$	28,818,686	\$ 28,818,686	\$ 0	HF2643	
Mount Pleasant Mount Pleasant Institution	\$ 25,676,413	\$ 25,902,776	\$	0	\$	25,902,776	\$ 25,902,776	\$ 0	HF2643	
Rockwell City Rockwell City Institution	\$ 10,521,861	\$ 10,623,767	\$	0	\$	10,623,767	\$ 10,623,767	\$ 0	HF2643	
Clarinda Clarinda Institution	\$ 24,847,950	\$ 25,132,431	\$	0	\$	25,132,431	\$ 25,132,431	\$ 0	HF2643	
Mitchellville Mitchellville Institution	\$ 23,294,090	\$ 23,483,038	\$	0	\$	23,483,038	\$ 23,483,038	\$ 0	HF2643	

	_	Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Est Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	I Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Institution	\$	30,067,231	\$ 30,324,956	\$	0	\$ 30,324,956	\$ 30,324,956	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 1 CBC District I	\$	14,944,266	\$ 15,219,261	\$	0	\$ 15,219,261	\$ 15,219,261	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 2 CBC District II	\$	11,547,739	\$ 11,758,160	\$	0	\$ 11,758,160	\$ 11,758,160	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 3 CBC District III	\$	7,247,957	\$ 7,324,425	\$	0	\$ 7,324,425	\$ 7,324,425	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 4 CBC District IV	\$	5,740,922	\$ 5,815,391	\$	0	\$ 5,815,391	\$ 5,815,391	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 5 CBC District V	\$	21,846,060	\$ 22,008,023	\$	0	\$ 22,008,023	\$ 22,008,023	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 6 CBC District VI	\$	14,839,165	\$ 15,069,674	\$	0	\$ 15,069,674	\$ 15,069,674	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 7 CBC District VII	\$	7,849,341	\$ 8,013,609	\$	0	\$ 8,013,609	\$ 8,013,609	\$ 0	HF2643	
CBC District 8 CBC District VIII	\$	8,164,521	\$ 8,547,829	\$	0	\$ 8,547,829	\$ 8,547,829	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Corrections, Department of	\$	381,776,355	\$ 387,322,670	\$	0	\$ 387,322,670	\$ 386,604,832	\$ -717,838		

	_	Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Est Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	 Il Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Human Rights, Department of										
Human Rights, Dept. of Criminal & Juvenile Justice Single Grant Program	\$	1,209,410 0	\$ 1,226,399 140,000	\$	0	\$ 1,226,399 140,000	\$ 1,226,399 140,000	\$ 0	HF2643 HF2643	
Total Human Rights, Department of	\$	1,209,410	\$ 1,366,399	\$	0	\$ 1,366,399	\$ 1,366,399	\$ 0		
Inspections and Appeals, Department of										
Public Defender Public Defender Indigent Defense	\$	26,505,299 37,644,448	\$ 27,144,382 40,760,448	\$	0	\$ 27,144,382 40,760,448	\$ 27,144,382 40,760,448	\$ 0	HF2643 HF2643	
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	\$	64,149,747	\$ 67,904,830	\$	0	\$ 67,904,830	\$ 67,904,830	\$ 0		
Judicial Branch										
Judicial Branch Judicial Branch Jury & Witness Fee Revolving Fund	\$	177,574,797 3,100,000	\$ 181,523,737 3,100,000	\$	0	\$ 181,523,737 3,100,000	\$ 181,023,737 3,100,000	\$ -500,000 0	HF2643 HF2643	PG 8 LN 1 PG 8 LN 21
Total Judicial Branch	\$	180,674,797	\$ 184,623,737	\$	0	\$ 184,623,737	\$ 184,123,737	\$ -500,000		
Law Enforcement Academy										
Iowa Law Enforcement Academy Law Enforcement Academy Iowa Law Enforcement Academy Relocation Exp. ILEA Training - HF 2647	\$	971,341 285,982 0	\$ 978,914 1,015,442 0	\$	0 0 0	\$ 978,914 1,015,442 0	\$ 978,914 0 140,000	\$ 0 -1,015,442 140,000	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	PG 4 LN 25 PG 47 LN 25
Total Law Enforcement Academy	\$	1,257,323	\$ 1,994,356	\$	0	\$ 1,994,356	\$ 1,118,914	\$ -875,442		
Parole, Board of										
Parole Board Parole Board	\$	1,221,374	\$ 1,240,265	\$	0	\$ 1,240,265	\$ 1,240,265	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Parole, Board of	\$	1,221,374	\$ 1,240,265	\$	0	\$ 1,240,265	\$ 1,240,265	\$ 0		

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Est Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	Il Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)	-
Public Defense, Department of										
Public Defense, Dept. of Public Defense, Department of	\$ 6,334,961	\$ 6,428,140	\$	0	\$ 6,428,140	\$ 6,428,140	\$ 0	HF2643		
Total Public Defense, Department of	\$ 6,334,961	\$ 6,428,140	\$	0	\$ 6,428,140	\$ 6,428,140	\$ 0			
Public Safety, Department of										
Public Safety, Dept. of										
Public Safety Administration	\$ 4,734,703	\$ 4,860,294	\$	0	\$ 4,860,294	\$ 4,860,294	\$ 0	HF2643		
Public Safety DCI	14,663,083	15,263,580		0	15,263,580	15,263,580	0	HF2643		
DCI - Crime Lab Equipment/Training	650,000	650,000		0	650,000	650,000	0	HF2643		
Narcotics Enforcement	7,785,873	8,139,785		0	8,139,785	8,139,785	0	HF2643		
Public Safety Undercover Funds	209,042	209,042		0	209,042	209,042	0	HF2643		
Fire Marshal	4,965,056	5,242,651		0	5,242,651	5,242,651	0	HF2643		
Iowa State Patrol	63,926,287	66,542,117		0	66,542,117	66,542,117	0	HF2643		
DPS/SPOC Sick Leave Payout	279,517	279,517		0	279,517	279,517	0	HF2643		
Fire Fighter Training	825,520	825,520		0	825,520	825,520	0	HF2643		
Human Trafficking Office	150,000	150,000		0	150,000	150,000	0	HF2643		
Volunteer Fire Training & Equipment	0	50,000		0	50,000	50,000	0	HF2643		
Interoperable Communications Sys Board	115,661	115,661		0	115,661	115,661	0	HF2643		
DPS Overtime - HF 2643	0	0		2,400,000	2,400,000	0	-2,400,000	HF2643		
Administration of HF 2581	 0	 0		0	 0	 411,000	 411,000	HF2643		
Total Public Safety, Department of	\$ 98,304,742	\$ 102,328,167	\$	2,400,000	\$ 104,728,167	\$ 102,739,167	\$ -1,989,000			
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt										
Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt										
Flood Recovery	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 0	\$	21,003,186	\$ 21,003,186	\$ 0	\$ -21,003,186	SF2144/HF2643	PG 4 LN 30	*
Homeland Security & Emer. Mgmt.	2,123,610	2,139,390		0	2,139,390	2,139,390	0	HF2643		
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	\$ 17,123,610	\$ 2,139,390	\$	21,003,186	\$ 23,142,576	\$ 2,139,390	\$ -21,003,186			
Total Justice System	\$ 766,483,599	\$ 770,258,430	\$	23,403,186	\$ 793,661,616	\$ 768,576,150	\$ -25,085,466			

^{*} This page and line number is associated with to HF 2643.

Unassigned Standings

	Actu FY 20	019	Estimated FY 2020 (2)	op-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	_	Est Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	I Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Administrative Services, Department of										
Administrative Services Volunteer EMS Provider Death Benefit	\$	200,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	STND	
State Accounting Trust Accounts Federal Cash Management - Standing Unemployment Compensation - Standing State Accounting Trust Accounts		141,154 309,616 450,770	\$ 54,182 421,655 475,837	\$ 0 0 0	\$	54,182 421,655 475,837	\$ 54,182 421,655 475,837	\$ 0 0 0	STND STND	
Total Administrative Services, Department of		650,770	\$ 475,837	\$ 0	\$	475,837	\$ 475,837	\$ 0		
Education, Department of										
Education, Dept. of State Foundation School Aid AEA State Aid Reduction Nonpublic School Transportation Trans of Nonpublic Students-Reduction Sac and Fox Settlement Education Instructional Support Instructional Support - Adjustment State Foundation Aid Adjustment - HF 2643 State Aid - Additional Per Pupil Increase Total Education, Department of	8,	,010,167 0 ,197,091 0 95,750 0 0 0 0	3,285,449,656 0 8,197,091 0 100,000 0 0 0 3,293,746,747	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		3,285,449,656 0 8,197,091 0 100,000 0 0 0 0 3,293,746,747	3,385,921,000 -15,000,000 10,779,688 -2,582,597 100,000 14,800,000 -14,800,000 254,000 5,854,000 3,385,326,091	\$ 100,471,344 -15,000,000 2,582,597 -2,582,597 0 14,800,000 -14,800,000 254,000 5,854,000 91,579,344	SF2142 SF2408 STND SF2408 STND STND SF2408 HF2643 SF2164	PG 3 LN 34 PG 3 LN 14 PG 3 LN 28 PG 48 LN 23 PG 2 LN 3
Executive Council										
Executive Council Court Costs Public Improvements Drainage Assessment		,247,914 0 168,041	\$ 56,455 9,575 19,367	\$ 0 0 0	\$	56,455 9,575 19,367	\$ 56,455 9,575 19,367	\$ 0 0 0	STND STND STND	
Total Executive Council	\$ 1,	,415,955	\$ 85,397	\$ 0	\$	85,397	\$ 85,397	\$ 0		
Legislative Branch										
Legislative Branch Legislative Branch Legislative Branch - Adjustment	\$ 35,	,556,146 0	\$ 37,000,000 0	\$ 0	\$	37,000,000 0	\$ 37,000,000 -1,000,000	\$ 0-1,000,000	STND HF2643	PG 5 LN 15
Total Legislative Branch	\$ 35,	,556,146	\$ 37,000,000	\$ 0	\$	37,000,000	\$ 36,000,000	\$ -1,000,000		

Unassigned Standings

		Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	_	Est Net FY 2020 (4)		Final Action FY 2021 (5)		Al Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (6)	Bill Number (7)	Page and Line # (8)
Management, Department of														
Management, Dept. of Technology Reinvestment Fund Technology Reinvest. Fund - Reduction State Appeal Board Claims Special Olympics Fund Cash Reserve Fund Appropriation Transportation Equity Fund	\$	0 0 8,822,469 100,000 113,100,000 11,200,000	\$	0 0 4,500,000 100,000 0 19,000,000	\$	0 0 0 0 0	\$	0 0 4,500,000 100,000 0 19,000,000	\$	17,500,000 -17,500,000 4,501,794 100,000 0 26,690,088	\$	17,500,000 -17,500,000 1,794 0 0 7,690,088	STND HF2642 STND HF2643 STND SF2164	PG 16 LN 13
RIIF Supplemental Appropriation		0		0		70,000,000		70,000,000		0		-70,000,000	HF2642	PG 17 LN 21
Total Management, Department of	\$	133,222,469	\$	23,600,000	\$	70,000,000	\$	93,600,000	\$	31,291,882	\$	-62,308,118		
Public Defense, Department of Public Defense, Dept. of	•	05.050	•	040.557	•			242.554	•	040 557	•	2	CTND	
Compensation and Expense	\$	35,359	\$	342,556	\$	0	\$	342,556	\$	342,556	\$	0	STND	
Total Public Defense, Department of	\$	35,359	\$	342,556	\$	0	\$	342,556	\$	342,556	\$	0		
Public Safety, Department of														
Public Safety, Dept. of DPS - POR Unfunded Liabilities	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0_	HF2643	
Total Public Safety, Department of	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0		
Revenue, Department of Revenue, Dept. of														
Homestead Tax Credit Aid - GF Elderly & Disabled Tax Credit Ag Land Tax Credit - GF Military Service Tax Exemption Comm & Industrial Prop Tax Replacement Business Property Tax Credit	\$	138,570,076 19,541,135 39,063,185 1,822,427 151,962,817 125,000,000	\$	139,984,518 20,500,000 39,100,000 1,765,214 152,114,544 125,000,000	\$	0 0 0 0 0	\$	139,984,518 20,500,000 39,100,000 1,765,214 152,114,544 125,000,000	\$	139,984,518 20,500,000 39,100,000 1,700,500 152,114,544 125,000,000	\$	0 0 0 -64,714 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 STND HF2643 HF2643	PG 37 LN 2 PG 37 LN 5
Total Revenue, Department of	\$	475,959,641	\$	478,464,276	\$	0	\$	478,464,276	\$	478,399,562	\$	-64,714		
Total Unassigned Standings	\$	3,867,143,348	\$	3,838,714,813	\$	70,000,000	\$	3,908,714,813	\$	3,936,921,325	\$	28,206,512		

Other Fund Appropriations to Departments for FY 2021

Summary Data

Other Funds

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	 Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)		
Administration and Regulation	\$ 55,310,135	\$ 57,271,788	\$ 57,271,788	\$	0	
Agriculture and Natural Resources	91,018,392	92,102,943	92,102,943		0	
Economic Development	26,816,084	28,066,084	28,066,084		0	
Education	40,300,000	40,300,000	40,300,000		0	
Health and Human Services	419,593,787	430,522,289	439,000,527		8,478,238	
Justice System	17,652,733	17,985,523	17,985,523		0	
Transportation, Infrastructure, and Capitals	541,431,164	565,078,385	522,465,150		-42,613,235	
Unassigned Standings	 26,052,222	 13,958,088	 28,939,818		14,981,730	
Grand Total	\$ 1,218,174,517	\$ 1,245,285,100	\$ 1,226,131,833	\$	-19,153,267	

Column Explanations:

- (1) Actual FY 2019 Represents the final, year-end appropriations for FY 2019. Reversions are not deducted from the appropriations.
- (2) Est Net FY 2020 Represents FY 2020 estimated appropriations net of supplemental appropriations and deappropriations.
- (3) Final Action FY 2021 Represents the final legislative action for FY 2021 appropriations from the 2020 Legislative Session.
- (4) Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 Represents the change in FY 2021 appropriations compared to the FY 2020 Estimated Net.

NOTE: The Governor did not item veto any appropriations that were passed by the General Assembly during the 2020 Legislative Session.

Totals by Appropriations Act

Other Funds

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	 al Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)
HF2642 Infrastructure Appropriations Act	\$ 107,940,443	\$ 110,072,100	\$ 85,846,270	-24,225,830
HF2643 Omnibus Appropriations Act	699,618,730	715,218,627	728,956,555	13,737,928
HF2644 Transportation Appropriations Act	389,529,783	407,995,814	393,939,561	-14,056,253
STND Current Law Standing Appropriations ¹	 21,085,561	11,998,559	17,389,447	 5,390,888
Grand Total	\$ 1,218,174,517	\$ 1,245,285,100	\$ 1,226,131,833	\$ -19,153,267

¹ The appropriations that comprise the Current Law Standing Appropriations (STND) are appropriations that are established in the lowa Code and are not associated with an individual appropriations act. If a standing appropriation is altered in session law, that standing appropriation is included the respective appropriations act total. For purposes of this report Current Law Standing Appropriations also includes appropriasions for one-time projects that received an appropriation for FY 2021 that was enacted in a prior legislative session.

Other Funds

	Actual FY 2019		E:	stimated Net FY 2020	F	inal Action FY 2021		ction FY21 Net FY20	Bill Number	Page and Line #
		(1)		(2)		(3)	-	(4)	(5)	(6)
Commerce, Department of										
Banking Division Banking Division - CMRF	\$	11,145,778	\$	11,978,695	\$	11,978,695	\$	0	HF2643	
Credit Union Division Credit Union Division - CMRF	\$	2,204,256	\$	2,407,929	\$	2,407,929	\$	0	HF2643	
Insurance Division Insurance Division - CMRF	\$	5,485,889	\$	5,817,851	\$	5,817,851	\$	0	HF2643	
Utilities Division Utilities Division - CMRF	\$	8,732,098	\$	8,945,728	\$	8,945,728	\$	0	HF2643	
Professional Licensing and Reg. Field Auditor - Housing Trust Fund	\$	62,317	\$	62,317	\$	62,317	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Commerce, Department of	\$	27,630,338	\$	29,212,520	\$	29,212,520	\$	0		
Inspections and Appeals, Department of										
Inspections and Appeals, Dept. of DIA - RUTF	\$	1,623,897	\$	1,623,897	\$	1,623,897	\$	0	HF2643	
Racing Commission Gaming Regulation - GRF	\$	6,492,010	\$	6,796,481	\$	6,796,481	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	\$	8,115,907	\$	8,420,378	\$	8,420,378	\$	0		
Management, Department of										
Management, Dept. of DOM Operations - RUTF	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$	0_	HF2643	
Total Management, Department of	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$	0		
Revenue, Department of										
Revenue, Dept. of Motor Fuel Tax Admin - MVFT	\$	1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Revenue, Department of	\$	1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$	0		
Secretary of State, Office of the										
Secretary of State Address Confidentiality Program - ACRF	\$	120,400	\$	195,400	\$	195,400	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Secretary of State, Office of the	\$	120,400	\$	195,400	\$	195,400	\$	0	111 2010	

Other Funds

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		F	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	vs Est	Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Treasurer of State, Office of										
Treasurer of State 1/3 Expenses - RUTF	\$	93,148	\$	93,148	\$	93,148	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Treasurer of State, Office of	\$	93,148	\$	93,148	\$	93,148	\$	0		
lowa Public Employees' Retirement System										
IPERS Administration Administration - IPERS	\$	17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System	\$	17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$	0		
Total Administration and Regulation	\$	55,310,135	\$	57,271,788	\$	57,271,788	\$	0		

Agriculture and Natural Resources

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 FY 2020 (2)	 Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Il Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of						
Agriculture and Land Stewardship Native Horse & Dog Prog - Unclaimed Winnings Motor Fuel Inspection - RFIF Conservation Reserve Enhancement - EFF Watershed Protection Fund - EFF Soil & Water Conservation - EFF Conservation Reserve Prog - EFF Cost Share - EFF Fuel Inspection - UST Water Quality Initiative - EFF	\$ 305,516 500,000 1,000,000 900,000 3,800,000 900,000 8,325,000 250,000 2,375,000	\$ 305,516 500,000 1,000,000 900,000 3,800,000 900,000 8,325,000 250,000 2,375,000	\$ 305,516 500,000 1,000,000 900,000 3,800,000 900,000 8,325,000 250,000 2,375,000	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Total Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of	\$ 18,355,516	\$ 18,355,516	\$ 18,355,516	\$ 0		
Natural Resources, Department of						
Natural Resources Fish & Game - DNR Admin Expenses	\$ 44,007,044	\$ 45,091,595	\$ 45,091,595	\$ 0	HF2643	
GWF - Storage Tanks Study	100,303	100,303	100,303	0	HF2643	
GWF - Household Hazardous Waste	447,324	447,324	447,324	0	HF2643	
GWF - Well Testing Admin 2%	62,461	62,461	62,461	0	HF2643	
GWF - Groundwater Monitoring	1,686,751	1,686,751	1,686,751	0	HF2643	
GWF - Landfill Alternatives	618,993	618,993	618,993	0	HF2643	
GWF - Waste Reduction and Assistance	192,500	192,500	192,500	0	HF2643	
GWF - Solid Waste Alternatives	50,000	50,000	50,000	0	HF2643	
GWF - Geographic Information System	297,500	297,500	297,500	0	HF2643	
Snowmobile Registration Fees	100,000	100,000	100,000	0	HF2643	
Administration Match - UST	200,000	200,000	200,000	0	HF2643	
Technical Tank Review - UST	200,000	200,000	200,000	0	HF2643	
Park Operations & Maintenance - EFF	6,235,000	6,235,000	6,235,000	0	HF2643	
GIS Information for Watershed - EFF	195,000	195,000	195,000	0	HF2643	
Water Quality Monitoring - EFF	2,955,000	2,955,000	2,955,000	0	HF2643	
Water Quality Protection - EFF	500,000	500,000	500,000	0	HF2643	
Animal Feeding Operations - EFF	1,320,000	1,320,000	1,320,000	0	HF2643	
Ambient Air Quality Monitoring - EFF	425,000	425,000	425,000	0	HF2643	
Floodplain Mgmt and Dam Safety - EFF	375,000	375,000	375,000	0	HF2643	
REAP - EFF	 12,000,000	 12,000,000	 12,000,000	 0	HF2643	
Total Natural Resources, Department of	\$ 71,967,876	\$ 73,052,427	\$ 73,052,427	\$ 0		

Agriculture and Natural Resources

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	Es	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	 Final Action FY 2021 (3)	 Action FY21 st Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Regents, Board of							
Regents, Board of UI - Geological and Water Survey Oper EFF UI - Water Resource Management - EFF	\$ 200,000 495,000	\$	200,000 495,000	\$ 200,000 495,000	\$ 0	HF2643 HF2643	
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 695,000	\$	695,000	\$ 695,000	\$ 0		
Total Agriculture and Natural Resources	\$ 91,018,392	\$	92,102,943	\$ 92,102,943	\$ 0		

Economic Development

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	Es	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	 Final Action FY 2021 (3)	action FY21 t Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Economic Development Authority Economic Development Authority STEM Internships - SWJCF Future Ready Iowa Mentor Prog - SWJCF Empower Rural Iowa Rural Innovation Grants - S' High Quality Jobs Program - SWJCF Empower Rural Iowa Housing Needs Assess - SV	\$ 1,000,000 0 0 13,650,000 0	\$	1,000,000 400,000 300,000 11,700,000 100,000	\$ 1,000,000 400,000 300,000 11,700,000 100,000	\$ 0 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Total Economic Development Authority	\$ 14,650,000	\$	13,500,000	\$ 13,500,000	\$ 0		
College Student Aid Commission College Student Aid Comm. Future Ready lowa Grant Program - SWJCF Total College Student Aid Commission Workforce Development, Department of	\$ 0	\$	1,000,000 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 0	HF2643	
lowa Workforce Development Field Offices - Spec Cont Fund Field Offices - UI Reserve Interest AMOS Mid-lowa Organizing Strategy - SWJCF Future Ready lowa Coordinator - SWJCF	\$ 1,766,084 1,600,000 100,000 0	\$	1,766,084 2,850,000 100,000 150,000	\$ 1,766,084 2,850,000 100,000 150,000	\$ 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Total Workforce Development, Department of	\$ 3,466,084	\$	4,866,084	\$ 4,866,084	\$ 0		
Regents, Board of Regents, Board of Regents Innovation Fund - SWJCF ISU - Economic Development - SWJCF UI - Economic Development - SWJCF UI - Entrepreneur and Econ Growth - SWJCF UNI - Economic Development - SWJCF	\$ 3,000,000 2,424,302 209,279 2,000,000 1,066,419	\$	3,000,000 2,424,302 209,279 2,000,000 1,066,419	\$ 3,000,000 2,424,302 209,279 2,000,000 1,066,419	\$ 0 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 8,700,000	\$	8,700,000	\$ 8,700,000	\$ 0		
Total Economic Development	\$ 26,816,084	\$	28,066,084	\$ 28,066,084	\$ 0		

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	Es	FY 2020 (2)	 Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Action FY21 st Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
College Student Aid Commission							
College Student Aid Comm. Skilled Workforce Shortage Grant - SWJCF	\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total College Student Aid Commission	\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0		
Education, Department of							
Education, Dept. of							
Workforce Training & Econ Dev Funds - SWJCF	\$ 15,100,000	\$	15,100,000	\$ 15,100,000	\$ 0	HF2643	
Adult Literacy for the Workforce - SWJCF	5,500,000		5,500,000	5,500,000	0	HF2643	
ACE Infrastructure - SWJCF	6,000,000		6,000,000	6,000,000	0	HF2643	
PACE and Regional Sectors - SWJCF	5,000,000		5,000,000	5,000,000	0	HF2643	
Gap Tuition Assistance Fund - SWJCF	2,000,000		2,000,000	2,000,000	0	HF2643	
Work-Based Intermed Network - SWJCF	1,500,000		1,500,000	1,500,000	0	HF2643	
Workforce Prep. Outcome Reporting - SWJCF	200,000		200,000	 200,000	0	HF2643	
Total Education, Department of	\$ 35,300,000	\$	35,300,000	\$ 35,300,000	\$ 0		
Total Education	\$ 40,300,000	\$	40,300,000	\$ 40,300,000	\$ 0		

Health and Human Services

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Public Health, Department of								
Public Health, Dept. of Gambling Treatment Program - SWRF Gambling Treatment - SWRF	\$ 0 0	\$	300,000 0	\$	300,000 1,450,000	\$ 0 1,450,000	HF2643 HF2643	PG 17 LN 23
Total Public Health, Department of	\$ 0	\$	300,000	\$	1,750,000	\$ 1,450,000		
Human Services, Department of								
General Administration								
FIP - TANF	\$ 3,685,633	\$	3,507,371	\$	5,002,006	\$ 1,494,635	HF2643	PG 10 LN 29
PROMISE JOBS - TANF	5,192,060		5,225,088		5,412,060	186,972	HF2643	
FaDSS - TANF	2,875,968		2,888,980		2,898,980	10,000	HF2643	
Field Operations - TANF	32,465,681		31,296,232		31,296,232	0	HF2643	
General Administration - TANF	3,744,000		3,744,000		3,744,000	0	HF2643	
Child Care Assistance - TANF	47,166,826		47,166,826		47,166,826	0	HF2643	
Child & Family Services - TANF	32,380,654		32,380,654		32,380,654	0	HF2643	
Child Abuse Prevention - TANF	72,863		125,000		125,000	0	HF2643	
Training & Technology - TANF	 408,593		738,063		1,037,186	 299,123	HF2643	
General Administration	\$ 127,992,278	\$	127,072,214	\$	129,062,944	\$ 1,990,730		
Assistance								
Pregnancy Prevention - TANF	\$ 1,737,305	\$	1,878,647	\$	1,913,203	\$ 34,556	HF2643	
Categorical Eligibility SNAP - TANF	12,176		11,284		14,236	2,952	HF2643	
Medical Assistance - HCTF	217,130,000		208,460,000		208,460,000	0	HF2643	
Medical Contracts - PSA	1,446,266		234,193		234,193	0	HF2643	
Medical Assistance - QATF	36,705,208		58,570,397		58,570,397	0	HF2643	
Medical Assistance - HHCAT	33,920,554		33,920,554		33,920,554	0	HF2643	
Medicaid Supplemental - MFF	650,000		75,000		75,000	0	HF2643	
Polk County MHDS - GIVF	 0		0		5,000,000	 5,000,000	HF2643	PG 35 LN 11
Assistance	\$ 291,601,509	\$	303,150,075	\$	308,187,583	\$ 5,037,508		
Total Human Services, Department of	\$ 419,593,787	\$	430,222,289	\$	437,250,527	\$ 7,028,238		
Total Health and Human Services	\$ 419,593,787	\$	430,522,289	\$	439,000,527	\$ 8,478,238		

Justice System Other Funds

		Actual FY 2019 (1)	Es	FY 2020 (2)	F	FY 2021 (3)		Action FY21 st Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Attorney General										
Justice, Dept. of AG Prosecutions and Appeals - CEF Consumer Fraud - Public Ed & Enforce - CEF Older Iowans Consumer Fraud - CEF Farm Mediation Services - CEF	\$	1,500,000 1,871,313 124,754 300,000	\$	1,500,000 1,875,000 125,000 300,000	\$	1,500,000 1,875,000 125,000 300,000	\$	0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Justice, Dept. of	\$	3,796,068	\$	3,800,000	\$	3,800,000	\$	0		
Consumer Advocate Consumer Advocate - CMRF	\$	3,137,588	\$	3,137,588	\$	3,137,588	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Attorney General	\$	6,933,656	\$	6,937,588	\$	6,937,588	\$	0		
Public Safety, Department of Public Safety, Dept. of	•	40.440.077	•	40 707 005	•	40 707 005	•		1150740	
DPS Gaming Enforcement - GEF	_\$	10,469,077	\$	10,797,935	\$	10,797,935	_\$	0	HF2643	
Total Public Safety, Department of	\$	10,469,077	\$	10,797,935	\$	10,797,935	\$	0		
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt										
911 Emerg Comm Admin - 911 Surcharge	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	0	HF2643	
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	0		
Total Justice System	\$	17,652,733	\$	17,985,523	\$	17,985,523	\$	0		

	Actual Estimated Net FY 2019 FY 2020 (1) (2)		Final Action FY 2021 (3)		Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)		Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)	
Administrative Services Capitals									
Administrative Services - Capitals Major Maintenance - RIIF Major Maintenance Adjustment - RIIF Routine Maintenance (Standing) - RIIF Routine Maintenance Adjustment - RIIF DGS Capitol Complex Security - RIIF	\$	24,500,000 0 2,000,000 0	\$ 20,000,000 0 2,000,000 0	\$	20,000,000 -8,000,000 2,000,000 -1,000,000 250,000	\$	0 -8,000,000 0 -1,000,000 250,000	STND HF2642 STND HF2642 HF2642	PG 14 LN 2 PG 16 LN 25 PG 2 LN 9
Total Administrative Services Capitals	\$	26,500,000	\$ 22,000,000	\$	13,250,000	\$	-8,750,000		
Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of Agriculture and Land Stewardship									
Water Quality Initiative - RIIF Ag Drainage Wells - RIIF Renewable Fuels Infra Fund - RIIF	\$	5,200,000 1,875,000 3,000,000	\$ 5,200,000 0 3,000,000	\$	5,200,000 0 3,000,000	\$	0 0 0	HF2642 HF2642 HF2642	PG 2 LN 14 PG 4 LN 25
Total Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of	\$	10,075,000	\$ 8,200,000	\$	8,200,000	\$	0		
Chief Information Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Office of the IT Consolidation - TRF Broadband - RIIF	\$	1,000,000 1,300,000	\$ 1,000,000 0	\$	0	\$	-1,000,000 0	HF2642 HF2642	
Total Chief Information Officer, Office of the	\$	2,300,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$	0	\$	-1,000,000	20 12	
Corrections Capitals Corrections Capitals DOC Capitals Request - RIIF DOC Technology - TRF	\$	0	\$ 150,000 629,000	\$	0 500,000	\$	-150,000 -129,000	HF2642 HF2642	PG 10 LN 18
Total Corrections Capitals	\$	0	\$ 779,000	\$	500,000	\$	-279,000	20 12	. 0 10 211 10
Cultural Affairs, Department of			 	-					
Cultural Affairs, Dept. of Great Places Infrastructure Grants - RIIF YMCA Strengthen Community Grants - RIIF	\$	1,000,000 250,000	\$ 1,000,000 250,000	\$	1,000,000 250,000	\$	0 0	HF2642 HF2642	PG 4 LN 31 PG 5 LN 2
Total Cultural Affairs, Department of	\$	1,250,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	\$	0_		

		Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	FY 2021 (3)		al Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Economic Development Authority										
Economic Development Authority										
Community Attraction & Tourism Grants - RIIF	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0	HF2642	PG 5 LN 11
Regional Sports Authorities - RIIF		500,000		500,000		500,000		0	HF2642	PG 5 LN 15
World Food Prize Borlaug/Ruan Scholar - RIIF		300,000		300,000		0		-300,000	HF2642	
Lewis & Clark Rural Water System - RIIF		4,750,000		0		0		0	HF2642	
Vacant State Bldgs Rehab Fund - RIIF		0		1,000,000		1,000,000		0	STND	
Vacant Building Rehab Adjust - RIIF		0		0		-1,000,000		-1,000,000	HF2642	PG 15 LN 27
Vacant State Bldg Demolition Fund - RIIF		0		1,000,000		1,000,000		0	STND	
Vacant Building Demolition Adjust - RIIF		0		0		-1,000,000		-1,000,000	HF2642	PG 15 LN 17
National Junior Olympics - RIIF		250,000		0		0		0	HF2642	
Gas Pipeline - RIIF		250,000		0		0		0	HF2642	
Iowa Independence Innovation Center- RIIF		0		200,000		800,000		600,000	STND	
Total Economic Development Authority	\$	11,050,000	\$	8,000,000	\$	6,300,000	\$	-1,700,000		
Education, Department of										
Education, Dept. of										
Statewide Ed Data Warehouse - TRF	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	0	HF2642	PG 10 LN 22
ICN Part III Leases & Maintenance - TRF	*	2,727,000	*	2,727,000	*	2,727,000	*	0	HF2642	PG 10 LN 31
Education, Dept. of	\$	3,327,000	\$	3,327,000	\$	3,327,000	\$	0	20 .2	. 0.10 2.10
Iowa PBS										
Iowa PBS Equipment Replacement - TRF	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	500,000	HF2642	PG 10 LN 34
Total Education, Department of	\$	3,827,000	\$	3,827,000	\$	4,327,000	\$	500,000		
Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, lowa										
Campaign Finance Disclosure										
Campaign Finance Disclosure Electronic Filing - TRF	\$	0	\$	0	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	HF2642	PG 10 LN 15
y	φ				Φ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	111 2042	FG IU LIN 13
Total Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, Iowa	\$	0	\$	0	\$	500,000	\$	500,000		

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Final Action FY 2021 (3)		Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)		Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
General Assembly Capitals										
Legislature-Capitals State Capitol Maintenance Fund - RIIF State Capitol Gutters - RIIF	\$	500,000 0	\$	500,000 0	\$	500,000 1,250,000	\$	0 1,250,000	STND HF2642	PG 9 LN 26
Total General Assembly Capitals	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	1,750,000	\$	1,250,000		
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt										
Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt Mass Notification & Emer Messaging - TRF	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	0	HF2642	PG 11 LN 2
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	0		
Human Rights, Department of										
Human Rights, Dept. of Criminal Justice Info System (CJIS) - TRF Justice Data Warehouse - TRF	\$	1,200,000 157,980	\$	1,200,000 157,980	\$	1,400,000 157,980	\$	200,000	HF2642 HF2642	PG 11 LN 7 PG 11 LN 11
Total Human Rights, Department of	\$	1,357,980	\$	1,357,980	\$	1,557,980	\$	200,000		
Human Services, Department of										
General Administration Poison Control Center - TRF	\$	0	\$	0	\$	34,000	\$	34,000	HF2642	PG 11 LN 22
Assistance Nursing Facility Construction/Impr - RIIF ChildServe - RIIF Assistance	\$	500,000 500,000 1,000,000	\$	500,000 0 500,000	\$	500,000 0 500,000	\$	0 0 0	HF2642 HF2642	PG 5 LN 27 PG 5 LN 31
Total Human Services, Department of	\$	1,000,000	\$	500,000	\$	534,000	\$	34,000		
Human Services Capitals Human Services - Capitals ADA Capitals - RIIF Medicaid Technology - TRF FACS System Replacement - TRF	\$	0 636,000 0	\$	0 1,228,535 5,525,660	\$	596,500 1,979,319 0	\$	596,500 750,784 -5,525,660	HF2642 STND HF2642	PG 5 LN 22
Total Human Services Capitals	\$	636,000	\$	6,754,195	\$	2,575,819	\$	-4,178,376		

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	FY 2021 (3)	 al Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Inspections and Appeals, Department of								
Public Defender Online Claims Development - TRF	\$ 88,800	\$	50,000	\$	0	\$ -50,000	HF2642	
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	\$ 88,800	\$	50,000	\$	0	\$ -50,000		
<u>Iowa Finance Authority</u>								
Iowa Finance Authority State Housing Trust Fund (STND) - RIIF State Housing Trust Fund - RIIF	\$ 3,000,000	\$	3,000,000 50,000	\$	3,000,000	\$ 0 -50,000	STND HF2642	
Total Iowa Finance Authority	\$ 3,000,000	\$	3,050,000	\$	3,000,000	\$ -50,000		
Judicial Branch								
Judicial Branch Technology Projects - TRF County Courthouse Technology - TRF	\$ 3,000,000	\$	0	\$	0 163,000	\$ 0 163,000	HF2642 HF2642	PG 12 LN 12
Total Judicial Branch	\$ 3,000,000	\$	0	\$	163,000	\$ 163,000		
Judicial Branch Capitals Judicial Branch Capitals Judicial Building Improvements -RIIF Polk County Justice Center - RIIF Justice Center Furniture & Equip - RIIF	\$ 0 1,464,705 0	\$	0 0 193,620	\$	400,000 0 211,455	\$ 400,000 0 17,835	HF2642 HF2642 HF2642	PG 9 LN 17 PG 9 LN 20
Total Judicial Branch Capitals	\$ 1,464,705	\$	193,620	\$	611,455	\$ 417,835		
Law Enforcement Academy lowa Law Enforcement Academy ILEA Facility Remodel - RIIF	\$ 1,449,938 0	\$	10,826,911	\$	0	\$ -10,826,911	STND HF2642	PG 11 LN 18
ILEA Technology Projects - TRF Furniture and Equipment - RIIF	 0		15,000 0		400,000 280,000	 385,000 280,000	HF2642	PG 6 LN 3
Total Law Enforcement Academy	\$ 1,449,938	\$	10,841,911	\$	680,000	\$ -10,161,911		

	Actual Es FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Final Action FY 2021 (3)		I Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)	
Management, Department of										
Management, Dept. of Searchable Online Databases - TRF Iowa Grants Mgmt Implementation - TRF Local Gov't Budget & Property Tax System - TRF	\$	45,000 70,000 600,000	\$	45,000 50,000 120,000	\$	45,000 70,000 624,000	\$	0 20,000 504,000	HF2642 HF2642 HF2642	PG 11 LN 27 PG 11 LN 31 PG 11 LN 34
Total Management, Department of	\$	715,000	\$	215,000	\$	739,000	\$	524,000		
Natural Resources, Department of Natural Resources Air Quality Application Sys TRF Water Trails Low Head Dam Prog RIIF	\$	954,000 500,000	\$	0 500,000	\$	0 250,000	\$	0 -250,000	HF2642 HF2642	PG 6 LN 20
Total Natural Resources, Department of	\$	1,454,000	\$	500,000	\$	250,000	\$	-250,000	111 2042	TOO LIVEO
Natural Resources Capitals Natural Resources Capitals Lake Restoration & Water Quality - RIIF State Park Infrastructure - RIIF	\$	9,600,000 2,000,000	\$	9,600,000 2,000,000	\$	8,600,000 1,000,000	\$	-1,000,000 -1,000,000	HF2642 HF2642	PG 6 LN 10 PG 6 LN 17
Total Natural Resources Capitals	\$	11,600,000	\$	11,600,000	\$	9,600,000	\$	-2,000,000		
Parole, Board of Parole Board Technology Projects - TRF	\$	50,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	HF2642	
Total Parole, Board of	\$	50,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		
Public Defense Capitals Public Defense Capitals Facility/Armory Maintenance - RIIF Modernization of Readiness Ctrs - RIIF Camp Dodge Infrastructure Upgrades - RIIF	\$	1,000,000 1,000,000 250,000	\$	1,000,000 1,000,000 250,000	\$	1,000,000 1,000,000 250,000	\$	0 0 0	HF2642 HF2642 HF2642	PG 6 LN 27 PG 6 LN 31 PG 7 LN 1
Total Public Defense Capitals	\$	2,250,000	\$	2,250,000	\$	2,250,000	\$	0		

	 Actual Estimated Net FY 2019 FY 2020 (1) (2)		FY 2020	inal Action FY 2021 (3)	Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Public Health, Department of							
Public Health, Dept. of State Medical Examiner Office - TRF Medical Cannabidiol Registry - TRF Consolidate AMANDA Instances - TRF	\$ 0 350,000 0	\$	0 0 796,800	\$ 395,000 0 0	\$ 395,000 0 -796,800	HF2642 HF2642 HF2642	PG 12 LN 2
Total Public Health, Department of	\$ 350,000	\$	796,800	\$ 395,000	\$ -401,800		
Public Safety, Department of							
Public Safety, Dept. of State Interop. Comm. System - RIIF DPS Equipment Projects - RIIF Ballistic Vests - RIIF Bomb Suits - RIIF	\$ 1,351,666 740,000 0 0	\$	3,719,355 0 0 0	\$ 3,960,945 0 467,500 384,000	\$ 241,590 0 467,500 384,000	HF2642 HF2642 HF2642 HF2642	PG 7 LN 11 PG 7 LN 18 PG 7 LN 22
Total Public Safety, Department of	\$ 2,091,666	\$	3,719,355	\$ 4,812,445	\$ 1,093,090		
Public Safety Capitals Public Safety Capitals	405.000					1150440	
DPS Technology Projects - TRF Radio Communication Upgrades - TRF Lab Information Mgmt System - TRF Virtual Storage Archival System - TRF DCI Lab Evidence Mgmt System - TRF ISP Aircraft - RIIF DCI Lab Spectrometer - RIIF Explosives Trace Detectors - RIIF Post 16 Technology Upgrade - TRF	\$ 125,000 860,000 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	0 0 300,000 290,000 80,000 0 325,000 29,000 250,000	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 1,713,170 0 0	\$ 0 0 -300,000 -290,000 -80,000 1,713,170 -325,000 -29,000 -250,000	HF2642 HF2642 HF2642 HF2642 HF2642 HF2642 HF2642 HF2642	PG 7 LN 26
Total Public Safety Capitals	\$ 985,000	\$	1,274,000	\$ 1,713,170	\$ 439,170		
Regents, Board of							
Regents, Board of Regents Tuition Replacement - RIIF	\$ 31,471,292	\$	28,098,870	\$ 28,268,466	\$ 169,596	HF2642	PG 7 LN 31
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 31,471,292	\$	28,098,870	\$ 28,268,466	\$ 169,596		

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	FY 2021 (3)	I Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Regents Capitals							
Regents Capitals ISU - Biosciences Building - RIIF UI - Pharmacy Building Renovation - RIIF ISU - Student Innovation Center - RIIF ISU - Student Innovation Ctr Adj - RIIF ISU - College of Veterinary Medicine - RIIF Veterinary Diag Lab Adjust - RIIF ISD - Long Hall Renovation - RIIF UNI - Industrial Tech Center - RIIF	\$ 4,000,000 5,500,000 6,000,000 0 1,000,000 0 0	\$ 0 0 7,000,000 0 12,500,000 0 3,000,000	\$	0 0 10,000,000 -3,375,000 12,500,000 -3,600,000 1,325,000 1,000,000	\$ 0 3,000,000 -3,375,000 0 -3,600,000 -1,675,000 1,000,000	STND STND STND HF2642 STND HF2642 STND STND	PG 12 LN 28 PG 14 LN 31 PG 8 LN 6
Total Regents Capitals	\$ 16,500,000	\$ 22,500,000	\$	17,850,000	\$ -4,650,000		
Revenue, Department of							
Revenue, Dept. of Tax System Modernization - TRF	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	4,070,460	\$ 4,070,460	HF2642	PG 12 LN 6
Total Revenue, Department of	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	4,070,460	\$ 4,070,460		
Secretary of State, Office of the Secretary of State Voter Registration System Update - TRF	\$ 1,050,000	\$ 2,100,000	\$	1,400,000	\$ -700,000	STND	
Total Secretary of State, Office of the	\$ 1,050,000	\$ 2,100,000	\$	1,400,000	\$ -700,000		
State Fair Authority Capitals State Fair Authority Capitals NW Events Area - RIIF Renovation of 4-H Building - RIIF	\$ 8,500,000 0	\$ 0 500,000	\$	0 4,500,000	\$ 0 4,000,000	STND STND	
Historical Building Task Force - RIIF	 0	 500,000		0	 -500,000	HF2642	
Total State Fair Authority Capitals	\$ 8,500,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$	4,500,000	\$ 3,500,000		
Telecommunications and Tech Commission							
Iowa Communications Network Firewall & DDoS Mitigation - TRF	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	2,071,794	\$ 2,071,794	HF2642	PG 11 LN 14
Total Telecommunications and Tech Commission	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	2,071,794	\$ 2,071,794		

	 Actual FY 2019	E	stimated Net	 Final Action FY 2021	Est Net FY20	Bill Number	Page and Line #
	 (1)		(2)	 (3)	 (4)	(5)	(6)
Transportation, Department of							
Transportation, Dept. of							
RUTF - Driver's Licenses	\$ 3,876,000	\$	3,876,000	\$ 3,876,000	\$ 0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 1
RUTF - Administrative Services	6,682,954		6,792,594	6,800,347	7,753	HF2644	PG 3 LN 12
RUTF - Planning & Programming	447,822		450,327	450,327	0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 14
RUTF - Motor Vehicle	25,962,748		26,552,992	26,552,992	0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 18
RUTF - Strategic Performance	671,369		675,955	675,955	0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 20
RUTF - Highway Division	10,233,174		10,319,346	10,319,346	0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 16
RUTF - DAS Personnel & Utility Services	259,560		337,404	337,404	0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 22
RUTF - Unemployment Compensation	7,000		7,000	7,000	0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 25
RUTF - Workers' Compensation	175,748		158,809	170,209	11,400	HF2644	PG 3 LN 27
RUTF - Indirect Cost Recoveries	90,000		90,000	90,000	0	HF2644	PG 3 LN 31
RUTF - Auditor Reimbursement	87,318		89,740	92,120	2,380	HF2644	PG 3 LN 34
RUTF - County Treasurers Support	1,406,000		1,406,000	1,406,000	0	HF2644	PG 4 LN 2
RUTF - Mississippi River Park. Comm.	40,000		40,000	40,000	0	HF2644	PG 4 LN 6
RUTF - TraCS/MACH	300,000		300,000	300,000	0	HF2644	PG 4 LN 9
RUTF - Statewide Communications System	497,191		114,302	72,889	-41,413	HF2644	PG 4 LN 13
RUTF - Personal Delivery of Services	225,000		225,000	225,000	0	STND	
PRF - Administrative Services	41,052,430		41,725,936	41,773,560	47,624	HF2644	PG 4 LN 34
PRF - Planning & Programming	8,508,616		8,556,215	8,556,215	0	HF2644	PG 5 LN 5
PRF - Highway	247,828,001		250,577,127	252,436,259	1,859,132	HF2644	PG 5 LN 8
PRF - Motor Vehicle	1,081,781		1,272,705	1,272,705	0	HF2644	PG 5 LN 11
PRF - Strategic Performance	4,124,123		4,152,292	4,152,292	0	HF2644	PG 5 LN 14
PRF - DAS Personnel & Utility Services	1,594,440		2,007,247	2,007,247	0	HF2644	PG 5 LN 17
PRF - DOT Unemployment Comp.	138,000		138,000	138,000	0	HF2644	PG 5 LN 20
PRF - DOT Workers' Compensation	4,217,954		3,811,421	4,085,021	273,600	HF2644	PG 5 LN 22
PRF - Garage Fuel & Waste Mgmt.	800,000		1,000,000	1,000,000	0	HF2644	PG 5 LN 27
PRF - Indirect Cost Recoveries	660,000		660,000	660,000	0	HF2644	PG 5 LN 30
PRF - Auditor Reimbursement	536,382		551,260	565,880	14,620	HF2644	PG 5 LN 33
PRF - Transportation Maps	242,000		0	242,000	242,000	HF2644	PG 6 LN 1
PRF - Inventory & Equip.	10,465,000		10,330,000	10,085,000	-245,000	HF2644	PG 6 LN 3
PRF - Statewide Communications System	3,054,172		702,142	487,793	-214,349	HF2644	PG 6 LN 5
PRF - Field Facility Deferred Maint.	1,700,000		1,700,000	1,700,000	0	HF2644	PG 6 LN 15
PRF - Rest Area Facility Maintenance	250,000		250,000	250,000	0	HF2644	PG 6 LN 18
PRF - Purchase of Salt	8,700,000		0	0	0	HF2644	
Recreational Trails Grants - RIIF	1,000,000		1,500,000	1,000,000	-500,000	HF2642	PG 8 LN 24
Public Transit Infra Grants - RIIF	1,500,000		1,500,000	500,000	-1,000,000	HF2642	PG 8 LN 18
Railroad Revolving Loan & Grant - RIIF	1,000,000		1,000,000	500,000	-500,000	HF2642	PG 8 LN 28
Commercial Aviation Infra Grants - RIIF	1,500,000		1,900,000	1,000,000	-900,000	HF2642	PG 8 LN 33
General Aviation Infra Grants - RIIF	 700,000		1,000,000	 650,000	 -350,000	HF2642	PG 9 LN 2
Total Transportation, Department of	\$ 391,614,783	\$	385,769,814	\$ 384,477,561	\$ -1,292,253		

		Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	 Final Action FY 2021 (3)	al Action FY21 Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
<u>Transportation Capitals</u>								
Transportation Capital RUTF - Dallas County Driver's License RUTF - Scale/MVD Facilities Maint. PRF - Utility Improvements PRF - Garage Roofing Projects PRF - HVAC Improvements PRF - ADA Improvements PRF - Waterloo Garage Renovations PRF - Ames Administration Building PRF - Sioux City Combined Facility	\$	0 300,000 400,000 500,000 700,000 150,000 1,790,000 0	\$	350,000 300,000 400,000 500,000 700,000 150,000 0 0	\$ 0 300,000 400,000 500,000 700,000 150,000 0 11,287,000	\$ -350,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 11,287,000 -26,951,000	HF2644 HF2644 HF2644 HF2644 HF2644 HF2644 HF2644 HF2644	PG 4 LN 16 PG 6 LN 8 PG 6 LN 10 PG 6 LN 12 PG 6 LN 21
Total Transportation Capitals	\$	3,840,000	\$	29,351,000	\$ 13,337,000	\$ -16,014,000		
Treasurer of State, Office of Treasurer of State County Fair Improvements - RIIF	\$	1,060,000	\$	1,060,000	\$ 1,060,000	\$ 0	HF2642	PG 9 LN 6
Total Treasurer of State, Office of	\$	1,060,000	\$	1,060,000	\$ 1,060,000	\$ 0		
Veterans Affairs, Department of Veterans Affairs, Dept. of Technology Equipment - TRF Total Veterans Affairs, Department of	\$ \$	0	\$	5,000 5,000	\$ 21,000 21,000	\$ 16,000 16,000	HF2642	PG 12 LN 9
Veterans Affairs Capitals								
Veterans Affairs Capitals Mech & Electrical Dist Systems - RIIF	\$	0	\$	6,134,840	\$ 0	\$ -6,134,840	HF2642	
Veterans Affairs Capitals Cemetary Road Resurfacing - RIIF	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	HF2642	PG 9 LN 12
Total Veterans Affairs Capitals	\$	0	\$	6,134,840	\$ 50,000	\$ -6,084,840		
Total Transportation, Infrastructure, and Capitals	\$	541,431,164	\$	565,078,385	\$ 522,465,150	\$ -42,613,235		

Unassigned Standings

	 Actual FY 2019	Es	stimated Net FY 2020	F	inal Action FY 2021	I Action FY21 Est Net FY20	Bill Number	Page and Line #
	 (1)		(2)		(3)	 (4)	(5)	(6)
Economic Development Authority								
Economic Development Authority Endow Iowa Admin - County Endw Fund Apprenticeship Training Program - WDF Job Training - WDF	\$ 27,600 3,000,000 3,000,000	\$	70,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	\$	70,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	\$ 0 0 0	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	
Total Economic Development Authority	\$ 6,027,600	\$	6,070,000	\$	6,070,000	\$ 0		
Executive Council								
Executive Council Performance of Duty - EEF	\$ 19,124,623	\$	6,988,088	\$	16,710,128	\$ 9,722,040	STND	
Total Executive Council	\$ 19,124,623	\$	6,988,088	\$	16,710,128	\$ 9,722,040		
Management, Department of								
Management, Dept. of Environment First Fund - RIIF Environment First Balance Adj Technology Reinvestment Fund - RIIF Technology Reinvest. Fund - Bal. Adj.	\$ 42,000,000 -42,000,000 14,400,000 -14,400,000	\$	42,000,000 -42,000,000 18,069,975 -18,069,975	\$	42,000,000 -42,000,000 18,550,000 -18,550,000	\$ 0 0 480,025 -480,025	HF2643 STND HF2642 STND	PG 16 LN 17
Total Management, Department of	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0		
Regents, Board of								
Regents, Board of ISU - Midwest Grape & Wine Industry - WGTF	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$ 0		
Revenue, Department of								
Revenue, Dept. of Homestead Tax Credit - TPRF Elderly & Disabled Tax Credit - TPRF	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	2,799,690 2,460,000	\$ 2,799,690 2,460,000	HF2643 HF2643	PG 38 LN 1 PG 38 LN 4
Total Revenue, Department of	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	5,259,690	\$ 5,259,690		
Transportation, Department of								
Transportation, Dept. of RUTF - County Treasurer Equipment	\$ 650,000	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$ 0	HF2643	
Total Transportation, Department of	\$ 650,000	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$ 0		
Total Unassigned Standings	\$ 26,052,222	\$	13,958,088	\$	28,939,818	\$ 14,981,730		

Authorized Full-Time Equivalent Positions (FTE) for FY 2021

Summary Data

FTE Positions

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)
Administration and Regulation	1,639.77	1,759.25	1,767.04	7.79
Agriculture and Natural Resources	1,306.05	1,467.55	1,467.55	0.00
Economic Development	893.75	1,052.58	1,055.80	3.22
Education	37,616.43	34,229.77	34,222.89	-6.88
Health and Human Services	5,192.17	5,556.42	5,552.37	-4.05
Justice System	6,930.12	7,405.87	7,406.51	0.64
Transportation, Infrastructure, and Capitals	2,701.15	2,901.95	2,909.95	8.00
Unassigned Standings	400.69	400.70	400.70	0.00
Grand Total	56,680.13	54,774.09	54,782.81	8.72

NOTES:

2) The Governor did not item veto any appropriations or FTE positions that were passed by the General Assembly during the 2020 Legislative Session.

Column Explanations:

- (1) Actual FY 2019 Represents the final, year-end FTE positions for FY 2019.
- (2) Estimated Net FY 2020 Represents the FY 2020 FTE positions enacted and budgeted for FY 2020.
- (3) Final Action FY 2021 Represents the final legislative action for FY 2021 FTE positions from the 2020 Legislative Session.
- (4) Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 Represents the change in FY 2021 FTE positions compared to Estimated Net FY 2020.

¹⁾ The FTE positions listed under the FY 2019 Actual column represent the final year-end FTE positions utilized by state agencies and programs. The calculation of the actual FTE positions takes into account the vacancies that occur throughout the fiscal year. The FTE positions listed in the remaining columns represent budgeted positions that typically reflect full staffing of agency FTE levels.

Totals by Appropriations Act

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	
HF2643 Omnibus Appropriations Act	26,514.59	26,620.44	26,620.44	0.00	
HF2644 Transportation Appropriations Act	2,540.18	2,731.00	2,739.00	8.00	
NONAPPR Non-Appropriated FTE Positions ¹	27,625.37	25,422.65	25,423.37	0.72	
Grand Total	56,680.13	54,774.09	54,782.81	8.72	

¹ The FTE positions associated with the NONAPPR bill designation represent positions for State agencies and programs that are not limited through session law.

(1)(2)(3)(4)	(5) (6)
Administrative Services, Department of	
Administrative Services	
Operations 47.96 49.47 49.47 0.00 HF2643	
Utilities 0.98 1.00 1.00 0.00 HF2643	
Terrace Hill Operations 4.23 4.37 4.37 0.00 HF2643	
Personnel Development Seminars 2.77 2.88 2.88 0.00 NONAP	
Health Insurance Administration Fund 3.88 3.50 3.50 0.00 NONAP	
I/3 6.38 6.00 6.00 0.00 NONAP	
Centralized Purchasing - Administration 15.49 18.65 18.65 0.00 NONAP	
Vehicle Dispatcher Revolving Fund0.881.311.310.00NONAP	
Motor Pool Revolving Fund 1.24 1.01 1.01 0.00 NONAP	
Self Insurance/Risk Management 0.05 0.68 0.68 0.00 NONAP	
Mail Services Revolving Fund 9.61 9.70 9.70 0.00 NONAP	
Human Resources Revolving Fund 49.99 54.40 54.40 0.00 NONAP	
Facility & Support Revolving Fund 53.75 62.90 62.90 0.00 NONAP	
Worker's Compensation Insurance Fund 2.00 2.00 0.00 NONAP	
Health Insurance Premium Reserve 0.00 0.01 0.00 -0.01 NONAP	PPR
Total Administrative Services, Department of 199.21 217.88 217.87 -0.01	
Auditor of State	
Auditor of State	
Auditor of State - General Office 105.57 103.00 103.00 0.00 HF2643	3
Total Auditor of State 105.57 103.00 103.00 0.00	
Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, Iowa	
Campaign Finance Disclosure	
Ethics & Campaign Disclosure Board 5.47 7.00 7.00 0.00 HF2643	2
	.5
Total Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, Iowa 5.47 7.00 7.00 0.00	
Chief Information Officer, Office of the	
Chief Information Officer, Office of the	
Office of Chief Information Officer 113.24 112.00 119.00 7.00 NONAP	PPR
Total Chief Information Officer, Office of the 113.24 112.00 119.00 7.00	
Governor/Lt. Governor's Office	
Governor's Office	
Governor's/Lt. Governor's Office 20.51 21.00 21.00 0.00 HF2643	3
Terrace Hill Quarters 1.81 1.93 1.93 0.00 HF2643	3
Total Governor/Lt. Governor's Office 22.32 22.93 22.93 0.00	

	Actual FY 2019	Estimated Net FY 2020	Final Action FY 2021	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20	Bill Number	Page and Line #
_	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Drug Control Policy, Governor's Office of						
Office of Drug Control Policy						
Operations	2.99	4.00	4.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Drug Control Policy, Governor's Office of	2.99	4.00	4.00	0.00		
Human Rights, Department of						
Human Rights, Dept. of						
Central Administration	5.62	5.63	5.63	0.00	HF2643	
Community Advocacy and Services	6.51	7.45	7.45	0.00	HF2643	
Weatherization - D.O.E.	5.49	5.41	5.41	0.00	NONAPPR	
Justice Assistance Grants	6.03	5.55	5.35	-0.20	NONAPPR	
Juvenile Justice Action Grants	0.90	1.55	1.55	0.00	NONAPPR	
Low Income Energy Assistance	2.65	2.66	2.66	0.00	NONAPPR	
CSBG - Community Action Agency	4.70	4.93	4.93	0.00	NONAPPR	
Disability Donations & Grants	1.59	1.05	1.05	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Human Rights, Department of	33.50	34.23	34.03	-0.20		
Inspections and Appeals, Department of						
Inspections and Appeals, Dept. of						
Administration Division	9.60	10.65	10.65	0.00	HF2643	
Administrative Hearings Division	19.68	23.00	23.00	0.00	HF2643	
Investigations Division	43.52	53.00	53.00	0.00	HF2643	
Health Facilities Division	95.97	112.10	112.10	0.00	HF2643	
Employment Appeal Board	11.00	11.00	11.00	0.00	HF2643	
Child Advocacy Board	28.67	29.78	29.78	0.00	HF2643	
Indian Gaming Monitoring Fund	0.97	1.05	1.05	0.00	NONAPPR	
Amusement Devices Special Fund	2.21	2.65	2.65	0.00	NONAPPR	
Food and Consumer Safety	28.03	32.40	32.40	0.00	HF2643	
ICAB Donations and Gifts	0.00	0.25	0.25	0.00	HF2643	
Inspections and Appeals, Dept. of	239.64	275.88	275.88	0.00		
Racing Commission						
Gaming Regulation - GRF	49.40	53.20	53.20	0.00	HF2643	
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	289.05	329.08	329.08	0.00		
Management, Department of						
Management, Dept. of						
Department Operations	19.85	20.00	20.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Management, Department of	19.85	20.00	20.00	0.00		

- - -	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System						
IPERS Administration Administration - IPERS	77.23	88.13	88.13	0.00	HF2643	
Total Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System	77.23	88.13	88.13	0.00		
Public Information Board						
Public Information Board Iowa Public Information Board	2.83	3.00	3.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Public Information Board	2.83	3.00	3.00	0.00		
Revenue, Department of						
Revenue, Dept. of Tax Gap Collections Operations	129.12 148.13	142.95 160.05	142.95 160.05	0.00 0.00	NONAPPR HF2643	
Total Revenue, Department of	277.26	303.00	303.00	0.00		
Lottery Authority, lowa						
Lottery Authority Lottery Fund	104.19	113.00	113.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Lottery Authority, Iowa	104.19	113.00	113.00	0.00		
Secretary of State, Office of the						
Secretary of State SOS Technology Modernization Fund State Election Fund Administration and Elections Business Services Address Confidentiality Program - ACRF	2.58 0.00 14.03 12.38 0.82	1.65 1.75 14.05 14.05 1.50	1.65 1.75 14.05 14.05 2.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.50	NONAPPR NONAPPR HF2643 HF2643 NONAPPR	PG 6 LN 7
Total Secretary of State, Office of the	29.82	33.00	33.50	0.50		
Treasurer of State, Office of						
Treasurer of State Treasurer - General Office	25.97	26.00	26.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Treasurer of State, Office of	25.97	26.00	26.00	0.00		

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Commerce, Department of						
Alcoholic Beverages Division						
Alcoholic Beverages Operations	19.74	17.25	17.25	0.00	HF2643	
Tobacco Compliance Employee Training	4.36	3.40	3.40	0.00	NONAPPR	
Liquor Control Act Fund	49.66	23.30	23.30	0.00	NONAPPR	
Alcoholic Beverages Division	73.76	43.95	43.95	0.00		
Professional Licensing and Reg.						
Professional Licensing Bureau	9.38	10.00	10.00	0.00	HF2643	
Banking Division						
Banking Division - CMRF	78.11	80.00	80.00	0.00	HF2643	
Credit Union Division						
Credit Union Division - CMRF	14.04	15.00	15.00	0.00	HF2643	
Insurance Division						
Insurance Division - CMRF	95.63	119.25	119.25	0.00	HF2643	
Insurance Division Education Fund	0.50	0.75	1.25	0.50	NONAPPR	
Insurance Division Regulatory	0.00	0.50	0.50	0.00	NONAPPR	
Settlement Account	1.96	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Insurance Division	98.09	122.50	123.00	0.50		
Utilities Division						
Dual Party Relay Service	0.35	1.55	1.55	0.00	NONAPPR	
Utilities Division - CMRF	57.54	70.00	70.00	0.00	HF2643	
Utilities Division	57.90	71.55	71.55	0.00		
Total Commerce, Department of	331.28	343.00	343.50	0.50		
Total Administration and Regulation	1,639.77	1,759.25	1,767.04	7.79		

Agriculture and Natural Resources

- -	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of						
Agriculture and Land Stewardship						
Administrative Division	304.29	332.42	332.42	0.00	HF2643	
GW - Ag Drain Wells/Sinkholes	2.69	2.60	2.60	0.00	NONAPPR	
Water Protection Fund	9.15	8.88	8.88	0.00	NONAPPR	
EPA Non Point Source Pollution	2.50	2.50	2.50	0.00	NONAPPR	
Abandoned Mined Lands Grant	5.29	7.20	7.20	0.00	NONAPPR	
Brucellosis Eradication	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Branding Administration Fund	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Conservation Reserve Prog - EFF	12.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Fuel Inspection - UST	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Commercial Establishment Fund	2.21	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Water Quality Initiative Fund	4.70	6.00	6.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Foreign Animal Disease Fund	0.65	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Milk Inspections	1.62	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of	348.54	366.60	366.60	0.00		
Natural Resources, Department of						
Natural Resources						
Animal Agriculture Compliance	0.05	13.45	13.45	0.00	NONAPPR	
Natural Resources Operations	916.60	1,036.50	1,036.50	0.00	HF2643	
Total Natural Resources, Department of	916.65	1,049.95	1,049.95	0.00		
Regents, Board of						
Regents, Board of						
ISU - Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory	40.86	51.00	51.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Regents, Board of	40.86	51.00	51.00	0.00		
Total Agriculture and Natural Resources	1,306.05	1,467.55	1,467.55	0.00		
Total Agriculture and Ivalural Resources	1,300.05	1,407.33	1,407.33	0.00		

Economic Development

	Actual FY 2019	Estimated Net FY 2020	Final Action FY 2021	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20	Bill Number	Page and Line #
-	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Cultural Affairs, Department of						
Cultural Affairs, Dept. of						
Administration Division	0.86	1.10	1.10	0.00	HF2643	
Historical Division	40.01	41.13	41.13	0.00	HF2643	
Historic Sites	4.46	3.50	3.50	0.00	HF2643	
Arts Division	6.26	7.85	7.85	0.00	HF2643	
Great Places	1.31	1.40 0.38	1.40 0.47	0.00 0.09	HF2643 NONAPPR	
Hist. Resource Development Prog. (HRDP) Trust Accounts	0.35 0.50	0.50	0.47	0.09	NONAPPR	
-	-		•		NONAFFR	
Total Cultural Affairs, Department of	53.75	55.86	55.95	0.09		
Economic Development Authority						
Economic Development Authority						
Economic Development Appropriation	60.63	86.05	86.05	0.00	HF2643	
High Quality Jobs Creations Assistance	11.01	12.25	12.25	0.00	HF2643	
Economic Dev Energy Projects Fund	5.86	7.10	7.10	0.00	HF2643	
lowa Ind. New Jobs Training (NJT) 260E Fund	2.47	4.25	4.25	0.00	HF2643	
Wine and Beer Promotion Board Small Business Credit Initiative Fund	0.48	0.50 0.25	0.50 0.25	0.00 0.00	HF2643 HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Mentor Prog - SWJCF	0.26 0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	HF2643	
STEM Internships - SWJCF	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	HF2643	
Iowa Commission on Volunteer Service	7.18	8.00	8.00	0.00	HF2643	
Strategic Investment Fund	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Innovation & Commercialization Fund	1.65	3.00	3.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Apprenticeship Training Program Fund	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Nuisance Property Fund	0.97	0.90	0.90	0.00	NONAPPR	
Catalyst Building Remediation Fund	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
IA Energy Center - Main	2.19	3.40	3.40	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Economic Development Authority	94.76	126.70	126.70	0.00		
Iowa Finance Authority						
Iowa Finance Authority						
Finance Authority	68.95	69.50	69.50	0.00	NONAPPR	
Title Guaranty Fund	14.38	12.00	12.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Iowa Finance Authority	83.33	81.50	81.50	0.00		
Public Employment Relations Board						
Public Employment Relations						
General Office	9.17	11.00	11.00	0.00	HF2643	
-			•		. =	
Total Public Employment Relations Board	9.17	11.00	11.00	0.00		

Economic Development

- -	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Workforce Development, Department of						
Iowa Workforce Development						
Labor Services Division	48.04	57.70	57.70	0.00	HF2643	
Workers' Compensation Division	24.38	25.65	25.65	0.00	HF2643	
Field Office Operating Fund	173.43	190.47	190.47	0.00	HF2643	
Offender Reentry Program	4.32	5.00	5.00	0.00	HF2643	
Employee Misclassification Program	4.19	4.30	4.30	0.00	HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Coordinator - SWJCF	0.00	0.50	0.50	0.00	HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Coordinator - GF	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	HF2643	
Special Contingency Fund	58.73	58.78	64.78	6.00	NONAPPR	
IWD Major Federal Programs	179.26	221.92	218.97	-2.95	NONAPPR	
Workforce Minor Programs	96.31	102.73	103.01	0.28	NONAPPR	
Amateur Boxing Grants Fund	0.22	0.25	0.25	0.00	NONAPPR	
Boiler Safety Fund	6.03	7.35	7.35	0.00	NONAPPR	
Elevator Safety Fund	13.93	16.10	16.00	-0.10	NONAPPR	
Contractor Reg. Revolving Fund	4.30	6.90	6.80	-0.10	NONAPPR	
Total Workforce Development, Department of	613.96	697.65	700.78	3.13		
Regents, Board of						
Regents, Board of						
ISU - Economic Development - SWJCF	20.84	55.72	55.72	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Economic Development - SWJCF	1.94	1.94	1.94	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Entrepreneur and Econ Growth - SWJCF	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.00	HF2643	
UNI - Economic Development - SWJCF	8.00	7.21	7.21	0.00	HF2643	
ISU - Biosciences Innovation Ecosystem - GF	0.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Biosciences Innovation Ecosystem - GF	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	HF2643	
UNI - Additive Manufacturing - GF	0.00	4.00	4.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Regents, Board of	38.78	79.87	79.87	0.00		
Economic Development Authority						
Economic Development Authority						
Iowa Comm. Volunteer Ser Community Prog. F	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Economic Development Authority	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Total Economic Development	893.75	1,052.58	1,055.80	3.22		
=						

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Blind, Department for the						
Department for the Blind						
Department for the Blind	65.43	78.00	78.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Blind, Department for the	65.43	78.00	78.00	0.00		
College Student Aid Commission						
College Student Aid Comm.						
Postsecondary Registration Fund	0.01	2.75	2.75	0.00	NONAPPR	
Public/Private Partnership	0.40	1.00	1.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Stafford Loan Program (GSL)	31.59	44.30	44.30	0.00	NONAPPR	
College Student Aid Commission	4.25	3.95	3.95	0.00	HF2643	
Future Ready Iowa Administration	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total College Student Aid Commission	36.25	53.00	53.00	0.00		
Education, Department of						
Education, Dept. of						
Education of Handicapped Act	43.24	54.10	54.10	0.00	NONAPPR	
Drinking Drivers Course	1.90	1.75	1.75	0.00	NONAPPR	
NCES - NAEP Assessments	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Improving Teacher Quality Grants	4.27	7.00	7.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Community Learning Centers	1.71	1.65	1.65	0.00	NONAPPR	
State Assessment	9.71	22.07	22.07	0.00	NONAPPR	
Adult Education	2.96	4.54	4.54	0.00	NONAPPR	
Veterans Education	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
DE Nonfederal Grants	14.51	13.04	12.74	-0.30	NONAPPR	
ESEA Title 1	5.90	7.66	7.41	-0.25	NONAPPR	
Handicapped Personnel Preparation	1.91	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
English Language Acquisition	1.00	1.10	1.10	0.00	NONAPPR	
LSTA	1.72	4.00	4.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
AIDS Education	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
School Bus Driver Permit	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	3.80	2.62	2.62	0.00	NONAPPR	
Headstart Collaborative Grant	1.00	0.80	0.80	0.00	NONAPPR	
Vocational Education Act	3.53	8.33	8.33	0.00	NONAPPR	
Homeless Child and Adults	0.80	0.79	0.79	0.00	NONAPPR	
Early Childhood Iowa Fund	0.12	0.15	0.15	0.00	NONAPPR	

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line #
Administration	57.43	64.95	64.95	0.00	HF2643	
Career Technical Education Administration	9.46	9.82	9.82	0.00	HF2643	
State Library	23.52	23.15	23.15	0.00	HF2643	
School Food Service	23.35	22.45	22.45	0.00	HF2643	
Student Achievement/Teacher Quality	4.89	6.00	6.00	0.00	HF2643	
Attendance Center/Website & Data System	1.94	1.95	1.95	0.00	HF2643	
Education, Dept. of	226.54	267.92	267.37	-0.55		
Vocational Rehabilitation						
DDS Account	147.73	166.78	166.78	0.00	NONAPPR	
Vocational Rehabilitation	220.68	245.00	245.00	0.00	HF2643	
Independent Living	0.57	1.00	1.00	0.00	HF2643	
Entrepreneurs with Disabilities Program	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Vocational Rehabilitation	370.36	412.78	412.78	0.00		
Iowa PBS						
CPB/CSG FY 90/91	16.41	7.52	19.06	11.54	NONAPPR	
CPB/CSG FY 91/93	7.57	19.06	8.20	-10.86	NONAPPR	
NTIA Equipment Grants	0.72	0.75	0.75	0.00	NONAPPR	
Contributions Holding Account	1.08	1.00	1.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Friends Funded Programming	7.20	5.31	5.31	0.00	NONAPPR	
Education Telecommunications Project	2.65	2.26	2.26	0.00	NONAPPR	
IPTV Educational & Contractual Fund	3.25	2.02	2.02	0.00	NONAPPR	
Iowa PBS Operations	58.29	59.82	59.82	0.00	HF2643	
Iowa PBS	97.17	97.74	98.42	0.68		
Board of Educational Examiners Board of Educational Examiners	13.88	14.00	14.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Education, Department of	707.94	792.44	792.57	0.13		

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Regents, Board of						
Regents, Board of						
Regents Board Office	0.00	2.48	2.48	0.00	HF2643	
University of Iowa - General	5,537.62	5,058.55	5,058.55	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Oakdale Campus	29.00	38.25	38.25	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Hygienic Laboratory	59.18	102.51	102.51	0.00	HF2643	PG 2 LN 29
UI - Family Practice Program	3.08	2.71	2.71	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Specialized Children Health Services	4.94	4.16	4.16	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Cancer Registry	1.60	0.08	0.08	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Substance Abuse Consortium	0.80	0.99	0.99	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Biocatalysis	3.18	1.67	1.67	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Primary Health Care	5.57	6.23	6.23	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Birth Defects Registry	0.29	0.38	0.38	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Nonprofit Resource Center	1.85	1.88	1.88	0.00	HF2643	
UI - Iowa Flood Center	11.15	17.10	10.34	-6.76	NONAPPR	
UI - IA Online Advanced Placement Acad.	1.56	1.81	1.56	-0.25	NONAPPR	
Iowa State University - General	4,779.04	3,647.42	3,647.42	0.00	HF2643	
ISU - Agricultural Experiment Station	279.80	546.98	546.98	0.00	HF2643	
ISU - Cooperative Extension	248.42	382.34	382.34	0.00	HF2643	
University of Northern Iowa - General	1,261.57	1,346.66	1,346.66	0.00	HF2643	
UNI - Recycling and Reuse Center	0.93	1.93	1.93	0.00	HF2643	
UNI - Math & Science Collaborative	4.50	4.00	4.00	0.00	HF2643	
UNI - Real Estate Education Program	1.00	0.86	0.86	0.00	HF2643	
lowa School for the Deaf	118.00	101.84	101.84	0.00	HF2643	PG 6 LN 28
Ed Services for Blind & Visually Impaired	59.00	58.00	58.00	0.00	HF2643	PG 6 LN 34
UI Restricted	8,238.80	7,368.21	7,368.21	0.00	NONAPPR	
ISD Restricted	8.00	9.51	9.51	0.00	NONAPPR	
IBSSS Restricted	3.50	2.82	2.82	0.00	NONAPPR	
UNI Restricted	1,326.00	429.76	429.76	0.00	NONAPPR	
ISU - Restricted	4,994.07	4,161.20	4,161.20	0.00	NONAPPR	
UIHC Fund	9,824.35	10,006.00	10,006.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Regents, Board of	36,806.80	33,306.33	33,299.32	-7.01		
Total Education	37,616.43	34,229.77	34,222.89	-6.88		

Health and Human Services

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Aging, Iowa Department on						
Aging, Dept. on						
Aging Programs	17.09	20.00	20.00	0.00	HF2643	
Office of LTC Ombudsman	10.64	10.50	10.50	0.00	HF2643	
Total Aging, Iowa Department on	27.73	30.50	30.50	0.00		
Public Health, Department of						
Public Health, Dept. of						
Vital Records Modernization	22.03	25.25	25.25	0.00	NONAPPR	
IDPH Gifts & Grants Fund	239.37	257.75	255.70	-2.05	NONAPPR	
Rx Prof / Tech Recovery Fd	0.81	1.00	1.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Drug Information Program	0.85	1.00	1.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Addictive Disorders	7.97	12.00	12.00	0.00	HF2643	PG 15 LN 27
Healthy Children and Families	10.69	14.00	14.00	0.00	HF2643	
Chronic Conditions	6.39	9.00	9.00	0.00	HF2643	
Community Capacity	5.94	13.00	13.00	0.00	HF2643	
Infectious Diseases	2.34	4.00	4.00	0.00	HF2643	
Public Protection	127.62	143.00	143.00	0.00	HF2643	
Resource Management	3.79	4.00	4.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Public Health, Department of	427.80	484.00	481.95	-2.05		
Veterans Affairs, Department of						
Veterans Affairs, Dept. of						
Iowa Veterans Cemetery Fund	0.52	3.25	3.25	0.00	NONAPPR	
General Administration	13.70	12.75	12.75	0.00	HF2643	
Veterans Affairs, Dept. of	14.22	16.00	16.00	0.00		
Veterans Affairs, Dept. of						
Iowa Veterans Home Canteen	4.15	4.96	4.96	0.00	NONAPPR	
Iowa Veterans Home	758.99	763.83	761.83	-2.00	NONAPPR	
Veterans Affairs, Dept. of	763.14	768.79	766.79	-2.00		
Total Veterans Affairs, Department of	777.36	784.79	782.79	-2.00		

Health and Human Services

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and (6)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(0)
Human Services, Department of						
Assistance Family Investment Program/PROMISE JOBS Medical Assistance Health Program Operations Child Care Assistance	18.47 8.62 2.34 2.53	28.00 11.00 2.01 3.52	28.00 11.00 2.01 3.52	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	HF2643 HF2643 HF2643 HF2643	PG 10 LN 33 PG 24 LN 8
Child and Family Services Health Care Facility Fines Child Care Facility Fund Assistance	4.75 0.00 0.80 37.51	5.01 1.00 2.00 52.54	5.01 1.00 2.00 52.54	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	HF2643 NONAPPR NONAPPR	
Eldora Training School Eldora Training School	181.84	209.80	209.80	0.00	HF2643	PG 14 LN 26
Cherokee Cherokee MHI	144.68	163.92	163.92	0.00	HF2643	
Independence Independence MHI	176.07	188.55	188.55	0.00	HF2643	
Glenwood Glenwood Resource Center	697.31	727.50	727.50	0.00	HF2643	PG 13 LN 14
Woodward Woodward Warehouse Revolving Fund Woodward Resource Center Woodward	5.86 500.40 506.26	6.10 502.00 508.10	6.10 502.00 508.10	0.00 0.00 0.00	NONAPPR HF2643	PG 13 LN 17
Cherokee CCUSO Civil Commitment Unit for Sexual Offenders	114.65	139.13	139.13	0.00	HF2643	
Field Operations Child Support Recovery MI/MR/DD Case Management Iowa Refugee Service Center Child Support Grants Field Operations Field Operations	405.24 68.26 13.06 1.18 1,363.50 1,851.23	417.00 56.50 13.59 0.00 1,479.00 1,966.09	417.00 56.50 13.59 0.00 1,479.00 1,966.09	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	HF2643 NONAPPR NONAPPR NONAPPR HF2643	
General Administration Child Abuse Project Community MH Block Grant IV-E Independent Living Grant General Administration General Administration	3.59 1.00 4.12 241.01 249.72	4.00 1.00 5.00 291.50 301.50	4.00 1.00 5.00 291.50 301.50	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NONAPPR NONAPPR NONAPPR HF2643	
Total Human Services, Department of	3,959.27	4,257.13	4,257.13	0.00		
Total Health and Human Services	5,192.17	5,556.42	5,552.37	-4.05		

Justice System

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Attorney General						
Justice, Dept. of General Office AG Victim Compensation Fund	196.54 27.30	212.00 29.00	212.00 29.00	0.00	HF2643 HF2643	
Total Attorney General	223.85	241.00	241.00	0.00		
Corrections, Department of Central Office Corrections Administration	35.83	40.00	40.00	0.00	HF2643	
Fort Madison IMCC Inmate Tele Rebate Ft. Madison Institution Fort Madison Total Corrections, Department of	0.64 363.71 364.35 400.18	1.00 392.50 393.50 433.50	1.00 392.50 393.50 433.50	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	NONAPPR HF2643	
	400.10	433.30	433.30	0.00		
Attorney General Consumer Advocate Consumer Advocate - CMRF Total Attorney General	14.66 14.66	22.00 22.00	22.00 22.00	0.00	HF2643	
Corrections, Department of						
Anamosa Anamosa Institution	294.88	311.00	311.00	0.00	HF2643	
Oakdale Oakdale Institution	475.85	506.75	506.75	0.00	HF2643	
Newton Newton Institution	247.18	263.00	263.00	0.00	HF2643	
Mount Pleasant Mount Pleasant Institution	222.90	241.00	241.00	0.00	HF2643	
Rockwell City Rockwell City Institution	92.19	95.00	95.00	0.00	HF2643	
Clarinda Clarinda Institution	215.57	232.63	232.63	0.00	HF2643	
Mitchellville Mitchellville Institution	198.65	221.20	221.20	0.00	HF2643	
Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Institution	259.78	276.00	276.00	0.00	HF2643	

Justice System FTE Positions

-	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
CBC District 1 CBC District I	189.75	191.52	191.52	0.00	HF2643	
CBC District 2 CBC District II	129.75	130.75	130.75	0.00	HF2643	
CBC District 3 CBC District III	74.59	76.59	76.59	0.00	HF2643	
CBC District 4 CBC District IV	59.50	63.38	63.38	0.00	HF2643	
CBC District 5 CBC District V	264.45	266.45	266.45	0.00	HF2643	
CBC District 6 CBC District VI	179.94	180.94	180.94	0.00	HF2643	
CBC District 7 CBC District VII	100.65	101.65	101.65	0.00	HF2643	
CBC District 8 CBC District VIII	101.20	102.00	102.00	0.00	HF2643	
Industries Iowa State Industries	68.74	78.50	78.50	0.00	NONAPPR	
Corrections - Farm Account Consolidated Farm Operations	7.69	8.62	8.62	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Corrections, Department of	3,183.26	3,346.98	3,346.98	0.00		
Civil Rights Commission, Iowa						
Civil Rights Commission Civil Rights Commission	23.01	27.00	27.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Civil Rights Commission, Iowa	23.01	27.00	27.00	0.00		
Human Rights, Department of						
Human Rights, Dept. of Criminal & Juvenile Justice	9.26	8.77	8.77	0.00	HF2643	
Total Human Rights, Department of	9.26	8.77	8.77	0.00		
Inspections and Appeals, Department of						
Public Defender						
Public Defender	208.85	223.00	223.00	0.00	HF2643	
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	208.85	223.00	223.00	0.00		

Justice System

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Judicial Branch						
Judicial Branch						
Judicial Branch	1,708.79	1,827.57	1,827.57	0.00	HF2643	PG 8 LN 1
Total Judicial Branch	1,708.79	1,827.57	1,827.57	0.00		
Law Enforcement Academy						
Iowa Law Enforcement Academy						
Law Enforcement Academy	23.19	27.25	27.25	0.00	HF2643	
Total Law Enforcement Academy	23.19	27.25	27.25	0.00		
Parole, Board of						
Parole Board						
Parole Board	8.51	10.50	10.50	0.00	HF2643	
Total Parole, Board of	8.51	10.50	10.50	0.00		
Public Defense, Department of						
Public Defense, Dept. of						
National Guard Facilities Improvement Fund	12.46	13.00	13.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Public Defense, Department of	228.54	248.50	248.50	0.00	HF2643	
Total Public Defense, Department of	241.00	261.50	261.50	0.00		
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt						
Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt						
Homeland Security Grant Program	0.00	3.65	4.55	0.90	NONAPPR	
Pre-Disaster Mitigation - Competitive	0.00	0.54	0.54	0.00	NONAPPR	
Power Plant Funds	1.80	2.59	2.59	0.00	NONAPPR	
Hazard Mitigation	0.00	1.27	1.27	0.00	NONAPPR	
Flood Mitigation Assistance	0.00	0.18	0.18	0.00	NONAPPR	
State & Local Assistance	0.00	4.53	4.53	0.00	NONAPPR	
Emergency Response Fund	0.00	0.29	0.28	-0.01	NONAPPR	
2004 Distribution #1518 Public Assist.	0.00	11.11	11.11	0.00	NONAPPR	
Homeland Security & Emer. Mgmt.	50.51	26.49	26.49	0.00	HF2643	
911 Emerg Comm Admin - 911 Surcharge	1.00	1.15	0.90	-0.25	NONAPPR	
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	53.31	51.80	52.44	0.64		

Justice System

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Public Safety, Department of						
Public Safety, Dept. of						
Public Safety Administration	30.22	37.00	37.00	0.00	HF2643	
Public Safety DCI	135.06	155.00	155.00	0.00	HF2643	
Narcotics Enforcement	58.64	67.00	67.00	0.00	HF2643	
Fire Marshal	45.80	49.00	49.00	0.00	HF2643	
Iowa State Patrol	463.70	511.00	511.00	0.00	HF2643	
DPS Gaming Enforcement - GEF	69.60	73.00	73.00	0.00	HF2643	
Peace Officers Retirement Fund	1.70	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Electrician & Installers Licensing Fund	22.17	28.00	28.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Human Trafficking Office	0.97	1.00	1.00	0.00	HF2643	
Fireworks Fee Fund	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Notary Information Fees	2.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Interoperable & Broadband Comm Fund	1.73	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Public Safety, Department of	832.25	925.00	925.00	0.00		
Total Justice System	6,930.12	7,405.87	7,406.51	0.64		

Transportation, Infrastructure, and Capitals

FTE Positions

- - -	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Telecommunications and Tech Commission						
Iowa Communications Network						
ICN Operations	81.72	81.50	81.50	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Telecommunications and Tech Commission	81.72	81.50	81.50	0.00		
Public Health, Department of						
Public Health, Dept. of Health Care Workforce Shortage	0.90	2.00	2.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Public Health, Department of	0.90	2.00	2.00	0.00		
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt						
Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt Mass Notification & Emer Messaging - TRF	0.00	0.45	0.45	0.00	NONAPPR	PG 11 LN 2
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	0.00	0.45	0.45	0.00		
Transportation, Department of						
Transportation, Dept. of						
Highway Beautification Fund	7.34	9.00	9.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Materials And Equipment Revolving Fund	65.00	78.00	78.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Operations	223.63	250.00	251.00	1.00	HF2644	PG 2 LN 35
Planning	76.47	94.00	94.00	0.00	HF2644	PG 3 LN 11
Highway	1,943.67	2,057.00	2,064.00	7.00	HF2644	PG 3 LN 14
Motor Vehicle Division Performance and Technology	260.25 36.16	289.00 41.00	289.00 41.00	0.00 0.00	HF2644 HF2644	PG 3 LN 17 PG 3 LN 20
•					ПГ2044	PG 3 LN 20
Total Transportation, Department of	2,612.52	2,818.00	2,826.00	8.00		
Human Services Capitals						
Human Services - Capitals Medicaid Technology - TRF	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
-					NONALLIK	
Total Human Services Capitals	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Total Transportation, Infrastructure, and Capitals	2,701.15	2,901.95	2,909.95	8.00		

Unassigned Standings

FTE Positions

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action FY21 vs Est Net FY20 (4)	Bill Number (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Legislative Branch						
Legislative Branch Legislative Branch	399.70	399.70	399.70	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Legislative Branch	399.70	399.70	399.70	0.00		
Management, Department of						
Management, Dept. of State Appeal Board Claims	0.99	1.00	1.00	0.00	NONAPPR	
Total Management, Department of	0.99	1.00	1.00	0.00		
Total Unassigned Standings	400.69	400.70	400.70	0.00		

Subcommittee Appropriations Acts

SUPPLEMENTAL AND CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT

FI	IN	1D	IN	G	SI	IM	\mathbf{M}	A	RY	

This Act provides General Fund supplemental appropriations of \$91.8 million for FY 2020. This Act also reduces FY 2021 General Fund standing appropriations by an estimated \$32.4 million.

MAJOR INCREASES/DECREASES/TRANSFERS OF EXISTING PROGRAMS

Limits the FY 2021 General Fund appropriation to the Department of Education for nonpublic school
transportation to \$8.2 million. Requires the appropriation to be prorated if the claims exceed the
appropriation. This represents no change compared to the funding level for FY 2019. This also represents a
decrease of \$2.6 million compared to the FY 2021 estimated standing appropriation of \$10.8 million based
on current law.

Page 3, Line 14

Suspends the General Fund standing appropriation of \$14.8 million for the Instructional Support Program for FY 2021.

Page 3, Line 28

Reduces the FY 2021 State school aid funding to Area Education Agencies (AEAs) by \$15.0 million.

Page 3, Line 34

FUNDING FOR PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS

Provides appropriations from the appropriate State funds to State agencies for FY 2021 equal to two-twelfths of the amount appropriated during FY 2020. The Act excludes certain appropriations for one-time projects made in FY 2020 from the amounts to be appropriated in FY 2021. This provision was to allow for the continued operation of State agencies for a two-month period in FY 2021 in the event a completed budget for FY 2021 could not be enacted by July 1, 2020. On June 30, 2020, the Governor signed HF 2643 (FY 2021 Omnibus Appropriation Act), which funded State agencies' operations for the entire FY 2021. This Act also repealed the two-twelfths provision in SF 2408.

Page 5, Line 1

FISCAL IMPACT: This provision provides an estimated \$1.305 billion in spending authority to State agencies for FY 2021.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

Provides an FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation of \$89.0 million to the Department of Human Services (DHS) for the Medicaid program.

Page 2, Line 9

Provides an FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation of \$1.7 million to the DHS for the Healthy

Page 2, Line 13

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SUPPLEMENTAL AND CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT

SENATE FILE 2408

and Well Kids in Iowa (hawk-i) program.

Provides an FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation of \$596,000 to the DHS for the State Resource Center at Glenwood. The Act allows any unexpended funds remaining at the end of FY 2020 to carry forward for expenditure in FY 2021.

Page 2, Line 18

Provides an FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation of \$526,000 to the University of Iowa Hygienic Laboratory. The Act allows any unexpended funds remaining at the end of FY 2020 to carry forward for expenditure in FY 2021.

Page 2, Line 29

Appropriates an amount up to 10.0% of the FY 2020 in the Economic Emergency Fund to be used for purposes approved by the Governor. Ten percent of the FY 2020 Economic Emergency Fund balance is equal to \$19.6 million.

Page 8, Line 1

Provides a contingent appropriation equal to the maximum balance of the Economic Emergency Fund to the Department of Management (DOM) in the event that the appropriation of 10.0% of the Economic Emergency Fund is insufficient. The appropriated funds may be used for purposes approved by the Governor and the Legislative Council. The maximum balance in the Economic Emergency Fund in FY 2020 is \$196.0 million.

