

FOR RELEASE

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 281-6518

NEWS RELEASE

Contact: Ernest Ruben December 13, 2022

515/281-5834

Auditor of State Rob Sand today released an audit report on the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The Commission had total receipts of \$1,525,462 for the year ended June 30, 2022, a 21.2% increase over the prior year. Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$1,252,890, a 2.5% decrease from the prior year. The significant increase in receipts is primarily due to an increase in gate fees and recycling sales.

AUDIT FINDINGS:

Sand reported one finding related to the receipt and disbursement of taxpayer funds. It is found on pages 32 and 33 of this report. The finding addresses a lack of segregation of duties. Sand provided the Commission with a recommendation to address the finding.

The finding discussed above is repeated from the prior year. The Commission has a fiduciary responsibility to provide oversight of the Commission's operations and financial transactions. Oversight is typically defined as the "watchful and responsible care" a governing body exercises in its fiduciary capacity.

A copy of the audit report is available for review on the Auditor of State's web site at Audit Reports - Auditor of State

RATHBUN AREA SOLID WASTE COMMISSION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENT
AND OTHER INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2022





OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

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Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 281-6518

December 1, 2022

Officials of the Rathbun Solid Waste Commission Rathbun, Iowa

Dear Commission Members:

I am pleased to submit to you the financial and compliance audit report for the Rathbun Solid Waste Commission for the year ended June 30, 2022. The audit was performed pursuant to Chapter 11.6 of the Code of Iowa and in accordance with U.S. auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of the Rathbun Solid Waste Commission throughout the audit. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or my staff at 515-281-5834.

Sincerely,

Rob Sand Auditor of State

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Officials

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u> Representing Marsha Mitchell Chair City of Centerville Vice - Chair Appanoose County Lisa Demry James Adams Member City of Centerville Member City of Exline Gary Hull Roy Miller Member City of Moravia Member Jason Ogden City of Moulton John Hathfield Member City of Mystic Michelle Kaularich Member City of Numa Member City of Plano Nancy Jones Brenda Devore Member City of Promise City Member Cint Housh City of Seymour Barb Milburn Member City of Rathbun Member City of Udell Eric Pace Member City of Unionville Denise Ewing

Dane Blozovich Director

Denise Matherly Secretary/Treasurer





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statement

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related Notes to Financial Statement.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the Unites States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statement.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statement.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Commission Contributions on pages 24 through 29 but does not include the basic financial statement and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statement does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statement, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2022 on our consideration of the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ernest H. Ruben, Jr., CPA Deputy Auditor of State

December 1, 2022







Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2022

Operating receipts:		
Gate fees	\$	1,183,772
Recycling sales		260,446
Total operating receipts		1,444,218
Operating disbursements:		
Salaries and benefits		388,524
Solid waste disposal fees		400,081
Engineering		250
Recycling		31,279
Professional services		12,669
Legal, accounting and auditing		8,122
Insurance		35,034
Fuel		64,392
Equipment maintenance		82,057
Office equipment and supplies		15,703
Utilities		10,227
Education and promotion		270
Travel		347
Postclosure care		31,758
Miscellaneous		9,194
Total operating disbursements		1,089,907
Excess of operating receipts over		
operating disbursements		354,311
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):		
Grants		50,503
Interest		15,030
Insurance proceeds		13,821
Sale of equipment		1,890
Debt service:		,
Principal		(90,000)
Interest and fees		(14,580)
Environmental management system		(51,653)
Equipment		(6,750)
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)		(81,739)
Change in cash balance		272,572
Cash balance beginning of year		1,267,016
Cash balance end of year	\$	1,539,588
Cash Basis Fund Balance		
Restricted for:		
Closure and postclosure care	\$	614,845
Tonnage fees		86,544
Environmental quality program		819
Total restricted cash basis fund balance		702,208
Unrestricted		837,380
Total cash basis fund balance	\$	1,539,588
Total cash basis fand balance	Ψ	1,009,000

See notes to financial statement.

Notes to Financial Statement

June 30, 2022

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission was formed in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of the Commission is to develop, operate and maintain solid waste facilities on behalf of the units of government which are members of the Commission.

