State of Iowa 1926

Fortieth Annual Report

Dairy and Food Division

OF THE

Iowa Department of Agriculture

For the Year Ending December 31, 1926

Reprinted from the Twenty-Seventh Annual Year Book of Agriculture

Issued by the
Iowa Department of Agriculture
Des Moines, Iowa

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Fortieth Annual Report

Dairy and Food Division

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

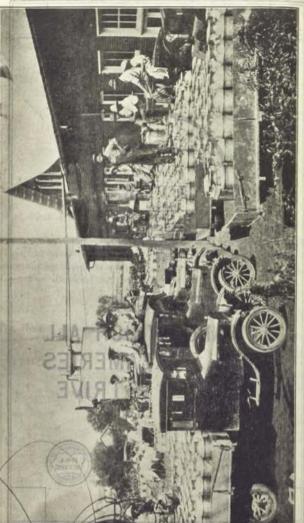
Sir: I have the honor to transmit herewith the Fortieth Annual Report of the Dairy and Food Division of this department for the year ending December 31, 1926, as a part of the twenty-seventh Iowa Year Book of Agriculture.

> M. G. Thornburg, Secretary, Iowa Department of Agriculture.

Des Moines, January 1, 1927.

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Point Co-operative Creamery State Brand

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Des Moines, Iowa

M. G. THORNBURG,

NBURG, C. N. KENNEDY,
Secretary Assistant Secretary

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION

ChiefR. G. Clark	Des Moines
Chief of Inspectors	Des Moines
Chief ChemistE. L. Redfern	Des Moines
Assistant Chemist	Des Moines
Chief Record Clerk	Des Moines
Chief Clerk	Des Moines
License Clerk	Dog Moines
State InspectorJ. B. Frisbie State InspectorF. L. Odell	Sheldon
State InspectorF. L. Odell	Sioux Rapids
State Inspector	West Rend
State InspectorGuy Thomas	Clear Lake
State Inspector Roy Scoles	Nashua
State Inspector	McGregor
State Inspector	Dversville
State Inspector	Davenport
State InspectorF. D. Pavn	Muscotino
State Inspector	Burlington '
State Inspector	Ottumwa
State Inspector	Chariton
State Inspector J. W. Milnes	Creston
State Inspector	Shenandoah
State Inspector S S Rych	Council Bluffe
State Inspector W. A. Carrier	Sioux City
State InspectorB. F. Schultz	Sac City
State InspectorElmer Reed	Fort Dodge
State Inspector	Iowa Falls
State Inspector A. L. Landis	Waterloo
State InspectorF. W. Stephenson	Oelwein
State Inspector W. W. Newland	Codar Ranida
State Inspector	Iowa City
State InspectorA. E. Robertson.	Oskaloosa
	Atlantic
	Carroll
	Ames
	Marshalltown
State Inspector	Des Moines
Heavy Scale InspectorE. J. Nolan	Des Moines
Heavy Scale InspectorA. B. Briggs	Des Moines
Heavy Scale InspectorFrank Johnson	Ottumwa
Assistant Record Clerk Agnes L. Herman	Des Moines
StenographerEvelyn Rees	sen Des Moines
Stenographer	Des Moines
Stenographer	Don Moines
Stenographer	Dog Moines
JanitorA. J. Newquist	Dog Moines
or menquiser.	

DAIRY COMMISSIONERS

NAME	County From Appo Which Chosen	Date of First
Henry D. Sherman	.MitchellMay	1, 18901890-1894
William K. Boardman Levi S. Gates	.DelawareMay	1, 18981898-1898
Byron P. Norton Herbert R. Wright		

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSIONERS

Herbert R.	Wright	Polk	July	1,	19061906-1910
William B.	Barney	Franklin	May	1,	19101910-1922
Russell G.	Clark	Hamilton	May	1,	19221922-1923

CHIEF DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION

Note: Name of Office changed by Act of Thirty-first General Assembly to Dairy and Food Commission. On July 1, 1923, the Office of Dairy and Food Commission was made a division in the newly created Department of Agriculture.

LAWS ENFORCED BY THE DEPARTMENT

Dairy Law
Pure Food Law
Agricultural Seed Law
Concentrated Feeding Stuffs Law
Stock Tonic Law
Paint and Linseed Oil Law
Insecticide and Fungicide Law
Restaurant Law
Oil Inspection Law
Container Law
Pasteurization Law

Turpentine Law
Weights and Measures Law
Sanitary Law
Cold Storage Law
Commercial Fertilizer Law
Mattress and Comfort Law
Egg Law
Hotel and Rooming House Law
Iowa Trade Mark Law
Rendering Plant Law

REPORT OF DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION

FOREWORD

Iowa is not of necessity a dairy state, as her soil, climate and location are all too well adapted for the production of corn, hogs, fat cattle and general farming to confine herself to the dairy cow alone. Each year we are brought more and more to the realization that the dairy cow is not out of place on any farm regardless of what that farm may specialize in. A few good, high producing cows will fit into any kind of farming and coupled with the hen, they provide that which is very acceptable to the farmer whose yearly income is largely tied up in growing stock or grain, a daily revenue.

To say, put all your eggs in one basket and then watch that basket, may appeal to the plunger, but we feel that our state has had enough plunging for one decade. The farmer who during the last six years has husbanded his resources by utilizing his land, his stock and his time to the best of advantage, is the man who has weathered the financial storm of that period. His returns from that policy may be slow, but they are sure, and we feel that this division's annual report for 1926, justifies that conclusion.

DAIRYING

Cheap feed for production and good prices for the finished product, put 1926 on a par with 1925 as a profitable year for the Iowa dairyman.

The total production of creamery butter for the year was 172,-257,863 pounds, an increase over 1925 of 6,422,291 pounds. Its value has been put as \$75,322,441.77, as against \$66,334,150.66 for the year before. For the first time in ten years the amount of creamery butter consumed at home has shown a decrease, it being 26,524,267 pounds, as compared with 28,418,348 pounds for the year before, a decrease of almost two million pounds. On the whole, it was the dairyman's year.

We here give the comparative prices of extras on the New York market for the last seven years:

AVERAGE PRICE	AVERAGE PRICE	AVERAGE PRICE
1920-First 6 mos. 64.90c	Last 6 mos. 58.26c	12 mos. 61.44c
1921-First 6 mos. 42.92c	Last 6 mos. 45.28c	12 mos. 43.25c
1922—First 6 mos. 37.22c	Last 6 mos. 43.89c	12 mos. 40.59c
1923-First 6 mos. 46.27c	Last 6 mos, 47.31c	12 mos. 46.79c
1924-First 6 mos. 44.80c	Last 6 mos. 40.43c	12 mos. 42.61c
1925-First 6 mos. 42.94c	Last 6 mos. 47.50c	12 mos. 45.22c
1926-First 6 mos. 42.29c	Last 6 mos. 46.46c	12 mos. 44.38e

Since 1920 the increase in production of creamery butter has been 100 per cent, while the increase in dairy cows during that same period was only 30 per cent, and the increase in creameries only 13 per cent, all of which shows that our creameries are turning out more per creamery and that our cows are producing more butterfat per cow. Three years ago there were 25,264 dairy cows shipped into this state. Two years ago there were 15,884 cows shipped into this state; a decrease of 9,380, which shows an increase of the local pure bred. This year we do not have the exact figures, but there was approximately a decrease of 20 per cent from the number that came into the state last year, all of which indicates that our local dairy herds are approaching the time when they will take care of all the increase. The cows that were brought in last year were of a much better grade.

At the time that the question of an increased tariff on butter was before the tariff commission, it was a debatable question with many, as there were those who thought an eight-cent tariff was sufficient to protect our home market from the foreign invasion of butter. This year we have experienced a situation hardly contemplated a few years ago, and that is, shipments of foreign butter coming into this country and paying even a twelve-cent tariff. Our butter productions and our consumption demands are so nearly equal that there is a danger point to which our prices can go, for beyond that we invite foreign imports. This danger point is not a fixed price. It varies more or less with foreign prices. Last year 8,029,000 pounds of butter was imported into this country, largely during the last three months, with the result that the New York market of 56 cents for 92 score butter, soon receded to below 50 cents. We are furthermore beginning to realize that our tariff is weak on the question of cream, as thousands of pounds of butterfat are coming in from Canada in the form of cream.

The increase in the make of butter here in Iowa during the last

few years has been in a sense marvelous, yet it has been taken care of by the trade and there is every indication that the consumption demand will take care of future increases.

If there is any one phase of dairying on which we all agree, it is a quality product. There is altogether too much butter going onto the market from this state that scores below 90 per cent. This department, therefore, continues to be particularly interested in that small group of creameries known as State Brand Creameries, about which more will be said, in this report, under that head.

By adding our creamery production to the amount of farm-made butter we have a total of 197,257,863 pounds as Iowa's butter production for 1926. This is a gain of 6,422,289 pounds for our creameries and a shrinkage of 1,000,100 pounds on dairy butter.

TOTAL VALUE DAIRY PRODUCTS-1926

Creamery Butter 172,257,863 lbs.	\$ 75,322,441.77
Ice Cream 6,500,000 gal.	6,175,000.00
Sweet Cream 11,000,000 lbs. (40%)	2,376,000.00
Market Milk 900,000,000 lbs.	21,000,000.00
Cheese 900,000 lbs.	190,000.00
Cottage Cheese 2,000,000 lbs.	240,000.00
Farm Dairy Butter 25,000,000 lbs.	10,000,000.00
Condensed Milk 15,088,745 lbs.	1,327,423.58
Skim Milk and Butter Milk 4,650,000,000 lbs.	13,950,000.00
Calves 1,000,000	3,000,000.00
Fertilizer 11,000,000 ton	11,000,000.00
OFFICE A STORY OF STREET	

\$144,580,865,35

In referring to the decrease in the consumption of creamery butter, we note the decrease was in the creamery butter sold to the public other than patrons. The following table shows the amount of creamery butter consumed in Iowa during the last ten years:

CREAMERY BUTTER SOLD IN IOWA 1917-1926

1917	14	4	£		ŗ,	į,		¥	Ų	Z	E,			y	1	Ų,	i,		ı	Q.		Į,			ü		6	Ī		Ü						Į	12,958,678 lbs.	
1918	ú		è	8	į				×	ij,	ě,	ú			ķ,							13		Ŕ		i,	ú	×	6	ó	Á	×.					16,827,457 lbs.	
1919																																					15,842,119 lbs.	
1920																																				u	18,719,251 lbs.	
1921		ú	ě	į.		i.	6	Ÿ.	×.		8		ix.	8	Ş,	ä		ä		ř.	S	S.	4	V		6		Ų.		S				ö			22,627,283 lbs.	
1922																																					25,714,769 lbs.	
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																																					27,213,957 lbs.	
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1926	Πž	ř.	ä			6	2	9		Ű,			И			in	Ñ					J.	i.														26 524 267 The	

The dairy or farm butter added to the creamery butter, makes a total of 51,524,267 pounds consumed in Iowa in 1926, an average of 21.3 pounds per capita.

The following table shows for what the six and three-quarter

billion pounds of milk produced by Iowa's 1,314,000 cows was used.

Milk used	in	Creamery Butter
Milk used	in	Sweet Cream 125,720,000 lbs.
Milk used	in	Ice Cream 121,000,000 lbs.
Milk used	in	Market Milk 900,000,000 lbs.
Milk used	in	Cheese 10,000,000 lbs.
Milk used	in	Farm Butter
Milk used	in	Condensed Milk 30,090,000 lbs.

6,737,810,000 lbs.

The tendency toward the creamery and away from the farm in butter production continues, as the following tables show:

BUTTER PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES

1899		Farm Butter	Creamery Butter 420,127,000 lbs.
1999			
1909			627,146,000 lbs.
1919		. 707,666,000 lbs.	873,907,000 lbs.
1923		. 610,000,000 lbs.	1,254,118,000 lbs.
1924	**************	. 600,000,000 lbs.	1,356,080,000 lbs.
1925	******************	590,000,000 lbs.	1,360,000,000 lbs.

BUTTER PRODUCTION IN IOWA

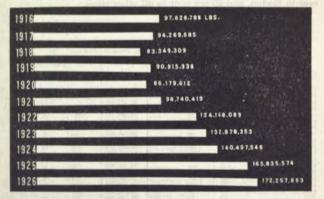
		Farm Butter	Creamery Butter
1899		80,000,000 lbs.	87,972,470 lbs.
1924	***************	25,000,000 lbs.	140,497,549 lbs.
			165,835,374 lbs.
1926		DE DOO DOO TE -	172,257,863 lbs.

THE IOWA CREAMERY

Eighty-seven and one-half per cent (87½%) of Iowa's production of butter is made in the creamery. What dairy or farm butter we have is consumed mostly on the farms. The pound print wrapped in parchment, incased in a neat carton, and sold under the creamery's own brand, is very popular with both buyer and seller. Our creamery butter is largely made from cream—not over 4½ per cent is made from whole milk. More of our creameries are each year urging the delivery of No. 1 or sweet cream, and are paying differentials of at least five cents between that and sour cream. Cream direct from the hand separator, properly handled, can be made into 93 or 94 per cent score butter, by the creamery operator.

We have three classes of creameries here in Iowa—the individual or privately owned, the centralizer or central churning plant for a large territory, and the co-operative or the creamery owned and managed by its patrons. There are 124 individual owned creameries—seven less than a year ago. The centralizers made a gain of two—there now being 57. They also stepped into first place for the amount of butter manufactured, which totalled 80,373,430 pounds. Our co-operatives also made a slight gain—there now being 274 as against 262 a year ago. They made 73,712,014 pounds of butter. Woodbury county with its six creameries, all centralizers but one, and located in Sioux City, leads in the amount of butter manufactured. These creameries have to their credit, 31,262,749 pounds for the year. Clayton county continues to lead in the number of pounds of butter made from milk or cream produced within the county. The seventeen creameries turned out last year 5,482,823 pounds.