Page 8, Line 10

STUDIES AND INTENT

Requires the Department of Management (DOM), in consultation with the Legislative Services Agency (LSA), to identify the FY 2020 line item appropriations and standing appropriations, including appropriations from federal and nonstate sources, and the entities that received the appropriations.

Page 4, Line 13

Suspends limitations on the Governor's authority to transfer funds between General Fund line item appropriations beginning with the effective date of this Act and ending August 31, 2020.

Page 7, Line 9

Waives the instructional time requirements for school districts and accredited nonpublic schools that close before April 12, 2020 to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

Page 8, Line 29

Repeals Section 13 of this Act related to school waivers, on July 1, 2020.

Page 9, Line 9

EFFECTIVE DATE

Specifies that Division I of this Act, relating to the FY 2020 supplemental appropriations, are effective on

Page 3, Line 10

SUPPLEMENTAL AND CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT

enactment.

Specifies that Division III of this A	Act, pertaining to FY 20	021 spending authority of Sta	te agencies, is	Page 7, Line 5

effective on enactment.

Specifies that Division IV of this Act, pertaining to suspension of restrictions on the Governor's Page 7, Line 31

appropriation transfer authority, is effective on enactment.

Specifies that Division V of this Act, relating to an Economic Emergency Fund appropriation to the DOM, is

Page 8, Line 23

effective on enactment.

Specifies that Division VI of this Act, relating to school waivers, is effective on enactment.

Page 9, Line 10

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was approved by the General Assembly and signed by the Governor on March 17, 2020.

STAFF CONTACT: David Reynolds (515.281.6934) dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov

Senate File 2408 provides for the following changes to the Code of Iowa.

 Page #	Line #	Bill Section	Action	Code Section
3	34	6	Add	257.35.14A

DIVISION I SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS Section 1. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES — FY 2019-2020. 1. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the department of human services for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, the following mounts, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:	
2 9 a. To supplement the appropriation made for medical 2 10 assistance program reimbursement and associated costs in 2019 2 11 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 13, unnumbered paragraph 2: 2 12 \$\times 88,982,734\$	General Fund supplemental appropriation for FY 2020 to the Department of Human Services (DHS) for the Medicaid program.
2 13 b. To supplement the appropriation made for maintenance of 2 14 the healthy and well kids in lowa (hawk-i) program pursuant 2 15 to chapter 514I in 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 16, 2 16 subsection 1: 2 17 \$\text{1,737,294}\$	General Fund supplemental appropriation for FY 2020 to the DHS for the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (hawk-i) program.
2 18 c. To supplement the appropriations made for the state 2 19 resource center at Glenwood for salaries, support, maintenance, 2 20 and miscellaneous purposes in 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, 2 21 section 25, subsection 1, paragraph "a", and 2020 lowa Acts, 2 22 Senate File 2144, section 1: 2 23 \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ 595,608	General Fund supplemental appropriation for FY 2020 to the DHS for the State Resource Center at Glenwood.
2 24 2. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated in 2 25 this section that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the 2 26 close of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain 2 27 available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the 2 28 close of the succeeding fiscal year.	Allows any unexpended funds from the appropriation for the State Resource Center at Glenwood remaining at the end of FY 2020 to carry forward for expenditure in FY 2021.
Sec. 2. STATE BOARD OF REGENTS —— FY 2019-2020. 1. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the state board of regents for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, the following amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: To supplement the appropriation made for the state hygienic laboratory of the state university of lowa, including salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes, in 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 135, section 9, subsection 2, paragraph "c": Acts, chapter 135, section 9, subsection 2, paragraph "c":	General Fund supplemental appropriation for FY 2020 to the University of Iowa Hygienic Laboratory.
 5 2. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated in 6 this section that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the 7 close of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain 	Allows any unexpended funds from the appropriation to the University of Iowa Hygienic Laboratory remaining at the end of FY 2020 to carry forward for expenditure in FY 2021.

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8 available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the 9 close of the succeeding fiscal year. Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being 3 11 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. 3 12 DIVISION II 3 13 STANDING APPROPRIATIONS AND RELATED MATTERS Sec. 4. LIMITATIONS OF STANDING APPROPRIATIONS —— FY 3 14 2020-2021. Notwithstanding the standing appropriation in the 3 15 3 16 following designated section for the fiscal year beginning July 3 17 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the amount appropriated from 18 the general fund of the state pursuant to that section for the 3 19 following designated purpose shall not exceed the following 3 20 amount: For payment of claims for nonpublic school pupil 3 21 3 22 transportation under section 285.2: 8.197.091 3 23\$ 3 24 If total approved claims for reimbursement for nonpublic 3 25 school pupil transportation exceed the amount appropriated in 3 26 accordance with this section, the department of education shall 3 27 prorate the amount of each approved claim. 3 28 Sec. 5. INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT STATE AID —— FY 2020-2021. In 3 29 lieu of the appropriation provided in section 257.20, 3 30 subsection 2, the appropriation for the fiscal year 3 31 beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, for paying 3 32 instructional support state aid under section 257.20 for such 3 33 fiscal year is zero. Sec. 6. Section 257.35, Code 2020, is amended by adding the 3 35 following new subsection: 1 NEW SUBSECTION 14A. Notwithstanding subsection 1, and in 2 addition to the reduction applicable pursuant to subsection 3 2, the state aid for area education agencies and the portion 4 of the combined district cost calculated for these agencies 5 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 6 30, 2021, shall be reduced by the department of management by 7 fifteen million dollars. The reduction for each area education 8 agency shall be prorated based on the reduction that the agency 4 9 received in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2003. 4 10 **DIVISION III**

Specifies that Division I, relating to the FY 2020 supplemental appropriations, is effective on enactment.

Limits the FY 2021 General Fund appropriation to the Department of Education for nonpublic school transportation to \$8,197,091. Requires the appropriation to be prorated if the claims exceed the appropriation.

DETAIL: This represents no change compared to estimated net FY 2020. This also represents a decrease of \$2,582,597 compared to the estimated standing unlimited appropriation of \$10,779,688 based on current law.

Suspends the General Fund standing appropriation of \$14,800,000 for the Instructional Support Program for FY 2021.

DETAIL: Although no State funding will be provided for the Instructional Support Program, school districts may use local property tax and income surtax to fund their portion of the Program. In FY 2020, 326 school districts implemented the Program and generated \$239,160,798 in local taxes (\$90,900,495 in income surtax and \$148,260,303 in property taxes).

CODE: Reduces the FY 2021 State school aid funding to Area Education Agencies (AEAs) by \$15,000,000.

DETAIL: In addition to the \$15,000,000 State aid reduction for FY 2021, the AEAs have an annual statutory reduction of \$7,500,000. The State aid reduction to the AEAs will total \$22,500,000 for FY 2021. Funding was reduced by the same amount for FY 2020.

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4 11 CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS

- 4 12 Sec. 7. CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS —— FY 2020-2021.
- 4 13 1. APPROPRIATIONS DETERMINED FROM 2019-2020 LINE ITEM AND
- 4 14 LIMITED STANDING APPROPRIATIONS.
- 4 15 a. For all line item appropriations, standing limited
- 4 16 appropriations, and standing unlimited appropriations otherwise
- 4 17 limited by law, including appropriations from federal and
- 4 18 nonstate funds, the department of management, in consultation
- 4 19 with the legislative services agency, shall determine the
- 4 20 amount of such line item appropriations, standing limited
- 4 21 appropriations, and standing unlimited appropriations otherwise
- 4 22 limited by law, including appropriations from federal and
- 4 23 nonstate funds, made for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
- 4 24 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, by taking into consideration
- 4 25 all of the following:
- 4 26 (1) 2020 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2144, and other 2020 Iowa
- 4 27 Acts.
- 4 28 (2) 2019 lowa Acts.
- 4 29 (3) All interdepartmental and intradepartmental transfers
- 4 30 made pursuant to section 8.39 and other provisions of law.
- 4 31 (4) Other provisions of law.
- 4 32 b. The department of management, in consultation with the
- 4 33 legislative services agency, shall also identify the entities
- 4 34 to which such appropriations were made, or the entities'
- 4 35 successors.
- 5 1 2. CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS. There is appropriated
- 5 2 from the appropriate state fund or account to the entities
- 5 3 identified pursuant to subsection 1, for the period beginning
- 5 4 July 1, 2020, and ending August 31, 2020, amounts, or so
- 5 5 much thereof as is necessary, equal to two-twelfths of the
- 5 6 amounts of all line item appropriations, standing limited
- 5 7 appropriations, and standing unlimited appropriations otherwise
- 5 8 limited by law, including federal and nonstate funds, made for
- 5 9 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30,
- 5 10 2020, as determined pursuant to subsection 1.

Requires the DOM, in consultation with the Legislative Services Agency (LSA), to identify the FY 2020 line item appropriations and standing appropriations, including appropriations from federal and nonstate sources, and the entities that received the appropriations.

DETAIL: The purpose of this provision is to help calculate the spending authority for FY 2021 that may be necessary to maintain the operation of State government.

Provides appropriations from the appropriate State funds to State agencies for FY 2021 equal to two-twelfths of the amount appropriated during FY 2020.

DETAIL: The Act excludes certain FY 2020 appropriations for one-time projects from the amounts to be appropriated in FY 2021. The purpose of this provision is to provide funding for FY 2021 that may be necessary to maintain the operation of State government while the 2020 Legislative Session is suspended.

FISCAL IMPACT: This provision provides an estimated \$1,305,500,000 in General Fund spending authority to State agencies and programs for FY 2021.

NOTE: On June 30, 2020, the Governor signed <u>HF 2643</u> (FY 2021 Omnibus Appropriations Act), which funded State agencies' operations for the entire FY 2021. The Act also repealed the two-twelfths funding provision in this Section.

- 5 11 3. DUPLICATIVE STANDING APPROPRIATIONS TEMPORARILY
- 5 12 SUPPLANTED. The amounts appropriated under subsection 2 shall
- 5 13 supplant, for only the period beginning July 1, 2020, and
- 5 14 ending August 31, 2020, any duplicative standing appropriation
- 5 15 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30,
- 5 16 2021.
- 5 17 4. CONTINUING APPROPRIATION CONSIDERED ALLOTMENT OF FULL
- 5 18 YEAR APPROPRIATION. Upon the governor's approval of any
- 5 19 enrolled bill, as passed by both the senate and the house
- 5 20 of representatives during the 2020 regular session of the
- 5 21 eighty-eighth general assembly, containing the same line item
- 5 22 or limited standing appropriation for the fiscal year beginning
- 5 23 July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, as made in the
- 5 24 two-twelfths appropriation under subsection 2, the two-twelfths
- 5 25 appropriation amount shall be considered an allotment of the
- 5 26 line item appropriation or limited standing appropriation for
- 5 27 the full fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June
- 5 28 30, 2021.
- 5 29 5. EXCLUSIONS. This section does not apply to any of the
- 5 30 following:
- 5 31 a. Appropriations made from the rebuild lowa infrastructure
- 5 32 fund and the technology reinvestment fund pursuant to 2019 lowa
- 5 33 Acts, chapter 137.
- 5 34 b. Appropriations made to the department of transportation
- 5 35 from the road use tax fund for capital costs associated with
- 6 1 placing a driver and identification services center in Dallas
- 2 county pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 52, section 3,
- 3 subsection 13, and from the primary road fund for replacement
- 6 4 of the Sioux City combined facility pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts,
- 6 5 chapter 52, section 4, subsection 16.
- 6 6 c. The appropriation made to the department of
- 7 administrative services from the general fund of the state for
- 6 8 establishing a listing of real property owned or leased by
- 9 the state pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 136, section 1,
- 6 10 subsection 1, paragraph "d".
- 6 11 d. The appropriation made to the department of management
- 6 12 from the general fund of the state for distribution of
- 3 13 moneys to other governmental entities for the payment of rate
- 6 14 adjustments established by the office of the chief information
- 6 15 officer pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 136, section 16,
- 6 16 subsection 2, paragraph "a".
- 6 17 e. The appropriation made to the department of agriculture
- 3 18 and land stewardship from the general fund of the state for
- 6 19 deposit in the hungry canyons account of the loess hills
- 6 20 development and conservation fund pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts,

Specifies that the funding for the standing appropriations provided in Section 7.2 of this Act is to supplant the standing appropriations and not duplicate the funding for FY 2021.

Specifies that the continuing appropriations activated under this Division are to be considered allotments of the line item appropriations for the full fiscal year.

DETAIL: Iowa Code section <u>8.31</u> requires State agencies to submit a requisition for allotment of their appropriations to the DOM specifying the dates during the fiscal year that portions of the appropriations will be needed. The agencies are to submit the requisition by June 1 prior to the start of a fiscal year or by another date identified by the DOM. The requisition is also required to include details of proposed expenditures as may be required by the DOM and subject to review by the Governor.

Specifies certain FY 2020 appropriations for one-time projects that are to be excluded from the calculation of the extended spending authority for FY 2021 specified in this Division. The calculation excludes all FY 2020 appropriations from the Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund and the Technology Reinvestment Fund, as well as various General Fund appropriations.

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- 6 21 chapter 131, section 9, subsection 1.
- 6 22 f. The appropriation made to the department of cultural
- 6 23 affairs from the general fund of the state for payment of
- 3 24 rent for the state records center pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts,
- 6 25 chapter 154, section 1, subsection 1, paragraph "g".
- 6 26 g. The appropriation made to the lowa law enforcement
- 6 27 academy from the general fund of the state for costs associated
- 6 28 with temporary relocation of the lowa law enforcement academy
- 6 29 pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 163, section 10, subsection
- 6 30 1, paragraph "a", subparagraph (2).
- 6 31 h. The appropriation made to the department of public safety
- 6 32 from the general fund of the state for costs associated with
- 6 33 the training and equipment needs of volunteer fire fighters
- 6 34 pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 163, section 15, subsection
- 6 35 8.
- 7 1 i. The appropriation made to the department of homeland
- 7 2 security and emergency management from the general fund of the
- 7 3 state for flood recovery pursuant to 2020 lowa Acts, Senate
- 7 4 File 2144, section 3.
- 7 5 Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being
- 6 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.
- 7 7 DIVISION IV
- 7 8 INTERDEPARTMENTAL AND INTRADEPARTMENTAL TRANSFERS
- 9 Sec. 9. APPLICABILITY OF LIMITATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS. All
- 7 10 of the following do not apply to transfers made by the director
- 7 11 of the department of management pursuant to section 8.39 for
- 7 12 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30,
- 7 13 2020, and for the period beginning July 1, 2020, and ending
- 7 14 August 31, 2020:
- 7 15 1. The limitations on the amount of an interdepartmental
- 7 16 transfer and the sum of interdepartmental transfers under
- 7 17 section 8.39, subsection 2.
- 7 18 2. The limitations on the aggregate amount of
- 7 19 intradepartmental and interdepartmental transfers under section
- 7 20 8.39, subsection 3.
- 7 21 3. The requirement under section 8.39, subsection 4,
- 7 22 that the director of the department of management give the
- 7 23 chairpersons of the standing committees on budget of the senate
- 7 24 and the house of representatives, and the chairpersons of
- 7 25 subcommittees of such committees, at least two weeks to review
- 7 26 and comment on a proposed transfer before the transfer is
- 7 27 made. This subsection shall not be construed to relieve the
- 7 28 director of the department of management of the director's duty
- 7 29 to notify such chairpersons of a proposed transfer before the

Specifies that Division III of this Act, pertaining to FY 2021 spending authority, is effective on enactment.

Suspends limitations on the Governor's authority to transfer funds between General Fund line item appropriations beginning with the effective date of this Act and ending August 31, 2020.

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7 30 transfer is made. Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being Specifies that Division IV of this Act, pertaining to suspension of 7 32 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. restrictions on the Governor's appropriation transfer authority, is effective on enactment. **DIVISION V** 7 33 7 34 IOWA ECONOMIC EMERGENCY FUND Sec. 11. DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT —— APPROPRIATION. 7 35 8 1. Notwithstanding section 8.55, subsection 3, there is Appropriates an amount up to 10.00% of the FY 2020 in the Economic 2 appropriated from the lowa economic emergency fund to the Emergency Fund to be used for purposes approved by the Governor. 3 department of management for the period beginning on the 4 effective date of this division of this Act, and ending August DETAIL: Ten percent of the FY 2020 Economic Emergency Fund 5 31, 2020, an amount not to exceed ten percent of the balance balance is equal to \$19,600,000. 6 of the lowa economic emergency fund at the close of the fiscal 7 year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, or so 8 much thereof as is necessary, to be used for purposes approved 9 by the governor. 2. Notwithstanding section 8.55, subsection 3, in the event Provides a contingent appropriation equal to the maximum balance of 8 11 the amount appropriated under subsection 1 is insufficient, the Economic Emergency Fund to the DOM in the event that the 8 12 there is appropriated from the lowa economic emergency fund to appropriation in Section 11.1 is insufficient. The appropriated funds 8 13 the department of management for the period beginning on the may be used for purposes approved by the Governor and the 8 14 effective date of this division of this Act, and ending August legislative Council. 8 15 31, 2020, an amount not to exceed the maximum balance of the 8 16 lowa economic emergency fund under section 8.55, subsection 2, DETAIL: The maximum balance in the Economic Emergency Fund in 8 17 or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for purposes FY 2020 is \$196,000,000. 8 18 approved by the governor and the legislative council. 3. This section is repealed on the date the 2020 regular Specifies that Section 11 of this Act is repealed upon the reconvening 8 19 of the 88th General Assembly or August 31, 2020, whichever occurs 8 20 session of the eighty-eighth general assembly reconvenes after 8 21 the effective date of this division of this Act, or August 31, earlier. 8 22 2020, whichever occurs earlier. Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being Specifies that Division V of this Act, relating to an Economic 8 24 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. Emergency Fund appropriation to the DOM, is effective on enactment. 8 25 **DIVISION VI** 8 26 INSTRUCTIONAL TIME WAIVERS FOR SCHOOLS 8 27 Sec. 13. INSTRUCTIONAL TIME WAIVERS FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS 8 28 AND ACCREDITED NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS —— COVID-19. 8 29 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the Waives the instructional time requiremens for school districts and 8 30 contrary, if a school district or accredited nonpublic school accredited nonpublic schools that close before April 12, 2020, to 8 31 is closed or closes on or before April 12, 2020, in order to prevent the spread of COVID-19. 8 32 prevent or contain the spread of COVID-19, the instructional

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- 8 33 time requirements of section 279.10, subsection 1, and the
- 8 34 minimum school day requirements of section 256.7, subsection
- 8 35 19, are waived for the affected school district or accredited
- 9 1 nonpublic school for such a closure.
- 9 2 2. The governor, by appropriate executive order, may
- 9 3 waive the instructional time requirements of section 279.10,
- 9 4 subsection 1, and the minimum school day requirements of
- 9 5 section 256.7, subsection 19, for a school district or
- 9 6 accredited nonpublic school that is closed or closes after
- 7 April 12, 2020, in order to prevent or contain the spread of
- 9 8 COVID-19.
- 9 9 3. This section is repealed July 1, 2020.
- 9 10 Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being
- 9 11 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.

Authorizes the Governor to waive instructional time requirements for school districts or accredited nonpublic school districts that are closed or close after April 12, 2020, to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

Repeals Section 13 of this Act on July 1, 2020.

Specifies that Division VI of this Act, relating to school waivers, is effective on enactment.

Supplemental and Continuing Appropriations Act General Fund

	Estimated FY 2020	SF 2408 Final Action FY 2020	Estimated Net FY 2020	Current Law FY 2021	SF 2408 Final Action FY 2021	Final Action FY 2021
Regents, Board of UI - Hygienic Laboratory Total Regents, Board of	\$ 4,297,032 \$ 4,297,032	\$ 525,578 \$ 525,578	\$ 4,822,610 \$ 4,822,610	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0
Human Services, Department of Medical Assistance State Children's Health Insurance Glenwood Resource Center	\$ 1,427,381,675 19,361,132 16,438,259	\$ 88,982,734 1,737,294 595,608	\$ 1,516,364,409 21,098,426 17,033,867	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 0
Total Human Services, Department of Education, Department of	\$ 1,463,181,066	\$ 91,315,636	\$ 1,554,496,702	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
State Foundation School Aid Nonpublic School Transportation Instructional Support	\$ 3,285,449,656 8,197,091 0	\$ 0 0 0	\$ 3,285,449,656 8,197,091 0	\$ 3,391,775,000 10,779,688 14,800,000	-15,000,000 -2,582,597 -14,800,000	\$ 3,376,775,000 8,197,091 0
Total Education, Department of	\$ 3,293,646,747	\$ 0	\$ 3,293,646,747	\$ 3,417,354,688	\$ -32,382,597	\$ 3,384,972,091
Grand Total	\$ 4,761,124,845	\$ 91,841,214	\$ 4,852,966,059	\$ 3,417,354,688	\$ -32,382,597	\$ 3,384,972,091

EXECUTIVE SUMMARYOMNIBUS APPROPRIATIONS ACT

FUNDING SUMMARY

House File 2643 authorizes various General Fund appropriations for FY 2021 totaling \$4.322 billion, which represents a decrease of \$73.9 million compared to estimated net FY 2020. This Act also authorizes \$729.0 million from other funds, which is an increase of \$13.7 million compared to estimated net FY 2020.

This Act provides status quo funding for FY 2021 for the majority of the General Fund and other fund appropriations for State agencies' operations and programs.

Block Grant — Family Investment Program (FIP): Appropriates \$5.0 million for the FIP. This is an

increase of \$1.5 million from TANF funds compared to estimated net FY 2020.

MAJOR INCREASES/DECREASES/TRANSFERS OF EXISTING PROGRAMS	
Legislative Branch: Reduces the FY 2021 General Fund standing unlimited appropriation to the Legislative Branch by \$1.0 million.	Page 5, Line 15
Department of Administrative Services (DAS): Appropriates \$3.9 million from the General Fund to the DAS for the payment of utility costs. This is an increase of \$358,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 5, Line 27
Secretary of State: Appropriates \$1.9 million from the General Fund to the Office of the Secretary of State for the administration of elections. This is a reduction of \$250,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 6, Line 7
Iowa School for the Deaf: Appropriates \$10.5 million from the General Fund to the Iowa School for the Deaf. This is an increase of \$237,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 6, Line 28
Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School: Appropriates \$4.4 million from the General Fund to the Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School. This is an increase of \$100,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 6, Line 34
Board of Regents: Reduces the General Fund appropriations to the Board of Regents by \$8.0 million. Specifies that the Board of Regents shall decide on how to distribute the reduction across the appropriations.	Page 7, Line 5
Judicial Branch: Appropriates \$181.0 million from the General Fund to the Judicial Branch for operations. This is a reduction of \$500,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 8, Line 1
Department of Human Services (DHS), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Federal	Page 10, Line 19

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Page 35, Line 11

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DHS, Medical Assistance: Appropriates \$1.460 billion from the General Fund for Medical Assistance. This is a decrease of \$56.8 million compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 10, Line 33
DHS, State Supplementary Assistance: Appropriates \$7.3 million from the General Fund for FY 2021 to the DHS for State Supplementary Assistance. This is a decrease of \$464,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 11, Line 18
DHS, State Children's Health Insurance: Appropriates \$37.6 million from the General Fund for the State Children's Health Insurance (Hawki) Program. This is an increase of \$16.5 million compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 12, Line 21
DHS, Glenwood State Resource Center: Appropriates \$16.7 million from the General Fund to the Glenwood State Resource Center. This is a decrease of \$333,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 13, Line 14
DHS, Woodward State Resource Center: Appropriates \$10.9 million from the General Fund to the Woodward State Resource Center. This is no change compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 13, Line 17
DHS, Eldora State Training School: Appropriates \$16.0 million from the General Fund for the Eldora State Training School. This is an increase of \$2.1 million compared to estimated net FY 2020.	Page 14, Line 26
Department of Public Health (DPH), Addictive Disorders: Appropriates \$23.7 million from the General Fund for Addictive Disorders programs. This is a decrease of \$1.5 million compared to estimated net FY 2020 in the area of problem gambling.	Page 15, Line 27
DPH, Sports Wagering Receipts Fund: Sports Wagering Receipts Fund (SWRF) appropriation of \$1.5 million to the DPH for problem gambling and substance-related disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery services. This appropriation replaces the General Fund reduction of \$1.5 million to Addictive Disorders.	Page 17, Line 23
Child and Family Services Group Foster Care: Allocates up to \$26.0 million for group foster care	Page 25, Line 24

Homestead Property Tax Credit: Limits the General Fund appropriation for the Homestead Property Tax Credit at the FY 2020 level, which is \$2.8 million below the estimate to fully fund the tax credit in FY 2021.

services and maintenance costs and permits reallocation of excess funds. This is a decrease of \$8.5 million

Polk County Mental Health Disability Services (MHDS): Appropriates \$5.0 million from the Grow Iowa

compared to the estimated net FY 2020 allocation due to decreased utilization of group foster care.

Values Fund to the DHS for distribution to Polk County for MHDS.

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Section 59 of this Act appropriates \$2.8 million from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the Department of Revenue for the Homestead Tax Credit. The estimate to fully fund the tax credit in FY 2021 is \$142.8 million.

Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit: Limits the General Fund appropriation for the Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit at the FY 2020 level, which is \$2.5 million below the estimate to fully fund the tax credit in FY 2021. Section 59 of this Act appropriates \$2.5 million from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the Department of Revenue for the Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit. The estimate to fully fund the tax credit in FY 2021 is \$23.0 million.

Page 37, Line 5

Taxpayer Relief Fund Property Tax Credits: Appropriates a total of \$5.3 million to the Department of Revenue to fully fund the Homestead Property Tax Credit and the Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit in FY 2021.

Page 37, Line 30

College Student Aid Commission, Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship: Appropriates \$32,000 from the General Fund to the College Student Aid Commission for the administration of the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship.

Page 46, Line 31

College Student Aid Commission, Rural Veterinary Loan Repayment Program: Appropriates \$300,000 from the General Fund to the College Student Aid Commission for the administration of the Rural Veterinary Loan Repayment Program (SF 2398), if enacted.

Page 47, Line 6

Department of Public Safety (DPS): Appropriates \$411,000 from the General Fund to the DPS for implementation of <u>HF 2581</u> (Hemp and Consumer Safety Act), if enacted.

Page 47, Line 16

Iowa Law Enforcement Academy (ILEA): Appropriates \$140,000 to the ILEA for the implementation of HF 2647 (Criminal Justice Reform Act).

Page 47, Line 25

Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS), Grain Regulation: Appropriates \$350,000 from the General Fund to the IDALS for the administration and regulation of programs related to grain dealers and grain warehouses.

Page 49, Line 30

College Student Aid Commission: Transfers \$600,000 from the FY 2020 Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund appropriation to the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Grant Fund to the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship.

Page 52, Line 8

in the preceding year.

OMNIBUS APPROPRIATIONS ACT

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

Provides an FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation of \$2.4 million to the DPS for overtime expenses.	Page 43, Line 32
STUDIES AND INTENT	
Requires the Department of Management (DOM), in consultation with the Legislative Services Agency (LSA), to determine the FY 2020 line-item appropriations and standing appropriations, including appropriations from federal and nonstate sources, and the entities that received the appropriations.	Page 2, Line 3
Provides General Fund and other fund appropriations for FY 2021 equal to the FY 2020 line-item amounts for State agencies and programs for FY 2021. This Act excludes certain appropriations made in FY 2020 from the amounts to be appropriated in FY 2021.	Page 2, Line 27
Permits any unobligated funds appropriated to the DAS from the General Fund for FY 2021 utility costs to carry forward to FY 2022.	Page 6, Line 2
Permits parties to a civil case, including a jury trial, to move the case to a contiguous county during FY 2021, even if the contiguous county is located in an adjacent judicial district. If the trial is moved to an adjacent judicial district, the judicial officers within the adjacent district must preside over the case.	Page 10, Line 8
Requires the State Medical Examiner to enter into a memorandum of understanding with the University of Iowa Hospital and Clinics to coordinate the completion of forensic autopsies to address increased caseloads, backlogs, and promote regional efficiencies.	Page 22, Line 27
Authorizes the Iowa State Fair Board to issue and sell revenue bonds during FY 2021 to support salaries, support, maintenance and other purposes, if the 2020 Iowa State Fair is cancelled.	Page 41, Line 12
SIGNIFICANT CODE CHANGES	
Increases the maximum allowable balance in the College Student Aid Commission's Scholarship and Tuition	Page 7, Line 16

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Grant Reserve Fund from 1.0% to 2.0% of the funds appropriated for scholarship and tuition grant programs

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Division XV of the Act includes numerous nonsubstantive corrective provisions to the 2020 Iowa Acts.	Page 38, Line 10
Permits any remaining funds from the FY 2020 \$1.0 million appropriation related to the temporary relocation of the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy (ILEA) to carry forward to FY 2021.	Page 41, Line 21
Specifies that any funds remaining from the \$1.0 million FY 2020 General Fund appropriation to the Department of Education for payments to the community colleges for concurrent enrollment of nonpublic students do not revert at the end of FY 2020, but will remain available for expenditure through FY 2021.	Page 42, Line 6
Extends the date for the General Fund appropriation for the Resource Enhancement and Protection (REAP) Fund from June 30, 2021, to June 30, 2023. The REAP Fund is administered by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR).	Page 42, Line 34
Removes the statutory limitation on the number of counties that a clerk of court can serve within a judicial district, allowing for a more efficient workflow according to the needs of the district and cost savings for the Judicial Branch.	Page 43, Line 12
Amends existing alarm system practices with a new definition of "false alarms", prohibits a subdivision from adopting an ordinance or similar for requiring an alarm system contractor to pay a fee or fine associated with false alarms, emergency false alarms, and permits associated with placing or keeping an alarm system in service, and makes certain specifications regarding alarm fees and permit costs.	Page 44, Line 19
Allows for an adjustment in State foundation aid in FY 2021 for school districts that have received an assessed value reduction by a local board of review or property assessment appeal board in assessment year (AY) 2018. This is estimated to increase the FY 2021 State foundation aid General Fund appropriation by an estimated \$254,000.	Page 48, Line 23
Requires law enforcement officers executing a search warrant to file a complete inventory of the property taken during an investigation, including a sworn statement, with the officer's return.	Page 50, Line 15
Specifies that members of a county zoning commission must reside within the county, but outside the corporate limits of any city.	Page 50, Line 32
Specifies that members of a county board of adjustment must reside within the county, but outside the corporate limits of any city.	Page 51, Line 19

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Modifies provisions of the Iowa Code directing the Commissioner of Elections to obtain necessary information by the best means available to complete a form or application submitted by an applicant, which was submitted with insufficient information. The new provision requires the Commissioner to contact the applicant by telephone or electronic mail within 24 hours after the receipt of the absentee ballot request to gather the missing information.	Page 52, Line 25
Authorizes the Board of Regents to hire outside legal counsel for matters not associated with court matters, such as patents, intellectual property, and specialized contracts.	Page 54, Line 18
Allows an existing electric transmission facility owner to construct, own, and maintain an electric transmission line that connects to the electric transmission facility. Also, allows an electric transmission line in a federally registered planning authority transmission plan to be constructed by an entity other than the incumbent electric transmission facility owner under certain circumstances.	Page 54, Line 29
EFFECTIVE DATE	
Specifies that the effective date of Division XIV of this Act relating to property tax credits applies retroactively to June 26, 2020, as the Governor signed this Act after June 26, 2020.	Page 38, Line 7
Specifies that Division XV of this Act relating to corrective provisions takes effect upon enactment.	Page 41, Line 2
Specifies that the corrective provisions for <u>SF 2357</u> (Physician Assistants, Scope of Practice Act) apply retroactively to March 18, 2020.	Page 41, Line 4
Specifies that Division XVII of this Act relating to the carryforward of funds from FY 2020 to FY 2021 for the ILEA temporary relocation appropriation takes effect upon enactment and applies retroactively to June 30, 2020, if the Governor approves this Act on or after July 1, 2020.	Page 41, Line 34
Specifies that Division XVII of this Act relating to nonpublic concurrent enrollment applies retroactively to June 30, 2020, if the Governor approves this Act on or after July 1, 2020.	Page 42, Line 1
Specifies that Division XVIII of this Act relating to the carryforward of funds from FY 2020 to FY 2021 for the payment to community colleges for concurrent enrollment costs takes effect upon enactment and applies retroactively to June 30, 2020, if the Governor approves this Act on or after July 1, 2020.	Page 42, Line 27

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Specifies that Division XXI of this Act relating to the FY 2020 supplemental appropriation to the DPS for overtime expenses takes effect upon enactment and applies retroactively to June 30, 2020, if the Governor approves this Act on or after July 1, 2020.	Page 44, Line 14
Specifies that Division XXII of this Act relating to alarm system contractor fees and fines takes effect upon enactment.	Page 45, Line 24
Specifies that Division XXIII of this Act relating to the IEDA takes effect upon enactment and specifies that the provision allowing the IEDA to use General Fund appropriations for technical assistance to communications services providers in completing applications for funding related to improving broadband infrastructure is effective retroactively to July 1, 2019.	Page 46, Line 22
Specifies that Division XXV of this Act allowing for an adjustment in State foundation aid in FY 2021, takes effective upon enactment.	Page 49, Line 13
Repeals language related to the existing contingent effective date of HF 2581 (Hemp Consumer and Public Safety Act) and replaces it with a new effective date upon enactment of this Act. Specifies that the repeal of the section containing the existing contingent effective date in HF 2581 is retroactively applied to the enactment date of HF 2581, if enacted.	Page 49, Line 17
Specifies that Division XXVII of this Act relating to grain regulation takes effect upon enactment.	Page 50, Line 11
Specifies that Division XXVIII of this Act takes effect on the effective date of rules prescribed by the Supreme Court and submitted to the Legislative Council pursuant to Iowa Code section 602.4202, that establish processes and procedures for the application and issuance of a search warrant by electronic means to implement 2017 Iowa Acts, chapter 37 (Electronic Search Warrant Applications and Issuance and Seized Property Inventories).	Page 50, Line 24
Specifies that Division XXIX of this Act pertaining to county zoning takes effect upon enactment and applies retroactively to June 1, 2020.	Page 51, Line 35
Specifies that Division XXX of this Act relating to the College Student Aid Commission Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Grant Fund takes effect upon enactment and applies retroactively to July 1, 2019.	Page 52, Line 19
Specifies that this Act is effective on enactment and applies retroactively to July 1, 2020, if the Governor approves the Act on or after July 1, 2020.	Page 56, Line 57

GOVERNOR'S VETOES

Iowa Veterans Home Carryforward: The Governor vetoed Section 57 of this Act stating that the language would have unintended consequences since the Iowa Veteran's Home State appropriation is less than 8.0% of the total budget and the vast majority of that budget comes from revenues paid from a variety of sources.

Page 36, Line 20

Iowa Economic Development Authority Duties: The Governor vetoed Section 91 of this Act which adds to the specified purposes for which the FY 2020 General Fund appropriation to the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) for operations may be used to include technical assistance to communications service providers in completing applications for funding related to improving broadband infrastructure.

Page 45, Line 28

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was passed by the General Assembly on June 14, 2020, and item vetoed and signed by the Governor on June 30, 2020.

STAFF CONTACTS:

Dave Reynolds (515.281.6934) <u>dave.reynolds@legis.iowa.gov</u> Jennifer Acton (515.281.7846) <u>jennifer.acton@legis.iowa.gov</u>

House File 2643 provides for the following changes to the Code of Iowa.

Page #	Line #	Bill Section	Action	Code Section	
7	16	8	Amend	261.20.2	
30	30	49	Amend	331.389.4.c	
31	15	50	Amend	331.389.5	
32	2	51	Amend	331.392.4	
32	33	52	Add	331.392.6	
36	1	56	Strike and Replace	237.13	
36	20	57	Amend	35D.18.5	
40	7	66	Amend New	514C.35.4.d.(1)	
40	13	67	Amend New	709.23.2	
42	34	80	Amend	455A.18.3.a	
43	12	81	Amend	602.1215.1	
44	21	86	Add	100C.1.8A	
44	28	87	Amend	100C.6.1	
44	32	88	New	100C.11	
45	8	89	New	100C.12	
50	15	114	Amend	808.8.2	
50	32	116	Amend	335.8.1	
52	25	123	Amend	53.2.4.a	
52	30	124	Amend	53.2.4.b	
53	18	125	Add	53.2.4.d	
53	33	126	Amend	53.10.2.a	
54	18	127	Amend	262.9.16	
54	31	128	New	478.16	

2 1 DIVISION I 2 2 CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS 2 Section 1. CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS —— FY 2020-2021. Requires the Department of Management (DOM), in consultation with 2 1. APPROPRIATIONS DETERMINED FROM FY 2019-2020 LINE ITEM the Legislative Services Agency (LSA), to determine the FY 2020 line-2 AND LIMITED STANDING APPROPRIATIONS. item appropriations and standing appropriations, including 2 a. For all line item appropriations, standing limited appropriations from federal and nonstate sources, and the entities that appropriations, and standing unlimited appropriations otherwise received the appropriations. 8 limited by law, including appropriations from federal and 9 nonstate funds, the department of management, in consultation DETAIL: The line-item appropriations identified under this Section will 2 10 with the legislative services agency, shall determine the be used to determine the FY 2020 status quo appropriations for State 2 11 amount of such line item appropriations, standing limited agencies and programs. 2 12 appropriations, and standing unlimited appropriations otherwise 2 13 limited by law, including appropriations from federal and 2 14 nonstate funds, made for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2 15 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, by taking into consideration 2 16 all of the following: (1) 2020 Iowa Acts, Senate Files 2144 and 2408, and other 2 18 2020 Iowa Acts. (2) 2019 Iowa Acts. 2 19 (3) All interdepartmental and intradepartmental transfers 2 21 made pursuant to section 8.39 and other provisions of law. (4) Other provisions of law. 2 22 b. The department of management, in consultation with the 2 24 legislative services agency, shall also identify the entities 25 to which such appropriations were made, or the entities' 2 26 successors. 2 27 2. CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS. There is appropriated Provides appropriations from the appropriate State funds equal to the FY 2020 line-item amounts to State agencies for FY 2021. from the appropriate state fund or account to the entities identified pursuant to subsection 1, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, amounts, or DETAIL: This Act excludes certain FY 2020 appropriations for projects 2 31 so much thereof as is necessary, equal to the amounts of all from the amounts to be appropriated in FY 2021. 2 32 line item appropriations, standing limited appropriations, and 2 33 standing unlimited appropriations otherwise limited by law, 2 34 including federal and nonstate funds, made for the fiscal year 2 35 beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, as determined 1 pursuant to subsection 1, to be used for the same designated 3 2 purposes. 3. DUPLICATIVE STANDING APPROPRIATIONS SUPPLANTED. The Specifies that the funding for the continuing appropriations provided in 4 amounts appropriated under subsection 2 shall supplant Section 1.2 of this Act is to supplant the standing appropriations in FY 5 any duplicative standing appropriation for the fiscal year 2021 and not duplicate the funding. 6 beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021.

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Specifies that language and reporting requirements that were included

in the FY 2020 appropriations acts are applicable to FY 2021.

4. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO FY 2020-2021.

Any powers, duties, limitations, or requirements, including

3

- 3 9 reporting requirements, set forth in 2019 lowa Acts, chapters
- 3 10 85, 89, 131, 135, 136, 154, 155, and 163, for the fiscal
- 3 11 year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, are
- 3 12 applicable for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and
- 3 13 ending June 30, 2021, and any specified date contained therein
- 3 14 shall apply one year later than specified in such chapters.
- 3 15 5. ALLOCATION AMOUNTS. For any line item appropriation,
- 3 16 standing limited appropriation, or standing unlimited
- 3 17 appropriation otherwise limited by law identified pursuant
- 3 18 to subsection 1 which is subject to an allocation amount for
- 3 19 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30,
- 3 20 2020, the amount appropriated under subsection 2 based on such
- 3 21 appropriation shall be subject to the same allocation amount
- 3 22 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30,
- 3 23 2021.
- 3 24 6. NONREVERSION PROVISIONS. For any line item
- 3 25 appropriation, standing limited appropriation, or standing
- 3 26 unlimited appropriation otherwise limited by law identified
- 3 27 pursuant to subsection 1 that is subject to a specified
- 3 28 nonreversion provision, whether for a limited or unlimited
- 3 29 period, the amount appropriated under subsection 2 based on
- 3 30 such appropriation shall be subject to the same specified
- 3 31 nonreversion provision, and in the case of a specified
- 3 32 nonreversion provision for a limited period, the period shall
- 3 33 be considered to be one fiscal year longer than specified for
- 3 34 the appropriation identified pursuant to subsection 1.
- 3 35 7. FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITIONS. The amounts
- 4 1 appropriated under subsection 2 to an entity identified
- 4 2 pursuant to subsection 1 may be used by the entity for a number
- 4 3 of full-time equivalent positions for the fiscal year beginning
- 4 4 July 1, 2020, and ending June 20, 2021, equal to the number of
- full-time equivalent positions authorized for the entity for
- 4 6 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30,
- 4 7 2020.
- 4 8 8. EXCLUSIONS. This section does not apply to any of the
- 4 9 following:
- 4 10 a. Appropriations made from the rebuild lowa infrastructure
- 4 11 fund and the technology reinvestment fund pursuant to 2019 lowa
- 4 12 Acts, chapter 137.
- 4 13 b. Appropriations made to the department of transportation
- 4 14 from the road use tax fund and the primary road fund pursuant

Maintains the same level of allocations from appropriations for FY 2021 as was allocated in FY 2020.

Specifies that nonreversion provisions that were applied to the FY 2020 appropriations will continue to be applied to those same appropriations in FY 2021.

Maintains the same level of full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in FY 2021 as was authorized in FY 2020.

Specifies that certain FY 2020 appropriations are to be excluded from being appropriated in FY 2021.

Excludes appropriations made from the Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund (RIIF) and the Technology Reinvestment Fund (TRF) in <u>HF 765</u> (FY 2020 Infrastructure Appropriations Act).

Excludes appropriations made to the Department of Transportation (DOT) from the Road Use Tax Fund (RUTF) and the Primary Road

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- 4 15 to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 52.
- 4 16 c. The appropriation made to the department of
- 4 17 administrative services from the general fund of the state for
- 4 18 establishing a listing of real property owned or leased by
- 4 19 the state pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 136, section 1,
- 4 20 subsection 1, paragraph "d".
- 4 21 d. The appropriation made to the department of cultural
- 4 22 affairs from the general fund of the state for payment of
- 4 23 rent for the state records center pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts,
- 4 24 chapter 154, section 1, subsection 1, paragraph "g".

- 4 25 e. The appropriation made to the lowa law enforcement
- 4 26 academy from the general fund of the state for costs associated
- 4 27 with temporary relocation of the lowa law enforcement academy
- 4 28 pursuant to 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 163, section 10, subsection
- 4 29 1, paragraph "a", subparagraph (2), as amended in this Act.
- 4 30 f. The appropriation made to the department of homeland
- 4 31 security and emergency management from the general fund of the
- 4 32 state for flood recovery pursuant to 2020 lowa Acts, Senate
- 4 33 File 2144, section 3.
- 4 34 g. The appropriation made to the department of management
- 4 35 for distribution of moneys to other governmental entities for
- 5 1 the payment of rate adjustments established by the office of
- 5 2 the chief information officer pursuant to 2019 lowa Acts,
- 5 3 chapter 136, section 16, subsection 2.

- 5 4 h. The appropriation made to the department of revenue from
- 5 the general fund of the state for technology upgrades pursuant
- 5 6 to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 136, section 19, subsection 1,
- 5 7 paragraph "b".
- 5 8 i. Any line item appropriation, standing limited

Fund (PRF) in SF 600 (FY 2020 Transportation Appropriations Act).

Excludes an appropriation of \$50,000 made to the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) from the General Fund in <u>HF 759</u> (FY 2020 Administration and Regulation Appropriations Act) for establishing a listing of real property owned or leased by the State.

Excludes an appropriation of \$227,243 made to the Department of Cultural Affairs (DCA) from the General Fund in <u>SF 608</u> (FY 2020 Economic Development Appropriations Act) for the payment of rent for the State Records Center.

DETAIL: The DCA no longer has a separate building for the State Records Center.

Excludes an appropriation of \$1,015,442 made to the lowa Law Enforcement Academy (ILEA) from the General Fund in <u>SF 615</u> (FY 2020 Justice System Appropriations Act) for costs associated with the temporary relocation of the ILEA.

Excludes an appropriation of \$21,003,186 made to the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management (HSEMD) from the General Fund in <u>SF 2144</u> (FY 2020 Supplemental Appropriations Act) for flood recovery.

Excludes an appropriation of \$1,300,751 made in HF 759 (FY 2020 Administration and Regulation Appropriations Act) to the DOM for the distribution of moneys to other governmental entities for the payment of rate adjustments established by the Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO).

DETAIL: Of the \$1,300,751 the was appropriated, the DOM distributed \$1,201,370 to State agencies to cover OCIO rate increases to cover costs associated with overpayment of federal funds for information technology services in FY 2020. The remaining \$99,381 that was not distributed will revert to the General Fund at the close of FY 2020.

Excludes an appropriation of \$1,070,460 made in <u>HF 759</u> (FY 2020 Administration and Regulation Appropriations Act) to the Department of Revenue for technology upgrades.

Excludes any other appropriations provided in this Act.

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5 10 5 11	appropriation, or standing unlimited appropriation otherwise limited by law that is otherwise provided for in this Act. Sec. 2. REPEAL. 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 2408, sections 7 and 8, are repealed.	Repeals the two-twelfths continuing appropriation and spending authority for FY 2021 that was included in <u>SF 2408</u> (Supplemental and Continuing Appropriations Act).
5 13 5 14	DIVISION II GENERAL ASSEMBLY	
5 18 5 19 5 20 5 21 5 22 5 23	Sec. 3. GENERAL ASSEMBLY. 1. The appropriations made pursuant to section 2.12 for the expenses of the general assembly and legislative agencies for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, are reduced by the following amount: 2. The budgeted amounts for the general assembly and legislative agencies for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, may be adjusted to reflect the unexpended budgeted amounts from the previous fiscal year.	Reduces the FY 2021 standing unlimited appropriation for the Legislative Branch by \$1,000,000. DETAIL: The FY 2021 Legislative Branch budget is estimated \$37,000,000.
5 25 5 26	DIVISION III ADMINISTRATION AND REGULATION APPROPRIATIONS —— FY 2020-2021	
5 30 5 31 5 32 5 33	department of administrative services for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: For the payment of utility costs, and for not more than the following full-time equivalent positions:	General Fund appropriation to the DAS for utility costs at the Capitol Complex and at the Ankeny Lab Facilities. DETAIL: This is an increase of \$358,337 and no change in FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020.
6 4 6 5	Notwithstanding section 8.33, any excess moneys appropriated for utility costs in this section shall not revert to the general fund of the state at the end of the fiscal year but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes designated during the succeeding fiscal year.	CODE: Permits any unobligated funds appropriated from the General Fund for FY 2021 utility costs to carry forward to FY 2022.
		General Fund appropriation to the Office of the Secretary of State for the administration of elections. DETAIL: This is a reduction of \$250,000 and no change in FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020.

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	purposes, and for not more than the following full-time quivalent positions: \$ FTEs	ne 1,874,870 16.00	
6 18 6 19 6 20			Prohibits State agencies from charging the Office of the Secretary of State for data processing services.
6 21 6 22	DIVISION IV EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS –	— FY 2020-2021	
6 25 6 26	Sec. 6. STATE BOARD OF REGENTS. There is the general fund of the state to the state board of refor the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending 30, 2021, the following amounts, or so much thereof necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:	gents g June	
6 28 6 29	STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF For salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellane	eous.	General Fund appropriation to the Iowa School for the Deaf.
6 30	purposes, and for not more than the following full-time quivalent positions:	ne	DETAIL: This is an increase of \$236,884 and no change in FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020.
6 34 6 35 7 1	2. IOWA BRAILLE AND SIGHT SAVING SCHOO For salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellane purposes, and for not more than the following full-times.	eous	General Fund appropriation to the Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School.
	equivalent positions:	4,434,459 58.00	DETAIL: This is an increase of \$99,700 and no change in FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020.
	Sec. 7. BOARD OF REGENTS — REDUCTION made to the state board of regents for the fiscal year hoginning, July 1, 2020, and ending, June 30, 2021, respectively.	r	Decreases the total sum of General Fund appropriations to the Board of Regents for FY 2021 by \$8,000,000.
7 9 7 10 7 11 7 12 7 13 7 14	beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, p section 1 of this Act, shall be collectively reduced by following amount: The reduction set forth in this section shall be distramong the appropriations made to the state board of the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending July 2021, pursuant to section 1 of this Act as determined state board of regents.	the 8,000,000 ributed f regents for une 30,	DETAIL: Specifies that the reduction will be applied to individual appropriations at the discretion of the Board.
7 18	Sec. 8. Section 261.20, subsection 2, Code 2020 to read as follows: 2. The maximum balance of the scholarship and to grant reserve fund is an amount equal to one two persons.	tuition	Increases the maximum allowable balance in the College Student Aid Commission's Scholarship and Tuition Grant Reserve Fund from 1.00% to 2.00% of the funds appropriated for scholarship and tuition grant programs in the preceding year.

7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	the funds appropriated to the scholarship and tuition grant programs under section 261.25 during the preceding fiscal year. The moneys in the fund shall be placed in separate accounts within the fund, according to the source and purpose of the original appropriation. Moneys in the various accounts shall only be used to alleviate a current fiscal year shortfall in appropriations for scholarship or tuition grant programs that have the same nature as the programs for which the moneys were originally appropriated. At the conclusion of a fiscal year, any surplus appropriations made to the commission for scholarship or tuition grant programs are appropriated to the scholarship and grant reserve fund in an amount equal to the amount of the surplus or the amount necessary to achieve the maximum balance, whichever amount is less.
7 7	34 35	DIVISION V JUDICIAL APPROPRIATIONS —— FY 2020-2021
888888888888888888888888888888888888888	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Sec. 9. JUDICIAL BRANCH. 1. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the judicial branch for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amounts, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: a. For salaries of supreme court justices, appellate court judges, district court judges, district associate judges, associate juvenile judges, associate probate judges, judicial magistrates and staff, state court administrator, clerk of the supreme court, district court administrators, clerks of the district court, juvenile court officers, board of law examiners, board of examiners of shorthand reporters, and commission on judicial qualifications; receipt and disbursement of child support payments; reimbursement of the auditor of state for expenses incurred in completing audits of the offices of the clerks of the district court during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020; and maintenance, equipment, and miscellaneous purposes: \$\frac{181,023,737}{2020;}\$
8 8 8	21 22 23 24 25 26	b. For deposit in the revolving fund created pursuant to section 602.1302, subsection 3, for jury and witness fees, mileage, costs related to summoning jurors, costs and fees for interpreters and translators, and reimbursement of attorney fees paid by the state public defender: \$\frac{3,100,000}{2}\$
8	27	The judicial branch, except for purposes of internal

General Fund appropriation to the Judicial Branch for operations.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$500,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.

General Fund appropriation to the Jury and Witness Fee Revolving Fund for the reimbursement of juror and witness fees, mileage, and costs.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020.

Prohibits the Judicial Branch from duplicating current State payroll,

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- 8 28 processing, shall use the current state budget system, the
- 8 29 state payroll system, and the lowa finance and accounting
- 8 30 system in administration of programs and payments for services,
- 8 31 and shall not duplicate the state payroll, accounting, and
- 8 32 budgeting systems.
- 8 33 3. The judicial branch shall submit monthly financial
- 8 34 statements to the legislative services agency and the
- 8 35 department of management containing all appropriated accounts
- 9 1 in the same manner as provided in the monthly financial status
- 2 reports and personal services usage reports of the department
- 9 3 of administrative services. The monthly financial statements
- 4 shall include a comparison of the dollars and percentage
- 9 5 spent of budgeted versus actual revenues and expenditures on
- 9 6 a cumulative basis for full-time equivalent positions and
- 9 7 dollars.
- 9 8 4. The judicial branch shall focus efforts on the collection
- 9 9 of delinquent fines, penalties, court costs, fees, surcharges,
- 9 10 or similar amounts.
- 9 11 5. It is the intent of the general assembly that the offices
- 9 12 of the clerks of the district court operate in all 99 counties
- 9 13 and be accessible to the public as much as is reasonably
- 9 14 possible in order to address the relative needs of the citizens
- 9 15 of each county. An office of the clerk of the district court
- 9 16 shall be open regular courthouse hours.
- 9 17 6. In addition to the requirements for transfers under
- 9 18 section 8.39, the judicial branch shall not change the
- 9 19 appropriations from the amounts appropriated to the judicial
- 9 20 branch in this Act, unless notice of the revisions is given to
- 9 21 the legislative services agency prior to the effective date.
- 9 22 The notice shall include information on the branch's rationale
- 9 23 for making the changes and details concerning the workload and
- 9 24 performance measures upon which the changes are based.
- 9 25 7. The judicial branch shall submit a semiannual update
- 9 26 to the legislative services agency specifying the amounts of
- 9 27 fines, surcharges, and court costs collected using the lowa
- 9 28 court information system since the last report. The judicial
- 9 29 branch shall continue to facilitate the sharing of vital
- 9 30 sentencing and other information with other state departments
- 9 31 and governmental agencies involved in the criminal justice
- 9 32 system through the lowa court information system.
- 9 33 8. The judicial branch shall provide a report to the general
- 9 34 assembly by January 1, 2021, concerning the amounts received

budgeting, and accounting systems, except for the implementation of an internal accounting and recordkeeping system.

Requires the Judicial Branch to submit monthly financial statements for all appropriated accounts to the LSA and to the DOM. Specifies the content to be included in the financial statements.

Requires the Judicial Branch to focus efforts on collecting delinquent fines and fees.

Explains that it is the intent of the General Assembly that the offices of the clerks of the district court to operate in all 99 counties and be accessible to the public as much as is reasonably possible in order to address the relative needs of the citizens of each county. An office of the clerk of the district court shall be open regular courthouse hours.

Requires the Judicial Branch to notify the LSA prior to any intradepartmental transfer of funds and specifies the contents to be included in the notice.

Requires the Judicial Branch to provide a semiannual report to the LSA specifying the amount of fines, surcharges, and court costs collected using the Iowa Court Information System (ICIS). Requires the Judicial Branch to continue to share vital sentencing and other information with other State departments and government agencies involved with the criminal justice system through the ICIS.

Requires the Judicial Branch to report to the General Assembly by January 1, 2021, regarding the revenues and expenditures of the

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10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	and expended from the enhanced court collections fund created in section 602.1304 and the court technology and modernization fund created in section 602.8108, subsection 9, during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, and the plans for expenditures from each fund during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021. A copy of the report shall be provided to the legislative services agency.	Enhanced Court Collections Fund and the Court Technology and Modernization Fund for FY 2020, and planned expenditures for FY 2021. The Judicial Branch is required to provide a copy of this report to the LSA.
10 10 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 14	Sec. 10. CIVIL TRIALS — LOCATION. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, if all parties in a case agree, a civil trial including a jury trial may take place in a county contiguous to the county with proper jurisdiction, even if the contiguous county is located in an adjacent judicial district or judicial election district. If the trial is moved pursuant to this section, court personnel shall treat the case as if a change of venue occurred.	Permits parties to a civil case, including a jury trial, to move the case to a contiguous county during FY 2021, even if the contiguous county is located in an adjacent judicial district. If the trial is moved to an adjacent judicial district, the judicial officers within the adjacent district must preside over the case.
10 13 10 18		1
10 23 10 23 10 24 10 25 10 26 10 27		Appropriates moneys from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Federal Block Grant Fund for FY 2020. DETAIL: The federal government implemented Federal Welfare Reform on August 22, 1996. Reform eliminated Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), ending federal entitlement and creating a flexible funding source for states to use in helping needy families achieve self-sufficiency. Iowa's annual TANF award is \$131,524,959; however, federal law reduces the annual award by \$434,032 and reserves those funds for research and evaluation projects. In addition, \$582,859 is allocated to Native American tribes.
	used for assistance under the family investment program under chapter 239B:	Appropriates funds from the TANF FY 2021 Block Grant appropriation to the Family Investment Program (FIP) Account. DETAIL: This is an increase of \$1,494,635 compared to estimated net FY 2020. Iowa's FIP is a cash assistance program to support low-income families and to provide services to help families to become self-sufficient.
10 3 11	Sec. 12. MEDICAL ASSISTANCE. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the department of human services for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purpose designated:	General Fund appropriation to the Department of Human Services (DHS) for the Medicaid Program. DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$56,765,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020. With the decrease Medicaid is funded at the Medicaid

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11 11 11 11 11 11	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	For medical assistance program reimbursement and associated costs as specifically provided in the reimbursement methodologies in effect on June 30, 2020, except as otherwise expressly authorized by law, consistent with options under federal law and regulations, and contingent upon receipt of approval from the office of the governor of reimbursement for each abortion performed under the program: \$1,459,599,409
11	11	The prohibitions, limitations, transfers, authorizations,
11	12	requirements applicable to state and private entities, and
11	13	requirements applicable to the use of appropriated moneys,
11	14	including allocation amounts, set forth in 2019 Iowa Acts,
11	15	chapter 85, section 13, subsections 1 through 20, apply to
11	16	the moneys appropriated in this section for the fiscal year
11	17	beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021.
11	18	Sec. 13. STATE SUPPLEMENTARY ASSISTANCE.
11	19	 There is appropriated from the general fund of the
11	20	state to the department of human services for the fiscal year
11	21	beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following
11	22	amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the
11	23	purpose designated:
11	24	For the state supplementary assistance program:
11	25	\$ 7,349,002
11	26	2. The department shall increase the personal needs
11	27	allowance for residents of residential care facilities by the
11	28	same percentage and at the same time as federal supplemental
11	29	security income and federal social security benefits are
11	30	increased due to a recognized increase in the cost of living.
11	31	The department may adopt emergency rules to implement this
11	32	subsection.
11	33	3. If during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020,
11	34	the department projects that state supplementary assistance
11	35	expenditures for a calendar year will not meet the federal
12	1	pass-through requirement specified in Tit.XVI of the federal
12	2	Social Security Act, section 1618, as codified in 42 U.S.C.
12		§1382g, the department may take actions including but not
12	4	limited to increasing the personal needs allowance for
12	5	residential care facility residents and making programmatic
12	6	adjustments or upward adjustments of the prescribed residential
12	7	care facility or in-home health-related care reimbursement
12	8	rates to ensure that federal requirements are met. In
12	9	addition, the department may make other programmatic and rate

Forecasting Groups May 22, 2020, estimate. The decrease is mainly due to the 6.2% Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase provided by the federal COVID-19 economic stimulus package. The 6.2% FMAP increase provides approximately \$62.5 million per quarter beginning January 1, 2020. The Forecasting Group is assuming the State will receive at least three quarters of the enhanced FMAP. As a condition of receiving the enhanced FMAP, the State is not allowed to disenroll anyone from Medicaid during the national emergency caused by COVID-19.

Specifies that the prohibitions, limitations, transfers, authorizations, requirements applicable to State and private entities, and requirements applicable to the use of appropriated funds in the Medicaid section of HF 766 (FY 2020 Health and Human Services Appropriations Act) apply for FY 2021.

General Fund appropriation to the DHS for State Supplementary Assistance.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$463,907 compared to estimated net FY 2020 due to declining caseloads.

Requires the DHS to increase the personal needs allowance for residential care facility residents at the same rate and time as federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security benefits are increased. Permits the DHS to adopt emergency rules for implementation.

Permits the DHS to adjust rates for State Supplementary Assistance to meet federal maintenance-of-effort requirements. Permits the DHS to adopt emergency rules for implementation.

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- 12 10 adjustments necessary to remain within the amount appropriated
- 12 11 in this section while ensuring compliance with federal
- 12 12 requirements. The department may adopt emergency rules to
- 12 13 implement the provisions of this subsection.
- 12 14 4. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated
- 12 15 in this section that remain unencumbered or unobligated
- 12 16 at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert but
- 12 17 shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes
- 12 18 designated, including for liability amounts associated with the
- 12 19 supplemental nutrition assistance program payment error rate,
- 12 20 until the close of the succeeding fiscal year.
- 12 21 Sec. 14. CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM.
- 12 22 1. There is appropriated from the general fund of the
- 12 23 state to the department of human services for the fiscal year
- 12 24 beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following
- 12 25 amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the
- 12 26 purpose designated:
- 12 27 For maintenance of the healthy and well kids in Iowa (hawk-i)
- 12 28 program pursuant to chapter 514l, including supplemental dental
- 12 29 services, for receipt of federal financial participation under
- 12 30 Tit.XXI of the federal Social Security Act, which creates the
- 12 31 children's health insurance program:
- 12 32 \$\\$ 37,598,984\$
- 12 33 2. Of the funds appropriated in this section, \$146,682 is
- 12 34 allocated for continuation of the contract for outreach with
- 12 35 the department of public health.
- 13 1 3. A portion of the funds appropriated in this section may
- 13 2 be transferred to the appropriations made for field operations
- 13 3 or medical contracts to be used for the integration of hawk-i
- 13 4 program eligibility, payment, and administrative functions
- 13 5 under the purview of the department of human services,
- 13 6 including for the Medicaid management information system
- 13 7 upgrade.
- 13 8 Sec. 15. STATE RESOURCE CENTERS.
- 13 9 1. There is appropriated from the general fund of the
- 13 10 state to the department of human services for the fiscal year
- 13 11 beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following
- 13 12 amounts, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the

CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated for the State Supplementary Assistance Program for FY 2021 to remain available for FY 2022. The additional funds may be spent on the Program or for the federal repayment associated with the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) error rate.

DETAIL: The State is liable for \$1,793,712 for SNAP, of which half is required to be spent on reinvestment in SNAP, and the remaining amount is to be repaid to the federal government.

General Fund appropriation to the DHS for the Children's Health Insurance Program, also known as the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (Hawki) Program.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$16,500,558 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The increase reflects the Hawki Forecasting Group's estimate from its meeting held on May 22, 2020.

Allocates \$146,682 for the continuation of an outreach contract with the Department of Public Health (DPH).

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$67,196 compared to the FY 2020 allocation. The increase is due to the change in the FMAP rate.

Allows a portion of the funds in this section to be transferred to the Field Operations or Medical Contracts appropriations to be used for administrative purposes.

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13	13	purposes	designate	ed:
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13 14 a. For the state resource center at Glenwood for salaries,

13 15 support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes:

13 16\$ 16,700,867

13 17 b. For the state resource center at Woodward for salaries,
13 18 support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes:
13 19\$ 10,913,360

- 13 20 2. The department may continue to bill for state resource
- 13 21 center services utilizing a scope of services approach used for
- 13 22 private providers of intermediate care facilities for persons
- 13 23 with an intellectual disability services, in a manner which
- 13 24 does not shift costs between the medical assistance program,
- 13 25 counties, or other sources of funding for the state resource
- 13 26 centers.
- 13 27 3. The state resource centers may expand the time-limited
- 13 28 assessment and respite services during the fiscal year.

- 13 29 4. If the department's administration and the department
- 13 30 of management concur with a finding by a state resource
- 13 31 center's superintendent that projected revenues can reasonably
- 13 32 be expected to pay the salary and support costs for a new

General Fund appropriation to the Glenwood State Resource Center.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$333,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The decrease reflects the elimination of a one-time supplemental appropriation provided in FY 2020 for technical assistance at the facility. While this is a decrease in General Fund dollars, there is an adjustment in the regular FMAP rate which will reduce General Fund expenditures by \$477,626 and a federal 6.2% FMAP increase each quarter the the public health emergency declared by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services for COVID-19 is in effect which will further reduce General Fund expenditures.

General Fund appropriation to the Woodward State Resource Center.

DETAIL: This is no change compared to estimated net FY 2020. While this is no change in General Fund dollars, there is an adjustment in the regular FMAP rate which will reduce General Fund expenditures by \$311,246 and a federal 6.2% FMAP increase each quarter the the public health emergency declared by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services for COVID-19 is in effect which will further reduce General Fund expenditures.

Permits the DHS to continue billing practices that do not include cost shifting.

Permits the State resource centers to expand time-limited assessment and respite services.

DETAIL: Time-limited assessments include analysis of patient conditions and development of therapy plans to assist families in caring for individuals with intellectual or developmental disabilities. Respite services provide care for special needs individuals for a limited duration to provide families with a temporary reprieve of caretaking responsibilities.

Specifies that FTE positions may be added at the two State resource centers if projected revenues are sufficient to pay the salary and support costs of the additional FTE positions and if approved by the DOM.

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- 13 33 employee position, or that such costs for adding a particular
- 13 34 number of new positions for the fiscal year would be less
- 13 35 than the overtime costs if new positions would not be added,
- 4 1 the superintendent may add the new position or positions. If
- 14 2 the vacant positions available to a resource center do not
- 4 3 include the position classification desired to be filled, the
- 14 4 state resource center's superintendent may reclassify any
- 14 5 vacant position as necessary to fill the desired position. The
- 14 6 superintendents of the state resource centers may, by mutual
- 14 7 agreement, pool vacant positions and position classifications
- 14 8 during the course of the fiscal year in order to assist one
- 14 9 another in filling necessary positions.
- 14 10 5. If existing capacity limitations are reached in
- 14 11 operating units, a waiting list is in effect for a service or
- 14 12 a special need for which a payment source or other funding
- 14 13 is available for the service or to address the special need,
- 14 14 and facilities for the service or to address the special need
- 14 15 can be provided within the available payment source or other
- 14 16 funding, the superintendent of a state resource center may
- 14 17 authorize opening not more than two units or other facilities
- 14 18 and begin implementing the service or addressing the special
- 14 19 need during fiscal year 2020-2021.
- 14 20 6. Notwithstanding section 8.33, and notwithstanding
- 14 21 the amount limitation specified in section 222.92, moneys
- 14 22 appropriated in this section that remain unencumbered or
- 14 23 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert
- 14 24 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes
- 14 25 designated until the close of the succeeding fiscal year.
- 14 26 Sec. 16. JUVENILE INSTITUTION. There is appropriated
- 14 27 from the general fund of the state to the department of human
- 14 28 services for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending
- 14 29 June 30, 2021, the following amounts, or so much thereof as is
- 14 30 necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:
- 14 31 1. a. For operation of the state training school at Eldora
- 14 32 and for salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous
- 14 33 purposes, and for not more than the following full-time
- 14 34 equivalent positions:
- 14 35 \$\text{\$16,029,488}\$\$ 15 1 \$\text{FTEs}\$ 207.00
- 15 2 b. Of the funds appropriated in this subsection, \$91,000
- 15 3 shall be used for distribution to licensed classroom teachers
- 15 4 at this and other institutions under the control of the
- 15 5 department of human services based upon the average student
- 15 6 yearly enrollment at each institution as determined by the

Permits a State resource center to open certain facilities if a service waiting list exists and funding is available.

CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated to the State resource centers at Glenwood and Woodward for FY 2021 to remain available for FY 2022.

General Fund appropriation to the Eldora State Training School.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$2,078,527 and no change in FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020. The increase is to replace one-time carryforward funds used in FY 2020 to hire additional staff at the school.

Allocates \$91,000 for licensed classroom teachers in State institutions.

DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020.

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- 15 7 department.
- 15 8 2. A portion of the moneys appropriated in this section
- 15 9 shall be used by the state training school at Eldora for
- 15 10 grants for adolescent pregnancy prevention activities at the
- 15 11 institution in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020.
- 15 12 3. Of the funds appropriated in this subsection, \$212,000
- 15 13 shall be used by the state training school at Eldora for a
- 15 14 substance use disorder treatment program at the institution for
- 15 15 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020.
- 15 16 4. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated in
- 15 17 this section that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the
- 15 18 close of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain
- 15 19 available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the
- 15 20 close of the succeeding fiscal year.
- 15 21 Sec. 17. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH —— ADDICTIVE
- 15 22 DISORDERS. There is appropriated from the general fund of the
- 15 23 state to the department of public health for the fiscal year
- 15 24 beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following
- 15 25 amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the
- 15 26 purposes designated:
- 15 27 1. For reducing the prevalence of the use of tobacco,
- 15 28 alcohol, and other drugs, and treating individuals affected by
- 15 29 addictive behaviors, including gambling, and for not more than
- 15 30 the following full-time equivalent positions:
- 15 31 \$\\$ 23,659,379\$
- 15 32 FTEs 12.00
- 15 33 2. a. Of the funds appropriated in this section, \$4,021,000
- 15 34 shall be used for the tobacco use prevention and control
- 15 35 initiative, including efforts at the state and local levels,
- 16 1 as provided in chapter 142A. The commission on tobacco use
- 16 2 prevention and control established pursuant to section 142A.3
- 16 3 shall advise the director of public health in prioritizing
- 16 4 funding needs and the allocation of moneys appropriated for
- 16 5 the programs and initiatives. Activities of the programs
- 16 6 and initiatives shall be in alignment with the United States
- 16 7 centers for disease control and prevention best practices
- 16 8 for comprehensive tobacco control programs that include

Requires a portion of the funds appropriated for the Eldora State Training School to be used for pregnancy prevention activities in FY 2021.

Allocates \$212,000 to be used for a substance use disorder treatment program.

DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 allocation.

CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated for FY 2021 to remain available for FY 2022.

General Fund appropriation to the DPH for the Addictive Disorders programs.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$1,450,000 and no change in FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020. The decrease is to the problem gambling and substance abuse treatment and prevention appropriation. This decrease is offset by a corresponding increase in the appropriation from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund for no change in total funding.

Allocates \$4,021,000 for tobacco use prevention and control initiatives including Community Partnerships. Requires activities of the Commission on Tobacco Use Prevention and Control to align with U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) best practices. Requires a report on any reduction in providing nicotine replacement products realized by screening for third-party sources of funding for the nicotine replacement products.

DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 allocation. The Commission on Tobacco Use Prevention and Control works to reduce tobacco use and the toll of tobacco-related diseases

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- 16 9 the goals of preventing youth initiation of tobacco usage,
- 16 10 reducing exposure to secondhand smoke, and promotion of
- 16 11 tobacco cessation. To maximize resources, the department
- 16 12 shall determine if third-party sources are available to
- 16 13 instead provide nicotine replacement products to an applicant
- 16 14 prior to provision of such products to an applicant under
- 16 15 the initiative. The department shall track and report to
- 16 16 the individuals specified in this section, any reduction in
- 16 17 the provision of nicotine replacement products realized by
- 16 18 the initiative through implementation of the prerequisite
- 16 19 screening.
- 16 20 b. (1) The department shall collaborate with the
- 16 21 alcoholic beverages division of the department of commerce for
- 16 22 enforcement of tobacco laws, regulations, and ordinances and to
- 16 23 engage in tobacco control activities approved by the division
- 16 24 of tobacco use prevention and control of the department of
- 16 25 public health as specified in the memorandum of understanding
- 16 26 entered into between the divisions.
- 16 27 (2) For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending
- 16 28 June 30, 2021, the terms of the memorandum of understanding,
- 16 29 entered into between the division of tobacco use prevention
- 16 30 and control of the department of public health and the
- 16 31 alcoholic beverages division of the department of commerce,
- 16 32 governing compliance checks conducted to ensure licensed retail
- 16 33 tobacco outlet conformity with tobacco laws, regulations, and
- 16 34 ordinances relating to persons under 18 years of age, shall
- 16 35 continue to restrict the number of such checks to one check per
- 17 1 retail outlet, and one additional check for any retail outlet
- 17 2 found to be in violation during the first check.
- 17 3 3. a. Of the funds appropriated in this section,
- 17 4 \$19,639,000 shall be used for problem gambling and
- 17 5 substance-related disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery
 - 7 6 services, including a 24-hour helpline, public information
- 17 7 resources, professional training, youth prevention, and program
- 17 8 evaluation.
- 17 9 b. Of the amount allocated under this subsection, \$306,000
- 17 10 shall be utilized by the department of public health, in
- 17 11 collaboration with the department of human services, to support
- 17 12 establishment and maintenance of a single statewide 24-hour
- 17 13 crisis hotline for the lowa children's behavioral health system
- 17 14 that incorporates warmline services which may be provided
- 17 15 through expansion of existing capabilities maintained by the
- 17 16 department of public health as required pursuant to 2018 lowa

and death by preventing youth from starting tobacco use, helping adults and youths quit, and preventing exposure to secondhand tobacco smoke.

Requires the Department of Public Health (DPH) to collaborate with the Alcoholic Beverages Division (ABD) of the Department of Commerce for enforcement of tobacco laws, regulations, and ordinances. Limits tobacco compliance checks by the ABD to one annually per retail outlet and one additional check for any retail outlet found to be in violation during the first check.

Allocates \$19,639,000 for problem gambling and substance abuse treatment and prevention.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$1,450,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020. This decrease is offset by a corresponding increase in the appropriation from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund for no change in total funding.

Requires the DPH to use \$306,000 to maintain the Your Life Iowa information referral service to include information on the Iowa Children's Behavioral Health System.

DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 allocation. Funding is used for website updates, hotline staffing, and health promotion.

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17 17 Acts, chapter 1056, section 16. 4. The requirement of section 123.17, subsection 5, is met 17 19 by the appropriations and allocations made in this section 17 20 and section 1 of this Act for purposes of substance-related 17 21 disorder treatment and addictive disorders for the fiscal year 17 22 beginning July 1, 2020. Sec. 18. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH —— SPORTS WAGERING 17 23 RECEIPTS FUND. There is appropriated from the sports wagering 17 25 receipts fund created in section 8.57, subsection 6, to the department of public health for the fiscal year beginning July 17 27 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or 17 28 so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes 17 29 designated: For problem gambling and substance-related disorder 17 30 prevention, treatment, and recovery services, including a 17 32 24-hour helpline, public information resources, professional 17 33 training, youth prevention, and program evaluation: 17 34\$ 1.450.000 The appropriation made in this section shall not supplant 17 35 1 the appropriation made to the department of public health from 2 the sports wagering receipts fund pursuant to section 1 of this 3 Act, based on the appropriation made in 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 4 133. 18 18 5 **DIVISION VII** HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES — PRIOR APPROPRIATIONS AND OTHER 18 6 18 7 **PROVISIONS** 8 RURAL PSYCHIATRIC RESIDENCIES 18 18 Sec. 19. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 3, subsection 18 10 4, paragraph j, is amended to read as follows: j. Of the funds appropriated in this subsection, \$400,000 18 12 shall be used for rural psychiatric residencies to support the 18 13 annual creation and training of four psychiatric residents who 18 14 will provide mental health services in underserved areas of 18 15 the state. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys that remain 16 unencumbered or unobligated at the close of the fiscal year

18 17 <u>shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for</u>
 18 the purposes designated for subsequent fiscal years.

NOTE: The FY 2020 budget also transfers \$32,000 from the DHS General Administration appropriation to the DPH for Your Life Iowa. This allocation is maintained by Section 1 of the Act. This brings the total funding to \$338,000 for FY 2021.

Specifies that the requirements of Iowa Code section_123.17 are met by the appropriations made in this Act.

DETAIL: This Iowa Code section requires the Department of Commerce to transfer \$2,000,000, plus an amount determined by the General Assembly, from the Beer and Liquor Control Fund to the General Fund for the Comprehensive Substance Abuse Program.

Sports Wagering Receipts Fund appropriation for problem gambling and substance-related disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery services, including Your Life lowa, professional training, youth prevention, and program evaluation.

DETAIL: This is a new appropriation for FY 2021.

CODE: Allows any unexpended funds allocated for rural psychiatric residencies for FY 2020 to remain available for FY 2021.

18 19 FAMILY INVESTMENT PROGRAM ACCOUNT Sec. 20. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 9, is amended 18 20 18 21 by adding the following new subsection: 18 22 NEW SUBSECTION 7. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys 18 23 appropriated in this section that remain unencumbered or 18 24 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert 18 25 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes 18 26 designated, and may be transferred to the appropriations made 18 27 in this division of this Act for general administration and 18 28 field operations for technology needs including the eligibility 18 29 integrated applications solutions (ELIAS) project, until the 18 30 close of the succeeding fiscal year. 18 31 STATE SUPPLEMENTARY ASSISTANCE 18 32 Sec. 21. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 15, subsection 18 33 4, is amended to read as follows: 4. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated 35 in this section that remain unencumbered or unobligated 1 at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert but 2 shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes 3 designated, including for liability amounts associated with the 4 supplemental nutrition assistance program payment error rate. 5 until the close of the succeeding fiscal year. 19 6 CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES 19 Sec. 22. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 19, subsection 8 18, is amended to read as follows: 18. Of the funds appropriated in this section, at least 19 10 \$147,000 shall be used for the continuation of the child 19 11 welfare provider training academy, a collaboration between the 19 12 coalition for family and children's services in Iowa and the 19 13 department. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys allocated 19 14 under this subsection that remain unencumbered or unobligated 19 15 at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall 19 16 remain available for expenditure for the purposes designated 19 17 until the close of the succeeding fiscal year. Sec. 23. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 19, is amended 19 19 by adding the following new subsection: 19 20 NEW SUBSECTION 24. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys 19 21 appropriated in this section that remain unencumbered or 19 22 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert 19 23 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes 19 24 designated, and including services implemented to meet the 19 25 requirements of the federal Family First Prevention Services 19 26 Act, until the close of the succeeding fiscal year. 19 27 MENTAL HEALTH INSTITUTES

Sec. 24. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 24, subsection

CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated for the FIP for FY 2020 to remain available for FY 2021.

CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated for the State Supplementary Assistance Program for FY 2020 to remain available for FY 2021. The additional funds may be spent on the Program or for the federal repayment associated with the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) error rate.

DETAIL: The State is liable for \$1,793,712 for SNAP, of which half is required to be spent on reinvestment in SNAP, and the remaining amount is to be repaid to the federal government.

CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated for Child and Family Services for FY 2020 to remain available for FY 2021. Funds may be spent on services required to implement the federal Family First Prevention Services Act.

CODE: Specifies that any federal funds received by the mental health institutes (MHIs) at Cherokee and Independence related to COVID-19

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19 29 2, is amended to read as follows: may be retained and used by the MHIs. 2. a. Notwithstanding sections 218.78 and 249A.11, any 19 31 revenue received from the state mental health institute at DETAIL: Reverting funds to the General Fund is not a permissible use 19 32 Cherokee or the state mental health institute at Independence under federal law for funds related to COVID-19, and any funding 19 33 pursuant to 42 C.F.R§438.6(e) may be retained and expended by reverted to the General Fund would be required to be returned to the 19 34 the mental health institute. federal government. 19 35 <u>b. Notwithstanding sections 218.78 and 249A.11, any</u> 1 COVID-19 related funding received through federal funding 2 sources by the state mental health institute at Cherokee or the 3 state mental health institute at Independence may be retained 4 and expended by the mental health institute. 20 5 FIELD OPERATIONS CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated for Field Operations for FY 2020 to remain available for FY 2021. 20 6 Sec. 25. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 27, is amended 7 by adding the following new subsection: 8 NEW SUBSECTION 4. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys 20 9 appropriated in this section that remain unencumbered or 20 10 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert 20 11 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes 20 12 designated until the close of the succeeding fiscal year. 20 13 **GENERAL ADMINISTRATION** CODE: Allows any unexpended funds appropriated for General Administration for FY 2020 to remain available for FY 2021. 20 14 Sec. 26. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 28, is amended 20 15 by adding the following new subsection: 20 16 NEW SUBSECTION 7. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys 20 17 appropriated in this section that remain unencumbered or 20 18 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert 20 19 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes 20 20 designated until the close of the succeeding fiscal year. 20 21 DECATEGORIZATION FY 2018 CARRYOVER FUNDING CODE: Transfers decategorization funds to Medicaid that would have Sec. 27. DECATEGORIZATION CARRYOVER FUNDING FY 2018 — previously reverted to the General Fund. TRANSFER TO MEDICAID PROGRAM. Notwithstanding section 232.188, 20 24 subsection 5, paragraph "b", any state-appropriated moneys in DETAIL: It is estimated that up to \$500,000 will be transferred to 20 25 the funding pool that remained unencumbered or unobligated Medicaid to be used in FY 2021. 20 26 at the close of the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017, and 20 27 were deemed carryover funding to remain available for the two 20 28 succeeding fiscal years that still remain unencumbered or 20 29 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year beginning July 1, 30 2019, shall not revert but shall be transferred to the medical 20 31 assistance program for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020. Sec. 28. PROVISIONS NOT APPLICABLE TO FY 2020-2021. All 20 32 Specifies that the following provisions in this Act amending HF 766 are 20 33 of the following amendments to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, are not applicable in FY 2021: 20 34 not applicable to the associated appropriations made for the 20 35 fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 1. The provision allowing funds to be carried forward for the FIP from 1 notwithstanding section 1 of this Act: FY 2020 to FY 2021. 21 2 1. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 9, as amended in this 2. The provision allowing funds allocated to Child and Family Services

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- 21 3 division of this Act.
- 21 4 2. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 19, subsection 18, as
- 21 5 amended in this division of this Act.
 - 6 3. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 19, subsection 24, if
- 21 7 enacted by this division of this Act.
- 21 8 4. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 27, as amended in
- 21 9 this division of this Act.
- 21 10 5. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 28, as amended in
- 21 11 this division of this Act.
- 21 12 Sec. 29. PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO FY 2020-2021. All of
- 21 13 the following amendments to 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, are
- 21 14 applicable to the associated appropriations made for the fiscal
- 21 15 year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, pursuant
- 21 16 to section 1 of this Act:
- 21 17 1. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 3, subsection 4,
- 21 18 paragraph "j".
- 21 19 2. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 15, subsection 4.
- 21 20 3. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 24, subsection 2, as
- 21 21 amended in this division of this Act.
- 21 22 Sec. 30. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being
- 21 23 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.
- 21 24 Sec. 31. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. This division of this
- 21 25 Act applies retroactively to July 1, 2019.
- 21 26 DIVISION VIII
- 21 27 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES —— FY 2019-2020 PROVISIONS NOT
- 21 28 APPLICABLE FOR FY 2020-2021
- 21 29 Sec. 32. HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PROVISIONS NOT
- 21 30 APPLICABLE TO FY 2020-2021. The following provisions of 2019
- 21 31 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, are not applicable to the associated
- 21 32 appropriations made for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020,
- 21 33 and ending June 30, 2021, notwithstanding section 1 of this
- 21 34 Act:
- 21 35 1. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 3, subsection 2,
- 22 1 paragraph "a".
- 22 2 2. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 3, subsection 7,
- 22 3 paragraph "b".
- 22 4 3. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 3, subsection 9,
- 22 5 paragraph "b".
- 22 6 4. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 4, subsection 1.
- 22 7 5. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 9, subsection 4.
- 22 8 6. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 13, subsections 21,
- 22 9 22, 23, and 24.
- 22 10 7. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 18, subsection 1,

to be carried forward for the Child Welfare Provider Training Academy from FY 2020 to FY 2021.

- The provision allowing funds to be carried forward for Child and Family Services from FY 2020 to FY 2021.
- 4. The provision allowing funds to be carried forward for Field Operations from FY 2020 to FY 2021.
- 5. The provision allowing funds to be carried forward for General Administration from FY 2020 to FY 2021.

Specifies that the following provisions in this Act amending HF 766 are applicable in FY 2021:

- 1. The provision allowing funds to be carried forward for rural psychiatric residencies from FY 2020 to FY 2021.
- 2. The provision allowing funds to be carried forward for the State Supplementary Assistance Program from FY 2020 to FY 2021.
- 3. The provision allowing any federal funds received by the MHIs at Cherokee and Independence related to COVID-19 to be retained and used by the MHIs.

Specifies that the Division amending the FY 2020 appropriations in <u>HF 766</u> is effective upon enactment and applies retroactively to July 1, 2019.

Specifies that the following provisions in HF 766 are not applicable for FY 2021:

- 1. The allocation to the Healthy Opportunities for Parents to Experience Success Healthy Families in Iowa (HOPES-HFI) Program. This allocation is added as status quo funding without the request for proposal (RFP) language in Section 27 of HF 766.
- 2. The allocation to the Sexual Violence Prevention Program. This allocation is added as status quo funding without the RFP language in Section 28 of HF 766.
- 3. The paragraph requiring the DPH to collaborate with stakeholders to review funds distributed in this Act.
- 4. The paragraph requiring the DPH to report to the chairpersons and ranking members of the Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee, the LSA, and the DOM by January 1, 2020, regarding the outcomes of any program or activity awarded through the RFP process.

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22 11 paragraph "c".

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- 22 12 8. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 22, subsection 2.
- 22 13 9. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 24, subsection 1,
- 22 14 paragraph "a", subparagraph (2).
- 22 15 10. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 24, subsection 1,
- 22 16 paragraph "b", subparagraph (2).
- 22 17 11. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 26, subsection 1,
- 22 18 paragraph "b".
- 22 19 12. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 27, subsection 2.
- 22 20 13. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, section 32, subsection 1.
- 22 21 14. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 33.
- 22 22 15. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 85, divisions VII, VIII, XI,
- 22 23 XII, XIV, XVI, XIX, and XXVII.

- 5. The allocation providing tax preparation assistance to low-income lowans. This allocation is added as status quo funding without the request for proposal (RFP) language in Section 29 of HF 766.
- 6. The Medicaid allocation to the Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA) for inspections of subacute facilities, the Medicaid allocation to reduce the Children's Mental Health Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) waiver waiting list, the Medicaid allocation to increase rates for critical access hospitals, and the Medicaid allocation for supported community living tiered rates. The subacute allocation is no longer necessary, and the other three provider rate increases are now part of the base appropriation and their rates will remain status quo.
- 7. The allocation to the Children at Home Program. This allocation is increased in Section 33 of HF 766.
- 8. The paragraphs requiring that additional staff be hired at the Eldora State Training School. These staff have already been hired.
- 9. The paragraphs requiring that additional staff be hired at Cherokee MHI. These staff have already been hired.
- 10. The paragraphs requiring that additional staff be hired at Independence MHI. These staff have already been hired.
- 11. The paragraphs requiring that additional staff be hired at the Civil Commitment Unit for Sexual Offenders. These staff have already been hired.
- 12. The paragraphs requiring that additional staff be hired for Field Operations. These staff have already been hired.
- 13. The paragraph requiring the DHS to report to the chairpersons and ranking members of the Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee, the LSA, and the DOM by January 1, 2020, regarding the outcomes of any program or activity awarded through the RFP process.
- 14. The section allowing DHS emergency rulemaking authority. Alternative emergency rulemaking authority is provided in Section 35 of HF 766.
- 15. The divisions of HF 766 related to a graduated sanctions court-ordered services workgroup, co-occurring conditions report, decategorization carryover funding, prior year appropriations, Polk County Mental Health and Disability Services (MHDS) transfer authority, Medicaid prior authorizations, Medicaid coverage for pregnant women lawfully admitted for permanent residence, and prior year carryforward provisions. These divisions have been enacted and the language is no longer necessary, or is addressed later in HF 766.
- 22 24 DIVISION IX
 22 25 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES NEW PROVISIONS APPLICABLE FOR FY
 22 26 2020-2021
- 22 27 STATE MEDICAL EXAMINER

Requires the State Medical Examiner to enter into a memorandum of

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22 28 Sec. 33. STATE MEDICAL EXAMINER —— USE OF MONEYS. For understanding (MOU) with the University of Iowa Hospital and Clinics 22 29 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, to coordinate the completion of forensic autopsies to address increased 22 30 2021, a portion of the moneys appropriated from the general caseloads, backlogs, and promote regional efficiencies. 22 31 fund of the state to the department of public health for 22 32 public protection shall be used to support the office of the 22 33 state medical examiner and to address the growth in demand 22 34 for services. The office of the state medical examiner shall 22 35 enter into a memorandum of understanding with the university 1 of lowa hospitals and clinics to coordinate the completion of 2 forensic autopsies to address increased caseloads and prolonged 3 backlogs, and to promote regional efficiencies. 23 HOPES —— HFI Limits the General Fund amount used to fund the HOPES-HFI 4 23 5 Sec. 34. HEALTHY OPPORTUNITIES FOR PARENTS TO EXPERIENCE Program to \$734,000. SUCCESS (HOPES) —— HEALTHY FAMILIES IOWA (HFI) PROGRAM. For 7 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, DETAIL: This no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 8 2021, of the funds appropriated from the general fund of the allocation. This Program provides support for families through home 9 state to the department of public health for healthy children visits that begin during pregnancy or at the birth of a child, and can 23 10 and families, not more than \$734,000 shall be used for the continue through age four. 23 11 healthy opportunities for parents to experience success (HOPES) 23 12 — healthy families Iowa (HFI) program established pursuant to 23 13 section 135,106. 23 14 SEXUAL VIOLENCE PREVENTION PROGRAMMING General Fund allocation of \$243,000 to provide program funding for Sec. 35. SEXUAL VIOLENCE PREVENTION PROGRAMMING. For sexual violence prevention programs. 16 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 23 17 30, 2021, of the moneys appropriated from the general fund DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020. 23 18 of the state to the department of public health for public 19 protection, up to \$243,000 shall be used for sexual violence 23 20 prevention programming through a statewide organization 23 21 representing programs serving victims of sexual violence 23 22 through the department's sexual violence prevention program, 23 23 and for continuation of a training program for sexual assault 23 24 response team (SART) members, including representatives of 23 25 law enforcement, victim advocates, prosecutors, and certified 23 26 medical personnel. The amount allocated in this section shall 23 27 not be used to supplant funding administered for other sexual 23 28 violence prevention or victims assistance programs. 23 29 TAX PREPARATION ASSISTANCE General Fund allocation of \$195,000 to provide tax preparation Sec. 36. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES —— TAX PREPARATION 23 30 assistance to low-income lowans. 23 31 ASSISTANCE. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and 23 32 ending June 30, 2021, of the moneys appropriated from the DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020. 23 33 general fund of the state to the department of human services 23 34 to be credited to the family investment program account and 23 35 used for family investment assistance under chapter 239B, 1 \$195,000 shall be used for a contract executed in accordance

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2 with 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, section 9, subsection 4,

24 3 with an lowa-based nonprofit organization with a history of 4 providing tax preparation assistance to low-income lowans in 5 order to expand the usage of the earned income tax credit. 6 The purpose of the contract is to supply this assistance to 24 7 underserved areas of the state. 24 8 **HEALTH PROGRAM OPERATIONS** General Fund appropriation to Health Program Operations. The name 24 9 Sec. 37. HEALTH PROGRAM OPERATIONS. There is appropriated of the appropriation has been changed from Medical Contracts. 24 10 from the general fund of the state to the department of human 24 11 services for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending DETAIL: This is no change compared to estimated net FY 2020. 24 12 June 30, 2021, the following amount or so much thereof as is 24 13 necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: For health program operations: 24 14\$ 17,831,343 24 15 1. The department of inspections and appeals shall provide Requires the DIA to provide the State matching funds for survey and 24 17 all state matching moneys for survey and certification certification activities. 24 18 activities performed by the department of inspections 24 19 and appeals. The department of human services is solely 24 20 responsible for distributing the federal matching moneys for 24 21 such activities. 2. Of the moneys appropriated in this section, \$50,000 shall Allocates \$50,000 for the HCBS Waiver Quality Assurance Program to 24 23 be used for continuation of home and community-based services review and streamline processes and policies related to oversight. 24 24 waiver quality assurance programs, including the review and 24 25 streamlining of processes and policies related to oversight and DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 24 26 quality management to meet state and federal requirements. allocation. The Program reviews policies related to oversight and quality management to meet State and federal requirements. 3. Of the amount appropriated in this section, up to Permits up to \$200,000 to be transferred to the DHS General 24 28 \$200,000 may be transferred to the appropriation for general Administration appropriation to hire additional FTE positions to 24 29 administration to be used for additional full-time equivalent implement cost containment and managed care oversight initiatives. 30 positions in the development of key health initiatives such 24 31 as development and oversight of managed care programs and DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 24 32 development of health strategies targeted toward improved allocation. 24 33 quality and reduced costs in the Medicaid program. 4. Of the moneys appropriated in this section, \$1,000,000 Allocates \$1,000,000 to the I-Smile Program. 24 35 shall be used for planning and development, in cooperation with 1 the department of public health, of a phased-in program to DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 2 provide a dental home for children. allocation. The I-Smile Dental Home Initiative is a program that helps lowa's children connect with dental services. 5. Of the moneys appropriated in this section, \$573,000 Allocates \$573,000 to the Autism Support Program. 4 shall be credited to the autism support program fund created 5 in section 225D.2 to be used for the autism support program DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020

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allocation. This Program was created in FY 2014, and the funds are to

6 created in chapter 225D, with the exception of the following

25 7 amount of this allocation which shall be used as follows: Of the moneys allocated in this subsection, \$25,000 shall 9 be used for the public purpose of continuation of a grant to a 25 10 nonprofit provider of child welfare services that has been in 25 11 existence for more than 115 years, is located in a county with 25 12 a population between 200,000 and 220,000 according to the most 25 13 recent federal decennial census, is licensed as a psychiatric 25 14 medical institution for children, and provides school-based 25 15 programming, to be used for support services for children with 25 16 autism spectrum disorder and their families. Sec. 38. REFERENCES TO MEDICAL CONTRACTS —— REPLACED. For 25 18 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 25 19 2021, all references in 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, division V, 25 20 to "medical contracts" shall be replaced with the term "health 25 21 program operations" and all transfers of funds made to or from 25 22 the appropriation for medical contracts shall instead be made 25 23 to or from the appropriation for health program operations. 25 24 CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES 25 25 Sec. 39. CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES —— GROUP FOSTER CARE. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending 25 27 June 30, 2021, of the funds appropriated from the general fund 25 28 of the state to the department of human services for child and 25 29 family services, \$26,025,000 is allocated as the statewide 25 30 expenditure target under section 232.143 for group foster care 25 31 maintenance and services. If the department projects that such 25 32 expenditures for the fiscal year will be less than the target 25 33 amount allocated in this paragraph "a", the department may 25 34 reallocate the excess to provide additional funding for family 25 35 foster care, independent living, family-centered services, 1 shelter care, or the child welfare emergency services addressed 2 with the allocation for shelter care. 26 3 FAMILY SUPPORT SUBSIDY PROGRAM Sec. 40. FAMILY SUPPORT SUBSIDY PROGRAM. For the fiscal 26 5 year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, of the 6 moneys appropriated from the general fund of the state to the 7 department of human services for the family support subsidy 8 program, at least \$875,195 is transferred to the department 9 of public health for the family support center component of

26 10 the comprehensive family support program under chapter 225C,

26 11 subchapter V.

be used to provide applied behavioral analysis and other treatment for children who do not qualify for Medicaid or autism coverage under private insurance.