The governing body of the Commission is composed of representatives from each member. The members of the Commission include the cities of Centerville, Cincinnati, Exline, Moravia, Moulton, Mystic, Numa, Plano, Promise City, Rathbun, Seymour, Udell and Unionville and Appanoose County. The Commissioners are appointed by the participating political subdivisions and have one vote for each one thousand population, or fraction thereof, which the member represents.

The Commission ceased landfill operation on December 3, 2007 and has operated as a transfer station since that time.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Commission has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Commission are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Commission to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Commission. The Commission has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Commission are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are utilized to finance and account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of governmental facilities and services supported by user charges.

Enterprise Funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an Enterprise Fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Commission maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statement of the Commission is prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items, including the estimated payables for closure and postclosure care. Accordingly, the financial statement does not present the financial position and results of operations of the Commission in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

D. Cash Basis Fund Balance

Funds set aside for payment of closure, postclosure care, tonnage fees and unspent donations for the environmental quality program are classified as restricted.

(2) Cash and Investments

The Commission's deposits in banks at June 30, 2022 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Commission is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Commission; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2022, the Commission had the following investment	At June 30
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	Carrying	Fair		Mat	urity (in year	s)	
Investment	Amount	Value	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	over 20
FHLMC	\$ 14,498	13,903	758	4,420	8,725	-	-
FHR (REMIC)	21,811	20,593	-	13,907	6,686	-	-
FNMA	39,180	37,134	3,839	436	19,448	12,680	731
FNR (REMIC)	63,820	56,807	216	-	43,552	13,039	-
GNMA	103,459	100,435	9,518	18,230	40,504	19,981	12,202
GNR (REMIC)	 8,729	8,083	-	-	3,573	4,510	-
Total	\$ 251,497	236,955	14,331	36,993	122,488	50,210	12,933

The Commission uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The recurring fair value measurement for the above securities of \$236,955 were determined using the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. (Level 1 inputs)

Interest rate risk – The Commission's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Commission.

Credit risk – The FHLMC, FHR, FNMA and FNR investments at June 30, 2022 are rated AAA to AA+ by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of credit risk – The Commission places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Commission's investments are in FHLMC (5.9%), FHR (REMIC) (8.7%), FNMA (15.7%), FNR (REMIC) (24.0%), GNMA (42.4%) and GNR (REMIC) 3.4%.

(3) Refunding Capital Loan Notes

A summary of changes in refunding capital loan notes for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Balance beginning of year	\$ 490,000
Increases	-
Decreases	90,000
Balance end of year	\$ 400,000

On May 2, 2013, Appanoose County issued \$990,000 of general obligation refunding capital loan notes, with interest at rates ranging from 0.80% to 3.30% per annum, for the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Management Commission (RASWMC). The County and the Commission entered into an agreement for the Commission to make annual payments to the County equal to the annual note payments required on the revenue notes. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission paid principal of \$90,000 and interest of \$14,580 on the notes. A summary of the Commissions June 30, 2022 refunding capital loan note indebtedness is as follows:

	General Obligation Refunding Capital Loan Notes							
	Series 2013							
Year		Issued May 2, 2013						
Ending	Interest	Interest						
June 30,	Rates		Principal	Interest	Total			
2023	2.00%	\$	90,000	12,030	102,030			
2024	3.30		90,000	10,230	100,230			
2025	3.30		95,000	7,260	102,260			
2026	3.30		95,000	4,125	99,125			
2027	3.30		30,000	990	30,990			
Total		\$	400,000	34,635	434,635			

(4) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the Commission, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the Commission are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2022, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the Commission contributed 9.44% of covered payroll, for a total contribution rate of 15.73%.

The Commission's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$25,283.

Net Pension Liability (Asset), Pension Expense (Reduction), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2022, the Commission had a liability of \$4,513 for its proportionate share of the overall plan net pension asset. The overall plan net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the overall plan net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportion of the overall plan net pension asset was based on the Commission's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the Commission's proportion of the overall plan net pension asset was (0.001307)%, which was a decrease of 0.004514% over its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission's pension expense (reduction), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$(15,692), \$29,703 and \$190,290, respectively.

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement as follows:

Rate of inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)

Rates of salary increase
(effective June 30, 2017)

Long-term investment rate of return
(effective June 30, 2017)

Rates vary by membership group.