Fayette county as a runner-up, made 5,270,501 pounds in her eighteen creameries. Bremer county remains our banner county for the number of creameries. She also leads in co-operatives. All her twenty-two, except one individually owned, are co-operative in



Creamery Butter Production in Iowa Last Ten Years

their organization. Our state brand creameries are distributed among the different counties as follows: Fayette, 6; Bremer, 5; Worth, 4; Kossuth, 3; Clayton, 2. The following have one each: Sioux, Winnebago, Palo Alto, Cerro Gordo, Emmet and Floyd.

The following table gives the number of patrons, number of cows, and the amount of milk and cream it took to make the 172,-257, 863 pounds of butter:

Milk Received		204,180,153 lbs.
Cream received	************************	402,473,478 lbs.

THE LA	ACCRECATI	TITELAT	DEPARTMENT

Pound	of butter made172	257 863 lbe
Pound	sold to patrons 5	576.850 lbs
Pound	sold in Iowa	947.416 lbs
Pound	sold outside the state142	706,318 lbs.
Total	umber of patrons	182,762 lbs.
Total	umber of cows 1	,150,044 lbs.
	average of fat per cow	
(Th	fat in the milk and butter used on the farm we	o added

The estimated amount of dairy butter made in Iowa last year was twenty-five million pounds. This was practically all consumed in the state, mostly on the farm. Add the twenty-five million pounds of dairy butter to the total amount of creamery butter made and you have a total of 197,253,000 pounds of butter made in the state. One hundred forty-two and two-thirds million pounds of creamery butter was shipped out of the state last year. It is estimated that one-half of this or 50 per cent, went to New York, 16 per cent to Chicago, 6 per cent to Philadelphia, 3 per cent to Boston, and 25 per cent to all other cities.

GROWTH OF CREAMERY INDUSTRY IN IOWA

1890	Year	No. of Cream- eries	No. of Skim Stations	Central Churning Plants	No. Pounds Creamery Butter	Average New York Price	No. Cheese Factories	No. o Conder for es
1901 700		582		137517	71 955 708		pa	ibric
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BUTTER PRODUCTION FOR 1923

	BUT THE THOUGH	TOAT TOAL TOAL	
227 158 50	No. Creameries Co-operative creameries Individual creameries Centralizer creameries	Butter Made 50,772,138 lbs. 23,394,560 lbs. 58,711,655 lbs.	Average Price Paid Patron 45.3 cents 40.2 cents 39.27 cents
435		132,878,353 lbs.	
	BUTTER PRODUCT	TION FOR 1924	
260 130 55	No. Creameries Co-operative creameries Individual creameries Centralizer creameries	64,372,217 lbs. 15,758,774 lbs.	Average Price Paid Patron 45.5 cents 43.8 cents 42.6 cents
445		140,504,673 lbs.	

BUTTER PRODUCTION FOR 1925

262 131 55	No. Creameries Co-operative creameries Individual creameries Centralizer creameries	Butter Made 74,152,506 lbs. 19,202,435 lbs. 72,480,663 lbs.	40.2	tron
149	LAN.	165 835 574 lbs		

BUTTER PRODUCTION FOR 1926

274 124 57	No. Creameries Co-operative creameries Individual creameries Centralizer creameries	Butter Made 73,712,010 lbs. 18,172,453 lbs. 80,373,400 lbs.	Average Price Paid Patron 47. cents 43. cents 42. cents
ACE.		179 257 862 lbs	

STATE TRADE-MARK

Perhaps it will not be out of place to review here, the purpose of the "State Trade-Mark" for butter, and an outline of the rules and regulations governing the use of same—

"For the purpose of insuring a higher standard of excellence and quality, a more uniform market, a higher market value for the butter manufactured in the state, and to secure a more healthful product for consumption at home and abroad" the state trade-mark was created by the thirty-sixth general assembly. The control of said trade-mark is placed under the supervision of an executive committee, consisting of the president of the Iowa state dairy association, president of the Iowa state buttermakers' association, dean of the division of agriculture of the Iowa State College, the professor of dairying of the same institution and the

secretary of agriculture. This committee is authorized to make such rules concerning the manufacture, distribution, and use of said trade-mark as may be deemed necessary.

In order to use the state trade-mark on its butter, a creamery must meet the requirements of the Iowa sanitary law, and score 85 per cent in accordance with the Iowa state score card for creameries. Seventy-five per cent (75%) of its butter must score not less than 93 points, and none should score less than 92 per cent. At no time must more than 25 per cent of its butter score less than 93 per cent. State trade-mark butter must comply with both the fat and moisture standards, that is, it should contain 80 per cent fat and less than 16 per cent moisture. No preservative



Trade-Mark Adopted for First Quality Iowa Butter

neutralizer or adulterant shall be added to its butter or to the cream from which the butter is manufactured, and the cream from which said butter is made must have been pasteurized, either in the form of milk or cream. These creameries are also required to enter their butter at such public scorings as the executive committee may designate.

Bulletin No. 16 contains the complete rules and regulations of the executive committee and may be had on request to the department.

There are at present twenty-six creameries that have met all the requirements and are entitled to use the state trade-mark on their butter. Four of these, the Volga Farmers Creamery Association, the Ringsted Co-operative Creamery, the Farmers Creamery of Arlington, and the Niles Creamery of Niles, were added in 1926.

The butter from these state trade-mark creameries sells at a premium over New York Extras, and their reports shows that on an average they paid their patrons an average price of a fraction less than fifty cents per pound for butterfat last year. A movement is now on foot to organize these creameries into a selling organization, whereby advantage can be taken of the brand, as well as of the quality of the product, which coupled with a liberal amount of advertising, will create an even better market for their butter than they enjoy now. Several meetings have been held during the last year. Each meeting found the sentiment more and more in favor of an organization of this kind, until now its consummation is assured. There is an opportunity here that should be taken advantage of, as it may mean much to the co-operative creameries of the state.

STATE BRAND CREAMERIES

Strawberry Point Co-op. Creamery, Straw-	
berry Point Otto F. Wegers No. Farmers Creamery Co., Manly Ed. M. Anderson No.	1
Farmers Creamery Co., Manly Ed. M. Anderson No.	2
Algona Co-op. Creamery Co., AlgonaM. P. ChristiansenNo.	4
Farmers Co-op. Creamery Ass'n, HullO. W. AlbrightNo.	7
Center Valley Creamery Co., Sumner R. J. Allenstine No.	8
Lake Mills Creamery Co., Lake MillsCarl Hoveland No.	9
Tripoli Creamery Co., Tripoli	19
Farmers Co-op. Creamery Assn', TenoldElmer Anderson No.	19
Denver Creamery Co., Denver	14
Klinger Creamery Co., Readlyn	
Readlyn Creamery Co., Readlyn	
Farmers Co-op. Creamery Co., OelweinF. H. HarmsNo.	10
Siegel Creamery Co., Tripoli	10
Lost Island Creamery Co., GraettingerElmer NelsonNo.	01
Lost Island Creamery Co., Graetinger Mileson No.	21
Harlan Mutual Co-op. Gry. Co., MaynardGlen MittlestadtNo.	
Plymouth Co-op. Creamery Co., Plymouth. M. Mikkelson No.	
Farmers Butter & Cheese Ass'n, Northwood. H. C. StendalNo.	23
Farmers Creamery Co., GraftonPeter RefsdahlNo.	24
Fenton Co-op Creamery, FentonFred KueckerNo.	
Randalia Mutual Creamery Co., Randalia. W. A. RizerNo.	
Whittemore Farmers Creamery, Whittmore.O. J. KloockNo.	
Alpha Farmers Creamery Co., AlphaPhil. LussonNo.	
Volga Farmers Creamery Ass'n, Volga City.F. F. GerrandNo.	
Ringsted Co-op. Creamery, RingstedJ. C. JensenNo.	30
Farmers Creamery Co., ArlingtonE. J. PrimusNo.	32
Niles Creamery, Colwell	31

CHEESE

To say much about the manufacture of cheese in Iowa is about as easy as the historical edict of "Making bricks without straw," a lack of material in either case. With only seven small factories making hardly ten per cent of our consumption, the cheese industry in the state is not a subject to get enthusiastic over. That Iowa should at least make her own cheese goes without question, and some day she will do it. Until then there is little to be said at this time beyond what was done this last year. In our report for 1925 Iowa was credited with nine factories with a total output of 900,000 pounds valued at \$190,000.00. For 1926 we can report only seven factories with a make of 850,000 pounds valued at \$175,000.00.

If the Iowa State College at Ames is given a new dairy building



Center Valley Creamery Association, Sumner State Brand

by the legislature this winter, Professor Mortensen informs us that special attention will be given to the manufacture of cheese in all its forms. The cheese department will be fully equipped and every effort will be made to create a greater interest in the making and consumption of cheese here in Iowa.

IOWA BUTTERMAKERS SLIP A COG

For three years, prior to last, our buttermakers won Gold, Silver and Bronze Medals at both the National Buttermaker Conventions and the National Dairy Shows, until, as a dairy journal put it—It seemed almost useless for any other state to compete. Nevertheless, they did compete and Iowa's winning streak was broken by a narrow margin at the National Buttermakers' Convention, and the much coveted banner went to our rivals on the north. Its cuts that have graced the pages of our annual reports for four different years will be missing in our fortieth annual report. It was won by a scratch, but as we have won by a hair ourselves, we make no

complaint. Minnesota led by a score of 94.5746 for the ten high tubes; Iowa came next with 94.5550; Wisconsin was a close third, 93.3730; and South Dakota trailed with 92.8210. South Dakota was not without her share of glory, as the grand sweepstakes, representing the highest average score for both the storage and fresh butter classes and the high score in the storage class were both won by Joe Jorgensen of Huron, South Dakota. Will Behrens of Waverly, kept Iowa among those present by winning high score in the fresh butter class. In the remaining contests Iowa had to be content with third place. At the National Dairy Exposition



Algona Co-operation Creamery Co.

at Detroit our buttermakers were traveling true to form and fared much better than they did later at Sioux Falls. J. C. Jensen of Ringsted won the gold medal in the cold storage butter contest with a score of 95; B. T. Soles of Stout won the gold medal in the Fresh Butter Contest with a score of 94.25; Otto Weger of Strawberry Point won the silver medal for Iowa in the Fresh Butter Contest with a score of 94. Ed. Anderson, Manly, score 93.75, won the gold medal; E. J. Primus, Fairbank, score 94.50, won the silver medal, and E. Anderson, Tenold, score 94, won the bronze medal in the Special Awards for Keeping Purposes. The follow-

ing men tying in the cold storage contest for the bronze medal, each with a score of 93.50, received certificates:

Henry Hansen, Graettinger	Score	93.50
John M. Hansen, Coulter	**	93.50
E. A. Gudvangen, Hanlontown	**	93.50
Fred Kucker, Fenton	44	93.50
E. J. Primus, Fairbank		93.50
Paul Manor, Burt	65	93.50
Elmer Anderson, Northwood		93.50

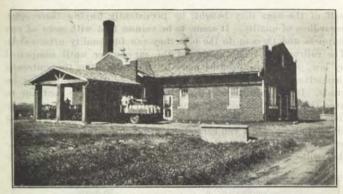
In the Fresh Butter Contest the following Iowans received diplomas:

E. A. Gudvangen, Hanlontown			93.50
W. G. Turner, Garrison	3.	- 11	93.50
Wm. F. Wargowskey, Boyden			93
M. J. Mikkalson, Plymouth			93
J. P. Jensen, Exira		11	93
H. C. Ladage, Tripoli		11	93
Watson Shick, Lone Rock		14	93
John M. Hansen, Coulter		46	93
C. M. Rene, New Hartford		(4)	93
L. E. Nelson, Randall		**	93

MARKETING OF EGGS

We know of no product that goes into the channels of trade, to which that old saying, "Goods well bought are half sold," would be more applicable than in the buying and selling of eggs, and I know of no product that goes onto our wholesale market where so little attention is paid to the quality of the product bought. Last year was not a satisfactory year for the men who handled the bulk of Iowa's large crop of eggs, a production not equalled by any other state. The trade says the price paid at the production end was too high, which means the eggs were not well bought. We agree the eggs were not well bought, but we are not ready to say the price was too high. The average price received by our farmers was close to twenty-seven cents, which considering what the consumer paid in the eastern cities for a No. 1 Egg or Extras, was not too high, for at least over half of the eggs marketed.

Seventy per cent of the eggs shipped out of the state are consumed east of Chicago. No state is as well situated to put the food quality into an egg as Iowa with her corn-fed poultry. Why then do we continue to produce and market eggs, the best of which are out-sold on the New York market by eggs from the Pacific Coast on the west, and the Atlantic Coast on the east? The average New York price for Extras last year was 45.17 cents, while Pacific



Farmers Co-operation Creamery, Randalla State Brand

Coast Extras average 52.68 cents and near-by Eastern Extras average 52.46 cents.

The answer is simple enough. With few exceptions there is no local market in this state for the kind of an egg the eastern people-seem to be willing to pay the extra price for. In fact, an average of 45.17 cents for Extras would entitle our farmers to more than an average of 27 cents, yet the packer claims he paid too much. What the packers did, was to pay altogether too much for fully



Farmers Creamery, Grafton State Brand

half of the eggs they bought, by persistently buying their eggs, regardless of quality. It seems to be volume first with most of our shippers and then to do the best they can for quality afterwards. The railroads put off the use of the car-coupler until compelled by law, yet no one profited more by their use than the railroads themselves. Perhaps the law is the only solution for buying on grade. It is uphill work and at times discouraging to continue to urge the farmer to take more pains with his eggs, to spend more time with his flocks, to go to the expense of adding to and bettering his equipment, when you can offer him no outlet for a better product. What we need here in Iowa is a better marketing system, one that will tend to encourage the farmer to follow the good advice



Fenton Cooperative Creamery, Fenton State Brand

we are all giving him instead of dampening his enthusiasm, as our present method seems to do, one that will compensate him for the extra pains we want him to take.

Now this does not necessarily mean a radical change in the machinery already in operation. There is plenty of capital, equipment, buyers and no lack of transportation. We do not need to alter or displace all this by something else, but rather need a change of heart of those who make up this vast marketing organization. A willingness on their part to break away from the old order and help put our buying on a quality basis.