Allocates \$25,000 from the \$573,000 Autism Support Program allocation to Tanager Place for various autism spectrum disorder services.

DETAIL: This is no change compared to the estimated net FY 2020 allocation.

Renames the Medical Contracts General Fund appropriation to Health Program Operations.

Allocates up to \$26,025,000 for group foster care services and maintenance costs. Permits reallocation of excess funds.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$8,511,000 compared to the estimated net FY 2020 allocation due to decreased utilization of group foster care. Replaces family safety, risk, and permanency services (FSRP) with family-centered services (FCS).

Allocates \$875,195 to the DPH to continue the Children at Home Program. The DPH has existing statewide coordinated intake for family support services through the Division of Health Promotion and Chronic Disease Prevention.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$55,920 compared to the estimated FY 2020 allocation due to children aging out of the Family Support Subsidy Program and funds being shifted to the Children at Home Program. The Family Support Subsidy Program is being phased-out and is projected to end in FY 2024.

26 12 DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES PROVIDER REIMBURSEMENTS

26 13 Sec. 41. PROVIDERS REIMBURSED UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN

26 14 SERVICES.

26 15 1. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and

6 16 ending June 30, 2021, the following reimbursement rates and

26 17 methodologies shall apply:

26 18 a. (1) For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020,

26 19 case-mix, non-case-mix, and special population nursing

20 facilities shall be reimbursed in accordance with the

26 21 methodology in effect on June 30, 2020.

26 22 (2) For managed care claims, the department of human

26 23 services shall adjust the payment rate floor for nursing

26 24 facilities, annually, to maintain a rate floor that is no

26 25 lower than the Medicaid fee-for-service case-mix adjusted

26 26 rate calculated in accordance with subparagraph (1) and

26 27 441 IAC 81.6. The department shall then calculate adjusted

26 28 reimbursement rates, including but not limited to add-on

26 29 payments, annually, and shall notify Medicaid managed care

26 30 organizations of the adjusted reimbursement rates within 30

26 31 days of determining the adjusted reimbursement rates. Any

26 32 adjustment of reimbursement rates under this subparagraph shall

26 33 be budget neutral to the state budget.

26 34 (3) Medicaid managed care organizations shall adjust

26 35 facility-specific rates based upon payment rate listings issued

7 1 by the department. The rate adjustments shall be applied

27 2 prospectively from the effective date of the rate letter issued

27 3 by the department.

27 4 b. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, reimbursement

27 5 rates for outpatient hospital services shall be rebased

27 6 effective January 1, 2021, subject to Medicaid program upper

27 7 payment limit rules, and adjusted as necessary to maintain

27 8 expenditures within the amount appropriated to the department

9 for this purpose for the fiscal year.

27 10 c. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, under

27 11 both fee-for-service and managed care administration of

27 12 the Medicaid program, critical access hospitals shall be

27 13 reimbursed for inpatient and outpatient services based on the

27 14 hospital-specific critical access hospital cost adjustment

27 15 factor methodology utilizing the most recent and complete cost

27 16 reporting period as applied prospectively within the funds

27 17 appropriated for such purpose for the fiscal year.

27 18 d. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, assertive

27 19 community treatment per diem rates shall remain at the rates in

27 20 effect on June 30, 2020.

Requires methodology for calculating reimbursement for case-mix, non-case mix, and special population nursing facilities to remain the same as the methodology in effect on June 30, 2020. The managed care organizations (MCOs) are required to adjust facility-specific rates based on payment rate listings issued by the DHS, and the rates are to be applied prospectively from the date the DHS issues the letter.

Requires the rate of reimbursement for outpatient hospital services to be rebased effective January 1, 2021, subject to the Medicaid upper payment limit (UPL) rules.

Requires the rates for critical access hospitals to be reimbursed for inpatient and outpatient services based on a cost adjustment factor methodology utilizing the most recent and complete cost reporting period.

Requires the FY 2021 reimbursement rates for assertive community treatment providers to remain at the rate in effect on June 30, 2020.

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- 27 21 e. Notwithstanding section 234.38, for the fiscal
- 27 22 year beginning July 1, 2020, the foster family basic daily
- 27 23 maintenance rate and the maximum adoption subsidy rate for
- 27 24 children ages 0 through 5 years shall be \$16.78, the rate for
- 27 25 children ages 6 through 11 years shall be \$17.45, the rate for
- 27 26 children ages 12 through 15 years shall be \$19.10, and the
- 27 27 rate for children and young adults ages 16 and older shall be
- 27 28 \$19.35. For youth ages 18 up to 23 who have exited foster
- 27 29 care, the preparation for adult living program maintenance rate
- 27 30 shall be \$602.70 per month. The maximum payment for adoption
- 27 31 subsidy nonrecurring expenses shall be limited to \$500 and the
- 27 32 disallowance of additional amounts for court costs and other
- 27 33 related legal expenses implemented pursuant to 2010 lowa Acts,
- 27 34 chapter 1031, section 408, shall be continued.
- 27 35 f. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, the
- 28 1 reimbursement rate for family-centered services providers shall
- 28 2 be established by contract.
- 28 3 2. With the exception of the providers and services
- 28 4 specified in subsection 1, all other provider and service
- 28 5 reimbursement rates and methodologies specified in 2019 lowar
- 28 6 Acts, chapter 85, section 31, shall continue to be applicable
- 28 7 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30,
- 28 8 2021.
- 28 9 EMERGENCY RULES
- 28 10 Sec. 42. EMERGENCY RULES.
- 28 11 1. If necessary to comply with federal requirements
- 28 12 including time frames, or if specifically authorized by a
- 28 13 provision of this division of this Act, the department of
- 28 14 human services or the mental health and disability services
- 28 15 commission may adopt administrative rules under section 17A.4,
- 28 16 subsection 3, and section 17A.5, subsection 2, paragraph "b",
- 28 17 to implement the provisions of this division of this Act and
- 28 18 the rules shall become effective immediately upon filing or
- 28 19 on a later effective date specified in the rules, unless the
- 28 20 effective date of the rules is delayed or the applicability
- 28 21 of the rules is suspended by the administrative rules review
- 28 22 committee. Any rules adopted in accordance with this section
- 28 23 shall not take effect before the rules are reviewed by the
- 28 24 administrative rules review committee. The delay authority
- 28 25 provided to the administrative rules review committee under
- 28 26 section 17A.4, subsection 7, and section 17A.8, subsection 9,
- 28 27 shall be applicable to a delay imposed under this section,
- 28 28 notwithstanding a provision in those sections making them
- 28 29 inapplicable to section 17A.5, subsection 2, paragraph "b".
- 28 30 Any rules adopted in accordance with the provisions of this

Requires the FY 2021 reimbursement rates for the Foster Family Basic Daily Maintenance Rate and the Maximum Adoption Subsidy Rate for children from birth up to age 23 to remain at the rates in effect on June 30, 2020.

Requires the FY 2020 FCS provider rates to be established by contract.

Specifies that with the exception of the providers listed above in this Section, all other rates in HF 766 remain at the rates in effect on June 30, 2020.

Allows the DHS to adopt emergency administrative rules to implement federal requirements or provisions of this Act.

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28 32 28 33 28 35 29 1 29 2 29 3 29 4 29 5 29 6 29 7 29 8 29 9 29 10	section shall also be published as a notice of intended action as provided in section 17A.4. 2. If during a fiscal year, the department of human services is adopting rules in accordance with this section or as otherwise directed or authorized by state law, and the rules will result in an expenditure increase beyond the amount anticipated in the budget process or if the expenditure was not addressed in the budget process for the fiscal year, the department shall notify the persons designated by this division of this Act for submission of reports, the chairpersons and ranking members of the committees on appropriations, and the department of management concerning the rules and the expenditure increase. The notification shall be provided at least 30 calendar days prior to the date notice of the rules is submitted to the administrative rules coordinator and the administrative code editor.	
29 15 29 16 29 17 29 18 29 19 29 20 29 21 29 22		Requires the DHS to report on how it spent any funds carried forward from FY 2020 to FY 2021 for the FIP, State Supplementary Assistance Child and Family Services, the MHIs, Field Operations, and General Administration to the chairpersons and ranking members of the Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee, the LSA, and Legislative Caucus Staff on a quarterly basis beginning October 1, 2020.
29 27 29 28 29 29 29 30	Sec. 44. CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES APPROPRIATION. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, a	Permits the General Fund appropriation to Child and Family Services to be used for FCS to comply with the federal Family First Prevention Services Act. DETAIL: FCS is the contracted service that is replacing the FSRP service.
29 32 29 33 29 34 29 35 30 1 30 2 30 3	DIVISION X PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY PROVISIONS COVID-19 REGULATIONS	Specifies that if federal regulations related to the COVID-19 pandemic differ from State administrative rules, federal regulations will prevail.

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5 administrative rules, including applicable federal waivers, the 30 6 federal regulations are controlling during the pendency of the 7 federally declared state of emergency. COUNTY HOSPITAL FUNDING 30 8 Permits a county hospital to borrow funds secured by hospital Sec. 46. COUNTY HOSPITAL FUNDING —— SUSTAINING OF HOSPITAL revenues for the purpose of providing working capital or general 30 OPERATIONS. For the time period beginning on the effective financing needs to sustain operations. 30 11 date of this division of this Act, and ending June 30, 2021, 30 12 notwithstanding any provision of section 347.14, subsection 13 4, to the contrary, a board of trustees of a county hospital 30 14 may borrow moneys secured solely by hospital revenues for the 30 15 purpose of providing working capital or for general financing 30 16 needs to sustain hospital operations. 30 17 Sec. 47. COUNTY HOSPITAL FUNDING —— NONCURRENT DEBT Permits a county hospital to issue noncurrent debt for working capital ISSUANCE. For the time period beginning on the effective or general financing needs to sustain operations. 30 19 date of this division of this Act, and ending June 30, 2021, 30 20 notwithstanding any provision of section 331.478, subsections 30 21 2 and 3, to the contrary, a board of trustees of a county 30 22 hospital may authorize noncurrent debt for the purpose of 30 23 providing working capital or for general financing needs to 30 24 sustain a county hospital's operations including in the form of 30 25 natural disaster loans from the state or federal government. 30 26 Sec. 48. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being Specifies that this Division is effective upon enactment. 30 27 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. 30 28 **DIVISION XI** 30 29 MENTAL HEALTH AND DISABILITY SERVICES Sec. 49. Section 331.389, subsection 4, paragraph c, Code CODE: Amends requirements for the formation of a MHDS Region to 30 2020, is amended to read as follows: add the following: The DHS may compel the county and Region to c. The department shall work with any county that has not engage in mediation for resolution of a dispute. The costs incurred for 32 30 33 agreed to be part of a region in accordance with paragraph mediation are to be paid by the county and the Region in dispute 34 "a" and with the regions forming around the county to resolve according to their governance agreement. A county assigned by the 35 issues preventing the county from joining a region. In DHS to a Region is be included in that Region's amended governance 1 addition to the regional governance agreement requirements agreement as of an effective date designated by the DHS, and the 2 in section 331.392, the department may compel the county and assigned county and region shall operate according to the region's 3 region to engage in mediation for resolution of a dispute. existing governance agreement until the regional governance 4 The costs incurred for mediation shall be paid by the county agreement is amended. 5 and the region in dispute according to their governance 6 agreement. A county that has not agreed to be part of a 31 7 region in accordance with paragraph "a" shall be assigned by 8 the department to a region, unless exempted prior to July 1, 9 2014. A county assigned by the department to a region shall 31 10 be included in that region's amended governance agreement 31 11 pursuant to this section as of an effective date designated by

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31 12 the department. The assigned county and region shall operate

- 31 13 according to the region's existing governance agreement until
- 31 14 the regional governance agreement is amended.
- 31 15 Sec. 50. Section 331.389, subsection 5, Code 2020, is
- 31 16 amended to read as follows:
- 31 17 5. a. If the department determines that a region or an
- 31 18 exempted county is not adequately fulfilling the requirements
- 31 19 under this chapter for a regional service system, the
- 31 20 department shall address the region or county in the following
- 31 21 order:
- 31 22 —a. (1) Require compliance with a corrective action plan.
- 31 23 —b. (2) Reduce the amount of the annual state funding
- 31 24 provided for the regional service system, not to exceed fifteen
- 31 25 percent of the amount.
- 31 26 c. (3) Withdraw approval for the region or for the county
- 31 27 exemption, as applicable.
- 31 28 <u>b. The department shall rely on all information available.</u>
- 31 29 including annual audits submitted under section 331.391,
- 31 30 regional governance agreements submitted under section 331.392,
- 31 31 and annual service and budget plans submitted under section
- 31 32 331.393 in determining whether a region or an exempted county
- 31 33 is adequately fulfilling the requirements for a regional
- 31 34 service system. The department may request and review
- 31 35 financial documents, contracts, and other audits, and may
- 32 1 perform on-site reviews and interviews to gather information.
- 32 2 Sec. 51. Section 331.392, subsection 4, Code 2020, is
- 32 3 amended to read as follows:
- 32 4 4. The financial provisions of the agreement shall include
- 32 5 all of the following:
- 32 6 a. Methods for pooling, management, and expenditure of the
- 32 7 funding under the control of the regional administrator. If
- 2 8 the agreement does not provide for pooling of the participating
- 32 9 county moneys in a single fund, the agreement shall specify how
- 32 10 the participating county moneys will be subject to the control
- 32 11 of the regional administrator.
- 32 12 b. (1) Methods for allocating administrative funding and
- 32 13 resources.
- 32 14 (2) Methods for allocating a region's cash flow amount in
- 32 15 the event a county leaves the region. A region's cash flow
- 32 16 amount shall be divided by the percentage of each county's
- 32 17 population according to the region's population indicated
- 32 18 in the region's annual service and budget plan and shall be
- 32 19 allocated to the counties. This subparagraph shall apply to
- 32 20 all agreements in existence or entered into on or after July
- 32 21 1, 2020.
- 32 22 c. Contributions and uses of initial funding or related
- 32 23 contributions made by the counties participating in the

CODE: Amends the Iowa Code section related to fulfilling the requirements for an MHDS Region to add a requirement that the DHS is to rely on all information available, including annual audits, regional governance agreements, and annual service and budget plans, in determining whether a Region or an exempted county is adequately fulfilling the requirements for a regional service system. In addition, the DHS may request and review financial documents, contracts, and other audits, and may perform on-site reviews and interviews to gather information.

CODE: Amends the Iowa Code section related to the financial provisions of a regional MHDS agreement to include the following: Methods for allocating a Region's cash flow amount in the event a county leaves the Region. A Region's cash flow amount is to be divided by the percentage of each county's population according to the region's population indicated in the Region's annual service and budget plan and the amount allocated to the counties. This requirement applies to all agreements in existence or entered into on or after July 1, 2020. The annual independent audit prepared by the regional administrator shall be submitted to the DHS upon completion.

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- 32 24 region for purposes of commencing operations by the regional
- 32 25 administrator.
- 32 26 d. Methods for acquiring or disposing of real property.
- 32 27 e. A process for determining the use of savings for
- 32 28 reinvestment.
- 32 29 f. A process for performance of an annual independent audit
- 32 30 of the regional administrator. The annual independent audit
- 32 31 prepared by the regional administrator shall be submitted to
- 32 32 the department upon completion of the audit.
- 32 33 Sec. 52. Section 331.392, Code 2020, is amended by adding
- 32 34 the following new subsection:
- 32 35 NEW SUBSECTION 6. All agreements shall be submitted to the
- 33 1 department. The department shall approve the agreement if the
- 33 2 agreement complies with the requirements of this section.
- 33 3 Sec. 53. MENTAL HEALTH AND DISABILITY SERVICES ——
- 33 4 REGIONALIZATION AUTHORIZATION.
- 33 5 1. The department of human services shall facilitate the
- 33 6 county social services mental health and disability services
- 33 7 region dividing into two separate regions. All member
- 8 8 counties shall participate in the planning as required by the
- 33 9 department. Counties in the western portion of the region may
- 33 10 form a new region if the counties meet the requirements of
- 33 11 this section. Counties in the eastern portion of the region
 - 12 shall retain the name county social services if a new region is
- 33 13 formed by the counties in the western portion of the region.
- 33 14 2. County formation of a proposed new mental health and
- 33 15 disability services region pursuant to this section is subject
- 33 16 to all of the following:
- 33 17 a. The aggregate population of all counties forming
- 33 18 the region is at least 50,000 and includes at least one
- 33 19 incorporated city with a population of more than 24,000. For
- 33 20 purposes of this subparagraph, "population" means the same as
- 33 21 defined in section 331.388, subsection 4, Code 2020.
- 33 22 b. Notwithstanding section 331.389, subsection 4, on or
- 33 23 before February 1, 2021, the counties forming the region have
- 33 24 complied with section 331.389, subsection 3, and all of the
- 33 24 complied with section 331.303, subsection 3, and all of the
- 33 25 following additional requirements:
- 33 26 (1) The board of supervisors of each county forming the
- 33 27 region has voted to approve a chapter 28E agreement.
- 33 28 (2) The duly authorized representatives of all the counties
- 33 29 forming the region have signed a chapter 28E agreement that is
- 33 30 in compliance with section 331.392 and 441 IAC 25.14.
- 33 31 (3) The county board of supervisors' or supervisors'
- 33 32 designee members and other members of the region's governing
- 33 33 board are appointed in accordance with section 331.390.
- 33 34 (4) Executive staff for the region's regional administrator

CODE: Specifies that all regional governance agreements are to be submitted to the DHS and that the DHS must approve those agreements if they comply with Iowa Code section <u>331.392</u>.

Specifies that the DHS is to facilitate the County Social Services MHDS Region dividing into two separate regions and specifies the terms and conditions. The new Region is to commence full operation no later than July 1, 2021.

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- 33 35 are identified or engaged.
- (5) The regional service management plan is developed in
- 2 accordance with section 331.393 and 441 IAC 25.18 and 441 IAC
- 3 25.21 and is submitted to the department.
- (6) The initial regional service management plan shall
- 5 identify the service provider network for the region, identify
- 6 the information technology and data management capacity to be
- 7 employed to support regional functions, and establish business
- 8 functions, accounting procedures, and other administrative
- 9 processes. 34
- c. Each county forming the region shall submit the
- 34 11 compliance information required in paragraph "b" to the
- 34 12 director of human services on or before February 1, 2021.
- 34 13 Within forty-five days of receipt of such information, the
- 34 14 director of human services shall determine if the region is in
- 34 15 full compliance and shall approve the region if the region has
- 16 met all of the requirements of this section.
- d. The director of human services shall work with a county
- 34 18 making a request under this section that has not agreed or
- is unable to join the proposed new region to resolve issues
- preventing the county from joining the proposed new region.
- e. By February 1, 2021, the director of human services 34 21
- 22 shall assign a county, making a request under this section
- 23 that has not reached an agreement to be part of the proposed
- 34 24 new region, to an existing region or to another new proposed
- 34 25 region, consistent with this section.
- 3. If approved by the department, the region shall commence
- 34 27 full operations no later than July 1, 2021.
- 34 28 Sec. 54. MENTAL HEALTH AND DISABILITY SERVICES —— TRANSFER
- OF FUNDS. Notwithstanding section 331.432, a county with a
- population of over 300,000 based on the most recent federal
- 34 31 decennial census may transfer funds from any other fund
- 34 32 of the county to the mental health and disability regional
- 33 services fund for the purposes of providing mental health and
- 34 disability services for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
- 35 2020, and ending June 30, 2021. The county shall submit a
- 1 report to the governor and the general assembly by September
- 2 1, 2021, including the source of any funds transferred, the
- 3 amount of the funds transferred, and the mental health and
- 4 disability services provided with the transferred funds. The
- 5 county shall work with the department to maximize the use of
- 6 the medical assistance program and other third-party payment
- 7 sources, including but not limited to identifying individuals
- 8 enrolled with or eligible for Medicaid whose Medicaid-covered
- 9 services are being paid by the county or could be converted to
- 35 10 Medicaid-covered services.

CODE: Allows Polk County to transfer funds from any other fund of the county to the County MHDS Fund in FY 2021. Polk County is required to submit a report to the Governor and the General Assembly by September 1, 2021, detailing the transfer of funds.

35 11 Sec. 55. MENTAL HEALTH AND DISABILITY SERVICES REGIONS — 35 12 FUNDING. 35 13 1. There is appropriated from the grow lowa values fund 35 14 created in section 15G.108, Code 2009, to the department of 35 15 human services for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and 36 16 ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or so much thereof 37 17 as is necessary, to be used for the purpose designated: 38 For a grant to a single-county mental health and disability 39 services region with a population of over 350,000 as determined 39 by the latest federal decennial census, for the provision of 30 mental health and disability services within the region: 30 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2	Appropriates \$5,000,000 from the Grow Iowa Values Fund to the DHS for distribution to Polk County for MHDS. DETAIL: This is a new appropriation for FY 2021.
The department and the region shall enter into a memorandum of understanding regarding the use of the moneys and detailing the provisions of the plan prior to the region's receipt of moneys under this subsection.	Requires an MOU to be entered into between the DHS and the Polk County MHDS Region prior to the Region's receipt of the money.
35 27 2. The department shall distribute moneys appropriated 35 28 in this section within 60 days of the date of signing of the 35 29 memorandum of understanding between the department and each 35 30 region.	Requires the DHS to distribute the moneys within 60 days of signing the MOU with the mental health and disability region.
35 31 3. Moneys awarded under this section shall be used by the 35 32 regions consistent with each region's service system management 35 33 plan as approved by the department.	Requires that the moneys awarded to the MHDS Regions be used within the Region's service system management plan approved by the DHS.
35 34 DIVISION XII 35 35 FOSTER HOME INSURANCE FUND	
1 Sec. 56. Section 237.13, Code 2020, is amended by striking 2 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 3 237.13 FOSTER HOME INSURANCE FUND. 3 1. For the purposes of this section, "foster home" means an 3 individual, as defined in section 237.1, subsection 7, who is 3 ilicensed to provide child foster care and shall also be known 3 as a "licensed foster home". 3 2. The foster home insurance fund shall be administered by 4 the department of human services. The fund shall consist of 4 all moneys appropriated by the general assembly for deposit 5 in the fund. The department shall use moneys in the fund to 5 reimburse foster parents for the cost of purchasing foster care 5 iliability insurance and to perform the administrative functions 5 in the department of human services shall adopt rules, 5 in pursuant to chapter 17A, to carry out the provisions of this 5 in the fund.	CODE: Removes and replaces the Foster Home Insurance Fund. DETAIL: Current law covers the cost of operating a State-run Foster Home Insurance Fund, which included having a vendor for the insurance claims. This Act requires foster parents to have liability insurance that will be paid for by the DHS.

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36	18	DIVISION XIII
36	19	VETERANS HOME CARRYFORWARD
36	20	Sec. 57. Section 35D.18, subsection 5, Code 2020, is amended
36	21	to read as follows:
36	22	5. Notwithstanding section 8.33, any up to eight hundred
36	23	thousand dollars of the balance in the lowa veterans home
36	24	annual appropriation or revenues that remains unencumbered or unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert
36 36	25 26	but shall remain available for expenditure for specified
	27	purposes of the lowa veterans home until the close of the
	28	succeeding fiscal year.
		G ,
	29	DIVISION XIV
36	30	PROPERTY TAX CREDITS
36	31	Sec. 58. PROPERTY TAX CREDITS.
36	32	1. In lieu of the standing appropriations in the following
36	33	designated sections, for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
36	34	2020, and ending June 30, 2021, there is appropriated from
36	35	the general fund of the state the following amounts for the
37	1	following designated purposes:
37	2	a. For reimbursement for the homestead property tax credit
37	3	under section 425.1:
37	4	\$ 139,984,518
37	5	b. For implementing the elderly and disabled tax credit and
37	6	reimbursement pursuant to sections 425.16 through 425.40:
37	7	\$ 20,500,000
37	8	2. If the director of revenue determines that the amount of
37		claims for credit for property taxes due pursuant to paragraphs
37	10	"a" and "b", plus the amount of claims for reimbursement for
37	11	rent constituting property taxes paid which are to be paid
37 37	12 13	during a fiscal year may exceed the total amount appropriated for that fiscal year, the director shall estimate the
37	14	percentage of the credits and reimbursements which will be
37	15	funded by the appropriation. The county treasurer shall notify
37	16	the director of the amount of property tax credits claimed by

CODE: Amends the Iowa Code section related to the Iowa Veterans Home to limit its carryforward of operating funds to \$800,000 annually.

DETAIL: This is approximately 1.00% of the Iowa Veterans Home total operating budget.

VETOED

VETOED: The Governor vetoed this Section of this Act stating that the language would have unintended consequences since the lowa Veteran's Home State appropriation is less than 8.0% of the total budget and the vast majority of that budget comes from revenues paid from a variety of sources.

General Fund appropriation for the Homestead Property Tax Credit.

DETAIL: The appropriation funds the tax credit at the FY 2020 level, which is \$2,799,690 below the estimate to fully fund the tax credit in FY 2021.

General Fund appropriation for the Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit.

DETAIL: The appropriation funds the tax credit at the FY 2020 level, which is \$2,460,000 below the estimate to fully fund the tax credit in FY 2021.

Specifies that if the Director of the Department of Revenue determines that the FY 2021 amounts appropriated for the Homestead Property Tax Credit (Iowa Code section 425.1) and Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit and Rent Reimbursement (Iowa Code sections 425.16 and 425.40) are projected to be insufficient to fully fund all claims under those programs, the Director shall calculate the percentage of each claim amount that will be funded through the two State appropriations and shall notify the county treasurers of the reimbursement percentage by June 30, 2020. Specifies that, after proration, if the amount

37 18 37 19 37 20 37 21 37 22 37 23 37 24 37 25 37 26 37 27 37 28	June 26, 2020. The director shall estimate the percentage of the property tax credits and rent reimbursement claims that will be funded by the appropriation and notify the county treasurer of the percentage estimate by June 30, 2020. The estimated percentage shall be used in computing for each claim the amount of property tax credit and reimbursement for rent constituting property taxes paid for that fiscal year. If the director overestimates the percentage of funding, claims for reimbursement for rent constituting property taxes paid shall be paid until they can no longer be paid at the estimated percentage of funding. Rent reimbursement claims filed after that point in time shall receive priority and shall be paid in the following fiscal year.	appropriated for either program is insufficient to fully reimburse political subdivisions for all claims at the determined percentage, any claims in excess of the appropriation shall not be reimbursed by the State for FY 2021. Specifies that claims for rent reimbursement that are denied in FY 2021 due to insufficient funds shall receive priority and shall be paid in FY 2022. DETAIL: The appropriations in this Act for the property tax credits from the General Fund and the Taxpayer Relief Fund are estimated to fully fund these credits in FY 2021.
37 32 37 33 37 34	Sec. 59. TAXPAYER RELIEF FUND — APPROPRIATION. There is appropriated from the taxpayer relief fund created in section 8.57E to the department of revenue for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amounts, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:	Appropriates a total of \$5,259,690 in FY 2021 from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the Department of Revenue for the Homestead Property Tax Credit and the Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit. DETAIL: These appropriations in combination with the General Fund appropriations in this Act are estimated to fully fund the Homestead Property Tax Credit and the Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit in FY 2021.
38 1 38 2 38 3	under section 425.1:	Appropriates \$2,799,690 from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the Department of Revenue for the Homestead Tax Credit and are estimated to fully fund the tax credit at \$142,784,208 in FY 2021.
38 4 38 5 38 6	reimbursement pursuant to sections 425.16 through 425.40:	Appropriates \$2,460,000 from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the Department of Revenue for the Elderly and Disabled Tax Credit and are estimated to fully fund the tax credit at \$22,960,000 in FY 2021.
38 7 38 8 38 9	Act, if approved by the governor after June 26, 2020, applies	Division XIV of this Act applies retroactively to June 26, 2020, as the Governor signed this Act after June 26, 2020.
38 10 38 11		
38 12 38 13 38 14 38 15 38 16 38 17 38 18	Senate File 2259, section 1, is amended to read as follows: 100B.41 DONATION OF FIRE FIGHTING, EMERGENCY MEDICAL RESPONSE, AND LAW ENFORCEMENT EQUIPMENT. A fire department, emergency medical services provider, or law enforcement agency may donate used vehicles or equipment to an organization that provides fire response or emergency	CODE: Corrective provision for SF 2259 (Firefighter Equipment Donations, Liability Act). DETAIL: This Act was approved by the General Assembly on March 4, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 1, 2020.

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38 19 medical services, or to a law enforcement agency. An entity

- 38 20 making a good faith donation of equipment pursuant to this
- 38 21 subsection section shall be immune from civil liability from
- 38 22 any claim arising from the performance, failure to perform,
- 38 23 nature, age, condition, or packaging of any vehicle or
- 38 24 equipment used in fire fighting, emergency medical response,
- 38 25 or law enforcement.
- 38 26 Sec. 62. Section 124E.9, subsection 15, if enacted by 2020
- 38 27 Iowa Acts, House File 2589, section 20, is amended to read as
- 38 28 follows:
- 38 29 15. A medical cannabidiol dispensary may dispense more
- 38 30 than a combined total of four and one-half grams of total
- 8 31 tetrahydrocannabinol to a patient and the patient's primary
- 38 32 caregiver in a ninety-day period if any of the following apply:
- 38 33 a. The health care practitioner who certified the patient to
- 38 34 receive a medical cannabidiol registration card certifies that
- 38 35 patient's debilitating medical condition is a terminal illness
- 39 1 with a life expectancy of less than one year. A certification
- 39 2 issued pursuant to this paragraph shall include a total
- 39 3 tetrahydrocannabinol cap deemed appropriate by the patient's
- 39 4 health care practitioner.
- 39 5 b. The health care practitioner who certified the patient
- 39 6 to receive a medical cannabidiol registration card certifies
- 39 7 that the patient has participated in the medical cannabidiol
- 39 8 program and that the health care practitioner has determined
- 9 9 that four and one-half grams of total tetrahydrocannabinol
- 39 10 in a ninety-day period is insufficient to treat the
- 39 11 patient's debilitating medical condition. A certification
- 39 12 issued pursuant to this paragraph shall include a total
- 39 13 tetrahydrocannabinol cap deemed appropriate by the patient's
- 39 14 health care practitioner.
- 39 15 Sec. 63. Section 218.70, Code 2020, as amended by 2020 Iowa
- 39 16 Acts, House File 2536, section 78, if enacted, is amended to
- 39 17 read as follows:
- 39 18 218.70 PAYMENT TO PARTY ENTITLED.
- 39 19 Moneys transmitted to the treasurer or of state under
- 39 20 section 218.68 shall be paid, at any time within ten years
- 39 21 from the death of the intestate, to any person who is shown
- 39 22 to be entitled thereto. Payment shall be made from the state
- 39 23 treasury out of the support fund of such institution in the
- 39 24 manner provided for the payment of other claims from that fund.
- 39 25 Sec. 64. Section 260C.48, subsection 1, paragraph a,
- 39 26 subparagraph (2), Code 2020, as enacted by 2020 Iowa Acts,
- 39 27 House File 2454, section 1, is amended to read as follows:
- 39 28 (2) For purposes of subparagraph (1), subparagraph
- 39 29 divisions (b) and (c), if the instructor is a licensed

CODE: Corrective provision for HF 2589 (Medical Cannabidiol Act).

DETAIL: This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 3, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

CODE: Corrective provision for <u>HF 2536</u> (Substantive Code Editor's Act).

DETAIL: This Act was passed by the General Assembly on June 3, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

CODE: Corrective provision for <u>HF 2454</u> (State Accreditation Standards and Process Act).

DETAIL: This Act was passed by the General Assembly on March 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 1, 2020.

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- 39 30 practitioner who holds a career and technical endorsement under
- 39 31 chapter 272, relevant work experience in the occupational area
- 39 32 includes but is not limited to classroom instruction in a
- 39 33 career and technical education subject area offered by a school
- 39 34 district or accredited nonpublic school.
- 39 35 Sec. 65. Section 321.279, subsection 2, paragraph b, as
- 40 1 enacted by 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 2275, section 1, is
- 40 2 amended to read as follows:
- 40 3 b. The driver of a motor vehicle who commits a violation
- 40 4 under this section subsection and who has previously committed
- 40 5 a violation under this section subsection or subsection 3 is,
- 40 6 upon conviction, guilty of a class "D" felony.
- 40 7 Sec. 66. Section 514C.35, subsection 4, paragraph d,
- 40 8 subparagraph (1), if enacted by 2020 Iowa Acts, Senate File
- 0 9 2261, section 5, is amended to read as follows:
- 40 10 (1)—A any Any school, other than a public school, that is
- 40 11 accredited pursuant to section 256.11 for any and all levels
- 40 12 for grades one through twelve.
- 40 13 Sec. 67. Section 709.23, subsection 2, if enacted by 2020
- 40 14 Iowa Acts, House File 2554, section 4, is amended to read as
- 40 15 follows:
- 40 16 2. A person who commits continuous sexual abuse of a
- 40 17 child is, upon conviction, guilty of a class "B" felony.
- 40 18 Notwithstanding section 902.9, subsection 1, paragraph "b",
- 40 19 a person convicted of a violation of this subsection section
- 40 20 involving any combination of three or more acts of sexual abuse
- 40 21 that includes a violation of section 709.3 or 709.4 shall be
- 40 22 confined for no more than fifty years.
- 40 23 Sec. 68. 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 2357, section 9,
- 40 24 subsection 2, paragraph b, subparagraph (1), subparagraph
- 40 25 division (a), is amended to read as follows:
- 40 26 (a) Review of requirements. The supervising physician and
- 40 27 the physician assistant shall review all of the requirements
- 40 28 of physician assistant licensure, practice, supervision, and
- 40 29 delegation of medical services as set forth in section 148.13
- 40 30 and chapter 148C, the lowa administrative code chapter chapters
- 40 31 under 653 IAC, and 645 IAC chapters 326 to 329.
- 40 32 Sec. 69. 2020 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2357, section 10,
- 40 33 subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1, is amended to read as
- 40 34 follows:
- 40 35 The Notwithstanding section 148C.5, the board of physician
- 41 1 assistants shall rescind all of the following:

CODE: Corrective provision for <u>SF 2275</u> (Eluding Law Enforcement Act).

DETAIL: This Act was passed by the General Assembly on March 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 1, 2020.

CODE: Corrective provision for SF 2261 (Telehealth in Schools Act).

DETAIL: This Act was passed by the General Assembly on June 5, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

CODE: Corrective provision for <u>HF 2554</u> (Continuous Sexual Abuse of a Child Act).

DETAIL: This Act was passed by the General Assembly on June 3, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

CODE: Corrective provision for <u>SF 2357</u> (Physician Assistants, Scope of Practice Act).

DETAIL: This Act was passed by the General Assembly on March 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on March 18, 2020. The Act took effect March 18, 2020.

CODE: Corrective provision for <u>SF 2357</u> (Physician Assistants, Scope of Practice Act).

DETAIL: This Act was passed by the General Assembly on March 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on March 18, 2020. The Act took effect March 18, 2020.

41 41	2	Sec. 70. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.	Specifies that Division XV of this Act relating to corrective provisions takes effect upon enactment.
41 41 41 41 41	4 5 6 7 8 9	Sec. 71. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. The following apply retroactively to March 18, 2020: 1. The section of this division of this Act amending 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 2357, section 9. 2. The section of this division of this Act amending 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 2357, section 10.	Specifies that the corrective provisions for <u>SF 2357</u> (Physician Assistants, Scope of Practice Act) apply retroactively to March 18, 2020.
41 41		DIVISION XVI IOWA STATE FAIR BOARD —— BOND AUTHORIZATION	
41 41 41 41 41 41	14 15 16 17 18 19	Sec. 72. IOWA STATE FAIR BOARD —— BOND AUTHORIZATION. If the lowa state fair board decides not to hold the lowa state fair for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the lowa state fair board is authorized to issue and sell negotiable revenue bonds of the lowa state fair authority pursuant to section 173.14B during the fiscal year for purposes of providing sufficient funds for the advancement of any of its corporate purposes, including salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes.	Authorizes the Iowa State Fair Board to issue and sell revenue bonds during FY 2021 to support salaries, support, maintenance and other purposes if the 2020 Iowa State Fair is cancelled. NOTE: The 2020 Iowa State Fair was cancelled on June 10, 2020.
41 41 41 41 41 41 41	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	close of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the	Specifies that any funds remaining from the \$1,015,442 appropriation related to the temporary relocation of the ILEA in SF 615 (FY 2020 Justice System Appropriations Act) will not revert at the end of FY 2020 but will remain available for expenditure through FY 2021.
41 41		Sec. 74. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.	Specifies that Division XVII of this Act relating to the carryforward of funds from FY 2020 to FY 2021 for the ILEA temporary relocation appropriation take effect upon enactment.
42 42 42		Sec. 75. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. This division of this Act, if approved by the governor on or after July 1, 2020, applies retroactively to June 30, 2020.	Specifies that Division XVIII of this Act relating to nonpublic concurrent enrollment applies retroactively to June 30, 2020, if the Governor approves this Act on or after July 1, 2020.

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DIVISION XVIII

42 4

42	5 NONPUBLIC SCHOOL CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT	
42 42 42 42 1 42 1 42 1 42 1 42 1 42 1	enrollment of accredited nonpublic students under section 261E.8, subsection 2, paragraph "b", if enacted by 2019 lowa Acts, Senate File 603: 10	Specifies that any funds remaining from the \$1,000,000 FY 2020 General Fund appropriation to the Department of Education for payments to the community colleges for concurrent enrollment of nonpublic students do not revert at the end of FY 2020 but will remain available for expenditure through FY 2021.
42 2 42 2 42 2 42 2	Sec. 77. NONREVERSION NOT APPLICABLE TO FY 2020-2021. The specified nonreversion provision set forth in 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 135, section 5, subsection 27, as amended in this division of this Act, is not applicable to the associated appropriation made for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, notwithstanding section 1 of this Act.	Specifies that the nonreversion provision does not apply to the FY 2021 General Fund appropriation for the same purpose.
42 2 42 2	Sec. 78. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.	Specifies that Division XVIII of this Act relating to the carryforward of funds from FY 2020 to FY 2021 for the payment to community colleges for concurrent enrollment costs takes effect upon enactment.
	Sec. 79. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. This division of this Act, if approved by the governor on or after July 1, 2020, applies retroactively to June 30, 2020.	Specifies that Division XVIII of this Act is effective on enactment and applies retroactively to June 30, 2020, if the Governor approves this Act on or after July 1, 2020.
42 3 42 3		
43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	Sec. 80. Section 455A.18, subsection 3, paragraph a, Code 2020, is amended to read as follows: a. For each fiscal year of the fiscal period beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 2021 2023, there is appropriated from the general fund, to the lowa resources enhancement and protection fund, the amount of twenty million dollars, to be used as provided in this chapter. However, in any fiscal year of the fiscal period, if moneys from the lottery are appropriated by the state to the fund, the amount appropriated under this subsection shall be reduced by the	CODE: Extends the date for the General Fund appropriation for the Resource Enhancement and Protection (REAP) Fund from June 30, 2021, to June 30, 2023. The REAP Fund is administered by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

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9 amount appropriated from the lottery.

43 10 43 11	DIVISION XX CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURT	
43 14 43 15 43 16 43 17 43 18 43 19 43 20 43 21 43 22 43 23 43 24 43 25 43 26 43 27 43 28	Sec. 81. Section 602.1215, subsection 1, Code 2020, is amended to read as follows: 1. Subject to the provisions of section 602.1209, subsection 3, the district judges of each judicial election district shall by majority vote appoint persons to serve as clerks of the district court within the judicial election district. The district judges of a judicial election district may appoint a person to serve as clerk of the district court for more than one but not more than four contiguous counties county in the same judicial district. A person does not qualify for appointment to the office of clerk of the district court unless the person is at the time of application a resident of the state. A clerk of the district court may be removed from office for cause by the chief judge of the judicial district, after consultation with the district judges of the judicial election district. Prior to removal, the clerk of the district court shall be notified of the cause for removal.	CODE: Removes the statutory limitation on the number of counties that a clerk of court can serve within a judicial district, allowing for a more efficient workflow according to the needs of the district and cost savings for the Judicial Branch. NOTE: Currently, a clerk of court can supervise a maximum of four contiguous counties.
43 30 43 31	DIVISION XXI DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPRIATION —— FY 2019-2020	
43 34 43 35 44 1 44 2 44 3 44 4 44 5 44 6 44 7 44 8	Sec. 82. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the department of public safety for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, the following amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: For overtime expenses, including salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes:	General Fund supplemental appropriation to the Department of Public Safety (DPS) for overtime expenses. CODE: Specifies that any funds remaining at the close of FY 2020 may carry forward into FY 2021.
44 11 44 12	Sec. 83. APPROPRIATION NOT APPLICABLE TO FY 2020-2021. The appropriation set forth in this division of this Act shall not be made for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, notwithstanding section 1 of this Act.	Specifies that the supplemental appropriation for FY 2020 does not apply to FY 2021.
44 14 44 15	Sec. 84. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.	Specifies that Division XXI of this Act relating to the FY 2020 supplemental appropriation to the DPS for overtime expenses takes effect upon enactment.

Sec. 85. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. This division of this 44 17 Act, if approved by the governor on or after July 1, 2020, 44 18 applies retroactively to June 30, 2020. 44 19 DIVISION XXII 44 20 ALARM SYSTEM CONTRACTORS —— FEES AND FINES Sec. 86. Section 100C.1, Code 2020, is amended by adding the 44 22 following new subsection: 44 23 NEW SUBSECTION 8A. "False alarm" means the activation of 44 24 an alarm system when a situation requiring emergency response 44 25 does not actually exist. For purposes of this chapter, "false 44 26 alarm" does not include the activation of an alarm system as a 44 27 result of weather conditions. Sec. 87. Section 100C.6, subsection 1, Code 2020, is amended 44 28 44 29 to read as follows: 1. Relieve any person from payment of any local permit or 30 44 31 building fee, except as provided in section 100C.11. Sec. 88.NEW SECTION 100C.11 ALARM SYSTEMS —— FEES OR 44 32 FINES — LIMITATIONS. 33 A political subdivision shall not adopt or enforce an 44 34 35 ordinance, resolution, rule, or other measure requiring an 1 alarm system contractor to pay a fee or fine associated with 2 any of the following: 45 45 3 False alarms. 2. Emergency response to false alarms. 3. Permits associated with placing or keeping an alarm 45 6 system in service, not including any installation permits 7 required by the political subdivision's building code. Sec. 89.NEW SECTION 100C.12 COLLECTION OF FEES. 45 1. If, prior to the effective date of this division of this 45 45 10 Act, an alarm system contractor charged its customers an amount 45 11 equal to the costs the political subdivision of the state 45 12 imposed on the alarm system contractor for permits associated 45 13 with placing or keeping an alarm in service, as shown on a 45 14 separate line item on the customer's invoice, the alarm system 45 15 contractor may continue to collect from its customers such fees 45 16 until December 31, 2020. The alarm system contractor shall 45 17 pay to the political subdivision of the state or its designee 45 18 the fees collected under this section in accordance with the 45 19 instructions of the political subdivision or the political 45 20 subdivision's designee. 2. Fees collected by an alarm system contractor under 45 22 this section shall not be subject to audit by a political 45 23 subdivision or the political subdivision's designee.

Specifies that Division XXI of this Act applies retroactively to June 30, 2020, if the Governor approves this Act on or after July 1, 2020.

CODE: Amends lowa Code section 100C.1 to include the definition of "false alarm". For the purposes of this Section, a false alarm is defined as the activation of an alarm system when a situation requiring emergency response does not actually exist. This does not include the activation of an alarm system as a result of weather conditions. Also excludes false alarms, emergency response to false alarms, and certain permits from being subject to fee collection under lowa Code section 100C.6.

CODE: Prohibits a political subdivision from adopting or enforcing an ordinance, resolution, rule, or other measure requiring an alarm system contractor to pay a fee or fine associated with false alarms, emergency response to false alarms, or permits associated with placing or keeping an alarm system in service, not including any installation permits required by the political subdivision's building code.

Specifies that if an alarm system contractor charged its customers an amount equal to the cost that a political subdivision of the State imposed on the contractor for permits associated with placing or keeping an alarm in service, the contractor may continue to collect such fees from a customer until December 31, 2020. Fees collected under this Section are required to be paid back to the political subdivision or its designee.

Sec. 90. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.

DIVISION XXIII
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Sec. 91. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 154, section 3, subsection 1, paragraph b, is amended by adding the following new subparagraph:

NEW SUBPARAGRAPH (7) For technical assistance to communications service providers in completing applications for federal funds, or any other funds from any public or private sources, related to improving broadband infrastructure.

Specifies that Division XXII of this Act relating to alarm system contractor fees and fines takes effect upon enactment.

CODE: Adds to the specified purposes for which the FY 2020 General Fund appropriation to the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) for operations may be used to include technical assistance to communications service providers in completing applications for funding related to improving broadband infrastructure.

VETOED

VETOED: The Governor vetoed this Section stating that Iowa's Office of Chief Information Officer (OCIO) coordinates broadband initiatives and has the best expertise to assist in these efforts, and that introducing another governmental entity is unnecessary and could be counterproductive.

Makes all specified uses of the General Fund appropriation to the IEDA for operations for FY 2020 also applicable to a similar appropriation for FY 2021.

Transfers \$100,000 in insurance receipts to the IEDA for insurance economic development and international insurance economic development.

DETAIL: Maintains the current funding level compared to estimated net FY 2020. Transfers \$100,000 of the funds collected by the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce in excess of the anticipated gross revenues to the IEDA for insurance economic development purposes. These funds are used by the IEDA to recruit insurance companies to the State.

CODE: Appropriates federal funds to the lowa Workforce Development (IWD) from the Employment Security Administration Account of the federal Unemployment Trust Fund for administration of the State Unemployment Compensation Program without specifying an amount. This appropriation does not apply to any fiscal year beginning after December 31, 2020 (FY 2021).

FISCAL IMPACT: It is estimated that no funds will be transferred to the IWD for FY 2021 from the federal Employment Security Administration Account.

45 35 Sec. 92. POWERS APPLICABLE TO FY 2020-2021. The powers set

46 1 forth in 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 154, section 3, subsection 1,

6 2 paragraph "b", as amended in this division of this Act, are

46 3 applicable to the associated appropriation made for the fiscal

6 4 year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, pursuant

46 5 to section 1 of this Act.

46 6 Sec. 93. INSURANCE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. From the

46 7 moneys collected by the insurance division in excess of the

8 anticipated gross revenues under section 505.7, subsection

46 9 3, during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, \$100,000

46 10 shall be transferred to the economic development authority for

46 11 insurance economic development and international insurance

46 12 economic development.

46 13 Sec. 94. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

46 14 PROGRAM. Notwithstanding section 96.9, subsection 4, paragraph

46 15 "a", moneys credited to the state by the secretary of the

46 16 treasury of the United States pursuant to section 903 of the

46 17 Social Security Act are appropriated to the department of

46 18 workforce development and shall be used by the department for

46 19 the administration of the unemployment compensation program

46 20 only. This appropriation shall not apply to any fiscal year

46 21 beginning after December 31, 2020.

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46 22 46 23	Sec. 95. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.	Specifies that Division XXIII of this Act relating to the IEDA takes effect upon enactment.
46 26	retroactively to July 1, 2019: The section of this division of this Act enacting 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 154, section 3, subsection 1, paragraph "b",	Specifies that the provision allowing the IEDA to use General Fund appropriations for technical assistance to communications services providers in completing applications for funding related to improving broadband infrastructure is effective retroactively to July 1, 2019.
46 29 46 30		
46 33 46 34	Sec. 97. COLLEGE STUDENT AID COMMISSION. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the college student aid commission for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes	General Fund appropriation to the College Student Aid Commission for the administration of the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship, contingent on the enactment of HF 2629 (Future Ready Iowa Act).
47 1 47 2 47 3	designated: For implementation of 2020 lowa Acts, House File 2629, if enacted, including salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes:	NOTE: House File 2629 (Future Ready lowa Act) was passed by the General Assembly on June 12, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.
	appropriated from the general fund of the state to the college student aid commission for the fiscal year beginning July 1,	General Fund appropriation to the College Student Aid Commission for the implementation of <u>SF 2398</u> (Rural Veterinary Loan Repayment Program Act).
47 10 47 11 47 12 47 13	much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: For implementation of 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 2398, if enacted, including salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes:	NOTE: Senate File 2398 (Rural Veterinary Loan Repayment Program Act) was passed by the General Assembly on June 11, 2020 and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.
	from the general fund of the state to the department of public	General Fund appropriation to the DPS for implementation of <u>HF 2581</u> (Hemp and Consumer Public Safety Act), if enacted.
47 19 47 20 47 21 47 22	safety for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: For implementation of 2020 lowa Acts, House File 2581, as amended in this Act, if enacted, including salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes: 411,000	NOTE: House File 2581 (Hemp and Consumer Public Safety Act) was passed by the General Assembly on June 5, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.
	Sec. 100. IOWA LAW ENFORCEMENT ACADEMY. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the Iowa law enforcement academy for the fiscal year beginning July	General Fund appropriation to the ILEA for the implementation of <u>HF 2647</u> (Criminal Justice Reform Act).

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47 28 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or 47 29 so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes 47 30 designated: 47 31 For implementation of 2020 lowa Acts, House File 2647, 47 32 if enacted, including salaries, support, maintenance, and 47 33 miscellaneous purposes: 47 34	NOTE: House File 2647 (Criminal Justice Reform Act) was passed by the General Assembly on June 11, 2020, and was signed by the Governor on June 12, 2020.
Sec. 101. CONTINGENT REPEAL. The section of this division of this Act appropriating moneys to the college student aid commission for implementation of 2020 Iowa Acts, House File 3 2629, is repealed if 2020 Iowa Acts, House File 2629, is not 4 enacted.	Specifies that moneys appropriated in this Act for the College Student Aid Commission are repealed if HF 2629 (Future Ready Iowa Act) is not enacted. NOTE: House File 2629 (Future Ready Iowa Act) was approved by the General Assembly on June 12, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.
 Sec. 102. CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE. The following takes effect on the effective date of 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 7 2398, if enacted: The section of this division of this Act appropriating moneys to the college student aid commission for implementation of 2020 lowa Acts, Senate File 2398. 	Specifies that the General Fund appropriation to the College Student Aid Commission for implementation of <u>SF 2398</u> (Rural Veterinary Loan Repayment Program Act) takes effect on the effective date of SF 2398, if enacted.
48 11 Sec. 103. CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE. The following takes 48 12 effect on the effective date of 2020 lowa Acts, House File 48 13 2581, as amended in this Act, if enacted: 48 14 The section of this division of this Act appropriating 48 15 moneys to the department of public safety.	Specifies that the General Fund appropriation to the DPS for implementation of <u>HF 2581</u> (Hemp Consumer and Public Safety Act) takes effect on the effective date of HF 2581, if enacted.
48 16 Sec. 104. CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE. The following takes 48 17 effect on the effective date of 2020 lowa Acts, House File 48 18 2647, if enacted: 48 19 The section of this division of this Act appropriating 48 20 moneys to the lowa law enforcement academy.	Specifies that the General Fund appropriation to the ILEA for implementation of <u>HF 2647</u> (Criminal Justice Reform Act) takes effect on the effective date of HF 2647.
48 21 DIVISION XXV 48 22 ADJUSTMENT TO SCHOOL FOUNDATION AID	
Sec. 105. ADJUSTMENT TO STATE FOUNDATION AID FOR SCHOOL BUDGET YEAR 2020-2021. 1. If a school district was required to repay property taxes paid or had a reduction in property taxes due for school taxes levied for the school budget year beginning July 1, 2019, on a property that received an assessed value reduction for the assessment year beginning January 1, 2018, by action of the board of review or property assessment appeal board, or by judicial action, and the amount of the reduction for the property exceeded \$47,000,000, the school district is eligible	CODE: Allows for an adjustment in State foundation aid in FY 2021 for school districts that have received an assessed value reduction by a local board of review or property assessment appeal board in assessment year (AY) 2018. DETAIL: School districts may apply to the DOM for an adjustment in State foundation aid if an assessment on a property of \$5,000,000 or more was reduced by a local board of review or property assessment appeal board.

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48 33 for an adjustment in state foundation aid for the budget year FISCAL IMPACT: This Division is estimated to increase the FY 2021 34 beginning July 1, 2020. General Fund appropriation for State foundation aid by \$254,000, 48 35 2. To receive the adjustment in state foundation aid, the subject to district request. 1 school district shall apply to the department of management 2 within thirty days following the effective date of this 3 division of this Act and section 257.12, subsection 3, shall 4 not apply. The department of management shall determine the 5 amount of adjustment in state foundation aid pursuant to 49 6 subsection 3. 3. The department of management shall determine the amount 8 of state foundation aid which the school district would 9 have received under section 257.1 for the school budget year 49 10 beginning July 1, 2019, in the manner provided in section 49 11 257.12, subsection 2. The adjustment in state foundation aid 49 12 under this section shall be paid as provided in section 257.16. Sec. 106. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being Specifies that Division XXV of this Act allowing for an adjustment in State foundation aid in FY 2021, takes effective upon enactment. 14 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. 49 15 **DIVISION XXVI** 49 16 HEMP REGULATION Sec. 107. REPEAL. 2020 Iowa Acts, House File 2581, section Repeals language related to the existing contingent effective date of HF 2581 (Hemp Consumer and Public Safety Act) and replaces it with 49 18 19, if enacted, is repealed. Sec. 108. 2020 Iowa Acts, House File 2581, if enacted, is a new effective date upon enactment of this Act. 49 20 amended by adding the following new section: 49 21 NEW SECTION 19A. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed 49 22 of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. Sec. 109. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. The following applies Specifies that the repeal of the section containing the existing 49 24 retroactively to the effective date of 2020 lowa Acts, House contingent effective date in HF 2581 is retroactively applied to the 49 25 File 2581, as amended in this division of this Act, if enacted: enactment date of HF 2581, if enacted. The section of this division of this Act repealing 2020 Iowa 49 27 Acts, House File 2581, section 19. 49 28 **DIVISION XXVII** 49 29 **GRAIN REGULATION** Sec. 110. APPROPRIATION. There is appropriated from the General Fund appropriation to the Department of Agriculture and Land 31 general fund of the state to the department of agriculture Stewardship for the administration and regulation of programs related 32 and land stewardship for the fiscal year beginning July 1, to grain dealers and grain warehouses. 33 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amount, or so 49 34 much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes 49 35 designated: For the administration and enforcement of chapters 203 2 and 203C, including salaries, support, maintenance, and 3 miscellaneous purposes: 50 350.000

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 50 5 Sec. 111. SUSPENSION. Notwithstanding section 203D.5, 50 6 the fees described in that section shall not be assessable or 50 7 owing. 	Specifies that there will be no assessment fees deposited into the Grain Indemnity Fund during FY 2021.
50 8 Sec. 112. REPEAL. The section of this division of this Act 50 9 suspending fees under section 203D.5 is repealed on March 1, 50 10 2021.	Repeals the suspension of fees to the Grain Indemnity Fund on March 1, 2021.
50 11 Sec. 113. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being 50 12 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.	Specifies that Division XXVII of this Act relating to grain regulation takes effect upon enactment.
50 13 DIVISION XXVIII 50 14 RETURNS ON SEARCH WARRANTS	
50 15 Sec. 114. Section 808.8, subsection 2, Code 2020, is amended to read as follows: 50 17 2. The officer must file, with the officer's return, a complete inventory of the property taken, and state under oath including a sworn statement that it is accurate to the best of the officer's knowledge. The magistrate must, if requested, deliver a copy of the inventory of seized property to the person from whose possession it was taken and to the applicant for the warrant.	CODE: Requires law enforcement officers executing a search warrant to file a complete inventory of the property taken during an investigation, including a sworn statement, with the officer's return. DETAIL: This modification permits officers to sign return of service pursuant to lowa Code section 622.1, which allows for an unsworn statement provided the document is signed under the penalty of perjury. In 2017, the General Assembly provisionally amended lowa Code chapter 808 pertaining to search warrants to allow transmission of an application for and issuance of a search warrant by electronic means. On April 27, 2020, the Judicial Branch issued a memorandum of operation for the Electronic Search Warrant Pilot Project. The Judicial Branch signed an annual contract with DocuSign for use during the COVID-19 pandemic and will continue to use the service going forward.
Sec. 115. CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act takes effect on the effective date of rules prescribed by the supreme court and submitted to the legislative council pursuant to section 602.4202, that establish processes and procedures for the application and issuance of a search warrant by electronic means to implement 2017 lowa Acts, chapter 37.	Specifies that Division XXVIII of this Act takes effect on the effective date of rules prescribed by the Supreme Court and submitted to the Legislative Council pursuant to Iowa Code section 602.4202. The Section establishes processes and procedures for the application and issuance of a search warrant by electronic means to implement 2017 Iowa Acts, chapter 37 (Electronic Search Warrant Applications and Issuance and Seized Property Inventories).
50 30 DIVISION XXIX 50 31 COUNTY ZONING	
50 32 Sec. 116. Section 335.8, subsection 1, Code 2020, as amended 50 33 by 2020 lowa Acts, House File 2512, section 3, is amended to 50 34 read as follows: 50 35 1. In order to avail itself of the powers conferred by this 51 1 chapter, the board of supervisors shall appoint a commission	CODE: Specifies that members of a county zoning commission must reside within the county, but outside the corporate limits of any city.

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- 51 2 consisting of eligible electors, as defined in section 39.3,
- 51 3 who reside within the area regulated by the county zoning
- 51 4 ordinance county, but outside the corporate limits of any city,
- 51 5 to be known as the county zoning commission. The commission
- 51 6 may recommend the boundaries of the various districts and
- 1 7 appropriate regulations and restrictions to be enforced in
- 51 8 the districts. The commission shall, with due diligence,
- 51 9 prepare a preliminary report and hold public hearings on the
- 51 10 preliminary report before submitting the commission's final
- 51 11 report. The board of supervisors shall not hold its public
- 51 12 hearings or take action until it has received the final report
- 51 13 of the commission. After the adoption of the regulations,
- 51 14 restrictions, and boundaries of districts, the zoning
- 51 15 commission may, from time to time, recommend to the board of
- 51 16 supervisors amendments, supplements, changes, or modifications.
- 51 17 The commission's report and any recommendations may include a
- 51 18 proposed ordinance or amendments to an ordinance.
- 51 19 Sec. 117. Section 335.11, Code 2020, as amended by 2020
- 51 20 Iowa Acts, House File 2512, section 4, is amended to read as
- 51 21 follows:
- 51 22 335.11 MEMBERSHIP OF BOARD.
- 51 23 The board of adjustment shall consist of five members who
- 51 24 are eligible electors, as defined in section 39.3, and who
- 51 25 reside within the area regulated by the county zoning ordinance
- 51 26 county, but outside the corporate limits of any city, each to
- 51 27 be appointed for a term of five years, excepting that when the
- 51 28 board shall first be created one member shall be appointed for
- 51 29 a term of five years, one for a term of four years, one for a
- 51 30 term of three years, one for a term of two years, and one for
- 51 31 a term of one year. Members shall be removable for cause by
- 51 32 the appointing authority upon written charges and after public
- 1 33 hearing. Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term of
- 51 34 any member whose term becomes vacant.
- 51 35 Sec. 118. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being
- 52 1 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.
- 52 2 Sec. 119. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. This division of this
- 52 3 Act applies retroactively to June 1, 2020, to members of county
- 52 4 zoning commissions and county boards of adjustment holding
- 52 5 office on or after that date.
- 52 6 DIVISION XXX
- 52 7 COLLEGE STUDENT AID COMMISSION
- 52 8 Sec. 120. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 154, section 17,
- 52 9 subsection 1, paragraph d, is amended to read as follows:

CODE: Specifies that members of a county board of adjustment must reside within the county, but outside the corporate limits of any city.

Specifies that Division XXIX of this Act pertaining to county zoning takes effect upon enactment.

Specifies that Division XXIX of this Act pertaining to members of county zoning commissions and county boards of adjustment holding office applies retroactively to June 1, 2020.

Transfers \$600,000 from the FY 2020 Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund appropriation to the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Grant August 2020

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52	10	d. COLLEGE STUDENT AID COMMISSION
52	11	For deposit in the future ready lowa skilled workforce grant
52	12	fund established pursuant to section 261.132, as enacted by
52	13	2018 Iowa Acts, chapter 1067, section 13:
52	14	\$ 1,000,000
52	15	Of the moneys appropriated in this lettered paragraph.
52	16	\$600,000 shall be transferred to the future ready lowa skilled
52	17	workforce last-dollar scholarship fund created in section
52	18	<u>261.131.</u>
-	19	Sec. 121. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being
52	20	deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.
52	21	Sec. 122. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. This division of this
-		Act applies retroactively to July 1, 2019.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
E0	22	DIVICION VVVI
52 52		DIVISION XXXI VOTING
52	24	VOTING
52	25	Sec. 123. Section 53.2, subsection 4, paragraph a,
	26	unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2020, is amended to read as
	27	follows:
-	28	Each application shall contain the following information To
	29	request an absentee ballot, a registered voter shall provide:
	30	Sec. 124. Section 53.2, subsection 4, paragraph b, Code
52		2020, is amended to read as follows:
	32	b. If insufficient information has been provided, including
52		the absence of a voter verification number, either on the
52	34	prescribed form or on an application created by the applicant,
52	35	the commissioner shall, by the best means available, obtain
53	1	the additional necessary information within twenty-four hours
53	2	after the receipt of the absentee ballot request, contact the
53	3	applicant by telephone and electronic mail, if such information
53	4	has been provided by the applicant. If the commissioner is
53	5	unable to contact the applicant by telephone or electronic
53	6	mail, the commissioner shall send a notice to the applicant
53	7	at the address where the applicant is registered to vote, or
53	8	to the applicant's mailing address if it is different from
53	9	the residential address. If the applicant has requested the
53	10	ballot to be sent to an address that is not the applicant's
53	11	residential or mailing address, the commissioner shall send an
53	12	additional notice to the address where the applicant requested
53	13	the ballot to be sent. A commissioner shall not use the voter
53	14	registration system to obtain additional necessary information.
53	15	A voter requesting or casting a ballot pursuant to section

Fund to the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship.

Specifies that Division XXX of this Act relating to the College Student Aid Commission Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Grant Fund takes effect upon enactment.

Specifies that Division XXX of this Act relating to the College Student Aid Commission Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Grant Fund applies retroactively to July 1, 2019.

CODE: Modifies provisions of the Iowa Code directing the Commissioner of Elections to obtain necessary information by the best means available to complete a form or application submitted by an applicant that was submitted with insufficient information. The new provision requires the Commissioner to contact the applicant by telephone and electronic mail within 24 hours after the receipt of the absentee ballot request to gather the missing information. If the Commissioner is not able to contact the applicant by telephone or electronic mail, the Commissioner is directed to send a notice to the applicant at the applicant's mailing address, and to the address where the applicant requested the ballot to be sent if it is different from the applicant's mailing address. The Commissioner is barred from using the voter registration system to obtain additional information.

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53 16 53.22 shall not be required to provide a voter verification 53 17 number. Sec. 125. Section 53.2, subsection 4, Code 2020, is amended 19 by adding the following new paragraph: 53 20 NEW PARAGRAPH d. If an applicant does not have current 21 access to the applicant's voter verification number, the 53 22 commissioner shall verify the applicant's identity prior to 53 23 supplying the voter verification number by asking the applicant 53 24 to provide at least two of the following facts about the 53 25 applicant: 53 26 (1) Date of birth. (2) The last four digits of the applicant's social security 53 27 53 28 number, if applicable, (3) Residential address. 53 29 (4) Mailing address. 53 30 (5) Middle name. 53 31 53 32 (6) Voter verification number as defined in paragraph "c". Sec. 126. Section 53.10, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2020, is amended to read as follows: a. Each person who wishes to vote by absentee ballot at 1 the commissioner's office shall first sign an application 2 for a ballot including the following information:name, 3 current address, voter verification number, and the election 4 for which the ballot is requested. The person may report a 5 change of address or other information on the person's voter 6 registration record at that time. Prior to furnishing a 7 ballot, the commissioner shall verify the person's identity 8 as provided in section 49.78. The registered voter shall 9 immediately mark the ballot; enclose the ballot in a secrecy 54 10 envelope, if necessary, and seal it in the envelope marked 54 11 with the affidavit; subscribe to the affidavit on the reverse 54 12 side of the envelope; and return the absentee ballot to the 13 commissioner. The commissioner shall record the numbers 54 14 appearing on the application and affidavit envelope along with 15 the name of the registered voter. **DIVISION XXXII** 54 16 BOARD OF REGENTS - ATTORNEYS 54 17 Sec. 127. Section 262.9, subsection 16, Code 2020, is 19 amended to read as follows: 54 16. In its discretion, employ or retain attorneys or 21 counselors when acting as a public employer for the purpose of

carrying out collective bargaining and related responsibilities
 provided for under chapter 20. This subsection shall supersede
 the provisions of section 13.7 to provide legal counsel or

CODE: Directs the Commissioner of Elections to verify the identity of an applicant for an absentee ballot by asking the applicant to provide at least two personally identifying facts from an enumerated list if the applicant does not have access to the applicant's voter verification number.

CODE: Requires the Commissioner of Elections to verify the identity of an applicant for an absentee ballot by the means provided in Iowa Code section 49.78 prior to furnishing a ballot to the applicant.

CODE: Authorizes the Board of Regents to hire outside legal counsel for matters not associated with court matters, such as patents, intellectual property, and specialized contracts. The Attorney General will continue to represent the Board in matters before the court.

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54	25	legal advice, notwithstanding section 13.7, provided that
		the provisions of section 13.7 shall govern the retention of
		attorneys in any action or proceeding that is brought in any
		court or tribunal.
	29	DIVISION XXXIII
-	30	ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION LINES
0-1	00	ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION ENGLS
54	31	Sec. 128.NEW SECTION 478.16 ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION LINES
-	32	— FEDERALLY REGISTERED PLANNING AUTHORITY TRANSMISSION PLANS.
J 1	52	— LEDENALET REGIOTERED LEANNING ACTIONITY TRANSMISSION LEANS.
54	33	1. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
		requires:
	35	·
55		electric transmission line with a capacity of one hundred
55		kilovolts or more and any associated electric transmission
55		facility, including any substation or other equipment.
55	4	
55		entity who, as of the effective date of this Act, owns and
55		maintains an electric transmission line that is required
55		for rate-regulated electric utilities, municipal electric
55		utilities, and rural electric cooperatives in this state to
55	9	provide electric service to the public for compensation.
55	10	c. "Incumbent electric transmission owner" means any of the
55	11	following:
55	12	(1) A public utility or a municipally owned utility that
55	13	owns, operates, and maintains an electric transmission line in
		this state.
55	15	(2) An electric cooperative corporation or association or
	_	municipally owned utility that owns an electric transmission
		facility in this state and has turned over the functional
		control of such facility to a federally approved authority.
	19	
		"b".
		d. "Landowner" means the same as defined in section 478.2.
	22	
		defined in section 362.2, or an "electric power agency" as
		defined in section 390.9 which is comprised solely of cities or
55	25	solely of cities and other political subdivisions.
		An incumbent electric transmission owner has the right to
		construct, own, and maintain an electric transmission line that
		has been approved for construction in a federally registered
		planning authority transmission plan and which connects to an
55	30	electric transmission facility owned by the incumbent electric
55	31	transmission owner. Where a proposed electric transmission
55	32	line would connect to electric transmission facilities owned
55	33	by two or more incumbent electric transmission owners, each

55 34 incumbent electric transmission owner whose facility connects

CODE: Establishes definitions regarding electric transmission lines and electric transmission owners.

CODE: Allows an existing electric transmission facility owner to construct, own, and maintain an electric transmission line that connects to the electric transmission facility. If a proposed transmission line would connect to facilities owned by two or more facility owners, each owner has the right to construct, own, and maintain the electric transmission line individually and equally.

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GA:88 HF2643 PG LN **Explanation**

- 55 35 to the electric transmission line has the right to construct,
- 1 own, and maintain the electric transmission line individually
- 2 and equally. If an incumbent electric transmission owner
 - 3 declines to construct, own, and maintain its portion of an
- 4 electric transmission line that would connect to electric
- 56 5 transmission facilities owned by two or more incumbent
- 6 electric transmission owners, then the other incumbent electric 56
- 7 transmission owner or owners that own an electric transmission 56
- 8 facility to which the electric transmission line connects
- 9 has the right to construct, own, and maintain the electric
- 56 10 transmission line individually.
- 3. If an electric transmission line has been approved for 56 11
- 56 12 construction in a federally registered planning authority
- 13 transmission plan, and the electric transmission line is
- 14 not subject to a right of first refusal in accordance with
- 15 the tariff of a federally registered planning authority,
- 16 then within ninety days of approval for construction, an
- 17 incumbent electric transmission owner, or owners if there
- 18 is more than one owner, that owns a connecting electric
- 19 transmission facility shall give written notice to the board
- regarding whether the incumbent electric transmission owner
- or owners intend to construct, own, and maintain the electric
- 22 transmission line. If the incumbent electric transmission
- 23 owner or owners give notice of intent to construct the electric
- 24 transmission line, the incumbent electric transmission owner
- 56 25 or owners shall follow the applicable franchise requirements
- 56 26 pursuant to this chapter. If the incumbent electric
- 56 27 transmission owner or owners give notice declining to construct
- 56 28 the electric transmission line, the board may determine whether
- 29 another person may construct the electric transmission line.
- 4. For projects where an election to construct an electric 56
- 31 transmission line has been made under this section, all of the
- 32 following cost accountability measures shall apply: 56
- a. Within thirty days after the issuance of a franchise 33
- 34 pursuant to this chapter for the electric transmission line.
- 35 the incumbent electric transmission owner or owners shall
- provide to the board an estimate of the cost to construct the
- electric transmission line. 37
- b. Until construction of the electric transmission line 56
- is complete, the incumbent electric transmission owner or
- owners shall provide a quarterly report to the board, which
- 41 shall include an updated estimate of the cost to construct the
- 42 electric transmission line and an explanation of changes in the
- 56 43 cost estimate from the prior cost estimate.
- 5. This section shall not modify the authority of the
- 56 45 board under this chapter, the rights of landowners under this

CODE: Allows an electric transmission line in a federally registered planning authority transmission plan to be constructed by an entity other than the incumbent electric transmission facility owner if the line is not subject to a right of first refusal under the tariff of a federally registered planning authority, and if the incumbent facility owner declines to construct the electric transmission line.

CODE: Defines cost accountability measures that apply for projects where an election to construct an electric transmission line has been made under this section.

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56	46	chapter, or the requirements, rights, and obligations relating
56	47	to the construction, maintenance, and operation of electric
56	48	transmission lines pursuant to this chapter.
56	49	6. This section shall not apply to an electric transmission
56	50	line to be placed underground that has not been approved for
		construction in a federally registered planning authority
		transmission plan.
		7. The board shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 17A to
		administer this section.
00	٠.	ddffilliotof the doctor.
56	55	DIVISION XXXIV
56	56	CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE AND RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY
56	57	Sec. 129. EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. Unless otherwise
56	58	provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after
		July 1, 2020, takes effect upon enactment.
56	60	Sec. 130. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. Unless otherwise
56	61	provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after
56 56 56 56	58 59 60 61	provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after July 1, 2020, takes effect upon enactment.

Specifies that this Act is effective on enactment and applies retroactively to July 1, 2020, if the Governor approves the Act on or after July 1, 2020.

Summary Data

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	_	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	_	Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	_	Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	inal Action vs vised Net FY 20 (6)
Administration and Regulation	\$ 48,456,226	\$	55,044,388	\$	0	\$	55,044,388	\$ 53,932,884	\$ -1,111,504
Agriculture and Natural Resources	39,530,366		42,900,777		0		42,900,777	43,250,777	350,000
Economic Development	40,194,356		41,823,073		0		41,823,073	41,595,830	-227,243
Education	912,326,466		953,169,046		0		953,169,046	945,837,630	-7,331,416
Health and Human Services	1,971,469,088		2,028,086,934		0		2,028,086,934	1,987,654,112	-40,432,822
Justice System	766,475,982		790,533,778		2,400,000		792,933,778	768,566,150	-24,367,628
Unassigned Standings	 479,237,214		481,799,062		0_		481,799,062	 481,053,062	 -746,000
Grand Total	\$ 4,257,689,697	\$	4,393,357,058	\$	2,400,000	\$	4,395,757,058	\$ 4,321,890,445	\$ -73,866,613

Administration and Regulation General Fund

	Actual Estimated Net Supp-Final Act. R FY 2019 FY 2020 FY 2020 (1) (2) (3)		Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	Final Action FY 2021 (5)			al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)			
Administrative Services, Department of										
Administrative Services Operations Utilities Terrace Hill Operations Real Property Listing	\$	3,616,936 3,356,210 386,660 0	\$ 3,603,404 3,524,611 418,200 50,000	\$ 0 0 0	\$	3,603,404 3,524,611 418,200 50,000	\$	3,603,404 3,882,948 418,200	\$	0 358,337 0 -50,000
Total Administrative Services, Department of	\$	7,359,806	\$ 7,596,215	\$ 0	\$	7,596,215	\$	7,904,552	\$	308,337
Auditor of State Auditor of State										
Auditor of State Billings Auditor of State - General Office	\$	113,985 986,193	\$ 986,193	\$ 0 0	\$	0 986,193	\$	0 986,193	\$	0 0
Total Auditor of State	\$	1,100,178	\$ 986,193	\$ 0_	\$	986,193	\$	986,193	\$	0_
Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, Iowa Campaign Finance Disclosure Ethics & Campaign Disclosure Board	\$	597,501	\$ 668,863	\$ 0	\$	668,863	¢	668,863	¢	0
Total Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, Iowa	\$	597,501	\$ 668,863	\$ 0	\$	668,863	<u>\$</u> \$	668,863	<u>\$</u> \$	0
Chief Information Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Office of the Broadband Grants	\$	0	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0_	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0
Total Chief Information Officer, Office of the	\$	0	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0
Commerce, Department of										
Alcoholic Beverages Division Alcoholic Beverages Operations	\$	1,019,556	\$ 1,075,454	\$ 0	\$	1,075,454	\$	1,075,454	\$	0
Professional Licensing and Reg. Professional Licensing Bureau	\$	370,263	\$ 360,856	\$ 0	\$	360,856	\$	360,856	\$	0
Total Commerce, Department of	\$	1,389,819	\$ 1,436,310	\$ 0	\$	1,436,310	\$	1,436,310	\$	0

Administration and Regulation General Fund

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	F	Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	F	FY 2021 (5)	Action vs ed Net FY 20 (6)
Governor/Lt. Governor's Office										
Governor's Office Governor's/Lt. Governor's Office Terrace Hill Quarters	\$	2,103,954 92,070	\$	2,315,344 142,702	\$ 0	\$	2,315,344 142,702	\$	2,315,344 142,702	\$ 0 0
Total Governor/Lt. Governor's Office	\$	2,196,024	\$	2,458,046	\$ 0	\$	2,458,046	\$	2,458,046	\$ 0
Drug Control Policy, Governor's Office of										
Office of Drug Control Policy Operations	\$	226,247	\$	239,271	\$ 0	\$	239,271	\$	239,271	\$ 0_
Total Drug Control Policy, Governor's Office of	\$	226,247	\$	239,271	\$ 0	\$	239,271	\$	239,271	\$ 0
Human Rights, Department of										
Human Rights, Dept. of Central Administration Community Advocacy and Services	\$	210,075 956,894	\$	189,071 956,894	\$ 0	\$	189,071 956,894	\$	189,071 956,894	\$ 0
Total Human Rights, Department of	\$	1,166,969	\$	1,145,965	\$ 0	\$	1,145,965	\$	1,145,965	\$ 0
Inspections and Appeals, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Dept. of Administration Division Administrative Hearings Division Investigations Division Health Facilities Division Employment Appeal Board Child Advocacy Board Food and Consumer Safety	\$	511,580 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,570,605 574,819	\$	546,312 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,582,454 574,819	\$ 0 0 0 0 0	\$	546,312 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,582,454 574,819	\$	546,312 625,827 2,471,791 4,734,682 38,912 2,582,454 574,819	\$ 0 0 0 0 0
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	\$	11,528,216	\$	11,574,797	\$ 0	\$	11,574,797	\$	11,574,797	\$ 0
Management, Department of										
Management, Dept. of Department Operations OCIO Rate Adjustment	\$	2,527,389 0	\$	2,695,693 99,381	\$ 0	\$	2,695,693 99,381	\$	2,695,693 0	\$ 0 -99,381
Total Management, Department of	\$	2,527,389	\$	2,795,074	\$ 0	\$	2,795,074	\$	2,695,693	\$ -99,381

Administration and Regulation General Fund

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Su	upp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	nal Action vs ised Net FY 20 (6)
Public Information Board								
Public Information Board Iowa Public Information Board	\$ 339,343	\$	343,019	\$	0	\$ 343,019	\$ 343,019	\$ 0
Total Public Information Board	\$ 339,343	\$	343,019	\$	0	\$ 343,019	\$ 343,019	\$ 0
Revenue, Department of								
Revenue, Dept. of Operations Technology Upgrades Tobacco Reporting Requirements	\$ 15,474,482 0 17,525	\$	15,149,692 1,070,460 17,525	\$	0 0 0	\$ 15,149,692 1,070,460 17,525	\$ 15,149,692 0 17,525	\$ 0 -1,070,460 0
Total Revenue, Department of	\$ 15,492,007	\$	16,237,677	\$	0	\$ 16,237,677	\$ 15,167,217	\$ -1,070,460
Secretary of State, Office of the Secretary of State Administration and Elections Business Services	\$ 2,109,755 1,405,530	\$	2,124,870 1,420,646	\$	0	\$ 2,124,870 1,420,646	\$ 1,874,870 1,420,646	\$ -250,000 0
Total Secretary of State, Office of the	\$ 3,515,285	\$	3,545,516	\$	0	\$ 3,545,516	\$ 3,295,516	\$ -250,000
Treasurer of State, Office of Treasurer of State								
Treasurer - General Office	\$ 1,017,442	\$	1,017,442	\$	0	\$ 1,017,442	\$ 1,017,442	\$ 0
Total Treasurer of State, Office of	\$ 1,017,442	\$	1,017,442	\$	0	\$ 1,017,442	\$ 1,017,442	\$ 0
Total Administration and Regulation	\$ 48,456,226	\$	55,044,388	\$	0	\$ 55,044,388	\$ 53,932,884	\$ -1,111,504

Agriculture and Natural Resources

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)			p-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	F	inal Action FY 2021 (5)		Il Action vs ed Net FY 20 (6)
Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of												
Agriculture and Land Stewardship												
Administrative Division	\$	18,023,339	\$	18,335,679	\$	0	\$	18,335,679	\$	18,335,679	\$	0
Milk Inspections		189,196		189,196		0		189,196		189,196		0
Local Food and Farm		75,000		75,000		0		75,000		75,000		0
Agricultural Education		25,000		25,000		0		25,000		25,000		0
Farmers with Disabilities		130,000		180,000		0		180,000		180,000		0
Foreign Animal Disease		250,000		500,000		0		500,000		500,000		0
Water Quality Initiative		3,000,000		3,000,000		0		3,000,000		3,000,000		0
Hungry Canyons Acct of Loess Hills Fund		0		50,000		0		50,000		50,000		0
GF - Ag Drainage Wells		0		1,875,000		0		1,875,000		1,875,000		0
Grain Regulation		0		0		0		0		350,000		350,000
Total Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of	\$	21,692,535	\$	24,229,875	\$	0	\$	24,229,875	\$	24,579,875	\$	350,000
Natural Resources, Department of												
Natural Resources												
Natural Resources Operations	\$	11,554,987	\$	11,958,058	\$	0	\$	11,958,058	\$	11,958,058	\$	0
Floodplain Management Program		1,510,000		1,510,000		0		1,510,000		1,510,000		0
Forestry Health Management		500,000		500,000		0		500,000		500,000		0
Total Natural Resources, Department of	\$	13,564,987	\$	13,968,058	\$	0	\$	13,968,058	\$	13,968,058	\$	0
Regents, Board of												
Regents, Board of												
ISU - Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory	\$	4,100,000	\$	4,400,000	\$	0	\$	4.400.000	\$	4,400,000	\$	0
UI - Iowa Center for Ag Safety & Health	*	0	,	130,000	•	0	,	130,000	•	130,000	*	0
ISU - Livestock Disease Research		172,844		172,844		0		172,844		172,844		0
Total Regents, Board of	\$	4,272,844	\$	4,702,844	\$	0	\$	4,702,844	\$	4,702,844	\$	0
Total Agriculture and Natural Resources	\$	39,530,366	\$	42,900,777	\$	0	\$	42,900,777	\$	43,250,777	\$	350,000

Economic Development

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Su	upp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	I	Final Action FY 2021 (5)		al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
Cultural Affairs, Department of												
Cultural Affairs, Dept. of												
Administration Division	\$	168,637	\$	168,637	\$	0	\$	168,637	\$	168,637	\$	0
Community Cultural Grants		172,090		172,090		0		172,090		172,090		0
Historical Division		3,027,797		3,142,351		0		3,142,351		3,142,351		0
Historic Sites		426,398		426,398		0		426,398		426,398		0
Arts Division		1,217,188		1,317,188		0		1,317,188		1,317,188		0
Great Places		150,000		150,000		0		150,000		150,000		0
Records Center Rent		227,243		227,243		0		227,243		0		-227,243
Cultural Trust Grants		75,000		150,000		0		150,000		150,000		0
County Endowment Funding - DCA Grants		448,403		448,403		0_		448,403		448,403		0
Total Cultural Affairs, Department of	\$	5,912,756	\$	6,202,310	\$	0_	\$	6,202,310	\$	5,975,067	\$	-227,243
Economic Development Authority												
Economic Development Authority												
Economic Development Appropriation	\$	13,413,379	\$	13,318,553	\$	0	\$	13,318,553	\$	13,318,553	\$	0
World Food Prize	Ψ	400,000	Ψ	375,000	Ψ	0	Ψ	375,000	Ψ	375,000	Ψ	0
Iowa Comm. Volunteer Ser Promise		168,201		168,201		0		168,201		168,201		0
Councils of Governments (COGs) Assistance		200.000		275,000		0		275.000		275,000		0
Future Ready Reg. Apprenticeship Prog.		1,000,000		1,000,000		0		1,000,000		1,000,000		0
Tourism Marketing - Adjusted Gross Receipts		878,011		900,000		0		900,000		900,000		0
Total Economic Development Authority	\$	16,059,591	\$	16,036,754	\$	0	\$	16,036,754	\$	16,036,754	\$	0
Iowa Finance Authority												
												
Iowa Finance Authority		/50.000		450.000				/50.000		450.000		
Rent Subsidy Program	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$	0	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$	0
Total Iowa Finance Authority	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$	0	\$	658,000	\$	658,000	\$	0
Public Employment Relations Board												
Public Employment Relations												
General Office	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$	0	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$	0
Total Public Employment Relations Board	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$	0	\$	1,492,452	\$	1,492,452	\$	0

Economic Development

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	Stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	S	upp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	 al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
Workforce Development, Department of								
Iowa Workforce Development								
Labor Services Division	\$ 3,491,252	\$	3,491,252	\$	0	\$ 3,491,252	\$ 3,491,252	\$ 0
Workers' Compensation Division	3,309,044		3,321,044		0	3,321,044	3,321,044	0
Operations - Field Offices	7,925,650		6,675,650		0	6,675,650	6,675,650	0
Offender Reentry Program	337,158		387,158		0	387,158	387,158	0
I/3 State Accounting System	228,822		228,822		0	228,822	228,822	0
Future Ready Summer Youth Intern Pilot	250,000		250,000		0	250,000	250,000	0
Employee Misclassification Program	379,631		379,631		0	379,631	379,631	0
Future Ready Iowa Employer Innovation Fund	0		1,200,000		0	1,200,000	1,200,000	0
Future Ready Iowa Coordinator - GF	 150,000		0		0	0	 0	 0
Total Workforce Development, Department of	\$ 16,071,557	\$	15,933,557	\$	0	\$ 15,933,557	\$ 15,933,557	\$ 0
Regents, Board of								
Regents, Board of								
ISU - Biosciences Innovation Ecosystem - GF	\$ 0	\$	825,000	\$	0	\$ 825,000	\$ 825,000	\$ 0
UI - Biosciences Innovation Ecosystem - GF	0		275,000		0	275,000	275,000	0
UNI - Additive Manufacturing - GF	 0		400,000		0	 400,000	 400,000	 0
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 0	\$	1,500,000	\$	0	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 0
Total Economic Development	\$ 40,194,356	\$	41,823,073	\$	0	\$ 41,823,073	\$ 41,595,830	\$ -227,243