7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.

8.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)

Rates vary by membership group.

7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.

8.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2021 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	4.43%
International equity	17.5	6.01
Global smart beta equity	6.0	5.10
Core plus fixed income	26.0	0.29
Public credit	4.0	2.08
Cash	1.0	(0.25)
Private equity	13.0	9.51
Private real assets	7.5	4.63
Private credit	3.0	2.87
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the Commission will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

1%	Discount	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
\$ 159,741	4,513	(125,577)
	Decrease (6.00%)	Decrease Rate (6.00%) (7.00%)

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

(5) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Commission operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. The Commission currently finances the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission contributed the entire cost of \$68,413 to the plan. At June 30, 2022, no assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>OPEB Benefits</u> – Individuals who are employed by Rathbun Solid Waste Commission and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement. At June 30, 2022, 4 active and no inactive employees were covered by the benefit terms.

(6) Compensated Absences

Commission employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the Commission until used or paid. The Commission's approximate liability for earned vacation and sick leave payable to employees at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Amount
Vacation \$	11,600
Sick leave	6,500
\$	18,100

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2022.

(7) Landfill Postclosure Care

To comply with federal and state regulations, the Commission is required to complete a monitoring system plan and a closure/postclosure care plan and to provide funding necessary to effect closure and postclosure, including the proper monitoring and care of the landfill after closure. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements have established closure and thirty-year care requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills which receive waste after October 9, 1993. State governments are primarily responsible for implementation and enforcement of those requirements and have been given flexibility to tailor requirements to accommodate local conditions that exist. The effect of the EPA requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring functions as a condition for the right to operate the landfill in the current period. The EPA requirements provide when a landfill stops accepting waste, it must be covered with a minimum of twenty-four inches of earth to keep liquid away from the buried waste. Once the landfill is closed, the owner is responsible for maintaining the final cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and collecting and treating leachate (the liquid that drains out of waste) for thirty years.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 requires landfill owners to estimate total landfill closure and postclosure care costs and recognize a portion of these costs each year based on the percentage of estimated total landfill capacity used that year. Estimated total costs consist of four components: (1) the cost of equipment and facilities used in postclosure monitoring and care, (2) the cost of final cover (material and labor), (3) the cost of monitoring the landfill during the postclosure period and (4) the cost of any environmental cleanup required after closure. Estimated total cost is based on the cost to purchase those services and equipment currently and is required to be updated annually due to the potential for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology or applicable laws or regulations.

These costs for the Commission have been estimated to be \$455,840 for postclosure care as of June 30, 2022.

Chapter 455B.306(9)(b) of the Code of Iowa requires permit holders of municipal solid waste landfills to maintain separate closure and postclosure care accounts to accumulate resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The Commission has accumulated resources to fund these costs and, at June 30, 2022, assets of \$573,409 are restricted for postclosure care. They are reported as restricted cash basis fund balance in the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance.

(8) Transfer Station Closure Care

To comply with state regulations, the Commission is required to complete a closure plan detailing how the transfer station will comply with proper disposal of all solid waste and litter at the site, cleaning the transfer station building, including the rinsing of all surfaces which have come in contact with solid waste or washwater, cleaning of all solid waste transport vehicles which will remain on site, including the rinsing of all surfaces which have come in contact with solid waste, and the removal and proper management of all washwater in the washwater management system.

To comply with state regulations, the Commission is required to maintain a closure account as financial assurance for the closure care costs. The effect of the state requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions as a condition for the right to operate the transfer station.

The total closure care costs for the Commission as of June 30, 2022 have been estimated at \$38,348. Assets of \$41,436 are restricted for these purposes and are reported as restricted cash basis fund balance in the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance.

(9) Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained

The Commission has established an account for restricting and using solid waste tonnage fees retained by the Commission in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa. At June 30, 2022, the Commission had unspent tonnage fees of \$86,544.