The legislature should pass a bill establishing grades. These grades should conform as much as possible to the tentative grades put out by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, as indicated by the following:

CHART OF TENTATIVE U. S. GRADES OF EGGS

Tentative U. S. Grades	Quality Factors	Standard for Each Quality Factor in Each Grade
U. S. SPECIALS— (A tolerance of 3% of U. S. EXTRAS and 2% of U. S. No. 1 permitted)	Shell	Clean, sound and strong. Localized, regular, 3/16° depth or less. Dimly visible. Firm and clear. No development. Uniform. (As marked on the package).
U. S. EXTRAS- (A tolerance of J% of U. S. No. 1 and 2% of U. S. No. 2 per- mitted	Shell	Sound and stain free. Localized, well defined, regular, 5/16* depth or less. Visible. Firm and clear. No development. Reasonably uniform. (As marked on the package).
U. S. STANDARDS— (A tolerance of 5% of U. S. No. 2 and 3% loss permitted)	Shell Air cell Yolk White Germ Size Color and weight	Sound and stain free. Localized, regular, 7716" depth and less. Visible but mobile. Reasonably firm. Development not over ¼" diameter. Variable, (As marked on the package).
U. S. TRADES— (A tolerance of 5% Culls" and 5% loss permitted).	Size	Sound, few stained. May be bubbly, freely mobile and over mobile 7/16" in depth. May be fairly heavy to heavy but must be mobile. May be weak and watery. May be well developed but no blood showing. Greatly variable. (As marked on the package).
U. S. CULLS— (A tolerance of 5% loss permitted)	Eggs which are hea less than 20 ounce Culls.	vily shrunken, salted or chilled or weigh s to the dozen shall be graded as U. S.
U. S. DIRTIES NO. 1	Eggs which are of t which are stained No. 1 Dirties.	the quality of U. S. Extras or better but or dirty of shell shall be graded as U. S.
U. S. DIRTIES NO. 2	Eggs which are of the stained or dirty of Dirties.	he quality of U. S. No. 1 or lower but are of shell shall be graded as U. S. No. 2
U. S. CHECKS	U. S. Checks. (I be classed as leak	ntly cracked but with the shell membrane leaking their contents shall be graded as ggs with slightly leaking contents shall seers. Those with contents flowing freely classed as smashed.)

Three grades would be sufficient for buying here in Iowa and could be designated as No. 1 Eggs that would go as U. S. Specials and U. S. Extra, No. 2 Eggs that would go as U. S. Standards, and No. 3 Eggs that do not meet the requirements of No. 1 and No. 2. A legal definition should also be given for a fresh egg. At present the word "fresh" does not signify what it should when used in the sale of eggs.

The inspection force of this department is becoming each year



Farmers Creamery Association, Volga City State Brand

a little more insistent that all parties buying from the producer, must comply with our Egg law and rules and regulations, with the result that egg candling with the merchant is becoming the rule rather than the exception. In 1925 ninety-three egg prosecutions were made; in 1926 only fifty-five prosecutions were found necessary.

Our egg crop for 1926 is put at 160,000,000 dozen, 120,000,000 dozen of which were shipped out of the state. The average price during the four months of big production was the same as the season before, but the remainder of the year prices ranged several cents less. At that the millions of eggs sent out of the state, added to our agricultural income some thirty-six million dollars.

The following rules were established by the secretary of agriculture and put on file with the auditors of the 99 counties of the state, May 1, 1926:

EGG RULES

As authorized by Paragraph 9, Section 2590, Chapter 125 and Section 3111, Chapter 151, of the Code of 1924, the Secretary of



Farmers Co-operative Creamery Ass'n, Hull State Brand

Agriculture, in order to clarify and carry out the provision of the law regulating buying, selling, or dealing in eggs, has established the following rules pertaining to the same:

RULE 1. All eggs must be candled before settled for, excepting eggs which have been properly candled and held in cold storage. This prohibits the buying or selling of eggs straight or case count.

RULE 2. The licensee shall pay only for good edible eggs.

RULE 3. The licensee shall return to the producer, if requested or if possible, the "rejects" for the producer's own examination.

RULE 4. What is known as the one or two hole candler, when equipped with a light, not less intense than sixteen candle-power and operated in a dark room, is approved by the Department.

RULE 5. Dealers buying eggs which have been properly candled by other licensed dealers, can purchase same by paying not more than eighty per cent (80%) of their value down at time of delivery, provided



Niles Creamery, Colwell State Brand

they deduct for all bad eggs before final settlement is made, and also provided that all dealers adopting this practice shall keep special records of the transaction.

RULE 6. All cold storage eggs offered for sale at retail must be labeled "Cold Storage Eggs" either on the container or by card on the eggs in black letters on white background, letters to be not less than one-inch in height.

RULE 7. Eggs unfit for food must be removed daily unless broken into a container and denatured.

RULE S. With reference to Section 3101 of the Code, the Department does not regard the producer as "in the business of buying, selling or dealing in eggs."

RULE 9. The department rules that if eggs are taken from an incubator for resale after having been held therein for a period of three or four days, they must be branded on the container as Incubator Eggs, and are not to be sold as fresh eggs.

The following tabulations compare the receipts and prices of this year with the last five years. Also they show the variations in price one month with another for the last ten years.

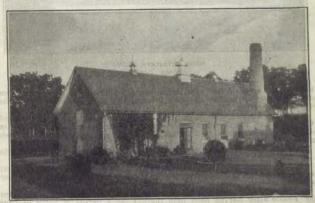
EGGS
No. dozen 1922
No dozen 1923
No. dozen 1924
No. dozen 1025150,000,000
No. dozen 1926160,000,000
Average price 1922
Average price 1924 28.33c
Average price 1925 32.66c
A voreign pulse 1926 27.20c

AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICE PAID FARMER

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June		Aug.	Sept.		Nov.	
1917	35	36	33	25	30	31	27	28	32	34	35	39
1918	42	47	38	30	31	28	28	33	33	39	42	51
1919	56	45	30	34	37	38	33	37	38	47	52	59
1920	55	45	39	37	38	33	37	44	48	53	64	61
1921	49	32	21	18	16	20	22	26	27	37	46	44
1922	26	23	18	20	20	16	16	15	19	33	40	40
1923	35	25	20	22	21	18	16	21	36	28	45	34
1924	31	26	17	18	20	21	24	24	32	36	45	46
1925	43	30	25	25	25	25	26	28	30	35	50	50
1926	30	22	20	24	25	25	24	23	31	35	40	42

SANITARY AND FOOD LAWS

It was not until butter began to be made in the creamery, that our legislature's attention was called to the necessity of a law



Tripoli Creamery Co.



Farmers Creamery, Manly State Brand

governing the handling of food, that food being milk. It was in 1873 that a bill was passed prohibiting the watering of milk, or taking out any of the cream before selling to a factory. In 1886, additional restrictions were made to the law by including the adulteration of butter, and prohibiting the sale of oleomargarine as butter. The office of Dairy Commissioner was created to enforce the law. In 1892 the Dairy Commission was given authority to appoint milk inspectors on a per diem basis in cities of 20,000 or more.

So far, milk products and their manufacture were the only foods to receive the attention of any of our state officials. It was not until 1906 that a law was passed including the manufacture and handling of all foods outside the home. This law was placed under the supervision of the dairy commissioner whose title was changed to the Food and Dairy Commissioner.

It was not until our sanitary law was passed in 1913 and the Dairy and Food Commissioner was given more inspection service, that these laws received the attention they should. Today there are no more important laws under the enforcement of this department than the food and sanitary laws, and they occupy a good portion of our inspectors' time. Each year sees more food taken from the housewife and manufactured in a central plant, until



DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION OF

Whittemore Farmers Creamery Co. State Brand

the health of our people depends upon a strict enforcement of our food and sanitary laws. There are close to 20,000 places in this state where food is manufactured and prepared for sale.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

Putting the hotel and restaurant laws under the same supervision as our food and sanitary laws was not like "mixing oil and water," as some feared when several departments were consolidated under one inspection service, namely, the Dairy and Food Division of the Agricultural Department. Cleanliness, pure food and sanitation are as much a part of hotel and restaurant inspection as of groceries, bakeries and ice cream plants. Therefore, one of the many duties of our men is the inspection of all hotels and restaurants, including lunch stands. This means constant care and frequent visits that the public may be provided with clean and sanitary places to eat and sleep. Most hotels and restaurants are inclined to comply with the law, and are willing and ready to cooperate with the inspector in making such changes as the law requires. Instead of saying as one inspector put it, that the poorer hotels and restaurants give us the most trouble, we will say that the hotels and restaurants that give us the most trouble, are by virtue of this the poorer places to stop.

During the year ending December 31st we had received only two complaints from the Chairman of the Grievance Committee of the United Commercial Travelers of America, and these two



Plymouth Co-operative Creamery, Plymouth State Brand

complaints were taken care of by the landlord of the hotels before our men were notified of their trouble.

The traveling public is not able to secure the same class of accommodations in the smaller towns that they do in the larger cities, as the patronage in small places will not justify a hotel such as the Savery or Fort Des Moines Hotel, therefore, the public should not expect the same service and accommodations when only paying \$1.00 to \$1.25 for a room as when paying \$2.25 and up. The hotel man in the small town makes an effort to keep his place clean and sanitary and provide accommodations to the traveling public according to the amount he receives for this accommodation.

The Labor Commissioner, who has full control of fire escapes, co-operates with this department, and a number of changes in hotels have been made where the doors open in and have been changed to comply with the law by requiring the door to swing out.

The summer months are especially busy in the lunch stand line, since we have the stands at circuses, carnivals, fairs and roadside places to look after. These stands are mostly conducted in the open and it is very necessary that their food products be properly covered to protect the same from dust, dirt or other contamination. Much improvement has been shown in this class of lunch stands, as we are insistent that they comply with the law.

Every hotel and restaurant in the state must have a license.

The license fee for hotels of fifteen rooms or less is \$4.00; more than fifteen rooms and less than thirty-one rooms, \$6.00; more than thirty rooms and less than seventy-six rooms, \$8.00; more than seventy-five and less than one hundred fifty rooms, \$10.00; one hundred fifty rooms and upward, \$15.00. Restaurants and lunch stands are \$3.00. The hotel license covers the operation of the dining room or cafe in connection with a hotel provided they are in the same building and operated under the same management.

During the year ending December 31, 1926, this department issued 1,540 hotel licenses, 3,852 restaurant licenses, as well as 1,412 fair or lunch stand licenses. During the year ending December 31st the department made 13,515 hotel, restaurant, and lunch stand inspections, which indicates that many of these places were inspected frequently.

AGRICULTURAL SEEDS

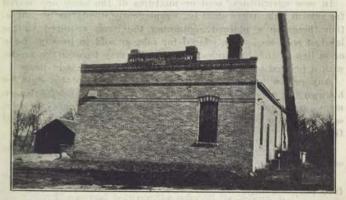
During 1926 the department collected and analyzed 1,806 samples of agricultural seeds.

In spite of notices from the department to seed dealers that they were not giving all the information on their labels that the law required, shipments made in 1926 indicated that there was not a serious effort being made to comply with the law, with the result that the department filed informations in the courts against six of the principal seed dealers in the state. A plea of guilty was obtained in every case and future shipments showed all the information on the label which the law requires. The department is aware of the difficulties of the seed dealers, but insists that the law be complied with and the interests of the purchaser be fully protected. We feel that the quality of the seed planted by our farmers is as important as the planting itself, and we are again going to give here a synopsis of the law, with the suggestion that when purchasing seed in package form more attention be paid to what is on the label.

"Agricultural seed" means the seeds of Canada or Kentucky bluegrass, brome grass, fescues, millet, tall meadow oatgrass, Kaffir corn, sorghum or cane, Sudan grass, timothy, alfalfa, alsike, crimson, mammoth or sapling, red, sweet, or white clover, Canada field peas, cow-peas, soy beans, vetches, and other grasses and forage plants, buckwheat, flax, rape, barley, field corn, oats, rye, wheat, and other cereals.

"Weed seed" means all seeds not listed above as agricultural seed. All agricultural seed offered or exposed for sale, or sold in package or wrapped form for seeding purposes, shall be labeled on package or container, as provided in sections 3037 and 3038, and in addition thereto shall have printed on the label prescribed in said sections:

- 1. Variety of seed.
- 2. The approximate percentage, by weight, of the purity of the seed.
- 3. The approximate total percentage, by weight, of weed seed.
- 4. The name of each kind of seed or bulblet of noxious weeds which is present.
 - 5. The approximate percentage of germination of such agri-



Alpha Farmers Creamery Co. State Brand

cultural seed, together with the month and year said seed was tested, and year grown, and, if corn, the county and state where grown, and, if clover of any variety, or alfalfa, the state or country where grown. Mixtures of different seeds (as red top and timothy, etc.), when offered for sale in package form in lots of ten pounds or more, shall be labeled on the package in the manner prescribed for pure agricultural seed, and in addition the label shall contain the following:

- 1. The statement that such seed is a mixture.
- 2. The name and approximate percentage by weight of each

kind of agricultural seed present in such mixture in excess of five per cent, by weight, of the total mixture.

- The name of each kind of seed or bubblet of noxious weeds, which is present singly or collectively in excess of one seed or bulblet, in each fifteen grams (approximately three-fifths ounce) of such mixture.
- 4. The approximate percentage of germination of each kind of agricultural seed present in such mixture in excess of five per cent by weight, together with the month and year said seed was tested, and year grown.

The label on a package of agricultural seed may be written instead of being printed, but when written, the writing must be plain and legible.

In ease agricultural seed or mixtures of the same are offered for sale in bulk, there shall be conspicuously displayed in connection therewith a placard containing the items required on the label of such seed when offered for sale, or sold in package form, or in lieu of this requirement the vendor may furnish the vendor with a printed or written statement containing the said items.

Any person purchasing any agricultural seed in this state for his own use may submit fair samples of said seed to the department, accompanied by an analysis fee of fifty cents for each sample, and a proper analysis of the same shall be made and fornished.