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Si	upp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	F	Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	F	FY 2021 (5)	 al Action vs ed Net FY 20 (6)
Blind, Department for the											
Department for the Blind Department for the Blind	\$	2,167,622	\$	2,252,001	\$	0	\$	2,252,001	\$	2,252,001	\$ 0_
Total Blind, Department for the	\$	2,167,622	\$	2,252,001	\$	0_	\$	2,252,001	\$	2,252,001	\$ 0
College Student Aid Commission											
College Student Aid Comm.											
College Student Aid Commission	\$	429,279	\$	429,279	\$	0	\$	429,279	\$	429,279	\$ 0
Future Ready Iowa Administration		0		130,254		0		130,254		130,254	0
DMU Health Care Prof Recruitment		400,973		400,973		0		400,973		400,973	0
National Guard Service Scholarship		4,700,000		4,700,000		0		4,700,000		4,700,000	0
All Iowa Opportunity Scholarship		2,840,854		3,000,000		0		3,000,000		3,000,000	0
Teacher Shortage Loan Forgiveness		105,828		0		0		0		0	0
Teach Iowa Scholars		400,000		400,000		0		400,000		400,000	0
Rural Primary Care Loan Repayment		1,124,502		1,424,502		0		1,424,502		1,424,502	0
Health Care Loan Repayment Program		200,000		250,000		0		250,000		250,000	0
Future Ready Iowa Last-Dollar Scholarship Progr		0		13,004,744		0		13,004,744		13,004,744	0
Tuition Grant Program - Standing		46,586,158		47,703,463		0		47,703,463		47,703,463	0
Tuition Grant - For-Profit		372,863		426,220		0		426,220		426,220	0
Vocational-Technical Tuition Grant		1,750,185		1,750,185		0		1,750,185		1,750,185	0
Last-Dollar Scholar - HF 2643		0		0		0		0		32,000	32,000
Rural Veterinarian Loan Program		0		0		0		0		300,000	 300,000
Total College Student Aid Commission	\$	58,910,642	\$	73,619,620	\$	0	\$	73,619,620	\$	73,951,620	\$ 332,000

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		E	Stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)			Revised Net FY 2020 (4)		Final Action FY 2021 (5)		Il Action vs ed Net FY 20 (6)
Education Department of		(-7				(-)		(7		(-7		
Education, Department of												
Education, Dept. of	_			F 07F F0/				F 07F F0/	_			
Administration	\$	5,949,047	\$	5,975,526	\$	0	\$	5,975,526	\$	5,975,526	\$	0
State Library		2,530,063		2,532,594		0		2,532,594		2,532,594		0
State Library - Enrich Iowa		2,464,823		2,464,823		0		2,464,823		2,464,823		0
Child Development		10,396,361		10,524,389		0		10,524,389		10,524,389		0
ECI General Aid (SRG)		22,162,799		22,662,799		0		22,662,799		22,662,799		0
Special Ed. Services Birth to 3		1,721,400		1,721,400		0		1,721,400		1,721,400		0
Early Head Start Projects		574,500		574,500		0		574,500		574,500		0
Early Lit - Early Warning System		1,915,000		1,915,000		0		1,915,000		1,915,000		0
Early Lit - Iowa Reading Research Center		1,300,176		1,300,176		0		1,300,176		1,300,176		0
Early Lit - Successful Progression		7,824,782		7,824,782		0		7,824,782		7,824,782		0
Attendance Center/Website & Data System		250,000		250,000		0		250,000		250,000		0
Best Buddies Iowa		0		25,000		0		25,000		25,000		0
Career Technical Education Administration		598,197		598,197		0		598,197		598,197		0
Career Technical Education Secondary		2,630,134		2,952,459		0		2,952,459		2,952,459		0
Children's Mental Health Training		0		2,100,000		0		2,100,000		2,100,000		0
Computer Science PD Incentive Fund		500,000		500,000		0		500,000		500,000		0
School Food Service		2,176,797		2,176,797		0		2,176,797		2,176,797		0
Jobs for America's Grads		1,666,188		2,666,188		0		2,666,188		2,666,188		0
Nonpublic Textbook Services		652,000		652,000		0		652,000		652,000		0
Online State Job Posting System		230,000		230,000		0		230,000		230,000		0
Statewide Student Assessment		2.700.000		3.000.000		0		3,000,000		3.000.000		0
Student Achievement/Teacher Quality		2,965,467		2,965,467		0		2,965,467		2,965,467		0
Work-Based Learning Clearinghouse		250,000		300,000		0		300,000		300,000		0
Midwestern Higher Education Compact		115,000		115,000		0		115,000		115,000		0
Adult Education and Literacy Programs		0		500,000		0		500,000		500,000		0
Community Colleges General Aid		202,690,889		208,690,889		0		208,690,889		208,690,889		0
Nonpublic Concurrent Enrollment		0		1,000,000		0		1,000,000		1,000,000		0
Summer Joint Enrollment Program		600,000		600,000		0		600,000		600,000		0
Education, Dept. of	\$	274.863.623	\$	286,817,986	\$	0	\$	286,817,986	\$	286.817.986	\$	0
·		27 1/000/020		200/01/7/00	<u> </u>			200/01/1/00		200/01/1/00		
Vocational Rehabilitation	Φ.	F /77 000	.	F (0/ 220	.	0	Φ.	F (0/ 220	Φ.	F (0/ 220	Φ.	0
Vocational Rehabilitation	\$	5,677,908	\$	5,696,328	\$	0	\$	5,696,328	\$	5,696,328	\$	0
Independent Living		84,823		84,823		0		84,823		84,823		0
Entrepreneurs with Disabilities Program		138,506		138,506		0		138,506		138,506		0
Independent Living Center Grant		86,457		86,457		0		86,457		86,457		0
Vocational Rehabilitation	\$	5,987,694	\$	6,006,114	\$	0	\$	6,006,114	\$	6,006,114	\$	0
Iowa PBS												
Iowa PBS Operations	\$	7,689,415	\$	7,770,316	\$	0	\$	7,770,316	\$	7,770,316	\$	0
Total Education, Department of	\$	288,540,732	\$	300,594,416	\$	0	\$	300,594,416	\$	300,594,416	\$	0

	_	Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
Regents, Board of								
Regents, Board of								
Regents Board Office	\$	775,655	\$ 775,655	\$	0	\$ 775,655	\$ 775,655	\$ 0
BOR - Regents Resource Centers		272,161	272,161		0	272,161	272,161	0
IPR - Iowa Public Radio		350,648	350,648		0	350,648	350,648	0
University of Iowa - General		214,710,793	218,710,793		0	218,710,793	218,710,793	0
UI - Oakdale Campus		2,134,120	2,134,120		0	2,134,120	2,134,120	0
UI - Hygienic Laboratory		4,297,032	4,822,610		0	4,822,610	4,822,610	0
UI - Family Practice Program		1,745,379	1,745,379		0	1,745,379	1,745,379	0
UI - Specialized Children Health Services		643,641	643,641		0	643,641	643,641	0
UI - Iowa Cancer Registry		145,476	145,476		0	145,476	145,476	0
UI - Substance Abuse Consortium		54,197	54,197		0	54,197	54,197	0
UI - Biocatalysis		706,371	706,371		0	706,371	706,371	0
UI - Primary Health Care		633,367	633,367		0	633,367	633,367	0
UI - Iowa Birth Defects Registry		37,370	37,370		0	37,370	37,370	0
UI - Iowa Nonprofit Resource Center		158,641	158,641		0	158,641	158,641	0
UI - IA Online Advanced Placement Acad.		470,293	470,293		0	470,293	470,293	0
UI - Iowa Flood Center		1,171,222	1,171,222		0	1,171,222	1,171,222	0
Iowa State University - General		170,624,125	174,624,125		0	174,624,125	174,624,125	0
ISU - Agricultural Experiment Station		29,886,877	29,886,877		0	29,886,877	29,886,877	0
ISU - Cooperative Extension		18,266,722	18,266,722		0	18,266,722	18,266,722	0
University of Northern Iowa - General		95,712,362	99,712,362		0	99,712,362	99,712,362	0
UNI - Recycling and Reuse Center		175,256	175,256		0	175,256	175,256	0
UNI - Math & Science Collaborative		5,446,375	6,446,375		0	6,446,375	6,446,375	0
UNI - Real Estate Education Program		125,302	125,302		0	125,302	125,302	0
Iowa School for the Deaf		9,996,325	10,299,287		0	10,299,287	10,536,171	236,884
Ed Services for Blind & Visually Impaired		4,167,759	4,334,759		0	4,334,759	4,434,459	99,700
FY 2021 Regents Decrease		0	 0		0	0	 -8,000,000	 -8,000,000
Total Regents, Board of	\$	562,707,469	\$ 576,703,009	\$	0	\$ 576,703,009	\$ 569,039,593	\$ -7,663,416
Total Education	\$	912,326,466	\$ 953,169,046	\$	0	\$ 953,169,046	\$ 945,837,630	\$ -7,331,416

Health and Human Services

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	p-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	F	Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (5)	al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
Aging, Iowa Department on									
Aging, Dept. on Aging Programs Office of LTC Ombudsman	\$ 11,042,924 1,149,821	\$	11,164,382 1,149,821	\$ 0	\$	11,164,382 1,149,821	\$	11,164,382 1,149,821	\$ 0 0
Total Aging, lowa Department on	\$ 12,192,745	\$	12,314,203	\$ 0	\$	12,314,203	\$	12,314,203	\$ 0
Public Health, Department of									
Public Health, Dept. of Addictive Disorders Healthy Children and Families Chronic Conditions Community Capacity Essential Public Health Services Infectious Diseases Public Protection Resource Management	\$ 24,804,344 5,820,625 4,528,109 4,970,152 7,662,464 1,796,426 4,095,139 971,215	\$	25,109,379 5,816,681 4,223,373 5,594,306 7,662,464 1,796,206 4,085,220 933,871	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	25,109,379 5,816,681 4,223,373 5,594,306 7,662,464 1,796,206 4,085,220 933,871	\$	23,659,379 5,816,681 4,223,373 5,594,306 7,662,464 1,796,206 4,085,220 933,871	\$ -1,450,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total Public Health, Department of	\$ 54,648,474	\$	55,221,500	\$ 0	\$	55,221,500	\$	53,771,500	\$ -1,450,000
Veterans Affairs, Department of Veterans Affairs, Dept. of General Administration Home Ownership Assistance Program	\$ 1,150,500 2,000,000	\$	1,229,763 2,000,000	\$ 0	\$	1,229,763 2,000,000	\$	1,229,763 2,000,000	\$ 0 0
Veterans County Grants Veterans Affairs, Dept. of	\$ 990,000 4,140,500	\$	990,000 4,219,763	\$ 0	\$	990,000 4,219,763	\$	990,000 4,219,763	\$ 0
Veterans Affairs, Dept. of lowa Veterans Home	\$ 7,162,976	\$	7,131,552	\$ 0	\$	7,131,552	\$	7,131,552	\$ 0
Total Veterans Affairs, Department of	\$ 11,303,476	\$	11,351,315	\$ 0	\$	11,351,315	\$	11,351,315	\$ 0

Health and Human Services

		Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Revised Net FY 2020 (4)		Final Action FY 2021 (5)		aal Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
Human Services, Department of												
Assistance Family Investment Program/PROMISE JOBS Medical Assistance Health Program Operations State Supplementary Assistance State Children's Health Insurance Child Care Assistance Child and Family Services Adoption Subsidy Family Support Subsidy Conner Training Volunteers	\$	40,365,715 1,488,141,375 16,603,198 10,250,873 7,064,057 40,816,931 84,939,774 40,445,137 949,282 33,632 84,686	\$	40,003,978 1,516,364,409 17,831,343 7,812,909 21,098,426 40,816,931 89,071,930 40,596,007 949,282 33,632 84,686	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	40,003,978 1,516,364,409 17,831,343 7,812,909 21,098,426 40,816,931 89,071,930 40,596,007 949,282 33,632 84,686	\$	40,003,978 1,459,599,409 17,831,343 7,349,002 37,598,984 40,816,931 89,071,930 40,596,007 949,282 33,632 84,686	\$	0 -56,765,000 0 -463,907 16,500,558 0 0 0
Assistance	\$	1,729,694,660	\$	1,774,663,533	\$	0	\$	1,774,663,533	\$	1,733,935,184	\$	-40,728,349
Eldora Training School Eldora Training School	\$	12,762,443	\$	13,950,961	\$	0	\$	13,950,961	\$	16,029,488	\$	2,078,527
Cherokee Cherokee MHI	\$	13,870,254	\$	14,245,968	\$	0	\$	14,245,968	\$	14,245,968	\$	0
Independence Independence MHI	\$	17,513,621	\$	19,201,644	\$	0	\$	19,201,644	\$	19,201,644	\$	0
Glenwood Glenwood Resource Center	\$	16,858,523	\$	17,033,867	\$	0	\$	17,033,867	\$	16,700,867	\$	-333,000
Woodward Woodward Resource Center	\$	11,386,679	\$	10,913,360	\$	0	\$	10,913,360	\$	10,913,360	\$	0
Cherokee CCUSO Civil Commitment Unit for Sexual Offenders	\$	10,864,747	\$	12,070,565	\$	0	\$	12,070,565	\$	12,070,565	\$	0
Field Operations Child Support Recovery Field Operations Field Operations	\$	14,586,635 49,074,517 63,661,152	\$	14,867,813 55,600,398 70,468,211	\$	0 0	\$	14,867,813 55,600,398 70,468,211	\$	14,867,813 55,600,398 70,468,211	\$	0 0
'	<u> </u>	03,001,132	<u> </u>	70,408,211	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	70,408,211	<u> </u>	70,408,211	→	<u> </u>
General Administration General Administration DHS Facilities	\$	13,833,040 2,879,274	\$	13,772,533 2,879,274	\$	0	\$	13,772,533 2,879,274	\$	13,772,533 2,879,274	\$	0
General Administration	\$	16,712,314	\$	16,651,807	\$	0	\$	16,651,807	\$	16,651,807	\$	0
Total Human Services, Department of	\$	1,893,324,393	\$	1,949,199,916	\$	0	\$	1,949,199,916	\$	1,910,217,094	\$	-38,982,822
Total Health and Human Services	\$	1,971,469,088	\$	2,028,086,934	\$	0	\$	2,028,086,934	\$	1,987,654,112	\$	-40,432,822

		Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	Stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Su	pp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Revised Net FY 2020 (4)		Final Action FY 2021 (5)		Il Action vs ed Net FY 20 (6)
Attorney General					_						
Justice, Dept. of General Office AG Victim Assistance Grants Legal Services Poverty Grants	\$	5,911,705 5,016,708 2,304,601	\$	6,006,268 5,016,708 2,634,601	\$	0 0 0	\$ 6,006,268 5,016,708 2,634,601	\$	6,006,268 5,016,708 2,634,601	\$	0 0 0
Total Attorney General	\$	13,233,014	\$	13,657,577	\$	0	\$ 13,657,577	\$	13,657,577	\$	0
Civil Rights Commission, Iowa											
Civil Rights Commission Civil Rights Commission	\$	1,198,266	\$	1,252,899	\$	0	\$ 1,252,899	\$	1,252,899	\$	0
Total Civil Rights Commission, Iowa	\$	1,198,266	\$	1,252,899	\$	0	\$ 1,252,899	\$	1,252,899	\$	0
Corrections, Department of Central Office Corrections Administration County Confinement	\$	5,287,909 1,575,092	\$	5,473,325 1,082,635	\$	0 0	\$ 5,473,325 1,082,635	\$	5,473,325 1,082,635	\$	0 0
Federal Prisoners/Contractual Corrections Education Iowa Corrections Offender Network Mental Health/Substance Abuse Central Office	<u> </u>	484,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 11,983,586		234,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 11,426,545		0 0 0 0	 234,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 11,426,545	-\$	234,411 2,608,109 2,000,000 28,065 11,426,545	<u> </u>	0 0 0 0
Fort Madison Ft. Madison Institution	\$	41,213,841	\$	41,647,701	\$	0	\$ 41,647,701	\$	41,647,701	\$	0
Anamosa Anamosa Institution	\$	32,414,148	\$	32,868,225	\$	0	\$ 32,868,225	\$	32,868,225	\$	0
Oakdale Oakdale Institution	\$	61,308,427	\$	62,610,335	\$	0	\$ 62,610,335	\$	62,610,335	\$	0
Newton Newton Institution	\$	28,261,220	\$	28,818,686	\$	0	\$ 28,818,686	\$	28,818,686	\$	0
Mount Pleasant Mount Pleasant Institution	\$	25,676,413	\$	25,902,776	\$	0	\$ 25,902,776	\$	25,902,776	\$	0
Rockwell City Rockwell City Institution	\$	10,521,861	\$	10,623,767	\$	0	\$ 10,623,767	\$	10,623,767	\$	0
Clarinda Clarinda Institution	\$	24,847,950	\$	25,132,431	\$	0	\$ 25,132,431	\$	25,132,431	\$	0
Mitchellville Mitchellville Institution	\$	23,294,090	\$	23,483,038	\$	0	\$ 23,483,038	\$	23,483,038	\$	0
Fort Dodge Fort Dodge Institution	\$	30,067,231	\$	30,324,956	\$	0	\$ 30,324,956	\$	30,324,956	\$	0

		Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	Stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	S	upp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	 Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	 Final Action FY 2021 (5)	al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
CBC District 1 CBC District I	\$	14,944,266	\$	15,219,261	\$	0	\$ 15,219,261	\$ 15,219,261	\$ 0
CBC District 2 CBC District II	\$	11,547,739	\$	11,758,160	\$	0	\$ 11,758,160	\$ 11,758,160	\$ 0
CBC District 3 CBC District III	\$	7,247,957	\$	7,324,425	\$	0	\$ 7,324,425	\$ 7,324,425	\$ 0
CBC District 4 CBC District IV	\$	5,740,922	\$	5,815,391	\$	0	\$ 5,815,391	\$ 5,815,391	\$ 0
CBC District 5 CBC District V	\$	21,846,060	\$	22,008,023	\$	0	\$ 22,008,023	\$ 22,008,023	\$ 0
CBC District 6 CBC District VI	\$	14,839,165	\$	15,069,674	\$	0	\$ 15,069,674	\$ 15,069,674	\$ 0
CBC District 7 CBC District VII	\$	7,849,341	\$	8,013,609	\$	0	\$ 8,013,609	\$ 8,013,609	\$ 0
CBC District 8 CBC District VIII	_ \$	8,164,521	\$	8,547,829	\$	0_	\$ 8,547,829	\$ 8,547,829	\$ 0_
Total Corrections, Department of	\$	381,768,738	\$	386,594,832	\$	0	\$ 386,594,832	\$ 386,594,832	\$ 0

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	Estimated Net Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 FY 2020 (2) (3)		Revised Net FY 2020 (4)				Final Action vs Revised Net FY (6)		
Human Rights, Department of											
Human Rights, Dept. of Criminal & Juvenile Justice Single Grant Program	\$ 1,209,410 0	\$	1,226,399 140,000	\$	0	\$	1,226,399 140,000	\$	1,226,399 140,000	\$	0
Total Human Rights, Department of	\$ 1,209,410	\$	1,366,399	\$	0	\$	1,366,399	\$	1,366,399	\$	0
Inspections and Appeals, Department of Public Defender											
Public Defender Indigent Defense	\$ 26,505,299 37,644,448	\$	27,144,382 40,760,448	\$	0	\$	27,144,382 40,760,448	\$	27,144,382 40,760,448	\$	0
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	\$ 64,149,747	\$	67,904,830	\$	0	\$	67,904,830	\$	67,904,830	\$	0
Judicial Branch											
Judicial Branch Judicial Branch Jury & Witness Fee Revolving Fund	\$ 177,574,797 3,100,000	\$	181,523,737 3,100,000	\$	0	\$	181,523,737 3,100,000	\$	181,023,737 3,100,000	\$	-500,000 0
Total Judicial Branch	\$ 180,674,797	\$	184,623,737	\$	0	\$	184,623,737	\$	184,123,737	\$	-500,000
Law Enforcement Academy lowa Law Enforcement Academy Law Enforcement Academy lowa Law Enforcement Academy Relocation Exp. ILEA Training - HF 2647	\$ 971,341 285,982 0	\$	978,914 1,015,442 0	\$	0 0 0	\$	978,914 1,015,442 0	\$	978,914 0 140,000	\$	0 -1,015,442 140,000
Total Law Enforcement Academy	\$ 1,257,323	\$	1,994,356	\$	0	\$	1,994,356	\$	1,118,914	\$	-875,442
Parole, Board of											
Parole Board Parole Board	\$ 1,221,374	\$	1,240,265	\$	0	\$	1,240,265	\$	1,240,265	\$	0
Total Parole, Board of	\$ 1,221,374	\$	1,240,265	\$	0	\$	1,240,265	\$	1,240,265	\$	0
Public Defense, Department of Public Defense, Dept. of											
Public Defense, Department of	\$ 6,334,961	\$	6,428,140	\$	0	\$	6,428,140	\$	6,428,140	\$	0_
Total Public Defense, Department of	\$ 6,334,961	\$	6,428,140	\$	0	\$	6,428,140	\$	6,428,140	\$	0

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Revised Net FY 2020 (4)		Final Action FY 2021 (5)		al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
	 (.)		(2)		(0)	-	(1)		(0)	 (0)
Public Safety, Department of										
Public Safety, Dept. of										
Public Safety Administration	\$ 4,734,703	\$	4,860,294	\$	0	\$	4,860,294	\$	4,860,294	\$ 0
Public Safety DCI	14,663,083		15,263,580		0		15,263,580		15,263,580	0
DCI - Crime Lab Equipment/Training	650,000		650,000		0		650,000		650,000	0
Narcotics Enforcement	7,785,873		8,139,785		0		8,139,785		8,139,785	0
Public Safety Undercover Funds	209,042		209,042		0		209,042		209,042	0
Fire Marshal	4,965,056		5,242,651		0		5,242,651		5,242,651	0
Iowa State Patrol	63,926,287		66,542,117		0		66,542,117		66,542,117	0
DPS/SPOC Sick Leave Payout	279,517		279,517		0		279,517		279,517	0
Fire Fighter Training	825,520		825,520		0		825,520		825,520	0
Human Trafficking Office	150,000		150,000		0		150,000		150,000	0
Volunteer Fire Training & Equipment	0		50,000		0		50,000		50,000	0
Interoperable Communications Sys Board	115,661		115,661		0		115,661		115,661	0
DPS Overtime - HF 2643	0		0		2,400,000		2,400,000		0	-2,400,000
Administration of HF 2581	 0		0		0		0		411,000	 411,000
Total Public Safety, Department of	\$ 98,304,742	\$	102,328,167	\$	2,400,000	\$	104,728,167	\$	102,739,167	\$ -1,989,000
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt										
Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt										
Flood Recovery	\$ 15,000,000	\$	21.003.186	\$	0	\$	21.003.186	\$	0	\$ -21,003,186
Homeland Security & Emer. Mgmt.	 2,123,610		2,139,390		0		2,139,390		2,139,390	 0
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	\$ 17,123,610	\$	23,142,576	\$	0	\$	23,142,576	\$	2,139,390	\$ -21,003,186
Total Justice System	\$ 766,475,982	\$	790,533,778	\$	2,400,000	\$	792,933,778	\$	768,566,150	\$ -24,367,628

Unassigned Standings General Fund

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)	Revised Net FY 2020 (4)	Final Action FY 2021 (5)	 al Action vs sed Net FY 20 (6)
Education, Department of						
Education, Dept. of State Foundation Aid Adjustment - HF 2643	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 254,000	\$ 254,000
Total Education, Department of	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 254,000	\$ 254,000
Legislative Branch						
Legislative Branch Legislative Branch - Adjustment	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ -1,000,000	\$ -1,000,000
Total Legislative Branch	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ -1,000,000	\$ -1,000,000
Management, Department of						
Management, Dept. of Special Olympics Fund	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0
Total Management, Department of	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 0
Public Safety, Department of Public Safety, Dept. of						
DPS - POR Unfunded Liabilities	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0
Total Public Safety, Department of	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0
Revenue, Department of						
Revenue, Dept. of Homestead Tax Credit Aid - GF Elderly & Disabled Tax Credit Ag Land Tax Credit - GF Comm & Industrial Prop Tax Replacement Business Property Tax Credit	\$ 138,570,076 19,541,135 39,063,185 151,962,817 125,000,000	\$ 139,984,518 20,500,000 39,100,000 152,114,544 125,000,000	\$ 0 0 0 0	\$ 139,984,518 20,500,000 39,100,000 152,114,544 125,000,000	\$ 139,984,518 20,500,000 39,100,000 152,114,544 125,000,000	\$ 0 0 0 0
Total Revenue, Department of	\$ 474,137,214	\$ 476,699,062	\$ 0	\$ 476,699,062	\$ 476,699,062	\$ 0
Total Unassigned Standings	\$ 479,237,214	\$ 481,799,062	\$ 0	\$ 481,799,062	\$ 481,053,062	\$ -746,000

Summary Data

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)	 Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Final Action vs Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
Administration and Regulation	\$ 55,310,135	\$ 57,271,788	\$ 57,271,788	\$	0
Agriculture and Natural Resources	91,018,392	92,102,943	92,102,943		0
Economic Development	26,816,084	28,066,084	28,066,084		0
Education	40,300,000	40,300,000	40,300,000		0
Health and Human Services	419,593,787	430,522,289	439,000,527		8,478,238
Justice System	17,652,733	17,985,523	17,985,523		0
Unassigned Standings	 48,927,600	 48,970,000	 54,229,690		5,259,690
Grand Total	\$ 699,618,730	\$ 715,218,627	\$ 728,956,555	\$	13,737,928

Administration and Regulation

	Actual FY 2019	Es	stimated Net FY 2020	F	inal Action FY 2021	Action vs t FY 2020
	 (1)		(2)		(3)	 (4)
Commerce, Department of						
Banking Division Banking Division - CMRF	\$ 11,145,778	\$	11,978,695	\$	11,978,695	\$ 0
Credit Union Division Credit Union Division - CMRF	\$ 2,204,256	\$	2,407,929	\$	2,407,929	\$ 0
Insurance Division Insurance Division - CMRF	\$ 5,485,889	\$	5,817,851	\$	5,817,851	\$ 0
Utilities Division Utilities Division - CMRF	\$ 8,732,098	\$	8,945,728	\$	8,945,728	\$ 0
Professional Licensing and Reg. Field Auditor - Housing Trust Fund	\$ 62,317	\$	62,317	\$	62,317	\$ 0
Total Commerce, Department of	\$ 27,630,338	\$	29,212,520	\$	29,212,520	\$ 0
Inspections and Appeals, Department of						
Inspections and Appeals, Dept. of DIA - RUTF	\$ 1,623,897	\$	1,623,897	\$	1,623,897	\$ 0
Racing Commission Gaming Regulation - GRF	\$ 6,492,010	\$	6,796,481	\$	6,796,481	\$ 0
Total Inspections and Appeals, Department of	\$ 8,115,907	\$	8,420,378	\$	8,420,378	\$ 0
Management, Department of						
Management, Dept. of DOM Operations - RUTF	\$ 56,000	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$ 0
Total Management, Department of	\$ 56,000	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$ 0
Revenue, Department of						
Revenue, Dept. of Motor Fuel Tax Admin - MVFT	\$ 1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$ 0
Total Revenue, Department of	\$ 1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$	1,305,775	\$ 0
Secretary of State, Office of the						
Secretary of State Address Confidentiality Program - ACRF	\$ 120,400	\$	195,400	\$	195,400	\$ 0_
Total Secretary of State, Office of the	\$ 120,400	\$	195,400	\$	195,400	\$ 0

Administration and Regulation Other Funds

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	FY 2021 (3)	 Il Action vs Net FY 2020 (4)
Treasurer of State, Office of						
Treasurer of State 1/3 Expenses - RUTF	\$ 93,148	\$	93,148	\$	93,148	\$ 0
Total Treasurer of State, Office of	\$ 93,148	\$	93,148	\$	93,148	\$ 0
<u>Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System</u> IPERS Administration						
Administration - IPERS	\$ 17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$ 0
Total Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System	\$ 17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$	17,988,567	\$ 0
Total Administration and Regulation	\$ 55,310,135	\$	57,271,788	\$	57,271,788	\$ 0

Agriculture and Natural Resources

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	E	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (3)	Est Ne	Action vs t FY 2020 (4)
Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of							
Agriculture and Land Stewardship Native Horse & Dog Prog - Unclaimed Winnings Motor Fuel Inspection - RFIF Conservation Reserve Enhancement - EFF Watershed Protection Fund - EFF Soil & Water Conservation - EFF Conservation Reserve Prog - EFF Cost Share - EFF Fuel Inspection - UST Water Quality Initiative - EFF	\$ 305,516 500,000 1,000,000 900,000 3,800,000 900,000 8,325,000 250,000 2,375,000	\$	305,516 500,000 1,000,000 900,000 3,800,000 900,000 8,325,000 250,000 2,375,000	\$	305,516 500,000 1,000,000 900,000 3,800,000 900,000 8,325,000 250,000 2,375,000	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Dept of	\$ 18,355,516	\$	18,355,516	\$	18,355,516	\$	0
Natural Resources, Department of Natural Resources							
Fish & Game - DNR Admin Expenses GWF - Storage Tanks Study GWF - Household Hazardous Waste GWF - Well Testing Admin 2% GWF - Groundwater Monitoring GWF - Landfill Alternatives GWF - Waste Reduction and Assistance GWF - Solid Waste Alternatives GWF - Geographic Information System Snowmobile Registration Fees Administration Match - UST Technical Tank Review - UST Park Operations & Maintenance - EFF GIS Information for Watershed - EFF Water Quality Monitoring - EFF Water Quality Protection - EFF Animal Feeding Operations - EFF Ambient Air Quality Monitoring - EFF Floodplain Mgmt and Dam Safety - EFF REAP - EFF	\$ 44,007,044 100,303 447,324 62,461 1,686,751 618,993 192,500 50,000 297,500 100,000 200,000 200,000 6,235,000 195,000 500,000 1,320,000 425,000 12,000,000	\$	45,091,595 100,303 447,324 62,461 1,686,751 618,993 192,500 50,000 297,500 100,000 200,000 200,000 6,235,000 195,000 500,000 1,320,000 425,000 375,000	\$	45,091,595 100,303 447,324 62,461 1,686,751 618,993 192,500 50,000 297,500 100,000 200,000 200,000 6,235,000 195,000 500,000 1,320,000 425,000 375,000	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total Natural Resources, Department of	\$ 71,967,876	\$	73,052,427	\$	73,052,427	\$	0

Agriculture and Natural Resources

	Actual FY 2019 (1)	 stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	FY 2021 (3)	 al Action vs Net FY 2020 (4)
Regents, Board of					
Regents, Board of UI - Geological and Water Survey Oper EFF UI - Water Resource Management - EFF	\$ 200,000 495,000	\$ 200,000 495,000	\$	200,000 495,000	\$ 0
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 695,000	\$ 695,000	\$	695,000	\$ 0
Total Agriculture and Natural Resources	\$ 91,018,392	\$ 92,102,943	\$	92,102,943	\$ 0

Economic Development

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	Es	stimated Net FY 2020 (2)	F	inal Action FY 2021 (3)	Est Net	ction vs FY 2020 (4)
Economic Development Authority							
Economic Development Authority STEM Internships - SWJCF Future Ready Iowa Mentor Prog - SWJCF Empower Rural Iowa Rural Innovation Grants - S' High Quality Jobs Program - SWJCF Empower Rural Iowa Housing Needs Assess - SV	\$ 1,000,000 0 0 13,650,000	\$	1,000,000 400,000 300,000 11,700,000 100,000	\$	1,000,000 400,000 300,000 11,700,000 100,000	\$	0 0 0 0
Total Economic Development Authority	\$ 14,650,000	\$	13,500,000	\$	13,500,000	\$	0
College Student Aid Commission College Student Aid Comm. Future Ready Iowa Grant Program - SWJCF	\$ 0	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	_\$	0_
Total College Student Aid Commission	\$ 0	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	0
Workforce Development, Department of							
lowa Workforce Development Field Offices - Spec Cont Fund Field Offices - UI Reserve Interest AMOS Mid-Iowa Organizing Strategy - SWJCF Future Ready Iowa Coordinator - SWJCF	\$ 1,766,084 1,600,000 100,000 0	\$	1,766,084 2,850,000 100,000 150,000	\$	1,766,084 2,850,000 100,000 150,000	\$	0 0 0 0
Total Workforce Development, Department of	\$ 3,466,084	\$	4,866,084	\$	4,866,084	\$	0
Regents, Board of Regents, Board of							
Regents Innovation Fund - SWJCF ISU - Economic Development - SWJCF UI - Economic Development - SWJCF UI - Entrepreneur and Econ Growth - SWJCF UNI - Economic Development - SWJCF	\$ 3,000,000 2,424,302 209,279 2,000,000 1,066,419	\$	3,000,000 2,424,302 209,279 2,000,000 1,066,419	\$	3,000,000 2,424,302 209,279 2,000,000 1,066,419	\$	0 0 0 0
Total Regents, Board of	\$ 8,700,000	\$	8,700,000	\$	8,700,000	\$	0
Total Economic Development	\$ 26,816,084	\$	28,066,084	\$	28,066,084	\$	0

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Final Action FY 2021 (3)		Final Action vs Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
College Student Aid Commission								
College Student Aid Comm. Skilled Workforce Shortage Grant - SWJCF	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0
Total College Student Aid Commission		5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	0
Education, Department of Education, Dept. of								
Workforce Training & Econ Dev Funds - SWJCF Adult Literacy for the Workforce - SWJCF ACE Infrastructure - SWJCF PACE and Regional Sectors - SWJCF Gap Tuition Assistance Fund - SWJCF Work-Based Intermed Network - SWJCF Workforce Prep. Outcome Reporting - SWJCF	\$	15,100,000 5,500,000 6,000,000 5,000,000 2,000,000 1,500,000 200,000	\$	15,100,000 5,500,000 6,000,000 5,000,000 2,000,000 1,500,000 200,000	\$	15,100,000 5,500,000 6,000,000 5,000,000 2,000,000 1,500,000 200,000	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0
Total Education, Department of	\$	35,300,000	\$	35,300,000	\$	35,300,000	\$	0
Total Education	\$	40,300,000	\$	40,300,000	\$	40,300,000	\$	0

Health and Human Services

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		 Final Action FY 2021 (3)		Final Action vs Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
Public Health, Department of								
Public Health, Dept. of Gambling Treatment Program - SWRF Gambling Treatment - SWRF	\$	0	\$	300,000 0	\$ 300,000 1,450,000	\$	0 1,450,000	
Total Public Health, Department of	\$	0	\$	300,000	\$ 1,750,000	\$	1,450,000	
Human Services, Department of								
General Administration FIP - TANF PROMISE JOBS - TANF	\$	3,685,633 5,192,060	\$	3,507,371 5,225,088	\$ 5,002,006 5,412,060	\$	1,494,635 186,972	
FaDSS - TANF Field Operations - TANF		2,875,968 32,465,681		2,888,980 31,296,232	2,898,980 31,296,232		10,000 0	
General Administration - TANF Child Care Assistance - TANF Child & Family Services - TANF		3,744,000 47,166,826 32,380,654		3,744,000 47,166,826 32,380,654	3,744,000 47,166,826 32,380,654		0 0 0	
Child Abuse Prevention - TANF Training & Technology - TANF		72,863 408,593		125,000 738,063	125,000 1,037,186		0 299,123	
General Administration	\$	127,992,278	\$	127,072,214	\$ 129,062,944	\$	1,990,730	
Assistance Pregnancy Prevention - TANF Categorical Eligibility SNAP - TANF Medical Assistance - HCTF Medical Contracts - PSA Medical Assistance - QATF Medical Assistance - HHCAT Medicaid Supplemental - MFF Polk County MHDS - GIVF Assistance	\$	1,737,305 12,176 217,130,000 1,446,266 36,705,208 33,920,554 650,000 0	\$	1,878,647 11,284 208,460,000 234,193 58,570,397 33,920,554 75,000 0 303,150,075	\$ 1,913,203 14,236 208,460,000 234,193 58,570,397 33,920,554 75,000 5,000,000 308,187,583	\$	34,556 2,952 0 0 0 0 0 5,000,000 5,037,508	
Total Human Services, Department of	\$	419,593,787	\$	430,222,289	\$ 437,250,527	\$	7,028,238	
Total Health and Human Services	\$	419,593,787	\$	430,522,289	\$ 439,000,527	\$	8,478,238	

Justice System Other Funds

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Final Action FY 2021 (3)		Final Action vs Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
Attorney General								
Justice, Dept. of								
AG Prosecutions and Appeals - CEF	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	0
Consumer Fraud - Public Ed & Enforce - CEF		1,871,313		1,875,000		1,875,000		0
Older Iowans Consumer Fraud - CEF		124,754		125,000		125,000		0
Farm Mediation Services - CEF		300,000		300,000		300,000		0
Justice, Dept. of	\$	3,796,068	\$	3,800,000	\$	3,800,000	\$	0
Consumer Advocate								
Consumer Advocate - CMRF	\$	3,137,588	\$	3,137,588	\$	3,137,588	\$	0
Total Attorney General	\$	6,933,656	\$	6,937,588	\$	6,937,588	\$	0
Public Safety, Department of								
Public Safety, Dept. of								
DPS Gaming Enforcement - GEF	\$	10,469,077	\$	10,797,935	\$	10,797,935	\$	0
Total Public Safety, Department of	\$	10,469,077	\$	10,797,935	\$	10,797,935	\$	0
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt								
Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt								
911 Emerg Comm Admin - 911 Surcharge	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	0
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	0
Total Justice System	\$	17,652,733	\$	17,985,523	\$	17,985,523	\$	0

Unassigned Standings Other Funds

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated Net FY 2020 (2)		Final Action FY 2021 (3)		Final Action vs Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
Economic Development Authority								
Economic Development Authority Endow Iowa Admin - County Endw Fund Apprenticeship Training Program - WDF Job Training - WDF	\$	27,600 3,000,000 3,000,000	\$	70,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	\$	70,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	\$	0 0 0
Total Economic Development Authority	\$	6,027,600	\$	6,070,000	\$	6,070,000	\$	0
Management, Department of								
Management, Dept. of Environment First Fund - RIIF	\$	42,000,000	\$	42,000,000	\$	42,000,000	\$	0
Total Management, Department of	\$	42,000,000	\$	42,000,000	\$	42,000,000	\$	0
Regents, Board of								
Regents, Board of ISU - Midwest Grape & Wine Industry - WGTF	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	0
Total Regents, Board of	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	0
Revenue, Department of								
Revenue, Dept. of Homestead Tax Credit - TPRF Elderly & Disabled Tax Credit - TPRF	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,799,690 2,460,000	\$	2,799,690 2,460,000
Total Revenue, Department of	\$	0	\$	0	\$	5,259,690	\$	5,259,690
Transportation, Department of								
Transportation, Dept. of RUTF - County Treasurer Equipment	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	0
Total Transportation, Department of	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	0
Total Unassigned Standings	\$	48,927,600	\$	48,970,000	\$	54,229,690	\$	5,259,690

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INFRASTRUCTURE APPROPRIATIONS ACT

FUNDING SUMMARY

Other Funds — FY 2021: This Act appropriates a net total of \$67.3 million for FY 2021 from the following sources:

Page 2, Line 1

- Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund (RIIF): \$70.7 million in FY 2021.
- Technology Reinvestment Fund (TRF): \$15.2 million in FY 2021.
- Note: The net total of \$67.3 million in the Act reflects an adjustment of \$18.6 million to avoid double counting appropriations from the RIIF to the TRF in FY 2021. These totals do not include previously enacted appropriations.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund — **Other Years:** This Act also appropriates \$18.1 million in FY 2022, \$18.0 million in FY 2023, and \$32.1 million in FY 2024 from the RIIF.

General Fund — **FY 2020:** This Act makes a supplemental appropriation from the General Fund of \$70.0 million to the RIIF for FY 2020.

General Fund — FY 2021: This Act suspends a \$17.5 million standing appropriation from the General Fund to the TRF for FY 2021 and appropriates \$18.6 million to the TRF from the RIIF.

FUNDING FOR PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS

(Includes appropriations of \$500,000 or more)

Page 2, Line 15

Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALS)

Water Quality Initiative: Appropriates \$5.2 million from the RIIF to the DALS for the Iowa Water Quality Initiative.

Renewable Fuels Infrastructure Fund: Appropriates \$3.0 million from the RIIF to the DALS for the Renewable Fuels Infrastructure Grant Program.

Page 4, Line 25

Department of Cultural Affairs (DCA)

Iowa Great Places Program: Appropriates \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the DCA for the Great Places Infrastructure Grant Program.

Page 4, Line 31

Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA)

Community Attraction and Tourism Program: Appropriates \$5.0 million from the RIIF to the IEDA for

Page 5, Line 11

INFRASTRUCTURE APPROPRIATIONS ACT

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the Community Attraction and Tourism (CAT) Fund.

Regional Sports Authority Districts: Appropriates \$500,000 from the RIIF to the IEDA for Regional Sports Authority Districts.

Page 5, Line 15

Department of Human Services (DHS)

DHS Infrastructure Projects: Appropriates \$597,000 from the RIIF to the DHS for infrastructure projects on DHS facilities throughout the State.

Page 5, Line 22

Nursing Home Facility Projects: Appropriates \$500,000 from the RIIF to the DHS for nursing home facility improvements.

Page 5, Line 27

ChildServe: Appropriates \$500,000 in FY 2022 from the RIIF to the DHS for a grant to renovate the ChildServe facility.

Page 5, Line 31

Department of Natural Resources (DNR)

Lake Restoration: Appropriates \$8.6 million from the RIIF to the DNR for lake restoration, dredging, and water quality projects.

Page 6, Line 10

State Park Infrastructure: Appropriates \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the DNR for infrastructure improvements at State parks.

Page 6, Line 17

Department of Public Defense (DPD)

National Guard Armory Maintenance: Appropriates \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the DPD for major maintenance projects at National Guard facilities located throughout the State.

Page 6, Line 27

National Guard Readiness Centers: Appropriates \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the DPD for improvements at National Guard readiness centers throughout the State.

Page 6, Line 31

Department of Public Safety (DPS)

Statewide Interoperable Communications System: Appropriates \$4.0 million from the RIIF to the DPS to fund lease payments and maintenance of the Statewide Interoperable Communications System.

Page 7, Line 11

Iowa State Patrol Aircraft: Appropriates \$1.7 million from the RIIF to the DPS for the purchase of an aircraft that will be used by the Iowa State Patrol.

Page 7, Line 26

Department of Corrections (DOC)

INFRASTRUCTURE APPROPRIATIONS ACT

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Page 10, Line 18

Board of Regents Tuition Replacement: Appropriates \$28.3 million from the RIIF to the Board of Regents for tuition replacement that pays the debt service on academic revenue bonds.	Page 7, Line 31
UNI Industrial Technology Center : Appropriates \$13.0 million in FY 2022 and \$18.0 million in FY 2023 and \$8.5 million in FY 2024 to the Board of Regents to renovate the Industrial Technology Center at UNI.	Page 8, Line 6
<u>Department of Transportation (DOT)</u> Public Transit Infrastructure Grant Fund: Appropriates \$500,000 from the RIIF to the DOT for public transit infrastructure grants through the Public Transit Infrastructure Grant Fund.	Page 8, Line 18
Recreational Trails: Appropriates \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the DOT for the Recreational Trails Program.	Page 8, Line 24
Railroad Revolving Loan and Grant Fund: Appropriates \$500,000 from the RIIF to the DOT for the Railroad Revolving Loan and Grant Fund.	Page 8, Line 28
Commercial Service Airports Vertical Infrastructure Grants: Appropriates \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the DOT for Commercial Service Airports Vertical Infrastructure Grants.	Page 8, Line 33
General Aviation Airports Vertical Infrastructure Grants: Appropriates \$650,000 from the RIIF to the DOT for General Aviation Vertical Infrastructure Grants.	Page 9, Line 2
Treasurer of the State County Fair Infrastructure: Appropriates \$1.1 million from the RIIF to the State Treasurer for infrastructure improvements at county fairs.	Page 9, Line 6
<u>Legislative Branch</u> Capitol Building: Appropriates \$1.3 million in FY 2021 and \$1.3 million in FY 2022 from the RIIF to the Legislative Branch to replace gutters on the State Capitol Building.	Page 9, Line 26
<u>Iowa Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board</u> Web-Based Reporting System: Appropriates \$500,000 from the TRF to the Iowa Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board to upgrade a Web-Based reporting system.	Page 10, Line 15

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Building Automation Systems: Appropriates \$500,000 from the TRF to the DOC for building automation systems for several DOC facilities.

Department of Education (DE)

Educational Data Warehouse: Appropriates \$600,000 from the TRF to the DE to develop and maintain the statewide educational data warehouse.

Page 10, Line 22

ICN Part III Maintenance and Leases: Appropriates \$2.7 million from the TRF to the DE for maintenance and lease expenses associated with Part III fiber connections for the Iowa Communications Network.

Page 10, Line 31

Public Broadcasting Equipment: Appropriates \$1.0 million to the DE for the Iowa Public Broadcasting Service to replace existing broadcasting equipment.

Page 10, Line 34

Department of Human Rights (DHR)

Criminal Justice Information System Integration: Appropriates \$1.4 million from the TRF to the DHR for continued development and implementation of the Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS).

Page 11, Line 7

Iowa Telecommunications and Technology Commission (ITTC)

Firewall Protection: Appropriates \$2.1 million from the TRF to the ITTC for firewall improvements.

Page 11, Line 14

Department of Management (DOM)

Local Government Budget and Property Tax System: Appropriates \$624,000 from the TRF to the DOM for the development of a Local Government Budget and Property Tax System.

Page 11, Line 34

Department of Revenue (IDR)

Tax System Modernization: Appropriates \$4.1 million to the Department of Revenue (IDR) to begin updating information systems used for tax administration.

Page 12, Line 6

CHANGES TO PRIOR APPROPRIATIONS

Board of Regents: Reallocates RIIF funding to the Student Innovation Center at ISU by reducing the FY 2021 appropriation by \$3.4 million and increasing the FY 2022 appropriation by \$3.4 million.

Page 12, Line 28

Judicial Branch: Permits funds appropriated to the Judicial Branch for furniture and equipment for the Polk County Justice Center to remain available for expenditure until the end of FY 2021.

Page 13, Line 17

Department of Administrative Services: Reduces previously enacted appropriations for major

Page 14, Line 2

INFRASTRUCTURE APPROPRIATIONS ACT

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maintenance for FY 2021 from \$20.0 million to \$12.0 million and appropriates \$20.0 million from the RIIF in FY 2024.

Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory: Reallocates RIIF funding to the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory by reducing funding in FY 2021 from \$12.5 million to \$8.9 million and increases funding in FY 2024 from \$12.5 million to \$16.1 million.

Page 14, Line 31

Vacant State Buildings Demolition Fund: Repeals a previously enacted appropriation of \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the Vacant State Buildings Demolition Fund for FY 2021.

Page 15, Line 17

Vacant State Buildings Rehabilitation Fund: Repeals a previously enacted appropriation of \$1.0 million from the RIIF to the Vacant State Buildings Rehabilitation Fund for FY 2021.

Page 15, Line 27

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

General Fund: Appropriates \$70.0 million from the General Fund to the RIIF in FY 2020.

Page 17, Line 21

STUDIES AND INTENT

Requires the DPD to report to the General Assembly on the projects funded with appropriations in this Act by December 15, 2020.

Page 7, Line 5

Requires the facilities manager for facilities under the General Assembly to develop and submit a five-year maintenance plan to the Legislative Council by December 15, 2020.

Page 16, Line 5

SIGNIFICANT CODE CHANGES

Suspends the General Fund standing appropriation of \$17.5 million to the TRF for FY 2021.

Page 16, Line 13

Appropriates \$18.6 million from the RIIF to the TRF for FY 2021.

Page 16, Line 17

Routine Maintenance Fund: Reduces a standing appropriation from the RIIF to the Routine Maintenance Fund from \$2.0 million to \$1.0 million.

Page 16, Line 25

Page 16, Line 33

Allocates moneys above the maximum balance of the Economic Emergency Fund in FY 2021 as follows:

- The first \$70.0 million is to be transferred to the General Fund.
- The difference of the actual net revenue and adjusted revenue estimate for FY 2020, less the first

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\$70.0 million, is to be transferred to the Taxpayer Relief Fund.

• The remainder is to be transferred to the General Fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE

2020.

Changes to previously enacted appropriations are effective upon enactment.	Page 16, Line 1	
Specifies that Division V of this Act, which applies to transfers from the Economic Emergency Fund and to the supplemental appropriation from the General Fund to the RIIF, is effective upon enactment and applies retroactively to June 1, 2020.	Page 17, Line 26	
Specifies that Division VI of this Act, if approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020, is effective upon enactment and is applicable retroactively to July 1, 2020.	Page 17, Line 32	
ENACTMENT DATE		
This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 14, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 30,	Page 2, Line 1	

STAFF CONTACT: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

House File 2642 provides for the following changes to the Code of Iowa.

Page #	Line #	Bill Section	Action	Code Section
16	5	11	Add	2.12B.2A
16	13	12	Amend	8.57C.3.a.(2)
16	17	13	Add	8.57C.3.i

PG LN GA:88 HF2642 Explanation

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	DIVISION I REBUILD IOWA INFRASTRUCTURE FUND Section 1. REBUILD IOWA INFRASTRUCTURE FUND — APPROPRIATIONS. There is appropriated from the rebuild Iowa infrastructure fund to the following departments and agencies for the following fiscal years, the following amounts, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:
2 2 2 2 2	9 10 11 12 13	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES For security cameras on the state capitol complex, notwithstanding section 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c": FY 2020-2021:
2	17 18	2. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND LAND STEWARDSHIP a. (1) For deposit in the water quality initiative fund created in section 466B.45 for purposes of supporting the water quality initiative administered by the division of soil conservation and water quality as provided in section 466B.42, including salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes, notwithstanding section 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c": FY 2020-2021: \$ 5,200,000
2 2 2 2	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(2) (a) The moneys appropriated in this lettered paragraph shall be used to support demonstration projects in subwatersheds as designated by the department that are part of high-priority watersheds identified by the water resources coordinating council. (b) The moneys appropriated in this lettered paragraph shall be used to support demonstration projects in watersheds generally, including regional watersheds, as designated by the division and high-priority watersheds identified by the water

2 33 resources coordinating council.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) to upgrade security cameras on the Capitol Complex. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: This is a new appropriation for FY 2021. The Department has requested three additional years of funding to complete the project. The project is intended to replace security cameras, and video recorders and install new fiber to support the system.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALS) for the Iowa Water Quality Initiative. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: The Iowa Water Quality Initiative provides funding for prioritized watersheds to implement conservation practices that will reduce nutrient transport to bodies of water in Iowa. Funded projects are typically managed by soil and water conservation districts. The Initiative was appropriated \$5,200,000 from the RIIF each year from FY 2016 through FY 2020. The Initiative has also received funding from the General Fund. Since FY 2014, the Water Quality Initiative has received a total of \$67,645,201 from the General Fund, Environment First Fund, and RIIF.

Requires the funds to be used to support demonstration projects in subwatersheds that are included within high-priority watersheds as identified by the Water Resources Coordinating Council.

2 34 (3) In supporting projects in watersheds and subwatersheds
2 35 as provided in subparagraph (2), subparagraph divisions (a) and
3 1 (b), all of the following shall apply:

2 (a) The demonstration projects shall utilize water quality
3 practices as described in the latest revision of the document
4 entitled "lowa Nutrient Reduction Strategy" initially presented
5 in November 2012 by the department of agriculture and land
6 stewardship, the department of natural resources, and lowa
7 state university of science and technology.

3

- 3 8 (b) The division shall implement demonstration projects
 3 9 as provided in subparagraph division (a) by providing
 3 10 for participation by persons who hold a legal interest in
 3 11 agricultural land used in farming. To every extent practical,
 3 12 the division shall provide for collaborative participation by
 3 13 such persons who hold a legal interest in agricultural land
 3 14 located within the same subwatershed.
- 3 15 (c) The division shall implement demonstration projects on
 3 16 a cost-share basis as determined by the division. Except for
 3 17 edge-of-field practices, the state's share of the amount shall
 3 18 not exceed 50 percent of the estimated cost of establishing the
 3 19 practice as determined by the division or 50 percent of the
 3 20 actual cost of establishing the practice, whichever is less.
- 3 21 (d) The demonstration projects shall be used to educate 3 22 other persons about the feasibility and value of establishing 3 23 similar water quality practices. The division shall promote 3 24 field day events for purposes of allowing interested persons to 3 25 establish water quality practices on their agricultural land.
- 3 26 (e) The division shall conduct water quality evaluations
 3 27 within supported subwatersheds. Within a reasonable period
 3 28 after accumulating information from such evaluations, the
 3 29 division shall create an aggregated database of water quality
 3 30 practices. Any information identifying a person holding a
 3 31 legal interest in agricultural land or specific agricultural
 3 32 land shall be a confidential record.
- 3 33 (4) The moneys appropriated in this lettered paragraph
 3 34 shall be used to support education and outreach in a manner
 3 35 that encourages persons who hold a legal interest in
 4 1 agricultural land used for farming to implement water quality
 4 2 practices, including the establishment of such practices in
 4 3 watersheds generally, and not limited to subwatersheds or
- 4 5 (5) The moneys appropriated in this lettered paragraph 4 6 may be used to contract with persons to coordinate the 4 7 implementation of efforts provided in this paragraph.

4 high-priority watersheds.

4 8 (6) The moneys appropriated in this lettered paragraph

Specifies the following criteria for projects in high-priority watersheds:

- Requires that projects utilize water quality practices described in the latest version of the Iowa Nutrient Reduction Strategy.
- Requires the DALS to collaborate with agricultural landowners in targeted watersheds.
- Prohibits the State's cost-share amount for water quality protection practices from exceeding 50.00% of the value of the practices, except in instances of edge-of-field practices.
- Requires that demonstration projects be used to educate the public about water quality practices.
- Requires the DALS to conduct water quality evaluations within targeted watersheds and create a database of water quality practices. All information received is a confidential record and exempt from public access.

Requires the DALS to support education and outreach to encourage agricultural producers to establish water quality practices.

Permits the DALS to use funds for contracts that will assist with the implementation of the Iowa Water Quality Initiative.

Permits the DALS to use funds to support urban soil and water

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4 9 may be used by the department to support urban soil and water

- 4 10 conservation efforts, which may include but are not limited
- 4 11 to management practices related to bioretention, landscaping,
- 4 12 the use of permeable or pervious pavement, and soil quality
- 4 13 restoration. The moneys shall be allocated on a cost-share
- 4 14 basis as provided in chapter 161A.
- 4 15 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 4 16 contrary, the department may use moneys appropriated in
- 4 17 this lettered paragraph to carry out the provisions of this
- 4 18 paragraph on a cost-share basis in combination with other
- 4 19 moneys available to the department from a state or federal
- 4 20 source.
- 4 21 (8) Not more than 10 percent of the moneys appropriated in
- 4 22 this lettered paragraph may be used for costs of administration
- 4 23 and implementation of the water quality initiative administered
- 4 24 by the soil conservation division.
- 4 25 b. For deposit in the renewable fuels infrastructure fund
- 4 26 created in section 159A.16 for renewable fuel infrastructure
- 4 27 programs:
- 4 28 FY 2020-2021:
- 4 29 \$ 3,000,000

4 30 3. DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS

- 4 31 a. For deposit in the lowa great places program fund created
- 4 32 in section 303.3D for lowa great places program projects that
- 4 33 meet the definition of "vertical infrastructure" in section
- 4 34 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c":
- 4 35 FY 2020-2021:
- 5 1 \$ 1,000,000

conservation practices and to allocate funds on a cost-share basis.

Permits the DALS to use the appropriated funds to implement projects on a cost-share basis and in combination with other funds available to the Department.

Permits up to 10.00% of the appropriated funds for the Water Quality Initiative to be used for administration and implementation of the Initiative by the Soil Conservation Division.

DETAIL: The funds for administration and implementation of the Water Quality Initiative from the RIIF will total \$520,000 in FY 2020.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DALS for the Renewable Fuels Infrastructure Fund (RFIF).

DETAIL: The RFIF provides financial assistance to owners or operators of a retail motor fuel site or a biodiesel terminal who wish to convert their equipment to dispense and store renewable fuels. A total of \$9,000,000 has been appropriated to the RFIF from the RIIF through FY 2020. In previous years, the RFIF received a \$3,000,000 standing appropriation from the Statutory Allocations Fund that consisted of a number of fees related to driver's licensing, vehicle titles, and trailer registration fees. The Statutory Allocations Fund appropriation was ended in FY 2017.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Department of Cultural Affairs (DCA) for the Iowa Great Places Infrastructure Grant Program.

DETAIL: Funding for the Iowa Great Places Initiative is intended to enhance the cultural development of Iowa communities. The Iowa Great Places Program Fund was created during the 2006 Legislative Session and was first funded in FY 2007. In addition to this appropriation, the Program has been appropriated a total of \$20,900,000 since FY 2007. The funding has included:

5 5 5 5	5 6	living, and social responsibility for costs associated with the renovation and maintenance of facility infrastructure at facilities located in cities with a population of less than 28,000 as determined by the 2010 federal decennial census:		
5	8	FY	2020-2021:	
5	9		\$	250,000
5	10	4.	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	
5	11	a.	For deposit in the community attraction and to	urism fund
5	12	creat	ed in section 15F.204:	
5	13	FY	2020-2021:	
5	14		\$	5,000,000

b. For grants to nonprofit organizations committed to

3 strengthening communities through youth development, healthy

5

- FY 2012 FY 2020: \$1,000,000 per year from the RIIF.
- FY 2011: \$2,000,000 from the Revenue Bond Capitals Fund (RBC).
- FY 2010: \$1,900,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2009: \$2,000,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2008: \$3,000,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2007: \$3,000,000 from the Restricted Capitals Fund (RCF).

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DCA for grants to nonprofit organizations committed to youth development, healthy living, and social responsibility in cities with a population of less than 28,000.

DETAIL: The funds will be used primarily to provide grants to communities for building and facility improvements to YMCA facilities located in cities with a population of less than 28,000. In total, \$1,750,000 has been appropriated since FY 2016 for these projects. Project examples include updated boiler systems, roofs, parking access, energy efficiency improvements, and renovations to gyms and classrooms.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) for the Community Attraction and Tourism (CAT) Program.

DETAIL: In addition to this appropriation, the CAT Program has received a total of \$37,000,000 since FY 2014. The annual funding from the RIIF since FY 2014 has included:

- FY 2020: \$5,000,000.
- FY 2019: \$5,000,000.
- FY 2018: \$5,000,000.
- FY 2017: \$5,000,000.
- FY 2016: \$5,000,000.
- FY 2015: \$5,000,000.
- FY 2014: \$7,000,000.

Eligible applicants include cities, counties, public organizations, or school districts in cooperation with a city or county. Previously funded projects include the development of attractions such as wellness centers, recreational centers, parks, recreational trails, swimming pools and aquatic centers, riverfront plazas and marinas, streetscapes, museums, libraries, performing arts centers, sports complexes, public gardens, visitor centers, and campgrounds.

5	15	b. For equal distribution to regional sports authorit	у
5	16	districts certified by the department pursuant to section	n
5	17	15E.321, notwithstanding section 8.57, subsection 5,	paragraph
5	18	"c":	
5	19	FY 2020-2021:	
5	20	\$	500,000

5 21 DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES a. For critical infrastructure at state institutions, 5 23 including the state resource centers, the mental health 5 24 institutes, and the state training school at Eldora: 5 25 FY 2020-2021: 5 26 596,500\$ b. For the renovation and construction of certain nursing 5 27 5 28 facilities, consistent with the provisions of chapter 249K: 5 29 FY 2020-2021: 5 30 500,000\$

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the IEDA for Regional Sports Authority Districts. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: Since FY 2008, Regional Sports Authority Districts have received annual appropriations of \$500,000. The Regional Sports Authority District Program authorizes the IEDA to certify up to 10 districts for the promotion of youth sports, high school athletics, the Special Olympics, or other nonprofessional sporting events. Each district receives an equal share of the appropriation. Funding is awarded to the convention and visitors bureaus for the areas. The funds are used for marketing and other promotional efforts to attract youth sports, high school athletics, or other sporting events to the communities. Other expenses include venue rental, facility conversion, timing systems, field preparation, and other expenses related to hosting various sporting events.

Some recent examples of events are the Iowa Special Olympic Winter Games, AAU Junior Olympics, NAIA Division II Women's Basketball National Championship, U.S. Hockey League Fall Classic, NCAA Division II Super Regional Wrestling Tournament, the Iowa Summer Games Sports Festival, and the NCAA Division I Wrestling Championships.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DHS to repair infrastructure at DHS facilities throughout the state.

DETAIL: This funding may be used by the DHS for various repairs to buildings and facilities throughout the State.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DHS to provide assistance to nursing homes for facility improvements.

DETAIL: The Nursing Home Financial Assistance Program in Iowa Code chapter 249K was established in 2007 Iowa Acts, chapter 219 (FY 2008 Infrastructure Appropriations Act), to support an appropriate number of nursing facility beds for the State's citizens and financially assist nursing facilities to remain compliant with applicable health and safety regulations. Annual funding since FY 2014 is summarized below:

- FY 2020: \$500,000.
- FY 2019: \$500,000.
- FY 2018: \$500,000.
- FY 2017: \$500,000.
- FY 2016: \$728,818.

5 5 5 5	31 32 33 34	c. For a grant to a nonprofit agency that provides expert care for children with medical complexity to expand its services to those children who reach adulthood in their care by providing infrastructure funding for expanding a nursing
5 6	35 1	facility: FY 2021-2022:
6	2	\$ 500,000
6 6 6 6 6	3 4 5 6 7 8	6. IOWA LAW ENFORCEMENT ACADEMY For costs associated with furniture, fixtures, and equipment at the academy, notwithstanding section 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c": FY 2020-2021:
6	9	7. DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
6 6 6 6 6 6	10 11 12 13 14 15	a. For implementation of lake projects that have established watershed improvement initiatives and community support in accordance with the department's annual lake restoration plan and report, notwithstanding section 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c": FY 2020-2021:

6 16

• FY 2015: \$500,000.

FY 2014: \$150,000.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund for FY 2022 to the DHS to remodel and renovate ChildServe.

DETAIL: This funding will be used to remodel and renovate the ChildServe facility in Johnston, Iowa. The project will expand the facility by 14,000 square feet and remodel another 16,000. The funding will also be used to remodel one group home that serves young adults. The total cost of the project is estimated at \$5,700,000. ChildServe also received an appropriation of \$500,000 in FY 2019.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy (ILEA) to purchase furniture and fixtures in the remodeled facility. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: The General Assembly appropriated a total of \$12,276,849 to the ILEA to renovate the existing facility. The ILEA anticipates that it will be able to reopen in 2020. This appropriation will furnish six classrooms, dormitories, administrative offices, and the kitchen.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) for lake restoration, dredging, and water quality projects. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: The funds are used for projects identified in the Lake Restoration Annual Report and Plan, focusing on 35 projects on the priority list of 127 lake candidates. The DNR is required to implement the projects in accordance with the Lake Restoration Report and Plan and Iowa Code section <u>456A.33B</u>. The Report and Plan is submitted annually by January 1 to the Transportation, Infrastructure, and Capitals Appropriations Subcommittee.

lowa Code section <u>456A.33B</u> provides overall goals for the projects in the Program. Specific criteria include water quality targets relating to clarity, biota, sustainability, and safety. In addition to the appropriation in this Act, the DNR has been appropriated a total of \$109,059,000 since FY 2008 for lake restoration projects. The annual funding since FY 2014 is summarized below:

FY 2020: \$9,600,000 from the RIIF.

8,600,000

6	18 19	FY 2020-2021: \$ 1,000,000
•		
-	20	
		dam public hazard statewide plan, including salaries, support,
6	22	maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes, notwithstanding
6	23	section 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c":
6	24	FY 2020-2021:
6	25	\$ 250,000

b. For state park infrastructure improvements:

- FY 2019: \$9,600,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2018: \$9,600,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2017: \$9,600,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2016: \$9,600,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2015: \$9,600,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2014: \$8,600,000 from the RIIF.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DNR for State park infrastructure improvements.

DETAIL: State park infrastructure improvements include replacing sewer lines, upgrading public drinking water systems, replacing shower buildings, constructing restrooms, replacing trail bridges, extending trail areas, and providing open-air interpretive shelters and exhibits.

In addition to this appropriation, the DNR has received appropriations totaling \$41,500,000 for infrastructure improvements at State parks since FY 2008.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DNR for the Water Trails and Low Head Dam Public Hazard Program. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: These funds support grant awards to local entities for water trail enhancements and dam mitigation grants to dam owners, including State and local government entities and private owners, to improve low head dam safety. State-designated water trails are designed to provide four basic types, or levels, of recreational experiences: Gateway, Recreational, Challenge, and Wilderness. Each segment of a water trail is assigned one of these experience ratings to reflect a range of conditions available to the user in the designated waterways.

While there are different types of low head dams, they generally consist of a river-wide dam that is normally overtopped by the entire river's flow. Flood gates may or may not be present to reduce upstream flooding effects. The height of these dams is less than 30 feet. Low head dams were originally constructed throughout lowa to power gristmills and sawmills. They were later used for hydroelectric generation. Low head dams can be extremely dangerous due to the powerful recirculating hydraulics that are generated. Prior year appropriations for the Water Trails and Low Head Dam Public Hazard Program include:

- FY 2020: \$500,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2019: \$500,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2018: No appropriation.

• FY 2017: \$1,000,000 from the RIIF.

• FY 2016: \$2,000,000 from the RIIF.

FY 2015: \$2,000,000 from the RIIF.

FY 2014: \$1,000,000 from the RIIF.

6 26 8. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC DEFENSE

6 27 a. For major maintenance projects at national guard

6 28 armories and facilities:

6 29 FY 2020-2021:

6 30 \$\,\) 1,000,000

6 31 b. For improvement projects for lowa national guard

6 32 installations and readiness centers to support operations and

6 33 training requirements:

6 34 FY 2020-2021:

6 35 \$ 1,000,000

7 1 c. For construction improvement projects at the Camp Dodge

7 2 facility:

7 3 FY 2020-2021:

7 4\$ 250,000

7 5 d. The department of public defense shall report to the

7 6 general assembly by December 15, 2020, regarding the projects

7 7 the department has funded or intends to fund from moneys LSA: Fiscal Analysis

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Department of Public Defense (DPD) for major maintenance projects at National Guard facilities throughout the State.

DETAIL: Funding since FY 2014 has totaled \$11,000,000. Projects have included roof repairs; upgrades to HVAC, electrical, and plumbing systems; additional classroom and office space; and other major maintenance and improvement projects at all 41 armories and other buildings maintained by the Iowa National Guard. The Iowa National Guard armories are facing a backlog of deferred maintenance and equipment upgrade needs. Funding will be used for priority and emergency repairs first, and then to address the backlog as funding is available. In total, the DPD estimates a deferred maintenance backlog that exceeds \$320,000,000.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DPD for modernization and improvement projects at National Guard readiness centers around the State.

DETAIL: Since FY 2013, \$12,550,000 has been appropriated for this purpose. State funds will be matched on a one-to-one basis with federal funds for 36 readiness centers, and on a three-to-one basis for five readiness centers.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DPD for Camp Dodge improvements.

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, \$2,050,000 has been appropriated for infrastructure improvements at Camp Dodge. These funds will support improvements to the sanitary and storm sewer at Camp Dodge. These funds match federal grants, with the State providing 15.00% and federal funds providing 85.00%. Previous projects have included building remodels, roof replacement, storm water improvements, sanitary sewer upgrades, storm shelters, and power generator upgrades.

Requires the DPD to report to the General Assembly on the FY 2020 projects funded with appropriations in this Act by December 15, 2020.

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7 8 appropriated to the department pursuant to this subsection for

7 9 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020.

7 10 9. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

7 11 a. For payments and other costs due under a financing

- 7 12 agreement entered into by the treasurer of state for building
- 7 13 the statewide interoperable communications system pursuant to
- 7 14 section 29C.23, subsection 2, notwithstanding section 8.57,
- 7 15 subsection 5, paragraph "c":
- 7 16 FY 2020-2021:

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7 17 \$\,\ 3,960,945

- 7 18 b. For the purchase of ballistic vests, notwithstanding
- 7 19 section 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c":
- 7 20 FY 2020-2021:
- 7 21\$ 467,500
- 7 22 c. For the purchase of bomb suits, notwithstanding section
- 7 23 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c":
- 7 24 FY 2020-2021:
- 7 25\$ 384,000

- 7 26 d. For the purchase of an airplane, notwithstanding section
- 7 27 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c":
- 7 28 FY 2020-2021:

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Department of Public Safety (DPS) for the lease-purchase payment and other items associated with the Statewide Interoperable Communications System. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: This appropriation will be used to fund the annual lease payment and tower maintenance. The Communications System also uses Iowa Public Broadcasting Service (IPBS) towers to operate, and this appropriation supports payments to IPBS for this use. In total, the lease payment and maintenance for the Statewide Interoperable Communications System is \$4,521,627. The remainder of the payment will be funded from the Road Use Tax Fund and Primary Road Fund.

A lease-purchase contract was signed with Motorola in 2015 at an estimated cost of \$39,500,000 (\$36,400,000 in principal and \$3,100,000 in interest) over 10 years. This is the fifth payment made by the State. This is the third year the payment for the Communications System has been funded by the RIIF. In prior years the payment was funded by the E911 Fund. The final payment is estimated to be in FY 2026.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DPS to purchase ballistic vests. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: This appropriation will provide for the purchase of ballistic vests for all sworn personnel in the DPS.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DPS to purchase bomb tech suits. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: This appropriation will provide for the purchase of eight bomb tech suits that will be used by the State Fire Marshal bomb squad. The existing suits are between 13 and 19 years old and have surpassed their seven-year warranty.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DPS to purchase an airplane. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

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8 5

7	29	\$ 1,713,170
7	30	10. BOARD OF REGENTS
'	30	10. BOAND OF NEGENTS
7	31	a. For allocation by the state board of regents to the
7	32	state university of Iowa, Iowa state university of science
7	33	and technology, and the university of northern lowa to
7	34	reimburse the institutions for deficiencies in the operating
7	35	funds resulting from the pledging of tuition, student fees
8	1	and charges, and institutional income to finance the cost of
8	2	providing academic and administrative buildings and facilities

.....\$ 28,268,466

3 and utility services at the institutions:

FY 2020-2021:

that perform a number of functions including surveillance, emergency operations, search and rescue support, and a number of other functions. The new airplane will feature deicing capabilities, an emergency landing parachute, and improved surveillance technology.

DETAIL: The DPS is planning to decommission three aircraft this year

Rebuild lowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Board of Regents for tuition replacement that pays debt service on academic revenue bonds.

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, \$208,131,019 has been appropriated to the Board of Regents to fund payments on debt service. This appropriation replaces student tuition and fees that pay the debt service on academic revenue bonds authorized in prior fiscal years. Iowa Code chapter 262A, enacted in the 1969 Legislative Session, authorizes the sale of academic revenue bonds by the Board of Regents.

The first academic revenue bonds were issued in 1970 and provided the primary source of funds for construction of academic facilities at the universities for several decades. Academic revenue bonds are secured by student tuition and fees. The appropriation is not mandatory by statute, but the Board of Regents indicated that without a tuition replacement appropriation, an aggregate tuition increase of 4.10% across the universities will be required to pay the debt service.

Funding for tuition replacement has been provided for many decades. Until FY 2002, the appropriation was made solely from the General Fund. After FY 2002, portions were funded from the General Fund and from infrastructure-related funds such as the RIIF and the RCF. From FY 2006 to FY 2008, funding for this appropriation was divided between the General Fund and the RIIF. Since FY 2009, the entire appropriation has been funded from the RIIF.

The tuition replacement appropriation provides most of the annual debt service on the academic revenue bonds, but a portion of the debt service is paid from reserve fund interest.

Rebuild lowa Infrastructure Fund appropriations for FY 2022 - FY 2024 to the Board of Regents to renovate the UNI Industrial Technology Center.

DETAIL: The General Assembly has previously appropriated \$1,000,000 for the UNI Industrial Technology Center. Appropriations in this Act will bring total appropriations to \$40,500,000 over four fiscal

- 8 6 b. For the renovation and construction of an industrial
- 8 7 technology center at the university of northern lowa to
- 8 8 include reimbursement of infrastructure costs incurred by the
- 8 9 university for construction of the facility in the prior fiscal
- 8 10 year:
- 8 11 FY 2021-2022:
- 8 12\$ 13,000,000

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8	13	FY 2022-2023:
8	14	\$ 18,000,000
8	15	FY 2023-2024:
8	16	\$ 8,500,000
8	17	11. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
8	18	a. For deposit in the public transit infrastructure grant
8	19	fund created in section 324A.6A, for projects that meet
8	20	the definition of vertical infrastructure in section 8.57,
8	21	subsection 5, paragraph "c":
8	22	FY 2020-2021:
8	23	\$ 500,000

- 8 24 b. For acquiring, constructing, and improving recreational
- 8 25 trails within the state:
- 8 26 FY 2020-2021:
- 8 27 \$ 1,000,000

years. It will expand the existing facility from 64,438 square feet to 109,438 square feet. The current facility was constructed in 1974 and has \$12,000,000 in deferred maintenance. It will support the following academic programs: construction management, electrical engineering, manufacturing engineering, technology management, graphic technology and technology, and engineering education.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DOT for public transit infrastructure grants through the Public Transit Infrastructure Grant Fund.

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, \$1,500,000 has been annually appropriated from the RIIF for the Grant Program. Transit agencies are eligible to apply for grants that are approved through the Transportation Commission, and projects must meet the definition of vertical infrastructure. The State match requirement may be up to 80.00%. Funds are used for capital projects such as new bus storage buildings, administrative buildings, maintenance facilities, storage buildings, reconstruction of steam cleaning areas, or vehicle storage and wash bays, as well as for replacing roofs or other improvements.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Recreational Trails Program.

DETAIL: The lowa trail system consists of approximately 1,870 miles, including multiuse trails and off-road paths. A local match of 25.00% is required in accordance with the DOT administrative rules. Trails that receive funding must be maintained for public use for a minimum of 20 years. Applications for funding from the Trails Program are considered twice per year and are approved by the Transportation Commission. Appropriations for the last six years include:

- FY 2020: \$1,500,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2019: \$1,000,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2018: \$1,000,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2017: \$2,500,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2016: \$3,400,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2015: \$6,000,000 from the RIIF.
- FY 2014: \$3,000,000 from the RIIF.

8 28 c. For deposit in the railroad revolving loan and grant

8 29 fund created in section 327H.20A, notwithstanding section 8.57,

- 8 30 subsection 5, paragraph "c":
- 8 31 FY 2020-2021:

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Railroad Revolving Loan and Grant Program. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

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8 32 \$500,000

8	33	d. For vertical infrastructure improvements at the	
8	34	commercial service airports within the state:	
8	35	FY 2020-2021:	
a	1	2	1 000 00

9 2 e. For vertical infrastructure improvements at general

9 3 aviation airports within the state:

9 4 FY 2020-2021:

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9 5 \$\\ 650,000

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, a total of \$10,500,000 has been appropriated for the Program. The funds are used to provide grants and loans for construction and improvements to railroad facilities, such as railroad main lines, branch lines, switching yards, sidings, rail connections, intermodal yards, and highway grade separations. The Railroad Revolving Loan and Grant Program is targeted toward job growth and economic development. As a result, many of the grants fund the construction of spur lines that service ethanol and biodiesel plants. The Program has three eligible funding categories: job creation, rail network improvement, and rail port planning and development. Industries, railroads, local governments, or economic development agencies are eligible to apply for grants and loans from the Program.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DOT for infrastructure improvements at commercial service airports.

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, a total of \$10,300,000 has been appropriated for improvements at commercial service airports. There are eight commercial service airports in the State. They are located in Burlington, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Dubuque, Fort Dodge, Mason City, Sioux City, and Waterloo.

The funds are distributed through a 50/40/10 formula. For this appropriation, \$500,000 will be allocated equally among each of the commercial service airports, \$400,000 will be allocated based on the percentage of enplaned passengers during the previous fiscal year, and \$100,000 will be allocated based on the proportion of air cargo tonnage at each airport during the previous fiscal year. Airports submit applications to the DOT Office of Aviation for specific projects that are considered for approval by the Transportation Commission. No local match is required. Projects must meet the definition of vertical infrastructure.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the DOT for general aviation airports.

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, the DOT has received appropriations totaling \$5,200,000 for infrastructure improvements at general aviation airports.

General aviation vertical infrastructure projects receive State matching grants of up to 85.00% of the total project costs and require a minimum level of \$5,000 in local match to be considered. Projects must meet the definition of vertical infrastructure. Eligible airports apply to the DOT Office of Aviation. Projects receive final approval from the Transportation Commission. These grants are available only for public use general aviation.

9 9 9	7 8 9	For distribution in accordance with chapter 174 to qualified fairs that belong to the association of lowa fairs for county fair vertical infrastructure improvements: FY 2020-2021:
9	11	\$ 1,060,000
9 9 9	12 13 14	13. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS For resurfacing the roadway at the lowa veteran's cemetery: FY 2020-2021:
9	15	\$ 50,000
9	16	14. JUDICIAL BRANCH
9 9	17 18	a. For major maintenance to the lowa judicial building: FY 2020-2021:
9	19	\$ 400,000
9 9 9 9	20 21 22 23 24	b. For furniture and equipment for justice centers located in counties with a population of less than 400,000 as determined by the 2010 federal decennial census, notwithstanding section 8.57, subsection 5, paragraph "c": FY 2020-2021:
9	25	\$ 211,455

12

TREASURER OF STATE

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Treasurer of State for distribution to county fair societies that belong to the Association of Iowa Fairs.

DETAIL: County fair societies have received an annual appropriation of at least \$1,060,000 since FY 1998. Since FY 2014, \$7,400,000 has been appropriated. Funds are used for vertical infrastructure improvements at the 105 fairs in the Association. County fairs receive approximately \$10,095 each. Examples of facilities recently renovated or constructed include sheep barns; grandstand roofs; offices; American's with Disabilities Act compliant restrooms and showers; hoop buildings; cattle barns; community centers and exhibit buildings; main auditoriums; and remodeling of horse barns.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Department of Veterans Affairs to resurface the roadway at the Iowa Veterans Cemetery.

DETAIL: This funding will provide for the resurfacing of the Iowa Veterans Cemetery road near the City of Van Meter.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Judicial Branch for improvements to the Judicial Branch building.

DETAIL: This funding will be used to replace or repair a number of components in the Judicial Branch building including new front doors, an access card system, carpeting, three boilers, and new HVAC controls.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Judicial Branch for furniture and equipment. This appropriation is exempted from the vertical infrastructure requirement in Iowa Code section 8.57(5)(c).

DETAIL: This funding will be used to purchase furniture and equipment for courthouses Floyd and Woodbury and various other courthouses. In Floyd County, the appropriation will be used to purchase furnishings and equipment for a new courtroom and conference rooms and provide for high density file storage and scanning. The total cost for improvements in Floyd County is estimated to be \$102,000. Courtrooms in Woodbury County will be equipped with new sound systems that are estimated to cost \$50,000.

9 9	26 27	15. LEGISLATIVE BRANCH For repair of the gutters of the lowa state capitol:
9 9	28 29	FY 2020-2021:\$ 1,250,000
9	30 31	FY 2021-2022: \$ 1,250,000
9 9 9 10 10 10 10	32 33 34 35 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sec. 2. REVERSION. For purposes of section 8.33, unless specifically provided otherwise, unencumbered or unobligated moneys from an appropriation made in this division of this Act shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the close of the fiscal year that ends two years after the end of the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made. However, if the project or projects for which such appropriation was made are completed in an earlier fiscal year, unencumbered or unobligated moneys shall revert at the close of that same fiscal year.
10 10 10 10 10 10	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	DIVISION II TECHNOLOGY REINVESTMENT FUND. Sec. 3. TECHNOLOGY REINVESTMENT FUND. There is appropriated from the technology reinvestment fund created in section 8.57C to the following departments and agencies for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amounts, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:
10 10 10	15 16 17	IOWA ETHICS AND CAMPAIGN DISCLOSURE BOARD For upgrading the web reporting system: \$ 500,000
10 10 10	18 19 20	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS For institutions building automation systems:

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund appropriation to the Legislative Branch to repair the gutters on the Iowa State Capitol.

DETAIL: This funding will be used to replace gutters on the lowa State Capitol Building. The work to repair these gutters will begin in the summer of FY 2021 and continue through the summer of FY 2022.

Permits unexpended funds appropriated in Division I of this Act to remain available for expenditure for an additional two years after the end of the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Iowa Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board to upgrage reporting systems.

DETAIL: This funding will be used by the Board to improve a Web-Based electronic filing system. The Board receives campaign disclosure reports and audits the reports for compliance, Executive Branch lobbyist and client reports, Session reception reports, and Executive Branch personal financial disclosure reports.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Department of Corrections for building automation systems.

DETAIL: This appropriation will fund the purchase and installation of building automation systems at a number of State correctional facilities. These systems control heating and cooling, boilers, hot and cold water, and many other systems. Existing systems are nearing the end of technical support.

10 21 3. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

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a. For the continued development and implementation of an 10 23 educational data warehouse to be utilized by teachers, parents, 10 24 school district administrators, area education agency staff, 10 25 department of education staff, and policymakers: 10 26\$ 600.000 10 27 The department may allocate a portion of the moneys 10 28 appropriated in this lettered paragraph for an e-transcript 10 29 data system capable of tracking students throughout their 10 30 education via interconnectivity with multiple schools. 10 31 b. For maintenance and lease costs associated with 10 32 connections for part III of the Iowa communications network: 10 33\$ 2.727.000

10 34 c. To the public broadcasting division for the replacement 10 35 of equipment: 11 1\$ 1,000,000

4. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
 For the implementation of a statewide mass notification and

11 4 emergency messaging system:

11 5\$ 400,000

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Department of Education for development and implementation of a statewide education data warehouse.

DETAIL: The Department has received an annual appropriation of \$600,000 for the warehouse since FY 2008. The statewide education data warehouse is used in conjunction with system-wide improvements for education resources and accessibility of the resources. The data warehouse, known as EdInsight, is intended to create a combined education information system for teachers, parents, administrators, Area Education Agency (AEA) staff, policymakers, and others.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Department of Education to pay the costs of maintenance and leases associated with Part III fiber connections for the Iowa Communications Network (ICN).

DETAIL: The Department has received an annual appropriation at a level of \$2,727,000 since FY 2007. The funding covers maintenance expenses and leases. The fiberoptic cable for Part III sites is leased from the private sector vendors that installed the cable.

The ICN administers leased digital data circuits to approximately 442 K-12 facilities and districts, libraries, and AEAs. According to the ICN staff, Part III sites provided 82.90% of the total usage of video hours by K-12 facilities, AEAs, and libraries. These leases and maintenance costs are a continuation of the Part III build-out project authorized during the 1995 Legislative Session. The funding is used for the lease and maintenance expenses.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to IPBS for equipment replacement and tower and facility maintenance.

DETAIL: In addition to this appropriation, IPBS has received appropriations totaling \$5,493,200 since FY 2014 for equipment replacement and for tower and facility maintenance. Appropriations to IPBS from the RIIF have funded a number of purchases over the years, including communications equipment, tower maintenance, service and network maintenance and purchases, audiovisual equipment, HVAC improvements, and other equipment.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Iowa Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management for continued implementation of a statewide mass notification and emergency messaging system.

DETAIL: The Department has received an appropriation of \$400,000

11	6	5. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS	
11	7	a. For the cost of equipment and computer softwa	are for the
11	8	continued development and implementation of lowa's	s criminal
11	9	justice information system:	
11	10	\$	1,400,000

11 11 b. For the costs associated with the justice enterprise data
11 12 warehouse:
11 13\$ 157,980

each year from FY 2015 through FY 2020 from the TRF or RIIF. The funds are used to purchase and operate the Alert Iowa Statewide Messaging System. The System can be used by State and local authorities to quickly disseminate emergency information to residents in counties that utilize it. The System is available free of charge to all counties.

Approximately 90 of lowa's 99 counties have now signed up to use the Alert Iowa Statewide Messaging System.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Department of Human Rights for continued development and implementation of the Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS).

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, the CJIS has received a total of \$8,799,734 in funding from the TRF and the RIIF. The CJIS enables and facilitates the automated exchange of criminal justice information among local, State, and federal criminal justice agencies. The initiative is developing a real-time electronic information sharing system for members of the criminal justice community in Iowa. Current collaboration with other criminal justice systems includes the County Attorney ProLaw Case Management and Judicial Dialog Case Management systems, Traffic and Criminal Software (TraCS) System, Iowa Corrections Offender Network (ICON), Iowa Online Warrants and Articles, Iowa Court Information System (ICIS), and others. Funds are used for operation of the System, further development, information technology and network hosting, and software needed for the System.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the DHR for the Justice Data Warehouse (JDW).

DETAIL: Since FY 2014, \$1,065,868 has been appropriated for the JDW. This appropriation supports the maintenance and hosting costs of the JDW. The database is used to provide statistical information to State government entities regarding justice system activities. Examples of how the information is used include prison population forecasts, foster care notifications, recidivism analyses, and a number of other reports and analyses.

Through the application, the Iowa Department of Revenue (IDR) operates the Tax Gap Analysis, a database that has generated millions of dollars in General Fund revenue. The Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division and DOC rely on the JDW for core data functions and daily processes to generate reports and statistics. The IDR purchased a new server in June 2013, and the CJJP will pay the

11		protection for the lowa communications network:		2,071,794
11 11		rooms at the academy building:		
11	21		\$	400,000
	23 24	8. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES For technology costs associated with the state control center:		
11	25		Ф	34,000

6. IOWA TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY COMMISSION

For firewall and distributed denial-of-service attack

11 14

11 15

expense of maintenance and hosting.

Technology Reinvestment Fund allocation to the Iowa Telecommunications and Technology Commission (ITTC) for a firewall and distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) attack protection.

DETAIL: This appropriation is intended to enhance the ability of the ITTC to provide protection from DDoS attacks and to provide firewall protection. A DDoS attack occurs when a malicious entity sends more traffic to a network than it can handle in order to overload it. This results in a web server becoming flooded with traffic, causing webbased services to become unavailable to the online visitors. DDoS attacks are happening more often and increasing in severity and duration. Firewalls defend against unauthorized virtual access to the network.

The Iowa Communications Network, under the ITTC, provides telecommunications services to its authorized users, including high-speed flexible broadband Internet, data, voice (phone), security, and consulting services. Authorized users include K-12 schools, higher education, hospitals, health clinics, National Guard armories, libraries, and State and federal government.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the ILEA for classroom technology and equipment.

DETAIL: The General Assembly has appropriated a total of \$12,276,849 to the ILEA to renovate the existing facility. The ILEA anticipates that it will be able to reopen in 2020. This appropriation will provide for technology within classrooms and conference rooms in the Academy. The funding will also provide resources for training simulators.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the DHS for the Iowa Poison Control Center (IPCC).

DETAIL: This funding will be used to replace a toxicology database and enhance the IPCC's electronic medical record system.

The IPCC also receives an annual \$500,000 General Fund allocation to operate the poison control hotline (1.800.222.1222). The IPCC offers free, confidential medical advice 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, regardless of health insurance, immigration status, or language preference. Calls are answered by physicians, nurses, and pharmacists with highly specialized training in handling poison, with the goal of reducing emergency department visits and fatalities through in-home

a. For the continued development and implementation of 11 28 a searchable database that can be placed on the internet for budget and financial information: 11 30\$ 45,000 b. For the continued development and implementation of the 11 31 11 32 comprehensive electronic grant management system: 11 33 70,000\$ c. For the upgrade of the local government budget and 11 35 property tax system: 12 1\$ 624,000 12 10. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH 12 For replacement of computer infrastructure and software at 12 4 the state medical examiner's office: 12 5 395,000\$

9. DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT

11 26

treatment. Funds are utilized as an administration match for the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Department of Management (DOM) for an online searchable budget and financial information database.

DETAIL: 2011 lowa Acts, chapter 122 (FY 2011 Appropriations Adjustments Act), included a requirement that the DOM develop, and make available to the public, an online searchable database for budget and tax rate information with specified information included. The databases are being developed in coordination with the DAS and the IDR. Since FY 2014, the DOM has received appropriations totaling \$270,000 for this project. The DOM has also used a portion of funding from the DOM operating budget to implement the project.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the DOM for lowa's Electronic Grant Management System.

DETAIL: <u>lowaGrants.gov</u> provides a single portal for potential applicants to search for open solicitations for ongoing grant programs offered by State agencies. The portal tracks all grants applied for and received by State agencies. Since FY 2009, the DOM has received a total of \$665,670 for the project.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the DOM for the Local Government Budget and Property Tax System.

DETAIL: This appropriation will fund the upgrade and redesign of the budget and property tax system used annually by local governments to submit information to the DOM. The Department is required by statute to collect local government budgets. The DOM currently uses a number of applications to collect this information. Since FY 2018, the Department has received a total of \$1,320,000 to complete the project.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Department of Public Health to replace computer infrastructure in the State Medical Examiner's Office.

DETAIL: This appropriation will be used to replace servers and network equipment and update software. These systems maintain State and county medical examiner electronic data.

The mission of the Office is to establish credibility in death

12 12 12	6 7 8	11. DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE For tax system modernization:
12 12 12	9 10 11	12. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS For security cameras at the lowa veteran's cemetery:\$ 21,000
12 12 12 12	12 13 14 15	13. JUDICIAL BRANCH For voice-over internet protocol phone upgrades at county courthouses:
12	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Sec. 4. REVERSION. For purposes of section 8.33, unless specifically provided otherwise, unencumbered or unobligated moneys from an appropriation made in this division of this Act shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the close of the fiscal year that ends two years after the end of the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made. However, if the project or projects for which such appropriation was made are completed in an earlier fiscal year, unencumbered or unobligated moneys shall revert at the close of that same fiscal year.
12 12	26 27	DIVISION III CHANGES TO PRIOR APPROPRIATIONS
12 12 12	28 29 30	Sec. 5. 2015 lowa Acts, chapter 139, section 1, subsection 10, paragraph b, as amended by 2017 lowa Acts, chapter 173, section 11, 2018 lowa Acts, chapter 1162, section 9, and

investigation in a system that will operate efficiently and serve the needs of the citizens of lowa. The Office provides support, guidance, education, consultation, and training to county medical examiners and investigators who are responsible for investigating violent, suspicious, and unexpected natural deaths. The Office also provides forensic autopsy and investigative services when requested by county medical examiners and law enforcement agencies.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the IDR to begin the process of modernizing the State's tax system.