(10) Risk Management

The Commission is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 794 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of the basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The Commission's property and casualty contributions to the Pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the Pool. The Commission's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$24,129.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$500,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Commission's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Commission's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Commission's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred. As of June 30, 2022, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The Commission also carries commercial insurance purchased from another insurer for coverage associated with workers compensation in the amount of \$1,000,000. The Commission assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(11) Solid Waste Disposal Agreement

The Commission entered into an agreement with the South Central Iowa Solid Waste Agency for acceptance of solid waste from the Commission for \$25.45 per ton plus the DNR tonnage fees, collected as a surcharge. The agreement is in effect from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2026. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission paid \$383,220 under the agreement.



Other Information

Schedule of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Eight Years *

Other Information

		2022	2021	2020	2019
Commission's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	(0	.001307)% **	0.003206%	0.003303%	0.003377%
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,513	225,240	191,265	213,723
Commission's covered payroll	\$	261,292	245,295	251,371	253,834
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		1.73%	91.82%	76.09%	84.20%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		100.81%	82.90%	85.45%	83.62%

^{*} In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

^{**} Overall plan net pension asset.

2015	2016	2017	2018
0.003202%	0.003191%	0.003108%	0.003218%
126,988	157,641	195,615	214,336
•	,	,	,
203,875	219,171	223,064	240,182
62.29%	71.93%	87.70%	89.24%
87.61%	85.19%	81.82%	82.21%

Schedule of the Commission Contributions

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years

Other Information

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 25,283	24,666	23,156	23,729
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(25,283)	(24,666)	(23,156)	(23,729)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -			
Commission's covered payroll	\$ 267,825	261,292	245,295	251,371
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%	9.44%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
17,597	18,206	19,572	19,920	21,448	22,667
(17,597)	(18,206)	(19,572)	(19,920)	(21,448)	(22,667)
	-	-	-	-	
202,964	203,875	219,171	223,064	240,182	253,834
8.67%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%



Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability

Year ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of a Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statement of Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related Notes to Financial Statement and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2022. Our report expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statement which was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Commission's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters which are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Commission's operations for the year ended June 30, 2022 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Commission. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's Response to the Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Rathbun Area Solid Waste Commission during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Ernest H. Ruben, Jr., CPA Deputy Auditor of State

December 1, 2022

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2022

Finding Related to the Financial Statement:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

2022-001 Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the Commission's financial statement.

<u>Condition</u> – One person has control over each of the following areas:

- (1) Generally, one individual may have control over collecting, depositing, posting, maintaining receivable records and daily reconciling of receipts for which no compensating controls exist.
- (2) Incoming mail is opened by an employee who is authorized to make entries to the accounting records and the listing of receipts is not compared to the cash receipts record or bank deposit by an independent person.

<u>Cause</u> – The Commission has a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

<u>Effect</u> – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Commission's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the Commission should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances, including utilizing available staff or designating a member of the Commission to provide additional control through independent reviews and verification.

Response – We will continue to search for ways to segregate duties.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2022

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 2022-A <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No disbursements we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 2022-B <u>Travel Disbursements</u> No disbursements of Commission money for travel disbursements of spouses of Commission officials or employees were noted.
- 2022-C <u>Restricted Donor Activity</u> No transactions were noted between the Commission, Commission officials, Commission employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.
- 2022-D <u>Commission Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Commission minutes but were not.
- 2022-E <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Commission's investment policy were noted.
- 2022-F <u>Solid Waste Fees Retainage</u> No instances of non-compliance with the solid waste fees used or retained in accordance with provisions of Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa were noted.
- 2022-G <u>Financial Assurance</u> The Commission has elected to demonstrate financial assurance for closure and postclosure care by establishing a local government dedicated fund as provided in Chapter 567–113.14(6) of the Iowa Administrative Code. Financial assurance is demonstrated as follows:

	T	ransfer	Landfill
	Station Closure		Postclosure
			Care
Total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care	\$	38,348	455,840
Amount Commission has restricted and reserved for closure and postclosure care at June 30, 2022	\$	41,436	573,409
•			

Iowa Department of Natural Resources rules and regulations require deposits into the closure and postclosure care accounts be made at least annually within 30 days of the close of each fiscal year. No deposit was required during the year ended June 30, 2022 because the Commission has restricted sufficient funds to pay the total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care.

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Ernest H. Ruben, Jr., CPA, Deputy Pamela J. Bormann, CPA, Manager Maria R. Collins, Staff Auditor Allison L. Carlson, Staff Auditor