Exemptions. Agricultural seed or mixtures of same shall be exempt from the provision of this title:

- When possessed, exposed or offered for sale, or sold for food purposes only.
 - 2. When sold or in store for the purpose of recleaning.
- 3. When sold by one farmer to another and delivered upon the vendor's premises; but if such seed is advertised for sale or is delivered through a common carrier, then the seed shall be subject to all the requirements of this title, but this exemption shall in me event be construed as permitting the sale of agricultural seed containing the seeds or bubblets of Canada thistle, quack grass, buckhorn, wild carrot, horse nettle, or dodder (clover, alfalfa, or field) in violation of the next succeeding section.

Section 3037, heretofore referred to, is here presented:

Section 3037. Labeling. All articles in package or wrapped form which are required by this title to be labeled, unless other-

wise provided, shall be conspicuously marked in the English language in legible letters of not less than eight point heavy gothic caps on the principal label with the following items:

- I. The true name, brand, or trade-mark of the article.
- The quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure, or numerical count. Under this requirement reasonable variations shall be permitted, and small packages shall be excepted in accordance with the rules of the department.
- The name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer. importer, dispenser, distributor, or dealer.

The above items shall be printed in such a way that there shall



Farmers Mutual Co-operative Creamery Co., Maynard State Brand

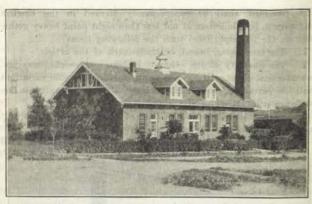
be a distinct contrast between the color of the letters and the background upon which printed.

A full text of the Iowa Seed Law may be had by writing the Department for Bulletin No. 31.

COMMERCIAL FEEDS

Commercial feeds as defined in the law, include all animal feeds except whole grains, feeds made by grinding whole grain, hay and straw. Mineral mixtures and stock tonics are defined as a class of commercial feeds. All products coming under this law are required to be registered with the Department of Agriculture on suitable blanks furnished by the department.

When it is desired to place any of these products on the market,



Farmers Creamery Association of Tenold, Tenold State Brand

application should be made to the department for proper blanks for registration.

Certain labeling is required to be on the package of each of these products as shown by the following:

COMMERCIAL FEED LABEL

Net Weight lbs.

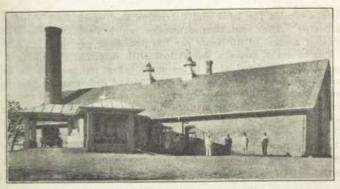
Brand of Feed. Name and Address of Manufacturer Crude Protein % Crude Fat % Crude Fiber % Nitrogen Free Extract % List of Ingredients MINETAL MIXTURE LABEL, Net Weight Ibs. Brand Name and Address of Manufacturer Ingredients STOCK TONIC LABEL Net Weight Ibs. STOCK TONIC LABEL Name and Address of Manufacturer Ibs. Brand Madress of Manufacturer Ibs. STOCK TONIC LABEL Name and Address of Manufacturer Ibs.

The English Name of Each Drug.....

Sulphur %

Charcoal %
Name and Per Cent of Any Other Ingredient....

Each year shows an increase in the number of these products registered. For the year 1926 there were 1,208 feeds registered, 172 mineral mixtures and 119 stock tonics. This indicates that



Lake Mills Creamery State Brand

there is an increased consumption of these products, and the department is checking up on them constantly to see that they are registered and properly labeled. It is also the duty of the department to collect samples for chemical analysis to see if they are correctly labeled as to their feeding value.

The demand for mineral mixtures seems to remain quite constant, indicating that the feeder of live stock believes there is a necessity of supplying added minerals to the ration of farm animals. Sometimes tankage is mixed with minerals, but we believe this is an expensive way to buy tankage. If it is necessary to add tankage to your minerals to get stock to eat it, it is more economical to buy a good grade of tankage and do your own mixing. Feeders should keep in mind that they can have any of their feeds, whose feeding value they question, analyzed by the department for a nominal fee of \$1.00. This only partially covers the cost to the department in making such analysis.

Feeds and mineral mixtures are required to have the State Inspection Tag attached to each sack, and dealers are advised to require all feeds they purchase to come with these tags attached. The sale of a sack of feed without this tag is a violation of the law, and the inspectors are instructed to prosecute any violation they find in their territory.

The question is often asked, "How much digestible protein is in tankage?" According to Henry and Morrison 71 per cent of the protein in tankage is digestible. Purchasers of feeds should always consult the label and determine how much food value is indicated. They can thus determine which-feed furnishes the greatest amount of nutrients per 100 pounds or per ton.

Purchasers of tankage should look with suspicion upon a tankage which is offered at a price much below the market, as an analysis in nearly every case shows a marked deficiency in protein and the apparently cheaper product proves to be the most expensive. In a recent case, a manufacturer was prosecuted for selling tankage labeled 60 per cent protein when the analysis showed 37.73 per cent. This tankage cost the farmer \$72.00 per ton or \$1.98 per unit of protein. Well known brands were selling at \$80.00 per ton, and contained 60 per cent of protein, and cost the feeder \$1.22 per unit of protein.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

Iowa continues to forge ahead in its enforcement of our weight and measure laws and each year shows advancement in this branch of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture. To most people the work involved in the supervision of weighing and measuring instruments is only a vague theory, and the application of weight and measure laws are of but little particular value to them. Most of us, so far as correct weighing is concerned, are "penny wise and pound foolish." We carefully count the pennies received in change, but pay little, if any, heed to the ounces, pounds or even scores of pounds that may be lost through the use of incorrect weighing devices. Honest weights and measures are in use in greater numbers in Iowa today than ever before. Closer application of the laws affecting weights and measures, together with a more careful inspection of the instruments found in use, has brought about a decided improvement. There is more frequent checking of the weights of commodities purchased by the housewife. This is evident from the fewer complaints received by the department as to short weight.

The inspectors, from time to time, examine the various commodities put up in package form, to determine the correct weight, also inspect the merchants' scales to determine their accuracy. During the year ending December 31, 1926, the department inspected 81,788 scales and measuring devices. The department makes inspection of all scales at least once during the year and makes an effort to retest them as often as possible. Of the total number of scales tested, 1,237 were condemned for repairs; there were also

12,015 gasoline pumps and measures tested, of which 509 were condemned for repairs or adjustment. The following table shows the percentage of scales tested that were found incorrect, however, this does not show the number which were adjusted by the inspector at the time of inspection.

	Condemned	Per Cent
Wagon scales 3,583	283	8. %
Counter scales		1.6%
Platform scales		1. %
Cream test scales10,237		1. %
Penny-in-slot scales 636	87	1.3%
Gasoline pumps and measures12,016	509	4.2%

INVESTIGATIONS

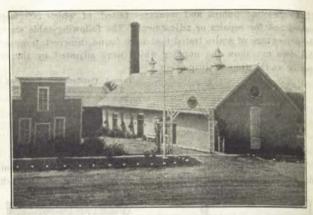
The department devotes considerable time to investigating complaints relative to short weight and misbranded food commodities.



Ringsted Co-operative Creamery Co.

After making investigation we find that a large number of these complaints are unwarranted. We have a less number of prosecutions for the sale of short weight commodities than former years.

It is very necessary that from time to time we follow up the peddler to see whether the house-wife receives the correct weight. The public in general, is co-operating, and are insisting, that when they buy of the peddler he give them the full weight, and in most cases the housewife has a pair of scales which she uses to determine whether she receives the amount paid for. The publicity which usually follows the prosecution for short weight, causes the un-



Farmers Butter & Cheese Ass'n, Northwood

scrupulous merchant and peddler to hesitate before delivering short weight to the public. The newspapers have given a great deal of publicity when prosecutions are made for short weight.

FUEL AND ICE

During the past year the department has made a very thorough check on the deliveries of coal, to determine whether the consumer was in all cases receiving 2,000 pounds to a ton. This branch of our work is much appreciated by the honest coal dealers and in a great many instances we have been requested to have our inspectors check up the deliveries, stating that they were anxious to cooperate; and their employees, operating the scales, as well as their drivers, were instructed at all times to give a correct weight. We can say that in very few cases during the past year were any variations to be found. During the summer months the inspectors have been very busy checking up on the delivery of ice to see that the consumers receive the correct weight.

STANDARD WEIGHTS

Below we give you the standard weights of one bushel, one peck and one quart of certain products as provided by the laws of Iowa: WEIGHTS OF ONE BUSHEL, ONE PECK, AND ONE QUART OF CERTAIN PRODUCTS
AS PROVIDED BY THE LAWS OF IOWA

on it hands a super 18th many success	10 111	194111	HIDIN DW
Synthegra describe	1 bushel	1 peck	1 quart
man blangon mores to alim to given	pounds	pounds	ounces
Second and piver hamiltone ships by	TELL	DATE TO	The same of the same
	48	12	24
Apples Apples dried	24	6	12
	60 48	15	30 24
Barley Beans, green penns, dry Beans, lima Betts	56	14	28
Beans, dry	60 56	15	30
Berts A	56	14	28
Bluegrass seed	14	31/2	7
Breat Buegrass seed Bran Bromus inernis Broom corn seed Buckwheat Cartote	20	31/4	10
Broom corn seed	50	1256	25
Buckwheat	48	12	24
		121/2	25
Charcoal Cherries Clover seed	20	5	10
Cherren seed	40	10	20
Coal	80	20	40
Coke	40	10	20
Corn, ear Corn, unhusked	70 75	1714	35 371/4
Corn, shelled	56	14	28
Orn meal	48	12	24
Emtoer	48	12	24 20 111
Flax seed	56	14	28
Grapes, steps	40	10	20
Hemp seed	50	121/4	25
Hungarian seed	50	121/2	25
Line	80	14 20	28 40 mile
Millet seed	50	121/6	25
Onta	32 52	8	16
Onlon top sets.	90	7	14
Onion bottom sets.	32		16
Orehard grass seed	14 32	31/2	7 16
Parenine	421	111/4	221/4
Peaches Peaches, dried	48	12	24
Peanute	33	81/4 51/2	161/2
Pears Peas, unshelled	45	111/4	221/2
Peas, unshelled	50	121/2	25
Plans	48	15	24 77
Pop corn, cob		171/2	35
Potatoes	56	14	28 11 10101
Quinees	48	12	24
Rape seed Redtop seed	50 14	125/2	25
Rutabagas	60	15	The world
Rutabagas Rye	56	14	28 [[2] (1)
Sand	130	20 3214	40
Shorta	90	5	10
Sorghum seed	50	121/4	25 10.7
Sweet corn	50	10	40
Sweet corn Sweet potatoes Throthy seed	50	1214	25
Tomatees	45 50	111/4	221/4
Tomatoes Turnips Walnuts	55	13%	271/4
Walnuts	50	1234	25
All root crops not specified above	50	15	30
The state of the s	PASSARIA.	Jacob S	long mont

¹ dry qt. -67.2 cu, ins. 1 Equid qt. -67.76 cu. ins. A dry qt. holds 15 per cent more than a Equid pt. Dry commodities must be sold by weight or dry measure.

WEIGHTS OF MILK AND CREAM

We again insert the following from last year's report, as we consider the information well worth repeating:

In general the specific gravity of milk or cream depends upon the percentage and relation of solids contained in it, the temperature at which the determinations are made and the age of the milk. The weight of one gallon of water at 68 degrees F. (20 degrees C.), according to the Bureau of Standards, is approximately 8.32162 pounds. Using this figure as the weight of water and using the specific gravities of milk and cream of various percentages as given in U. S. Department of Agriculture Bulletin No. 98 the following table has been worked out for the weights per gallon, at a temperature of 68 degrees F.

	Percentage of Fat	Specific Gravity	Weight Per Gallon (Pounds)
Water		1.000	8.32162
Skim	0.025	1.037	8,6295
Milk	3.	1.034	8,6045
Milk		1.033	8.5962
Milk	4.	1.032	8.5879
Milk	5.	1.031	8.5796
Milk		1.030	8.5713
Mixed milk and cream	10.	1.025	8.5297
Mixed milk and cream	13.	1.018	8.4714
Cream	18.	1.015	8.4464
Cream	20.	1.013	8.4298
Cream	22.	1.011	8.4132
Cream		1.008	8.3882
Cream	28.	1.006	8.3715
Cream		1.004	8.3549
Cream	32.	1.002	8.3383
Cream	35.	.999	8.3133
Cream	38.	.997	8.2967
Cream	40.	.995	8.2800

Weights are given at 68 degrees F. because this is the temperature that was used in determining the specific gravities (20 degrees C. being the temperature generally used for such work). The weight would be very slightly greater for milk at 50 degrees to 60 degrees, the temperature at which milk is usually received at the plant.

For all practical purposes the weight of ordinary market milk may be figured at 8.6 pounds per gallon.

CANNING FACTORIES

Iowa packed a total of 3,361,000 cases of canned corn, which was a reduction from the 1925 pack of a little over 18 per cent.

The average price paid the farmer for sweet corn in Iowa last season was \$10.35 per ton.

The following is a complete 1926 directory of all canners and packers in Iowa-Nebraska, as recently revised by their association; also the key to the letters indicating the nature of their pack.

CODE

A—Corn. B—Peas. C—Tomatoes. D—Apples. E—Green Beans. F—
punkin and Squash. G—Fish (includes Salmon and Fish Products). H—
Tuna. I—Hominy. J—Lima Beans. K—Kraut. L—Lobster. M—Meat.
N—Succotash. O—Olives. P—Sweet Potatoes. Q—Beets. R—Rhubarb.
S—Sardines. T—Clams. U—Oysters. V—Peanut Butter. W—Asparagus.
X—Preserves. Y—Plums. Z—Pears.
a—Peaches. b—Cherries. c—Pineapple. d—Prunes. e—Berries (all kinds). f—Apricots. g—Apple Sauce. h—Honey. i—Pork and Beans and Baked Beans. J—Spinach. k—Cider. i—Spaghetti. m—Milk. m—Soups.
o—Grapefruit. p—Tomato Pulp. q—Plum Pudding. r—Red Kidney
Beans. s—Fruit Salad. t—Catsup and Chill Sauce. u—Mince Meat. v—
Apple Butter. w—Syrup and Molasses. x—Shrimp.
v—Okra, and Okra and Tomatoes. z—Figs.