DETAIL: The IDR intends to adopt a web-based tax administration system that will be the single point for collecting lowa taxes. In total, the system upgrade is expected to cost \$89,900,000 over five years.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Department of Veterans Affairs for security cameras at the Iowa Veterans Cemetery.

DETAIL: These funds will repair and upgrade the existing security camera system at the Iowa Veterans Cemetery.

Technology Reinvestment Fund appropriation to the Judicial Branch to upgrade phone systems to Voice-Over Internet Protocol (VoIP) systems.

DETAIL: This funding will upgrade phone systems in Wayne, Decatur, Lucas, Woodbury, and Clay counties and the entire fourth Judicial District.

Permits unexpended funds appropriated in Division II of this Act to remain available for expenditure until the end of FY 2024.

Reallocates RIIF funding to the Student Innovation Center at Iowa State University by reducing the FY 2021 appropriation by \$3,375,000 and increasing the FY 2022 appropriation by \$3,375,000.

- 12 31 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 137, section 6 is amended to read as 12 32 follows:
- 12 33 b. For construction of a student innovation center at
- 12 34 Iowa state university of science and technology, to include
- 12 35 reimbursement of infrastructure costs incurred by the
- 1 university for construction of the facility in the prior fiscal
- 13 2 year <u>years</u>:

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3 FY 2016-2017:

13	3	FY 2016-2017:	
13	4	\$	1,000,000
13	5	FY 2017-2018:	
13	6	\$	6,000,000
13	7	FY 2018-2019:	
13	8	\$	6,000,000
13	9	FY 2019-2020:	
13	10	\$	7,000,000
13	11	FY 2020-2021:	
13	12	\$	10,000,000
13	13		6,625,000
13	14	FY 2021-2022:	
13	15	\$	10,000,000
13	16		13,375,000

- 13 17 Sec. 6. 2016 lowa Acts, chapter 1133, section 7, is amended
- 13 18 to read as follows:
- 13 19 SEC. 7. REVERSION.
- 13 20 <u>1. For Except as provided in subsection 2, for purposes</u>
- 13 21 of section 8.33, unless specifically provided otherwise,
- 13 22 unencumbered or unobligated moneys made from an appropriation
- 13 23 in this division of this Act shall not revert but shall remain
- 13 24 available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the
- 13 25 close of the fiscal year that ends three years after the end of
- 13 26 the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made. However,
- 13 27 if the project or projects for which such appropriation was
- 13 28 made are completed in an earlier fiscal year, unencumbered
- 13 29 or unobligated moneys shall revert at the close of that same
- 13 30 fiscal year.
- 3 31 2. For purposes of section 8.33, unless specifically
- 13 32 provided otherwise, unencumbered or unobligated moneys
- 13 33 appropriated in section 6, subsection 2, of this division of
- 13 34 this 2016 Act, shall not revert but shall remain available for
- 13 35 the purpose designated until the close of the fiscal year that
- 14 1 begins July 1, 2020.
- 14 2 Sec. 7. 2018 lowa Acts, chapter 1162, section 1, is amended
- 14 3 to read as follows:
- 14 4 1. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES.
- 14 5 For major maintenance projects:
- 14 6 FY 2018-2019:

Permits funds appropriated for FY 2017 to the Judicial Branch for furniture and equipment for the Polk County Justice Center to remain available for expenditure until the end of FY 2021.

Reduces a previously enacted appropriations to the DAS for major maintenance for FY 2021 from \$20,000,000 to \$12,00,000 and appropriates \$20,000,000 from the RIIF in FY 2024.

14	7	\$	24 500 000							
14	8	Of the moneys appropriated in this subsection for								
14	9	year beginning July 1, 2018, the department shall g								
14	10	to projects for repair of the roof of the state historic								
14	11	building and is authorized to expend such amount not to exceed								
14	12	\$3,300,000 for the costs associated with projects for								
14	13	the roof of the state historical building.	л терап от							
14	14	FY 2019-2020:								
14	15		20.000.000							
14		Of the moneys appropriated in this subsection for								
14	17	year beginning July 1, 2019, the department shall g								
14										
14		to projects for repair of the roof of the state historic								
14	_	building and is authorized to expend such amount r								
14		\$3,300,000 for the costs associated with projects for the roof of the state historical building.	or repair or							
14		FY 2020-2021:								
			20,000,000							
14		\$	20,000,000							
	24	EV 0004 0000:	<u>12,000,000</u>							
	25	FY 2021-2022:	00 000 000							
14		\$	20,000,000							
14		FY 2022-2023:	00 000 000							
	28	\$	20,000,000							
	29	FY 2023-2024:	00 000 000							
14	30	<u>\$</u>	20,000,000							
14	31	Sec. 8. 2018 Iowa Acts, chapter 1162, section 1	cubsoction							
14	-	10, paragraph b, is amended to read as follows:	, subsection							
14		b. For construction of a new veterinary diagnost	ic							
14		laboratory at lowa state university of science and te								
14	35	to include reimbursement of infrastructure costs incl								
15	1	the university for construction of the laboratory in the								
15	2	fiscal year years:	e prior							
15		FY 2018-2019:								
15	3 4	F	1,000,000							
15	5	FY 2019-2020:	1,000,000							
15	6		12 500 000							
_		\$	12,500,000							
15	7	FY 2020-2021:	40 500 000							
15	8	\$	12,500,000							
15	9	EV 0004 0000:	<u>8,900,000</u>							
15		FY 2021-2022:	40 500 000							
15	11	\$	12,500,000							
15	12	FY 2022-2023:								
15		\$	12,500,000							
15		FY 2023-2024:	10 500 005							
15	_	\$	12,500,000							
15	16		<u>16,100,000</u>							

Sec. 9. 2019 Iowa Acts, chapter 137, section 1, subsection

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15 17

Reallocates RIIF funding to the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory by reducing funding in FY 2021 from \$12,500,000 to \$8,900,000 and increasing funding in FY 2024 from \$12,500,000 to \$16,100,000.

Repeals a previously enacted appropriation of \$1,000,000 from the

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15 15	19 20	created in section 15.261:		RIIF to the Vacant State Buildings Demolition Fund for FY 2021.
15 15		FY 2019-2020: \$	1,000,000	
	23	- FY 2020-2021:	1,000,000	
15 15			1,000,000	
15 15 15 15	27 28 29 30	subsection 5, paragraph "c":		Repeals a previously enacted appropriation of \$1,000,000 from the RIIF to the Vacant State Buildings Rehabilitation Fund for FY 2021.
15	31	\$	1,000,000	
	32 33		1,000,000	
	34		1,000,000	
15	35	\$	1,000,000	
16 16	1 2	Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon		Specifies that changes to previously enacted appropriations are effective upon enactment.
16 16	3 4		VISIONS	
16 16 16 16 16 16 16	7 8 9 10 11	Sec. 11. Section 2.12B, Code 2020, is amended following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION 2A. The facilities manager founder the control of the general assembly shall deve submit to the legislative council by December 15, 20 five-year maintenance project schedule report, with written updates thereafter, for the lowa state capitol Ola Babcock Miller building.	or facilities elop and 20, a annual	CODE: Requires the facilities manager for facilities under the General Assembly to develop and submit a five-year maintenance plan to the Legislative Council by December 15, 2020.
	15	subparagraph (2), Code 2020, is amended to read a	s follows:	CODE: Suspends the General Fund standing appropriation of \$17,500,000 to the TRF for FY 2021.
16 16 16 16	18 19 20 21 22	by adding the following new paragraph: NEW PARAGRAPH i. There is appropriated from lowa infrastructure fund for the fiscal year beginning	the rebuild eighteen nology	CODE: Appropriates \$18,550,000 from the RIIF to the TRF for FY 2021.

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16 24 paragraph "c".

GA:88 HF2642 PG LN **Explanation**

16 25 Sec. 14. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE FUND. Notwithstanding the CODE: Reduces a standing appropriation from the RIIF to the Routine 16 26 standing appropriation in section 8A.330, there is appropriated Maintenance Fund from \$2,000,000 to \$1,000,000. 16 27 from the rebuild lowa infrastructure fund to the department of 28 administrative services for deposit in the routine maintenance 16 29 fund established in section 8A.330 for the fiscal year 16 30 beginning July 1, 2020, the sum of one million dollars. 16 31 **DIVISION V** 16 32 REBUILD IOWA INFRASTRUCTURE FUND APPROPRIATION 16 33 Sec. 15. IOWA ECONOMIC EMERGENCY FUND TRANSFERS. CODE: Allocates moneys above the statutory maximum balance of the Economic Emergency Fund in FY 2021 as follows: 16 34 Notwithstanding any provision of section 8.55 to the contrary 16 35 and for purposes of transfers from the lowa economic emergency The first \$70,000,000 is to be transferred to the General Fund. 1 fund created in section 8.55 as provided in this section during An amount equal to the difference of the actual net revenue and 2 the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, the maximum balance of adjusted revenue estimate for FY 2020, less the first 3 the lowa economic emergency fund is the amount equal to two \$70,000,000, is to be transferred to the Taxpayer Relief Fund. 4 and one-half percent of the adjusted revenue estimate for the • The remainder is to be transferred to the General Fund. 5 fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020. If the amount of moneys 6 in the lowa economic emergency fund is equal to the maximum 7 balance, moneys in excess of this amount shall be distributed 8 as follows during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020: 1. The first seventy million dollars shall be transferred to 17 10 the general fund of the state. 2. Of the excess remaining after the transfer in subsection 17 12 1, the difference, reduced by the transfer made in subsection 17 13 1, between the actual net revenue for the general fund of the 17 14 state for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending 17 15 June 30, 2020, and the adjusted revenue estimate for the fiscal 17 16 year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, shall 17 17 be transferred to the taxpayer relief fund created in section 17 18 8.57E. 17 19 3. The remainder of the excess, if any, shall be transferred 17 20 to the general fund of the state. 17 21 Sec. 16. REBUILD IOWA INFRASTRUCTURE FUND —— GENERAL FUND Appropriates \$70,000,000 from the General Fund to the RIIF in FY APPROPRIATION. There is appropriated from the general fund 2020. 17 23 of the state for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and 17 24 ending June 30, 2020, to the rebuild lowa infrastructure fund 17 25 created in section 8.57, the sum of seventy million dollars. Specifies that Division V of this Act, which applies to transfers from the Sec. 17. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being 17 27 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. Economic Emergency Fund and to the supplemental appropriation from the General Fund to the RIIF, is effective upon enactment. Specifies that Division V of this Act, which applies to transfers from the Sec. 18. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. This division of this Economic Emergency Fund and to the supplemental appropriation from

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the General Fund to the RIIF, applies retroactively to June 1, 2020.

17 29 Act applies retroactively to June 1, 2020.

17	30	DIVISION VI	
17	31	CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE AND RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY	
17	32	Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. Unless otherwise	Specifies that this Act, if approved by the Governor on or after July 1
17	33	provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after	2020, is effective upon enactment.
17	34	July 1, 2020, takes effect upon enactment.	
17	35	Sec. 20. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. Unless otherwise	Specifies that this Act, if approved by the Governor on or after July 1
18	1	provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after	2020, is applicable retroactively to July 1, 2020.
18	2	July 1, 2020, applies retroactively to July 1, 2020.	

Infrastructure Appropriations by Fund – House File 2642

This spreadsheet shows new appropriations and changes to previously enacted appropriations for FY 2021 through FY 2024.

Appropriations that have been previously enacted in prior legislative sessions or are standing appropriations are not reflected in this spreadsheet.

		FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fun					
Administrative Services	Security Cameras	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	Major Maintenance - Adjustment	-8,000,000	-	-	20,000,000
	Routine Maintenance	-1,000,000	-	-	-
Agriculture	Water Quality Initiative	5,200,000	-	-	-
	Renewable Fuels Infrastructure Fund	3,000,000	-	-	-
Cultural Affairs	Great Places Infrastructure Grants	1,000,000	-	-	-
	Strengthening Communities Grants	250,000	-	-	-
Economic Development	Community Attraction and Tourism Grants	5,000,000	-	-	-
	Regional Sports Authorities	500,000	-	-	-
	Vacant Building Demolition Fund	-1,000,000	-	-	-
	Vacant Building Rehabilitation Fund	-1,000,000	-	-	-
Human Services	Nursing Home Facility Improvements	500,000	-	-	-
	ChildServe	-	500,000	-	-
	DHS Infrastructure	596,500	-	-	-
Judicial Branch	Judicial Building Maintenance	400,000	-	-	-
	County Courthouse Equipment and Furniture	211,455	-	-	-
Law Enforcement Academy	Furniture	280,000	-	-	-
Legislative Branch	Gutter Replacement	1,250,000	1,250,000	-	-
Management	Technology Reinvestment Fund	18,550,000	-	-	-
Natural Resources	Lake Restoration	8,600,000	-	-	-
	Water Trails and Low Head Dams	250,000	-	-	-
	State Park Infrastructure	1,000,000	-	-	-
Public Defense	Facility/Armory Maintenance	1,000,000	-	-	-
	Readiness Centers	1,000,000	-	-	-
	Camp Dodge Infrastructure Upgrades	250,000	-	-	-
Public Safety	State Communication System	3,960,945	-	-	-
•	Iowa State Patrol Aircraft	1,713,170	-	-	-
	Ballistic Vests	467,500	-	-	-
	Bomb Suits	384,000	-	-	-
Regents	Tuition Replacement	28,268,466	-	-	-
	ISU Student Innovation Center - Adjustment	-3,375,000	3,375,000	-	-
	Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory - Adjustment	-3,600,000	-	-	3,600,000
	UNI Industrial Technology Center	-	13,000,000	18,000,000	8,500,000
Transportation	Recreational Trails	1,000,000	-	-	-
	Public Transit Vertical Infrastructure Grants	500,000	-	-	-
	Railroad Revolving Loan and Grant	500,000	-	-	-
	Commercial Air Service Vertical Infrastructure	1,000,000	-	-	-
	General Aviation Vertical Infrastructure Grants	650,000	-	-	-
Treasurer	County Fair Infrastructure	1,060,000	-	-	-
Veterans Affairs	Cemetery Resurfacing	50,000	-	-	-
Total Pobuild lows Infrastructu		¢ 70 667 026	¢ 19 125 000	¢ 19 000 000	£ 22 100 000

Total Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund <u>\$ 70,667,036</u> <u>\$ 18,125,000</u> <u>\$ 18,000,000</u> <u>\$ 32,100,000</u>

Infrastructure Appropriations by Fund – House File 2642

This spreadsheet shows new appropriations and changes to previously enacted appropriations for FY 2021 through FY 2024.

Appropriations that have been previously enacted in prior legislative sessions or are standing appropriations are not reflected in this spreadsheet.

			FY 2021		FY 2022		FY 2023		FY 2024
Technology Reinvestment Fund (1	rrf)								
Ethics and Campaign Disclosure	Web-based Reporting System	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Department of Corrections	Building Automation		500,000		-		-		-
Education	Statewide Ed Data Warehouse		600,000		-		-		-
	ICN Part III Maintenance/Leases	2	,727,000		-		-		-
	IPBS Equipment Replacement	1	,000,000		-		-		-
Homeland Sec. and Emer. Manag.	Alert Iowa Messaging System		400,000		-		-		-
Human Rights	Criminal Justice Information System	1	,400,000		-		-		-
	Justice Data Warehouse		157,980		-		-		-
Human Services	State Poison Control Center		34,000		-		-		-
Iowa Telecom. and Tech. Comm.	Firewall	2	,071,794		-		-		-
Iowa Law Enforcement Acad.	Classroom Technology and IT		400,000 -				-		-
Judicial Branch	Phone Upgrades		163,000		-		-		-
Management	Transparency Project		45,000		-		-		-
	Local Gov't Budget & Property Tax System		624,000		-		-		-
	Electronic Grant Management System		70,000		-		-		-
Public Health	State Medical Examiner Technology		395,000					-	
Revenue	Tax System Upgrade	4	,070,460		-		-		-
Veterans Affairs	Security Cameras		21,000		-		-		-
Total Technology Reinvestment F	und	\$ 15	5,179,234	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Technology Reinvestment Fund Adjustment*			8,550,000	\$		\$		\$	
Total Appropriations All Sources			7,296,270	\$ 1	8,125,000	\$ 1	8,000,000	\$ 3	2,100,000

Supplemental General Fund Appropriation: HF 2642 appropriates \$70.0 million from the General Fund to the RIIF in FY 2020.

^{*}Adjusts the Total Appropriation for all sources by removing the appropriation from the RIIF to the TRF. This adjustment prevents TRF funding from being counted twice.

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund – House File 2642 LSA Staff Contact: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

	Actual FY 2019	Initial Est.	FY 2020 Adjustments	Est. Net	Estimated FY 2021	Estimated FY 2022	Estimated FY 2023	Estimated FY 2024
Revenues and Resources Balance Forward	\$ 10,882,658	\$ 10,921,715	\$ 0	\$ 10,921,715	\$ 1,764,144	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Casino Wagering Tax Revenues Interest MSA Tobacco Payments MSA Tobacco Litigation Settlements General Fund Transfer	163,317,038 15,728,014 10,900,749 2,209,594	159,810,000 16,000,000 10,790,405 2,209,595	-69,110,000 - - - - 70,000,000	90,700,000 16,000,000 10,790,405 2,209,595 70,000,000	138,600,000 17,000,000 10,790,405 2,209,595	159,810,000 17,000,000 10,790,405 2,209,595	159,810,000 17,000,000 10,790,405 2,209,595	159,810,000 17,000,000 10,790,405 2,209,595
Total Resources	\$ 203,038,053	\$ 199,731,715		\$ 200,621,715	\$ 170,364,144	\$ 189,810,000	\$ 189,810,000	\$ 189,810,000
Appropriations								
Administrative Services								
Major Maintenance Major Maintenance Adjustment	\$ 24,500,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$ -	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000 -8,000,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000
Routine Maintenance (standing appropriation)	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Routine Maintenance Adjustment	· · · -	· · · -	-	· · ·	-1,000,000	· · ·	· · ·	, , <u>-</u>
Security Cameras	-	-	-	-	250,000	-	-	-
Agriculture & Land Stewardship Water Quality Initiative	5,200,000	5,200,000		5,200,000	5,200,000			
Ag Drainage Wells	1,875,000	5,200,000	-	5,200,000	5,200,000	-	-	-
Renewable Fuels	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-	-
Chief Information Officer								
Broadband Improvements	1,300,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Department of Corrections Capitals Request – CBC Fire Suppression	-	150,000	-	150,000	-	-	-	-
Cultural Affairs								
Great Places Infrastructure Grants Strengthening Communities Grants - Rural YMCAs	1,000,000 250,000	1,000,000 250,000	-	1,000,000 250,000	1,000,000 250,000	-	-	-
Economic Development								
Community Attraction & Tourism Grants	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-	-
Regional Śports Authorities World Food Prize Borlaug/Ruan Scholar Program	500,000 300,000	500,000 300.000	-	500,000 300.000	500,000	-	-	-
Vacant Buildings Demolition Fund	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-
Vacant Buildings Demolition Fund Adjustment	-		-		-1,000,000	-	-	-
Vacant Buildings Rehabilitation Fund Vacant Buildings Rehabilitation Fund Adjustment	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	1,000,000 -1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-
Independence Innovation Ctr.	-	200,000	-	200,000	800,000	-	-	-
Lewis and Clark Regional Water System	4,750,000	-	-	-	, -	-	-	-
Junior Olympics Gas Pipeline	250,000 250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Human Services	250,000		_		-	-	-	-
ADA Projects	-	-	-	-	596,500	-		
ChildServe Building Expansion	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000	-	-
Nursing Home Facility Improvements	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-
Iowa Finance Authority								
State Housing Trust Fund (standing appropriation) State Housing Trust Fund (increase)	3,000,000	3,000,000 50,000	-	3,000,000 50,000	3,000,000 -	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000

Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund – House File 2642 LSA Staff Contact: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

	Actual		FY 2020		Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated
	FY 2019	Initial Est.	Adjustments	Est. Net	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Iowa Law Enforcement Academy								
Law Enforcement Academy Remodel Law Enforcement Academy Furniture	1,449,938 -	10,826,911 -	-	10,826,911 -	280,000	-	-	-
Judicial Branch								
Polk County Justice Center Furn. and Equip.	1,464,705	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
County Courthouse Equipment and Furniture Judicial Branch Building	-	193,620 -	- -	193,620	211,455 400,000	-	-	-
Legislative Branch								
Capitol Building Maintenance (standing appropriation) Capitol Building Gutters	500,000 -	500,000 -	-	500,000	500,000 1,250,000	500,000 1,250,000	500,000 -	500,000
Management								
Environment First Fund (standing appropriation) Technology Reinvestment Fund	42,000,000 14,400,000	42,000,000 18,069,975	-	42,000,000 18,069,975	42,000,000 18,550,000	42,000,000 -	42,000,000 -	42,000,000
Natural Resources								
State Park Infrastructure	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-
Lake Restoration & Water Quality	9,600,000	9,600,000	-	9,600,000	8,600,000	-	-	-
Water Trails and Low Head Dam Grants	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	250,000	-	-	-
Public Defense								
Facility/Armory Maintenance	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-
Statewide Modernization - Readiness Centers Camp Dodge Infrastructure Upgrades	1,000,000 250,000	1,000,000 250,000	- -	1,000,000 250,000	1,000,000 250,000	-	-	-
Public Safety								
Statewide Comm. System	1,351,666	3,719,355	-	3,719,355	3,960,945	-	-	-
Lab Liquid Chromatograph	-	325,000	-	325,000	-	-	-	-
Explosive Trace Detectors Tasers	740,000	29,000	-	29,000	-	-	-	-
lowa State Patrol Aircraft	740,000	-	-	_	1,713,170	-	-	-
Ballistic Vests	-	-	-	-	467,500	-	-	-
Bomb Suits	-	-	-	-	384,000	-	-	-
Regents								
Tuition Replacement	31,471,292	28,098,870	-	28,098,870	28,268,466	-	-	-
ISU Student Innovation Center	6,000,000	7,000,000	-	7,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	-
ISU Student Innovation Center - Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-3,375,000	3,375,000	-	-
ISU Biosciences Building UI Pharmacy Building Renovation	4,000,000 5,500,000	-	-	-	=	-	=	-
ISU Vet Lab	1,000,000	12,500,000	_	12,500,000	12.500.000	12,500,000	12,500,000	12.500.000
ISU Vet Lab - Adjustment	1,000,000	12,300,000	-	12,500,000	-3.600.000	12,500,000	12,500,000	3.600.000
UNI Industrial Technology Center	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	13,000,000	18,000,000	8,500,000
ISD - Long Hall Renovation	-	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	1,325,000	-	-	-
State Fair								
Northwest Events Area Construction and Remodel	8,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4-H Building Renovation	-	500,000	-	500,000	4,500,000	-	-	-
State Historical Building Relocation – Study	-	500,000	-	500,000	-	-	-	-

Technology Reinvestment Fund – House File 2642

3,	Estimated FY 2019		Estimated FY 2020		Estimated FY 2021
Resources Beginning Balance RIIF Appropriation Total Resources	\$ 19,635 14,400,000 14,419,635	\$	5,855 18,069,975 18,075,830	\$	10,855 18,550,000 18,560,855
Appropriations				<u> </u>	
Office of the Chief Information Officer Information Technology Consolidation Projects	\$ 1,000,000		1,000,000		-
Department of Corrections Technology Projects Building Automation	- -		629,000		500,000
Department of Education ICN Part III & Maintenance & Leases Statewide Education Data Warehouse IPTV Equipment Replacement	2,727,000 600,000 500,000		2,727,000 600,000 500,000		2,727,000 600,000 1,000,000
Department of Homeland Security Mass Notification and Emer. Messaging System	400,000		400,000		400,000
Department of Human Rights Criminal Justice Info System Integration (CJIS) Justice Data Warehouse	1,200,000 157,980		1,200,000 157,980		1,400,000 157,980
Department of Human Services Medicaid Technology Family and Children Services Sys. Replacement lowa Poison Control Center	636,000		1,228,535 5,525,660		1,979,319
Iowa Poison Control Center Iowa Communications Network Firewall Protection	-		-		34,000
Iowa Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board Candidate Reporting System	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		500,000
Iowa Law Enforcement Academy Online Learning Platform	-		15,000		400,000
Department of Inspections and Appeals State Public Defender Online Attorney Billings Electronic Storage Space Study	88,800		50,000		-
Judicial Branch Technology Projects	3,000,000		-		163,000
Department of Management Transparency Project Local Government Budget & Property Tax Sys.	45,000 600,000		45,000 120,000		45,000 624,000
Electronic Grant Management System Department of Natural Resources	70,000		50,000		70,000
Clean Air Act Permit Application Board of Parole	954,000		-		-
Record Digitization Department of Public Health	50,000		-		-
Medical Cannabidiol Registry	350,000		-		-
Equipment - State Medical Examiner AMANDA System Medical Examiner Equipment	-		796,800		395,000
Department of Revenue Tax System Modernization	-		-		4,070,460
Department of Public Safety Crime Scene Processing Equipment Radio Upgrades	125,000 860,000		-		- -
Lab Management System Virtual Storage Archival System Digital Photo Evidence Storage Post 16 Technology Upgrade	- - - -		300,000 290,000 80,000 250,000		- - -
Secretary of State Voter Registration System	1,050,000		2,100,000		1,400,000
Veterans Affairs Computer Equipment	-		5,000		21,000
Total Appropriations	\$ 14,413,780	\$	18,069,975	\$	18,558,553
Estimated Reversions	 -	_	-5,000		-
Ending Balance	\$ 5,855	\$	10,855	\$	2,302

FY 2021 previously enacted appropriations are in bold.

Note: The following appropriations are currently enacted and will occur after FY 2022.

Medicaid Technology – \$1,625,363 in FY 2022, \$1,416,680 in FY 2023, \$1,578,280 in FY 2024, and \$1,335,178 in FY 2025.

Voter Registration System – \$1,400,000 in FY 2022, and \$1,400,000 in FY 2023.

TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS ACT

FUNDING SUMMARY

FY 2021: Appropriates a total of \$393.9 million and 2,739.0 full-time equivalent (FTE) positions for FY 2021 to the Department of Transportation (DOT). This includes \$51.5 million from the Road Use Tax Fund (RUTF) and \$342.4 million from the Primary Road Fund (PRF). These appropriations represent a total net decrease of \$14.1 million and an increase of 8.0 FTE positions compared to estimated FY 2020.

MAJOR INCREASES/DECREASES/TRANSFERS OF EXISTING PROGRAMS

Appropriates a total of \$48.6 million to the Administrative Services Division. This is an increase of \$55,000
compared to estimated FY 2020. This represents funding shifted from the Highway Division to the
Administrative Services Division to provide for a Transportation Commission Secretary FTE position.

Page 3, Line 12

Appropriates a total of \$262.8 million to the Highway Division. This is an increase of \$1.9 million compared
to estimated FY 2020. The increase provides funding to add 7.0 FTE positions and to fund additional
medium- and heavy-duty truck equipment purchases.

Page 3, Line 16

Appropriates a total of \$4.3 million that will be transferred to the Department of Administrative Services for
workers' compensation. This is an increase of \$285,000 compared to estimated FY 2020.

Page 3, Line 27

Appropriates a total of \$561,000 for the Statewide Interoperable Communications System. This is a decrease	
of \$256,000 compared to estimated FY 2020.	

Page 4, Line 13

Appropriates \$242,000 to fund the production and printing of paper transportation maps. This is an increase	
of \$242,000 compared to estimated FY 2020.	

Page 6, Line 1

Appropriates a total of \$10.1 million for inventory and equipment replacement. This is a decrease of \$245,000 compared to estimated FY 2020.

Page 6, Line 3

Appropriates a total of \$11.3 million to fund the renovation of the Northwest Wing of the DOT headquarters

Page 6, Line 25

HOUSE FILE 2644

TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS ACT

in Ames. This is a new appropriation for FY 2021.

STUDIES AND INTENT

Requires the DOT to study the effectiveness of rumble strips in preventing vehicle crashes at certain stop-controlled intersections as determined by the Department. A report on the findings is due to the General Assembly on or before December 31, 2021.

Page 6, Line 38

EFFECTIVE DATE

Specifies that this Act, if approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020, is effective upon enactment.

Page 6, Line 49

Specifies that this Act, if approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020, is applicable retroactively to July 1, 2020.

Page 6, Line 52

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 13, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 30, 2020.

STAFF CONTACT: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

2 2 2 2 2 2	3 4 5	from the road use tax fund created in section 312.1 to the department of transportation for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, the following amounts, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:
3 3 3		1. For the payment of costs associated with the production of driver's licenses, as defined in section 321.1, subsection 20A:
3	4	\$ 3,876,000
3	5	3 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
3 3 3	7 8	subsection that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes specified in this subsection until the close of the succeeding fiscal year.
3	10 11	, 11 , , ,
-	12 13	a. Administrative services: \$ 6.800.347

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for costs associated with the production of driver's licenses.

DETAIL: Maintains the current funding level compared to estimated net FY 2020. The appropriation will provide for electronic processing (use of debit or credit cards) for payment of fees for driver's licenses, nonoperator identification cards, and civil penalties. The appropriation includes costs for the lease of the Driver's License Digitized Photo Imaging System.

CODE: Permits any unexpended funds for driver's license production remaining at the close of FY 2021 to remain available for expenditure through FY 2022.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for administrative services.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$7,753 compared to estimated net FY 2020. Administrative services also receives an appropriation of \$41,773,560 from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$48,573,907. The combined appropriation represents an increase of \$55,337 to estimated net FY 2020. This increase in funding being shifted from the Highway Division to the Administration Services Division to pay for a secretary for the State Transportation Commission.

NOTE: Administrative services includes the Administrative Services Division, Information Technology Division, Office of the Director, Transportation Commission, and General Counsel.

3	14	b. Planning:	
3	15	\$	150,327

......\$ 10,319,346

PG LN

3 16

3 17

c. Highways:

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Planning, Programming, and Modal Division.

DETAIL: Maintains current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Planning, Programming, and Modal Division also receives an appropriation of \$8,556,215 from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$9,006,542.

NOTE: The Planning, Programming, and Modal Division includes the Offices of Aviation, Rail Transportation, Program Management, Systems Planning, Public Transit, and Transportation Data.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Highway Division.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Highway Division also receives an appropriation of \$252,436,259 from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$262,755,605. The combined funding is an increase of \$1,859,132 compared to estimated net FY 2020.

The total increase in FTEs will be 7.0 positions. The increased funding will be used to hire 9.0 additional FTEs positions that will focus on project development and field construction inspection. This increase will be offset with the transfer of 1.0 FTE position to the Administrative Services Division and a decrease of 1.0 FTE that is used for extra help.

NOTE: The Highway Division develops, designs, constructs, and maintains the State's Primary Road System, including primary roadways and bridges. The Division oversees maintenance projects on highways and bridges, the Adopt-a-Highway Program, roadside management, rest area administration, road weather information systems, traffic safety, safety management systems, snow and ice control, and the general operation and preservation of the highway system. The Division also includes the Office of Motor Vehicle Enforcement, which enforces commercial vehicle laws.

3 18 d. Motor vehicles: 3 19\$ 26,552,992 Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Motor Vehicle Division.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Motor Vehicle Division also receives an appropriation of \$1,272,705 from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$27.852.697.

NOTE: The Motor Vehicle Division is responsible for administering and enforcing federal and State motor vehicle laws and regulations, including testing, licensing, and sanctioning of all drivers. The Division maintains and oversees driver- and vehicle-related functions, including all driver history files, central issuance of driver's licenses, crash reports, vehicle titles, vehicle registrations, driver offenses, permits, county-based registrations, issuance of special plates, and driver safety and education.

3	20	e.	Strategic performance:	
3	21		9	675.955

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Strategic Performance Division.

DETAIL: Maintains current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Strategic Performance Division also receives an appropriation of \$4,152,292 from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$4,828,247.

NOTE: The Strategic Performance Division facilitates the coordination and management of departmental research activities in collaboration with others; facilitates research needs identification, research program development, implementation, and related funding; and is responsible for guiding the process improvement and strategic planning initiatives. This Division was formerly known as the Performance and Technology Division.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for payment to the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) for personnel and utility services.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The DOT also receives an appropriation from the PRF of \$2,007,247 for DAS utility services in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$2,344,651. This combined funding represents no change compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: State departments are required to purchase utility services (personnel and other services) through the DAS. Utility services include: human resources, general services such as the DOT office space in the Lucas State Office Building, and information technology services such as directory service, the Information Security Office, and user authentication and authorization. Utility costs also include funding for use of the Integrated Information for Iowa (I/3) Budget System and marketplace services offered by the DAS.

3	26	\$	7,000
3	27	5. For payments to the department of administrative services for paying workers' compensation claims under	chantor
-		85 on behalf of employees of the department of transpor	
	30		170,209
	31	6. For payment to the general fund of the state for in	direct
3	32	cost recoveries:	90.000

4. For unemployment compensation:

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the payment of unemployment compensation costs.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$138,000 for unemployment compensation from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$145,000. This combined funding represents no change compared to estimated net FY 2020.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the payment of workers' compensation costs.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$11,400 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$4,085,021 for workers' compensation costs from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$4,255,230. This combined funding is an increase of \$285,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for payment of indirect cost recoveries to the General Fund.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$660,000 for indirect cost recoveries from the PRF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$750,000. This combined funding represents no change compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: Iowa Code section 8A.505 requires all agencies funded by resources other than the State General Fund to make payments to the General Fund for recovery of indirect costs associated with centralized services provided by other State agencies that receive funding from the General Fund, such as services from the Treasurer of State for cash receipt collection and warrant redemption.

- 7. For reimbursement to the auditor of state for audit
- 3 35 expenses as provided in section 11.5B:

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for State Auditor reimbursement.

August 2020

LSA: Fiscal Analysis 240

4	1	\$	92	.12	20

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$2,380 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$565,880 for State Auditor expenses from the PRF in this act, for a total appropriation of \$658,000. This combined funding is an increase of \$17,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT to support the issuance of driver's licenses, vehicle registrations, and titles at county treasurer offices throughout the State.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The appropriation is used for electronic processing of debit and credit cards for payment of driver's license fees, nonoperator identification card fees, and civil penalties at county treasurer sites.

NOTE: In addition to this appropriation, and in accordance with lowa Code section 312.2, the DOT receives an annual RUTF standing appropriation of \$650,000 for the purchase of automation and telecommunications equipment, and to fund support for issuing vehicle registrations, titles, and driver's licenses at county treasurer offices.

4 6 9. For costs associated with the participation in the 4 7 Mississippi river parkway commission: 4 8\$ 40,000 Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Mississippi River Parkway Commission.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. This appropriation will fund annual organization dues and operational costs of the Commission.

NOTE: The Mississippi River Parkway Commission (MRPC) is a multistate organization that is comprised of the states bordering the Mississippi River. Each state has its own individual commission. There is one representative from each member state appointed by the governor of that state, each serving four-year terms. In addition to those members appointed by state governors, there are seven advisory, ex-officio members of the MRPC. The MRPC meets quarterly.

4 9 10. For costs associated with the traffic and criminal
4 10 software program and the mobile architecture and communications
4 11 handling program:
4 12 \$\frac{300,000}{300,000}\$

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for the maintenance of the Traffic and Criminal Software (TraCS) and Mobile Architecture and Communications Handling (MACH) systems.

LSA: Fiscal Analysis 241 August 2020

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. This appropriation will support program administration and future project enhancements.

NOTE: The TraCS system collects vehicle collision data from law enforcement agencies and provides an electronic platform for citations. The MACH system enables the sharing of information among public safety agencies. The systems provide enhanced dispatch features and other communications features.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation for the Statewide Interoperable Communications System.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$41,413 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation from the PRF of \$487,793 in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$560,682. Combined funding represents a decrease of \$255,762 compared to estimated net FY 2020. This appropriation supports the DOT's portion of the lease payment and maintenance of the system, along with tower rental payments to lowa Public Broadcasting Service (IPBS). The DOT's share of the system decreased and so did the corresponding payment.

Road Use Tax Fund appropriation to the DOT for Motor Vehicle Division field facility maintenance projects at various locations throughout the State.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. Funds are used to maintain weigh scales and driver's license stations.

Section 2 of this Act provides Primary Road Fund appropriations to the DOT for FY 2021.

August 2020

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for administrative services.

4 13 11. For costs associated with the statewide
4 14 interoperability network:
4 15 72.889

4 16 12. For motor vehicle division field facility maintenance 4 17 projects at various locations:

4 18 \$ 300,000

4 19 For purposes of section 8.33, unless specifically provided

- 4 20 otherwise, moneys appropriated in subsection 12 that remain
- 4 21 unencumbered or unobligated shall not revert but shall remain
- 4 22 available for expenditure for the purposes designated until
- 4 23 the close of the fiscal year that ends three years after the
- 4 24 end of the fiscal year for which the appropriation was made.
- 4 25 However, if the project or projects for which the appropriation
- 4 26 was made are completed in an earlier fiscal year, unencumbered
- 4 27 or unobligated moneys shall revert at the close of that same
- 4 28 fiscal year.
- 4 29 Sec. 2. PRIMARY ROAD FUND. There is appropriated from the
- 4 30 primary road fund created in section 313.3 to the department of
- 4 31 transportation for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2020, and
- 4 32 ending June 30, 2021, the following amounts, or so much thereof
- 4 33 as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:
- 4 34 1. For salaries, support, maintenance, miscellaneous
- 4 35 purposes, and for not more than the following full-time

LSA: Fiscal Analysis 242

5	1	equivalent positions:	
5	2	a. Administrative services:	
5	3	\$	41,773,560
5	4	FTEs	251.00

5 5 b. Planning: 5 6\$ 8,556,215 5 7FTEs 94.00

5	8	C.	Highways:	
5	9		\$	252,436,259
5	10		FTEs	2.064.00

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$47,624 and an increase of 1.0 FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020. Administrative services also receive an appropriation of \$6,800,347 from the RUTF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$48,573,907. The combined appropriation represents an increase of \$55,337 to estimated net FY 2020. This increase in funding being shifted from the Highway Division to the Administration Services Division to pay for a secretary for the State Transportation Commission.

NOTE: Administrative services include the Administrative Services Division, Information Technology Division, Office of the Director, Transportation Commission, and General Counsel.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Planning, Programming, and Modal Division.

DETAIL: Maintains current level of funding and FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Planning, Programming, and Modal Division also receives an appropriation of \$450,327 from the RUTF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$9,006,542. The combined funding represents no change from estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: The Planning, Programming, and Modal Division includes the Offices of Aviation, Rail Transportation, Program Management, Systems Planning, Public Transit, and Transportation Data.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Highway Division.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$1,859,132 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Highway Division also receives an appropriation of \$10,319,346 from the RUTF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$262,755,605. The combined funding is an increase of \$1,859,132 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The increased funding will be used to hire 8.0 additional FTE positions that will focus on project development and field construction inspection.

NOTE: The Highway Division develops, designs, constructs, and maintains the State's Primary Road System, including primary roadways and bridges. The Division oversees maintenance projects on highways and bridges, the Adopt-A-Highway Program, roadside management, rest area administration, road weather information systems, traffic safety, safety management systems, snow and ice

control, and the general operation and preservation of the highway system. The Division also includes the Office of Motor Vehicle Enforcement, which enforces commercial vehicle laws.

5	11	d. Motor vehicles:	
5	12	\$	1,272,705
5	13	FTFs	289 00

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Motor Vehicle Division.

DETAIL: Maintains current level of funding and FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Motor Vehicle Division also receives an appropriation of \$26,552,992 from the RUTF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$27,825,697.

NOTE: The Division is responsible for administering and enforcing federal and State motor vehicle laws and regulations, including testing, licensing, and sanctioning of all drivers. The Division maintains and oversees driver- and vehicle-related functions, including all driver history files, central issuance of driver's licenses, crash reports, vehicle titles, vehicle registrations, driver offenses, permits, county-based registrations, issuance of special plates, and driver safety and education.

 Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for the Strategic Performance Division.

DETAIL: Maintains current level of funding and FTE positions compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Strategic Performance Division also receives an appropriation of \$675,955 from the RUTF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$4,828,247. This combined funding represents no increase compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: The Strategic Performance Division facilitates the coordination and management of departmental research activities in collaboration with others; facilitates research needs identification, research program development, implementation, and related funding; and is responsible for guiding the process improvement and strategic planning initiatives.

5 17 2. For payments to the department of administrative
5 18 services for utility services:
5 19 2,007,247

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for payment to the DAS for personnel and utility services.

DETAIL: Maintains current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation from the

This combined funding represents no increase compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: State departments are required to purchase utility services (personnel and other services) through the DAS. Utility services

RUTF of \$337,404 in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$2,007,247.

NOTE: State departments are required to purchase utility services (personnel and other services) through the DAS. Utility services include: human resources, general services such as the DOT office space in the Lucas State Office Building, and information technology services such as directory service, the Information Security Office, and user authentication and authorization. Utility costs also include funding for use of the I/3 Budget System and marketplace services offered by the DAS.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for the payment of unemployment compensation costs.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$7,000 for unemployment compensation from the RUTF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$145,000. This combined funding represents no change compared to estimated net FY 2020.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for the payment of workers' compensation costs.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$273,600 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$170,209 for workers' compensation costs from the RUTF in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$4,255,230. This represents a combined increase of \$285,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.

Primary Road Fund appropriation for costs associated with the disposal of hazardous wastes.

DETAIL: Maintains current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: The appropriation is used for costs associated with the disposal of hazardous waste resulting from the day-to-day operations of the Department, to comply with environmental regulations. The DOT contracts with private sector firms for hazardous waste disposal services.

5 22 4. For payments to the department of administrative
5 23 services for paying workers' compensation claims under
5 24 chapter 85 on behalf of the employees of the department of
5 25 transportation:
5 26 \$\frac{4,085,021}{2}\$

5 27 5. For disposal of hazardous wastes from field locations and 5 28 the central complex:
5 29 \$\text{1.000.000}\$

5 30 6. For payment to the general fund of the state for i 5 31 cost recoveries:	ndirect
5 32\$	660,000
5 33 7. For reimbursement to the auditor of state for audi	it
5 34 expenses as provided in section 11.5B: 5 35\$	EGE 000
5 35 \$	565,880
6 1 8. For costs associated with producing transportatio	
6 2\$	242,000
6 3 9. For inventory and equipment replacement:	005 000
6 4\$ 10	,085,000

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for payment of indirect cost recoveries to the General Fund.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$90,000 from the RUTF for indirect cost recoveries in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$750,000. This combined funding represents no change compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: lowa Code section <u>8A.505</u> requires the DOT to make payments to the General Fund for recovery of indirect costs associated with centralized services provided by other State agencies that receive funding from the General Fund, such as services from the Treasurer of State for cash receipt collection and warrant redemption.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for State Auditor reimbursement.

DETAIL: This is an increase of \$14,620 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation of \$92,120 from the RUTF for State Auditor expenses in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$658,000. The combined funding is an increase of \$17,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT to print paper transportation maps.

DETAIL: This appropriation is generally funded every other fiscal year and is estimated to fund production of 1,400,000 maps in FY 2021.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for inventory and equipment replacement.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$245,000 compared to estimated net FY 2020. The funds are deposited in the Materials and Equipment Revolving Fund, established in Iowa Code section 307.47. The Fund pays for materials and supplies, inventoried stock supplies, maintenance and operational costs of equipment, and equipment replacements.

6 6 6	5 6 7	10. For costs associated with the statewide interoperability network: \$ 487,793	
6 6	8 9	11. For utility improvements at various locations:\$ 400,000	
6 6	10	12. For roofing projects at various locations:\$ 500,000	
6 6 6	12 13 14	13. For heating, cooling, and exhaust system improvements at various locations:	

PG LN

Primary Road Fund appropriation for the Statewide Interoperable Communications System.

DETAIL: This is a decrease of \$214,349 from estimated net FY 2020. The Department also receives an appropriation from the RUTF of \$72,889 in this Act, for a total appropriation of \$560,682. The combined funding represents a decrease of \$255,762 from estimated net FY 2020. This appropriation supports the DOT's portion of the lease payment and maintenance of the system along with tower rental payments to IPBS.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for utility improvements.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: The funds are used for utility improvements at various locations throughout the State. The improvements include upgrading existing electrical systems that are being used beyond the original load design for the facilities. The existing electrical systems were not designed for the power requirements of new equipment and tools for processes like brine operations. The DOT typically tries to upgrade six facilities per year.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for garage roofing projects.

DETAIL: Maintains the current funding level compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: Funding is used for roofing improvements at various garage locations throughout the State. The appropriation is not sufficient to replace all roofs in need of replacement. The Department will prioritize and address those most in need of replacement.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for heating, cooling, and exhaust system improvements.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: These funds are used for heating, ventilation, and air

6 15 14. For deferred maintenance projects at field facilities 6 16 throughout the state:
6 17\$ 1,700,000
6 18 15. For maintenance projects at rest area facilities 6 19 throughout the state: 6 20 \$\text{\$\text{\$}}\$\$ 250,000
6 21 16. For improvements related to compliance with the federal 6 22 Americans with Disabilities Act to facilities throughout the 6 23 state: 6 24
6 25 17. For renovations to the northwest wing of the department 6 26 headquarters in Ames: 6 27

PG LN

conditioning (HVAC) improvements at various locations throughout the State.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for deferred maintenance projects at various field facilities statewide.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: The appropriation provides funding for field facility maintenance needs, such as replacing windows, painting buildings, paving driveways, and other various repairs.

CODE: Permits any unexpended funds for motor vehicle field facility maintenance at the close of FY 2021 to be available for expenditure through FY 2024.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for maintenance of rest area facilities.

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020. The DOT maintains 38 rest areas throughout lowa. Nineteen of these are considered modern rest areas by the DOT. A full list of rest areas is provided at iowadot.gov/maintenance/rest-areas.

NOTE: Potential projects include HVAC systems, security cameras, and other modifications.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT for improvements to comply with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

DETAIL: Maintains the current level of funding compared to estimated net FY 2020.

NOTE: Potential improvements to DOT facilities include entrances, parking, sidewalks, restrooms, and public areas.

Primary Road Fund appropriation to the DOT to renovate the northwest wing of the Department's Ames headquarters.

LSA: Fiscal Analysis 248 August 2020

PG LN GA:88 HF2644 Explanation

DETAIL: This renovation is intended to reduce the square footage of the Ames complex by 26,200 square feet, replace a 58-year-old HVAC system and result in the sale of property that the DOT currently occupies, that will no longer be needed. An additional 69 employees will be relocated to the main DOT building after this project.

CODE: Permits any unexpended funds remaining at the close of FY 2021 to remain available for expenditure through FY 2024.

Requires the DOT to study the effectiveness of rumble strips in preventing vehicle crashes at certain stop-controlled intersections as determined by the DOT. A report on the findings is due to the General Assembly on or before December 31, 2021.

Specifies that this Act, if approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020, is effective upon enactment.

Specifies that this Act, if approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020, is applicable retroactively to July 1, 2020.

- 6 28 For purposes of section 8.33, unless specifically provided
- 6 29 otherwise, moneys appropriated in subsections 11 through 17
- 6 30 that remain unencumbered or unobligated shall not revert
- 6 31 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes
- 6 32 designated until the close of the fiscal year that ends
- 6 33 three years after the end of the fiscal year for which the
- 6 34 appropriation was made. However, if the project or projects
- 6 35 for which such appropriation was made are completed in an
- 6 36 earlier fiscal year, unencumbered or unobligated moneys shall
- 6 37 revert at the close of that same fiscal year.
- 6 38 Sec. 3. The department of transportation shall study the
- 6 39 effectiveness of rumble strips in preventing vehicle crashes
- 6 40 at certain stop-controlled intersections as determined by
- 6 41 the department. The department shall submit a report of its
- 6 42 findings to the general assembly on or before December 31,
- 6 43 2021.
- 6 44 Sec. 4. The department of transportation shall submit an
- 6 45 annual report to the general assembly on or before December 31
- 6 46 for the next five fiscal years which shall include any cost
- 6 47 savings to the department from adding additional full-time
- 6 48 equivalent employees from the fiscal year prior.
- 6 49 Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. Unless otherwise
- 6 50 provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after
- 6 51 July 1, 2020, takes effect upon enactment.
- 6 52 Sec. 6. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. Unless otherwise
- 6 53 provided, this Act, if approved by the governor on or after
- 6 54 July 1, 2020, applies retroactively to July 1, 2020.

Department of Transportation Appropriations Act - FY 2021

	Actual FY 2019	Estimated FY 2020	HF 2644 FY 2021	HF 2644 v.s. Est. FY 2020
Administrative Services Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Administrative Services	\$ 6,682,954 41,052,430 47,735,384	\$ 6,792,594 41,725,936 48,518,530	\$ 6,800,347 41,773,560 48,573,907	\$ 7,753 47,624 55,377
Highway Division Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Highway	10,233,174 247,828,001 258,061,175	10,319,346 250,577,127 260,896,473	10,319,346 252,436,259 262,755,605	0 1,859,132 1,859,132
Motor Vehicle Division Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Motor Vehicles	25,962,748 1,081,781 27,044,529	26,552,992 1,272,705 27,825,697	26,552,992 1,272,705 27,825,697	0 0 0
Planning & Programming & Modal Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Planning & Programming & Modal	447,822 8,508,616 8,956,438	450,327 8,556,215 9,006,542	450,327 8,556,215 9,006,542	0 0 0
Strategic Performance Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Strategic Performance	671,369 4,124,123 4,795,492	675,955 4,152,292 4,828,247	675,955 4,152,292 4,828,247	0 0
Dept. of Administrative Services Utilities Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Administrative Services Utilities	259,560 1,594,440 1,854,000	337,404 2,007,247 2,344,651	337,404 2,007,247 2,344,651	0 0
Auditor Reimbursement Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Auditor Reimbursement	87,318 536,382 623,700	89,740 551,260 641,000	92,120 565,880 658,000	2,380 14,620 17,000
Indirect Cost Recoveries Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Indirect Cost Recoveries	90,000 660,000 750,000	90,000 660,000 750,000	90,000 660,000 750,000	0 0 0
Statewide Comm. System Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Statewide Comm. System	497,191 3,054,172 3,551,363	114,302 702,142 816,444	72,889 487,793 560,682	-41,413 -214,349 -255,762
Unemployment Compensation Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Unemployment Comp.	7,000 138,000 145,000	7,000 138,000 145,000	7,000 138,000 145,000	0 0 0
Workers' Compensation Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund Total Workers' Comp.	175,748 4,217,954 4,393,702	158,809 3,811,421 3,970,230	170,209 4,085,021 4,255,230	11,400 273,600 285,000
County Treasurers Support Road Use Tax Fund	1,406,000	1,406,000	1,406,000_	0
Dallas County Driver's License Facility Road Use Tax Fund	0	350,000	0	350,000
Driver's License Equip. Road Use Tax Fund	3,876,000	3,876,000	3,876,000	0
Mississippi River Parkway Commission Road Use Tax Fund	40,000	40,000	40,000_	0

Note: This document does not display standing appropriations for personal delivery of services (\$225,000) and County Treasurer Equipment (\$650,000). LSA Staff Contact: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

Department of Transportation Appropriations Act - FY 2021

	Actual FY 2019	Estimated FY 2020	HF 2644 FY 2021		IF 2644 v.s. st. FY 2020
TraCS/MACH Road Use Tax Fund	 300,000	 300,000	 300,000		0
MVD Field Facilities Maintenance Road Use Tax Fund	 300,000	 300,000	 300,000		0
Garage Fuel & Waste Management Primary Road Fund	 800,000	 1,000,000	 1,000,000_		0
Transportation Maps Primary Road Fund	 242,000	 0	 242,000_		242,000
Inventory & Equipment Replacement Primary Road Fund	 10,465,000	 10,330,000	 10,085,000_		245,000
Utility Improvements Primary Road Fund	 400,000	 400,000	 400,000		0
Garage Roofing Projects Primary Road Fund	 500,000	 500,000	 500,000_		0
HVAC Improvements Primary Road Fund	 700,000	 700,000	 700,000		0
Field Facility Deferred Maintenance Primary Road Fund	 1,700,000	 1,700,000	 1,700,000_		0
Rest Area Facility Maintenance Primary Road Fund	 250,000	 250,000	 250,000_		0
ADA Improvements Primary Road Fund	 150,000	 150,000	 150,000_		0
Sioux City Combined Facility Primary Road Fund	 0	 26,951,000	 0_		-26,951,000
Purchase of Salt Primary Road Fund	 8,700,000	 0	 0_		0
Waterloo Garage Renovations Primary Road Fund	 1,790,000	 0	 0_		0
Ames Administration Building Primary Road Fund	 0	 0	 11,287,000_		11,287,000
Totals by Funding Source Road Use Tax Fund Primary Road Fund	\$ 51,036,884 338,492,899	\$ 51,860,469 356,135,345	\$ 51,490,589 342,448,972	\$ \$	-369,880 -13,686,373
Total	\$ 389,529,783	\$ 407,995,814	\$ 393,939,561	\$	-14,056,253
Full Time Facilities D. 19					
Full-Time Equivalent Positions Administrative Services	250.0	250.0	251.0		1.0
Planning & Programming	94.0	94.0	94.0		-
Highway	2,056.0	2,057.0	2,064.0		7.0
Motor Vehicles Strategic Performance	281.0 41.0	289.0 41.0	289.0 41.0		-
Total FTE Positions	2,722.0	2,731.0	2,739.0		8.0

Note: This document does not display standing appropriations for personal delivery of services (\$225,000) and County Treasurer Equipment (\$650,000). LSA Staff Contact: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

Miscellaneous Appropriations Acts

FUNDING SUMMARY

Senate File 2144 provides \$21.3 million in General Fund supplemental appropriations for FY 2020 to the Department of Human Services (DHS) and the Homeland Security and Emergency Management Department (HSEMD).

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation of \$333,000 to the DHS for Glenwood Resource Center for additional staff training, expert consultation, and review of patient treatment related to the ongoing investigation by the federal Department of Justice.

Page 2, Line 3

FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation of \$21.0 million to the HSEMD for flood recovery.

Page 2, Line 33

STUDIES AND INTENT

Specifies that as a condition of receiving funds, the DHS is required to submit reports 30 days after the effective date of this Act, and shall submit an additional report every 30 days thereafter until June 30, 2020, to the chairpersons and ranking members of the Senate and House Human Resources Committees and the Legislative Services Agency. The report is to detail the manner in which the appropriated moneys are being used and contain a status report on any project to which the moneys have been allocated.

Page 2, Line 14

Specifies that as a condition of receiving funds, the HSEMD, in coordination with the Flood Mitigation Board, is required to submit a report 30 days after the effective date of this Act, and shall submit an additional report every 30 days thereafter until June 30, 2020, to the chairpersons and ranking members of the Senate and House Appropriations Committees and the Legislative Services Agency. The report is to detail the amount of the appropriated funds that have been used and include a status report on any project to which the funds have been allocated.

Page 3, Line 7

EFFECTIVE DATE

Specifies that Division I relating to Glenwood Resource Center is effective upon enactment.

Page 2, Line 29

Specifies that Division II relating to flood recovery is effective upon enactment.

Page 3, Line 19

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY SENATE FILE 2144

FY 2020 SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on February 12, 2020, and signed by the Governor on February 13, 2020.

STAFF CONTACT:

Jess Benson (515.281.4611) jess.benson@legis.iowa.gov Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) <u>christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov</u> PG LN GA:88 SF2144 Explanation

2	1 DIVISION I	
	2 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	ES CONTRACTOR CONTRACT
2	 Section 1. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES. The appropriated from the general fund of the state to the department of human services for the fiscal year beginning 	of Human Services (DHS) for the Glenwood Resource Center.
		•
	6 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, the following amount, of7 so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purpose	
2	8 designated:	the federal Department of Justice.
2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	0 center at Glenwood for salaries, support, maintenance, and	
	1 miscellaneous purposes in 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 85, sec	alon
	2 25, subsection 1, paragraph "a":	000
2 1	3\$ 333	3,000
2 1		
	5 section, the department of human services shall submit repo	
	6 to the chairpersons and ranking members of the senate and	
	7 committees on human resources and to the legislative servi	
	8 agency detailing the manner in which the appropriated mon	
	9 are being used and containing a status report on any project	
	to which the moneys have been allocated. The department	
	21 submit the first report thirty days after the effective date	which the moneys have been allocated.
	22 of this division of this Act, and shall submit an additional	
2 2	report every thirty days thereafter until June 30, 2020.	
2 2	Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated in this	CODE: Specifies that the appropriation to Glenwood Resource Center
2 2	25 division that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the clo	
2 2	26 of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain available	purposes designated to the end of FY 2021.
2 2	7 for expenditure for the purposes designated until the close	of
2 2	the succeeding fiscal year.	
2 2	9 Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, bei	ing Specifies that Division I relating to Glenwood Resource Center is
	deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactm	
2 3		
2 3	52 FLOOD RECOVERY	
2 3	Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY AND	D EMERGENCY FY 2020 General Fund supplemental appropriation to the Homeland
2 3	MANAGEMENT. There is appropriated from the general is	
	the state to the department of homeland security and emerg	
_	1 management for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and	
	2 ending June 30, 2020, the following amount, or so much the	
	3 as is necessary, to be credited to the flood recovery fund	418.16, is under the control of the Flood Mitigation Board and is
_	4 created in section 418.16 and used for the purposes design	·
3	5 in section 418.16:	from the Flood Recovery Fund to political subdivisions located within a
3	6 \$ 21,003	186 county designated under a Presidential Disaster Declaration and also

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PG LN GA:88 SF2144 Explanation

- 3 7 As a condition of receiving the moneys appropriated in this
- 3 8 section, the department of homeland security and emergency
- 3 9 management, in coordination with the flood mitigation board,
- 3 10 shall submit reports to the chairpersons and ranking members
- 3 11 of the senate and house committees on appropriations and to
- 3 12 the legislative services agency detailing the amount of the
- 3 13 appropriated moneys that have been used and containing a status
- 3 14 report on any project to which the moneys have been allocated.
- 3 15 The department shall submit the first report thirty days after
- 3 16 the effective date of this division of this Act, and shall
- 3 17 submit an additional report every thirty days thereafter until
- 3 18 June 30, 2020.
- 3 19 Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being
- 3 20 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.

located within a county where the Federal Emergency Management Agency's Individual Assistance Program has been activated. A total of 80 counties received Presidential Disaster Declarations and have been declared for public assistance grants. In addition, 10 of these counties have been declared for individual assistance. Funding provided in this section matches the current estimated funding need from the Board.

Specifies that as a condition of receiving funds, the HSEMD, in coordination with the Flood Mitigation Board, is required to submit a report 30 days after the effective date of this Act, and shall submit an additional report every 30 days thereafter until June 30, 2020, to the chairpersons and ranking members of the Senate and House Appropriations Committees and the Legislative Services Agency. The report is to detail the amount of the appropriated funds that have been used and include a status report on any project to which the funds have been allocated.

Specifies that Division II relating to flood recovery is effective upon enactment

Summary Data

General Fund

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated FY 2020 (2)		Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
Health and Human Services	\$	16,858,523	\$	16,105,259	\$	333,000	\$	16,438,259
Justice System		15,000,000		0		21,003,186		21,003,186
Grand Total	\$	31,858,523	\$	16,105,259	\$	21,336,186	\$	37,441,445

Health and Human Services

General Fund

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated FY 2020 (2)		Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
Human Services, Department of								
Glenwood								
Glenwood Resource Center	\$	16,858,523	\$	16,105,259	\$	333,000	\$	16,438,259
Total Human Services, Department of	\$	16,858,523	\$	16,105,259	\$	333,000	\$	16,438,259
Total Health and Human Services	\$	16,858,523	\$	16,105,259	\$	333,000	\$	16,438,259

Justice System

General Fund

	Actual FY 2019 (1)		Estimated FY 2020 (2)		Supp-Final Act. FY 2020 (3)		Est Net FY 2020 (4)	
Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt								
Homeland Security & Emergency Mgmt	¢.	15 000 000	ď	0	ď	21 002 196	¢.	24 002 106
Flood Recovery	<u>Ψ</u>	15,000,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ф</u>	21,003,186	<u>ф</u>	21,003,186
Total Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt	\$	15,000,000	\$	0	\$	21,003,186	\$	21,003,186
Total Justice System	\$	15,000,000	\$	0	\$	21,003,186	\$	21,003,186

SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION EQUITY ACT

FII	IDI	NC	SUN	ЛМ	V D.	V
T OI	WIL	10	OUN	VIIVI.	ΔII	1

Appropriates a total of \$32.5 million from the General Fund for FY 2021. The funding includes:

- An estimated increase in State school aid of \$5.9 million and a decrease to property taxes of \$2.6 million due to an increase to the State cost per pupil of \$10 per pupil.
- A General Fund standing appropriation of \$26.7 million to the Transportation Equity Fund beginning FY 2021. This represents an increase of \$7.7 million compared to FY 2020.

Page 2, Line 1

SIGNIFICANT CODE CHANGES

This Act decreases the variance between the State cost per pupil and the school district cost per pupil within the State aid formula. Under current law, this is estimated to increase the State school aid General Fund appropriation by \$5.9 million in FY 2021 and decrease property taxes by \$2.6 million.

Page 2, Line 18

Specifies that the standing appropriation to the Transportation Equity Fund in Section 2 of this Act grows at the same rate as a categorical under the categorical State percent of growth beginning in FY 2022.

Page 3, Line 3

EFFECTIVE DATE

Specifies that this Act takes effect upon enactment.

Page 3, Line 26

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on February 12, 2020, and signed by the Governor on February 25, 2020.

Page 2, Line 1

STAFF CONTACT: Michael Guanci (515.725.1286) michael.guanci@legis.iowa.gov

Senate File 2164 provides for the following changes to the Code of Iowa.

Page #	Line #	Bill Section	Action	Code Section
2	1	1	Amend	257.9.2
2	27	2	Amend	257.16C.3.d.(2)
3	10	3	Add	257.16C.3.d.(3)

PG LN GA:88 SF2164 **Explanation**

- Section 1. Section 257.9, subsection 2, Code 2020, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 2 2. REGULAR PROGRAM STATE COST PER PUPIL FOR 1992-1993 AND
- 2 SUCCEEDING YEARS.
- 2 a. For the budget year beginning July 1, 1992, and
- 6 succeeding budget years beginning before July 1, 2018, the
- 7 regular program state cost per pupil for a budget year is the
- 8 regular program state cost per pupil for the base year plus the
- 9 regular program supplemental state aid for the budget year.
- 2 10 b. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2018, the regular
- 2 11 program state cost per pupil is the regular program state
- 2 12 cost per pupil for the base year plus the regular program
- 2 13 supplemental state aid for the budget year, plus five dollars.
- c. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2019, the regular
- 2 15 program state cost per pupil is the regular program state
- 2 16 cost per pupil for the base year plus the regular program
- 2 17 supplemental state aid for the budget year, plus five dollars.
- 2 18 <u>d. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2020, the regular</u>
- 2 19 program state cost per pupil is the regular program state
- 2 20 cost per pupil for the base year plus the regular program
- 2 21 supplemental state aid for the budget year, plus ten dollars.
- 2 22 —d. e. For the budget year beginning July 1, 2020 2021, and
- 2 23 succeeding budget years, the regular program state cost per
- 2 24 pupil for a budget year is the regular program state cost per
- 2 25 pupil for the base year plus the regular program supplemental
- 2 26 state aid for the budget year.
- Sec. 2. Section 257.16C, subsection 3, paragraph d,
- 2 28 subparagraph (2), Code 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) For each the fiscal year beginning on or after July
- 2 30 1, 2020, there is appropriated from the general fund of the
- 2 31 state to the department of management for deposit in the
- 2 32 transportation equity fund the sum of the following, or so much
- 2 33 thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes of this
- 2 34 section:
- (a) The amount appropriated to the transportation equity
- 1 fund under this paragraph for the immediately preceding fiscal
- 2 year. 3
- (b) The product of the amount determined under subparagraph
- 4 division (a) multiplied by the categorical percent of growth
- 5 under section 257.8, subsection 2, for the budget year
- 6 beginning on the same date of the fiscal year for which the
- 7 appropriation is made.
- 8 (c) Seven million two hundred fifty-three thousand
- 9 eighty-eight dollars.

CODE: Specifies that the regular program State cost per pupil for FY 2021 is the amount calculated using the State supplemental aid (SSA) rate, plus an additional \$10 per pupil.

DETAIL: The adjustment in this section reduces the maximum difference between the State cost per pupil and the maximum district cost per pupil to \$155. Districts that have a higher district cost per pupil will receive State aid replacement for funds that would have been generated through property taxes. Districts whose district cost per pupil is the same as the State cost per pupil will receive additional spending authority.

FISCAL IMPACT: With the passage of SF 2142 (State Supplemental Aid Act), an increase of \$10 per pupil is estimated to increase the General Fund appropriation for State school aid by \$5,854,000 and decrease the additional levy by \$2,612,500 for FY 2021.

CODE: Adjusts future calculations of the State cost per pupil to include the \$10 adjustment made in Section 1 of this Act.

CODE: Establishes that in FY 2021, the Transportation Equity Fund appropriation is the amount appropriated from the previous fiscal year multiplied by the categorical State percent of growth (2.30%) for FY 2021 plus \$7,253,088.

DETAIL: The Transportation Equity Program was established in FY 2019 to provide funding to school districts with high transportation costs. The Program focuses funding on the districts spending the most per student enrolled in the district. The Program established a methodology for calculating a statewide adjusted transportation cost per pupil that takes into account appropriations made to the Transportation Equity Fund. The categorical State percent of growth is commonly established annually in the State supplemental aid Bill.

FISCAL IMPACT: Increases the General Fund standing appropriation to the Transportation Equity Fund to \$26,690,088 in FY 2021. This is an increase of \$7,690,088 as compared to estimated net FY 2020.

LSA: Fiscal Analysis 263 August 2020

- 3 10 Sec. 3. Section 257.16C, subsection 3, paragraph d, Code
- 3 11 2020, is amended by adding the following new subparagraph:
- 3 12 NEW SUBPARAGRAPH (3) For each fiscal year beginning on
- 3 13 or after July 1, 2021, there is appropriated from the general
- 3 14 fund of the state to the department of management for deposit
- 3 15 in the transportation equity fund the sum of the following, or
- 3 16 so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the purposes of
- 3 17 this section:
- 3 18 (a) The amount appropriated to the transportation equity
- 3 19 fund under this paragraph for the immediately preceding fiscal
- 3 20 year.
- 3 21 (b) The product of the amount determined under subparagraph
- 3 22 division (a) multiplied by the categorical percent of growth
- 3 23 under section 257.8, subsection 2, for the budget year
- 3 24 beginning on the same date of the fiscal year for which the
- 3 25 appropriation is made.
- 3 26 Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of immediate
- 3 27 importance, takes effect upon enactment.

CODE: Establishes that in FY 2022 and subsequent fiscal years, the categorical State percent of growth may include the Transportation Equity Fund aid payments under the Transportation Equity Program.

DETAIL: The categorical State percent of growth is commonly established annually in the State supplemental aid Bill.

CODE: Specifies that this Act takes effect upon enactment.

Unassigned Standings General Fund

	 Actual FY 2019 (1)	 Estimated FY 2020 (2)	Gov Rec FY 2021 (3)	F	Final Action FY 2021 (4)	-	inal Action Est FY 2020 (5)	Page and Line # (6)
Education, Department of								
Education, Dept. of State Aid - Additional Per Pupil Increase	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0_	\$	5,854,000	\$	5,854,000	PG 2 LN 3
Total Education, Department of	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	5,854,000	\$	5,854,000	
Management, Department of								
Management, Dept. of Transportation Equity Fund	\$ 11,200,000	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 24,475,000	\$	26,690,088	\$	7,690,088	
Total Management, Department of	\$ 11,200,000	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 24,475,000	\$	26,690,088	\$	7,690,088	
Total Unassigned Standings	\$ 11,200,000	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 24,475,000	\$	32,544,088	\$	13,544,088	

CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT AND THERAPEUTIC CLASSROOMS ACT

FUNDING SUMMARY

FY 2022: Senate File 2360 appropriates a total of \$2.6 million from the General Fund for FY 2022. The funding includes:

- \$500,000 for the Department of Education to develop, establish, and distribute standards, guidelines, and expectations relating to behavior in the classroom, restraint of a student, professional development relating to educating individuals in the least restrictive environment, and research-based intervention strategies.
- \$1.6 million to the Department of Education for the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund.
- \$500,000 to the Department of Education for reimbursement funding to school districts for the transportation of students to therapeutic classrooms.

STUDIES AND INTENT

Required Reports

Directs the Department of Education to review data collected through the claims process and prepare and submit a report to the General Assembly by December 1, 2023, on the efficacy of claims reimbursement and recommendations for changes as necessary.

Page 5, Line 34

SIGNIFICANT CODE CHANGES

Directs the Department of Education to provide guidance on responses to behavior in the classroom, restraint of a student, and educating individuals in the least restrictive environment and for evidence-based interventions.

Page 2, Line 3

Specifies that criteria for teacher preparation programs will include developing and implementing individualized education programs (IEPs), behavior intervention plans, preparation for educating individuals in the least restrictive environment, and strategies to address violent student behavior.

Page 2, Line 19

Requires the Department of Education to establish a Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Grant Program.

Page 2, Line 35

Establishes a Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund to provide grants for therapeutic classrooms.

Page 4, Line 22

Permits a school district to submit claims to the Department of Education for the transportation of students not assigned a weighting under Iowa Code section <u>256B.9</u> to therapeutic classrooms located more than 30 miles from the student's school district of enrollment or accredited nonpublic school. Payment of the claims are subject to a General Fund appropriation.

Page 5, Line 21

circumstances.

SENATE FILE 2360

CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT AND THERAPEUTIC CLASSROOMS ACT

Permits a school district that provides a therapeutic classroom to students enrolled in a public or nonpublic school to submit a claim for reimbursement if the student has not been assigned a weighting under Iowa Code section <u>256B.9</u> .	Page 6, Line 16
Allows for a student attending an accredited nonpublic school or receiving competent private instruction who is assigned to a therapeutic classroom to be counted as a shared-time student for State foundation aid purposes.	Page 7, Line 2
Provides guidance for placement of special education students.	Page 7, Line 34
Restricts the inclusion of classroom clearances in IEPs and behavior intervention plans unless necessary to prevent or terminate an imminent threat of bodily injury to a student or another person in the classroom.	Page 8, Line 27
Amends the Transportation Equity Program's per-pupil cost calculations to deduct any funds received from reimbursement claims for transportation of students to therapeutic classrooms.	Page 9, Line 19
Requires the Board of Educational Examiners to address the failure of an administrator to protect the safety of staff and students and to address an administrator's failure to meet mandatory reporter obligations. Directs the Board of Educational Examiners to address the refusal of a practitioner to implement provisions of a student's IEP or behavioral intervention plan and to address a practitioner's habitual nonparticipation in professional development.	Page 9, Line 31
Specifies instances when a classroom teacher may clear students from a classroom. Requires the school to notify parents of students when a classroom clearance has occurred. Directs the principal to request a meeting with the parent or guardian of the student whose behavior caused the classroom clearance. Establishes mechanisms for teacher reporting of student violence or assault to the principal, reporting by the school district to the Department of Education, and annual reporting to the General Assembly. Grants immunity to a teacher or administrator from civil or criminal liability for reporting student violence or assault. Provides for protection of a teacher or administrator who submits a report of violence or assault to a local law enforcement agency.	Page 10, Line 17
Grants immunity from disciplinary action if physical contact is considered reasonable under defined	Page 12, Line 20

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CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT AND THERAPEUTIC CLASSROOMS ACT

EFFECTIVE DATE

Specifies that the section of this Act regarding teacher preparation programs takes effect July 1, 2021.	Page 14, Line 16	
Specifies that the section of this Act regarding the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Grant Program takes effect upon enactment.	Page 14, Line 20	
Specifies that the section of this Act regarding the adoption of emergency rules takes effect upon enactment.	Page 14, Line 20	

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

STAFF CONTACTS:

Lora Vargason (515.725.2249) <u>lora.vargason@legis.iowa.gov</u> Michael Guanci (515.725.1286) <u>michael.guanci@legis.iowa.gov</u>

- 2 1 Section 1. Section 256.9, Code 2020, is amended by adding
- 2 2 the following new subsection:
- 2 3 NEW SUBSECTION 60. Develop, establish, and distribute to
- 2 4 all school districts evidence-based standards, guidelines, and
- 2 5 expectations for the appropriate and inappropriate responses
- 2 6 to behavior in the classroom that presents an imminent threat
- 2 7 of bodily injury to a student or another person and for the
- 2 8 reasonable, necessary, and appropriate physical restraint
- 2 9 of a student, consistent with rules adopted by the state
- 2 10 board pursuant to section 280.21. The director shall consult
- 2 11 with the area education agencies to create comprehensive and
- 2 12 consistent standards and guidance for professional development
- 2 13 relating to successfully educating individuals in the least
- 2 14 restrictive environment, and for evidence-based interventions
- 2 15 consistent with the standards established pursuant to this
- 2 16 subsection.
- 2 17 Sec. 2. Section 256.16, subsection 1, paragraph c, Code
- 2 18 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- 2 19 c. Include in the professional education program,
- 2 20 preparation that contributes to the education of students
- 2 21 with disabilities and students who are gifted and talented,
- 2 22 preparation in developing and implementing individualized
- 2 23 education programs and behavioral intervention plans.
- 2 24 preparation for educating individuals in the least restrictive
- 2 25 environment and identifying that environment, and strategies
- 2 26 that address difficult and violent student behavior and
- 2 27 improve academic engagement and achievement, and preparation in
- 2 28 classroom management addressing high-risk behaviors including;
- 2 29 but not limited to, behaviors related to substance abuse.
- 2 30 Preparation required under this paragraph must be successfully
- 2 31 completed before graduation from the practitioner preparation
- 2 32 program.
- 2 33 Sec. 3.NEW SECTION 256.25 THERAPEUTIC CLASSROOM INCENTIVE
- 2 34 GRANT PROGRAM —— FUND.
- 2 35 1. The department shall create a therapeutic classroom
- 3 1 incentive grant program to provide competitive grants to school
- 3 2 districts for the establishment of therapeutic classrooms.
- 3 3 2. A school district, which may collaborate and partner
- 3 4 with one or more school districts, area education agencies,
- 3 5 accredited nonpublic schools, nonprofit agencies, and
- 3 6 institutions that provide children's mental health services,

CODE: Directs the Department of Education to provide guidance to all school districts regarding appropriate and inappropriate responses to behavior in the classroom and the appropriate use of physical restraint of a student. Requires the Department to consult with area education agencies to provide professional development regarding educating individuals in the least restrictive environment, and for evidence-based interventions.

CODE: Specifies that teacher preparation programs will include the following:

- Preparation in developing and implementing individualized education programs (IEPs) and behavior intervention plans.
- Preparation for educating individuals in the least restrictive environment and identifying that environment.
- Strategies that address difficult and violent student behavior and improve academic engagement and achievement.

CODE: Directs the Department of Education to establish a Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Grant Program to provide competitive grants to school districts for the establishment of therapeutic classrooms.

CODE: Permits a school district to collaborate with listed entities to apply for a grant for the establishment of a therapeutic classroom in the school district.

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- 3 7 located in mental health and disability services regions
- 3 8 providing children's behavioral health services in accordance
- 3 9 with chapter 331, subchapter III, part 6, may apply for a grant
- 3 10 under this program to establish a therapeutic classroom in the
- 3 11 school district in accordance with this section.
- 3 12 3. The department shall develop a grant application
- 3 13 and selection and evaluation criteria. Selection criteria
- 3 14 shall include a method for prioritizing grant applications
- 3 15 submitted by school districts located in mental health and
- 3 16 disability services regions providing children's behavioral
- 3 17 health services in accordance with chapter 331, subchapter
- 3 18 III, part 6, with those proposing to serve the most students
- 3 19 given highest priority. Grant awards shall be distributed as
- 3 20 equitably as possible among small, medium, and large school
- 3 21 districts. For purposes of this subsection, a small school
- 3 22 district is a district with an actual enrollment of fewer than
- 3 23 six hundred pupils; a medium school district is a district
- 3 24 with an actual enrollment that is at least six hundred pupils,
- 3 25 but less than two thousand five hundred pupils; and a large
- 3 26 school district is a district with an actual enrollment of two
- 3 27 thousand five hundred or more pupils.
- 3 28 4. a. The department may disburse moneys contained in
- 3 29 the therapeutic classroom incentive fund as grants to school
- 3 30 districts for the establishment of therapeutic classrooms.
- 3 31 b. The total amount of funding awarded for the establishment
- 3 32 of therapeutic classrooms for a fiscal year shall not exceed
- 3 33 an amount equivalent to the state cost per pupil multiplied by
- 3 34 weighting of one and one-half pupil calculated for one hundred
- 3 35 fifty pupils.

- 4 1 c. Grant awards shall be made for the establishment of
- 4 2 therapeutic classrooms with one to five pupils, classrooms
- 4 3 with six to ten pupils, and classrooms with eleven to fifteen
- 4 4 pupils.
- 4 5 d. For purposes of calculating a therapeutic classroom grant
- 4 6 award, the department shall determine grant awards based on the
- 4 7 followina:
- 4 8 (1) For classrooms with one to five pupils, using the state
- 4 9 cost per pupil multiplied by weighting of one and one-half

CODE: Requires the Department of Education to develop grant selection criteria, with highest priority given to applications submitted by school districts located in Mental Health and Disability Services Regions providing children's behavioral health services and proposing to serve the most students. Directs the Department to distribute the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Grants equitably across small (less than 600 pupils), medium (600-2,499 pupils), and large (more than 2,499 pupils) school districts.

CODE: Permits the Department of Education to award grants from the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund to school districts for the establishment of therapeutic classrooms.

CODE: Specifies that the total statewide funding for grants under this Program shall not exceed the product of the budget year State cost per pupil (SCPP) multiplied by a weighting of 1.50 multiplied by 150 pupils.

DETAIL: Based on a 2.30% State percent of growth in FY 2021 and a SCPP of \$7,048, the total amount of funding awarded in FY 2022 shall not exceed \$1,585.800.

NOTE: Under current law, the FY 2022 SCPP remains at \$7,048.

CODE: Specifies that therapeutic classroom grants be awarded by estimated classroom size.

- A classroom of 1-5 shall receive the funding for 5 pupils.
- A classroom of 6-10 shall receive the funding for 10 pupils.
- A classroom of 11-15 shall receive the funding for 15 pupils.

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- 4 10 pupil multiplied by five.
- 4 11 (2) For classrooms with six to ten pupils, using the state
- 4 12 cost per pupil multiplied by weighting of one and one-half
- 4 13 pupil multiplied by ten.
- 4 14 (3) For classrooms with eleven to fifteen pupils, using
- 4 15 the state cost per pupil multiplied by weighting of one and
- 4 16 one-half pupil multiplied by fifteen.
- 4 17 e. Grant moneys credited to the therapeutic classroom
- 4 18 incentive fund established under subsection 5 shall be
- 4 19 distributed after December 31 but before the start of the
- 4 20 school calendar for start-up costs for a new therapeutic
- 4 21 classroom in the fall semester.
- 4 22 5. A therapeutic classroom incentive fund is established
- 4 23 in the state treasury under the control of the department.
- 4 24 Moneys credited to the fund are appropriated to the department
- 4 25 for purposes of distributing grants under this section. The
- 4 26 department may accept gifts, grants, bequests, and other
- 4 27 private contributions, as well as state or federal moneys,
- 4 28 for deposit in the fund. Moneys available in the therapeutic
- 4 29 classroom incentive fund for a fiscal year shall be distributed
- 4 30 as grants pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding section
- 4 31 8.33, moneys in the fund at the close of the fiscal year shall
- 4 32 not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for the
- 4 33 purposes designated for subsequent fiscal years.
- 4 34 6. Placement of a child requiring special education under
- 4 35 chapter 256B in a therapeutic classroom, whether or not the
- 5 1 school district operating such classroom receives funds under
- 5 2 this section, is subject to the provisions of chapter 256B,
- 5 3 to the administrative rules adopted by the state board for
- 5 4 purposes of chapter 256B, and to the federal Individuals with
- 5 5 Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq., and shall
- 6 not violate such laws, rules, or regulations.
- 5 7 7. For purposes of this section, "therapeutic classroom"
- 5 8 means a classroom designed for the purpose of providing support
- 5 9 for any student whose emotional, social, or behavioral needs
- 5 10 interfere with the student's ability to be successful in the
- 5 11 current educational environment, with or without supports,
- 5 12 until the student is able to successfully return to the
- 5 13 student's current education environment, with or without
- 5 14 supports, including but not limited to the general education
- 5 15 classroom.
- 5 16 Sec. 4.NEW SECTION 256.25A THERAPEUTIC CLASSROOM ——
- 5 17 CLAIMS.

CODE: Clarifies that moneys, which may include private contributions, credited to the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund are available for distribution after December 31 but before the start of the school calendar for start-up costs for a new therapeutic classroom in the fall.

CODE: Establishes a Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund for the purposes of distributing grants for the establishment of therapeutic classrooms. Specifies that the funds in the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund will not revert at the end of a fiscal year and will remain available for future fiscal years.

CODE: Specifies that placement of a child requiring special education in a therapeutic classroom is subject to the administrative rules adopted by the State Board of Education and the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, and must not violate such laws, rules, or regulations.

CODE: Defines "therapeutic classroom" for purposes of new lowa Code section 256.25.

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- 1. A school district may submit claims to the department
- 5 19 for the costs of providing therapeutic classroom services and
- 5 20 transportation services in accordance with this section.
- 5 21 a. (1) If the general assembly appropriates moneys for
- 5 22 purposes of transportation claims reimbursement in accordance
- 5 23 with this paragraph "a", a school district may submit a claim
- 5 24 for reimbursement for transportation services for students
- 5 25 who are enrolled in the school district or in an accredited
- 5 26 nonpublic school located within the boundaries of the school
- 5 27 district, who have not been assigned a weighting under section
- 5 28 256B.9, but who are assigned to a therapeutic classroom that is
- 5 29 located more than thirty miles from the school designated for
- 5 30 attendance or accredited nonpublic school and is operated by
- 5 31 another school district or accredited nonpublic school under
- 5 32 an agreement between the school districts or between a school
- 5 33 district and an accredited nonpublic school.
- 5 34 (2) Claims for transportation reimbursement shall be
- 5 35 made to the department by the school district providing
- 1 transportation during a school year pursuant to subparagraph
- 2 (1). Claims submitted under this paragraph "a" shall be on a
- 3 form prescribed by the department, and the claim shall include
- 4 the number of eligible pupils transported, the number of days
- 5 each pupil was transported, and a listing of the actual costs
- 6 incurred. On or before December 1, 2023, the director of 6
- 7 the department shall review the data collected through the
- 8 claims process and shall prepare and submit to the general
- 9 assembly a report containing an analysis of the efficacy of
- 6 10 claims reimbursement in accordance with this section and
- 6 11 recommendations for changes as appropriate.
- b. (1) For each fiscal year beginning on or after July
- 6 13 1, 2022, there is appropriated from the general fund of the
- 6 14 state to the department an amount necessary to pay all approved
- 6 15 claims submitted under this paragraph "b".
- (2) A school district that provides a therapeutic classroom
- 6 17 to students enrolled in a school district or an accredited
- 6 18 nonpublic school may submit claims to the department for
- 6 19 students assigned to such a classroom during the preceding
- 6 20 school budget year who are not assigned a weighting under
- 6 21 section 256B.9, subsection 1, paragraph "b", "c", or "d", and
- 6 22 for whom behavioral intervention plans have been implemented.
- (3) The amount of the claim shall be equal to the product of
- 6 24 the following amounts:

CODE: Permits a school district to submit claims to the Department of Education for the costs of providing therapeutic classroom services and transportation services.

CODE: Permits a school district to submit claims to the Department for the transportation of students not assigned a weighting under lowa Code section 256B.9 to the rapeutic classrooms located more than 30 miles from the student's school district of enrollment or accredited nonpublic school. Payments of the claims are subject to an appropriation.

CODE: Requires the Department to review data collected through the claims process and prepare and submit a report to the General Assembly by December 1, 2023, on the efficacy of claims reimbursement and recommendations for changes as necessary.

CODE: Establishes an appropriation beginning on or after July 1, 2022, to the Department of Education for payment of all approved claims as detailed under this section.

CODE: Permits a school district that provides a therapeutic classroom to students enrolled in a public or nonpublic school to submit a claim to the Department for reimbursement if the student has not been assigned a weighting under Iowa Code section 256B.9.

CODE: Specifies the calculation for claim reimbursement for a school district that provides a therapeutic classroom to students enrolled in a

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- 6 25 (a) The product of one and five-tenths multiplied by the
- 6 26 regular program district cost per pupil for the budget year
- 6 27 during which the students identified under subparagraph (2)
- 6 28 were assigned to the therapeutic classroom.
- 6 29 (b) The quotient of the total number of days the students
- 6 30 identified under subparagraph (2) were served in a therapeutic
- 6 31 classroom divided by the maximum number of school days in the
- 6 32 school district's calendar.
- 6 33 (4) Using end-of-year data submitted by each school
- 6 34 district through student-level data collection, the department
- 6 35 shall make claim forms available to each eligible school
- 7 1 district containing the available data.
- 7 2 2. Nonpublic school students assigned to a therapeutic
- 7 3 classroom under subsection 1, paragraph "b", shall be enrolled
- 7 4 in a school district as shared-time pupils under section
- 7 5 257.6, subsection 1, paragraph "a", subparagraph (7), in order
- 6 for the school district to submit a claim for reimbursement
- 7 for services provided to such students under subsection 1,
- 7 8 paragraph "b".
- 7 9 3. The department shall prorate the amount of claims
- 7 10 reimbursement under subsection 1, paragraph "a", if the
- 7 11 amount of reimbursement claimed for all school districts under
- 7 12 subsection 1, paragraph "a", exceeds the amount appropriated
- 7 13 by the general assembly for such purpose plus any available
- 7 14 remaining balances from prior fiscal years.
- 7 15 4. The costs of providing transportation to nonpublic
- 7 16 school pupils as provided in this section shall not be included
- 7 17 in the computation of district cost under chapter 257, but
- 7 18 shall be shown in the budget as an expense from miscellaneous
- 7 19 income. Any transportation reimbursements received by a
- 7 20 school district for transporting nonpublic school pupils shall
- 7 21 not affect district cost limitations of chapter 257. The
- 7 22 reimbursements provided in this section are miscellaneous
- 7 23 income as defined in section 257.2.
- 7 24 5. By June 15 of each year, school districts with eligible
- 7 25 claims shall submit such claims to the department. By July 1
- 7 26 of each year, the department shall draw warrants payable to
- 7 27 school districts which have established claims.
- 7 28 6. The state board shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 17A
- 7 29 to administer this section.

public or nonpublic school.

DETAIL: Claims reimbursement under this section is calculated as follows: budget year regular program district cost per pupil multiplied by a weighting of 1.50 multiplied by the quotient of the number of days the student was served in the therapeutic classroom divided by the maximum number of days in the school district's calendar.

CODE: Requires the Department of Education to provide claim forms to each eligible school district that includes end-of-year data already collected through established reporting.

CODE: Allows for a student attending an accredited nonpublic school or receiving competent private instruction who is assigned to a therapeutic classroom to be counted as a shared-time student for State foundation aid purposes.

DETAIL: Shared time students under lowa Code section <u>257.6</u> are counted on a public school district's Aid and Levy Worksheet.

CODE: Requires the Department of Education to prorate reimbursement of therapeutic classroom transportation claims if the amount of claims statewide exceeds the amount appropriated plus any prior fiscal years' remaining balances.

CODE: Specifies that the cost and reimbursement of providing transportation to nonpublic school students to a therapeutic classroom will be shown in the school budget as an expense from miscellaneous income.

CODE: Directs school districts with eligible claims to submit claims by June 15 of each year. The Department shall pay all established claims by July 1 of each year.

CODE: Requires the State Board of Education to adopt administrative rules regarding therapeutic classroom claims.

- 7 30 7. For purposes of this section, "therapeutic classroom"
- 7 31 means the same as defined in section 256.25, subsection 7.
- 7 32 Sec. 5. Section 256B.2, subsection 2, Code 2020, is amended
- 7 33 to read as follows:
- 7 34 2. a. It is the policy of this state to require school
- 7 35 districts and state-operated educational programs to provide
- 8 1 or make provision, as an integral part of public education,
- 8 2 for a free and appropriate public education sufficient to
- 8 3 meet the needs of all children requiring special education.
- 8 4 This chapter is not to be construed as encouraging separate
- 8 5 facilities or segregated programs designed to meet the needs
- 8 6 of children requiring special education when the children can
- 8 7 benefit from all or part of the education program as offered
- 8 by the local school district. To the maximum extent possible,
- 8 9 children Children requiring special education shall, consistent
- 3 10 with the least restrictive environment requirements under the
- 8 11 federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C.
- 3 12 §1400 et seg., attend regular classes and shall be educated
- 8 13 with children who do not require special education.
- 8 14 <u>b. (1)</u> Whenever possible appropriate, hindrances to
- 8 15 learning and to the normal functioning of children requiring
- 8 16 special education within the regular school environment shall
- 8 17 be overcome by the provision of special aids and services
- o 17 be overcome by the provision of special aids and services
- 8 18 rather than by separate programs for those in need of special
- 8 19 education.
- 8 20 (2) Special classes, separate schooling, or other removal
- 8 21 of children requiring special education from the regular
- 8 22 educational environment, shall occur only when, and to
- 8 23 the extent that the nature or severity of the educational
- 8 24 disability is such, that education in regular classes, even
- 8 25 with the use of supplementary aids and services, cannot be
- 8 26 accomplished satisfactorily.
- 8 27 (3) Individualized education programs for children
- 8 28 requiring special education within the regular school
- 8 29 environment and behavioral intervention plans shall not
- 8 30 include provisions for clearing all other students out of the
- 8 31 regular classroom in order to calm the child requiring special
- 8 32 education or the child for whom a behavioral intervention plan
- 3 3 has been implemented except as provided in section 279.51A.
- 8 34 <u>c.</u> For those children who cannot adapt to the regular
- 8 35 educational or home living conditions, and who are attending
- 9 1 facilities under chapters 263, 269, and 270, upon the request
- 9 2 of the board of directors of an area education agency, the
- 9 3 department of human services shall provide residential or

CODE: Specifies that the definition of "therapeutic classroom" is the same as previously defined in this Act.

CODE: Provides guidance for placement of special education students.

CODE: Restricts the inclusion of classroom clearances in IEPs and behavior intervention plans unless necessary to prevent or terminate an imminent threat of bodily injury to a student or another person in the classroom.

GA:88 SF2360 PG LN **Explanation**

- 4 detention facilities and the area education agency shall
- 5 provide special education programs and services. The area
- 6 education agencies shall cooperate with the board of regents to
- 7 provide the services required by this chapter.
- Sec. 6. Section 257.6, subsection 1, paragraph a,
- 9 subparagraph (7), Code 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- (7) A student attending an accredited nonpublic school or
- 9 11 receiving competent private instruction under chapter 299A,
- 9 12 who is assigned to a therapeutic classroom in accordance with
- 9 13 section 256.25A or is participating in a program under chapter
- 14 261E, shall be counted as a shared-time student in the school
- 9 15 district in which the nonpublic school of attendance is located
- 9 16 for state foundation aid purposes.
- Sec. 7. Section 257.16C, subsection 2, paragraph d, Code
- 9 18 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- d. A school district's transportation cost per pupil 9 19
- shall be determined by dividing the school district's actual
- 9 21 transportation cost for all children transported in all
- 22 school buses for a school year pursuant to section 285.1,
- 9 23 subsection 12, less the amount of transportation costs
- reimbursed under section 256.25A and the amount received for
- 9 25 transporting nonpublic school pupils under section 285.1, by
- 26 the district's actual enrollment for the school year, excluding
- 27 the shared-time enrollment for the school year as defined in
- 9 28 section 257.6.
- Sec. 8. Section 272.2, subsection 1, paragraph a, Code 2020, 9
- 9 30 is amended to read as follows:
- a. License practitioners, which includes the authority
- 32 to establish criteria for the licenses; establish issuance
- 33 and renewal requirements; create application and renewal
- 34 forms; create licenses that authorize different instructional
- 35 functions or specialties; develop a code of professional rights
- 1 and responsibilities, practices, and ethics, which shall,
- 2 among other things, address the failure of a practitioner
- 3 to fulfill contractual obligations under section 279.13,
- 4 the failure of an administrator to protect the safety of
- 5 staff and students, the failure of an administrator to meet
- 6 mandatory reporter obligations, the refusal of a practitioner
- 7 to implement provisions of an individualized education
- 8 program or behavioral intervention plan, and habitual
- 9 nonparticipation in professional development; and develop any
- 10 10 other classifications, distinctions, and procedures which may

CODE: Allows for a student attending an accredited nonpublic school or receiving competent private instruction who is assigned to a therapeutic classroom to be counted as a shared-time student for State foundation aid purposes.

CODE: Amends the Transportation Equity Program's per-pupil cost calculations to deduct any funds received from reimbursement claims for transportation of students to therapeutic classrooms.

CODE: Requires the Board of Educational Examiners to address the failure of an administrator to appropriately respond to reports of classroom violence and assault as specified in Iowa Code section 272.2.

- 10 11 be necessary to exercise licensing duties. In addressing the
- 10 12 failure of a practitioner to fulfill contractual obligations,
- 10 13 the board shall consider factors beyond the practitioner's
- 10 14 control.
- 10 15 Sec. 9.NEW SECTION 279.51A CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT ——
- 10 16 BEHAVIORAL CHALLENGES —— REPORTS OF VIOLENCE OR ASSAULT.
- 10 17 1. A classroom teacher may clear students from the classroom
- 10 18 only if necessary to prevent or terminate an imminent threat of
- 10 19 bodily injury to a student or another person in the classroom.
- 10 20 2. If a classroom teacher clears all other students from the
- 10 21 classroom in accordance with subsection 1, the school principal
- 10 22 shall, by the end of the school day if possible but at least
- 10 23 within twenty-four hours after the incident giving rise to
- 10 24 the classroom clearance, notify the parents or guardians of
- 10 25 all students assigned to the classroom that was cleared. The
- 10 26 notification shall not identify, directly or indirectly, any
- 10 27 students involved in the incident giving rise to the classroom
- 10 28 clearance. The principal of the school shall request that the
- 10 29 parent or guardian of the student whose behavior caused the
- 10 30 classroom clearance meet with the principal, the classroom
- 10 31 teacher, and other staff as appropriate.
- 10 32 3. If the student whose behavior caused the classroom
- 10 33 clearance has an individualized education program or a
- 10 34 behavioral intervention plan, the classroom teacher shall call
- 10 35 for and be included in a review and potential revision of
- 1 1 the student's individualized education program or behavioral
- 11 2 intervention plan by the student's individualized education
- 11 3 program team. The area education agency, in collaboration
- 11 4 with the school district, may, when the parent or guardian
- 11 5 meets with the individualized education program team during
- 11 6 the reevaluation of the student's individualized education
- 11 7 program, inform the parent or guardian of individual or family
- 11 8 counseling services available in the area.
- 11 9 4. A classroom teacher employed by a school district shall
- 11 10 report any incident of violence that results in injury or
- 11 11 property damage or assault by a student enrolled in the school
- 11 12 to the principal of the school.
- 11 13 5. Each school district shall report to the department of
- 11 14 education, in a manner prescribed by the department, an annual
- 11 15 count of all incidents of violence that result in injury or
- 11 16 property damage or assault by a student in a school building,
- 11 17 on school grounds, or at a school-sponsored function, and any

CODE: Specifies when a classroom teacher may clear students from a classroom.

CODE: Requires schools to notify parents of students in a classroom when the students have been cleared from the classroom. Requires the principal to request a meeting with the parent or guardian of the student whose behavior caused the classroom clearance.

CODE: Allows for the review of a student's IEP or behavior intervention plan upon a classroom clearance.

CODE: Requires a classroom teacher to report any incident of violence or assault by an enrolled student to the principal.

CODE: Creates a reporting mechanism to the Department of Education for reporting violence that results in injury, property damage, or assault by a student and requires the Department of Education to submit a report annually to the General Assembly by November 1.

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- 11 18 time a student is referred for the use of or transfer to a
- 11 19 therapeutic classroom. The report shall include but not be
- 11 20 limited to demographic information on students reported as
- 11 21 victims and reported as perpetrators of incidents of violence
- 11 22 that result in injury or property damage or assault, including
- 11 23 but not limited to disaggregated information on race, gender,
- 11 24 national origin, age, grade level, and disability, along with
- 11 25 any other data required for the department to implement the
- 11 26 federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as amended by
- 11 27 the federal Every Student Succeeds Act, Pub.L.No.114-95,
- 11 28 with appropriate safeguards to ensure student privacy. The
- 11 29 department shall compile and summarize the reports, categorized
- 11 30 by behavior, and shall submit the summary to the general
- 11 31 assembly by November 1 annually. A teacher or administrator
- 11 32 who submits a report in accordance with this section and who
- 11 33 meets the requirements of section 280.27 or section 613.21
- 11 34 shall be immune from civil or criminal liability relating to
- 11 35 such action, as well as for participating in any administrative
- 12 1 or judicial proceeding resulting from or relating to the
- 12 2 report pursuant to the provisions of sections 280.27 and
- 12 3 613.21. The provisions of section 70A.29 shall apply to a
- 12 4 teacher or administrator who submits a report in accordance
- 12 5 with this section or who reports an incident of violence or
- 12 6 assault to a local law enforcement agency in good faith and
- 12 7 without fraudulent intent or the intent to deceive. Personal
- 12 8 information regarding a student in a report submitted pursuant
- 12 9 to this section shall be kept confidential as required under
- 12 10 the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20
- 12 11 U.S.C. §1232g, and in the same manner as personal information
- 12 12 in student records maintained, created, collected, or assembled
- 12 13 by or for a school corporation or educational institution in
- 12 14 accordance with section 22.7, subsection 1.
- 12 15 6. For purposes of this section, unless the context
- 12 16 otherwise requires, "bodily injury" means physical pain,
- 12 17 illness, or any other impairment of physical condition.
- 12 18 Sec. 10. Section 280.21, subsection 2, unnumbered paragraph
- 12 19 1, Code 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- 12 20 A school employee who, in the reasonable course of the
- 12 21 employee's employment responsibilities, comes into physical
- 12 22 contact with a student shall be granted immunity from any civil
- 12 23 or criminal liability which might otherwise be incurred or
- 12 24 imposed as a result of such physical contact, if the physical
- 12 25 contact is reasonable under the circumstances and involves any
- 12 26 of the following:

Specifies that a teacher or administrator will be immune from civil or criminal liability for reporting student assault. Provides for protection of a teacher or administrator who submits a report of violence or assault to a local law enforcement agency in good faith and without fraudulent intent or the intent to deceive.

CODE: Defines "bodily injury" as physical pain, illness, or any other impairment of physical condition.

CODE: Grants immunity from civil or criminal liability for physical contact that is considered reasonable under defined circumstances.

Sec. 11. Section 280.21, Code 2020, is amended by adding the 12 28 following new subsection: 12 29 NEW SUBSECTION 4. A school employee's employer and the 12 30 board of educational examiners shall not engage in reprisal or 12 31 retaliation against a school employee who, in the reasonable 12 32 course of the employee's employment responsibilities, comes 12 33 into physical contact with a student in accordance with this 12 34 section. 12 35 Sec. 12. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION. There is appropriated 1 from the general fund of the state to the department of 2 education for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, and 3 ending June 30, 2022, the following amount, or so much thereof 4 as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated: 13 For developing, establishing, and distributing standards, 6 guidelines, and expectations relating to behavior in the 7 classroom, restraint of a student, and professional development 8 relating to educating individuals in the least restrictive 9 environment, and for research-based intervention strategies 13 10 consistent with such standards, guidelines, and expectations, 13 11 in accordance with section 256.9, subsection 60, as enacted by 13 12 this Act: 13 13 500,000 Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys received by the 13 15 department pursuant to this section that remain unencumbered or 13 16 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert 13 17 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes 13 18 specified in this section for the following fiscal year. Sec. 13. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION —— THERAPEUTIC CLASSROOM 13 19 INCENTIVE FUND. There is appropriated from the general fund 13 21 of the state to the department education for the fiscal year 13 22 beginning July 1, 2021, and ending June 30, 2022, the following 13 23 amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be used for the 13 24 purposes designated: For deposit in the therapeutic classroom incentive fund 13 26 established pursuant to section 256.25, as enacted by this Act: 13 27\$ 1,582,650 13 28 Sec. 14. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION —— THERAPEUTIC CLASSROOM TRANSPORTATION CLAIMS REIMBURSEMENT. There is appropriated 13 30 from the general fund of the state to the department of 13 31 education for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, and

13 32 ending June 30, 2022, the following amount, or so much thereof 13 33 as is necessary, to be used for the purposes designated:

CODE: Specifies that the school employee's employer and the Board of Educational Examiners will not retaliate against a school employee who, in the reasonable course of the employee's employment responsibilities, comes into physical contact with a student.

General Fund appropriation for FY 2022 of \$500,000 to the Department of Education for developing standards and guidance on behavior in the classroom, restraint of a student, least restrictive environment, and research-based intervention strategies.

Specifies that any unobligated funds from the appropriation in this Section will not revert at the end of FY 2022, and will remain available for use in FY 2023.

General Fund appropriation for FY 2022 of \$1,582,650 to the Department of Education for deposit in the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund as established by this Act.

NOTE: The General Fund appropriation was calculated using an estimated State percent of growth of 2.10% for State aid in FY 2021. However, the State percent of growth for FY 2021 is 2.30%. Under current law, the State percent of growth for FY 2022 is 0.00%.

For payment of school district claims for reimbursement 13 35 submitted under section 256.25A, subsection 1, paragraph "a", 1 as enacted by this Act: 14\$ 500.000 Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys received by the 14 4 department pursuant to this section that remain unencumbered or 5 unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert 6 but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes 7 specified in this section for the following fiscal year. Sec. 15. EMERGENCY RULES. The state board of education and 14 9 board of educational examiners may adopt emergency rules under 14 10 section 17A.4, subsection 3, and section 17A.5, subsection 2, 14 11 paragraph "b", to implement the provisions of this Act and 14 12 the rules shall be effective immediately upon filing unless 14 13 a later date is specified in the rules. Any rules adopted 14 14 in accordance with this section shall also be published as a 14 15 notice of intended action as provided in section 17A.4. Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATE. The following takes effect July 14 17 1, 2021: 14 18 The section of this Act amending section 256.16, subsection 14 19 1, paragraph "c". Sec. 17. EFFECTIVE DATE. The following, being deemed of 14 21 immediate importance, take effect upon enactment: 1. The section of this Act enacting section 256.25.

2. The section of this Act relating to emergency rules.

14 23

General Fund appropriation in FY 2022 for \$500,000 to the Department of Education for reimbursement to school district claims for therapeutic classroom transportation.

Specifies that any unobligated funds from the appropriation in this section will not revert at the end of FY 2022, and will remain available for use in FY 2023.

Allows the State Board of Education and the Board of Educational Examiners to adopt emergency administrative rules to implement the provisions of this Act.

Specifies that the section of this Act regarding teacher preparation programs takes effect on July 1, 2021.

Specifies that the section of this Act regarding the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Grant Program takes effect upon enactment.

Specifies that the section of this Act regarding the adoption of emergency administrative rules takes effect upon enactment.

NEW PROGRAMS, SERVICES, OR ACTIVITIES

Creates the Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program to be administered by the College Student Aid
Commission. The Program will provide loan repayments for veterinarians who agree to practice in rural
service commitment areas or veterinary shortage areas for at least four years.

Page 2, Line 1

Specifies the amount of loan repayment for an individual cannot exceed \$15,000 annually over a period of four consecutive years and cannot exceed a total of \$60,000 or the amount of the outstanding eligible loan balance, whichever is less.

Page 4, Line 12

Creates a Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund under the control of the College Student Aid Commission. The Commission may accept gifts, grants, bequests, and other private contributions, as well as State or federal moneys, for deposit in the Fund. All moneys in the Fund are appropriated and made available to the Commission to increase the number of veterinarians participating in the Program. Moneys in the Fund will not revert to the General Fund, but will remain available for expenditure in subsequent fiscal years.

Page 6, Line 23

FISCAL IMPACT: This Act does not appropriate funding. Each award will require \$60,000, with \$15,000 issued to the recipient the first year and the remaining \$45,000 set aside in the Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund to provide for future annual payments to the recipient. An appropriation of \$300,000 would be needed to make a total of five FY 2021 awards. House File 2643 (Appropriations Omnibus Act) includes an FY 2021 General Fund appropriation of \$300,000 for the Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund.

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

Page 6, Line 23

STAFF CONTACT: Robin Madison (515.281.5270) <u>robin.madison@legis.iowa.gov</u>

Senate File 2398 provides for the following changes to the Code of Iowa.

Page #	Line #	Bill Section	Action	Code Section
2	1	1	New	261.120

- 2 1 Section 1.NEW SECTION 261,120 RURAL VETERINARIAN LOAN
- 2 2 REPAYMENT PROGRAM —— FUND —— APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 3 1. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this section, unless the
- 2 4 context otherwise requires:
- 2 5 a. "Eligible loan" means the veterinarian's total federally
- 2 6 guaranteed Stafford loan amount under the federal family
- 2 7 education loan program or the federal direct loan program, or
- 2 8 the recipient's federal grad plus loans, including principal
- 2 9 and interest.
- 2 10 b. "Practice of food supply veterinary medicine" includes
- 2 11 corporate and private practices devoted to food animal
- 2 12 medicine, mixed animal medicine located in a rural area, food
- 2 13 safety, epidemiology, public health, animal health, and other
- 2 14 public and private practices that contribute to the production
- 2 15 of a safe and wholesome food supply.
- 2 16 c. "Rural service commitment area" means a city in Iowa
- 2 17 with a population of less than twenty-six thousand that is
- 2 18 located more than twenty miles from a city with a population of
- 2 19 fifty thousand or more and which provides a dollar contribution
- 2 20 equivalent to twelve and one-half percent of the veterinarian's
- 2 21 total eligible loan amount upon graduation for deposit in the
- 2 22 rural veterinary care trust fund.
- 2 23 d. "Veterinary shortage area" means a designated veterinary
- 2 24 service shortage situation in Iowa identified and nominated
- 2 25 by the state veterinarian, or recommended for designation in
- 2 26 accordance with the federal National Veterinary Medical Service
- 2 27 Act, 7 U.S.C.§3101 et seq., and published by the United States
- 2 28 department of agriculture.
- 2 29 2. PROGRAM ESTABLISHED. A rural veterinarian loan
- 2 30 repayment program is established to be administered by the
- 2 31 college student aid commission for purposes of providing
- 2 32 loan repayments for individuals who agree to practice
- 2 33 as veterinarians in rural service commitment areas or in
- 2 34 veterinary shortage areas in Iowa for four years and meet the
- 2 35 requirements of this section. The commission shall adopt
- 3 1 rules pursuant to chapter 17A to administer this section.
- 3 2 The commission may accept gifts, grants, bequests, and other
- 3 private contributions, as well as state or federal moneys, for
- 3 4 deposit in the fund created under subsection 10.
- 3 5 3. ELIGIBILITY.
- 3 6 a. An individual is eligible to apply to enter into a

CODE: Defines "eligible loan" as the total of a recipient's federal guaranteed Stafford Loan amount under the Federal Family Education Loan Program or the Federal Direct Loan Program, or the recipient's federal Grad Plus loans, including principal and interest.

CODE: Defines "practice of food supply veterinary medicine" as including corporate and private veterinary practices devoted to food animal medicine, mixed animal medicine located in a rural area, food safety, epidemiology, public health, animal health, and other public and private practices that contribute to the production of a safe and wholesome food supply.

CODE: Defines "rural service commitment area" as a city in Iowa with a population of less than 26,000 that is located more than 20 miles from a city with a population of 50,000 or more and which provides matching funding equivalent to 12.50% of the veterinarian's total eligible loan amount upon graduation.

CODE: Defines "veterinary shortage area" as a designated veterinary service shortage situation in Iowa identified and nominated by the State Veterinarian or recommended for designation in accordance with the federal National Veterinary Medical Services Act and published by the United States Department of Agriculture.

CODE: Establishes the Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program to be administered by the College Student Aid Commission to provide loan repayments to veterinarians who agree to practice in rural service commitment areas or veterinary shortage areas in lowa for four years. Requires the Commission to establish administrative rules for the implementation of the Program. Specifies that the Commission may accept, gifts, grants, bequests, and other private contributions, as well as State or federal funds, for deposit in the Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund.

CODE: Specifies that an applicant for the Rural Veterinary Loan Repayment Program must meet one of the following requirements:

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- 3 7 program agreement with the commission if the individual meets
- 8 any of the following requirements:
- 3 9 (1) Is enrolled in the final year of a veterinary degree
- 3 10 program at a college of veterinary medicine accredited by the
- 3 11 American veterinary medical association council on education.
- 3 12 (2) Is a veterinarian licensed pursuant to chapter 169
- 3 13 who, within five years of applying for this program, received
- 3 14 a veterinary medicine degree from a college of veterinary
- 3 15 medicine accredited by the American veterinary medical
- 3 16 association council on education.
- 3 17 b. An individual who participated in and received loan
- 3 18 repayment awards through the veterinary medicine loan repayment
- 3 19 program administered by the United States department of
- 3 20 agriculture, national institute of food and agriculture,
- 3 21 is ineligible to enter into a program agreement under this
- 3 22 section.
- 3 23 4. PROGRAM AGREEMENTS. A program agreement shall be entered
- 3 24 into by an individual and the commission if the individual
- 3 25 meets the requirements of subsection 3. Under the agreement,
- 3 26 to receive loan repayments pursuant to subsection 6, the
- 3 27 individual shall fulfill all of the following requirements:
- 3 28 a. Receive or possess a doctor of veterinary medicine,
- 3 29 or the equivalent, from a college of veterinary medicine
- 3 30 accredited by the American veterinary medical association
- 3 31 council on education.
- 3 32 b. Possess, or apply for and obtain, a license to practice
- 3 33 veterinary medicine under chapter 169.
- 3 34 c. Secure an offer of employment or establish and maintain
- 3 35 a practice in a veterinary shortage situation or rural service
- 1 commitment area and engage in the full-time practice of
- 4 2 veterinary medicine for a period of four consecutive years
- 4 3 after entering into the agreement in the veterinary shortage
- 4 4 area or rural service commitment area, unless the loan
- 4 5 repayment recipient receives a waiver from the commission to
- 4 6 complete the years of practice required under the agreement in
- 4 7 another veterinary shortage area or rural service commitment
- 4 8 area pursuant to subsection 7.
- 4 9 5. PRIORITY TO CERTAIN APPLICANTS. The commission shall
- 4 10 give priority to applicants who graduated from a high school in
- 4 11 lowa or completed private instruction under chapter 299A.
- 4 12 6. LOAN REPAYMENT AMOUNTS.
- 4 13 a. Unless the agreement entered into under subsection
- 4 14 4 stipulates otherwise, the amount of loan repayment an

- Is enrolled in the final year of a veterinary degree program at an institution accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association Council on Education.
- Is a licensed veterinarian who, within the last five years, received a veterinary medicine degree from an institution accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association Council on Education.

Specifies that an individual who participated in and received loan repayment awards through the Veterinary Medicine Loan Repayment Program administered by the United States Department of Agriculture, National Institute of Food and Agriculture, is ineligible for this Program.

CODE: Specifies that a program agreement will require the loan repayment recipient to have earned a doctor of veterinary medicine or the equivalent, to have obtained a license to practice veterinary medicine, and to have secured an offer of employment or have established a practice in a veterinary shortage situation or a rural service commitment area. The recipient will be required to engage in full-time practice in the shortage area or service commitment area for four consecutive years after entering into the agreement, unless the recipient receives a waiver from the College Student Aid Commission to complete the years of practice in another shortage area or service commitment area.

CODE: Specifies that the College Student Aid Commission must give priority to applicants who graduated from an Iowa high school or completed private instruction as established in Iowa Code chapter 299A.

CODE: Specifies that the amount of loan repayment for an individual cannot exceed \$15,000 annually over a period of four consecutive years and cannot exceed a total of \$60,000 or the amount of the

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- 4 15 individual who enters into an agreement shall receive if in
- 4 16 compliance with obligations under the agreement shall not
- 4 17 exceed fifteen thousand dollars annually for an eligible
- 4 18 loan. Payments under this section may be made for each year
- 4 19 of eligible practice during a period of four consecutive years
- 4 20 and shall not exceed a total of sixty thousand dollars or the
- 4 21 amount of outstanding eligible loans, whichever amount is less.
- 4 22 b. Subject to the availability of funding for this
- 4 23 purpose, the commission shall enter into at least five program
- 4 24 agreements annually.
- 4 25 7. SELECTION OF RURAL SERVICE COMMITMENT AREA OR VETERINARY
- 4 26 SHORTAGE AREA. A loan repayment recipient shall notify the
- 4 27 commission of the recipient's rural service commitment area
- 4 28 or veterinary shortage area prior to beginning practice in
- 4 29 the area in accordance with subsection 4, paragraph "c". The
- 4 30 commission may waive the requirement that the loan repayment
- 4 31 recipient practice in the same rural service commitment area or
- 4 32 veterinary shortage area for all four years.
- 4 33 8. RURAL SERVICE COMMITMENT AREA OR VETERINARIAN SHORTAGE
- 4 34 AREA PRIORITY.
- 4 35 a. When possible, the commission shall enter into agreements
- 5 1 under subsection 4 with individuals who agree to practice in
- 5 2 areas in the following priority order:
- 5 3 (1) Private practice food supply veterinary medicine in any
- 5 4 veterinary shortage area.
- 5 5 (2) Private practice food supply veterinary medicine in a
- 5 6 city in Iowa with a population of less than twenty-six thousand
- 5 7 that is located more than twenty miles from a city with a
- 5 8 population of fifty thousand or more, especially in remote or
- 5 9 economically depressed rural areas.
- 5 10 (3) Animal veterinary medicine in a rural service
- 5 11 commitment area.
- 5 12 b. Notwithstanding paragraph "a", the commission may consult
- 5 13 with the state veterinarian to determine prioritization in
- 5 14 accordance with this subsection.
- 5 15 9. POSTPONEMENT AND SATISFACTION OF SERVICE OBLIGATION.
- 5 16 a. The obligation to engage in practice in accordance with
- 5 17 subsection 4 shall be postponed for the following purposes:
- 5 18 (1) Active duty status in the armed forces, the armed forces
- 5 19 military reserve, or the national guard.
- 5 20 (2) Service in volunteers in service to America.
- 5 21 (3) Service in the federal peace corps.
- 5 22 (4) A period of rural service commitment to the United
- 5 23 States public health service commissioned corps.

outstanding eligible loan balance, whichever is less. Specifies that the College Student Aid Commission will enter into at least five program agreements annually, subject to available funding.

CODE: Requires the loan repayment recipient to notify the College Student Aid Commission of the recipient's shortage area or service commitment area prior to beginning practice in the area. Specifies that the Commission may waive the requirement that the recipient practice in the area for all four years.

CODE: Specifies the priority order for entering into agreements by type of practice as follows:

- Private practice food supply veterinary medicine in any shortage area.
- 2. Private practice food supply veterinary medicine in a city in lowa with population of less than 26,000 that is located more than 20 miles from a city with population of 50,000 or more, especially in remote or economically depressed rural areas.
- 3. Animal veterinary medicine in a rural service commitment area.

Specifies that the Commission may consult with the State Veterinarian to determine prioritization.

CODE: Specifies acceptable reasons to postpone the recipient's obligation to engage in practice.

- 5 24 (5) A period of religious missionary work conducted by an
- 5 25 organization exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to
- 5 26 section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 5 27 (6) Any period of temporary medical incapacity during which
- 5 28 the person obligated is unable, due to a medical condition, to
- 5 29 engage in full-time practice as required under subsection 4,
- 5 30 paragraph "c".
- 5 31 b. Except for a postponement under paragraph "a",
- 5 32 subparagraph (6), an obligation to engage in practice under an
- 5 33 agreement entered into pursuant to subsection 4 shall not be
- 5 34 postponed for more than two years from the time the full-time
- 5 35 practice was to have commenced under the agreement.
- 6 1 c. An obligation to engage in full-time practice under
- 6 2 an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection 4 shall be
- 6 3 considered satisfied when any of the following conditions are
- 6 4 met:
- 6 5 (1) The terms of the agreement are completed.
- 6 6 (2) The person who entered into the agreement dies.
- 6 7 (3) The person who entered into the agreement, due to
- 6 8 a permanent disability, is unable to practice veterinary
- 6 9 medicine.
- 6 10 (4) The commission waives the requirement that the person
- 6 11 who entered into the agreement fulfill the obligation to engage
- 6 12 in practice.
- 6 13 d. If a loan repayment recipient fails to fulfill
- 6 14 the obligation to engage in practice in accordance with
- 6 15 subsection 4, the recipient shall be subject to repayment to
- 6 16 the commission of the loan amount plus interest as specified
- 6 17 by rule. A loan repayment recipient who fails to meet the
- 6 18 requirements of the obligation to engage in practice in
- 6 19 accordance with subsection 4 may also be subject to repayment
- 6 20 of moneys advanced by the rural service commitment area as
- 6 21 provided in any agreement with the rural service commitment
- 6 22 area.
- 6 23 10. TRUST FUND ESTABLISHED. A rural veterinary care trust
- 6 24 fund is created in the state treasury as a separate fund under
- 6 25 the control of the commission. The commission may accept
- 6 26 gifts, grants, bequests, and other private contributions, as
- 6 27 well as state or federal moneys, for deposit in the fund. The
- 6 28 commission shall remit all repayments made pursuant to this
- 6 29 section to the rural veterinary care trust fund. All moneys
- 6 30 deposited or paid into the trust fund are appropriated and
- 6 31 made available to the commission to be used for meeting the
- 6 32 requirements of this section and increasing the number of

CODE: Specifies that postponement of full-time practice for reasons other than those specified cannot exceed two years from the time that practice was to begin under the agreement.

CODE: Specifies that the obligation to engage in full-time practice under the agreement is satisfied when:

- The terms of the agreement are completed.
- · The recipient of loan repayment dies.
- The recipient is unable to practice veterinary medicine due to a permanent disability.
- The College Student Aid Commission waives the requirement to engage in practice.

CODE: Specifies that a loan repayment recipient who fails to fulfill the obligation to engage in practice will be required to repay the College Student Aid Commission the amount of the loan repayment received plus interest as provided in administrative rule. Specifies that the recipient may also be required to repay funds advanced by the rural service commitment area.

CODE: Creates a Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund under the control of the College Student Aid Commission. The Commission may accept gifts, grants, bequests, and other private contributions, as well as State or federal moneys, for deposit in the Fund. All moneys in the Fund are appropriated and made available to the Commission to increase the number of veterinarians participating in the Program. Moneys in the Fund will not revert to the General Fund, but will remain available for expenditure in subsequent fiscal years.

FISCAL IMPACT: This Act does not appropriate funding. Each award

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- 6 33 veterinarians participating in the program. Moneys in the
- 6 34 fund up to the total amount that an eligible individual may
- 6 35 receive for an eligible loan in accordance with this section
- 7 1 and upon fulfilling the requirements of subsection 4, shall be
- 7 2 considered encumbered for the duration of the agreement entered
- 7 3 into pursuant to subsection 4. Notwithstanding section 8.33,
- 7 4 any balance in the fund on June 30 of each fiscal year shall not
- 7 5 revert to the general fund of the state, but shall be available
- 7 6 for purposes of this section and to increase the number of
- 7 7 veterinarians participating in the program in subsequent fiscal
- 7 8 years.

will require \$60,000, with \$15,000 issued to the recipient the first year and the remaining \$45,000 set aside in the Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund to provide for future annual payments to the recipient. An appropriation of \$300,000 would be needed to make a total of five FY 2021 awards. House File 2643 (Appropriations Omnibus Act) includes an FY 2021 General Fund appropriation of \$300,000 for the Rural Veterinary Care Trust Fund.

EMPOWER RURAL IOWA ACT

CHANGES TO PRIOR APPROPRIATIONS

CHANGES TO PRIOR APPROPRIATIONS	
Permits funds appropriated for the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Program to be used for the administration and operation of the Program, and allows up to 1.0% of the moneys in the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Fund to pay the costs and expenses associated with the administration and operation of the Program.	Page 4, Line 11
Establishes that the moneys in the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Fund that have been awarded but not paid to a communications service provider will not revert but will remain available to the Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO) for the purposes of administering the award.	Page 4, Line 28
SIGNIFICANT CODE CHANGES	
Expands the definition of "targeted service area" to include any geographic area as determined by the OCIO through the rule making process that is materially underserved by broadband service such that the download and upload speeds identified by the Federal Communications Commission in Section 706 of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, as amended, are not meaningfully available. The provision also grants the OCIO the power to define and interpret whether an area is materially underserved and broadband service is meaningfully available through the rulemaking process.	Page 2, Line 10
Requires the OCIO to provide technical assistance to communications service providers related to the grant applications.	Page 2, Line 35
Changes the name of the Connecting Iowa Farms, Schools, and Communities Broadband Grant Program to the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Program.	Page 3, Line 5
Removes language requiring broadband availability maps or data sources to be widely accepted for accuracy and available for public review and comment.	Page 3, Line 12
Excludes mobile wireless or satellite data, capabilities, and delivery mediums from all findings and determinations regarding targeted service areas made pursuant to Iowa Code section <u>8B.10</u> .	Page 3, Line 29
Removes language allowing the OCIO to increase the minimum download or upload speeds for grant eligibility through the rules process.	Page 5, Line 2
Expands the information required to complete an application to include whether the applicant is requesting an amount less than the maximum amount the OCIO could award, and if so, the percentage of the project	Page 6, Line 3

cost the applicant is requesting.

Increases the percentage of matching public funds available from 15.0% to 35.0% of the total project cost for	r
projects resulting in the installation of broadband infrastructure.	

Page 6, Line 15

Requires that no more than 50.0% of the moneys in the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Fund at the beginning of the fiscal year can be awarded for projects resulting in the installation of broadband infrastructure facilitating a minimum download speed of less than 100 megabits per second but greater than or equal to the download speed specified in the definition of "targeted service area," and a minimum upload speed of less than 20 megabits per second but greater than or equal to the upload speed specified in the definition of "targeted service area."

Page 6, Line 23

Requires that no more than 50.0% of the moneys in the Fund at the beginning of the fiscal year can be awarded for projects resulting in the installation of broadband infrastructure facilitating a minimum download speed of 100 megabits per second and a minimum upload speed of less than 20 megabits per second unless the amount requested for qualifying projects below these minimums is less than the amount reserved for those projects.

Page 7, Line 4

Amends the FY 2020 Administration and Regulation Appropriations Act (HF 759) to reference Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Fund rather than the Connecting Iowa Farms, Schools, and Communities Broadband Grant Fund.

Page 8, Line 14

Permits the OCIO to provide grants of federal moneys obtained as a result of the public health disaster emergency proclaimed by the Governor on March 17, 2020, so long as the OCIO complies with the federal requirements for the use of the federal moneys.

Page 8, Line 26

EFFECTIVE DATE

Specifies that this Act takes effect upon enactment.

Page 9, Line 2

Specifies that the section of this Act enacting Iowa Code section 8B.11, subsection 2, paragraph "d" applies retroactively to July 1, 2015.

Page 9, Line 4

ENACTMENT DATE

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 25, 2020.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SENATE FILE 2400

EMPOWER RURAL IOWA ACT

STAFF CONTACT:

Chris Ubben (515.725.0134) chris.ubben@legis.iowa.gov

- 2 1 Section 1. Section 8B.1, subsections 5, 13, and 14, Code
- 2 2 2020, are amended to read as follows:
- 2 3 5. "Facilitate" means a communication service provider's
- 2 4 ability to provide broadband service at or above the download
- 2 5 and upload speeds specified in the definition of targeted
- 2 6 service area in this section or section 8B.11, subsection
- 2 7 5, paragraph "a", if applicable, to a home, farm, school,
- 2 8 or business within a commercially reasonable time and at a
- 2 9 commercially reasonable price upon request by a consumer.
- 2 10 13. "Targeted service area" means a any of the following:
- 2 11 a. AUnited States census bureau census block located
- 2 12 in this state, including any crop operation located within
- 2 13 the census block, or other geographic unit the office sets
- 2 14 by rule, within which no communications service provider
- 2 15 offers or facilitates broadband service at or above the
- 2 16 download and upload speeds identified by the federal
- 2 17 communications commission pursuant to section 706 of the
- 2 18 federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, as amended.
- 2 19 <u>b. Any geographic area, as the office sets by rule, that</u>
- 2 20 is materially underserved by broadband service such that
- 2 21 the download and upload speeds identified by the federal
- 2 22 communications commission pursuant to section 706 of the
- 2 23 federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, as amended, of the
- 2 24 broadband service in the geographic area are not meaningfully
- 2 25 available. The office's power to determine the geographic
- 2 20 grander. The chief power to determine the geographic
- 2 26 area by rule under this paragraph includes the power to define
- 2 27 and interpret standards as to whether a geographic area is
- 2 28 materially underserved and broadband service is meaningfully
- 2 29 available.
- 2 30 14. "Underserved area" means any portion of a targeted
- 2 31 service area within which no communications service provider
- 2 32 offers or facilitates broadband service meeting the download
- 2 33 and upload speeds specified in the definition of targeted
- 2 34 service area in this section.
- 2 35 Sec. 2. Section 8B.4, Code 2020, is amended by adding the
- 3 1 following new subsection:
- 3 2 NEW SUBSECTION 17A. Provide technical assistance to
- 3 3 communications service providers related to grant applications
- 3 4 under section 8B.11.
- 3 5 Sec. 3. Section 8B.9, subsection 5, Code 2020, is amended
- 3 6 to read as follows:
- 3 7 5. An annual report regarding the status of broadband
- 8 expansion and coordination, the connecting lowa farms, schools,

CODE: Conforming Language

CODE: Expands the definition of "targeted service area" to include any geographic area as determined by the OCIO through the rule making process that is materially underserved by broadband service such that the download and upload speeds identified by the Federal Communications Commission in Section 706 of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, as amended, are not meaningfully available. The provision also grants the OCIO the power to define and interpret whether an area is materially underserved and broadband service is meaningfully available through the rulemaking process.

CODE: Requires the OCIO to provide technical assistance to communications service providers related to the grant applications.

CODE: Changes the name of the Connecting Iowa Farms, Schools, and Communities Broadband Grant Program to the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Program.

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- 3 9 and communities empower rural lowa broadband grant program
- 3 10 established under section 8B.11, and the adequacy of the speed
- 3 11 set in the definition of targeted service area in section 8B.1.
- 3 12 Sec. 4. Section 8B.10, subsection 1, Code 2020, is amended
- 3 13 to read as follows:
- 3 14 1. The determination of whether a communications service
- 3 15 provider offers or facilitates broadband service meeting the
- 3 16 download and upload speeds specified in the definition of
- 3 17 targeted service area in section 8B.1 shall be determined
- 3 18 or ascertained by reference to broadband availability maps
- 3 19 or data sources that are widely accepted for accuracy and
- 3 20 available for public review and comment and that are identified
- 3 21 by the office by rule. The office shall periodically make
- 3 22 renewed determinations of whether a communications service
- 3 23 provider offers or facilitates broadband service at or above
- 3 24 the download and upload speeds specified in the definition of
- 3 25 targeted service area in section 8B.1, which shall, to the
- 3 26 extent updated maps and data sources are available at the time,
- 3 27 include making such determinations prior to each round of grant
- 3 28 applications solicited by the office pursuant to section 8B.11.
- B 29 Sec. 5. Section 8B.10, Code 2020, is amended by adding the
- 3 30 following new subsection:
- 3 31 NEW SUBSECTION 3. All findings and determinations made
- 3 32 pursuant to this section shall exclude mobile wireless or
- 3 33 satellite data, capabilities, and delivery mediums.
- 3 34 Sec. 6. Section 8B.11, subsection 1, Code 2020, is amended
- 3 35 to read as follows:
- 4 1 1. The office shall administer a broadband grant program
- 4 2 designed to reduce or eliminate unserved and underserved
- 4 3 areas in the state, leveraging federal funds and public and
- 4 4 private partnerships where possible, by awarding grants to
- 4 5 communications service providers that reduce or eliminate
- 4 6 targeted service areas by installing broadband infrastructure
- 4 7 that facilitates broadband service in targeted service areas
- 4 8 at or above the download and upload speeds specified in the
- 4 9 definition of targeted service area in section 8B.1 subsection
- 4 10 5, in accordance with this section.
- 4 11 Sec. 7. Section 8B.11, subsection 2, paragraphs a and b,
- 4 12 Code 2020, are amended to read as follows:
- 4 13 a.— A connecting lowa farms, schools, and communities An
- 4 14 empower rural lowa broadband grant fund is established in
- 4 15 the state treasury under the authority of the office. The
- 4 16 fund shall consist of moneys available to and obtained or
- 4 17 accepted by the office. Moneys in the fund are appropriated

CODE: Removes language requiring broadband availability maps or data sources to be widely accepted for accuracy and available for public review and comment.

CODE: Excludes mobile wireless or satellite data, capabilities, and delivery mediums from all findings and determinations regarding targeted service areas made pursuant to lowa Code section <u>8B.10</u>.

CODE: Changes the reference for download and upload speed requirements from lowa Code section <u>8B.1</u> to lowa Code section <u>8B.1</u> subsection 5 as amended by section 12 of this Act.

CODE: Permits funds appropriated for the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Program to be used for the administration and operation of the Program, and allows up to 1.00% of the moneys in the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Fund to pay the costs and expenses associated with the administration and operation of the Program.

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- 4 18 to the office to be used for the grant program, including for
- 4 19 broadband mapping and the administration and operation of the
- 4 20 grant program.
- 4 21 b. The office shall use moneys in the fund to provide grants
- 4 22 to communications service providers pursuant to this section.
- 4 23 The office may use not more than one percent of the moneys in
- 4 24 the fund at the beginning of the fiscal year to pay the costs
- 4 25 and expenses associated with the administration and operation
- 4 26 of the grant program. The office shall use moneys in the fund
- 4 27 to leverage available federal moneys if possible.
- 4 28 Sec. 8. Section 8B.11, subsection 2, Code 2020, is amended
- 4 29 by adding the following new paragraph:
- 4 30 NEW PARAGRAPH d. Notwithstanding paragraph "c" or any
- 4 31 provision to the contrary, moneys in the fund that have been
- 4 32 awarded but not paid to a communications service provider
- 4 33 shall not revert but shall remain available to the office for
- 4 34 purposes of administering the award in a manner consistent with
- 4 35 the terms and conditions of any corresponding contract or grant
- 5 1 agreement governing the administration of the award.
- 5 2 Sec. 9. Section 8B.11, subsection 3, Code 2020, is amended
- 5 3 to read as follows:
- 5 4 3. Communications service providers may apply to the office
- 5 for a grant pursuant to this section for the installation
- 5 6 of broadband infrastructure that facilitates broadband
- 5 7 service in targeted service areas at or above the download
- 5 8 and upload speeds specified in the definition of targeted
- 5 9 service area in section 8B.1 subsection 5. The office may,
- 5 10 by rule, increase the minimum download and upload speeds
- 5 11 for grant eligibility pursuant to this section. The office
- 5 12 shall include representatives from schools, communities,
- 5 13 agriculture, industry, and other areas as appropriate to review
- agriculture, industry, and other areas appropriate to review
- 5 14 and recommend grant awards. The office shall conduct an open
- 5 15 application review process that includes the opportunity
- 5 16 for the public to submit factual information as part of a
- 5 17 validation process to address claims that a targeted service
- 5 18 area is currently served with broadband service at or above
- 5 19 the download and upload speeds specified in the definition
- 5 20 of targeted service area in section 8B.1 subsection 5. Upon
- 5 21 completion of the validation process, the office may modify
- 5 22 a proposed targeted service area to account for information
- 5 23 received during the validation process. The office shall make
- 5 24 available a public internet site identifying all publicly
- 5 25 available information contained in the applications, the
- 5 26 members of the review committee, a summary of the review
- 5 27 committee's recommended results, and any results of performance
- 5 28 testing conducted after the project is completed.

CODE: Establishes that the moneys in the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Fund that have been awarded but not paid to a communications service provider will not revert but will remain available to the OCIO for the purposes of administering the award.

CODE: Removes language allowing the OCIO to increase the minimum download or upload speeds for grant eligibility through the rules process.

- 5 29 Sec. 10. Section 8B.11, subsection 4, paragraph a,
- 5 30 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2020, is amended to read as
- 5 31 follows:
- 5 32 The office shall award grants on a competitive basis for
- 5 33 the installation of broadband infrastructure that facilitates
- 5 34 broadband service in targeted service areas at or above the
- 5 35 download and upload speeds specified in the definition of
- 6 1 targeted service area in section 8B.1 subsection 5, after
- 6 2 considering the following:
- 6 3 Sec. 11. Section 8B.11, subsection 4, paragraph a,
- 6 4 subparagraph (2), Code 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- 6 5 (2) The applicant's total proposed budget for the project,
- 6 including the all of the following:
- 6 7 (a) The amount or percentage of local or federal matching
- 8 funds, if any, and any funding obligations shared between
- 6 9 public and private entities, and the.
- 6 10 <u>(b)</u> <u>The</u>percentage of funding provided directly from the
- 6 11 applicant including whether the applicant requested from the
- 6 12 office an amount less than the maximum amount the office could
- 6 13 award pursuant to subsection 5 and, if so, the percentage of
- 6 14 the project cost that the applicant is requesting.
- 6 15 Sec. 12. Section 8B.11, subsection 5, Code 2020, is amended
- 6 16 to read as follows:
- 6 17 5. The office shall not award a grant pursuant to this
- 6 18 section that exceeds fifteen thirty-five percent of the
- 6 19 communications service provider's project cost. The total
- 6 20 amount of the grants the office awards from the empower rural
- 6 21 lowa broadband grant fund pursuant to this section shall be as
- 6 22 follows:
- 6 23 a. For projects that will result in the installation of
- 6 24 broadband infrastructure that will facilitate broadband service
- 6 25 providing a minimum download speed less than one hundred
- 6 26 megabits per second but greater than or equal to the download
- 6 27 speed specified in the definition of targeted service area
- 6 28 in section 8B.1, and a minimum upload speed less than twenty
- 6 29 megabits per second but greater than or equal to the upload
- 6 30 speed specified in the definition of targeted service area in
- 6 31 section 8B.1, the total amount of the grants the office awards
- 6 32 shall not exceed fifty percent of the moneys in the fund at the
- 6 33 beginning of the fiscal year. However, if the amount requested
- 6 34 for projects that facilitate broadband service at the speeds
- 6 35 described in paragraph "b" for the fiscal year is less than the
- 7 1 amount reserved for projects under paragraph "b", the office may
- 7 2 award the difference to projects under this paragraph for the

CODE: Changes the reference for download and upload speed requirements from Iowa Code section 8B.1 to Iowa Code section 8B.11 subsection 5 as amended by section 12 of this Act.

CODE: Expands the information required to complete an application to include whether the applicant is requesting an amount less than the maximum amount the OCIO could award, and if so, the percentage of the project cost the applicant is requesting.

CODE: Increases the percentage of matching public funds available from 15.00% to 35.00% of the total project cost for projects resulting in the installation of broadband infrastructure.

CODE: Requires that no more than 50.00% of the moneys in the Empower Rural lowa Broadband Grant Fund at the beginning of the fiscal year can be awarded for projects resulting in the installation of broadband infrastructure facilitating a minimum download speed of less than 100 megabits per second but greater than or equal to the download speed specified in the definition of "targeted service area," and a minimum upload speed of less than 20 megabits per second but greater than or equal to the upload speed specified in the definition of "targeted service area."

- 7 3 same fiscal year.
- 7 4 <u>b. For projects that will result in the installation of</u>
- 7 5 broadband infrastructure that will facilitate broadband service
- 7 6 providing a minimum download speed of one hundred megabits
- 7 7 per second and a minimum upload speed of twenty megabits per
- 7 8 second, the total amount of the grants the office awards shall
- 7 9 not exceed fifty percent of the moneys in the fund at the
- 7 10 beginning of the fiscal year. However, if the amount requested
- 7 11 for projects that facilitate broadband service at the speeds
- 7 12 described in paragraph "a" for the fiscal year is less than the
- 7 13 amount reserved for projects under paragraph "a", the office may
- 7 14 award the difference to projects under this paragraph for the
- 7 15 same fiscal year.
- 7 16 Sec. 13. Section 427.1, subsection 40, paragraph b, Code
- 7 17 2020, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 18 b. The exemption shall apply to the installation of
- 7 19 broadband infrastructure that facilitates broadband service
- 7 20 at or above the download and upload speeds specified in the
- 7 21 definition of targeted service area in section 8B.1 commenced
- 7 22 and completed on or after July 1, 2015, and before July 1,
- 7 23 2025, in a targeted service area, and used to deliver internet
- 7 24 services to the public. A person claiming an exemption under
- 7 25 this subsection shall certify to the local assessor prior to
- 7 26 commencement of the installation that the installation of
- 7 20 commencement of the installation that the installation of
- 7 27 broadband infrastructure will facilitate broadband service
- 7 28 at or above the download and upload speeds specified in the
- 7 29 definition of targeted service area in section 8B.1 within a
- 7 30 targeted service area and shall specify the current number
- 7 31 of homes, farms, schools, and businesses in the targeted
- 7 32 service area that were offered to which broadband service was
- 7 33 facilitated and the download and upload speeds available prior
- 7 34 to the broadband infrastructure installation for which the
- 7 35 exemption is claimed and the number of homes, farms, schools,
- 8 1 and businesses in the targeted service area that will be
- 8 2 offered to which broadband service will be facilitated and the
- 8 3 download and upload speeds that will be available as a result
- 8 4 of installation of the broadband infrastructure for which the
- 8 5 exemption is claimed.
- 8 6 Sec. 14. Section 427.1, subsection 40, paragraph f,
- 8 7 subparagraph (1), subparagraph division (d), Code 2020, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 8 9 (d) Certification from the office of the chief information
- 10 officer pursuant to section 8B.10 that the installation will
- 8 11 facilitate broadband service at or above the download and
- 8 12 upload speeds specified in the definition of targeted service

CODE: Requires that no more than 50.00% of the moneys in the Fund at the beginning of the fiscal year can be awarded for projects resulting in the installation of broadband infrastructure facilitating a minimum download speed of 100 megabits per second and a minimum upload speed of less than 20 megabits per second unless the amount requested for qualifying projects below these minimums is less than the amount reserved for those projects.

CODE: Specifies that broadband service providers need not offer target speeds to customers in targeted service areas, but instead must facilitate the availability of upload and download speeds within the specified range for the targeted service areas.

CODE: Conforming Language

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8 13 area in section 8B.1 in a targeted service area.

8 14 Sec. 15. 2019 lowa Acts, chapter 136, section 6, subsection

- 8 15 1, is amended to read as follows:
- 8 16 1. There is appropriated from the general fund of the state
- 8 17 to the office of the chief information officer for the fiscal
- 8 18 year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020, the
- 8 19 following amount, or so much thereof as is necessary, to be
- 8 20 used for the purposes designated:
- 8 21 For deposit in the connecting lowa farms, schools, and
- 8 22 communities empower rural lowa broadband grant fund established
- 8 23 under section 8B.11 for a broadband grant program; and for
- 8 24 salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes:
- 8 25 \$ 5,000,000
- 8 26 Sec. 16. PUBLIC HEALTH DISASTER EMERGENCY
- 8 27 GRANTS. Notwithstanding section 8B.11 and any rules adopted
- 8 28 by the office of the chief information officer pursuant to
- 8 29 chapter 8B, the office of the chief information officer may
- 8 30 provide grants of federal moneys obtained as a result of the
- 8 31 public health disaster emergency proclaimed by the governor on
- 8 32 March 17, 2020, to communications service providers to install
- 8 33 broadband infrastructure in this state or facilitate broadband
- 3 34 service in this state so long as the office of the chief
- 8 35 information officer complies with the federal requirements for
- 1 the use of the federal moneys.
- 9 2 Sec. 17. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of
- 9 3 immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.
- 9 4 Sec. 18. RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY. The following applies
- 9 5 retroactively to July 1, 2015:
- 9 6 The section of this Act enacting section 8B.11, subsection
- 9 7 2, paragraph "d".

CODE: Amends the FY 2020 Administration and Regulation Appropriations Act (HF 759) to reference Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Fund rather than the Connecting Iowa Farms, Schools, and Communities Broadband Grant Fund.

CODE: Permits the OCIO to provide grants of federal moneys obtained as a result of the public health disaster emergency proclaimed by the Governor on March 17, 2020, so long as the OCIO complies with the federal requirements for the use of the federal moneys.

Specifies that this Act takes effect upon enactment.

Specifies that the section of this Act enacting Iowa Code section 8B.11, subsection 2, paragraph "d" applies retroactively to July 1, 2015.

Ways and Means Acts – Fiscal Notes

HF 760 – Hotel and Motel Local Sales Tax (LSB1771HV.1)

Staff Contact: Kenneth Ohms (515.725.2200) kenneth.ohms@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>House File 760</u> modifies the number of consecutive days a person must rent lodging for the sales price to be exempt from State and local hotel and motel taxes by making the first 90 days of a stay subject to taxation.

This Act also exempts lodging furnished by a nonprofit lodging provider renting to the friends and family of a hospital patient from the hotel and motel tax.

Background

Under current law (Iowa Code chapter 423A), the renting of lodging by the same person for a period of more than 31 consecutive days is exempt from State and local hotel and motel taxes.

lowa Code section 423A.7(4) requires that 50.0% of the revenue generated by local hotel and motel taxes be used for purposes related to recreation, convention, cultural, or entertainment facilities, or for the promotion and encouragement of tourist and convention business in the city or county and surrounding areas. The remaining revenues may be spent by the city or county for any operations authorized by law as a proper purpose for the expenditure within statutory limitations.

Assumptions

- In FY 2019, hotels and motels reported exempt sales of \$50.6 million. These sales are assumed to be for long-term rentals, and other potential sales to exempt entities are assumed to be minimal.
- The State tax rate is 5.0%, and the effective local tax rate is 6.76%.
- Of the exempt hotel and motel sales, 10.0% are assumed to be for periods of 90 days or longer. Of that amount, it is assumed there is a decreasing number of stays beyond 90 days, and a stay of 120 days is used as the maximum. Therefore, 97.5% of currently exempt sales would become taxable.
- Total revenue from lodging and fee support from 2016 to 2017 reported by Ronald McDonald House Charities of Eastern Iowa and Western Illinois on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Tax Form 990 was reviewed to determine if there would be a fiscal impact associated with the tax exemption for lodging provided by a nonprofit.

Fiscal Impact

Changing the tax exemption is estimated to increase revenues as presented in the following table. The assumptions are based on data prior to the COVID-19 pandemic and the economic recession that began in February 2020. The extent of the economic impact that the COVID-19 pandemic will have on long-term hotel stays is unknown. The estimated increase in tax revenue shown on the below table represents the fiscal impact under pre-COVID-19 economic activity.

The exemption of lodging furnished by a nonprofit lodging provider to friends and family of a hospital patient is estimated to have minimal fiscal impact.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 13, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 24, 2020.

Sources

Department of Revenue IRS Tax Form 990 for Ronald McDonald House Charities of Eastern Iowa and Western Illinois, 2016-2017

Estimated Revenue Increase Dollars in Millions												
General Local Tax												
Fund Revenue												
FY 2021	\$	2.7	\$	3.7								
FY 2022		2.8		3.8								
FY 2023		2.9		3.9								
FY 2024		2.9		4.0								
FY 2025		3.0		4.1								

HF 2340 - 529 Plan, Out-of-State Private Schools, Special Needs (LSB5485HV.2)

Staff Contact: Jeff Robinson (515.281.4614) jeff.robinson@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

House File 2340 allows funds withdrawn from Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust accounts (Iowa Accounts) to be used to pay tuition for students requiring special education and attending out-of-state elementary or secondary schools. With the change, withdrawals made for this purpose will not be subject to Iowa individual income tax. The change is effective beginning tax year 2020.

Background

Current lowa law allows tax-free withdrawals from lowa Accounts for elementary and secondary tuition expenses, but the educational institution must be located in lowa. Withdrawals that are made for any purpose other than those specified in the lowa Code are to be added to the taxpayer's income for tax purposes in the year of the withdrawal.

Assumptions

- Department of Management school enrollment statistics indicate that 17,041 special needs students are enrolled in Iowa school districts located on the Iowa border.
- From this population of 17,041 it is unknown how many attend or will attend elementary or secondary schools at out-of-state institutions. The Department of Revenue assumes a number equal to 5.0% (851 students) of the identified special needs population will attend out-of-state schools each year and utilize lowa Account assets for tuition payments.
- Using an average lowa Account per-family withdrawal statistic provided by the State Treasurer, the Department of Revenue estimates the average tuition withdrawal per student will be \$2,920.
- All statistics cited above are assumed to remain constant.
- The Department of Revenue estimates that the average marginal tax rate for the impacted taxpayers will be 7.1% under the current tax system and 5.8% under the contingent income tax system.
- The contingent income tax system is assumed to become effective for tax year 2023.
- Tax year 2020 projected impacts will reduce income tax revenue for FY 2021.
- The fiscal impact on any local option income surtax for schools will be minor.

Fiscal Impact

The expansion of the Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust individual income tax exemption is projected to reduce net General Fund revenue by \$175,000 in FY 2021 through FY 2024, and \$145,000 in succeeding fiscal years.

Effective Date

This Act is effective upon enactment and the changes apply retroactively to January 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 3, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Sources

Department of Revenue Department of Management State Treasurer <u>HF 2641</u> – Department of Revenue, Omnibus (LSB5409HV.4) Staff Contact: Jeff Robinson (515.281.4614) <u>jeff.robinson@legis.iowa.gov</u>

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>House File 2641</u> contains 28 divisions. Please note that for this *Fiscal Note*, the term "Department" refers to the Department of Revenue and the term "sales tax" also refers to the use tax when applicable.

- **Division I** relates to Iowa tax administration and tax penalties. The Division:
 - Allows the Department, through agreements, to collect taxes and fees from sellers making sales at the State fair and at county fairs.
 - Creates monetary penalties for persons who fail to file certain income tax forms.
 - Expands and creates criminal penalties for situations where a person willfully makes false or frivolous applications for tax refunds, rebates, credits, or other tax benefits (perjury).
 - Expands the availability of power of attorney or other authority procedures that will allow others to act and receive information on behalf of a taxpayer.
 - Allows the Department to distribute a website reference (instead of a physical document) specifying the rights of the taxpayer and obligations of the Department during an audit, taxpayer appeal procedures, and the procedures the Department may use in enforcing the tax laws, including notices of assessment and jeopardy assessment and the filing and enforcement of liens (Taxpayer Bill of Rights).
 - Allows a taxpayer to elect to receive correspondence from the Department electronically.
 - Allows the Department to redact information prior to disclosure of a record in a court or contested case.
 - Provides that the period of examination is unlimited in any action by the Department to recover or rescind a tax expenditure.
 - Removes the role of the Department in the application for reinstatement for various forms of corporations.
 - Establishes a due date that is the last day of the fourth month following the end of the taxpayer's tax year (April 30 for calendar year filers) for the moneys and credits tax (credit unions) and requires that the tax return be on a form prepared by the Department.
- **Division II** relates to sales and use tax. The Division:
 - Requires that, at the time of registration of a snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle, and in situations where there is not satisfactory evidence that the sales tax has already been paid, the county recorder shall collect sales tax. The tax shall be remitted to the Department on a monthly basis.
 - Adds services arising from software sold as tangible personal property to the description of services subject to the State sales tax.
 - Adds the term "specified digital product" to the description of components of a transaction that make that transaction not a bundled transaction.
 - Expands the existing sales tax exemption for preserve whitetail deer to apply the exemption to the commercial service of preserve whitetail deer hunting. Based on existing language, the exemption applies to sales that occurred between July 1, 2005, and

- December 31, 2015. Specifies that refunds of taxes already paid on these transactions are not allowed. The tax exemption will only apply to taxpayers who have yet to pay the tax on the service.
- Clarifies existing sales tax exemptions available for tribal governments, designated exempt entities, and governmental entity construction contracts.
- Removes language that applies the use tax at a rate of 6.0% to the purchase or installed price of manufactured housing. A reference applying the use tax at a rate of 5.0% remains.
- Clarifies the duty to collect and remit sales and use taxes and also clarifies the joint liability of the purchaser and retailer for the payment of the tax until the tax is paid.
- **Division III** modifies required loss carryback provisions for taxpayers who report a net operating loss. Specifies that a taxpayer may elect to waive a carryback period in favor of a loss carryforward period of up to 20 years. The change applies to tax year 2020 and after.
- **Division IV** updates federal Internal Revenue Code references related to the Research Activities Tax Credit. The changes are effective upon enactment and apply to tax year 2019 and after.
- Division V relates to partnership and other pass-through entity tax returns and audits.
- Division VI amends 2020 Iowa Acts, <u>HF 2565</u> (Public Agency Payment Setoff Act) by making changes to effective dates and requiring the adoption of administrative rules. The changes are effective upon enactment and apply beginning with the enactment date of HF 2565.
- **Division VII** clarifies that Iowa tax relief from spousal joint and several liability is available under all circumstances for which such relief would be granted through the federal Internal Revenue Code. The change also provides a mechanism for the Department to allow the nonrequesting spouse to intervene in the Department's process for deciding whether to grant relief.
- Division VIII relates to business taxation, the business interest expense deduction, and Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income (GILTI).
 The Division:
 - Decouples Iowa tax law from recent federal Internal Revenue Code changes that limit the deduction of business interest expenses for income tax purposes, beginning tax year 2020. The change will reduce business taxable income.
 - Allows business taxpayers to deduct GILTI from Iowa business taxable income. The change will reduce business taxable income.
 - Rescinds recent Department rules related to the GILTI deduction.
- **Division IX** expands the existing State sales tax and State hotel and motel tax diversion for the support of reinvestment districts. The Division:
 - Expands the definition of "municipality" to include a joint board or other legal entity established between two or more contiguous municipalities. Under current law, the term only refers to a county or a city.
 - Allows the Economic Development Authority Board to approve additional reinvestment districts for a time period beginning July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2025. The aggregate amount of State sales tax and State hotel and motel tax diversions allowed for all districts approved during the new time frame may total up to \$100.0 million. The maximum size allowed for a single new district is 75 acres.
 - Allows the Economic Development Authority Board to extend the 20-year maximum number of years a reinvestment district may receive State sales tax and State hotel and motel tax diversions for up to an additional 5 years under specified circumstances.

- **Division X** exempts certain sales of computer peripherals from the sales tax. The new exemption applies to the sale of computer peripherals in the same manner as a similar exemption applies to the sale of computers. The term "computer peripheral" is defined as an ancillary device connected to the computer digitally, by cable, or by other medium, used to put information into or get information out of a computer.
- **Division XI** allows for an increase in the total annual maximum dollar amount of School Tuition Organization Tax Credits that may be issued in a calendar year, beginning
 January 1, 2022. Under current law, the annual maximum is \$15.0 million. Under this Act, the annual amount could reach a maximum of \$20.0 million. The Division also removes a current restriction limiting corporate taxpayers to no more than 25.0% of the annual maximum amount of School Tuition Organization Tax Credits allowed for a calendar year.
- **Division XII** excludes from Iowa income taxation the amount of any federal, State, or local grant provided to a communications service provider where the proceeds of the grant were used to install broadband infrastructure in targeted service areas. The change takes effect upon enactment and applies to tax year 2019 and after.
- **Division XIII** relates to local assessors. The Division:
 - Requires local assessor appointments to be confirmed by the Department before the appointment is effective.
 - Prohibits a local assessor from personally assessing property the assessor or a member of the assessor's immediate family owns.
 - Requires approval of the relevant city attorney or county attorney when a <u>Conference Board</u> employs special counsel to assist with litigation involving assessments.
- **Division XIV** excludes the forgiven loan proceeds a business receives through the federal Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) from taxable income for lowa income tax purposes.
- **Division XV** exempts income taxpayers receive through the federal <u>Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act</u> in the form of emergency student grants from the State income tax. The exemption applies to any tax year ending after March 27, 2020.
- **Division XVI** exempts the income taxpayers receive through the federal CARES Act in the form of stimulus tax refund payments from the State income tax. The CARES Act payments equal a maximum of \$1,200 per taxpayer and \$500 per dependent.
- **Division XVII** specifies how an lowa resident's share of a business entity's entity-level tax payments to another state or foreign country on income that is also subject to lowa income tax is to be determined for lowa income tax purposes. This change will reduce lowa taxable income.
- **Division XVIII** exempts any financial assistance grant provided to a business by the Iowa Economic Development Authority under the <u>Iowa Small Business Relief Grant Program</u> from Iowa income tax. The change is effective upon enactment and applies retroactively to any tax year ending on or after March 23, 2020.
- **Division XIX** changes how lowa tax law couples with federal Internal Revenue Code references to depreciation schedules known as "Section 179 expensing." The current coupling provision in the lowa Code does not automatically couple with future changes to the federal tax code related to Section 179 expensing. With this change, lowa will automatically couple with future federal tax law changes in this tax item.
- **Division XX** allows funds in an Iowa Educational Savings Plan Trust (529 Plan) to be used for participation in a certified apprenticeship program.

- **Division XXI** extends the tax year 2019 contribution deadline for 529 Plan and First-Time Homebuyer Account contributions until July 31, 2020.
- **Division XXII** specifies conditions under which refunds of qualified 529 Plan higher education expenses may be recontributed to the original 529 Plan account without impacting the account contributor's taxable income.
- **Division XXIII** exempts personal protective equipment and materials assembled to become personal protective equipment and donated by a business during a specified time frame from the State use tax. The change is retroactive to January 1, 2020.
- **Division XXIV** amends 2020 Iowa Acts, <u>SF 2413</u> (Food Operations Trespass Act), which created food operation trespass penalties. This change removes food establishments and farmers markets from the definition of a food operation.
- **Division XXV** prohibits counties and cities from adopting or enforcing an ordinance that prohibits short-term rental properties. The language also prohibits local restrictions related to distance separation requirements for single-family homes and duplexes and cities and counties are required to consider short-term rental properties as residential land for zoning purposes.
- **Division XXVI** modifies the conditions under which a Rural Improvement Zone (RIZ or Zone) may be created or exist. The change removes a requirement that a RIZ be associated with a private lake and instead allows the creation or existence of a RIZ that is a private development that is adjacent to or abuts a private or public lake. The change applies to any RIZ currently in existence or created in the future.
- **Division XXVII** allows tax credits for projects approved prior to July 1, 2015, under the former Housing Enterprise Zone (HEZ) Program to qualify as transferable tax credits. The change is retroactive to May 30, 2014. To qualify for the additional transfer criteria created in this Act, the tax credits must have been awarded:
 - Before July 1, 2015.
 - For a housing development project located in a blighted area.
 - For a project located in a county that has a population of less than 105,000. This requirement excludes projects in Polk, Linn, Scott, Johnson, and Black Hawk counties.
 - For a project where the eligible housing business submitted a written request to transfer the credits before July 1, 2019.
- **Division XXVIII** creates a "Flying Our Colors" license plate and requires the Department of Transportation (DOT) to design the plate. The plate requires two fees, an initial special fee of \$35 and an annual special fee of \$10. These fees are deposited in the Road Use Tax Fund (RUTF). At the end of each month, the Treasurer of State is required to credit the amount equal to the special fees deposited in the RUTF from the Statutory Allocations Fund (SAF) to the Flood Mitigation Fund. The language also specifies that the initial fee for a personalized plate is \$25 and the annual renewal fee for such plate is \$5. The fees for personalized plates are not subject to deposit in the Flood Mitigation Fund.

Provisions with No Fiscal Impact

The Department has determined that the following provisions have no fiscal impact on tax revenue:

- Department Administrative Changes (Division I)
- Research Activities Tax Credit Update (Division IV)
- Partnership and Pass-Through Entity Audits (Division V)

- Setoff Procedures Effective Date (Division VI)
- Married Taxpayers Joint Liability (Division VII)
- Local Assessor Changes (Division XIII)
- Emergency Student Grant Exemption (Division XV)
- Section 179 Expensing Conformity (Division XIX)
- 529 Plan and First-Time Homebuyer Contribution Date Change (Division XXI)
- 529 Plan Recontribution (Division XXII)
- Food Operation Trespass (Division XXIV)
- Short-Term Rental Property (Division XXV)

Fiscal Impact Assumptions

Preserve Whitetail Deer Hunting. The estimated amount of sales tax owed by taxpayers for preserve whitetail deer hunting over the applicable time frame is estimated from Department records to be \$0.2 million.

Net Operating Loss Carryforward. The estimate for this change was provided by the Department.

Business Interest Expense Deduction. The estimate for this change was developed by the Department based on the business interest expense deduction from tax year 2018 corporate income tax filings, projected interest rates provided by Moody's Analytics, and a projected 25.0%/75.0% spread of the impact between the current fiscal year and the succeeding fiscal year.

Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income Exemption. The Department bases the fiscal impact estimate for this change on the provision's national impact as estimated by the <u>Joint Committee on Taxation</u> at the time the provision was adopted by Congress. The Department warns that the actual impact of the lowa exemption could differ significantly from this estimate.

Reinvestment District Sales Tax. The Department assumes that the maximum \$100.0 million State sales and State hotel and motel sales tax diversion will occur in 20 equal installments (\$5.0 million per year).

Computer Peripherals Sales Tax Exemption. The Department concludes that the addition of items attached to a computer, physically or digitally, will not increase the value of the sales tax exemption to qualified purchasers of the peripherals (no fiscal impact). This would be true if the change simply codifies current practice. The Department response does not provide a reason as to why this change has no fiscal impact.

School Tuition Organization Tax Credit Increase. The estimate for this change was provided by the Department based on the previous patterns of tax credit award and redemption for this tax credit and further assuming that the tax credit limit will reach the maximum \$20.0 million in annual credits in the shortest time frame allowed under the change (calendar year 2025).

Corporate School Tuition Organization Tax Credit. The Department reports that corporate donations account for less than the 10.0% of total credits allocated under current law and therefore the removal of the 25.0% limitations on the portion of a year's annual credit that may be awarded to corporate taxpayers will have no fiscal impact. The LSA agrees that under the current maximum School Tuition Tax Credit limit of \$15.0 million per year, this change will have no fiscal impact. However, combined with the annual limit increase provided in this Division, removal of the corporate income tax percentage limit could result in a fiscal impact until the tax credit cap reaches \$20.0 million. Any additional fiscal impact from the combination of divisions of the two changes will not occur until at least FY 2023 and is not included in the fiscal impact calculation for this Act.

Broadband Infrastructure Grant Tax Exemption. There is no information available within Iowa income tax records concerning the amount of income individuals or for-profit entities receive through State, federal, and local broadband infrastructure grants. The fiscal impact estimate was developed using award amounts available from published sources. Since the exemption applies beginning tax year 2019, and since taxpayers have until July 31, 2020, to file tax year 2019 returns, the change has a projected impact for FY 2020.

Federal Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). The exemption for business income generated through forgiven PPP loans applies to a subset of lowa business entities whose forgiven PPP loans are not already tax-exempt under current law. The Department estimates that the total amount of PPP loans forgiven in lowa will be \$4,959.1 million and that the new exemption will impact \$1,105.0 million of that amount. The Department assumes that the associated exclusion of business expenses paid for with forgiven PPP loans will equal 90.0% of the \$1,105.0 million, and this will result in a net statewide decrease in taxable business income of \$110.5 million. The Department estimates that across all types of businesses with projected PPP loans forgiven, the average tax rate will equal 5.2%. The combination of assumptions results in a tax decrease of \$5.8 million as a result of this provision.

Federal Stimulus Tax Refund Payment Exemption. The Department has determined that the stimulus tax refund payments distributed to lowans through the federal CARES Act are exempt from lowa income tax under existing law.

Entity-Level Exemption for Income Tax Paid to Others. In tax year 2017, lowa Out-of-State Tax Credit claims totaled \$102.8 million. Of this amount, \$12.6 million was claimed for income earned in 11 states that impose income tax at the entity level for pass-through entities. Of the taxpayers who claimed the lowa credit who also identified states that taxed pass-through entities at the entity level, approximately 33.3% of claim amounts were identified by taxpayers who reported pass-through income on their lowa Schedule E tax form. It is therefore assumed that claims for the Out-of-State Tax Credit will increase by 33.3% of \$12.6 million under the proposal (\$4.2 million annually).

Iowa Small Business Relief Grant Program Tax Exemption. An estimated \$24.1 million in grants were awarded to Iowa businesses. Assuming that without this exemption, the full amount will be included on business tax returns during the 2020 tax year and assuming an average marginal tax rate of 5.5% across all impacted businesses, the new exemption is projected to reduce FY 2021 net General Fund revenue by \$1.3 million. Please note that the exemption language in this Act is open-ended. If the Iowa Economic Development Authority

awards financial assistance in the future using the same grant program created in 2020, the value of those grants will also be exempt from lowa income tax.

529 Plan Apprenticeship Program. The Department estimates that this change will decrease annual State income taxes for qualified taxpayers by \$50,000.

Personal Protective Equipment. The Department estimates that Iowa business will utilize \$72.2 million in materials to manufacture qualified (donated) personal protective equipment in FY 2020 and \$36.1 million in FY 2021. The use tax rate is 6.0%, with 5.0% retained by the State General Fund and 1.0% dedicated to school infrastructure.

Rural Improvement Zones. Currently, the location of a Rural Improvement Zone (RIZ or Zone) is restricted to areas around private lakes. The change in this Act will allow new Zones near or abutted to public lakes. This could expand the number of RIZ areas. Rural Improvement Zones impact the State General Fund through the interaction of the school aid formula and the tax increment financing (TIF) option available to a RIZ. Rural Improvement Zones also impact local government property tax revenue by concentrating development in areas that are subject to TIF. While this change is assumed for the purposes of this *Fiscal Note* to have no immediate fiscal impact, the impact on property tax and the State School Aid appropriation could become significant in future years if new Zones develop as a result of this change.

Enterprise Zone Tax Credit Transfers. The Department and the Iowa Economic Development Authority report that seven projects totaling \$430,000 meet the new tax credit transfer requirements established in this Act. It is assumed that completed projects will start claiming credits in FY 2021. Transferred tax credits under the HEZ Program typically take three years to be fully redeemed. The average tax credit redemption pattern of transferred housing tax credits is:

- First year = 46.5%
- Second year = 46.5%
- Third year = 7.0%

Flying Our Colors License Plate. The LSA assumes that 1,750 "Flying Our Colors" new license plates will be issued in each of the first two years they are available. The \$25 initial fee will produce a projected \$61,250 in revenue in FY 2021 and FY 2022 for deposit into the Flood Mitigation Fund. The annual \$10 fee will also produce additional income for the Flood Mitigation Fund of \$17,500 in FY 2022 and \$35,000 for FY 2023 and each succeeding fiscal year.

Fiscal Impacts

Table 1 provides the projected net State General Fund fiscal impact of the various provisions of this Act.

Table 1

	Table 1													
	General Fund Estimated Fiscal Impact by Provision													
	In Millions													
Division	Provision	FY	2020	_F	/ 2021	_F`	Y 2022	_F	/ 2023	_F\	2024	_F\	2025	
II	Preserve Whitetail Deer Sales Tax	\$	0.0	\$	-0.2	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	
III	Net Operating Loss		0.0		-1.0		-1.0		-1.1		-1.1		-1.1	
VIII	Business Interest Expense		0.0		-6.2		-4.1		-8.8		-14.4		-16.7	
VIII	Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income		0.0		-13.8		-5.1		-5.1		-5.2		-5.3	
IX	Reinvestment Districts Sales Tax Diversion		0.0		-5.0		-5.0		-5.0		-5.0		-5.0	
Х	Computer Peripherals Sales Tax Exemption		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
XI	School Tuition Organization Tax Credit Increase		0.0		0.0		0.0		-1.0		-2.5		-4.1	
XI	Corporate School Tuition Organization Tax Credit		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
XII	Broadband Infrastructure Grants Exemption		-0.9		-2.3		-1.5		-1.5		-1.6		-1.6	
XIV	Paycheck Protection Program Loans		0.0		-5.8		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
XVI	Federal Stimulus Tax Refund Exemption		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
XVII	Entity-Level Income Tax Paid		0.0		-4.2		-4.2		-4.3		-4.3		-4.4	
XVIII	lowa Small Business Relief Grants Exemption		0.0		-1.3		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
XX	529 Plan Apprenticeship Programs		0.0		-0.1		-0.1		-0.1		-0.1		-0.1	
XXIII	Personal Protective Equipment Sales Tax Exemption		-3.6		-1.8		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
XXVI	Rural Improvement Zone Expansion		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
XXVII	Enterprise Zone Tax Credit Transfer		0.0		-0.2		-0.2		0.0		0.0		0.0	
	Total	\$	-4.5	\$	-41.9	\$	-21.2	\$	-26.9	\$	-34.2	\$	-38.3	

In addition to the reductions in State General Fund revenue, the sales tax exemptions are projected to reduce school infrastructure tax collections by \$0.5 million per year and local option sales tax collections by \$0.5 million per year, with both impacts beginning FY 2021. A minor reduction in the yield from the income tax surtax for schools is also projected.

The creation of a new "Flying Our Colors" license plate will increase Flood Mitigation Fund income. The \$25 initial fee for the plate will produce a projected \$61,250 in revenue in FY 2021 and FY 2022 for deposit into the Flood Mitigation Fund. The annual \$10 fee will also produce additional income for the Fund of \$17,500 in FY 2022 and \$35,000 for FY 2023 and each succeeding fiscal year.

Correctional Impact

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay; revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.

• Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.

Fraudulent Practice

The amendment to Iowa Code section 421.27(6) makes numerous changes to and expands the criminal offense of fraudulent practice. The penalty for fraudulent practice is defined in Iowa Code sections 714.9 through 714.13. The penalty for fraudulent practice ranges from a simple misdemeanor to a Class C felony depending on the amount of money or value of property involved. In addition to the criminal penalties, a person who commits a fraudulent practice is liable for a penalty of \$1,500 or an amount equal to 75.0% of the tax benefit fraudulently claimed.

Correctional Impact

This Act expands the current offense of fraudulent practice, and the correctional impact cannot be determined due to a lack of data. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

This Act expands the definition of an existing offense, and the minority impact cannot be determined due to a lack of data. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of this section cannot be estimated due to the unknown correctional impact. The State cost for a fraudulent practice conviction ranges from \$40 to \$350 for a simple misdemeanor and \$11,600 to \$19,400 for a Class C felony. The estimates include operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the Department of Corrections (DOC). The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Perjury

This Act enacts new Iowa Code section 421.27A by creating a criminal offense for perjury and defines the circumstances in which a person commits perjury. A person who commits the criminal offense of perjury under this new language commits a Class D felony. A Class D felony is punishable by confinement for no more than five years and fine of at least \$750 but not more than \$7,500.

Correctional Impact

This Act creates a new offense, and the correctional impact cannot be estimated. **Table 2** provides estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or community-based corrections (CBC) residential facilities; length of stay (LOS) under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all convictions of aggravated misdemeanors and Class D felonies.

Table 2 — Sentencing Estimates and LOS

		FY 19 Avg Length of Stay	FY 19 Marginal	FY 19 Avg Length of Stay	FY 19 Marginal	Percent	FY 19 Avg Length of Stay	FY 19 Ava	Percent to CBC	FY 19 CBC	Percent to	Avg Length of Stay in	
Conviction	Percent	Prison	Cost/Day	Parole	Cost/Day	to	Probation	Cost/Day	Residential	Marginal	County	County	Marginal
Offense Class	to Prison	(months)	Prison	(months)	Parole	Probation	(months)	Probation	Facility	Cost/Day	Jail	Jail	Cost/Day
Class D Felony Non-Persons	76.0%	12.2	\$20.38	13.0	\$6.12	64.0%	31.8	\$6.12	12.0%	\$12.58	29.0%	N/A	\$50.00

Please refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

This Act creates a new offense, and the minority impact cannot be determined. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of this new offense cannot be estimated due to the unknown correctional impact. The State cost for one Class D felony conviction ranges from \$10,000 to \$14,700. The estimates include operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the DOC. The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Unlawful Disclosure of Tax Return Information and Tax Investigation Information

The amendment to Iowa Code section <u>422.20(1)</u> adds an intent element, "willfully or recklessly," to the criminal offense related to the unlawful disclosure of tax return information by State personnel or former State personnel. A person who commits a violation under Iowa Code section 422.20(1) commits a serious misdemeanor.

The amendment to Iowa Code section 422.72(1)(a) adds the intent element of "willfully or recklessly" to the criminal offense related to the unlawful disclosure by State personnel or former State personnel of the business affairs, operations, or information obtained through a tax-related investigation. A person who unlawfully discloses such information commits a serious misdemeanor under Iowa Code section 422.72(4).

A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$315 but not more than \$1,875.

Correctional Impact

This Act adds an intent element to the current offenses under Iowa Code sections 422.20(1) and 422.72(1)(a), and the correctional impact cannot be determined due to a lack of data. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

This Act modifies the definition of existing offenses, and the minority impact cannot be determined due to a lack of data. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of the modified offenses cannot be estimated due to the unknown correctional impact. The State cost for one serious misdemeanor conviction ranges from \$410 to \$4,900. The estimates include operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the DOC. The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Effective Date

This Act is generally effective July 1, 2020. Some provisions are effective upon enactment. Additionally, some provisions have retroactive applicability dates.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 14, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Sources

Iowa Department of Revenue
Moody's Analytics
House File 2103 Fiscal Note
House File 2620 Fiscal Note
Cost Estimates Used for Correctional

Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements

Minority Impact Statement

Legislative Services Agency calculations

<u>SF 457</u> – Criminal Surcharge and Court Fee Reform (LSB1922SZ.3) Staff Contact: Laura Book (515.205.9275) laura.book@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 457</u> relates to surcharges added to criminal penalties, court funds, civil fees, misdemeanor and felony fines, and fines associated with scheduled violations. This Act takes effect July 15, 2020, except for Division XII, which takes effect upon enactment, and Division XIV, which takes effect on January 1, 2021.

Fiscal Impact Summary Tables are available at the end of this document starting at the end of this Fiscal Note.

<u>Division I — Surcharges Added to Criminal Penalties and Distribution</u>

Description

Iowa Code Chapter 911 Surcharges

Division I makes the following changes to the surcharges under Iowa Code chapter 911:

- Changes the name of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge to the Crime Services Surcharge and reduces the surcharge from 35.0% to 15.0% of the fine or forfeiture imposed. The Crime Services Surcharge is remitted to the State Court Administrator and is distributed as follows:
 - 46.0% to the Juvenile Detention Home Fund.
 - 32.0% to the Victim Compensation Fund.
 - 20.0% to Criminalistics Laboratory Fund.
 - 2.0% to the Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE) Fund established in this Act.
- Repeals the Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge in Iowa Code section <u>911.3</u>, the DARE Surcharge in Iowa Code section <u>911.2</u>, and the County Enforcement Surcharge in Iowa Code section <u>911.4</u>.
- Combines the domestic abuse surcharges under lowa Code sections <u>911.2B</u> and <u>911.2C</u> into a single surcharge of \$90 per applicable offense.
- Establishes the Agricultural Property Offense Surcharge under Iowa Code section 911.5. A person convicted of a crime relating to agricultural property is subject to a surcharge equal to \$500. The collections generated from the assessment of the surcharge are required to be remitted by the clerk of court to the State Court Administrator and deposited in the State General Fund. The amount deposited is then appropriated to the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS) to support the Iowa Emergency Food Purchase Program Fund established in new Iowa Code section 1908.201.

Court Costs

Division I reduces the court costs under Iowa Code section 602.8106 from \$60 to \$55.

See **Attachments A** and **B** for the distribution of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge under current law and the proposed Crime Services Surcharge distribution under <u>SF 457</u>.

City Fines

Division I modifies the city/State fine and forfeited bail distribution under Iowa Code section 602.8106(2). Under the modified distribution, 80.0% of all fines and forfeited bail is distributed to the city that was the plaintiff in the action, and the remaining 20.0% is remitted to the State General Fund.

County Fines

Division I adds a provision under Iowa Code section <u>602.8106(4)</u> that distributes the fine revenue for a violation that occurred within the boundaries of the county as follows: 91.0% to the State Court Administrator and 9.0% to the county where the violation occurred or citation was issued. Of the 91.0% remitted to the State Court Administrator, 1.3% is distributed to the Emergency Medical Services Fund and the remainder is deposited in the State General Fund.

Division I provides that the moneys collected and credited to the county general fund from county ordinances shall be distributed in the manner described in Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u>. The Division also amends Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u> to include medical and prescription drug costs of inmates in jail as a purpose for which county ordinance fine revenue may be used.

Background

<u>Criminal Penalty Surcharge — Iowa Code Section 911.1</u>

When the court imposes a fine or forfeiture for a violation of State law or a city or county ordinance, except a parking ordinance, the clerk of court imposes an additional penalty in the form of a Criminal Penalty Surcharge equal to 35.0% of the fine or forfeiture imposed by the court. This surcharge does not apply to civil penalties.

Under current law, the Criminal Penalty Surcharge revenue is divided as follows: 95.0% is remitted to the State, and the remaining 5.0% is remitted to the county treasurer of the county or the city clerk of the city that was the plaintiff in the action. Of the amount remitted to the State, 17.0% is deposited in the Victim Compensation Fund (Iowa Code section 915.94), and 83.0% is deposited in the State General Fund. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) *Fiscal Topic Criminal Fine Revenue and Surcharge Distribution* for further information.

<u>Domestic Abuse Surcharges — Iowa Code Sections 911.2B and 911.2C</u>

Currently, under Iowa Code section 911.2B, in addition to any other surcharge, a surcharge of \$100 is assessed if an adjudication of guilt or a deferred judgment has been entered for a violation of Iowa Code section 708.2A, 708.11, or 710A.2, or Iowa Code chapter 709. Under Iowa Code section 911.2C, a surcharge of \$50 is assessed against a defendant who is held in contempt of court for violating a domestic

abuse protective order. The revenue collected from assessment of Iowa Code sections <u>911.2B</u> and <u>911.2C</u> surcharges is deposited in the Address Confidentiality Revolving Fund established in Iowa Code section <u>9.8</u>.

Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge — Iowa Code Section 911.3

Under current law, in addition to any other surcharge, the court is required to assess a Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge of \$125 if an adjudication of guilt or a deferred judgment has been entered for a criminal violation under any of the following: Iowa Code chapter 124, 155A, 453B, 713, 714, 715A, or 716, or Iowa Code section 719.7, 719.8, 725.1, 725.2, or 725.3. The collections generated from the assessment of the surcharge are deposited in the State General Fund.

<u>Drug Abuse Resistance Education Surcharge — Iowa Code Section 911.2</u>

Currently, in addition to any other surcharge, the court is required to assess a DARE Surcharge of \$10 if a violation arises out of an offense provided for in Iowa Code chapter 321J or 124, subchapter IV. The collections generated from the assessment of the surcharge are deposited in the State General Fund, and the amount deposited is appropriated to the Governor's Office of Drug Control Policy (ODCP) for use by the DARE Program and other programs with a similar purpose.

County Enforcement Surcharge — Iowa Code Section 911.4

Under current law, if a county has adopted a resolution pursuant to lowa Code section <u>331.301</u>(16), and a court imposes a fine or forfeiture for any simple misdemeanor punishable as a scheduled violation pursuant to a citation issued by a sheriff, the court shall assess a surcharge in the amount of \$5 for each applicable violation in addition to any fine, forfeiture, or other surcharge. The surcharge revenue is deposited in the county general fund of the county where the citation was issued.

Juvenile Detention Home Fund

Under current law, civil penalties assessed and collected by the Department of Transportation (DOT) under Iowa Code sections 321.218A and 321A.32A are deposited into the Juvenile Detention Home Fund. The purpose of the fund is to provide State assistance to juvenile detention homes for reimbursement of operation expenses. The Department of Human Services has the authority to then allocate these collected funds to State juvenile detention homes.

City and County Fine Distribution

Under current law, the clerk of the district court must remit 90.0% of all fines and forfeited bail to the city that was the plaintiff in any action, and the remaining 10.0% is submitted to the State Court Administrator and deposited in the State General Fund.

Under current law, the clerk of the district court must remit all fines and forfeited bail for violation of a county ordinance, except an ordinance relating to vehicle speed or weight restrictions, to the county treasurer of the county that was the plaintiff in the action. However, if a county ordinance provides a penalty for a violation which is also penalized under State law, the fines and forfeited bail collected for the violation are remitted to the State.

Emergency Medical Services Fund

The Emergency Medical Services Fund is established in Iowa Code section 135.25 and is under the control of the Department of Public Health. Currently, the Fund may receive amounts appropriated by the General Assembly and other moneys available from federal or private sources. The purpose of the Fund is to assist counties by matching, on a dollar-for-dollar basis, moneys spent by a county for the acquisition of equipment for the provision of emergency medical services and by providing grants to counties for education and training in the delivery of emergency medical services.

Assumptions

- The following collection rates from FY 2019 will remain consistent in future fiscal years:
 - Criminal Penalty Surcharge 42.4%
 - Municipal infractions 39.0%
 - Simple misdemeanors 28.9%
 - Serious misdemeanors 21.7%
 - Aggravated misdemeanors 14.7%
 - Felonies 16.2%
- Deposits to the Victim Compensation Fund will increase by 16.0%.
- A 9.0% increase in fines assessed for misdemeanors and felonies is revenue-neutral to collections to the General Fund from the Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge under current law.
- A 28.0% increase in fines under the provisions of this Act is revenue-neutral to the General Fund fine and surcharge revenue under current law. An additional fine increase of \$5 would be revenue-neutral for the court costs reduction.
- Eighty percent of collected fines are scheduled fines.
- In FY 2019, \$15.6 million of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge collections was distributed to the State. In FY 2018, \$15.9 million of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge collections was distributed to the State. The Criminal Penalty Surcharge collection levels will remain consistent in subsequent years.
- The average collections and assessments from the following fines and surcharges in FY 2018 and FY 2019 will remain consistent in subsequent years:
 - <u>lowa Code Section 911.2B Surcharge (Domestic Abuse)</u>: An average of \$288,000 was assessed each fiscal year. The average number of assessments each fiscal year was 2,858.
 - <u>lowa Code Section 911.2C Surcharge (Domestic Abuse)</u>: An average of \$42,000 was assessed each fiscal year. The average number of assessments each fiscal year was 846.
 - <u>Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge</u>: An average of \$4.1 million was assessed and an average of \$2.5 million was collected each vear.
 - <u>Scheduled and Nonscheduled Fines</u>: An average of \$83.9 million was assessed and an average of \$68.5 million was collected each year.
 - DARE Surcharge: An average of \$138,000 was collected each year.