IOWA

A Monitor A Section A Monitor A Moni
Ames Canning CoAmes. A-F.
Anderson Bros. Canning CoOskaloosa, A-C-F.
Atlantic Canning Co Atlantic A-F.
Factory—Audubon.
Payter Bros Co. The Office—Brunswick Me. A-N
Factory—Wapello
Pall Canning Co. Office—Waterloo A.
Factories—Grundy Center, Rein-
Theck 11 111 1111
Audubon Canning Co
Burlington Vinegar & Pickle Works Burlington. t-pickles.
Carnation Milk Products CoOffice-Oconomowoc, Wis. m.
Factory—Wayerly.
Caster Canning CoLeon. C.
Cedar Falls Canning Co
Cedar Rapids Canning CoCedar Rapids. C-E-Q-p.
Center Point Canning Co
Clarksville Canning Co
Columbus Canning Co
Cudahy Packing Co., TheOffice—Chicago, Ill. M.
Factory—Sloux City.
Factory—Sioux City. Denmire, L. EOffice—Montrose. C-Z.
Factories—Montrose, Farmington,
Sandusky. 1/2 1115 openied and Committee of the sand the
Sandusky. Virden-Richards Canning CoDexter. A-F.
Eigin Canning Co., Co., Co., Co., Co., Co., Co., Co.,
Farmer Canning Co., J. LeRoyOffice—Monticello. A.
Factories-Monticello, Tipton.
Farmer Canning Co., S. TStory City. A.
Farmer Canning Co., V. F
Glenwood Canning & Fruit Pro. Co. Glenwood. C. Grimes Canning CorpOffice—1121 Southern Surety Bidg.,
Grimes Canning CorpOffice—1121 Southern Surety Bldg.,
Factories—Altoona, Grimes, Pella, Des Moines. A.F.I.
Perry, Rockwell City.
Perry, Rockwell City. Grinnell Canning Co
Independent Country Con. Tudened A.
Independence Canning Corp Independence. A
Factories—Vinton, La Porte City,
Garrison, Shellsburg.
Marriagu, Duchisburg.

40 DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION OF
lowa City Canning Co
Marshall Canning CoOffice—Marshalltown, A-B-C-F-K-1. Factories—Marshalltown, Roland, Hampton, Ackley, Waverly.
Merrell Canning Co
Factory—Hamburg. Penick & Ford, Ltd., Inc Office—New Orleans, La. w. Red Oak Canning Co Red Oak. A-C-F. Riverside Canning Co Hamburg. C-D-E-F-Q-k-p. Root Canning Company, A. I Office—Medina, Ohio. h.
Sac City Canning Co. Office See City A
Factories—Sac City, Storm Lake. Smith, P. G
Virden Canning Co
Weir Canning Co
NEDD A CITAL PRODUCT AND A CITAL OF STORY AND A CITAL OF STORY
Auburn Canning Co
Factory—Omaha. Farmer Canning Co., S. TOffice—Story City. A. Factories—Columbus, Grand Island. Farrell & CompanyOmaha. w. Fremont Canning CoFremont. a.
Farrell & Company
Otoe Food Products CoNebraska City. A-B-C-D-E-F-I-J-K-b-I-J-p-r.
REPORT OF THE LABORATORY
During 1926 the usual routine checking of products coming un-
der the laws enforced by the department has obtained. The num-
ber of samples analyzed in the laboratory was 2,692. They are
listed as follows:

Butter ...,1,168
Miscellaneous ...,476

1 7
Milk and Cream 581
Ice Cream
Stock Foods
Bacteriological 36
REPORT OF SAMPLES OF BUTTER ANALYZED BY THE DEPARTMENT
1,107 Samples Analyzed
AVERAGE ANALYSIS SHOWED
Fat
Salt
Canada
Moisture
man were at the control of the property of the standard
1 sample contained 72% fat
1 sample contained 72% fat 1 sample contained 73% fat
2 samples contained 74% fat
4 complex contained 750 for
4 samples contained 76% fat
8 samples contained 77% fat
92 samples contained 79% fat
92 samples contained 19% fat 192 samples contained 80% fat 192 samples contained 80% fat 193 samples contained 80% fat
315 samples contained 81% fat 229 samples contained 82% fat
147 complex contained 82% fat
147 samples contained 83% fat 59 samples contained 84% fat
21 samples contained 85% fat
5 samples contained 86% fat
MOISTURE
17 samples contained 12% moisture
54 samples contained 13% moisture
191 samples contained 14% moisture
372 samples contained 15% moisture
327 samples contained 16% moisture 102 samples contained 17% moisture
20 samples contained 18% moisture
6 samples contained 19% moisture
4 samples contained 20% moisture
3 samples contained 21% moisture
2 samples contained 22% moisture
1 sample contained 24% moisture
SALT
8 samples contained less than 1% salt
362 samples contained from 1% to 2% salt
529 samples contained from 2% to 3% salt
135 samples contained from 3% to 4% salt
22 samples contained from 4% to 5% salt
CASEIN
530 samples contained less than 1% casein
500 samples contained from 1% to 2% casein
53 samples contained from 2% to 3% casein

INSPECTION SERVICE

Our inspectors made a new record in the number of inspections made in 1926, the third year of their work. Profiting by their three years' experience and becoming more familiar with their territory, they have been able to systematize their work and thereby become more efficient in handling the various line of inspection they have to do. According to our report for 1924 we made 140,957 inspections; 1925, 166,762 inspections, and 1926, 169,893 inspections. This gradual increase justifies the department's conclusion that continual service with good men is what counts, and we were fortunate last year in having no occasion to break in new men.

One of the matters that will be given special attention at our annual spring conference will be a better understanding of the twenty odd laws our men have to supervise and enforce. One of the big objects of the conferences that are held by the department is the accomplishing of uniform work in all territories in the state, as we have found that where an inspector interprets the meaning of the law one way in his territory and another one differently in his adjoining territory, it has caused us more or less embarrassment in straightening out the problem. Therefore, one of the big things that we have to accomplish, is to keep our men working uniformly at all times. In a few lines of our work we have found it beneficial to have two or three of our men work together on some of the serious problems that we have to contend with. However, this is



Denver Creamery Co. State Brand

during a very short space of time, which is mostly in the winter, such as the checking of coal and the inspecting of milk that is sold at retail in the various towns.

The people of the southern part of Iowa are becoming much more interested along the lines of co-operative dairying, and our men have been called on very frequently to talk at various groups regarding co-operative creameries. Van Buren county is building a farmers' co-operative creamery at Keosauqua. This county has had no co-operative creamery for a great many years. We are also advised that \$3,500.00 has been collected for a co-operative creamery at Lockridge in Jefferson county. We are fortunate in having our inspection service made up of men well trained in the manufacture and handling of all dairy products, as well as being able to talk interestingly on this subject, which they have had occasion to do before various farm groups. We do not lose an opportunity to give help and encouragement to this section of the state, as we have every reason to believe that southern Iowa will eventually work into the co-operative dairy work. In the inspection of creameries and ice cream factories a great many samples of butter have been taken, and forwarded to our laboratory for analysis by the state chemist, to determine what the composition of butter manufactured was. Under our law we require an 80 per cent fat standard, and this department has been a big factor in improving the composition control of this product.

Our men are continually trying to improve the sanitary conditions surrounding all food producing and dispensing establishments, not only of the buildings but of the utensils used. Special attention has been given to ice cream containers, to induce people to properly wash the cans before they are returned to the place of manufacture, so that the consuming public can have a pure, wholesome food, delivered to them in a sanitary condition. Many other lines of work are gradually being improved along sanitary lines.

While it is a fact that there is always room for improvement, this department intends to furnish the people of Iowa the best protected and most sanitary food that can be obtained.

In our annual report for 1925, we made a report on the complete cost of maintaining twenty-six Ford cars for the two years ending June 30, 1925. The showing was an exceptionally creditable one. The total expense per mile being \$.0395, less than 4 cents per mile. The thirty new cars furnished our inspectors were Ford coupes,

cluding depreciation.

44

increased our depreciation charge. Yet, for the year and one-half ending December 31, 1926, these thirty Ford coupes have been maintained for a trifle less than \$.042 (41-5 cents) per mile, in-

DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION-YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1926

Office Force	Salary	Expense
		1000
R. G. Clark	8 3,000,00	8 204.9
M. E. MeMurry	799.98	46.9
B. O. Brownlee	2,349,97	852.2
E. L. Redfern	3,000.00	202.2
3. S. Bogle	2,400,00	250.9
W. G. Jordon.	1,050.00	
R. C. Meehan	985.08	
A. W. Day 2. V. Barker ignes Hermansen	2,200.00	42.1
R. V. Barker	1,500.00	
Agnes Hermansen	1,207.66	**********
Olds Parson	600.00	
dildred Liddell		************
Ann Murphy	1,200.00	
Evelyn Roes		**********
8. D. Henson	195,00	**********
V. J. Van Meter	312.50	
Frank E. Wells		
V. W. Shaffer		
Helen Hackley	70.00	*****
Edna Talbot	75.81	1070000
Inspectors:	MEDINAT.	That Core
B. Prisble	2,300,00	792.5
P. L. Odell	2,300.00	721.3
P. A. Olark	2,300.00	661.2
Sur Thomas	9.200.00	648.1
toy Scoles S. N. Hart. S. T. Brors.	2,300.00	1,067.1
7. N. Hart	2,300.00	913.0
), T. Broers	2,300.00	769.2
i. H. Guthrie	2,216,70	822.8
P. D. Payn	2,300,00	861.1
Burr Willits	2,300,00	781.0
V. A. Nolte	2,300.00	861.€
. E. Utterback		839.8
W. Milnes	2,300.00	945.0
R. E. Long	2,300,00	1,105.8
8. S. Rygh	2,300.00	952.7
V. A. Carrier	2,241.69	700.7
B. F. Schultz		1,182.1
Elmer Reed		630.9
D. Piete	2,354.13	1,784.6
A. L. Landis	2,300,00	574.4
P. W. Stephenson	2,300.00	708.8
V. W. Newland	2,300.00	632.1
). P. Thompson	2,300.00	789.1
V. E. Robertson	2,300.00	909.1
Peter White	2,206.33	707.7
E. E. Mittlestadt	2,300.00	1,017.6
7. E. Behnke	1,500.00	1,012.6
Pred Susle	2,300.00	1,012.0
I. E. Ritter	2,300,00	723.6
I. W. McElroy.	2,300,00	2,078
	2,300.00	1,683.5
A. B. Briggs	2,300.00	879.5
H. Oatman	367.32	80.1
	620.00	606.5
3. O. Browniee	0.00	6.4
Reperal office and laboratory expense.		1,970.8
	The second	
	\$ 99,616.91	8 34,876.0

TOTAL INSPECTIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1924, 1925 AND 1926

the souther of while between receipt will	44.151	172,712	168,778	
Elevators	64	96	141	
Wholesale Groceries	122	103	161	
Penny-in-the-Slot Scales	296	146	636	
Rendering Plants	222	164	263	
Bottling Works	303	237	241	
Seed Dealers	209	245	536	
Milk Wagons	943	500	430	
Coal Dealers	172	602	551	
Dairymen	1,259	809	896	
Slaughter Houses	684	940	933	
Ice Cream Factories	877	958	1,013	
Miscellaneous	815	1,100	1.452	
Feed Stores	876	1,392	1,990	
Hotels	1,547	1,625	1.816	
Bakeries		1,729	1.419	
Farm Dairies	1,672	1,955	1,096	
Confectionery	2,049	2,413	3,155	
Creameries	2,332	2,690	2,490	
Wagon Scales	3,426	3,795	3,478	
011	7,389	7,428	7,724	
Restaurants	8,343	9,462	10,305	
Meat Markets	7.839	9,535	9,474	
Cream Stations	8,556	10,004	10,269	
Cream Test Scales		10,837	10,237	
Produce Houses	10.051	10,543	11,475	
Gasoline Pumps and Measures		12,707	12,015	
Platform Scales	14,903	17,890	16,260	
Groceries	16,472	19,468	19,263	
Counter Scales	33.824	43,339	39.059	
	1924	1925	1926	

TOTAL INSPECTIONS THE LAST YEAR BEFORE CONSOLIDATION

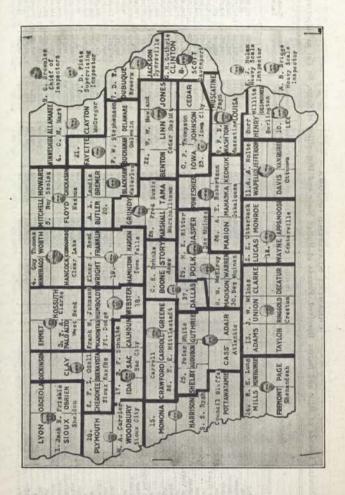
Dairy and Food Depar Oil Department Estima Hotel and Restaurants City Milk Inspection E	Estimated	1000000	 7,500 8,983
asomingani aid tora,	agently of the		95,588

MISCELL	ANEOUS WORK		Tropped .	
	1924	1925	1926	
Number of Meetings Attended	1 702	487	558	
Number of Complaints Invest	igated 2,389	2,271	2,537	
Number of Samples Collected	5,848	5,346	12,099	
Number of Samples Tested .	13,215	14,270	10,583	
Number of Prosecutions	406	313	286	
Number of Examinations give	n 1,387	1,549	1,568	
erros fero'd server ambieresen	23.947	24 232	27.631	

LICENSES ISSUED AND FEES RECEIVED YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1926

DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION OF

Oil Inspection Fees	1.064.849	\$ 53,242,46
Sanitary Law Licenses	6.044	18,162.00
Babcock Test Licenses	4.991	12,479.00
Egg Dealers' LicensesNo.	8,343	8,343.00
Scale Tag Licenses	2,310	6,361.00
Scale Inspection Fees	3,502	11.070.00
Feed Inspection Fee Tags	317,070	31,706.96
Milk Dealers' Licenses	6,641	6,641.00
Gasoline Pump LicensesNo.	9,848	
Hotel Transfer Fees	87	29,545.00
Hotel Licenses		87.00
Postsument Vierness	1,540	7,541.00
Restaurant Licenses	3,399	10,197.00
Fair Restaurant LicensesNo.	1,412	4,236.00
Commercial Feed Fees	487	1,509.00
Feedingstuffs Analysis FeesNo.	87	87.00
Seed Analysis Fees	175	87.50
Rendering Plant LicensesNo.	81	2,025.00
Cold Storage Licenses	16	575.00
Commercial Fertilizer FeesNo.	42	840.00
Butter Trade-Mark	4	109.00
Mattress Inspection Fees	8	80.00
Miscellaneous Fees		39.02



CREAMERY STATISTICS OF IOWA

Showing Pounds of Milk and Butter Received, Pounds of Butter Made and Disposition of Same, So Far as Reported

	Countles	No, of Creameries Reported	Pounds of Milk Received	Pounds of Cream Received	Lbs. of But- ter Manu- factured	Pounds Sold to Patrons	Pounds Sold in Iowa	Pounds Sold Outside of Iowa	Total Value
2202	THE PERSON NAMED IN	DATE LOSSIO	Tresta.	HALL HEND	No. of Concession	10000	AL DEPT		
			25,071	1,863,540	770,229	47,396	120,607	602,226	\$ 313,978.5
			*********	389,000	122,000	7,000	20,000	95,000	43,920.0
		7	*********	9,130,044	2,810,716	110,207	105,142	2,575,253	1,198,274.0
		1	260,000	1,452,000	588,075	700	346,025	244,950	253,000,6
		6	259,461	2,145,485	877,411	56,167	261,902	509,825	378,276.4
enton	************************	3	101,604	2,561,728	1,060,606	40,095	163,454	857,047	45b, 120.6
lack Hawk		9	10,479,679	8,840,543	3,007,330	122,036	1,043,023	1,896,671	1,292,945.6
oone		3	2,133,290	969,617	373,220	13,843	200,868	65,678	151,861.
		22	63,844,858	5,245,395	3,146,229	242,235	312,017	2,632,074	1,398,941.
uchanan		8	10,538,160	10,243,384	1,746,588	200,844	270,681	3,013,343	1,750,747,
uena Vista		5	1.134.731	2,886,425	1,074,292	63,729	277,806	733,436	383,400.
utler		-11	5,400,293	4,333,502	1,679,585	156,447	133,741	1,392,961	716,442.
		10 TO PA 10 TO	81,000	1,305,131	528,722	26,247	216,905	285,741	212,508.
arroll	*********************	8	919,158	7,199,400	3,044,522	37,074	467,246	2,471,863	1,217,608
968		HILL STORY	4447.00	3,891,034	1,514,333	5,540	40,000	b,541,378	667,149,
odar	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7		2,957,687	1,196,000	83,960	305,109	125,863	495,223,
erro Gordo	***************************************	- 11	6,751,863	10,951,229	3,516,313	107,863	451,709	2,916,804	1,526,187.6
herokee		1	allasticon	581,215	187,591	11,344	150,441	23,125	60,405.
		, ĝ	3,002,351-	8,961,908	2,973,568	161,767	131,968	2,681,075	1.234,460.
larke		THE PERSON NAMED IN	a succession	750,024	239,007	201,101	80,000	160,000	90,841.6
		3	C	532,776	214,283	17,688	36,371	160,212	
		18	20,033,320	13,503,303	5,482,853	212,051	317,108		87,000.3
			4,946,710	9,910,985	3,551,670	53,694	571,183	4,952,647	2,153,006.6
						The second secon		2,569,373	1,513,016.
		THE RESERVE	130,000	5,530,000	2,500,000	***********	26,000	2,474,000	1901,000.
		HAY PARK	12,000,000	1,298,900	568,286	23,200	425,659	167,827	222,924.
			10,000	900,000	250,000	4,000	21,000	250,000	100,000,
ecatur		1	**********	600,190	220,444	***********	220,444	***********	92,586.
	***************************************	18	4,470,830	9,483,109	8,255,439	212,307	143,264	2,968,619	1,435,823.4
es Moines		3	***********	1,648,060	385,700	2,000	323,564	60,136	222,665.6
ickinson		3	*****	1,580,403	655,056	20,737	42,135	502,284	276,477.6
ubuque		17	9,682,840	14,802,000	5,496,208	131,376	549,162	4,705,331	2,455,637.3
mmet	***************************************	. 4	342,603	2,262,749	788,150	32,806	89,960	645,823	323, 176, 3
ayotte		18	76,747,522	18,148,516	5,270,501	246,278	360,987	4,638,198	2,567,784.0
loyd		4	54,632	2,921,277	887,903	44,258	177,046	666,680	392,021.8
ranklin		7	105,970	5,609,494	1,769,615	131,888	138,276	1,502,846	742,764.8
		1	427.973	331,200	119,3%	12,000	57,919	43.329	51,323,9

	100	400 400	4,000,573 (1,230,186 1	117,104	107,390 [1,061,712 [511,848.36
Grandy	7	683,192		831,765	18.085	201,943	411.737	344,192.01
Suthrie	4	27,700	2,097,041	614,964	61,991	234,703	317.028	258, 272, 70
Hamilton	4	545,074	1,533,082		104,482	133,022	1,716,485	912,592.47
laneoek	6		6,053,900	2,094,063		302,106	3,117,607	1,719,791,26
fardin	9	293,006	11,604,194	4,073,856	137,784	302,170	0,111,001	25,896,20
	1		145,051	64,717	SECURE OF SERVICE AND		DECEMBER OF STREET	78,750.00
Harrison	-	88,500	479,000	201,900	1,000	125,700	75,200	
Henry	9		8,315,690	2,617,998	96,854	150,951	2,370,908	1,143,995.95
Howard		*********	923,986	320,779	23,700	44,587	252,483	129,932.44
Humboldt	3.	**********		291,531	17,190	191,356	104,262	126,987,75
owa	3	***********	890,764		110,454	340,626	2,235,909	1,111,353.07
Jackson	10	741,963	7,125,396	2,009,908	1,204	125,645	10,454	58,952,30
Jasper	9		381,000	137,308			30,000	53,161.65
	1		336,067	118,137	6,089	115,627		107,977.96
Jefferson	Ť.	***********	654,654	245,400	6,000	205,517	33,887	101,011.00
Johnson.	5	108,821	7,150,347	2.083,406	147,399	193,189	1,743,857	1,000,223.00
Jones			436,034	176,016		73,100	103,876	97,066.68
Keokuk	3	***********	7.395.272	2,536,636	212,628	236,216	2,087,532	1,084,949.76
Kossot b.	13	7,368,696			54,632	146,004	1,841,703	1,867,873.87
Lee	3	896,423	10,501,467	4,433,400	108,094	406,866	2,939,005	1,645,738.00
Linn	8	549,000	9,718,411	3,605,606			23,503	9,000.35
	2		58,263	27,406	**********	3,883		167,504.62
Louisa	9	83,037	1,146,187	402,800	31,970	29,449	340,700	
Lyon			146,160	66,251	1,532	62,652	2,067	30,819.61
Madison	1	31, 754	555,246	953,881	10,400	243,066		145,635.25
Mahaska	- 5			491,323		131,406	351.552	205,830.68
Marion	2	218,116	1,918,284		88,633	311,343	1,421,200	761,653,55
Marshall	4	590,000	4,795,491	1,821,282		50,650	367,480	174,793,94
Mills	9		904,444	492,974	3,670		2,094,792	1,000,191.49
	7	143,661	7,162,370	2,384,307	126,432	159,094		235,764,79
Mitchell		514,299	1,521,249	1779,685	1,286	157,448	420,951	
Montgomery		587,157	5,633,426	2,204,870	29,760	334,307	1,834,307	950,223.50
Muscatine	2 -			1,425,647	93,955	215,718	1,115,974	566,785.08
O'Brien	- 3	424,300	3,612,637		67,278	96,629	863,607	426,455.00
Oscsola	1	******	2,765,733	1,027,604	450	55,480	1,410,806	636,380,47
Page	3	57,200	3,359,397	1,550,199		149,850	1,271,426	008,500,53
Palo Alto	7	137,238	4,347,477	1,551,686	130,402			11,603.26
	1	872,141	79,196	18,565	1,440	24,545	**************	122,776.59
Plymouth.	- 6		890,674	368,721	8,543	114,314	233,112	
Pocabontas	- 0	1.200	14,834,230	5,689,763	1,630	1,451,742	4,264,484	2,550,683,75
Polk	9	227,132	1.009.357	625,648	4,338	116,000	400,800	238,571.52
Poweshiek	2	207,130		461,871	9755		480,157	197,645.38
Sac	I	227,794	1,097,473			511,325	184,388	370,034,10
Scott	5		2,526,240	894,819		298,256	926,850	578,403,49
Pott awattamie	1	657,000	2,912,200	1,240,037	***********		133,474	73,741.36
			492,522	180,133	19,475	36,185		1.776,215.90
Shelby	- 0	858,887	11.617,526	4,250,333	268,179	365,789	3,611,158	
Sloux	*	38,861	2,414,767	1,278,548	139,045	396,228	814,780	513,444.00
Story	4111	24,000	3,973,552	1,487,997	18,982	99,510	1,389,525	598,296.00
Tama.	-	- COLUMN TO SERVICE TO	780,500	291,700	19,798	60,535	211,373	116,680,00
Taylor.	and a				5,508	187,990	3,127,620	1,431,185.49
Union	4	***********	8,406,444	3,319,141	3,305	101,100		
	1				**********	ANT 001	3,926,942	1.941.050.13
Van Buren			9,710,257	4,607,533	16,112	664,964		
Wapello			332,867	143,910	7,823	117,043	12,045	56,133,11

Counties	No. of Creameries Reported	Pounds of Milk Received	Pounds of Cream Received	Lbs. of But- ter Maou- factured	Pounds Sold to Patrons	Pounds Sold in Iowa	Pounds Sold Outside of Iowa	Total Value
Vashington. Vayne. Vebster. Vinnehago Vinnehago Vinnehick Voodbury Voorth. Vright.	2 1 2 8 10 6 9	57,208 137,992 484,946 20,523,884 68,219 21,906	429,614 4,168,663 1,733,015 7,623,312 11,693,012 75,062,800 5,397,043 3,165,245	193,906 1,616,515 712,915 2,387,307 3,637,679 31,202,749 1,906,051 1,014,402	9,062 5,253 3,990 239,971 94,777 4,434 130,638 100,391	184,844 52,444 590,521 119,374 221,287 1,011,324 98,456 196,878	1,558,818 117,564 2,225,963 3,311,775 30,194,626 1,679,057 717,133	94,048,9 648,606.0 301,390,9 1,138,873.7; 1,542,968.0 13,887,887,8 870,082,3 489,743.1
Total	455	204,180,153	402,473,478	172,257,863	5,376,851	20,947,416	142,706,319	\$75,322,441.7

The countes of Monroe, Fremont, Ida, Monona, Ringgold and Lucas, having no creameries, did not report.

CREAMERY LIST

OKRANDAT MOT							
Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker		
Adair County— Adair Creamery Co	c Adairc Greenfield	J. W. Crow W. A. Foster	Adair	J. T. Bryan R. H. McCrea	Adair Greenfield		
Adams County — Prescott Creamery	i Prescott	Chris Lundhigh	Prescott	Chris Lundhigh	Prescott		
Allamakee County— Artic Spring Creamery Ass'n	c Quandahl, 9 mi. S. of Spring Grove, Minn.	O. C. Flatberg	Spring Grove, Minn.	Olaf Goodno	Spring Grove,		
Farmers Co-op. Creamery Co	c Lansing, 6 mi. W c Waterville c Waukon c Waukon, 7 mi. S. W. e New Albin	O. R. Haas		A. H. Hanesmeier V. V. Johnson Jacob W. Rouster	Minn. Church Waterville Waukon Waukon New Albin Postville		
Appanoose County— Centrox Dairy	s Centerville	G. S. Armstrong	Centerville	A. V. Lucas	Centerville		
Audubon Township Creamery Ass'n Crystal Springs Cry. Co	a Audubon c Exira, 6 mi. E c Kimballton	Albert S. Stone	Exira Kimballton	Albert S. Stone I. I. Petersen	Exira Kimballton		
Benton County— Farmers Creamery Model Creamery Garrison Co-op. Cry. Ass'n	i Newhall	Wm. Gardeman	Newhall	H. I. Stelling	Newhall		
Black Hawk County— Benson Co-op. Creamery Co	Denver 6 mi S. E.	J. M. Seltenrich E. A. Brandes Wm. Meier	Cedar Falls	F. V. Jensen Albert Stohlkopf Wm. Meier	Waterloo Waterloo Denver		

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
	Hudson				Hudson Cedar Falls
Waterloo Co-op. Dairy Co	Waterloo	P. I. Henderson Thomas Fisher	Waterloo	R. W. Chadwick	Waterloo Dunkerton
	Boone	J. F. Sammin	Boone	V. F. Brunner	Boone
	W., 11/2 N	Benj. Anderson R. E. Fowler	Jewell	E. P. Conway Roy Bilbrey	Story City Boone
Bremer Creamery Co. Climax Creamery Co. Climax Creamery Co. Excelsior Creamery Co. Excelsior Creamery Co. Excelsior Creamery Co. Frederika Creamery Co. Gilt Edge Creamery Co. Gilt Edge Creamery Co. Janesville Creamery Co. Janesville Creamery Ass'n Klinger Co-op. Creamery Co.	Sumner Denver Sumner Denver, 2 mi. E. Prederika Tripoli, 5 mi. S. E. Plainfield Oran, 6½ mi. E. & S. Janesville Readlyn, 3 mi. S.	Fred Christophel. H. Sell. W. J. Moehling. Geo. Rockdaschel Fl. C. Griess. Leigh Alcock J. P. Snelling. B. J. Bentley J. J. Kane. B. O. Squirea Henry Otto	Waverly Sumner Waverly Sumner Denver Tripoli Tripoli Plainfield Fairbank Janesville Readlyn	Louie Ehlert C. F. George J. Ambrose H. F. Dettmer J. G. Nichols Robt. Wagner B. O. Squires Henry Segebarth	Waverly Waverly Summer Denver Sumner Denver Frederika Tripoli Plainfield Fairbank Janesville Fairbank
Knittle Creamery Co	Sumner Tripoli Readlyn Tripoli, 6 mi. N. W Sumner	Chas. Krueger W. H. Barry B. A. Griese H. F. Bukrow G. C. Schwake	Sumner Tripoli Readlyn Waverly	Albert Kruse H. A. Griese Wm. Behrens Fred Bremer	Readlyn Sumner Tripoli Readlyn Waverly Sumner Sumner
Tripoli Creamery Co	Tripoli	J. C. Kock	Tripoli	H. C. Ladage C. L. Gamm	Tripoli Waverly Waverly
Buchanan County— Fairbank Farmers Cry. Coc	Fairbank	Harry Lyon	Fairbank	L. W. Ross	Fairbank

Farmers Creamery Ass'n	Hazleton	C. E. Riede	Hazleton	E. A. Clue	Hazleton
Lamont Creamery Ass'n	Rowley	A. F. Sloan	Lamont	Nels Hansen	Lamont Rowley Independence
Parmers Creamery & Produce Co. Storm Lake Produce Co. 5 Sanitary Dairy Albert City Co-op. Cry. Ass'n. 6	Storm Lake	E. P. Kruse L. W. McCreery Chas. F. Keister	Alta	N. C. Olson L. W. McCreery C. E. Yocum	Newell Storm Lake Storm Lake
Clarksville Creamery Community Creamery Dumont Creamery Dumont Creamery Co. Farmers Co-op. Cry. Co. Jefferson Creamery Co. Jefferson Creamery Co. White Rose Creamery Kesley Co-op. Cry. Co. New Hartford Cry. Co.	Allison Greene Shell Rock Shell Rock Austinville Kesley	II W. Stine. W. H. Henning. J. F. Vander Meier. Wm. Allen J. Jacobsen E. E. Brooks. C. D. Adair. S. L. Patterson. Rembo Johnson	Parkersburg Dumont Allison Greene Shell Rock Shell Rock Austinville Austinville	M. A. Jones. C. G. Nelson J. F. Vander Meier. A. L. Nichols. J. E. Morris E. E. Brooks. F. D. Daniels Marinus Andersen.	Parkersburg Dumont Allison Greene Shell Rock Shell Rock Austinville Kesley
Calhoun County— A. Baird Co. Bork Creamery Co. Cedar Creek Creamery Co. Pomeroy Creamery Co.	Manson	J. J. Bork S. P. Peterson	Manson	J. J. Stamen	Manson Somers
Carroll County— Carroll Creamery Co	Dedham Breda Halbur Coon Rapids Manning Roselle	H. Lauridsen A. J. Polking. M. J. Wagner Jens Jensen J. A. Bruck M. Friedman	Breda Breda Halbur Coon Rapids Manning. Carroll	Harry Naisser H. Lauridsen J. E. DuCharme M. J. Wagner Wm. Rugaard E. Hansen M. Friedman F. J. Dornayer	Dedham Breda Halbur Coon Rapids Manning
Cass County— Central Iowa Poultry & Egg Cocen Swift & Cocen	Atlantic	E. H. Busse, Mgr	New York, N. Y Chicago, Ill	Victor Hatteson T. E. Kelley	Atlantic Atlantic

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
Cedar County— Dorant Farmers Creamery Ass'n	Lowden	M. Pauls	Durant Bennett Lowden Massillon	R. G. Weeks W. L. Sloan R. L. Litts	Durant Bennett Lowden Massillon
Cerro Gordo County— Completely Co-op. Creamery Co. c. Ceamers With all Co-op. Co. c. Ce. B. B. Higley & Co. c. Cen Plymouth Co-op. Creamery Co. c. Cen Cockwell Co-op. Creamery Co. c. Cen Cockwell Co-op. Creamery Co. c. Ceamery Co. c. Ceamery Co. c. Ceamery Co. c. Cen Ceamery Co. c. Cen Ceamery Co. c. Cen Ceamery Co. c. Cen	Dougherty Clear Lake Mason City Plymouth Rockwell Swaledale Thornton Ventura Mason City Mason City	Luella Murphy	Dougherty Clear Lake Mason City Plymouth Rockwell Swaledale Thornton Garner Mason City	O. A. Jensen S. S. Hudson R. E. Adams M. Mikkalson Paul Smith Henry Donner Henry Assink Otto Spies Hermanson Bros.	Clear Lake Mason City Plymouth Rockwell Swaledale Thornton Ventura Mason City
Cherokee County—Cherokee Creamery Co		AZMERSKI VERMINIST CONTRACTOR		Dean S. Gallup	Charaltan
Chickasaw County— Alta Vista Farmers Cry. Co	Alta Vista Nashua Fredericksburg Ionia Ierico Lawler New Hampton	Geo. J. Scholz	Alta Vista Nashua Fredericksburg Ionia New Hampton Lawler New Hampton Lawler Lawler	T. F. Shipton	Alta Vista Nashua
Clarke County— Golden Valley Creamery		9 45 31 100	ENGLISH COLD TO	E. M. Patterson	444

Clay County— Farmers Creamery Co	Langdon	Mrs. John Caldwell E. O. Bollman	Langdon	Emil Jensen E. O. Ballman	Langdon Fostoria
Clayton County— Elkader Creamery Farmersburg & St. Olaf Co-op. Cry. Co., c. Farmers Co-op. Creamery Co., Farmers Co-op. Creamery Co., Farmers Co-op. Creamery Co., Garbarer Farmers Co-op. Creamery Garnavillo Creamery Co., F. H. Hatch Co., Littleport Farmers Co-op. Cry. Co., Luttleport Farmers Co-op. Cry. Co., Millville Creamery Co., Star Creamery Co., Stawberry Point Far. Cry. Ass'n., Union Farmers Co-op. Cry. Co., Volga Farmers Co-op. Creamery Ass'n., Volga Valley Creamery Co., Co.,	St. Olaf Edgewood McGregor Osterdock Garber Garnavillo Edgewood Littleport Lunna Millville Guttenburg No. Buena Vista Strawberry Pt. Monona Volga City	Wm. Fuhrman Raiph Rizer John C. Heilman John White Jas. McLane A. J. Kregel F. H. Hatch G. C. Ruegnitz Elibott Nelson H. G. Friedlein Fred Mueller Mat Ruden A E. Olinger John Sabbann A. L. Moats	St. Olaf Edgewood McGregor Garber Garber Garnavillo Edgewood Elkport Luana Turkey River Guttenbury No. Buena Vista Strawberry Pt. Monona Strawberry Pt.	C. C. Bomberger G. Stuessi D. H. Clymer Fred Havens W. C. Johnson F. W. Hessel W. I. Dilger Geo. Reyerson Ben Gulsvig H. D. Ash Henry Torrey Herold Brant Otto F. Weger P. A. Jordahl E. P. Gernand	Littleport
Clinton County— Charlotte Creamery Co	De Witt	Swift & Co	Charlotte De Witt Toronto Wheatland Chicago Welton Clinton Clinton	D. W. Cox	Charlotte De Witt Toronto Wheatland Clinton Welton Clinton Clinton
Crawford County— Armour Creameriescen	Denison	Armour & Co	Chicago, Ill	S. P. Richards	Denison
Dallas County— Dexter Creamery Co	DexterPerry	W. L. McMenamin H. J. Ryner	Dexter	W. L. McMenamin Everett L. Hart	Dexter Perry
Davis County— Campbell Dairy Companyi	Bloomfield	R. C. Campbell	Bloomfield	Sugene Kelley	Bloomfield
			The second secon		

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
Decatur County— Hutchinson Cream Co	Leon	Hutchinson Cream	Des Moines	D. W. Holly	Leon
Delaware County— Coebsury Co-op. Creamery Co. Earlyille Creamery. Parmers Co-op. Creamery Co. Earmers Co-op. Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Co-op. Creamery Co. Earmers Co-op. Creamery Co. Earmers Manchester Co-op. Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Co-op. Creamery Co. Earmers Cry. Earmers Cry. Co. Earmers Cry. Earmers Cry. Co. Earmers Creamery Co. Earmers Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Creamery Co. Earmers Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Mutual Creamery Co. Earmers Earmers Cry. Earmers Cry. Earmers Cry. Earmers Co. Earmers Earmers Cry. Earmers Cry. Earmers Earmers Cry. Earmers Ear	Greeley Ryan Sand Springs Ryan, 6 mi. E. Hopkinton Manchester Masonville Petersburg Delhi	I. S. Hutton. W. S. Bissell. C. F. Wendt. E. A. Dunlap. Daniel King H. M. Reeve. Garret I. McKee. Krause & Guehring Joseph Dingbaum A. L. Clark	Colesburg Earlville Manchester Ryan Hopkinton Delhi Hopkinton Manchester Masonville Earlville Delhi Manchester Manchester Manchester Manchester	Walter Shaffer Kenneth Klaus C. N. Baehler L. W. Ross. J. L. Batchelder. Alex Graham C. W. Rouse. Orlando Bailey F. W. Krause J. E. Taylor A. C. Hemshrot. Matt McDowell.	Colesburg Earlville Greeley Ryan Springs Delhii Hopkinton Manchester Masonville Dyersville Delhie Manchester Manchester
Des Moines County- Peoria Creamery Co			Peoria, Ill. Burlington Burlington	Wiemer Beas	Burlington Burlington
Dickinson County— Dickinson County— Control of Control	Spirit Lake	H. O. Dean & I. N.	Lake Park	A. C. Kruger Fred W. Born	Lake Park Milford
Dubuque County— Balltown Farmers Co-op. Cry. Co cen Beatrice Creamery Co cen acsacde Creamery Co c farmers Golden Star Cry. Co c farmers Golden Star Cry. Co c farmers Golden Star Cry. Co c fawe Point Mutual Cry. Co c llobe Creamery Co c flawkeye Farmers Creamery c	Balltown. Dubuque Cascade Dyersville Durango	F. X. Sauser Ralph Burkle Frank Fischer	Cascade Dyersville Durango	A. Barker Emil Donatsch Claude Miller R. V. Blaine	Cascade Dyersville

Hickory Valley Creamery Co. Farley Creamery Co. Zwingle Mut. Co-op. Cry. Co. Holy Cross Creamery Co. Jowa Dairy Co. New Vienna Central Cry. Co. Sanitary Milk Co. Sanitary Milk Co. Sherrill Mut. Co-op. Cry. Ass'n. Swift & Co. Worthington Farmers Co-op. Cry. Co.	Farley Zwingle Holy Cross Dubuque New Vienna Dubuque Sherrill	George Theisen A. Fluetsch. H. F. Smith. Edward Vyverberg J. C. Boleyn.	Graf	John F. Dawson Harry E. Williamson M. O. Buroker Paul D. Pockles Wm. Broessel Harry J. Long	N. Buena Vista
Emmet County— Farmers Creamery Co	Ringsted	S. C. Hoien	Ringsted	J. C. Jensen	Wallingford Ringsted
Fayette County— Alpha Farmers Co-op. Cry. Ass'n. Center Valley Creamery Ass'n. Clermont Valley Creamery Co. Clermont Valley Creamery Co. Clermont Valley Creamery Co. Cramers Creamery Co. Farmers Co-op. Creamery. Fayette Mutual Cry. Ass'n. German Creamery Co. Chawkeye Creamery Co. Colewin Farmers Mut. Co-op. Cry. Co. Chawkeye Creamery Co. Colewin Farmers Creamery Co. Coran Creamery Co. Cry. Co. Creamery Co. Cry. Cry. Co. Cry. Co. Cry. Cry. Co. Cry. Cry. Co. Cry. Co. Cry. Cry. Cry. Cry. Cry. Cry. Cry. Cry	Sumner Clermont Elgin Arlington St. Lucas Fayette Westgate Maynard Hawkeye Oelwein Oran Sumner Wadena Wate gate Waucoma West gate Watoma	F. M. Messerer J. W. Miller Melchior Luchsinger F. W. Bates G. H. Hackman J. H. Morf H. T. Meyer Chester H. Paul H. F. Hauth J. L. Butler J. N. Getz Alfred Morf J. H. Wilson H. E. Marron Roy E. Winegar M. A. Hutchison	Summer Clermont Elgin Arlington St. Lucas Fayette Maynard Maynard Hawkeye Oelwein Oran Sumner Wadena Waucoma Westgate West Union Randalla	R. J. Allenstein H. T. Hangartner Ed. Hanson L. C. Barres A. E. Mitchell C. H. Pinch J. H. Schroeder Olen Mittlestadt R. C. Wilson F. H. Harms Will Dilley Nate Tibbetts L. C. Popenhagen J. T. Mogle Dale Russel Geo. Hauer	Summer Clermont Elgin Arlington St. Lucas Fayette Westgate Maynard Hawkeye Oelwein Oran Summer Wadena Westgate Waucoma Westgate Watuoma Westgate Watuoma
Floyd Country— Charles City Creamery Co	Colwell	Frank Brunner W M. McGuiness	Colwell	Earl F. Regel	Colwell Nora Springs
Franklin County— Farmers Co-op. Creamery Co	Popejoy	A. A. Benson W. F. Dunn	Popejoy Alexander	T. McCabe W. H. Tinkey	Popejoy Alexander