- The following FY 2019 revenues will remain consistent in future fiscal years:
 - <u>Juvenile Home Detention Fund</u> \$4.1 million was collected and deposited into the Juvenile Detention Home Fund revenue from civil penalties under Iowa Code sections <u>321.218A</u> and <u>321A.32A</u>.
 - <u>City Revenue</u> Cities collected a total of \$113,000 from the Criminal Penalty Surcharge and \$5.9 million in revenue from city fines/infractions and forfeited bail.
 - <u>County Revenue</u> Counties collected a total of \$326,000 from the County Enforcement Surcharge and \$726,000 from the Criminal Penalty Surcharge.

Fiscal Impact — Division I

Crime Services Surcharge and Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge

Division I is estimated to be revenue-neutral to the State General Fund. The increase in fine amounts and the new percentage distribution under Division I of this Act are estimated to generate:

- \$430,000 in additional revenue to the Victim Compensation Fund.
- \$2.0 million in additional revenue to the Criminalistics Laboratory Fund.
- \$400,000 in additional revenue to the Juvenile Detention Home Fund.
- \$190,000 in collections to the DARE Fund, which is a \$50,000 increase compared to the current DARE Program funding generated by the DARE Surcharge and appropriated to the ODCP.

Under current law, the General Fund portion of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge distribution is approximately 28.0% of the fine. Under Division IV, the scheduled fines are increased by approximately 33.0%, replacing the revenue from the Criminal Penalty Surcharge as well as the \$5 reduction in court costs in Division I. Due to this increase, the collections to the General Fund are estimated to remain revenue-neutral. Under Division V, the misdemeanor and felony fines are increased by approximately 37.0%. This is equal to both the General Fund portion of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge and the General Fund revenue from the Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge under current law.

It is important to note that the increase in fine amounts may also result in additional revenue to the State General Fund from deferred judgments. When a defendant accepts a deferred judgment, the criminal fine is converted to a civil penalty. Typically, the civil penalty is the minimum amount of the fine and the defendant is not assessed the applicable surcharges.

For information on the distribution of the proposed fine amounts under the Crime Services Surcharge, see **Attachments A** and **C** to this document. **Attachments B** and **D** show the distribution under current law.

Domestic Abuse Surcharges

Division I is estimated to be revenue-neutral to the Address Confidentiality Revolving Fund based on the total average amount assessed and collected from the Iowa Code sections <u>911.2B</u> and <u>911.2C</u> surcharges.

Agricultural Property Offense Surcharge

The fiscal impact of the Agricultural Property Offense Surcharge cannot be estimated based on current figures because the criminal code does not currently differentiate between theft and agricultural theft. Based on the collection rates for felonies and aggravated misdemeanors, it is estimated that the Iowa Emergency Food Purchase Program Fund would receive approximately 15.5% of the amount assessed from the Agricultural Property Offense Surcharge.

County and City Fine Revenue Distribution Formulas

Under the new distributions in this Division, cities and counties are estimated to receive the following increases in new fine revenue:

- Cities \$670,000. Under the new distributions, the cities are estimated to receive an increase of \$770,000 in fine revenue. After accounting for the \$100,000 of lost revenue to cities from the Criminal Penalty Surcharge repealed under this amendment, the cities are estimated to receive \$670,000 in new funds.
- Counties \$8.5 million. This represents an additional \$7.4 million in revenue for counties after accounting for the lost revenue from the
 repeal of the County Enforcement Surcharge and the Criminal Penalty Surcharge. In addition to the new revenue to the counties, an
 increase in court debt collections by county attorneys may also occur as a result of the fine increases.
- State Revenue-neutral. The increased fines will allow the State to maintain its revenue from scheduled fines and the funding previously generated from the Criminal Penalty Surcharge and the Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge.

Emergency Medical Services Fund

The Fund is estimated to receive additional annual revenue of \$1.1 million under the new fine distribution formula. In FY 2019, the Fund had receipts totaling \$405,000.

Divisions II and III — Court Funds and Civil Fees

Description

Divisions II and III make the following changes to court funds:

- Repeals the Enhanced Court Collections Fund established in Iowa Code section 602.1304(2) and transfers the \$4.0 million allocation to the Court Technology and Modernization Fund.
- Increases the allowable allocation to the Court Technology and Modernization Fund established in Iowa Code section 602.8108 from \$1.0 million to \$7.0 million, which includes the transfer from the Enhanced Court Collections Fund.
- Amends Iowa Code sections 602.8105 and 631.6 to increase fees in civil cases by \$10.
- Eliminates the filing fee for an adoption under lowa Code section 602.8105(1).
- Repeals the filing fee for entering a final decree of dissolution of marriage under lowa Code section 602.8105(d) and combines this filing with the filing fee for the dissolution of marriage.

Background

Court Technology and Modernization Fund — Iowa Code Section 602.8108(9)

Of the fines and fees collected by the Judicial Branch, prior to their deposit in the General Fund, the State Court Administrator is permitted to annually allocate \$1.0 million to the Court Technology and Modernization Fund. The Fund is used to enhance the ability of the Judicial Branch to process cases quickly and efficiently; to electronically transmit information to State government, local governments, law enforcement agencies, and the public; and to improve public access to the court system.

Enhanced Court Collections Fund — Iowa Code Section 602.1304

Currently, a maximum of \$4.0 million per year generated from fines, fees, civil penalties, costs, surcharges, and other revenues collected by the Judicial Branch is permitted to be deposited into the Enhanced Court Collections Fund. Refer to the LSA **Budget Unit Brief** Enhanced Court Collections Fund for further information.

Assumptions

- In FY 2019, approximately \$15.0 million was assessed in civil fees outlined in Division III. The amount of civil fees assessed will remain consistent in future fiscal years.
- On average, 100.0% of civil fees assessed are collected.

Fiscal Impact — Divisions II and III

Division III is estimated to increase civil fee revenue by approximately \$2.3 million. Of this estimated increase in revenue, \$2.0 million would be deposited in the Court Technology and Modernization Fund and the remaining \$300,000 in the State General Fund.

The repeal of the adoption fee under Iowa Code section <u>602.8105(1)(e)</u> is estimated to have a minimal fiscal impact. The average annual number of adoption filings is 1,500, with an annual collection of approximately \$150,000. The overall increase in filing fees would maintain the existing revenue from this fee.

The repeal of the final decree of dissolution of marriage filing fee under Iowa Code section <u>602.8105(1)(d)</u> is not estimated to have a fiscal impact. In FY 2019, there were 9,429 final decree of dissolution of marriage filings. Under the Division, this filing fee is combined with the dissolution of marriage fee for a total of \$265. The 20.0% allocation from the dissolution of marriage filing fee, intended for sexual assault and domestic violence centers, would increase revenue for this purpose by approximately \$25,000.

<u>Divisions IV and V — Scheduled Violations and Misdemeanor and Felony Fines</u>

Description

Divisions IV and V make the following changes:

Reclassify some simple misdemeanors to be punishable as scheduled violations.

- Raise nearly all of the fines for simple misdemeanors punishable as scheduled violations in Iowa Code sections <u>805.8A</u> (Motor vehicle and transportation), <u>805.8B</u> (Navigation, recreation, hunting, and fishing), and <u>805.8C</u> (Miscellaneous) by approximately 28.0%, plus \$5 due to the decrease in court costs from \$60 to \$55.
- Raises the minimum and maximum criminal fines for misdemeanors and felonies by approximately 37.0%.

For information on the proposed fine amounts and the fine distribution under the proposed Crime Services Surcharge, see the attachments to this document.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay; revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails
 is assumed to be \$50 per day.

Correctional Impact

The fine increases in Divisions IV and V are not estimated to have a correctional impact. Increasing the fines is not estimated to result in additional convictions of scheduled violations, misdemeanors, or felonies. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

Division IV reclassifies some simple misdemeanors to be punishable as scheduled violations and raises the fines. **Table 1** provides the demographics of scheduled violation convictions in FY 2018.

Table 1 — FY 2018 Scheduled Violation Conviction Demographics

	Convictions	Percent of Total Convictions	Percent of lowa Population
Caucasian	189,278	70.5%	90.2%
African-American	22,927	8.5%	3.6%
Hispanic	3,349	1.2%	6.1%
Native American	1,007	0.4%	0.4%
Asian	4,026	1.5%	2.5%
Other	7,868	2.9%	N/A
Unknown*	40,010	14.9%	N/A
Total	268,465		

^{*}For scheduled violations, race of the individual is determined by the law enforcement officer when the citation is issued. Races are listed as unknown if nothing is indicated.

Division V increases the minimum and maximum fine range for misdemeanors and felonies. **Table 2** provides the demographics of misdemeanor convictions in FY 2018.

Table 2 — FY 2018 Misdemeanor Conviction Demographics

		Percent		Percent of			Percent of
	Aggravated Misdemeanor	of Aggr. Misd.	Serious Misdemeanor	Serious Misd.	Simple Misdemeanor	Percent of Simple Misd.	lowa Population
							
Caucasian	11,456	68.1%	15,556	68.1%	20,754	67.1%	90.2%
African-American	3,197	19.0%	3,609	15.8%	5,243	17.0%	3.6%
Hispanic	502	3.0%	765	3.3%	866	2.8%	6.1%
Native American	159	0.9%	304	1.3%	693	2.2%	0.4%
Asian	146	0.9%	265	1.2%	369	1.2%	2.5%
Other	129	0.8%	231	1.0%	310	1.0%	N/A
Unknown	1,236	7.3%	2,109	9.2%	2,697	8.7%	N/A
Total Convictions	16,825		22,839		30,932		

Table 3 provides the demographics for felony convictions in FY 2018.

Table 3 — FY 2018 Felony Conviction Demographics

		Percent of		Percent of	Percent of
	Class C	Class C	Class D	Class D	lowa
	Felony	Felony	_Felony_	Felony	_Population_
Caucasian	1,221	63.4%	4,555	66.5%	90.2%
African-American	416	21.6%	1,355	19.8%	3.6%
Hispanic	63	3.3%	167	2.4%	6.1%
Native American	16	0.8%	94	1.4%	0.4%
Asian	11	0.6%	44	0.6%	2.5%
Other	27	1.4%	61	0.9%	N/A
Unknown	172	8.9%	572	8.4%	N/A
Total	1,926		6,848		

Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Minority Impact Statement</u>, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact — Divisions IV and V

Divisions IV and V are estimated to be revenue-neutral to the General Fund. The increased fines are estimated to result in revenue-neutral collections to the General Fund after modification of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge and the repeal of the Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge. The reclassification of simple misdemeanors as scheduled violations may result in reduced judge time per case, but the impact is estimated to be minor. Refer to Division I of this *Fiscal Note* for further analysis of the fiscal impact of increasing the fines and modifying the Criminal Penalty Surcharge.

<u>Divisions VI, VII, and VIII — Criminalistics Laboratory Fund, DARE Fund, and Emergency Medical Services Fund</u>

Divisions V and VIII expand the funds permitted to be deposited in the Criminalistics Laboratory Fund and Emergency Medical Services Fund to include collections from the Crime Services Surcharge. Division VI also expands the permitted uses of the Criminalistics Laboratory Fund.

Division VII establishes a DARE Fund under the control of the ODCP for use by DARE and other programs with a similar purpose. The Fund consists of appropriations made to the Fund and transfers of interest, moneys collected from the Crime Services Surcharge, and earnings. All moneys in the Fund are appropriated to the ODCP, and any remaining balance at the end of the fiscal year does not revert.

Fiscal Impact — Divisions VI-VIII

Divisions VI, VII, and VIII are not estimated to have a fiscal impact.

<u>Division IX — Juvenile Detention Home Fund</u>

Description

Division IX modifies the Juvenile Detention Home Fund to allow funds from the Crime Services Surcharge to be deposited in the Fund and repeals the civil penalties under Iowa Code sections <u>321.218A</u> and <u>321A.32A</u>.

Background

Under Iowa Code sections <u>321.218A</u> and <u>321A.32A</u>, when the DOT suspends, revokes, or bars a person's driver's license or nonresident operating privilege for a conviction under Iowa Code chapter <u>321</u> or <u>321A</u>, the DOT is required to assess the person a civil penalty of \$200, or \$50 for persons age 19 or under. The moneys collected are deposited in the Juvenile Detention Home Fund.

Assumptions

- In FY 2019, the Juvenile Detention Home Fund received approximately \$4.1 million in revenue from the civil penalties. This revenue would remain consistent in future fiscal years.
- Fifty percent of the civil penalties are collected in person or by mail. The DOT Motor Vehicle Division operations costs for processing civil penalty payments are \$0.41 per minute. The Motor Vehicle Division serves 7,065 customers per year, spending 5 minutes with each customer.

Fiscal Impact — Division IX

For fiscal estimates related to the Juvenile Detention Home Fund, see Division I of this *Fiscal Note*. Due to the elimination of the civil penalties under Iowa Code sections 321.218A and 321A.32A, it is estimated that the DOT would have a savings of \$16,000 to Motor Vehicle Division operations due to the decrease in payment processing and reduced inquiries into the call center, which would reduce congestion in service centers and increase staff availability.

<u>Division X — Nonresident State Park User Fee Pilot Program</u>

Description

Division X amends Iowa Code sections <u>455A.14A</u> and <u>455A.14B</u> related to the State park user fee pilot program at Lake Manawa State Park and Waubonsie State Park. This Division specifies that the entrance fee of \$5 per vehicle is if the vehicle is operated by a nonresident of the State.

Division X establishes a scheduled violation under Iowa Code section <u>805.8C</u> for failure to pay the entrance fee by a nonresident operator of a vehicle under Iowa Code sections <u>455A.14A</u> and <u>455A.14B</u>. The scheduled fine for a violation is \$15.

Fiscal Impact — Division X

The fiscal impact of Division X is estimated to be minimal. The fee is an existing fee under current law and is distributed to the Conservation Fund. The scheduled fine may generate some revenue to the State General Fund, but the fine revenue cannot be estimated because it is a new fine.

<u>Division XI — Iowa Emergency Food Purchase Program Fund</u>

Description

Division XI establishes the Iowa Emergency Food Purchase Program Fund under new Iowa Code section 1908.201. The Fund will be administered by IDALS and consists of money appropriated to the fund from the Agricultural Theft Surcharge receipts under Iowa Code section 911.5 and any other moneys appropriated to the Fund. The funds do not revert until two years following the last day of the fiscal year in which the funds were originally appropriated.

The purpose of the Fund is to provide relief to Iowa families or individuals who have experienced emergency situations, by distributing food to those persons. The Department may contract with an Iowa food bank association to manage the Program.

Fiscal Impact — Division XI

Division XI is not estimated to have a fiscal impact. For further information related to the Agricultural Theft Surcharge fiscal impact, see Division I of this *Fiscal Note*.

<u>Division XII — Civil Claims for Reimbursement</u>

Description

Division XII removes fees assessed against a defendant under Iowa Code section 356.7 from restitution ordered by the court. The Division allows a county or municipality to file a claim for reimbursement for these expenses in a separate civil action rather than as a claim in the underlying criminal case. The Division waives the filing fees for such civil actions. The Division also amends Iowa Code section 331.659 to allow a sheriff or a deputy sheriff to file the civil claim for reimbursement under Iowa Code section 356.7.

Division XII takes effect upon enactment.

Background

Under Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u>, the county sheriff, or a municipality operating a temporary municipal holding facility or jail, may charge a prisoner who is 18 years of age or older and has been convicted of a criminal offense for:

- Actual administrative costs relating to the arrest and booking of that prisoner.
- Room and board provided to the prisoner while in the custody of the county sheriff or municipality.
- Any medical aid provided to the prisoner under lowa Code section 356.5.

The average daily cost is determined by the county and varies across the State. Funds collected by the sheriff or municipality are credited to the county general fund or the city general fund. The fee is currently assessed and collected as part of criminal restitution under lowa Code chapter <u>910</u> and is subject to the offender's reasonable ability to pay. The Act removes this fee from restitution and allows the fee to be collected through a civil action.

Assumptions

- The average amount of fees assessed and collected under lowa Code section <u>356.7</u> will remain the same in future fiscal years.
- The modifications to the collection of the fees assessed pursuant to Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u> will create a substantial increase in the filing of small claims cases. The calculations assume 1,000 new small claims cases.
- The new criminal court debt collection processes will require at least a two-hour training program for most clerk of court staff. It is assumed there will be training for 500 staff at an average cost of \$34.62/hour per person.
- The new criminal court debt collection processes will require at least a one-hour training program for all judges prior to the implementation of the new law. It is assumed there will be training for 185 judges at an average cost of \$108/hour per judge.
- The trainer preparation for the training for the clerks will require four hours for each group.

Fiscal Impact — Division XII

Counties and Municipalities

Division XII may have an impact on the general fund budgets of the counties and municipalities that collect the fees assessed under Iowa Code section 356.7. It is difficult to determine the total impact because the fee would still be permitted, but would be subject to a different collections system and no longer collected as part of the underlying criminal proceeding. It is important to note that these fees are currently subject to an ability-to-pay determination, and would no longer be subject to this determination as a civil judgment. This may allow for higher individual fee assessments under the Division than under current law.

In FY 2019, there was a total of \$21.9 million assessed and \$4.1 million collected in Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u> fees from all 99 counties. The average total amount collected from all 99 counties over the last three fiscal years was \$3.9 million. These totals include all fees assessed and collected under Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u>, including jail fees and the cost of medical aid provided to prisoners under Iowa Code section <u>356.5</u>. **Table 4** shows the five counties with the highest and lowest collections of these fees in FY 2019.

Table 4 — Iowa Code Section 356.7 Fees FY 2019 Assessments and Collections Counties with Highest and Lowest Collections¹

	County	FY	19 Assessed	FY	19 Collected
	Polk	\$	9,156,650	\$	1,570,303
Highest	Linn		1,896,950		351,509
	Woodbury		730,620		251,405
	Black Hawk		420,564		248,187
	Dallas		429,741		86,836
	Allamakee	\$	450	\$	0
Lowest	Johnson		30		0
	Franklin		350		0
	Grundy		0		50
	Davis		0		158

Judicial Branch

Division XII is estimated to have a fiscal impact to Judicial Branch operations. Requiring the jail fee to be collected through a civil judgment rather than the criminal proceeding is estimated to create a substantial increase in small claims cases, although it is unclear how many new small claims cases will be filed. In CY 2019, there were 86,808 small claims filings. Assuming an average filing increase of 1,000 cases (1.0% increase), this provision is estimated to result in an annual cost increase of approximately \$65,000. **Table 5** provides the annual additional cost to the Judicial Branch from the increase in small claims filings.

¹ There were several counties that did not assess jail fees in FY 2019: Buchanan, Crawford, Davis, Dubuque, Grundy, Iowa, Keokuk, and Page. Some of these counties still collected previously assessed fees in FY 2019: Buchanan (\$26,089), Davis (\$158), Dubuque (\$259), Grundy (\$50), and Page (\$4,784).

Table 5 — Estimated Additional Annual Costs
Small Claims Caseload Increase

Required Staff	Average Time/Case	Average Cost/Hr	Additional Caseload	_	nual Cost ncrease
Magistrate	24 min	\$58.23	1,000	\$	23,292
Clerk of Court	72 min	\$34.62	1,000		41,544
			Total	\$	64,836

Division XIII — Restitution

Description

Division XIII makes changes to the collection of court debt under Iowa Code section <u>602.8107</u>. The Division changes the definition of court debt to mean all restitution, fees, and forfeited bail.

The Division also excludes jail and correctional fees assessed under Iowa Code sections 356.7 and 904.108(6) from the definition of court debt and removes them from the payment priority order under Iowa Code section 602.8107(2)(c). In addition, the Division directs the Clerk of Court to apply payments made to a civil claim for reimbursement judgment under Iowa Code section 356.7 to court debt, in the priority order set out, if the debtor has delinquent court debt. The Division substitutes the phrase "victim restitution" with "pecuniary damages as defined in section 910.1" in Iowa Code section 602.8107(4)(a). Division XIII takes effect upon enactment.

Restitution

Division XIII modifies the definition of restitution and creates category A and category B restitution. The Act defines "restitution" under Iowa Code section 910.1 to mean pecuniary damages, category A restitution, and category B restitution.

Category A restitution is defined as fines, penalties, and surcharges. Category B restitution contains most other current restitution categories including:

- The contribution of funds to a local anticrime organization that provided assistance to law enforcement in an offender's case.
- The payment of crime victim compensation program reimbursements.
- Payment of restitution to public agencies pursuant to Iowa Code section <u>321J.2(13)(b)</u>.
- Court costs.
- Court-appointed attorney fees, including the expense of a public defender.
- Payments to medical assistance programs for expenditures paid on behalf of the victim resulting from the offender's criminal activities.

Division XIII makes several other modifications to Iowa Code chapter 910:

- <u>lowa Code section 910.2</u> Removes and replaces the section relating to restitution or community service ordered by a sentencing court. The Division requires pecuniary damages and category A restitution to be paid in full and category B restitution to be paid subject to an offender's reasonable ability to make payments. If the offender is not reasonably able to pay category B restitution, the court may require the offender to perform community service.
- <u>lowa Code section 910.2A</u> Creates a new lowa Code section relating to an offender's reasonable ability to make category B restitution payments. The Division creates a presumption that an offender has a reasonable ability to make category B restitution payments and establishes a judicial process to determine if an offender has a reasonable ability to pay the full amount of such restitution.
- <u>lowa Code section 910.2B</u> Creates a new lowa Code section converting existing restitution orders to permanent restitution orders. The Division establishes a judicial process for challenging the conversion of an existing restitution order.
- <u>lowa Code section 910.3</u> Makes changes relating to the court's determination of the amount of restitution and the issuance of permanent restitution orders.
- <u>lowa Code section 910.4</u> Makes changes relating to payment plans as a condition of probation.
- <u>lowa Code section 910.7</u> Specifies that the appellate court shall not review or modify an offender's plan of restitution or review any other issue related to an offender's restitution unless the offender has exhausted all remedies under lowa Code section 910.7.
- <u>lowa Code section 910.9</u> Specifies that pecuniary damages to victims must be paid in full before the clerk of court may withhold category A and category B restitution payments.

Background

Court Debt Definition

Currently under Iowa Code section <u>602.8107</u>, court debt is defined as all fines, penalties, court costs, fees, forfeited bail, surcharges under Iowa Code chapter <u>911</u>, victim restitution, court-appointed attorney fees or expenses of a public defender ordered pursuant to Iowa Code section <u>815.9</u>, or jail or correctional fees charged pursuant to Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u> or <u>904.108</u>. The Division removes the fees charged under Iowa Code sections <u>356.7</u> and <u>904.108</u> from this definition. The correctional fees under Iowa Code section <u>904.108</u> are not currently collected by the Department of Corrections. This "pay for stay" fee is currently assessed as a 6.0% sales tax on items in the commissary.

Restitution

The current definition of restitution under Iowa Code section 910.1(4) is the payment of pecuniary damages to a victim in an amount and in the manner provided by the offender's plan of restitution. Restitution includes all items listed under the category A and category B restitution categories within this Division and the jail fees assessed under Iowa Code section 356.7.

Currently under Iowa Code section <u>910.2(1)</u>, there are two categories of restitution. The items in the first category are restitution to the victims of the offender's criminal activities and to the clerk of court for fines, penalties and surcharges. The court is required to order restitution for the items in this first category regardless of the offender's reasonable ability to pay.²

² State v. Albright, 925 N.W.2d 144 (Iowa 2019).

The second category currently includes the jail fees assessed under Iowa Code section <u>356.7</u> and all items listed in category B in this Division. The court can only order restitution for items in this second category to the extent the offender has the reasonable ability to pay. If the court finds an offender is not reasonably able to pay all or part of the items in the second category, the court may order community service in lieu of restitution under the terms and conditions set forth in the Iowa Code.³

Assumptions

- The new criminal court debt collection processes will require at least a two-hour training program for most clerk of court staff. It is assumed there will be training for 500 staff at an average cost of \$34.62/hour per person.
- The new criminal court debt collection processes will require at least a one-hour training program for all judges prior to the implementation of the new law. It is assumed there will be training for 185 judges at an average cost of \$108/hour per judge.
- The trainer preparation for the training for the clerks will require four hours for each group.

Fiscal Impact — Division XIII

Division XIII creates category A and B restitution, but does not make any changes to the items subject to the ability-to-pay consideration under current law (other than the fees assessed under lowa Code section 356.7). As a result, these modifications are not estimated to have an impact on the assessment or collection of those items listed under category A and B restitution in this Act. For the fiscal information related to the fees under lowa Code section 356.7, see Division XII of the *Fiscal Note*.

The modifications made to the court debt collection system and restitution categories are estimated to have a one-time cost to Judicial Branch operations. **Table 6** outlines the estimated cost to the Judicial Branch from the changes made by Division XIII. The one-time costs are the result of the training that would be required for staff and judges for the new collection system.

Table 6 — Estimated One-Time Costs of Division XIII

One-Time Costs — First Year	Cost
Training of all clerks' office staff	\$ 34,620
Trainer preparation for clerks' training	160
Training of all judges	19,980
Trainer preparation for judges' training	 432
Total	\$ 55,192

In summary, the estimated overall cost of Division XIII to the Judicial Branch in the first year would be approximately \$120,000, and \$65,000 in the second year and beyond.

³ Id.

The Division also removes correctional fees under Iowa Code section 904.108 from the definition of court debt under Iowa Code section 602.8107. These fees are not currently collected by the Department of Corrections (DOC). This "pay for stay" fee is currently assessed as a 6.0% sales tax on items in the commissary. Therefore, the provision removing correctional fees from the definition of court debt would not have an impact on the DOC.

Division XIV — Collection of Court Debt

Description

Division XIV modifies the court debt collection system under Iowa Code section 602.8107(3) by removing the private collector from the process and replacing them with the Iowa Department of Revenue (IDR). Under the Division, delinquent court debt is assigned to the IDR to be collected if the county attorney has not filed a notice of full commitment to collect delinquent court debt.

Division XIV permits the IDR to impose an additional processing fee to the debt owed, which may be established by administrative rules. Division XIV takes effect on January 1, 2021.

Background

Prior to July 1, 2015, delinquent court debt was assigned to the Centralized Collection Unit (CCU) of the IDR at the time of delinquency. The CCU charged a 10.0% processing fee in addition to the delinquent debt. The CCU was removed from the collections process beginning in FY 2016 and debt was assigned to the private collector at the time of delinquency.

In FY 2017, further changes to the court debt collection system were implemented. The collections timeline was modified to allow the county attorneys to begin collecting after 30 days from assessment or the due date of an installment payment. If a county attorney has filed a notice of full commitment to collect delinquent court debt and a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Clerk of the District Court, the debt is assigned to the county attorney. If not, the debt is assigned to the designated private debt collector.

Linebarger, Goggan, Blair, and Sampson, L.L.P. (Linebarger), is the designated private collector for the State. Under Iowa Code section 602.8107(5)(b), the delinquent court debt collected by a private debt collector is distributed to the State. As compensation, the private collector is permitted to assess a 25.0% collection fee in addition to the court debt owed.

For more information regarding the history and structure of the court debt collection system, see <u>Issue Review: Court Debt Collection</u>.

Fiscal Impact — Division XIV

Division XIV may have a fiscal impact to the CCU, but the impact cannot be determined at this time. The potential fiscal impact to the CCU will depend on the rate of the collection processing fee assessed on delinquent debtors. The IDR plans to assess a collection fee, but the rate has not yet been determined.

In addition, replacing the private collector with the CCU for court debt collections may have an impact on the court debt collections rate, but the impact is unknown at this time. In FY 2015, the CCU had a 22.6% collection rate for the delinquent court debt placed with the unit. In FY 2016, Linebarger replaced the CCU and was the only entity to receive debt at the time of delinquency. During FY 2016, Linebarger had a collection rate of approximately 7.13%. Based on the prior collections rates for the CCU and Linebarger, the overall collection rate for delinquent court debt may improve as a result of the debt collection system changes.

Fiscal Impact Summary

Table 7 summarizes the estimated annual fiscal impact of Divisions I, IV, and V.

Table 7 — Divisions I, IV, and V
Annual Revenue Adjustments Beginning FY 2021

Fund	_	est. Annual Revenue Increase
General Fund	\$	0
Victim Compensation Fund	\$	430,000
Criminalistics Laboratory Fund	\$	2,000,000
DARE Fund/ODCP	\$	50,000
Juvenile Detention Home Fund	\$	400,000
Address Confidentiality Revolving Fund	\$	0
County General Funds (Fine Revenue)	\$	7,400,000
Emergency Medical Services Fund	\$	1,100,000
City General Funds (Fine Revenue)	\$	670,000

Table 8 summarizes the annual estimated fiscal impact of Division II on the Court Technology and Modernization Fund.

Table 8 — Division II
Court Technology and Modernization Fund
Estimated Available Funds Beginning FY 2021

Provision	Cı	ırrent Law	D	ivision II	Total		
Current Funding	\$	1,000,000	\$	0	\$	1,000,000	
Transfer of Enhanced Court Collections Fund		0		4,000,000		4,000,000	
Additional Allocation		0		2,000,000		2,000,000	
Court Technology Fund Total		1,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	7,000,000	

Table 9 summarizes the estimated annual fiscal impact of Divisions II and III on the State General Fund.

Table 9 — Divisions II and III
State General Fund
Annual Estimated Revenue Increase Beginning FY 2021

Amendment Division/Provision		enue Increase		
III - Civil Fee \$20 Increase	\$ 2,300,000			
II - Additional Allocation to Court Technology Fund		- 2,000,000		
TOTAL	\$	300,000		

Effective Date

This Act takes effect July 15, 2020, except for Division XII, which takes effect upon enactment, and Division XIV, which takes effect on January 1, 2021.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 12, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 25, 2020.

Sources

Judicial Branch

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights LSA calculations and analysis Department of Transportation Department of Revenue Department of Corrections

SF 457 - Scheduled Fines - Proposed Crime Services Surcharge Distribution

				St	ate Distribution				
Current Fine	Proposed Fine	15.0% Crime Services Surcharge	100.0% to State	32.0% to Victim	20.0% to Criminalistics Lab Fund	2.0% to DARE* Fund	46.0% to Juvenile Home Detention Fund	Court Costs	Proposed Total Fine
\$5.00	\$11.00	\$1.65	\$1.65	\$0.53	\$0.35	\$0.03	\$0.76	\$55.00	\$67.65
\$10.00	\$20.00	\$3.00	\$3.00	\$0.96	\$0.60	\$0.06	\$1.38	\$55.00	\$78.00
\$15.00	\$25.00	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$1.20	\$0.75	\$0.08	\$1.73	\$55.00	\$83.75
\$20.00	\$30.00	\$4.50	\$4.50	\$1.44	\$0.90	\$0.09	\$2.07	\$55.00	\$89.50
\$25.00	\$35.00	\$5.25	\$5.25	\$1.68	\$1.05	\$0.11	\$2.42	\$55.00	\$95.25
\$30.00	\$45.00	\$6.75	\$6.75	\$2.16	\$1.35	\$0.14	\$3.11	\$55.00	\$106.75
\$35.00	\$50.00	\$7.50	\$7.50	\$2.40	\$1.50	\$0.15	\$3.45	\$55.00	\$112.50
\$40.00	\$55.00	\$8.25	\$8.25	\$2.64	\$1.65	\$0.17	\$3.80	\$55.00	\$118.25
\$50.00	\$70.00	\$10.50	\$10.50	\$3.36	\$2.10	\$0.21	\$4.83	\$55.00	\$135.50
\$60.00	\$85.00	\$12.75	\$12.75	\$4.08	\$2.55	\$0.26	\$5.87	\$55.00	\$152.75
\$70.00	\$95.00	\$14.25	\$14.25	\$4.56	\$2.85	\$0.29	\$6.56	\$55.00	\$164.25
\$75.00	\$100.00	\$15.00	\$15.00	\$4.80	\$3.00	\$0.30	\$6.90	\$55.00	\$170.00
\$80.00	\$105.00	\$15.75	\$15.75	\$5.04	\$3.15	\$0.32	\$7.25	\$55.00	\$175.75
\$90.00	\$120.00	\$18.00	\$18.00	\$5.76	\$3.60	\$0.36	\$8.28	\$55.00	\$193.00
\$100.00	\$135.00	\$20.25	\$20.25	\$6.48	\$4.05	\$0.41	\$9.32	\$55.00	\$210.25
\$105.00	\$140.00	\$21.00	\$21.00	\$6.72	\$4.20	\$0.42	\$9.66	\$55.00	\$216.00
\$110.00	\$145.00	\$21.75	\$21.75	\$6.96	\$4.35	\$0.44	\$10.01	\$55.00	\$221.75
\$115.00	\$155.00	\$23.25	\$23.25	\$7.44	\$4.65	\$0.47	\$10.70	\$55.00	\$233.25
\$120.00	\$160.00	\$24.00	\$24.00	\$7.68	\$4.80	\$0.48	\$11.04	\$55.00	\$239.00
\$125.00	\$165.00	\$24.75	\$24.75	\$7.92	\$4.95	\$0.50	\$11.39	\$55.00	\$244.75
\$130.00	\$170.00	\$25.50	\$25.50	\$8.16	\$5.10	\$0.51	\$11.73	\$55.00	\$250.50
\$135.00	\$180.00	\$27.00	\$27.00	\$8.64	\$5.40	\$0.54	\$12.42	\$55.00	\$262.00
\$140.00	\$185.00	\$27.75	\$27.75	\$8.88	\$5.55	\$0.56	\$12.77	\$55.00	\$267.75
\$145.00	\$190.00	\$28.50	\$28.50	\$9.12	\$5.70	\$0.57	\$13.11	\$55.00	\$273.50
\$150.00	\$195.00	\$29.25	\$29.25	\$9.36	\$5.85	\$0.59	\$13.46	\$55.00	\$279.25
\$155.00	\$205.00	\$30.75	\$30.75	\$9.84	\$6.15	\$0.62	\$14.15	\$55.00	\$290.75

Note: The fine adjustment is the sum of the current fine and the General Fund portion of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge under current law plus \$5. The General Fund portion of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge equals approximately 28.0% of the current fine.

^{*}Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE)

SF 457 - Scheduled Fines - Proposed Crime Services Surcharge Distribution

				St	ate Distribution				
		15.0% Crime		22 00/ 1 - 1/2 - 1/2 - 1	20.0% to	2.0% to	46.0% to Juvenile	01	D
Current Fine	Proposed Fine	Services Surcharge	100.0% to State	32.0% to Victim Comp. Fund	Criminalistics Lab Fund	DARE Fund	Home Detention Fund	Court Costs	Proposed Total Fine
\$160.00	\$210.00	\$31.50	\$31.50	\$10.08	\$6.30	\$0.63	\$14.49	\$55.00	\$296.50
\$165.00	\$215.00	\$32.25	\$32.25	\$10.32	\$6.45	\$0.65	\$14.84	\$55.00	\$302.25
\$170.00	\$225.00	\$33.75	\$33.75	\$10.80	\$6.75	\$0.68	\$15.53	\$55.00	\$313.75
\$175.00	\$230.00	\$34.50	\$34.50	\$11.04	\$6.90	\$0.69	\$15.87	\$55.00	\$319.50
\$180.00	\$235.00	\$35.25	\$35.25	\$11.28	\$7.05	\$0.71	\$16.22	\$55.00	\$325.25
\$185.00	\$245.00	\$36.75	\$36.75	\$11.76	\$7.35	\$0.74	\$16.91	\$55.00	\$336.75
\$190.00	\$250.00	\$37.50	\$37.50	\$12.00	\$7.50	\$0.75	\$17.25	\$55.00	\$342.50
\$195.00	\$255.00	\$38.25	\$38.25	\$12.24	\$7.65	\$0.77	\$17.60	\$55.00	\$348.25
\$200.00	\$260.00	\$39.00	\$39.00	\$12.48	\$7.80	\$0.78	\$17.94	\$55.00	\$354.00
\$205.00	\$265.00	\$39.75	\$39.75	\$12.72	\$7.95	\$0.80	\$18.29	\$55.00	\$359.75
\$210.00	\$275.00	\$41.25	\$41.25	\$13.20	\$8.25	\$0.83	\$18.98	\$55.00	\$371.25
\$215.00	\$280.00	\$42.00	\$42.00	\$13.44	\$8.40	\$0.84	\$19.32	\$55.00	\$377.00
\$220.00	\$285.00	\$42.75	\$42.75	\$13.68	\$8.55	\$0.86	\$19.67	\$55.00	\$382.75
\$225.00	\$295.00	\$44.25	\$44.25	\$14.16	\$8.85	\$0.89	\$20.36	\$55.00	\$394.25
\$230.00	\$300.00	\$45.00	\$45.00	\$14.40	\$9.00	\$0.90	\$20.70	\$55.00	\$400.00
\$235.00	\$305.00	\$45.75	\$45.75	\$14.64	\$9.15	\$0.92	\$21.05	\$55.00	\$405.75
\$240.00	\$315.00	\$47.25	\$47.25	\$15.12	\$9.45	\$0.95	\$21.74	\$55.00	\$417.25
\$245.00	\$320.00	\$48.00	\$48.00	\$15.36	\$9.60	\$0.96	\$22.08	\$55.00	\$423.00
\$250.00	\$325.00	\$48.75	\$48.75	\$15.60	\$9.75	\$0.98	\$22.43	\$55.00	\$428.75
\$300.00	\$390.00	\$58.50	\$58.50	\$18.72	\$11.70	\$1.17	\$26.91	\$55.00	\$503.50
\$500.00	\$645.00	\$96.75	\$96.75	\$30.96	\$19.35	\$1.94	\$44.51	\$55.00	\$796.75
\$1,000.00	\$1,285.00	\$192.75	\$192.75	\$61.68	\$38.55	\$3.86	\$88.67	\$55.00	\$1,532.75
\$1,500.00	\$1,920.00	\$288.00	\$288.00	\$92.16	\$57.60	\$5.76	\$132.48	\$55.00	\$2,263.00
\$2,000.00	\$2,565.00	\$384.75	\$384.75	\$123.12	\$76.95	\$7.70	\$176.99	\$55.00	\$3,004.75

Note: The fine adjustment is the sum of the current fine and the General Fund portion of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge under current law plus \$5. The General Fund portion of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge equals approximately 28.0% of the current fine.

<u>Current Law — Criminal Penalty Surcharge Distribution</u>

		35.0% Surcha	rge Distribution	State Distribution			
Current Fine	35.0% Criminal Penalty Surcharge	5.0% to County/City	95.0% to State	17.0% to Victim Comp. Fund	83.0% to General Fund	Court Costs	Total Fine
\$5.00	\$1.75	\$0.09	\$1.66	\$0.28	\$1.38	\$60.00	\$66.75
\$10.00	\$3.50	\$0.09	\$3.33	\$0.28 \$0.57	\$1.36 \$2.76	\$60.00	\$73.50
\$10.00 \$15.00	\$5.25	\$0.18 \$0.26	\$3.33 \$4.99	\$0.85	\$2.70 \$4.14	\$60.00	\$80.25
\$20.00	\$5.25 \$7.00	\$0.26 \$0.35	\$4.99 \$6.65	\$0.85 \$1.13	\$4.14 \$5.52	\$60.00	\$80.25
\$25.00	\$8.75	\$0.33	\$8.31	\$1.13	\$5.52 \$6.90	\$60.00	\$93.75
•	·	•	\$8.31 \$9.98	\$1.41 \$1.70	\$8.28		
\$30.00	\$10.50	\$0.53	•	•		\$60.00	\$100.50
\$35.00	\$12.25	\$0.61	\$11.64	\$1.98	\$9.66	\$60.00	\$107.25
\$40.00	\$14.00	\$0.70	\$13.30	\$2.26	\$11.04	\$60.00	\$114.00
\$50.00	\$17.50	\$0.88	\$16.63	\$2.83	\$13.80	\$60.00	\$127.50
\$60.00	\$21.00	\$1.05	\$19.95	\$3.39	\$16.56	\$60.00	\$141.00
\$70.00	\$24.50	\$1.23	\$23.28	\$3.96	\$19.32	\$60.00	\$154.50
\$75.00	\$26.25	\$1.31	\$24.94	\$4.24	\$20.70	\$60.00	\$161.25
\$80.00	\$28.00	\$1.40	\$26.60	\$4.52	\$22.08	\$60.00	\$168.00
\$90.00	\$31.50	\$1.58	\$29.93	\$5.09	\$24.84	\$60.00	\$181.50
\$100.00	\$35.00	\$1.75	\$33.25	\$5.65	\$27.60	\$60.00	\$195.00
\$105.00	\$36.75	\$1.84	\$34.91	\$5.94	\$28.98	\$60.00	\$201.75
\$110.00	\$38.50	\$1.93	\$36.58	\$6.22	\$30.36	\$60.00	\$208.50
\$115.00	\$40.25	\$2.01	\$38.24	\$6.50	\$31.74	\$60.00	\$215.25
\$120.00	\$42.00	\$2.10	\$39.90	\$6.78	\$33.12	\$60.00	\$222.00
\$125.00	\$43.75	\$2.19	\$41.56	\$7.07	\$34.50	\$60.00	\$228.75
\$130.00	\$45.50	\$2.28	\$43.23	\$7.35	\$35.88	\$60.00	\$235.50
\$135.00	\$47.25	\$2.36	\$44.89	\$7.63	\$37.26	\$60.00	\$242.25
\$140.00	\$49.00	\$2.45	\$46.55	\$7.91	\$38.64	\$60.00	\$249.00
\$145.00	\$50.75	\$2.54	\$48.21	\$8.20	\$40.02	\$60.00	\$255.75
\$150.00	\$52.50	\$2.63	\$49.88	\$8.48	\$41.40	\$60.00	\$262.50
\$155.00	\$54.25	\$2.71	\$51.54	\$8.76	\$42.78	\$60.00	\$269.25
\$160.00	\$56.00	\$2.80	\$53.20	\$9.04	\$44.16	\$60.00	\$276.00
\$165.00	\$57.75	\$2.89	\$54.86	\$9.33	\$45.54	\$60.00	\$282.75
\$170.00	\$59.50	\$2.98	\$56.53	\$9.61	\$46.92	\$60.00	\$289.50

<u>Current Law — Criminal Penalty Surcharge Distribution</u>

		35.0% Surcha	rge Distribution	State Dist	tribution		
			_	17.0% to	83.0% to		
	35.0% Criminal	5.0% to		Victim Comp.	General		
Current Fine	Penalty Surcharge	County/City	95.0% to State	Fund	Fund	Court Costs	Total Fine
\$175.00	\$61.25	\$3.06	\$58.19	\$9.89	\$48.30	\$60.00	\$296.25
\$180.00	\$63.00	\$3.15	\$59.85	\$10.17	\$49.68	\$60.00	\$303.00
\$185.00	\$64.75	\$3.24	\$61.51	\$10.46	\$51.06	\$60.00	\$309.75
\$190.00	\$66.50	\$3.33	\$63.18	\$10.74	\$52.44	\$60.00	\$316.50
\$195.00	\$68.25	\$3.41	\$64.84	\$11.02	\$53.82	\$60.00	\$323.25
\$200.00	\$70.00	\$3.50	\$66.50	\$11.31	\$55.20	\$60.00	\$330.00
\$205.00	\$71.75	\$3.59	\$68.16	\$11.59	\$56.57	\$60.00	\$336.75
\$210.00	\$73.50	\$3.68	\$69.83	\$11.87	\$57.95	\$60.00	\$343.50
\$215.00	\$75.25	\$3.76	\$71.49	\$12.15	\$59.33	\$60.00	\$350.25
\$220.00	\$77.00	\$3.85	\$73.15	\$12.44	\$60.71	\$60.00	\$357.00
\$225.00	\$78.75	\$3.94	\$74.81	\$12.72	\$62.09	\$60.00	\$363.75
\$230.00	\$80.50	\$4.03	\$76.48	\$13.00	\$63.47	\$60.00	\$370.50
\$235.00	\$82.25	\$4.11	\$78.14	\$13.28	\$64.85	\$60.00	\$377.25
\$240.00	\$84.00	\$4.20	\$79.80	\$13.57	\$66.23	\$60.00	\$384.00
\$245.00	\$85.75	\$4.29	\$81.46	\$13.85	\$67.61	\$60.00	\$390.75
\$250.00	\$87.50	\$4.38	\$83.13	\$14.13	\$68.99	\$60.00	\$397.50
\$300.00	\$105.00	\$5.25	\$99.75	\$16.96	\$82.79	\$60.00	\$465.00
\$500.00	\$175.00	\$8.75	\$166.25	\$28.26	\$137.99	\$60.00	\$735.00
\$1,000.00	\$350.00	\$17.50	\$332.50	\$56.53	\$275.98	\$60.00	\$1,410.00
\$1,500.00	\$525.00	\$26.25	\$498.75	\$84.79	\$413.96	\$60.00	\$2,085.00
\$2,000.00	\$700.00	\$35.00	\$665.00	\$113.05	\$551.95	\$60.00	\$2,760.00

					State Dis	tribution	_			
			15.0% Crime		32.0% to	20.0% to	2.0% to	46.0% to Juvenile Home		
		Proposed	Services	100.0%	Victim	Criminalistics	DARE	Detention	Court	Proposed
Penalty	Current Fine	Fine	Surcharge	to State	Comp. Fund	Lab Fund	Fund	Fund	Costs	Total Fine
Simple Misd.	\$65.00	\$105.00	\$15.75	\$15.75	\$5.04	\$3.15	\$0.32	\$7.25	\$55.00	\$175.75
	\$625.00	\$855.00	\$128.25	\$128.25	\$41.04	\$25.65	\$2.57	\$59.00	\$55.00	\$1,038.25
Serious Misd.	\$315.00	\$430.00	\$64.50	\$64.50	\$20.64	\$12.90	\$1.29	\$29.67	\$55.00	\$549.50
	\$1,875.00	\$2,560.00	\$384.00	\$384.00	\$122.88	\$76.80	\$7.68	\$176.64	\$55.00	\$2,999.00
Aggr. Misd.	\$625.00	\$855.00	\$128.25	\$128.25	\$41.04	\$25.65	\$2.57	\$59.00	\$55.00	\$1,038.25
	\$6,250.00	\$8,540.00	\$1,281.00	\$1,281.00	\$409.92	\$256.20	\$25.62	\$589.26	\$55.00	\$9,876.00
Class D Felony	\$750.00	\$1,025.00	\$153.75	\$153.75	\$49.20	\$30.75	\$3.08	\$70.73	\$55.00	\$1,233.75
	\$7,500.00	\$10,245.00	\$1,536.75	\$1,536.75	\$491.76	\$307.35	\$30.74	\$706.91	\$55.00	\$11,836.75
Class C Felony	\$1,000.00	\$1,370.00	\$205.50	\$205.50	\$65.76	\$41.10	\$4.11	\$94.53	\$55.00	\$1,630.50
	\$10,000.00	\$13,660.00	\$2,049.00	\$2,049.00	\$655.68	\$409.80	\$40.98	\$942.54	\$55.00	\$15,764.00

Notes:

- 1) The fine adjustment is the sum of the current fine, the General Fund portion of the Criminal Penalty Surcharge under current law, and the Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge adjustment.
- 2) The adjustment for the removal of the Law Enforcement Initiative Surcharge equals approximately 9.0% of the current fine.
- 3) The upper and lower fine numbers represent the minimum and maximum fines that may be assessed by the court.

<u>Current Law — Criminal Penalty Surcharge Distribution</u>

			35.0% Surchar	ge Distribution	State Distribution			
		35.0% Criminal			17.0% to	83.0% to		
	Current Fine	Penalty	5.0% to		Victim Comp.	General		
Penalty	(Min. and Max.)	Surcharge	County/City	95.0% to State	Fund	Fund	Court Costs	Total Fine
Simple Misd.	\$65.00	\$22.75	\$1.14	\$21.61	\$3.67	\$17.94	\$60.00	\$147.75
	\$625.00	\$218.75	\$10.94	\$207.81	\$35.33	\$172.48	\$60.00	\$903.75
Serious Misd.	\$315.00	\$110.25	\$5.51	\$104.74	\$17.81	\$86.93	\$60.00	\$485.25
	\$1,875.00	\$656.25	\$32.81	\$623.44	\$105.98	\$517.45	\$60.00	\$2,591.25
Aggr. Misd.	\$625.00	\$218.75	\$10.94	\$207.81	\$35.33	\$172.48	\$60.00	\$903.75
	\$6,250.00	\$2,187.50	\$109.38	\$2,078.13	\$353.28	\$1,724.84	\$60.00	\$8,497.50
Class D Felony	\$750.00	\$262.50	\$13.13	\$249.38	\$42.39	\$206.98	\$60.00	\$1,072.50
	\$7,500.00	\$2,625.00	\$131.25	\$2,493.75	\$423.94	\$2,069.81	\$60.00	\$10,185.00
Class C Felony	\$1,000.00	\$350.00	\$17.50	\$332.50	\$56.53	\$275.98	\$60.00	\$1,410.00
	\$10,000.00	\$3,500.00	\$175.00	\$3,325.00	\$565.25	\$2,759.75	\$60.00	\$13,560.00

SF 2268 – Tobacco and Vaping, Minimum Age (LSB5507SV)

Staff Contact: Kenneth Ohms (515.725.2200) kenneth.ohms@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 2268</u> changes the legal age for purchasing and using any cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, and vapor products from 18 to 21 years of age.

Background

The federal Further Consolidated Appropriations Act for FFY 2020 (Public Law No. 116-94), passed in December 2019, changed the minimum age for smoking from 18 to 21 years of age under federal law. Therefore, this fiscal estimate could be treated as the estimated impact of the federal law on lowa tax revenue, assuming that lowa would enforce the federal law, and that retailers were complying with federal law by January 1, 2020.

Furthermore, this estimate addresses only the primary fiscal impact of this law associated with reducing smoking by individuals between the ages of 18 and 21. Secondary impacts such as lowering the likelihood of those smoking after turning 21, decreased sales to individuals through illegal purchases, or these consumers spending their money on something else that is subject to the sales and use tax are not included in the methodology or impacts.

lowa cigarette and tobacco tax revenue is deposited in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF). Cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, and vapor products are subject to the sales tax, which is deposited in the General Fund and the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) Fund, and distributed to local governments via the Local Option Sales Tax (LOST).

Assumptions

Correctional Impact

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay; revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.

Cigarette and Tobacco Taxes

- Consumption by Iowa adults from the ages of 18 through 20 is estimated to be 4.9% of all cigarettes purchased. It is further assumed that all other tobacco and tobacco products are consumed at this same rate for this age cohort.
- The five-year forecast of cigarette and tobacco receipts revenue completed by the Department of Revenue in December 2019 is used as the baseline of cigarette and tobacco sales.

Cigarettes and Tobacco Products — Sales Tax Impact

- The cigarette and tobacco tax on a pack of cigarettes is \$1.36. Based on the estimated impact on cigarette and tobacco taxes, the estimated number of cigarette packs sold will decrease by 3.3 million in FY 2020 and 6.6 million in FY 2021, and each year thereafter.
- The average price of a cigarette pack is \$5.83, which is estimated to grow with the rate of inflation.

<u>Alternative Nicotine Products and Vapor Products — Sales Tax Impact</u>

- National sales of vapor products in 2018 totaled \$3.600 billion.
- Since <u>lowa's population</u> is approximately 1.0% of the national population, it is assumed that a proportionate amount of sales was to lowa consumers.
- Consumption by Iowa adults from the ages of 18 through 20 is estimated to be 7.5% of all vapor products purchased.
- The annual growth rate of vapor product sales will be 8.3%.

Enforcement Assumptions

• The Alcoholic Beverages Division (ABD) will need to update current online retailer training materials.

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact of SF 2268 cannot be determined. This Act revises a current offense by expanding the age prohibition on legally purchasing cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, and vapor products, and the number of new convictions cannot be determined.

The Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning (CJJP) Division of the Department of Human Rights reported that in FY 2019, there were:

- 1,949 convictions for a minor using or possessing cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products.
- 250 convictions for an employee of a retailer selling cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products to an underage person.
- 47 convictions for a person providing a minor cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products.

However, it should be noted that cigarette, tobacco, tobacco product, alternative nicotine product, and vapor product sales prohibitions can be enforced at a local level through county and municipal ordinances. The CJJP reports the following convictions related to these local convictions:

- 82 convictions for a minor using or possessing cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products.
- 18 convictions for an employee of a retailer selling cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products to an underage person.

The last convictions of misuse of a driver's license or nonoperator's identification card to acquire cigarettes, tobacco, tobacco products, alternative nicotine products, or vapor products were in FY 2017 (three convictions).

Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

The minority impact of SF 2268 is unknown. For the 2,246 convictions outlined above, 84.5% were Caucasian, 9.9% were African-American, 2.3% were Hispanic, and 3.3% were other. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

Senate File 2268 conforms State law with federal law, which was effective in December 2019. The fiscal impact listed on the following table relates to the implementation and enforcement of the federal Further Consolidated Appropriations Act for FFY 2020. Due to the federal law being in effect since December 2019, the fiscal impact has been incorporated into the Revenue Estimating Conference revenue estimate established on May 29, 2020.

A decrease in revenue to the HCTF will decrease total funds available for the Medicaid Program. This would then require an increase in the General Fund appropriation to Medicaid by that same amount to meet the Medicaid Forecasting Group estimate.

Estimated Revenue Reduction In Millions								
Fiscal Year		ICTF		eneral Fund	_	AVE		OST
2020	\$	-5.0	\$	-1.2	\$	-0.2	\$	-0.2
2021	•	-10.0	•	-2.4	•	-0.5	•	-0.5
2022		-10.0		-2.5		-0.5		-0.5
2023		-9.9		-2.5		-0.5		-0.5
2024		-9.8		-2.5		-0.5		-0.5

The costs for the ABD to update online retailer training will range from \$19,000 to \$50,000. Other costs associated with personnel time and other computer application changes are estimated to be minimal.

Effective Date

This Act is effective June 29, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Sources

Department of Revenue
Department of Commerce, Alcoholic Beverages Division
Department of Human Rights, Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division
LSA analysis and calculations

SF 2403 – Biofuels Excise Tax (LSB2747SZ.1)

Staff Contact: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 2403</u> replaces the existing motor fuel excise tax schedule with a new schedule to determine the tax rate of motor fuel. This Act adopts the new schedule through July 1, 2026 (**Table 1**). Tax rates will be determined by the market share of ethanol-blended gasoline that is 15.0% (E-15) or higher.

Table 1 — Proposed Motor Fuel Excise Tax Schedule

Ethanol (E-15) Market Share	E-15 (or higher) per gallon	Gasoline per gallon
0.0% - 10.0%	24.0¢	30.0¢
10.1% - 12.0%	24.5	30.0
12.1% - 14.0%	25.0	30.0
14.1% - 16.0%	25.5	30.0
16.1% - 18.0%	26.0	30.0
18.1% - 20.0%	26.5	30.0
20.1% - 22.0%	27.0	30.0
22.1% - 26.0%	27.5	30.0
26.1% - 35.0%	28.0	30.0
35.1% - 45.0%	28.5	30.0
45.1% - 65.0%	29.0	30.0
65.1% - 85.0%	29.2	30.0
85.1% – 95.0%	29.5	30.0
95.1% – 100.0%	30.0	30.0

This Act also makes the following changes:

- Extends the applicability of the tax schedule that determines the special fuel excise tax (biodiesel and diesel fuel) through July 1, 2026. Under current law, the biodiesel tax schedule will expire on June 30, 2020.
- Requires the Iowa Department of Revenue (IDR) to use the <u>Retailers Motor Fuel Gallons Annual Report</u> to determine the market share of ethanol-blended gasoline and biodiesel.
- Makes nonsubstantive changes to language related to the special tax schedule.
- Strikes an obsolete provision that sets the motor fuel excise tax rate for E-85 at 17.0 cents per gallon.

- Requires the method for determining tax rates on motor fuel and special fuel to be reviewed by the General Assembly every five years.
 Current law requires legislative review every six years.
- Creates new reporting classifications for gasoline that is E-15 or higher and biodiesel that is B-11 or higher. This Act was enacted on June 30, 2020. This Act is effective on July 1, 2020.

Background

Revenue collected through the motor fuel excise tax is deposited in the Road Use Tax Fund (RUTF). The RUTF allocates funding for road construction to primary roads (under the Department of Transportation (DOT)), secondary and farm-to-market roads (counties), and city streets. Current law allocates 47.5% to the DOT, 32.5% to counties, and 20.0% to cities.

For FY 2020, the motor fuel excise tax is 29.0 cents per gallon for ethanol and 30.5 cents for unblended gasoline. The current motor fuel tax schedule, which expires on June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Table 2 — Current Motor Fuel Excise Tax Schedule

Ethanol (E-10) Market Share	E-10 (or higher) per gallon	Gasoline per gallon
0.0% - 50.0%	29.0¢	30.0¢
50.1% - 55.0%	29.0	30.1
55.1% - 60.0%	29.0	30.3
60.1%- 65.0%	29.0	30.5
65.1% – 70.0%	29.0	30.7
70.1% - 75.0%	29.0	31.0
75.1% - 80.0%	29.3	30.8
80.1% - 85.0%	29.5	30.7
85.1% - 90.0%	29.7	30.4
90.1% - 95.0%	29.9	30.1
95.1% - 100.0%	30.0	30.0

For FY 2020, the per-gallon excise tax on special fuel is 29.5 cents for biodiesel (B-11) and 32.5 cents for diesel. The current tax schedule for diesel and biodiesel, which expires on June 30, 2020, is as follows:

Table 3 — Current Special Fuel (Diesel) Excise Tax Schedule

Biodiesel (B-11)	B-11 (or higher)	Diesel
Market Share	per gallon	per gallon
0.0% - 50.0%	29.5¢	32.5¢
50.1% - 55.0%	29.8	32.5
55.1% - 60.0%	30.1	32.5
60.1% - 65.0%	30.4	32.5
65.1% - 70.0%	30.7	32.5
70.1% - 75.0%	31.0	32.5
75.1% - 80.0%	31.3	32.5
80.1% - 85.0%	31.6	32.5
85.1% - 90.0%	31.9	32.5
90.1% – 95.0%	32.2	32.5
95.1% – 100.0%	32.5	32.5

The IDR calculates the market share of blended fuel based upon monthly fuel tax reports. These reports include data on the gross gallons of fuels delivered by Iowa licensed suppliers, blenders, importers, restrictive suppliers, and liquefied petroleum gas/compressed natural gas dealers and users. The report does not count gallons of ethanol and biodiesel that are blended after this data is collected. As a result, these reports underrepresent the total gallons of ethanol and biodiesel consumed in Iowa.

The <u>Retailers Motor Fuel Gallons Annual Report</u> also includes data regarding fuel types consumed and shows higher consumption of ethanol and biodiesel. In calendar year 2018, the market share of ethanol was 65.4% on monthly reports and 87.0% on the retailers report. The market share for biodiesel (B-11+) was 10.0% on monthly reports and 47.4% on the retailers report. Tax rates for motor fuel excise tax and special fuel excise tax are determined based on the market share of the calendar year that ended six months prior to the new fiscal year.

Under current law, after an increase to the motor fuel excise tax rate due to changes in the market share or legislative changes, an inventory tax is imposed on businesses that hold title to stored fuels that are for sale (Iowa Code section <u>452A.85</u>). The increase must be at least one-half cent per gallon. The tax applies to motor fuel, special fuel, and other fuels that are for sale. The inventory tax is equal to the difference between the increased tax and the previous tax rate.

Assumptions

Fuel Consumption

- Motor fuel (gasoline and ethanol) consumption in Iowa will total 1,750.0 million gallons annually for FY 2021 through FY 2024, similar to the average over the last three years.
- Special fuel consumption in Iowa will total 720.0 million gallons in FY 2021, and is assumed to increase by 0.7% in FY 2022 and 2.1% in FY 2023 and to decline by 0.5% in FY 2024. For the last three years, special fuel consumption has averaged 713.1 million gallons.

Refunds

- Refunds issued against motor fuel excise taxes will be 7.0% of gross receipts.
- Refunds issued against special fuel excise taxes will be 3.3% of gross receipts.

Estimated Market Share and Tax Rates of E-10 and E-15

- The market share for motor fuel classified at E-15 or higher is estimated to be 5.0% in FY 2021, 6.0% in FY 2022, 7.0% in FY 2023, and 8.0% in FY 2024.
- Based on the projected market share, the tax rate for ethanol-blended fuel will be 24.0 cents per gallon, and the tax rate for gasoline will be 30.0 cents per gallon. Compared to the tax schedules expiring June 30, 2020, this is a tax rate reduction of 5.0 cents per gallon for E-15+ and 0.5 cents for gasoline and E-10 or lower.

Estimated Market Share and Tax Rates for Biodiesel

- The market share for biodiesel is estimated to be above 58.0% in FY 2021, 59.0% in FY 2022, 60.0% in FY 2023, and 61.0% in FY 2024.
- Based on the projected market share, the tax rate for biodiesel will be 29.8 cents from
 FY 2021 to FY 2023 and 30.1 cents in FY 2024. The tax rate for diesel will be 32.5 cents per gallon for each of the projected fiscal
 years. Compared to the tax schedule expiring July 1, 2020, the estimated tax on biodiesel will increase by 0.3 cents per gallon from FY
 2021 to FY 2023 and by 0.6 cents per gallon in FY 2024. The estimated tax on diesel will remain unchanged at 32.5 cents per gallon.

Fiscal Impact

Changes to revenues deposited in the RUTF are displayed below. **Table 4** reflects current law, which includes the expiration of the existing tax schedules on June 30, 2020, for ethanol and biodiesel, compared to this Act. The impact of the inventory tax on businesses that hold title to stored fuels that are for sale is unknown.

Table 4
Revenue Changes to the Road Use Tax Fund (in millions)
SF 2403 vs. Current Law (Tax Schedules Repealed After FY 2020)

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Motor Fuel SF 2403	\$ 483.4	\$ 482.4	\$ 481.4	\$ 480.4
Current Law	488.3	488.3	488.3	488.3
Difference	-4.9	-5.9	-6.8	-7.8
Diesel				
SF 2403	213.3	214.5	222.7	221.4
Current Law	225.3	226.9	231.7	230.5
Difference	-12.1	-12.4	-9.0	-9.1
Total	\$ -16.9	\$ -18.2	\$ -15.8	\$ -16.9

Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 3, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 30, 2020.

Sources

LSA calculations
Department of Transportation
Iowa Department of Revenue
IDR Monthly Fuel Reports
IDR Retailers Motor Fuel Gallons Annual Reports

General Fund Fiscal Impact Estimates of 2020 Approved Legislation

Act	Short Title/Provision	Revenue Changed/Tax Type	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
HF 760	Hotel and Motel Local Sales Tax	Hotel and Motel Tax	\$ 0	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,800,000
HF 2340	529 Plan, Out-of-State Private Schools, Special Needs	Personal Income Tax	0	-175,000	-175,000
HF 2641	Department of Revenue Omnibus Bill				
	Preserve Whitetail Deer	Sales Tax	0	-200,000	0
	Net Operating Loss	Corporate Income Tax	0	-1,000,000	-1,000,000
	Business Interest Expense	Corporate Income Tax	0	-6,200,000	-4,100,000
	Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income	Corporate Income Tax	0	-13,800,000	-5,100,000
	Reinvestment District Sales Tax	Sales Tax	0	-5,000,000	-5,000,000
	Broadband Infrastructure Grants	Corporate Income Tax	-900,000	-2,300,000	-1,500,000
	Paycheck Protection Forgivable Loans	Corporate Income Tax	0	-5,800,000	0
	Entity-Level Income Tax paid	Personal Income Tax	0	-4,200,000	-4,200,000
	Iowa Small Business Relief Grant Exemption	Personal Income Tax	0	-1,300,000	0
	529 Plan Apprenticeship Program	Personal Income Tax	0	-100,000	-100,000
	Personal Protective Equipment Sales Tax Exemption	Sales Tax	0	-1,800,000	0
	Enterprise Zone Tax Credit Transfer	Personal Income Tax	-3,600,000	-200,000	-200,000
SF 457	Court Civil Filing Fees	Judicial Fees	0	300,000	300,000
	Total General Fund Revenue Adjustments		\$-4,500,000	\$-39,075,000	\$-18,275,000

Note: The totals listed on the above table may not tie to the totals on the General Fund Revenue Adjustment table due to rounding.

Miscellaneous Acts – Fiscal Notes

HF 684 – Medical Amnesty (LSB2252HV.1)

Analyst: Laura Book (515.205.9275) laura.book@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description

House File 684 provides immunity from certain alcohol-related criminal offenses and prohibits certain disciplinary sanctions for certain persons who seek or require emergency assistance for alcohol. This Act establishes lowa Code section 701.12, which provides that a person under the age of 21 shall not be charged or prosecuted for public intoxication, possession of alcohol under the legal age, or use of a driver's license by an underage person to obtain alcohol, if the person in good faith sought emergency assistance for the person or another person due to an alcohol overdose. The section also provides the requirements for the immunity to apply. In addition, this Act directs the Board of Regents to prohibit regents universities from imposing certain disciplinary sanctions against a student for the possession or consumption of alcohol if the student is immune from prosecution pursuant to lowa Code section 701.12.

Background

Currently, a violation of lowa Code section 321.216B is a scheduled traffic violation. The current fine for a violation of any of these Code sections is \$200. A violation of lowa Code section 123.46 is a simple misdemeanor for the first offense and a serious or aggravated misdemeanor for the second or third offense, respectively. A violation of lowa Code section 123.47 ranges from a scheduled traffic violation to a serious misdemeanor, depending on the offense.

Correctional Impact

In FY 2018, there were 7,457 convictions for public intoxication, 177 convictions for possession of alcohol under the legal age, and 29 convictions for use of a driver's license by an underage person. House File 684 is estimated to result in a reduction of convictions, but an estimate cannot be provided due to a lack of available data on emergency assistance for alcohol overdoses. In addition, most of the offenses included under the immunity are either scheduled traffic violations or simple misdemeanors and will not have a correctional impact.

Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

The minority impact for <u>HF 684</u> cannot be determined. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Minority Impact</u> Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of <u>HF 684</u> cannot be determined due to the lack of data on the reduction of convictions resulting from this Act. Due to this possible decrease in convictions, there may also be a decrease in fine revenue related to the scheduled traffic violations and simple misdemeanors, but the impact is unknown.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 12, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 25, 2020.

Sources

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights Department of Transportation

HF 737 – Animal Mistreatment (LSB2126HV)

Analyst: Debra Kozel (515.281.6767) deb.kozel@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description

<u>House File 737</u> amends the Iowa Code related to the mistreatment of animals that are not livestock or game animals. The criminal offenses addressed by this Act include:

- Tampering with a rabies vaccination tag:
 - Defined as when a person knowingly removes, damages, or destroys a rabies vaccination tag that is attached to a collar worn by a dog.
 - A person convicted for a first offense is guilty of a simple misdemeanor.
 - A person convicted for a second or subsequent offense is guilty of a serious misdemeanor.
- Tampering with an electronic handling device:
 - Defined as when a person knowingly removes, damages, or destroys an electronic handling device that is attached to or worn by the dog or attached to an item worn by the dog.
 - A person convicted for a first offense is guilty of a simple misdemeanor.
 - A person convicted for a second or subsequent offense is guilty of a serious misdemeanor.
- Animal abuse:
 - Defined as when a person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly acts to cause injury, serious injury, or death to an animal by force, violence, or poisoning.
 - Abuse that does not cause serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as a serious misdemeanor.
 - Abuse that causes serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as an aggravated misdemeanor.
 - Abuse that causes serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as a Class D felony if the abuse is committed by a person who
 has been previously convicted of committing animal abuse, animal neglect, animal abandonment, animal endangerment, injury to or
 interference with a police service dog, bestiality, or an act involving an animal contest event.
- Animal neglect:
 - Defined as a person failing to reasonably provide sufficient food, water, sanitary conditions, ventilated shelter, grooming, or veterinary care to an animal in a person's custody.
 - Neglect that does not cause serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as a simple misdemeanor.
 - Neglect that causes injury other than serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as a serious misdemeanor.
 - Neglect that causes serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as an aggravated misdemeanor.
 - Neglect that causes serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as a Class D felony if committed by a person who has been previously convicted of committing one of the offenses enumerated under "animal abuse" above.

- Animal torture:
 - Defined as a person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly inflicting upon an animal severe and prolonged or repeated pain that results in the animal's suffering and serious injury or death.
 - Juvenile court will have the jurisdiction over a minor accused of committing animal torture.
 - A person who commits animal torture is guilty of a Class D felony.
 - A person who commits animal torture is guilty of a Class C felony if the person has been previously convicted of committing one of the offenses enumerated under "animal abuse" above.
- · Abandonment of cats and dogs:
 - Defined as a person who owns or has custody of a cat or dog relinquishing all rights in and duties to care for the animal. This Act specifies exceptions.
 - Abandonment that does not cause serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as a simple misdemeanor.
 - Abandonment that causes injury other than serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as a serious misdemeanor.
 - Abandonment that causes serious injury or death to an animal is punishable as an aggravated misdemeanor.

This Act allows the court to order a person who commits animal mistreatment to undergo a psychological or psychiatric evaluation, specifies the conditions under which an evaluation is required, and requires the convicted person to pay the costs of the evaluation.

Background

Current law states the following:

- A conviction of animal abuse is an aggravated misdemeanor.
- A conviction of animal neglect is a simple misdemeanor, but neglect that causes serious injury or death to the animal is a serious misdemeanor.
- A conviction of animal torture in the first offense is an aggravated misdemeanor, and a second or subsequent conviction is a Class D felony.
- A conviction for abandonment of a cat or dog is a simple misdemeanor.
- A conviction for knowingly and willfully tormenting, striking, drugging, or otherwise interfering with a police service dog without inflicting serious injury is a serious misdemeanor.
- A conviction for knowingly and willfully torturing, injuring, or poisoning a police service dog, including causing the death of the animal, is a Class D felony.

Assumptions

House File 737 expands the definition of animal crimes related to the mistreatment of animals and will result in an estimated increase of 17 convictions per year. Other assumptions include:

- Charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends will not change over the projection period.
- Prisoner length of stay, revocation rates, plea bargaining, and other criminal justice policies and practices will not change over the projection period.

- This Act will become effective July 1, 2020. A lag effect of six months is assumed from this Act's effective date to the date of first entry
 of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- The analysis assumes that approximately 50.0% of dismissed charges for crimes against animals will become convictions under this Act, as this Act expands the definition of animal abuse.

Correctional Impact

This correctional impact is based on the 105 convictions under Iowa Code chapter 717B in

FY 2018. It is estimated there will be 17 additional convictions annually in FY 2021 and subsequent years. The estimate includes 17 prison orders, 28 probation orders, 3 residential orders, and 20 jail orders. It is uncertain whether an individual who is convicted of a Class C or Class D felony under this Act will be incarcerated or placed under community-based corrections (CBC) supervision. The correctional impact could not be estimated for the new offenses of tampering with a rabies vaccination tag or an electronic handling device. It is not possible to estimate how many convictions might occur for a new offense.

Table 1 below shows estimates for sentencing to State prison, probation, or CBC residential facilities; length of stay (LOS) under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all convictions of serious misdemeanors, aggravated misdemeanors, Class D felonies, and Class C felonies in crimes involving persons. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements, dated January 8, 2019, for information related to the correctional system.

Table 1 — Sentencing Estimates and LOS

						<u>g _</u>						
		FY 18							FY 18			
		Avg			FY 18				Avg			
		Length			Avg Length			FY 18	Length	FY 18	Percent	
Conviction		of Stay	FY 18		of Stay	FY 18 Avg		Marginal	of Stay	Marginal	to	
Offense	Percent	Prison	Marginal	Percent to	Probation	Cost/Day	Percent	CBC	Parole	Cost/Day	County	Marginal
Class	to Prison	(months)	Cost/Day	Probation	(months)	Probation	to CBC	Cost/Day	(months)	Parole	Jail	Cost/Day
Class C												
Felony												
Persons	90.0%	39.8	\$19.93	30.0%	32.6	\$5.38	5.0%	\$11.85	19.5	\$5.38	39.0%	\$50.00
Class D												
Felony												
Persons	80.0%	17.2	\$19.93	53.0%	29.5	\$5.38	8.0%	\$11.85	10.6	\$5.38	31.0%	\$50.00
Aggravated												
Misdemeanor												
Persons	46.0%	8.5	\$19.93	71.0%	20.2	\$5.38	5.0%	\$11.85	4.8	\$5.38	53.0%	\$50.00
Serious												
Misdemeanor												
Persons	2.0%	6.4	\$19.93	60.0%	13.1	\$5.38	1.0%	\$11.85	6.8	\$5.38	70.0%	\$50.00

Minority Impact

House File 737 has a minority impact as 67.0% of the persons convicted of animal mistreatment in 2018 were Caucasian, 13.0% were African American, 3.0% were of other ethnicity, and 17.0% were of unknown ethnicity. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

House File 737 is estimated to increase costs to the justice system between \$219,000 and \$450,000 across multiple fiscal years. The cost by offense is summarized in **Table 2**.

Table 2 — Fiscal Estimate to the State Justice System

	Change in Estimated	C	ost Per C	onv	/iction		Cost In	ıcre	ase
Offense	Convictions	M	inimum	M	aximum	M	inimum	Ма	ximum
Simple Misdemeanor	-35	\$	30	\$	330	\$	-1,050	\$ -	-11,550
Serious Misdemeanor	23		390		5,000		8,970	1	115,000
Aggravated Misdemeanor	14		4,700		7,500		65,800	1	105,000
Class D Felony	8		9,200		14,100		73,600	1	112,800
Class C Felony	7		10,200		18,400		71,400	1	128,800
Total	17	\$	24,520	\$	45,330	\$:	218,720	\$ 4	450,050

Simple Misdemeanor

In FY 2018, there were 68 simple misdemeanor convictions related to animal mistreatment: 61 for animal neglect and 7 for animal abandonment. The fiscal estimate for this Act assumes 33 such simple misdemeanor convictions.

Serious Misdemeanor

In FY 2018, there were 21 serious misdemeanor convictions for animal neglect that caused serious injury or death to an animal. The fiscal estimate for this Act assumes 44 such serious misdemeanor convictions.

Aggravated Misdemeanor

In FY 2018, there were 16 aggravated misdemeanor convictions related to animal mistreatment: 12 for animal abuse and 4 for animal torture. The fiscal estimate for this Act assumes 30 such aggravated misdemeanor convictions.

Class D Felony

In FY 2018, there were no Class D felony convictions related to animal mistreatment. It is anticipated that under this Act there will be eight such Class D felony convictions.

Class C Felony

In FY 2018, there were no Class C felony convictions related to animal mistreatment. It is anticipated that under this Act there will be seven such Class C felony convictions.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 13, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Sources

Department of Human Rights, Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship LSA calculations and analysis HF 2259 – Human Trafficking Training, Hotels (LSB5728YH.1)

Staff Contact: Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

House File 2259 relates to human trafficking prevention training and reporting for employees of Iowa-based lodging providers as defined in Iowa Code section 423A.2. This Act requires the Office to Combat Human Trafficking (OCHT), in collaboration with other government agencies, nongovernmental agencies, and community organizations that have expertise in the area of human trafficking prevention, to develop a human trafficking prevention training program. Lodging providers within the State may choose to voluntarily participate in the training beginning January 1, 2022. The training must focus on accurate and prompt identification and reporting of, or response to, suspected human trafficking. At a minimum, the training must include the following:

- A general overview of human trafficking.
- A general overview of State law on human trafficking.
- The definition of human trafficking and the commercial exploitation of children.
- Guidance on the difference between labor trafficking and sex trafficking.
- Guidance on how to recognize potential human trafficking victims.
- Guidance on how to recognize potential human traffickers.
- Guidance on how to identify activities commonly associated with human trafficking.
- Safe and effective responses to human trafficking situations, including but not limited to how to report suspected human trafficking to proper law enforcement officials.

The training must be approved by the Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety (DPS), who is also tasked with adopting rules to implement and administer the training as necessary under Iowa Code chapter 17A.

House File 2259 also requires that no later than December 31, 2021, the Commissioner must develop and maintain both of the following to certify a lodging provider's voluntary completion of the human trafficking prevention training:

- A certificate issued by the Commissioner that the lodging provider may display in an area visible to the public. Certification is valid for three years from the time of award of the certificate.
- An Internet site available to the public that identifies all certified lodging providers in the State. This website is to be maintained by the DPS.

This Act also specifies that a public employer as defined under lowa Code section 20.3 or an employee of a public employer must confirm a lodging provider's current certification status on the DPS Internet site prior to expending or committing public funds to the lodging provider

for certain purposes such as procuring lodging; procuring space or services for a conference, meeting, or banquet located at a site where lodging is available; or hosting a conference, meeting, or banquet located at such a site. If a lodging provider is not certified as having completed human trafficking prevention training, a public employer or employee thereof cannot use public funds for the purposes listed above. This applies to all public funds expended for these purposes on or after January 1, 2022.

House File 2259 provides that a lodging provider's employee who acts in good faith is immune from civil liability for reporting suspected human trafficking activities to any law enforcement official.

Background

The OCHT was established as a unit under the DPS in 2016. The OCHT serves as the point of contact for anti-human trafficking activity within the State, consulting and collaborating with other agencies and organizations that have expertise in dealing with the crime of human trafficking. The OCHT is tasked with developing a strategy to collect and maintain criminal history data on incidents related to human trafficking, as well as sharing victim and offender data with other governmental agencies.

Human trafficking is defined under the federal <u>Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000</u> as the recruitment, harboring, transporting, or obtaining of a person by means of force, fraud, or coercion for purposes of servitude, debt bondage, slavery, or participation in the sex trade. It may include, but does not require, physical movement of the victim. Human trafficking may also include other crimes such as drug trafficking, larceny, and money laundering, as traffickers are frequently involved in other illegal activities.

Assumptions

- The DPS estimates that more than 1,000 lodging providers located in the State would be eligible to participate in human trafficking prevention training.
- In order to ensure and maintain efficient communication and statewide compliance, the DPS would need to hire one additional full-time equivalent (FTE) position.
- It is likely that costs related to management of the database containing all certified lodging providers will decrease during the second year of implementation as initial development costs will no longer be charged.

Fiscal Impact

Estimated Costs, House File 2259

Category			Est.	Cost	
	_	F	Y 2021	F	Y 2022
Salary and Benefits	Senior Criminal				
	Intelligence Analyst	\$	65,000	\$	65,000
Certificate/Publicati	on Printer	\$	9,000		N/A
Webmaster Vendor		\$	40,000	\$	40,000
Video Production		\$	15,000	\$	15,000
Database Managem	ent	\$	25,000	\$	15,000
Publications		\$	2,000	\$	2,000
	Total	\$	156,000	\$	137,000

Additionally, the DPS would need to initiate a request for proposal (RFP) process to find a suitable vendor to provide the webmaster content for the public Internet site that is intended to identify lodging providers certified by the Department as having successfully completed the human trafficking prevention training. The cost related to initiating an RFP is not included in the table above and would likely require additional funding in the first year of implementation. Funding for the FTE position and related costs for the establishment and implementation of human trafficking prevention training by the OCHT of the DPS would likely be appropriated from the General Fund.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Sources

Legislative Services Agency Department of Public Safety HF 2360 – Driver's License, Expiration (LSB5967HV.2)

Staff Contact: Adam Broich (515.281.8223) adam.broich@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

House File 2360 increases the age limit up to which an 8-year driver's license may be valid from 74 to 80 years. If the licensee is age 72 or older, the period of validity for a license must not exceed the licensee's 80th birthday. For individuals 78 or older, the period of validity is 2 years.

Background

Current law provides for 8-year license terms from the licensee's birthday occurring at the year of issuance. The term of a license is not to exceed the licensee's 74th birthday, and beginning at age 72, a licensee is to be issued a license that would be valid for a period of 2 years.

Assumptions

- The Department of Transportation (DOT) identified 2.6 million people are eligible for an 8-year license.
- The DOT will administer 60.0% of the license transactions, and county treasurers will administer 40.0%.
- It is estimated that it will take eight years to realize the full impact of this Act. It is estimated that transactions will be reduced by 87,600 per year once this Act is fully implemented.
- The DOT estimates that each driver's license transaction will require 10 minutes.
- The annual reduction in transactions will be phased in over six years.
- Driver's license cards are produced at a cost of \$4.28 per card.

Fiscal Impact

<u>House File 2360</u> is estimated to reduce card issuance costs to the Road Use Tax Fund (RUTF) by the amounts reflected in the table below. Administrative efforts would be reduced, and this reduction would be spread among 18 DOT offices, 88 county offices, and 20 DOT renewal kiosks.

F	Reduced Ca	rd Issuance	Costs					
١.	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
	\$ 47,000	\$ 94,000	\$141,000	\$187,000	\$234,000	\$281,000	\$328,000	\$375,000

Effective Date

This Act is effective September 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 18, 2020.

Sources

Iowa Department of Transportation LSA calculations

HF 2363 – Unemployment Insurance Program, Landscaping Contributory Employer (LSB5401HV.2)

Staff Contact: Ron Robinson (515.281.6256) ron.robinson@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>House File 2363</u> relates to unemployment insurance under Iowa Code chapter <u>96</u> and provides that effective July 1, 2020, landscaping employers will contribute to the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund at the same rate as construction employers.

Background

Under current law there are two rates for new employers. New construction employers are placed in the highest rank, Benefit Ratio Rank 21, of the <u>Unemployment Insurance Tax Rate Table</u>, with a current tax rate of 7.5% of payroll. New nonconstruction employers are placed in Benefit Ratio Rank 12, with a current tax rate of 0.6% or 1.0% of payroll, whichever is higher.

Assumption

New landscaping employers will have approximately \$10.5 million in total annual payroll.

Fiscal Impact

Requiring landscaping employers to contribute to the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund at the same rate as construction employers is estimated to increase contributions to the Trust Fund by approximately \$683,000 annually.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 25, 2020.

Source

Iowa Department of Workforce Development

HF 2418 – School Budget Review Committee (LSB6026HV)

Staff Contact: Michael Guanci (515.725.1286) michael.guanci@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description

House File 2418 directs the Department of Education (DE) to notify the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE) of an error in the Basic Education Data Survey (BEDS) as reported by a school district that resulted in an incorrect determination by the BOEE affecting licensure and allows for corrective action by the BOEE.

This Act specifies that the School Budget Review Committee (SBRC) may grant a modified supplemental amount (MSA) for at-risk, alternative school, and returning dropout and dropout prevention programs for school districts that submit a request after January 15 but before March 1 of the budget year preceding the budget year during which the program will be offered.

Background

School districts with approved at-risk, alternative school, and returning dropout and dropout prevention programs may request permission from the SBRC to levy additional property taxes to fund the program. Up to 75.0% of the program's budget may be funded through the MSA, which comes from property taxes, with the remaining 25.0% supported by a school district's general fund. Under current law, school districts must file their request no later than January 15 of the budget year preceding the budget year for which the funds are being requested. The total estimated FY 2021 MSA for the programs is \$131.8 million.

Assumptions

- For FY 2021, four school districts are eligible for review by the SBRC.
- It is not known if the SBRC will approve the four eligible districts for FY 2021.

Fiscal Impact

<u>House File 2418</u> has no fiscal impact to the State. There may be an estimated increase of up to \$1.0 million in FY 2021 in local property taxes if the SBRC grants MSAs for the eligible school districts. The following table shows the four school districts and eligible amounts.

HF 2418

School District	Eli	gible MSA
Alta-Aurelia	\$	275,472
Carroll		463,432
Clarinda		170,555
Collins-Maxwell		110,564
Total	\$	1,020,023

Effective Date

This Act is effective upon enactment and the changes apply retroactively to January 1, 2020.

Enactment Date
This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 13, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 25, 2020.

Source

Department of Education

HF 2502 – Firearms, Preemption (LSB5735HV.1)

Staff Contact: Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>House File 2502</u> relates to the carrying, possession, or transportation of weapons in buildings or physical structures located on property under the control of a political subdivision or in county courthouses, and the regulation by counties and cities related to the storage of weapons and location of shooting ranges.

Sections 1 and 2: Shooting Ranges

This Act prohibits a county board of supervisors, a city council, or an appropriate city or county zoning commission from requiring an individual to seek approval to comply with any conditions on the establishment, use, or maintenance of a shooting range that are more stringent than those imposed by State law. However, the board of supervisors, city council, or appropriate zoning commission is still required to apply and enforce properly adopted restrictions and zoning regulations.

Section 3: Firearm Attachments and Modifications

This Act expands the existing prohibition of a political subdivision enacting any ordinance, motion, resolution, policy, or amendment regulating the ownership, possession, transfer, transportation, registration, and licensing of firearms to include the modification of firearms, and adds firearm attachments and other weapons to the list of items prohibited from regulation by local law.

Section 3 of this Act also provides that beginning July 1, 2020, any individual adversely affected by a political subdivision's ordinance or similar policy regulating firearms may take legal action to seek damages that have resulted out of the violation. Should the affected individual's legal action prove successful, the presiding court shall also award the individual reasonable attorney fees and litigation costs.

Section 4: Regulation and Screening — Political Subdivisions and Storage of Weapons

Section 4 of this Act allows a political subdivision to restrict weapons in buildings and structures under its control if adequate arrangements are made to screen persons for weapons and the political subdivision provides armed security personnel inside the building or structure where the restriction is in effect.

Beginning July 1, 2020, section 4 of this Act prohibits a political subdivision from enacting an ordinance, motion, resolution, policy, or amendment regulating the storage of weapons or ammunition.

Section 5: Weapon Prohibition — County Courthouses

This Act provides that any Supreme Court or Judicial Branch order that prohibits a person from lawfully carrying, possessing, or transporting a weapon in a county courthouse or other joint-use public facility is unenforceable and void unless such an order only applies to a courtroom or court office, or to a courthouse used only for Judicial Branch functions.

Background

Pursuant to Iowa Code section <u>724.28</u>, a political subdivision is currently prohibited from enacting, adopting, or amending any ordinance or similar policy that regulates ownership, possession, legal transfer, transportation, registration, or otherwise lawful licensing of firearms. A political subdivision, as referenced in Iowa Code section 724.28, is defined as a county, city, or township.

Under current law, an individual seeking to improve property acquired to establish, use, or maintain a shooting range, or substantially change the existing use of a shooting range, must first obtain approval from the appropriate city or county zoning commission, the county board of supervisors, or the city council.

Additionally, current law provides that a political subdivision is prohibited from enacting, adopting, or amending any ordinance or similar policy that regulates ownership, possession, legal transfer, transportation, registration, or otherwise lawful licensing of firearms. On June 19, 2017, the lowa Supreme Court issued a supervisory order that prohibited all firearms in court-controlled spaces and public areas of courthouses. In December 2017, the Court supplemented the order by requiring county supervisors or other local government officials to file a written request with the Chief Judge of a judicial district to allow firearms in certain areas of a courthouse. Under current law, firearm prohibition measures differ from courthouse to courthouse.

Assumptions

- Although this Act does not so mandate, it is likely individual political subdivisions, including courthouses, will continue to provide security parameters regarding firearms and ammunition.
- If a political subdivision chooses to restrict firearms in a public building, security personnel, such as guards, deputies, and police officers, would be required to be available for duty approximately 40 to 60 hours per week in public buildings located in political subdivisions that elect to limit firearms.
- According to the National Institute for Justice, a magnetometer, or security wand, generally costs \$140 per unit.

Fiscal Impact

Sections 1 and 2:

Sections 1 and 2 of HF 2502 are not expected to have a fiscal impact.

Section 3:

The fiscal impact of Section 3 cannot be determined. This section explicitly prohibits political subdivisions from enacting an ordinance, motion, resolution, policy, or amendment that regulates firearm modification and adds firearms attachments and other weapons to the list of nonregulated items. Individual political subdivisions may need to adjust existing security measures to accommodate these additions. Any resulting costs would be the responsibility of the political subdivision and cannot be determined at this time.

Section 4:

The fiscal impact of Section 4 cannot be determined at this time. Although this Act does not mandate political subdivisions to provide security personnel and screening measures in public buildings, it requires them to adequately do so if that political subdivision makes the choice to explicitly restrict the carrying and possession of a firearm in any area of the building that is not solely used for Judicial Branch functions. Potential costs arising from this decision are the responsibility of the political subdivision.

Political Subdivision — Counties:

Data was collected from a cross-section of different counties located in the State, ranging in population from approximately 17,200 to 474,000. This cross-section of counties included counties that currently utilize some combination of security personnel and screening equipment, and counties that would need to hire additional security personnel and invest in new screening equipment.

Of the counties that responded to the information request from the Iowa State Association of Counties (ISAC), none indicated that they would choose not to restrict firearms in public buildings. However, it is possible that a county may elect to restrict firearms and as a result, need to invest in security personnel and screening equipment.

Depending on the population size, various counties estimated an increased need for security personnel ranging from one to five additional positions. These positions, which will likely be staffed by uniformed officers—e.g., security guards, bailiffs, or sheriff deputies—range in salary and benefit cost estimates from approximately \$77,000 to \$110,000 annually. Estimated annual costs of screening and security equipment also vary widely, from \$140 for a magnetometer up to \$300,000 for purchasing, implementing, and maintaining a single point of entry screening tool, such as an x-ray machine.

Individual county costs may vary greatly based on the security measures a county currently utilizes, as well as other factors such as population, building size, and building usage. Should a county choose to place restrictions on weapons in public buildings and structures under its control, costs to accommodate the salary and benefits of security personnel and new screening equipment may range from no fiscal impact to minimal fiscal impact to approximately \$900,000 or more annually.

Political Subdivision — Cities:

According to the Iowa League of Cities (ILOC), which represents more than 870 cities of various population size within the State, costs of hiring security personnel and screening technology should a city choose to regulate firearms in a public building or structure may vary based on a variety of factors, including existing technology, city population, building size, number, and building usage.

The ILOC has provided a basic estimate for a city that chooses to regulate firearms in a public building. Below are two cost estimate scenarios for hiring security personnel and purchasing screening equipment.

Scenario 1: Security Guard

Salary and Benefits \$48,750

Security Guard Wand 140

*Total: \$48,890

Scenario 2: Police Officer

Salary and Benefits \$87,750

Security Guard Wand 140

*Total: \$87,890

Should a city choose to restrict firearms in a public building and as a result, install a body scanner, the cost is estimated to total \$20,000 per body scanner and \$10,000 per baggage scanner. Installation and building modification costs are estimated to total up to \$100,000 per public building.

Some cities and counties may choose not to restrict firearms in public buildings, in which case, this Act would not have a fiscal impact in these political subdivisions.

The subsection of section 4 dealing with the storage of weapons is not expected to have a fiscal impact.

Section 5:

The fiscal impact of section 5 cannot be determined. Although the Judicial Branch does not expect to incur any costs related to the implementation of this Act, individual county courthouses oversee and fund courthouse security parameters. It is possible that individual courthouses and/or county sheriffs who provide courthouse security may experience an increase in security-related costs resulting from the provisions of this Act.

In response to a potential cost estimate request for accommodating the provisions of HF 2502, Story County officials estimate the county would need to hire five additional court security officers (CSO) at approximately \$87,500 each for salary and benefits, uniforms, and job-related equipment. Story County estimates costs totaling approximately \$437,500 in the first year of implementation and approximately \$411,000 each year thereafter.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 4, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 25, 2020.

Sources

Legislative Services Agency lowa League of Cities lowa State Association of Counties Judicial Branch National Institute of Justice <u>HF 2554</u> – Continuous Sexual Abuse of a Child (LSB5316HV.2)

Staff Contact: Laura Book (515.205.9275) laura.book@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

House File 2554 creates a new criminal offense of continuous sexual abuse of a child. Under this Act, a person 18 years of age or older commits continuous sexual abuse of a child when the victim is a child (under the age of 14), at least 30 days have elapsed between the first and last acts of sexual abuse, and the person engages in 3 or more acts of sexual abuse in violation of:

- Iowa Code section 709.2 (Sexual Abuse in the First Degree),
- Iowa Code section 709.3 (Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree),
- Iowa Code section 709.4 (Sexual Abuse in the Third Degree),
- Iowa Code section 709.8 (Lascivious Acts with a Child), or
- Iowa Code section 709.12 (Indecent Contact with a Child)

House File 2554 defines continuous sexual abuse as an aggravated offense or an aggravated offense against a minor under lowa Code section 692A.101 for the purposes of the sex offender registry. Under this Act, a violation of new lowa Code section 709.23 is a Tier II sex offense for the purposes of the sex offender registry.

Under this Act, a person who is convicted of continuous sexual abuse is subject to an enhanced penalty under lowa Code section <u>902.14</u>. This Act also provides that a person who is convicted of continuous sexual abuse may be required by the court or the Board of Parole to undergo hormonal intervention therapy under lowa Code section <u>903B.10</u> as part of a condition of release.

Background

A person who commits a violation of this Act is guilty of a Class B felony. This Act allows a court to sentence a person guilty of continuous sexual abuse to maximum confinement of 50 years, if the combination of three acts includes a violation of sexual abuse in the second degree or sexual abuse in the third degree. The default sentence for a Class B felony is maximum confinement of 25 years.

Under Iowa Code section <u>902.14</u>, a person receives an enhanced penalty and commits a class A felony if the person commits a second or subsequent offense involving any combination of the following offenses:

- Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree
- Sexual Abuse in the Third Degree
- Lascivious Acts with a Child

This Act adds continuous sexual abuse as an offense that may qualify towards the enhanced penalty.

Any person convicted of a serious sex offense as defined by Iowa Code section 903B.10 may be required by the court or the Board of Parole to undergo hormonal intervention therapy as a condition of release. Persons required to undergo this treatment are required to pay a reasonable fee to pay for the costs of providing the treatment. A requirement that a person pay a fee shall include a provision for reduction, deferral, or waiver of payment if the person is financially unable to pay the fee. Under this Act, those who are convicted of continuous sexual abuse may be required to undergo this treatment.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay;
 revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails
 is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- The average marginal cost for prison is \$20.38 per day.
- The average length of stay of an individual convicted of continuous sexual abuse of a child will be 176.6 months.

Correctional Impact

House File 2554 creates a new criminal offense, and the correctional impact is unknown. In FY 2019, there were 156 individuals who were admitted to prison on at least one of the offenses listed under this Act. Sixty-one of these individuals were convicted of an offense which specified a child victim was involved.

It is estimated that some of those who are admitted annually to prison for similar offenses and serving Class C or D felonies will receive sentence enhancements under this Act. In FY 2019, the current average length of stay for those exiting prison under those sentences was 54.3 months for a Class C felony and 25.0 months for a Class D felony. It is estimated that the average length of stay for those convicted of this offense would increase to 176.6 months. The extent of the increase cannot be calculated due to unavailable data relating to the duration of abuse.

Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

House File 2554 creates a new criminal offense, and the minority impact cannot be estimated due to a lack of data.

Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Minority Impact Statement</u>, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of HF 2554 cannot be estimated due to the unknown correctional impact. Given that the average length of stay would increase to 176.6 months, the estimated cost for an admission to prison for a violation of this Act would be approximately \$109,000 total per offender.

Currently, the cost to incarcerate an individual convicted of a Class C or D felony listed in this Act is approximately \$34,000 or \$15,000, respectively. It is estimated that some of these admissions will become Class B felonies under this Act. The increased cost for those previously admitted to prison as a Class C or D felony would be \$76,000 or \$94,000, respectively.

The State cost of a Class A felony must be calculated on an individual basis to determine prison costs. At a minimum, Class A felonies require two indigent defense attorneys at a cost of approximately \$36,000 and include court time and jury trial costs ranging from \$10,000 to \$14,300.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 3, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Sources

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights Department of Corrections

HF 2581 – Hemp Consumer and Public Safety (LSB5404HV.2)

Staff Contact: Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description and Background

House File 2581 amends several provisions of Senate File 599 (Iowa Hemp Act), as enacted in 2019, including associated provisions of Iowa Code chapter 204. Senate File 599 authorized the production of Cannabis sativa L., a certain type of cannabis, as well as the manufacture, sale, and transportation of hemp products if such products contain a concentration of no more than 0.3% delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) on a dry weight basis.

The federal Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, commonly known as the 2018 Farm Bill, included provisions authorizing the production of hemp, allowing states and tribes to assume primary regulatory authority over the production of hemp by submitting a plan of approval to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The USDA approved Iowa's state plan on March 19, 2020. The Iowa Hemp Act was implemented on April 8, 2020, the publication date of the Iowa Administrative Bulletin that includes an approval statement of Iowa's state plan from the USDA.

House File 2581 regulates hemp as a commodity and allows for the manufacture, sale, and consumption of consumable hemp products by humans if all of the following provisions apply:

- The consumable hemp product was manufactured in Iowa in compliance with Iowa Code chapter 204.
- The hemp contained in the consumable hemp product was produced exclusively in Iowa in compliance with Iowa Code chapter 204.
- The consumable hemp product complies with certain packaging and labeling requirements.

This Act defines "consumable hemp product" as a hemp product that includes a substance that is metabolized or is otherwise subject to a biotransformative process when introduced into the human body. This Act allows the importation of consumable hemp if the state or jurisdiction from which the product is being imported has a USDA-approved state or tribal plan pursuant to federal hemp law, and has testing requirements substantially similar to requirements for the State of Iowa. This Act also provides for the registration and licensing of manufacturers and sellers of consumable hemp to be completed by the Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA) including establishing a temporary permit, and provides for total delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol acid (THCA) crop testing procedures and requirements for the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (IDALS) and the Department of Public Safety (DPS) and local law enforcement. This Act also requires disposal of nonqualifying consumable hemp and eliminates a provision that allows a derivative of hemp to be added to certain products intended for human consumption.

House File 2581 also prohibits possessing, using, manufacturing, marketing, transporting, delivering, or distributing harvested hemp or a hemp product if the intended use of such harvested hemp or hemp product is introduction into the body of a human through any method of

inhalation. This includes methods using cigarettes, cigars, cigarillos, and pipes, and smoke from combustion and vapor devices. Prohibition of such activity is not applicable to any extent that the federal government, including the federal <u>Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act</u>, allows for the use of harvested hemp or a hemp product by method of inhalation. A person who violates the prohibition of ingesting harvested hemp or a hemp product through the methods mentioned above is guilty of a serious misdemeanor and is subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$500 and not more than \$2,500, as imposed, assessed, and collected by the IDALS.

A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$315 but not more than \$1,875.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay; revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- Quantification testing for what is commonly known as THC and total THCA varies significantly in method, procedure, and
 instrumentation. It is likely that local law enforcement agencies who currently perform identification analysis would not be able to
 quantify THC and THCA. As a result, those cannabis items traditionally tested by local law enforcement would now need to be tested at
 the DPS Division of Criminal Investigation (DCI) laboratory.
- The DPS assumes that both THC and THCA quantification will be required on a significant amount of crop testing, and that the DPS would need to hire additional staff and invest in specific testing technology to accommodate the provisions of HF 2581. In all cases involving any species of cannabis submitted to the DCI laboratory, the cannabis would need to undergo additional analysis to quantify the concentration of THC and THCA to assess if the total is above the 0.3% threshold.
- In order to effectively register manufacturers and sellers of consumable hemp, the DIA estimates that it would need to establish new labeling, inspection, and compliance regulations. The DIA also assumes that it would need to enhance its current electronic registration system.
- Should the current electronic registration be incompatible with the requirements of this Act, the DIA assumes it would need to invest in a new system. The DIA assumes the cost of such a system could range from approximately \$229,000 to \$349,000 for implementation, and from \$56,000 to \$87,000 for maintenance and upkeep. For estimating purposes, a midpoint of \$71,500 is used (**Table 2**).
- Additionally, the DIA assumes it would need to hire additional personnel to accommodate the increased amount of registration and licensing requirements included in this Act.

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact of HF 2581 cannot be determined. This Act establishes a new offense, and the number of convictions cannot be estimated.

Table 1 shows estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or community-based corrections (CBC) residential facilities; length of stay (LOS) under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all convictions of a serious misdemeanor. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Table 1 — Sentencing Estimates

		FY 19					FY 19			
		Ava		FY 19 Avg			Avq			
		Length		Length of			Lenath	FY 19	Percent	
Conviction	Percent	•	_		FY 19 Ava		of Stav	Marginal	to	
Offense	to		_	_	Cost/Day			Cost/Day	County	Marginal
Class	Prison	(months)	Prison	(months)	Probation	to CBC	(months)	Parole	Jail	Cost/Day
Serious										
Misdemeanor	2.0%	5	\$20.38	13.4	\$6.12	1.0%	2.4	6.12	69.0%	\$50.00

Minority Impact

The minority impact of HF 2581 is unknown. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

House File 2581 establishes a new criminal offense, and the resulting cost to the Justice System cannot be estimated. The average State cost for one serious misdemeanor conviction ranges from \$410 to \$4,900. This estimate includes operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the Department of Corrections for one conviction. The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Any revenue collected by the IDALS as a result of the civil penalty established by this Act will be deposited in the General Fund, but is expected to be minimal.

This Act requires the DIA to establish registration, licensing, and inspection fees pursuant to the Department's rulemaking authority. At this time, it is unknown how the Department would charge for registration, licensing, and inspection fees, and it is not possible to estimate any amount of collected fee revenue.

The identifiable fiscal impact for the first year of implementation of HF 2581 is estimated to range from approximately \$965,000 to \$1.3 million. For the second year of implementation, the identifiable fiscal impact is estimated to range from approximately \$885,000 to \$906,000. **Table 2** provides the estimated costs per affected State agency.

Table 2 — Estimated Costs, HF 2581

Agency	Year 1 Cost			Year 2 Cost			
Department of Public Safety		/linimum		Maximum	Minimum		Maximum
3.0 Criminalist Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Positions (\$83,500/position)	\$	251,000	\$	251,000	\$ 251,000	\$	251,000
Computer Technology and Supplies (\$20,000/position)		60,000		60,000	60,000		60,000
2.0 Gas Chromatograph/Flame Ionization Detection Instruments							
(\$50,000/instrument)		100,000		100,000	100,000		100,000
Subtotal	\$	411,000	\$	411,000	\$ 411,000	\$	411,000
Department of Inspections and Appeals		/linimum		Maximum	Minimum		Maximum
Electronic Registration System Implementation Cost	\$	0	\$	289,000	\$ 0	\$	0
Annual System Support and Maintenance		0		71,500	0		71,500
Existing System Enhancements		50,000		0	50,000		0
0.5 Clerk FTE Position		30,000		30,000	30,000		30,000
1.0 Senior Environmental Specialist FTE Position 5.0 Environmental Specialist FTE Positions		72,000		72,000	72,000		72,000
(\$64,200/position) One-Time Staffing Expenses		321,000		321,000	321,000		321,000
(vehicle, technology, phone)		80,000		80,000	 0		0
Subtotal	\$	553,000	\$	863,500	\$ 473,000	\$	494,500
	I	/linimum		Maximum	Minimum		Maximum
Total	\$	964,000	\$	1,274,500	\$ 884,000	\$	905,500

Effective Date

This Act is effective June 30, 2020. <u>House File 2643</u> (FY 2021 Omnibus Appropriations Act) amended HF 2581 and repealed effective date of this Act and replaced it with the effective date of HF 2643.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 5, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

Sources

Legislative Services Agency
Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship
Department of Public Safety
Department of Inspections and Appeals
Office of Drug Control Policy
Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights
Department of Corrections

HF 2623 – Sports Wagering Debt Setoff (LSB5605HZ.2)

Staff Contact: Angel Banks-Adams (515.281.6301) angel.banks-adams@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

House File 2623 requires that all winnings reported on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form

W-2G be applied to the full amount of debt owed by the individual who wins money on a wager at a racetrack, excursion gambling boat, or gambling structure. This Act also amends provisions pertaining to qualified sponsoring organizations licensed to conduct or operate gambling games by providing that the inclusion of a member of the city council or a member of the county board of supervisors as an ex officio member of the board of directors is at the option of the city or county. This Act prohibits participants in an Internet fantasy sports contest from making any payments by credit card.

Background

lowa Code section <u>8A.504</u> permits the Department of Administrative Services to recover delinquent payments owed to State and political subdivisions by withholding payments that would otherwise be paid to individuals and vendors. The Department then applies the moneys toward the debt the individual owes to the State of Iowa or local governments, after charging a \$7 administrative fee for costs incurred to the agency requesting placement of the debt into the setoff program. The administrative fee, which is deducted from the gross proceeds collected through the program, covers salaries, supplies, equipment, and system modification and development costs, and indirect costs such as office space, security, and utility costs. Some of the debt types recovered are child support, court fees and restitution, State individual income taxes, and fees for traffic citations.

Under lowa Code sections <u>99D.28</u> and <u>99F.19</u>, a debtor who wins money on a wager at a racetrack, excursion gambling boat, or gambling structure in the State is subject to a setoff from those winnings in the amount of debt owed if the winnings are equal to or greater than \$1,200. However, the requirements to file IRS Form W-2G correspond to several winning threshold amounts and wager types, and this Act requires debtors to be subject to the setoff if the winnings are required to be reported on the form.

Gambling winnings are required to be reported on the form if:

- 1. The winnings (not reduced by the wager) are \$1,200 or more from a bingo game or slot machine.
- 2. The winnings (reduced by the wager) are \$1,500 or more from a keno game.
- 3. The winnings (reduced by the wager or buy-in) are more than \$5,000 from a poker tournament.
- 4. The winnings (except winnings from bingo, slot machines, keno, and poker tournaments) reduced, at the option of the payer, by the wager are:
 - a. \$600 or more; and
 - b. At least 300 times the amount of the wager.
- 5. The winnings are subject to federal income tax withholding (either regular gambling withholding or backup withholding).

State tax receipts from sports wagering for FY 2020, as deposited into the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund, are estimated at \$1.8 million. As this is the first year of legal sports wagering and fantasy sports in the State, debt has not yet been recovered from this form of wagering winnings.

The following tables show the amount of debt recovered through the setoff procedure at Iowa casinos in FY 2019. Other State agencies recovering debt include Iowa Workforce Development, the Department of Inspections and Appeals, the judicial districts, the Department of Commerce, and the Attorney General.

Table 1 — Setoff Debt Recovered by Entity in FY 2019

Entity	Deb	t Recovered
Judicial Branch	\$	1,668,315
Department of Revenue		1,433,430
Department of Human Services		1,061,163
Other State Agencies/Political Subdivisions		373,827
	\$	4,536,735

Table 2 — Setoff Debt Recovered by Other State Agencies and Political Subdivisions in FY 2019

Entity	De	bt Recovered
Other State Agencies	\$	149,378
Cities		105,551
Community Colleges		68,361
Municipal Utilities		26,651
Universities		23,282
Housing Authorities		604
	\$	373,827

Assumptions

- Approximately \$4.6 million in setoff funds, or 9.0% of funds collected through the setoff program, is collected by the 19 licensed lowa casinos.
- lowa casinos are responsible for checking claimants' winnings money on wagers at the facility against the State debt database.
- State General Fund revenue, in addition to city and county revenue, could increase as the setoff threshold is removed and sports wagering winnings are added to the debt collection pool.

• The amount of debt recovered from wagering winnings and placed in the setoff program cannot be less than \$50.

Fiscal Impact

While the fiscal impact cannot be estimated at this time, this Act is expected to increase collections through the State setoff program as sports wagering winnings are included and the number of taxable gambling events, and the eligible amount won from those taxable events, is expanded. There is no estimated fiscal impact as a result of language in this Act pertaining to qualified sponsoring organizations.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 5, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

Sources

Department of Administrative Services Iowa Racing and Gaming Commission Iowa Gaming Association House File 2627 – Professional Licensing (LSB5563HV.3)

Staff Contact: Angel Banks-Adams (515.281.6301) angel.banks-adams@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>House File 2627</u> relates to the regulation of professional licensure in lowa, including the recognition of out-of-state professional licenses and stated disqualification provisions for criminal convictions. This Act does the following:

- Excludes misdemeanors from the offenses that are grounds for professional license denial, revocation, or suspension for electrical and plumbing licenses.
- Adds language providing that only certain felony convictions are grounds for professional licensure denial, revocation, or suspension, and only if an unreasonable risk to public safety exists because the offense directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of the profession and the professional licensing board does not grant an exception. This language applies only to electrical and plumbing licenses.
- Allows an applicant to petition a professional licensing board for a determination of whether the applicant's criminal history results in the
 denial of a license, and allows the professional licensing board to charge a fee to the applicant for the administrative work involved in
 reviewing the petition. The fee cannot exceed \$25.
- Provides that professional licensing boards issuing licenses to apprentice and unclassified electricians cannot reject an application for professional licensure solely due to incarceration status or duration of time since the release of an applicant from incarceration.
- Requires that specified professional licensing boards issue professional licenses to applicants with out-of-state licenses if the applicants have established lowa residency and met specified conditions.
- Requires specified professional licensing boards to extend license expiration dates to June 30, 2021.
- Eliminates the Hospital Licensing Board.
- Waives the initial application and background check fees for any professional licensure applicant if the applicant's household income is at or below 200.0% of the federal poverty level and the applicant has not previously applied for that professional license in lowa.

This Act is effective upon enactment.

Background

Background checks and criminal history record checks are provided by the Division of Criminal Investigation within the Department of Public Safety on the behalf of the entities conferring professional licenses in <u>HF 2627</u>. The following felony convictions are grounds for the denial of an electrical or plumbing professional license, in addition to the revocation and suspension of that license:

- Sexual abuse in violation of Iowa Code section 709.4
- Sexual violence as defined in Iowa Code section <u>229A.2</u>

- Dependent adult abuse in violation of Iowa Code section <u>235B.20</u>
- Domestic abuse assault in violation of Iowa Code section <u>708.2A</u>

This Act provides that these felony convictions are grounds for the denial, revocation, or suspension of a license only if an unreasonable risk to public safety exists because the offense directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of the profession and the professional licensing board does not grant an exception. This Act specifies that other felony convictions and all misdemeanor offenses are not grounds for license denial, revocation, or suspension.

Assumptions

- Professional licensing system software changes will be necessary to accommodate the licensing changes in this Act. The Department of Public Health (DPH) estimates a one-time cost of \$40,000 to update its professional licensing software.
- The number of new applications received in FY 2021 by DPH licensing boards will be similar to the average number of applications received for fiscal years 2018 and 2019.
- 200.0% of the federal poverty level (FPL) is as follows for calendar year 2020:
 - For a household of 1: \$25,520
 - For a household of 2: \$34,480
 - For a household of 3: \$43,440
 - For a household of 4: \$52,400
- For estimating purposes, it is assumed that between 1.0% and 5.0% of new applicants for DPH professional licenses will meet the 200.0% FPL criteria for fee waivers (**Table 5**).
- Professional licensing boards will assess the maximum \$25 fee for reviewing petitions.
- For estimating purposes, it is assumed that between 1.0% and 5.0% of the new license applications received by the DPH will have petitions filed and be subject to the \$25 petition fee (**Table 6**).
- For estimating purposes, it is assumed that the majority of FY 2020 license renewals are paid
- This Act will not affect accountants, architects, engineers and land surveyors, landscape architects, and interior designers as these professions require an apprentice period before qualifying for licensure and it is assumed that the individuals in those positions will be earning more than 200.0% of the federal poverty level regardless of household size at the time of applying for licensure.
- The following percentages of applicants will qualify for the fee waiver:
 - Real estate salespersons: 25.0% of applicants
 - Real estate appraisers: 75.0% of applicants
 - Certified residential appraisers: 50.0% of applicants
 - Certified general appraisers: 25.0% of applicants
- A 2.0% growth rate was applied to provide Professional Licensing Bureau (PLB) calculations pertaining to real estate salespersons for FY 2021.
- The number of new applications received annually by the PLB (with the exception of real estate salesperson license applications) will be similar to the number received in FY 2019.

• For estimating purposes, it is assumed that between 1.0% and 5.0% of the new license applications received by the PLB will have petitions filed and be subject to the \$25 petition fee (**Table 9**).

Fiscal Impact

<u>Department of Public Health — Fiscal Impact Background Information</u>

Licensing boards under the purview of the DPH processed an average of 20,414 new professional license applications during FY 2018 and FY 2019, which generated an average of \$2.1 million in new license fee revenue. The cost for administering the background checks for the new licenses averaged \$329,000. License fee revenue is retained by the professional licensing boards to cover expenses.

Table 1 — DPH Average New License Fee Revenue — Current Law

Division/Board	New Applications	New License Revenue	Background Check Costs
ADPER/EH	4,078	\$ 284,815	\$ 70,950
BPL	4,690	473,849	30,000
Pharmacy	4,073	326,690	37,980
Nursing	4,578	305,369	162,750
Dental	1,430	102,225	12,788
Medicine	1,565	593,100	14,040
Total	20,414	\$ 2,086,048	\$ 328,508

ADPER/EH = Acute Disease Prevention and Emergency Response/Environmental Health

PL= Bureau of Professional Licensure

DPH License Renewal Extension

In addition to revenue from new license fees, DPH professional licensing boards generate revenue by renewing existing licenses. This Act specifies that licenses under Iowa Code section 147.13 that are set to expire in 2020 are extended to June 30, 2021.

Table 2
Bureau of Professional Licensure
Total Active Licenses

Board	Licenses
Cosmetology Arts and Sciences	18,640
Physical and Occupational Therapy	7,202
Social Work	4,170
Massage Therapy	3,256
Respiratory Care and Polysomnography	1,989
Behavioral Science	1,984
Chiropractic	1,882
Speech Pathology and Audiology	1,819
Physician Assistants	1,609
Dietetics	1,206
Psychology	1,114
Barbering	1,047
Mortuary Science	934
Nursing Home Administrators	857
Athletic Trainers	827
Optometry	713
Podiatry	387
Sign Language Interpreters and Transliterators	377
Hearing Aid Specialists	376
Total Licenses	50,389

As slightly fewer than 5,000 licenses under the DPH Bureau of Professional Licensure (BPL) are new licenses, approximately 46,000 licenses are renewed licenses.

The number of active licenses renewed by the remaining boards under lowa Code section 147.13 are as follows:

Table 3 — DPH Active Licenses

Board	Licenses
Board of Medicine	12,009
Board of Nursing	65,215
Dental Board	6,090
Board of Pharmacy	8,044
Total Licenses	91,358

Carryforward Funds

The BPL does not receive a General Fund appropriation; instead, the Bureau relies on carryforward funds to cover expenses at the beginning of the fiscal year before license fee revenue is received. Carryforward funds are also sometimes required for covering costs of larger ongoing projects, such as information technology updates. Additionally, some of the licenses under the BPL are set to be renewed in the same time frame; for example, the licenses to practice acupuncture are all renewed in October of even-numbered years. A license renewal extension to June 30, 2021, would indicate a greater reliance on carryforward funds to mitigate cash flow issues throughout FY 2021. As shown in **Table 4**, the FY 2021 estimated carryforward balances for the BPL and the Dental Board are particularly low. The amount of carryforward balance as a percentage of total annual expenses varies by board.

Table 4 — Carryforward Balances for DPH Boards

T UDIC T	Carry for ward Baranece for Dr 11 Boards				
Professional Licensing		FY 2021	Carryforward		
Entities	Carr	yforward Estimate	Percentage of Total Expenses		
Professional Licensure	\$	160,566	5.9%		
Pharmacy		1,478,557	48.2%		
Nursing		572,713	16.7%		
Dental		238,727	21.9%		
Medicine		1,262,663	37.9%		
Total Carryforward Funds	\$	3,713,226			

LSA estimate

Department of Public Health — Estimated FY 2021 Impact

The revenue reduction to the DPH in the first year of implementation of HF 2627 ranges from \$61,000 to \$234,000, as the percentage of waived application fees will determine the fiscal impact. To implement the license fee and background check waiver provision in this Act, the Department estimates a one-time cost of \$40,000 will be incurred to update the professional licensing system software. **Table 5** shows the estimated decrease in fee revenue the Department may experience, depending on the percentage of applicants qualifying for the fee waiver.

Table 5 — DPH Fiscal Impact

Division/Board	New Applications	1.0% Meet FPL Criteria	3.0% Meet FPL Criteria	5.0% Meet FPL Criteria
ADPER/EH	4,078	\$ 2,848	\$ 8,544	\$ 14,240
PL	4,690	4,738	14,215	47,383
Pharmacy	4,073	3,267	9,801	32,670
Nursing	4,578	3,054	9,161	30,535
Dental	1,430	1,022	3,067	10,223
Medicine	1,565	5,931	17,793	59,309
One-Time Software Update		40,000	40,000	40,000
Total Revenue Reduction	20,414	\$ 60,860	\$ 102,580	\$ 234,360

Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Petition Fees

A professional licensing board can administer a maximum fee of \$25 to applicants petitioning the licensing board for a determination of whether the applicant's criminal history results in the denial of a license for the administrative work involved in reviewing the petition. **Table 6** shows the range of the estimated increase from petition fee revenue to be generated by applicants filing petitions for the awarding of licenses based on a fee of \$25. The fiscal estimate for increased administrative fee revenue from petitions to the DPH ranges from \$5,000 to \$77,000 annually.

Table 6 — DPH Fee Revenue from Petition Fees

Division/Board	New Applications	1.0% Petition	5.0% Petition	15.0% Petition
ADPER/EH	4,078	\$ 1,020	\$ 5,098	\$ 15,293
PL	4,690	1,173	5,863	17,588
Pharmacy	4,073	1,018	5,091	15,274
Nursing	4,578	1,145	5,723	17,168
Dental	1,430	358	1,788	5,363
Medicine	1,565	391	1,956	5,869
Total Revenue Increase	20,414	\$ 5,104	\$ 25,518	\$ 76,553

Totals may not sum due to rounding.

<u>Division of Banking — PLB Fiscal Impact Background Information</u>

In FY 2019, licensing boards under the purview of the PLB processed 922 new applications. These applications generated \$119,000 in fee revenue, and the cost for background checks was approximately \$17,000.

Table 7 — FY 2019 PLB Licensing Fee Revenue

License Type	New Applications	Fee Revenu	ie Backgr	ound Check Costs
Real Estate Salespersons	892	\$ 51,2	290 \$	16,056
Real Estate Appraisers	27	37,9	10	486
Certified Residential Appraisers	2	22,3	800	36
Certified General Appraisers	1	7,6	80	18
Total	922	\$ 119,1	80 \$	16,596

Division of Banking — PLB — FY 2021 Estimated Impact

Table 8 shows the estimated decrease in licensing fee revenue the PLB may experience as a result of the fee waiver in this Act during the first year of implementation, after a 2.0% growth rate in new real estate salesperson license applications has been applied. The annual revenue decrease to the PLB as a result of the fee waiver in this Act is estimated to be \$35,000.

Table 8 — PLB Licensing Fee Revenue Loss FY 2021 Compared to Estimated FY 2020

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License Type	Revenue Loss
Real Estate Salespersons	\$ 13,973
Real Estate Appraisers	10,328
Certified Residential Appraisers	6,075
Certified General Appraisers	4,810
Total Revenue Reduction	\$ 35,185

Table 9 shows the estimated administrative fee revenue to be generated by a certain percentage of applicants filing petitions for reinstatement of licenses based on a fee of \$25. The estimate ranges from \$300 to \$1,000.

Table 9 — PLB Fee Revenue from Petition Fees

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License Type	New Applications	1.0	0% Petition	3.0% Petition			5.0% Petition					
Real Estate Salespersons	1,058	\$	275	\$	800	\$	1,325					
Real Estate Appraisers	24		0		25		25					
Certified Residential Appraisers	3		0		0		0					
Certified General Appraisers	1		0		0		0					
Total Revenue Increase	1,086	\$	275	\$	825	\$	1,350					

Summary of FY 2021 Impact

Table 10 summarizes the FY 2021 fiscal impact for the DPH and the PLB in the Division of Banking.

Table 10 — Summary of Fiscal Impact

	FY 2021	FY 2021
	Board Fee Revenue Impact - Low Estimate	Board Fee Revenue Impact - High Estimate
DPH		
Revenue Reduction	-\$60,860	-\$234,360
One-time Software Cost	-40,000	-40,000
Petition Fee Revenue	5,104	76,553
Net Revenue Reduction	-\$95,756	-\$197,807
PLB		
Revenue Reduction	-\$35,185	-\$35,185
Petition Fee Revenue	1,350	275
Net Revenue Reduction	-\$33,835	\$34,910
Total Revenue Reduction	-\$129,591	-\$232,717

Hospital Licensing Board

The elimination of the Hospital Licensing Board will not have a significant fiscal impact.

Effective Date

Division I of this Act is effective January 1, 2021. Division II of this Act is effective June 25, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 13, 2020 and signed by the Governor on June 25, 2020.

Sources

Department of Public Health Department of Commerce, Division of Banking, Professional Licensing Bureau U.S. Department of Health and Human Services LSA analysis HF 2629 – Future Ready Iowa (LSB5595HZ.3)

Staff Contacts: Ron Robinson (515.281.6256) ron.robinson@legis.iowa.gov

Michael Guanci (515.725.1286) <u>michael.guanci@legis.iowa.gov</u> Lora Vargason (515.725.2249) <u>lora.vargason@legis.iowa.gov</u> Robin Madison (515.281.5270) <u>robin.madison@legis.iowa.gov</u>

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>House File 2629</u> adds to and modifies the Iowa Code provisions enacted by <u>2018 Iowa Acts, chapter 1067</u> (Future Ready Iowa Act), and other efforts to strengthen Iowa's workforce, including an apprenticeship training program, a Child Care Challenge Program, computer science instruction, a scholarship program, and a Senior Year Plus Program. This Act is organized by divisions. The Act may contain a State mandate, as defined in Iowa Code section <u>25B.2(3)</u>.

DIVISION I — Future Ready Iowa Apprenticeship Training Programs.

Division I creates an Expanded Registered Apprenticeship Opportunities Program that is similar to the existing Registered Apprenticeship Development Program. The purpose of the new Program is to provide financial assistance to encourage sponsors of apprenticeship programs with 20 or fewer apprentices to maintain apprenticeship programs in high-demand occupations. Implementation of this Division is subject to an appropriation.

DIVISION II — Iowa Child Care Challenge Fund.

Division II establishes an Iowa Child Care Challenge Program under the Iowa Department of Workforce Development (IWD) and creates an Iowa Child Care Challenge Fund under the control of the IWD. The IWD must administer the Program in consultation with the Workforce Development Board. The purpose of the Program is to encourage and enable businesses, nonprofit organizations, and consortiums to establish local child care facilities and increase the availability of quality, affordable child care for working Iowans. A portion of the moneys deposited in the Iowa Employer Innovation Fund created in Iowa Code section 84A.13, in an amount determined annually by the IWD in consultation with the Workforce Development Board, must be transferred annually to the Iowa Child Care Challenge Fund.

DIVISION III — Computer Science Instruction — Educational Standards.

Division III relates to computer science instruction in kindergarten through grade 12, amending lowa Code provisions establishing the minimum educational standards and establishing or modifying computer science instruction-related responsibilities of the Department of Education (DE), school districts, and accredited nonpublic schools. Commencing with the 2023-2024 school year, accredited schools must offer and teach computer science instruction that incorporates the computer science education standards adopted by the State Board of Education in at least one grade at the elementary level and at the middle school level. In grades 9-12, commencing with the 2022-2023

school year, one-half unit of computer science that incorporates the computer science education standards adopted by the State Board must be offered and taught; however, the one-half unit may be offered and taught online.

Each school district and accredited nonpublic school must develop and implement a K-12 computer science plan by July 1, 2022. The DE is required to develop and implement a statewide K-12 computer science instruction plan by July 1, 2022. The DE is required to convene a computer science work group to develop recommendations to strengthen computer science instruction and for the development and implementation of a statewide campaign to promote computer science to K-12 students and to the parents and legal guardians of students. The work group is required to submit its findings to the General Assembly by July 1, 2021.

The establishment of high-quality standards for computer science education taught by elementary, middle, and high schools, as described in lowa Code section 256.7, are effective July 1, 2021.

This Division may include a State mandate as defined in Iowa Code section <u>25B.3</u> and requires that any State mandate in the Act be paid by a school district from the State Foundation Aid appropriation.

DIVISION IV — Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program.

Division IV directs the State Board of Education to adopt administrative rules establishing a process by which the DE must approve structured educational and training programs that include authentic worksite training for purposes of participating community colleges, then expands the definition of "eligible student" under the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program administered by the Iowa College Student Aid Commission. The Department of Education and the College Student Aid Commission are authorized to adopt emergency rules to implement the provisions of Division IV so as to take effect upon filing unless a later date is specified in the rules.

Division IV is effective upon enactment if approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020. If Division IV is approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020, Division IV applies retroactively to July 1, 2020.

DIVISION V — Senior Year Plus Program and Postsecondary Enrollment Options.

Division V amends provisions under the Senior Year Plus Program by eliminating references and provisions relating to full-time and part-time enrollment.

Background

 ${\bf DIVISION~III-Computer~Science~Instruction-Educational~Standards.}$

In 2017, <u>SF 274</u> (Computer Science Education Act) was enacted to expand computer science opportunities for students statewide. Included in the legislation was the establishment of the Computer Science Professional Development Incentive Fund and a Computer Science Education Work Group. The Fund was established to provide for various forms of professional development relating to computer

science and has received an annual appropriation of \$500,000. The Work Group issued its <u>recommendations</u> in 2017 on how to expand and strengthen computer science education in the State.

The Department of Education recently issued the Computer Science Education in Iowa report, which details the implementation of computer science instruction in school districts and district needs to support computer science education. It is estimated that 51.0% of elementary schools, 39.0% of middle schools, and 38.0% of high schools will need to either incorporate computer science instruction with current staff or add additional teachers to teach computer science to meet the requirements of this Act.

A settlement of a Microsoft class-action lawsuit will provide \$4.0 million to be used for school districts to support Division III of the Act. The funds will be used for supporting computer science professional learning and training for teachers, virtual computer science curriculum for lowa schools, and computer science curriculum for schools.

DIVISION V — Senior Year Plus Program and Postsecondary Enrollment Options.

The Senior Year Plus Program offers a variety of options for eligible students, including concurrent enrollment and Postsecondary Enrollment Options (PSEO). A review of concurrent enrollment credits by the Department of Education completed during the 2018-2019 school year showed 819 students (1.8% of total enrollees) enrolled in 24 credit hours or more of coursework. One hundred seventeen districts (38.7%) enrolled at least one student in concurrent enrollment courses where credits associated with those courses met the definition of full-time enrollment (24 credits or more). The additional concurrent enrollment credit hours are already funded by supplementary weighting for an estimated total of \$240,000 in State aid from the General Fund.

PSEO enrollment has been declining in the last several years. During the 2018-2019 school year, total PSEO enrollment was 1,014 students, down from 5,916 students in the 2010-2011 school year.

Assumptions

DIVISION III — Computer Science Instruction — Educational Standards. It is unknown how many school districts will choose to hire additional computer science instruction staff.

DIVISION V — Senior Year Plus Program and Postsecondary Enrollment Options.

- Based on an analysis by the DE of concurrent enrollment credits completed for school year 2018-2019, there may be an additional 143 students who exceed 23 credit hours during the 2020-2021 school year.
- The fiscal estimates assume each student's total credit hours will increase by 4.1 credits.
- The average cost per credit is estimated to be \$71.
- Under current law, the State cost per pupil for FY 2022 and all future years is \$7,048.
- PSEO costs will remain at \$250 per course.
- PSEO enrollment over the 23-hour credit limit may increase; however, the impact is expected to be minimal.

Fiscal Impact

The estimated fiscal impact of <u>HF 2629</u>, by division, is as follows:

Division I relates to an Expanded Registered Apprenticeship Opportunities Program administered by the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) and is subject to an appropriation of funds. The fiscal impact of Division I cannot be determined since the demand for the Expanded Registered Apprenticeship Opportunities Program is unknown and an appropriation is not provided. The current Registered Apprenticeship Development Program established in Iowa Code chapter 15C receives an annual General Fund appropriation of \$1.0 million. If funds are appropriated, the IEDA annual administrative expenditures are limited to 2.0% of the funds appropriated.

Division II relates to the establishment of an Iowa Child Care Challenge Program and Fund. The Division will have a fiscal impact that cannot be determined because this Division authorizes the IWD to utilize a current appropriation for the new Program, and the impact on current education and training efforts supported by the Iowa Employer Innovation Fund cannot be determined because this Division does not specify the amount of the current appropriation that will be used for the new Program. Administration costs incurred by the IWD would be minimal and incorporated within the existing budget for the IWD.

Division III relates to computer science instruction. Division III will have minimal fiscal impact to the DE. However, the fiscal impact to school districts and accredited nonpublic schools cannot be determined. It is unknown how many school districts will choose to hire additional staff to meet the requirements of this Act. School districts may choose to use current staff or incorporate computer science into current instruction or use an online course offering. School districts may have costs for additional staff, training and professional development of current staff, and curriculum. Some of that cost may be offset by the \$4.0 million Microsoft class-action lawsuit proceeds or by funds in the Computer Science Professional Development Incentive Fund.

Division IV relates to the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program. The Division will result in one-time and ongoing costs to the Iowa College Student Aid Commission in FY 2021 totaling an estimated \$32,000. The ongoing costs will total between \$5,000 and \$6,000 in subsequent years. These costs will be funded from the Commission's Strategic Reserve Fund, also known as the Operating Fund. The cost of awards under the Program is capped by an annual General Fund appropriation.

Division V relates to the Senior Year Plus Program and postsecondary enrollment options and is expected to increase State school aid from the General Fund by an estimated \$42,000 beginning in FY 2022. Any increase in Postsecondary Enrollment Options (PSEO) enrollments may increase individual school districts' costs; however, due to the recent decline in PSEO courses, the fiscal impact is expected to be minimal for school districts.

Effective Date

The requirement for the State Board of Education to establish high-quality standards for computer science education taught by elementary, middle, and high schools, as described in Iowa Code section 256.7, is effective July 1, 2021. All other provisions of this Act are effective July 1, 2020, with varying applicability dates.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 12, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Sources

Iowa Department of Workforce Development Iowa Department of Education Iowa College Student Aid Commission Iowa Economic Development Authority

HF 2647 – Criminal Justice Reform (LSB6421YH.1)

Staff Contact: Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description and Background

House File 2647 relates to the certification, training, and prosecution of peace officers, and the use of chokeholds by peace officers.

Division I: Prosecution by Attorney General

Division I of HF 2647 authorizes the Attorney General (AG) to prosecute a criminal offense committed by a law enforcement officer, as defined in Iowa Code section 80B.3, which arises from the actions of the officer resulting in the death of another person, regardless of whether the county attorney requests the assistance of the AG or decides to independently prosecute the criminal offense committed by the officer. Should the AG determine that criminal charges are not appropriate, but that an officer has committed misconduct in violation of Iowa Code chapter 80B or 80D, or related administrative rules, the AG may refer the matter to the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy (ILEA) Council to make a recommendation to suspend or revoke the officer's certification.

Division II: Use of Chokeholds by Peace Officers

Division II of HF 2647 amends existing Iowa Code section <u>804.8</u>, relating to the use of force by a peace officer making an arrest, by providing that the use of a chokehold is only justified when the person being arrested has used or threatened to use deadly force in committing a felony, or when the peace officer reasonably believes the person would use deadly force against any person unless immediately apprehended.

This Act defines "chokehold" as the intentional and prolonged application of force to the throat or windpipe that prevents or hinders breathing or reduces the intake of air.

Division III: Certification — Other States — Revocation or Suspension

Division III of HF 2647 establishes circumstances under which the ILEA Council is required to revoke a certification of a law enforcement or reserve peace officer, may suspend or revoke a certification of a law enforcement or reserve peace officer, or may deny an application of a law enforcement officer from another state seeking employment at an agency in this State.

This Act defines "serious misconduct" in relation to suspension or revocation of a certification as improper or illegal actions taken by a law enforcement officer or reserve peace officer in connection with the officer's official duties including but not limited to a conviction for a felony, fabrication of evidence, repeated use of excessive force, acceptance of a bribe, or the commission of fraud.

Additionally, HF 2647 requires that the ILEA promulgate administrative rules to reflect the circumstances under which the suspension or revocation of an officer's certification is appropriate, and under which circumstances the AG or another employing agency may so recommend.

Division IV: Law Enforcement Training — De-Escalation Techniques and Prevention Bias

House File 2647 requires the ILEA, in consultation with the Iowa Civil Rights Commission (ICRC), advocacy organizations, and various interest groups and stakeholders, to develop, provide, and disseminate annual training to every law enforcement officer employed by a law enforcement agency on matters related to de-escalation techniques and the prevention of bias. The training is mandatory for every law enforcement officer in the State, and must include all of the following:

- An emphasis on law enforcement officer understanding and respect for diverse communities and the importance of effective, noncombative methods of carrying out law enforcement in a diverse community.
- Instruction on diverse communities to foster mutual respect and cooperation between law enforcement and members of a community.
- An examination and identification of patterns, practices, and protocols that cause biased law enforcement actions, and the tools to prevent such actions.
- An examination and identification of key elements and perspectives that make up differences among residents in a community.
- Instruction on implicit bias and consideration of the negative impact of intentional or implicit bias on effective law enforcement, including an examination of how historical perceptions of profiling have harmed community relations.
- Instruction on diverse perspectives of local constituency groups as provided by experts on particular cultural and law enforcement relations issues in a local area.
- A presentation of the history and role of the civil rights movement and the impact on law enforcement.
- Instruction on de-escalation techniques, including verbal and physical tactics to minimize the need for use of force and nonlethal methods of applying force.

The ILEA is also required to consult with local law enforcement agencies to consider challenges and barriers to providing training, and what methods may be utilized to ease any agency burdens.

Division V: Effective Date and Applicability

If approved by the Governor on or after July 1, 2020, HF 2647 takes effect upon enactment and is retroactively applicable to July 1, 2020.

Assumptions

- To support the additional administrative oversight and to assist with the investigation and document preparation related to the decertification process, the ILEA assumes it will need to hire 1.0 additional Administrative Assistant full-time equivalent (FTE) position.
- To develop, provide, and disseminate the required training on de-escalation techniques and bias prevention, the ILEA assumes it will need to hire 1.0 additional Law Enforcement Instructor FTE position.

- It is assumed that the ILEA will not be able to hire both the instructor and administrative assistant positions by the beginning of FY 2021 on July 1, 2020. An estimated start date of October 1, 2020, is assumed for both positions.
- FY 2021 calculations assume the payment of salary and benefits for nine months. FY 2022 calculations assume salary and benefit payment for a full year.
- The ICRC assumes that its caseload may increase due to a rising number of complaints as a result of the passage of HF 2647.

Fiscal Impact

The total annual estimated fiscal impact of HF 2647 to the ILEA is displayed in the table below.

	Cost						
Position	F	Y 2021	F	FY 2022			
Salary and Benefits							
1.0 Administrative Assistant FTE Position	\$	70,000	\$	100,000			
Salary and Benefits							
1.0 Law Enforcement Instructor FTE Position		110,000		140,000			
Total	\$	180,000	\$	240,000			

The ICRC cannot determine the increase in its complaint caseload resulting from the implementation of HF 2647. At this time, it is not possible to determine the fiscal impact on the ICRC related to the implications of this Act.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 12, 2020.

<u>Sources</u>

Office of the Attorney General lowa Law Enforcement Academy lowa Civil Rights Commission Legislative Services Agency SF 2097 – Indecent Exposure (LSB5318SV.2)

Staff Contact: Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 2097</u> relates to the criminal offense of indecent exposure and makes penalties applicable. This Act expands the definition of indecent exposure in lowa Code section <u>709.9</u> to include masturbation, which is defined as the physical stimulation of a person's own genitals or pubic area for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the person, regardless of whether the genitals or pubic area is exposed or covered. This Act specifies that indecent exposure includes an act in which a person exposes the person's genitals or pubic area to another individual who is not the person's spouse, or commits a sex act in the presence of or view of a third person, if all of the following apply:

- The person does so to arouse or satisfy the desires of either party.
- The person knows or reasonably should know that the act is offensive to the viewer.

This Act provides that a person who masturbates in public in the presence of another person, not a child, commits a serious misdemeanor.

This Act further provides that a person who masturbates in public in the presence of a child commits an aggravated misdemeanor.

Background

A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$315, but no more than \$1,875. An aggravated misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than two years and a fine of at least \$625, but no more than \$6,250.

In FY 2019, there were 44 convictions of indecent exposure under Iowa Code section 709.9. Of these 44 convictions, 27 offenders were committed to community-based corrections supervision.

Additionally, a person who violates Iowa Code section 709.9 is designated as a Tier I sex offender under Iowa Code section 692A.102(1)(a)(5), and must follow the requirements related to registering as a sex offender pursuant to Iowa Code section 692A.103.

Assumptions

• The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay; revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.

- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails
 is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- The daily cost of a person under sex offender intensive supervision totals approximately \$9.80.

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact of SF 2097 cannot be determined. This Act establishes new criminal offenses by amending the definition of indecent exposure, and the number of convictions cannot be estimated. It is likely that SF 2097 will increase the number of persons entering into community-based corrections as a result of these new offenses, but the extent of that increase cannot be estimated.

In FY 2019, the average length of stay for an offender serving a violation of lowa Code section <u>709.9</u> totaled approximately 435 days under community-based corrections supervision. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

The minority impact of SF 2097 is as follows: African Americans comprised 3.6% of the adult population of the State in FY 2019 and 15.9% of the convictions for Iowa Code section 709.9 offenses in FY 2019. This exceeds the population proportion of the State, which would lead to a racial impact if trends remain constant. Due to Iow numbers of other minority populations, the impact on those populations cannot be assessed. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Table 1 provides a breakdown of the demographics of the FY 2019 convictions under lowa Code section 709.9 with respect to percentage of the State's population.

Table 1 — FY 2019 Convictions and Population Percentage

Demographic	Percentage of FY 2019 Indecent Exposure Convictions	Demographic Percentage of Iowa's Total Population
White	70.5%	90.2%
African American	15.9%	3.6%
Hispanic	4.6%	6.2%
Other/Unknown	4.6%	3.0%

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of SF 2097 cannot be determined. This Act expands the definition of indecent exposure and creates two new criminal offenses related to masturbation. The resulting number of convictions and cost to the justice system cannot be estimated. **Table 2** shows estimates for the average State cost per offense class type. The estimates include operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the Department of Corrections for one additional conviction. The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Table 2 — Average State Cost Per Defense Class Type

	Cost Increase								
Offense	Mi	nimum	Ма	ximum					
Serious Misdemeanor	\$	410	\$	4,900					
Aggravated Misdemeanor	\$	5,600	\$	8,000					

In FY 2019, the cost of admission to community-based corrections of one additional offender for a violation of Iowa Code section 709.9 totaled approximately \$4,263 annually. This cost was based on an assumed daily cost of \$9.80 per day for an individual under sex offender intensive supervision for an average length of stay of 435 days.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

Sources

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights Department of Corrections U.S. Census Bureau

SF 2142 – Supplemental State Aid (2.30% Growth) (LSB5516SVV.1)

Staff Contact: Michael Guanci (515.725.1286) michael.guanci@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 2142</u> modifies and establishes provisions related to the funding of school districts, including establishing a State supplemental aid rate (percent of growth) and the categorical State percent of growth for the budget year beginning July 1, 2020 (FY 2021), and providing for other changes to the school aid formula.

Senate File 2142 has three provisions with a fiscal impact:

- Establishes a 2.30% State percent of growth rate to be applied to the State cost per pupil (SCPP) for FY 2021.
- Establishes a 2.30% State percent of growth rate to be applied to each of the State categorical cost per pupil amounts and to the standing appropriation for the Transportation Equity Fund for FY 2021.
- Provides additional property tax replacement funding based on the per pupil increase that results from the establishment of the State percent of growth in FY 2021. The Act requires the additional levy portion of the FY 2021 SCPP amount to be frozen at \$750 per pupil, regardless of the per pupil increase for FY 2021. Without enactment of this provision, the increase in the FY 2021 SCPP due to the State percent of growth would include a per pupil property tax increase equivalent to one-eighth (12.5%) of the total per pupil increase.

Background

State Cost Per Pupil. The school aid formula provides funding to school districts and Area Education Agencies (AEAs) through a mix of State aid and property taxes. In general, funding is generated on a per pupil basis, with the per pupil amounts providing an overall budget limitation (or spending authority). There are five SCPP funding levels that will be increased by a 2.30% State percent of growth for FY 2021 with the enactment of SF 2142.

Table 1 provides the supplemental State aid amounts (also referred to as per pupil growth amounts) and SCPP amounts for FY 2021 based on a 2.30% growth rate. The supplemental State aid amounts will be applied to all corresponding district and AEA cost per pupil amounts. In addition to a 2.30% growth rate, 2020 lowa Acts, chapter 1002 (School Finance — Regular State Cost Per Pupil — School Transportation Funding), enacted on February 25, 2020, adds an additional \$10 to the SCPP separate from the State supplemental aid.

Table 1 — SF 2142
FY 2021 State Cost Per Pupil Calculations

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2021	FY 2021
	State Cost	State Percent	Supplemental	State Cost
	Per Pupil	of Growth	State Aid	Per Pupil
Regular Program	\$ 6,880	2.30%	\$ 158	\$ 7,048 *
Special Education Program	6,880	2.30%	158	7,048 *
AEA Special Education Services	301.62	2.30%	6.94	308.56
AEA Media Services	56.24	2.30%	1.29	57.53
AEA Education Services	62.05	2.30%	1.43	63.48

^{* 2020} lowa Acts, chapter 1002, increases the FY 2021 SCPP by an additional \$10.

In addition to the State percent of growth and supplemental State aid amounts for FY 2021, enrollments, weightings, and taxable valuations within each school district have an impact on the amount of total school aid funding, including the amount of State aid and local property tax required to generate the total funding amount.

State Categorical Supplements. The State categorical supplements are funded entirely through State aid and generate funds for each school district and AEA through the school aid formula on a per pupil basis. The FY 2021 SCPP funding levels for the teacher salary supplement (district and AEA), professional development supplement (district and AEA), early intervention supplement (district only), and Teacher Leadership and Compensation (TLC) (district only) supplement will be increased by a 2.30% State percent of growth for FY 2021. **Table 2** provides the per pupil growth amounts and SCPP amounts for FY 2021 based on SF 2142.

Table 2 — SF 2142

FY 2021 State Categorical Cost Per Pupil Calculations

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2021	FY 2021
	State Cost	State Percent	Supplemental	State Cost
	Per Pupil	of Growth	State Aid	Per Pupil
Teacher Salary - Districts	\$ 591.96	2.30%	\$13.62	\$ 605.58
Professional Development - Districts	67.04	2.30%	1.54	68.58
Early Intervention	73.03	2.30%	1.68	74.71
Teacher Leadership and Compensation	333.23	2.30%	7.66	340.89
Teacher Salary - AEAs	30.98	2.30%	0.71	31.69
Professional Development - AEAs	3.62	2.30%	0.08	3.70

Additionally, there is a budget guarantee provision for each of the State categorical supplements, which provides each district and AEA with a minimum of the previous fiscal year's level of funding (net of the previous year's budget guarantee amount). This provision for the State categorical supplements is funded entirely through State aid.

Transportation Equity Fund. 2020 Iowa Acts, chapter 1002, allows for the standing appropriation to the Transportation Equity Fund to grow at the same rate as the categorical State percent of growth even though it is not a categorical. The Transportation Equity Fund appropriation is not included in the combined district cost or in the total State aid appropriation.

Property Tax Replacement Payment (PTRP). 2013 lowa Acts, chapter 121 (Education Reform), included the creation of the PTRP provision to replace local property tax amounts with State aid. The provision froze the additional levy portion of the SCPP at \$750; based on the State percent of growth enacted during the intervening fiscal years, this provision created \$15 per pupil in property tax relief in FY 2014 and up to \$131 per pupil in FY 2021. The continual growth is a result of the requirement that the per pupil property tax relief of previous fiscal years carry forward into future fiscal years. Enactment of SF 2142 maintains the additional levy portion of the SCPP at \$750 in FY 2021. The per pupil property tax relief amount will be based on the State percent of growth enacted for FY 2021. Table 3 provides detail regarding the SCPP funding levels as provided by a 2.30% growth rate for FY 2021 in SF 2142.

Table 3 — SF 2142
FY 2021 Property Tax Replacement Payment Calculation

	FY 2020	Supp	se Due to elemental Aid Rate	FY 2021
Regular Program	\$ 6,880	\$	158	\$ 7,048 *
Unadjusted Additional Levy	860		20	881 *
PTRP Portion	110		21	131
Fixed Additional Levy Portion	750		0	750

^{* 2020} lowa Acts, chapter 1002, increases the FY 2021 SCPP by an additional \$10 and increases the unadjusted additional levy by \$1.

Assumptions

- Estimates are based on October 2019 certified enrollments and supplementary weightings for FY 2021, which were approved by the School Budget Review Committee (SBRC) in December 2019.
- A statewide taxable valuation growth rate of 4.92% for FY 2021 was previously agreed upon by the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) and the Department of Management. Based on this assumed rate, the statewide total for the uniform levy is estimated to account for \$47.2 million (+5.0%) of the school foundation property tax change in FY 2021 (including the uniform levy portion of the commercial/industrial rollback replacement payment). The estimated increase in the uniform levy amount is not affected by the establishment of the State percent of growth rate. Property tax adjustment aid amounts are based on the statewide taxable valuation growth factor applied to each school district's FY 2021 taxable valuation amount.
- Total State aid includes funding from the State General Fund and other funds appropriated or deposited in the Property Tax Equity and Relief (PTER) Fund, which is used to provide additional property tax relief through the school aid formula.
- Establishing an FY 2021 State percent of growth will also affect the amount of funding generated for the Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program. Funding for the Program is provided by State General Fund dollars and is included in the overall State aid total.
- Districts eligible for the 101.00% budget adjustment will approve use of that provision.

- Under the provisions of 2020 Iowa Acts, chapter 1019 (Supplemental and Continuing Appropriations Act), the total AEA reduction for FY 2021 is \$22.5 million.
- The General Fund appropriation to the Transportation Equity Fund will increase by the categorical State percent of growth.
- Other legislation may have an impact on the amount of State aid and property tax generated through the school aid formula.

Fiscal Impact

The following table provides the estimated fiscal impact of the three provisions of SF 2142: State supplemental aid, State categorical rate, and PTRP implementation. These provisions include:

- \$22.5 million reduction in State aid to the AEAs.
- \$75.1 million in PTRP funding, an increase of \$12.4 million (19.80%) compared to FY 2020.
- \$552.8 million for the State categorical supplements for school districts and AEAs, an increase of \$14.9 million (2.78%). This includes:
 - \$313.4 million for the teacher salary supplement at the district and AEA level.
 - \$35.6 million for the professional development supplement at the district and AEA level.
 - \$36.6 million for the early intervention supplement.
 - \$167.3 million for the Teacher Leadership and Compensation supplement.
- \$88.1 million for preschool formula funding, an increase of \$2.0 million (2.31%) compared to FY 2020. The preschool formula funding is included in the State aid amount but is not included in the combined district cost total.
- \$8.3 million in budget adjustment funding for 106 qualifying districts, a decrease of
 \$1.5 million (15.59%) compared to FY 2020. The budget guarantee adjustment is calculated at the school district level so that school districts receive 101.00% of their previous year's funding. The budget guarantee adjustment is funded entirely through property taxes.
- The total property tax funds generated through the school aid formula are estimated to be \$1.612 billion, an increase of \$49.1 million (3.14%) compared to FY 2020.
- The total State aid from the General Fund (reflecting the total school aid funding level for school districts and AEAs generated through the school aid formula) is estimated to be \$3.392 billion, an increase of \$106.3 million (3.24%) compared to FY 2020. Any legislative action affecting FY 2021 school aid provisions will have an impact on school aid amounts. Additionally, any variations in the assumptions noted may result in changes in the FY 2021 estimates provided in the following table.

Table 4 further provides the fiscal impact of SF 2142. This also includes:

- An increase in the SCPP of \$10 under the provisions of 2020 lowa Acts, chapter 1002.
- The standing appropriation to the Transportation Equity Fund, which is not included in the total State aid from the General Fund

Table 4 — SF 2142 – for a printable version, click here

Legislative Services Agency: FY 2021 School Aid Estimates — 2.30% State Percent of Growth (Statewide Dollars in Millions)

State Percent of Growth: 2.30%	*St	ate Cost Per	Pup	il: \$7,048	Sta	State Supplemental Aid: \$158				
AEA Reduction: \$7,500,000		ditional Reduc 5,000,000	ction	:		al AEA Redu 2, 500,000	uction:			
Program Funding:		FY 2020		Est. FY 2021	Est	. Change	% Change			
Regular Program District Cost	\$	3,364.1	\$	3,461.5	\$	97.4	2.90%			
Regular Program Budget Adjustment		9.8		8.3		-1.5	-15.59%			
Supplementary Weighting (District)		104.8		106.5		1.8	1.68%			
Special Education Instruction (District)		460.2		478.6		18.3	3.99%			
Teacher Salary Supplement (District)		288.6		296.6		8.0	2.76%			
Professional Development Supplement (District)		32.7		33.6		0.9	2.75%			
Early Intervention Supplement (District)		35.6		36.6		1.0	2.76%			
Teacher Leadership Supplement (District)		162.7		167.3		4.5	2.79%			
AEA Special Ed Support District Cost		167.3		172.3		4.9	2.94%			
AEA Special Ed Support Adjustment		1.4		1.2		-0.2	-17.18%			
AEA Media Services		29.3		30.1		0.8	2.78%			
AEA Ed Services		32.4		33.3		0.9	2.79%			
AEA Teacher Salary Supplement		16.4		16.8		0.5	3.00%			
AEA Professional Development Supplement		1.9		2.0		0.1	2.93%			
Dropout and Dropout Prevention		124.9		124.9		0.0	0.00%			
Combined District Cost	\$	4,809.6	\$	4,946.9	\$	137.4	2.86%			
Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program	\$	86.2	\$	88.1	\$	2.0	2.31%			
State Aid:		FY 2020		Est. FY 2021	Est	. Change	% Change			
Regular Program	\$	1,964.5	\$	2,005.0	\$	40.5	2.06%			
Supplementary Weighting		91.4		93.0		1.6	1.75%			
Special Education Weighting		401.6		417.8		16.2	4.04%			
Property Tax Adjustment Aid (1992)		7.7		7.4		-0.4	-4.92%			
Property Tax Replacement Payment (PTRP)		62.6		75.1		12.4	19.80%			
Adjusted Additional Property Tax - General Fund		24.0		24.0		0.0	0.00%			
Statewide Voluntary Preschool Program		86.2		88.1		2.0	2.31%			
Minimum State Aid		0.0		0.0		0.0				
State Aid from General Fund	\$	3,285.4	\$	3,376.8	\$	91.3	2.78%			
**Excess from SAVE Fund		10.1		10.4		0.3	2.67%			
Total State Aid (Includes Non-General Fund)	\$	3,295.6	\$	3,387.2	\$	91.6	2.78%			
Local Property Tax:		FY 2020		Est. FY 2021	Est	. Change	% Change			
Uniform Levy Amount	\$	948.3	\$	995.5	\$	47.2	4.98%			
Additional Levy		614.1		615.9		1.8	0.30%			
Total Levy to Fund Combined District Cost	\$	1,562.5	\$	1,611.5	\$	49.0	3.14%			
Comm/Ind - Uniform Levy Replacement		22.8		21.9		-0.9	-3.95%			
Comm/Ind - Additional Levy Replacement		14.9		14.5		-0.4	-2.73%			
Miscellaneous Information:		FY 2020		Est. FY 2021	Est	. Change	% Change			
State Cost Per Pupil	\$	6,880	\$	7,048	\$	168	2.44%			
Number of Districts with Budget Adjustment	Ψ	114	Ψ	106	Ψ	-8	-7.02%			
Percent of Districts with Budget Adjustment		34.86%		32.42%		3	5270			
Statewide Categoricals Total	\$	537.9	\$	552.8	\$	14.9	2.78%			
Property Tax Relief Payment Per Pupil	Ψ.	110	Ψ	131	Ψ	21	19.09%			
Statewide AEA Funding Reduction		-22.5		-22.5		0.0	0.00%			
Statewide AEA Funding		226.2		233.1		6.9	3.04%			
Transportation Equity Fund		19.0		26.7		7.7	40.47%			
Notes:							70			

Totals may not sum due to data duplication and exclusion. For example, other funds are provided by State aid but not included in the State Aid section because the funds are represented in the Program Funding section listed above. Transportation Equity Fund dollars are not included in the total State aid amounts. The provision for minimum State aid requires that the State provide at least \$300 per student.

^{* 2020} lowa Acts, chapter 1002, adds an additional \$10 to the State cost per pupil separate from the State supplemental aid.

^{**} Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) Fund.

Sources: Department of Management (School Aid File), LSA analysis and calculations

Effective Date

This Act takes effect upon enactment

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on March 4, 2020, and signed by the Governor on March 12, 2020.

Sources

Iowa Department of Education, Certified Enrollment and Enrollment Projections File Iowa Department of Management, School Aid File Iowa Department of Revenue LSA analysis and calculations

<u>SF 2188</u> – Hazard Mitigation Programs, Non-Disaster Matching Moneys (LSB5381SV.1)

Staff Contact: Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description

Senate File 2188 relates to financial assistance granted by the federal government for hazard mitigation. This Act states that in circumstances where lowa Code section 29C.6 is not applicable, and federal assistance is granted under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, Pub. L. No. 93-288, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 5121 et seq., or the federal National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994, Pub. L. No. 103-325, 42 U.S.C. § 4001 et seq., the State may participate in funding of the financial assistance for up to 10.0% of eligible expenses, with the local government providing a share of the local cost and the applicant providing the balance of any participation amount. State participation in funding financial assistance to a local government is contingent upon the local government having a State-approved, comprehensive emergency plan that meets the standards listed in lowa Code section 29C.9(8).

Senate File 2188 further specifies that if financial assistance is granted by the federal government under the federal Acts listed above for State-related hazard mitigation, the State may participate in the funding of authorized financial assistance of up to 50.0% of the total expenses.

Background

lowa Code section 29C.6 currently states that the State may authorize a 10.0% funding match for disaster mitigation assistance after a disaster has occurred and, in certain situations, a Presidential Disaster Declaration has been granted. The federal Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC) Program under the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) increased the amount of mitigation funding available to a state prior to a disaster occurring or a Presidential Disaster Declaration being granted. Senate File 2188 amends current Iowa Code section 29C.6 to conform to federal changes under the BRIC Program.

Assumptions

- Local governments that receive a State match will have filed an approved, comprehensive emergency plan meeting the standards of lowa Code section 29C.9(8).
- Local governments and the State will provide the required matching funds of eligible expenditures totaling 15.0% and 10.0% respectively. The remaining 75.0% of eligible expenses will be provided by federal funds.

Fiscal Impact

The Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management estimates that the State may provide a funding match totaling approximately \$3.0 to \$5.0 million on an annual basis. These funds will be paid from the Economic Emergency Fund as stipulated by the Performance of Duty requirements listed in Iowa Code section 7D.29 as approved by the Executive Council. As this funding may be received prior to the occurring of a disaster, it may lead to the cost-avoidance of any future disaster. Such future cost savings cannot be estimated at this time.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

Sources

Legislative Services Agency
Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management

SF 2225 – Theft, Third Degree (LSB5074SV.2)

Staff Contact: Laura Book (515.205.9275) laura.book@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

Senate File 2225 increases the dollar limit from \$500 to \$750 for third degree theft of any property by a person who has previously been convicted of theft.

Background

Under current law, theft in the third degree is defined as the theft of property that is more than \$750 but not more than \$1,500, or the theft of any property not more than \$500 by a person who has previously been twice convicted of theft. Theft in the third degree is an aggravated misdemeanor punishable by confinement for no more than two years and a fine of at least \$625 but not more than \$6,250.

Theft in the fourth degree is defined as the theft of property exceeding \$300 but not exceeding \$750 in value. Theft in the fourth degree is a serious misdemeanor punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$315 but not more than \$1,875.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay; revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.

Correctional Impact

Senate File 2225 will likely increase the number of third degree theft convictions, prison admissions, probationers, and jail stays, and reduce the number of fourth degree theft convictions. The full impact cannot be estimated due to a lack of data describing the dollar value of current theft convictions. In FY 2019, there were 670 convictions of third degree theft, 214 admissions to prison, 342 admissions to probation, and 456 admissions to jail. There were 1,180 convictions for fourth degree theft in FY 2019.

Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Minority Impact

Currently, African Americans represent 3.6% of the adult population in Iowa. In FY 2019, African Americans represented 20.8% of convictions for third degree theft and 17.5% of convictions of fourth degree theft. According to the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division (CJJP) of the Department of Human Rights, these rates exceed the population proportion of the State and would lead to a racial impact if they remain consistent. Due to the low numbers of members of other minority categories convicted of theft, the impact on those populations cannot be assessed.

Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Minority Impact Statement</u>, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of SF 2225 to the justice system is unknown due to a lack of data describing the dollar value of current theft convictions and the potential increase in third degree theft convictions.

The average State cost for a serious misdemeanor ranges from \$410 to \$4,900, and the cost for an aggravated misdemeanor ranges from \$5,600 to \$8,000. As a result, the potential cost increase may range from \$3,100 to \$5,190 per offense. This estimate includes operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the Department of Corrections for one conviction. The cost would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 10, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

Sources

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights Department of Corrections

SF 2275 – Eluding Law Enforcement (LSB5317HV.1)

Staff Contact: Christin Mechler (515.250.0458) christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

Senate File 2275 relates to the criminal offense of eluding or attempting to elude a pursuing law enforcement vehicle. This Act enhances penalties in Iowa Code section 321.279, specifically for a second or subsequent criminal offense of eluding or attempting to elude a law enforcement vehicle. Under SF 2275, a driver of a motor vehicle who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of Iowa Code section 321.279(1) is guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor. The driver of a motor vehicle who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of Iowa Code section 321.279(2) is guilty of a Class D felony, and a driver of a motor vehicle who is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of Iowa Code section 321.279(3) is guilty of a Class C felony.

Additionally, SF 2275 prohibits a court from ordering a deferred sentence or deferred judgment for the driver of a motor vehicle convicted of eluding or attempting to elude a pursuing law enforcement vehicle while exceeding the speed limit by 25 miles per hour or more and while violating lowa Code section 321J.2 by operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated (OWI).

Background

Under current law, a driver of a motor vehicle who commits a violation of lowa Code section 321.279(1) by willfully failing to bring a motor vehicle to a stop or otherwise eluding or attempting to elude a marked law enforcement vehicle is, upon conviction, guilty of a serious misdemeanor. Iowa Code section 321.279(2) states that a driver of a motor vehicle who willfully fails to bring a motor vehicle to a stop or otherwise eludes or attempts to elude a marked law enforcement vehicle, and in doing so, exceeds the speed limit by 25 miles per hour or more, is, upon conviction, guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor. Additionally, a driver of a motor vehicle is, upon conviction of violating lowa Code section 321.279(3), guilty of a Class D felony. A violation of lowa Code section 321.279(3) occurs when the driver of a motor vehicle willfully fails to bring a motor vehicle to a stop or otherwise eludes or attempts to elude a marked law enforcement vehicle, and in doing so, exceeds the speed limit by 25 miles per hour or more, and any of the following also occur:

- The driver participates in a public offense as defined in Iowa Code section 702.13 that is classified as a felony.
- The driver violates Iowa Code section <u>321J.2</u> by operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a drug or while having a blood alcohol concentration of .08 or more, or while committing a controlled substance violation under Iowa Code section <u>124.401</u>.
- The offense results in bodily injury to a person other than the driver.

In FY 2019, there were 35 convictions newly admitted to prison as a result of the most serious violations of Iowa Code section 321.279. Of these new convictions, 12 were classified as aggravated misdemeanors, and 23 were classified as Class D felonies. Additionally, in FY 2019 there were 31 individuals who entered prison as a result of probation revocation for a most serious offense of Iowa Code section

321.279. Of these 31 probation revocations, three were classified as aggravated misdemeanors, and 28 were classified as Class D felonies.

In FY 2019, a total of 135 offenders entered probation for a most serious offense of lowa Code section <u>321.279</u>, and a total of 25 offenders entered parole.

A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$315, but no more than \$1,875.

An aggravated misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than two years and a fine of at least \$650, but no more than \$6,500.

A Class D felony is punishable by confinement for no more than five years and a fine of at least \$750, but no more than \$7,500.

A Class C felony is punishable by confinement for no more than 10 years and a fine of at least \$1,000, but no more than \$10,000.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay; revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Act to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- In order to extrapolate length of stay cost per month using daily cost data, it is assumed that the average length of one month is 30.4 days.

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact of SF 2275 on new admissions to the correctional system cannot be determined. This Act enhances penalties for all second or subsequent offenses of Iowa Code section 321.279, and the number of new convictions, as well as the number of any potentially redistributed convictions, cannot be determined. The Department of Corrections (DOC) expects that the proposed enhanced penalties will likely increase costs for the Department, as the redistribution of convictions into a higher crime class will result in an increase in the number of prison admissions and the average length of stay per offender. See the Fiscal Impact at the end of this *Fiscal Note*.

Table 1 provides estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or community-based corrections (CBC) residential facilities; length of stay under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all serious misdemeanor, aggravated misdemeanor, Class D felony, and Class C felony convictions. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements, dated January 16, 2020, for information related to the correctional system.

Table 1 — Sentencing and Length of Stay Estimates

Conviction Offense Class	Percent to Prison	FY 19 Avg Length of Stay Prison (months)	FY 19 Marginal Cost/Day Prison	FY 19 Avg Length of Stay Parole (months)	FY 19 Marginal Cost/Day Parole	l	Probation	FY 19 Avg Cost/Day Probation	Percent to CBC Residential Facility	FY 19 CBC Marginal Cost/Day	Percent to County Jail	Avg Length of Stay in County Jail	Marginal Cost per Day
Class C Felony													
(Non-Persons)	77.0%	15.6	\$20.38	18.7	\$6.12	64.0%	35.6	\$6.12	13.0%	\$12.58	30.0%	N/A	\$50.00
Class D Felony													
(Non-Persons)	76.0%	12.2	\$20.38	13.0	\$6.12	64.0%	31.8	\$6.12	12.0%	\$12.58	29.0%	N/A	\$50.00
Aggravated Misdemeanor													
(Non-Persons)	32.0%	6.9	\$20.38	5.9	\$6.12	51.0%	19.3	\$6.12	3.0%	\$12.58	68.0%	N/A	\$50.00
Serious Misdemeanor	2.0%	5	\$20.38	2.4	\$6.12	56.0%	13.4	\$6.12	1.0%	\$12.58	69.0%	N/A	\$50.00

Minority Impact

The minority impact of SF 2275 is as follows: African Americans comprised 3.6% of the adult population of the State in FY 2019 and 19.6% of the convictions for lowa Code section 321.279 offenses in FY 2019. This exceeds the population proportion of the State, which would lead to a racial impact if trends remain constant. Due to low numbers of other minority populations, the impact on those populations cannot be assessed. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, Minority Impact Statement, dated January 15, 2020, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system. **Table 2** provides a breakdown of the demographics of FY 2019 convictions under lowa Code section 321.279 in relation to the percentage of the State's population.

Table 2 — FY 2019 Convictions and Population Percentage

Demographic	Percentage of FY 2019 Convictions under lowa Code section 321.279	Demographic Percentage of lowa's Total Population
White	66.9%	90.2%
African American	19.6%	3.6%
Hispanic	3.2%	6.2%
Other/Unknown	2.7%	3.0%

Fiscal Impact

The change in the number of admissions that will result from SF 2275 cannot be determined. However, if the same number of admissions occur in FY 2021 that occurred in FY 2019, and those offenses reclassified to the new offenses under SF 2275, there would be an estimated cost increase to the DOC of \$164,500 in FY 2021 and \$329,000 in subsequent fiscal years.

Table 3 shows estimates for the average State cost per offense class type. The estimates include operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the Department of Corrections for one additional conviction. The cost for prison and parole supervision would be incurred across multiple fiscal years.

Table 3 — Average State Cost per Offense Type

Offense	Total N	linimum Cost	Total Maximum Cost	
Class C Felony	\$	11,600	\$	19,400
Class D Felony	\$	10,000	\$	14,700
Aggravated Misdemeanor	\$	5,600	\$	8,000

Table 4 shows the costs to the DOC associated with the FY 2019 admissions and **Table 5** shows the estimated cost for FY 2021 based on the reclassification of offenses under SF 2275.

Both tables utilize the sentencing and length of stay data provided in Table 2.

Table 4 — Supervision Costs, FY 2019 Admissions for a Most Serious Violation of Iowa Code Section 321.279 Offenses (Current Law)

Admission Type (Current Law)	Crime Class (Current Law)	Admission Count	Fiscal Estimate (Current Law)	
New Prison Admission				
	Class D Felony	23	\$	173,846
	Aggravated Misdemeanor	12	\$	51,299
Prison Admission - Probation				
Revocation				
	Class D Felony	28	\$	211,639
	Aggravated Misdemeanor	3	\$	12,285
Probation Admission				
	Class D Felony	76	\$	449,641
	Aggravated Misdemeanor	48	\$	172,355
	Serious Misdemeanor	11	\$	45,433
Parole Admission				
	Class D Felony	21	\$	50,791
	Aggravated Misdemeanor	4	\$	18,977
		Total	\$	1,186,266

Table 5 — Supervision Costs and Admissions for a Most Serious Violation of Iowa Code Section 321.279 Offenses (Proposed Law)

Admission Type (Proposed Law)	Crime Class (Proposed Law)	Admission Count	Fiscal Estimate (Proposed Law	
New Prison Admission				
	Class C Felony	23	\$	222,295
	Class D Felony	12	\$	90,702
Prison Admission - Probation				
Revocation				
	Class C Felony	28	\$	270,620
	Class D Felony	3	\$	22,676
Probation Admission				
	Class C Felony	76	\$	503,371
	Class D Felony	48	\$	283,984
	Aggravated Misdemeanor	11	\$	39,293
Parole Admission				
	Class C Felony	21	\$	73,061
	Class D Felony	4	\$	9,674
		Total	¢	1,515,678

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on March 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 1, 2020.

Sources

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights Department of Corrections Department of Public Safety Legislative Service Agency SF 2296 – Vehicles, Owner Definition (LSB6305SV.2)

Staff Contact: Ron Robinson (515.281.6256) ron.robinson@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 2296</u> automatically classifies owner-operators of specified vehicles as independent contractors when performing services while operating the vehicle.

Background

While the total number of owner-operators is not known, the Iowa Department of Workforce Development (IWD), through the work of the Audits and Misclassification Units, identified 745 individuals in FY 2018 and 149 individuals in FY 2019 for a total of 894 individuals as owner-operators who are classified as employees and not independent contractors under current law. The employers of those individuals contribute approximately \$300,000 annually to the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund.

Independent contractors are exempt from unemployment insurance requirements under lowa Code chapter 96.

Assumptions

- Information is not available on the total number of owner-operators in lowa.
- Information is not available on the amount of unemployment insurance benefits that is paid to owner-operators each year.
- Wage and benefit modifications for individuals resulting from the change cannot be estimated.

Fiscal Impact

The net fiscal impact of <u>SF 2296</u> on the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund cannot be determined since the number of owner-operators is unknown and the amount of unemployment insurance benefits paid to owner-operators is also unknown. Because wage and benefit modifications for individuals resulting from the change cannot be estimated, the fiscal impact of possible wage and benefit changes cannot be determined. This Act will not have a significant fiscal impact on the operations of the IWD.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 4, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 18, 2020.

Source

Iowa Department of Workforce Development

SF 2310 – Iowa Learning Online (LSB5150SV.2)

Staff Contact: Lora Vargason (515.725.2249) lora.vargason@legis.iowa.gov

Michael Guanci (515.725.1286) michael.guanci@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 2310</u> makes a variety of changes to the Iowa Code regarding education. This Act takes effect upon enactment, unless otherwise provided, and is applicable July 1, 2020.

Division I:

This Act requires school districts and accredited nonpublic schools to report to the Department of Education (DE) online coursework offered by the school district or accredited nonpublic school in which students are enrolled. Rules adopted by the State Board of Education must require that online coursework offered by school districts, accredited nonpublic schools, and area education agencies (AEAs) meet specified requirements. The previously established DE online learning program model, Lowa Learning Online, will be eliminated, and the DE will maintain a list of approved online providers that includes a school district, accredited nonpublic school, partnership or consortium of schools, private provider, AEAs, or Lowa e-Learning Central. The DE and AEAs will coordinate to ensure the most effective use of resources and delivery for the lowa e-Learning Central platform and will use federal funds, if available, to offset costs to participating schools.

No offer and teach waiver issued by the DE would be required for school districts or accredited nonpublic schools for offering a world language, finance literacy, or computer science course online, if the school district or accredited nonpublic school makes every reasonable and good-faith effort to employ a licensed teacher for the specified subject and is unable to employ such teacher, or if fewer than 10 students typically register for instruction in the specified subject at the school district or accredited nonpublic school. An additional two courses can be offered online with the waiver of offer and teach requirements if the school district or accredited nonpublic school makes every reasonable and good faith effort to employ a licensed teacher for the specified subject and is unable to employ such teacher or fewer than 10 students typically register for instruction in the specified subject at the school district or accredited nonpublic school. A school district or accredited nonpublic school may request an additional waiver from the DE to exceed the five courses allowed for waiver of offer and teach requirements.

An online learning program to deliver distance education to lowa's students will be available to students receiving <u>independent private</u> <u>instruction (IPI)</u>, <u>competent private instruction (CPI)</u>, <u>or private instruction by a nonlicensed person</u>, provided such students register with the school district of residence.

Participating students will be awarded high school credit, and the school district or accredited nonpublic school in which the student is enrolled is responsible for recordkeeping and issuing an earned high school diploma. Each school that participates in the program is

required to have a site coordinator to serve as a student advocate and as a liaison between the online learning program staff, teachers, and the school district or accredited nonpublic school. School districts and accredited nonpublic schools will pay AEAs the cost of providing coursework under an online learning program.

This Act also provides for school calendar flexibility for school districts and accredited nonpublic schools that submit a Return-to-Learn Plan addressing student learning in response to school closures due to a Governor proclamation of a public health disaster emergency related to COVID-19. Any return-to-learn plan submitted by a school district or accredited nonpublic school must contain provisions for in-person instruction and provide that in-person instruction is the presumed method of instruction. This subsection of this Act is repealed on July 1, 2021.

Division II:

Division II allows for additional flexibility for use of professional development dollars and management levy dollars for FY 2021. During the 2020-2021 school year, school districts may use any portion of the 36 required hours for professional development to provide instructional time in addition to the amount of required instructional time under lowa Code section 279.10. In FY 2021, school districts are estimated to receive \$33.6 million in categorical State aid for professional development. At the end of FY 2019, school districts carried over a statewide total of \$26.7 million in professional development categorical fund balances for FY 2020.

Division III

- Until July 15, 2020, for the school year commencing July 1, 2020, a parent may apply to open-enroll a student in an online public school
 in another school district if the child, the child's caretaker, or another resident of the child's residence has a significant health condition
 that may increase the risk of COVID-19.
- For the 2020-2021 school year, each school district, if requested, shall provide texts and supplementary materials to children enrolled in competent private instruction (CPI) under a school district's Home School Assistance program (HSAP).
- For the 2020-2021 school year, if the Governor proclaims a public health disaster, a school board of directors may authorize the closure of the school district due to an outbreak of COVID-19 in the school district or any school district attendance center. School districts are encouraged to follow guidelines issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States Department of Health and Human Services and the Iowa Department of Public Health.
- For the 2020-2021 school year, minimum school day requirements will not be waived for school closures due to COVID-19 unless the school district or accredited nonpublic school provides compulsory remote learning. Unless explicitly authorized in a proclamation of a public health disaster emergency issued by the Governor and related to COVID-19, a brick-and-mortar school district or accredited nonpublic school will not take action to provide instruction primarily through remote-learning opportunities.
- For the 2020-2021 school year, if a remote-learning period is necessary, teachers and other necessary school staff will be available during regular required contract hours.
- For the 2020-2021 school year, a student who is enrolled in a school district or accredited nonpublic school but who does not participate in compulsory remote-learning opportunities that are implemented due to COVID-19 will be considered truant, except for defined excluded students.

- For the 2020-2021 school year, the DE may waive teacher-endorsement requirements for defined circumstances.
- For the 2020-2021 school year, when implementing social distancing policies included in a return-to-learn plan, school districts and accredited nonpublic schools must, to the extent possible, provide in-person instruction for core academic subjects.
- For the 2020-2021 school year, statewide assessments will not be waived.
- For the 2020-2021 school year, cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification (CPR) requirements for graduation will be waived for specified circumstances.
- If a parent or guardian of a student enrolled in a school district or accredited nonpublic school notifies the school in writing, with specific notice requirements, that a student, resident of the student's residence, or caretaker of the student has a significant health condition that increases the risk of COVID-19, the school will make reasonable accommodations for the student to attend school through remote learning. The provisions and accommodations for students with individualized education programs (IEP) or in need of accommodations will be determined by the student's IEP or accommodations team. The school may collaborate with an AEA or another school district or accredited nonpublic school to provide remote learning opportunities to the defined student.
- A school district or accredited nonpublic school, in response to a proclamation of a public health disaster emergency explicitly
 addressing school closures issued by the Governor and related to COVID-19, may provide instruction primarily through continuous
 remote-learning opportunities if such instruction is provided in accordance with the school's return-to-learn plan submitted to the DE
 regardless of whether the school is approved to provide instruction primarily through continuous remote-learning opportunities.
 Instruction provided pursuant to this section will be provided by Iowa licensed teachers and will be aligned with the Iowa Core and core
 content requirements and standards.

School District Impact Report

This Act requires school districts to submit a report, with specified information, to the DE detailing any reduction in expenditures to the school district resulting from the closure of schools due to COVID-19 during the school budget year beginning July 1, 2019, and ending June 30, 2020. The DE will prepare and submit to the General Assembly, by November 15, 2020, a report that details, for each school district, the total net impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on each school district's budget.

Fiscal Impact

The estimated fiscal impact of SF 2310, by section, is as follows:

Division I

There will be no fiscal impact to the State for this section unless an appropriation is made for the online learning platform. An estimated \$7.0 million will be provided for establishing the statewide online learning platform through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund as part of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act (H.R. 748).

School districts and accredited nonpublic schools participating in the online learning program may incur additional staff costs associated with the requirement to have a site coordinator.

Division II

This section has no fiscal impact to the State or local property taxes. Some districts may choose to use professional development dollars in the 2020-2021 school year for additional instructional time in the classroom; however, the amount that will be used cannot be determined.

Division III

The fiscal impact of this section cannot be determined; however, there may be some impact to school districts as follows:

- Some districts may experience an increase or decrease in revenue due to an increase in COVID-19 related open enrollment filers; however, the extent is unknown.
- There is not expected to be a fiscal impact to school districts providing texts and materials to CPI students under a HSAP.
- There may be increased costs to provide compulsory remote learning independently or alongside in-building learning and potentially in collaboration with AEAs.
- There may be increased information technology costs to ensure accessibility of teachers and other necessary staff.
- There may be costs associated with additional personnel and reporting for students not participating in compulsory remote-learning opportunities, who are considered truant.
- There may be costs associated with additional staff to support multiple classrooms to meet social distancing requirements.
- There may be potential support costs for administration of the statewide summative assessment outside of a typical classroom setting.
 The State currently provides a \$3.0 million appropriation to lowa Testing Programs that offsets the school district and accredited nonpublic school cost of the statewide summative assessment. The cost per test/per student, not covered by the State appropriation, is directly billed from lowa Testing Programs to school districts.
- There may be cost savings to school districts with the potential DE waiver of teacher-endorsement requirements allowing a teacher to teach multiple subject areas or multiple grades, and the availability of an online learning option for determined courses.
- There may be additional cost savings to school districts that opt to use the statewide online learning program instead of paying for a course provided by an online private provider. For more information, see the *Fiscal Note* for SF 394.
- There may be cost savings to school districts by using State-developed and -owned content available via the online learning platform rather than individual school district purchases and development of content.

School District Savings Report

There may be one-time costs to the DE in compiling the requested information, but the amount cannot be determined.

Senate File 2310 may include a State mandate as defined in Iowa Code section <u>25B.3</u> and requires that any State mandate in this Act be paid by a school district from the State Foundation Aid appropriation.

Effective Date

Unless otherwise provided, this Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 13, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 29, 2020.

Source

Iowa Department of Education

SF 2356 – Dyslexia Task Force Recommendations (LSB6089SV.2)

Staff Contact: Lora Vargason (515.725.2249) lora.vargason@legis.iowa.gov

Fiscal Note Version - Final Action

Description

Senate File 2356 does the following:

- Requires the State Board of Education, in collaboration with the Iowa Reading Research Center (IRRC), to adopt rules by July 1, 2022, regarding the approval of practitioner preparation programs that would offer coursework to meet the requirements for a newly established advanced Dyslexia Specialist endorsement.
- Directs the Department of Education (DE) to dedicate at least one full-time equivalent (FTE) position to be a Dyslexia Consultant and outlines duties of that position.
- Establishes an Iowa Dyslexia Board, requires the Board to submit findings and recommendations, and repeals the Board on July 1, 2025.
- Directs the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE), in collaboration with the IRRC, to adopt rules regarding the establishment of an advanced Dyslexia Specialist endorsement.
- Directs each area education agency (AEA) board to dedicate at least one FTE position to be a Dyslexia Specialist and outlines duties of that position. This requirement is subject to an appropriation by the General Assembly for this purpose.
- Requires completion of the IRRC Dyslexia Overview module by designated AEA and school district employees.
- Amends the Iowa Code to use the definition of dyslexia provided by the International Dyslexia Association.

Background

In 2018, the Dyslexia Task Force was established and charged with submitting a report regarding its findings and recommendations relating to dyslexia response in the State of Iowa. The Iowa Dyslexia Task Force Report to the General Assembly was issued November 15, 2019, and included recommendations for the General Assembly, the DE, AEAs, preservice education programs, and school districts. Goals of the recommendations included increasing dyslexia knowledge across educational settings and building a framework for increased expertise to support students and teachers.

Assumptions

- The DE anticipates no fiscal impact to meet the Dyslexia Consultant position requirement of this Act because it will use a currently vacant FTE position that will be paid for with federal funding.
- The IRRC Dyslexia Overview module is available online and is free for all Iowa in-service K-12 teachers and AEA employees. The module takes about an hour to complete, and training would be built into current professional development time.
- The cost to an AEA to hire a Dyslexia Specialist is estimated at \$90,000 per year.

Fiscal Impact

This Act requires the BOEE to adopt rules establishing an advanced Dyslexia Specialist endorsement. The IRRC-estimated cost to develop the curriculum for the endorsement is \$250,000.

This Act does not include an appropriation for the AEAs. The annual cost to hire a Dyslexia Specialist position at each of the nine AEAs is estimated at \$810,000.

<u>Senate File 2356</u> may include a State mandate as defined in Iowa Code section <u>25B.3</u> and requires that any State mandate in this Act be paid by a school district from the State Foundation Aid appropriation.

Effective Date

This Act is effective July 1, 2020.

Enactment Date

This Act was approved by the General Assembly on June 11, 2020, and signed by the Governor on June 17, 2020.

Sources

Area Education Agencies
Department of Education
Iowa Dyslexia Task Force
Iowa Reading Research Center