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
Hamilton Co-op. Creamery Co Latimer Co-op. Cry. Co Sbeffield Community Cry. Co Hansell Creamery Ass'n E. H. Bryan Swift & Co.	O Latimer O Sheffield O Hansell I Hampton	F. W. Meyer D. J. Atkinson J. Blackford E. H. Bryan	Hampton	F. M. Kidd H. J. Binger Elmer Gustafson	Latimer Coulter Sheffield Hansell Hampton
Greene County— Jefferson Creamery	i Jefferson	M. E. Brunner	Jefferson	Melchior Brunner	Jefferson
Grundy County— Beaver Center Creamery Co. Buck Grove Creamery Buck Crownery Co. Fern Creamery Co. Fern Creamery Co. Grundy Center Creamery Wellaburg Creamery Wellaburg Creamery	Stout Aplington Dike Parkersburg Grundy Center	Andrew J. Meyer Ralph Slight Andersen Bros W. H. Henning E. C. Kamoss	Reinbeck Stout Aplington Dike Parkersburg Grundy Center Wellsburg	T. E. Dilger	Reinbeck Stout Aplington Dike Stout Grundy Center Wellsburg
Guthrie County— Casey Creamery Co Farmers Creamery & Produce Co Swift & Co. Stuart Creamery Co.	c Guthrie Center	Frank E. Lathrop Swift & Co	Guthrie Center	M. W. Bixby F. R. Angell	Casey Guthrie Center Guthrie Center Stuart
Hamilton County— Randall Farmers Creamery Co Ellsworth Co-op. Cry Webster City Creamery Co Williams Creamery	i Ellsworth	Mrs. J. Olson H. E. Forrester	Ellsworth	Clare Forrester	Randall Ellsworth Webster City Williams
Hancock County— Hancock County— Hart Creamery Ass'n Crystal Creamery Co. Farmers Co-op. Creamery Co. Klemme Co-op. Creamery Co. Woden Farmers Creamery Co. Woden Farmers Creamery Co.	Co.e Kanawha	C. M. Ausham S. C. Pollock V. A. Blomgren Valentine Josten	Crystal Lake	C. M. Pedersen C. R. Conway M. G. Olson A. D. Gimer	Garner Kanawha

Hardin County— Alden Co-op. Creamery Co. CAlden Cleves Creamery Co. D'Cleves Concord Co-op. Creamery Co. Garde Eldora Creamery Eldora Ackley Creamery Ackle Hubbard Creamery Co. CHubb Iowa Falls Creamery Co. (Hubb	## W. F. Sharp.	Alden	has Borchers . C. M. Whitney . C. De Selm	Alden Teves Garden City Sidora Ackley Hubbard Iowa Falls Iowa Falls
Swift & Co	Falls J. B. Smith	Eldora F. I). Ford	Eldora
Dunlap Creamery Co Dunla	ap Fred Major	Dunlap Fred	Major	Dunlap
Henry County— Fankhauser Dairy Co	Pleasant A. W. Fankhauser	Mt. Pleasant C. 1	R. Fankhauser	Mt. Pleasant
Howard County— Cresco Creamery Co	ter J. M. Hughes ivin J. J. Prochaska co Bernard McAlester a D. Lane wille Hans Larson cy Carl Sanderson	Elma A. Chester C. Protivin C. V. Cresco C. Elma N. Saratoga Han	McLaughlin C. Plummer W. Chyle W. Nast W. Graf us Larson M. Barnes	Cresco Elma Chester Protivin Cresco Elma Saratoga Cresco Elma
Humboldt County— Bode Creamery & Produce Coc Bode Wacousta Creamery Co	sen I. J. Shursen	Bode J. Ottosen L. Humboldt	J. Bremsen	Bode Ottosen Humboldt
Iowa County— Iowa Valley Creamery Co	engo A. H. Ady or H. F. Lenocker iiamsburg Herman Schwarting.	. Marengo A	rvin Walter	Marengo Victor Williamsburg
Jackson County— Andrew Co-op. Creamery Co	guoketa Bruce Werden guoketa Earl Boyer guoketa Ed Krehhoff mouth Elmer Koch	Andrew C	H. Christenson Douglas May C. Kofoed e F. Widel ner Koch J. Spohn	Bellevue Maquoketa Maquoketa Andrew Maquoketa Monmouth Preston St. Donatus

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
Sterling Creamery	Lamotte	Hoffman Creamery	Lamotte	I. M. Hoffman	Lamotte
Spragueville Co-op. Cry. Ass'n,	Spragueville	Wm. F. H. Stromeyer	Spragueville	Lyle E. Miller	Spragueville
Jasper County— Dairyland Dairy Co. Young Bros			Newton	Lee Kirkwood	Newton
Jefferson County— Linder-Iverson Co	Fairfield	R. O. Linder	Fairfield	E. A. Anderson	Fairfield
Johnson County— Iowa City Cry. Co	Iowa City	Wm. Ruppert Albert B. Sidwell	Iowa City	R. J. Saveraid W. E. Hunter	Iowa City West Branch
Jones County— Amber Co-op. Creamery. Anamosa Farmers Creamery Farmers Creamery Co. Farmers Mutual Cry. Co. Farmers Mutual Cry. Co.	Anamosa Center Junction	W. K. Moats Geo. Poppe	Anan osa	H. C. Smith Harry Johnson E. H. Witt	Anamosa Center Junction Langworthy
Keokuk County— C. E. Brown Geo. M. Grifin Cry. Co	Sigourney	C. A. & I. S. Griffin.	Providence, R. I	Sherley Scott	Sigourney
Kossuth County— Algona Ca-op, Creamery Co. Bancroft Co-op, Creamery Co. Burt Co-op, Creamery Co. Farmers Co-op, Creamery Co. Ledyard Co-op, Creamery Co. Fenton Creamery Co. Germania Creamery Co. Lobe Rock Co-op, Creamery Co.	Bancroft Burt Hobarton Ledyard Fenton Lakots	Joseph Vaske M. E. Warner A. R. Cruikshank J. T. Heaney F. C. Bailey J. E. Smith	Bancroft Burt Algona Ledyard Fenton Lakota	L. C. Strand Nick Behrends	Bancroft

Kossuth County— Lotts Creek Co-op. Cry. Co Clone I Swea City Co-op. Cry. Co	a J. C. Knutson J. C. Newville	Swea City I. C. Titonka John	Rnutsen Swea City Pouelsen Titonka
Lee County— Ft. Madison Creamery Co	adison B. K. Peter	Ft. Madison L. L. L. Chicago, III. Dave Ft. Madison Evert	Daugherty Ft. Madison
Linn County— Blue Valley Creamery Co. cen Cedar Central City Creamery Co. iCentral Linn County Farmers Mut. Cry. Ass'n. eCoggon Marion Darry Store i Marion Liabon Co-op. Creamery Liabon Springville Creamery Co. pSpringv	City Albert Benning M. L. Ware. C. E. Batchelder. M. M. Franks. rille E. George-H. C.	Central City A. L. Coggon Paul Marion Lee Lisbon E. C.	Binning Central City Wright Coggon Dunlap, Marion Capper Lisbon
Valley Farm Creamery	City Wayne Henderson	Springville H. E. Central City Wayn Malker A. W	e Henderson Central City
Louisa County— Weber & Huston			Brooks Columbus Jet.
Lyon County— Farmers Creamery Co	L B Holland	Inwood Geo	Holstenson Inward
Madison County— Winterset Creamery Winter	set F. B. Seidler	Winterset F. B	. Seidler Winterset
Mahaska County— Gasperi Creamery Coi Oskalo Love's Creameryi Oskalo Oskaloosa Creamerycen Oskalo Mahaska DairyOskalo H. S. Rhyasburger Creamerycen Oskalo	osa	Oskaloosa Emme Oskaloosa John Oskaloosa Raym	Cork Beacon
Marion County— Knoxville Creamery	W. H. Anderson Ben Kuyk	Knoxville Cheste	r McNolty Knoxville Leuthey Pella
Charles and the second	CERAMENT LIST-COM	many -	

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
Marshall County— Jackson Dairy Co. Minerva Valley Co-op, Cry. Ass'n. Nielsen Butter & Ice Cream Co. State Center Farmers Cry. Ass'n.	.c Clemons	Theodore Helmick N. C. Nielsen	Marshalltown Clemons Marshalltown State Center	Chas. Madson	Clemons
Mills County— Glenwood Creamery Co Malvern Cold Storage Co	.a Glenwood	I. D. McKnight Bruce Bochner	Glenwood Maivern	E. V. Agler	Glenwood Malvern
Mitchell County— Mitchell County— Mew Haven Creamery New Haven Creamery Osage Co-op. Creamery Ass'n Riceville Creamery Rock Creek Creamery Ass'n St. Anagar Creamery Co	i Osage c Osage i Riceville C Osage c Osage	Judson Burch W. A. Fritz H. K. Klemesrud O. C. Seefield	Osage Osage Riceville Nora Springs St. Ansgar	Rueben Larson Chas. Woodiwiss W. A. Fritz Peter Christensen H. R. Bullis	Osage Osage Riceville Osage St. Ansgar
Montgomery County— Lee Blue Ice Cream Co	en Red Oak	G. L. Rushton	Red Oak	E D Bein	Red Oak Red Oak Villisca
Muscatine County— Swift & Co	.c West Liberty	F. T. Lawton	West Liberty	Wm. Sampson	West Liberty
O'Brien County— Hartley Creamery Co. Sheldon Co-op. Creamery Sutherland Creamery Co	.c Sheldon	Geo. Boerhare	Sheldon	Paul Moerman	Hartley Sheldon Sutherland
Osceola County— Osceola County Co-op. Cry. Ass'n	.c Sibley	Geo. O. Lister	Sibley	A. M. Hein	Sibley

Page County-	La constitution of	br. t. Cill	la	H. C. Larson	Clarinda
Swift & Co	Shenandoah	Mrs. S. M. Tuttle Gene F. Vaughan	Shenandoah	Frank Tuttle Harry Park	Shenandoah
Palo Alto County— Bramers Co-op. Cry. Co Farmers Co-op. Cry. Co Farmers Creamery Co Lost Island Creamery Mallard Butter & Cheese Ass'n Ayrabire Creamery Ass'n West Bend Co-op. Creamery Co	Ruthven	M. P. Junker Jorgen Anderson S. M. Andersen	Ruthven Graettinger Emmetsburg Mallard	M. P. Junker Henry Hansen Selmer Nelson Carl W. Larson	Ruthven Graettinger Graettinger Mallard
Plymouth County— Wells Dairy	Le Mars	F. H. Wells	Le Mars	F. H. Wells	Le Mars
Pocahontas County— Luarens Co-op. Creamery Coc mPalreCreamery Coc Pocahontas Creamery	Palmer	Ed. V. Tohnson	Laurens	Christ Sorensen Fred Johnson John Petersen	Palmer
Polk County— Beatrice Creamery Co	Des Moines	I. M. Harding	Des Moines Omaha, Neb Chicago, Ill	Dan Barrett D. H. Babb R. S. Merrick	Des Moines
Pottawattamie County— Hurd Creamery Co	Council Bluffs	Fred E. Hurd	Council Bluffs	G. S. Superman	Council Bluffs
Poweshiek County— Brooklyn Creamery Co	Brooklyn	J. N. Gilbertson W. C. Winkleman	Brooklyn	J. N. Gilbertson H. E. Crowder	Brooklyn Grinnell
Sac County— Sac City Creamery Cocen	Sac City	H. F. Lange	Sac City	A. G. Redman	Sac City
Scott County— Tri City Butter Co	Davenport	B. J. Lyngholm C. C. Merritt	Davenport	The C. Moiskowiiiii	Davenport Davenport
Shelby County— Harlan Ice & Creamery Co					

DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION OF

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Sucretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
Sioux County— Alton Creamery	Alton Boyden Hull Orange City Sioux Center Hospers Rook Valley	Hy Schlotje Jacob Moss Frank Noteboom A. Yonker Joe Hoffs Fred A. Miller	Boyden Hull Orange City Sioux Center Hospers Rock Valley	Herbert Lucas Wm. F. Wargowsky. O. W. Albright Raymond Reedeman. A. Yonker P. H. Yonker R. E. Palmer Wm. M. Anderson.	Boyden Hull Orange City Sioux Center Hospers Rock Valley
Story County— Darry Dept. Iowa State College	Ames Slater Huxley Nevada Roland Story City Zearing Tama	H. L. Buche Sam Maland A. Contri C. E. Rod Martin C. Hanson C. P. Bean R. G. McFarland	Slater Huxley Nevada Roland Story City Zearing Tama	F. C. Hinze C. Clark O. J. Olson D. R. Dunnalt L. H. Larsen L. C. Peterson Carl M. Peterson R. E. Adams.	Slater Huxley Nevada Roland Story City Zearing
Taylor County— ediord Creamery .i Union County— iton Creamery Coi rmour Creameries cen oyd Creamery Coi with & Co	Afton	V. O. Williams Armour & Co H. L. Boyd	Afton	Wm. Ctaft	Redford Afton Creston Creaton
Van Buren Co.— inder-Iverson Co	Farmington	Series est partition of		unungan	.commondo

Wapello County— F. G. Buxton Creamery Co	Ottumwa Ottumwa Ottumwa Ottumwa	C. A. Peacock Geo. M. Foster	Chicago, Ill. Ottumwa	E. McFarland C. G. Farr	Ottumwa Ottumwa
Warren County- Indianola Creamery Co			Indianola	M. J. Van Dam	Indianola
Hartman Ice Cream Co	Washington	Ed. Hartman W. S. Reister & Son	Washington	N. G. Whisler Harold J. Hays	Brighton Washington
Wayne County- Jas. L. Humphrey, Jrcen				Ralph King	Humeston
Webster County— Fort Dodge Creamery	Gowrie	A. B. Saylor E. E. Renquist	Ft. Dodge	B. Jensen	Ft. Dodge Gowrie
Winnebago County— Buffalo Center Co-op, Cry. Co	Forest City Lake Mills Leland Rake Scarville Thompson	J. E. Read Ole T. Groe Edd O. Peterson A. A. Sheldon J. E. Hermanson N. K. Anderson	Buffalo Center Forest City Lake Mills Leland Rake Scarville Thompson Scarville	Soren Kristensen Carl Hovlan Albert Bakken L. B. Cash Chester Hanson Walter Thompson	Forest City Lake Mills Leland Rake Scarville Thompson
Winneshiek County— Calmar Creamery Co	Decorah Festina Ridgeway Ft. Atkinson Highlandville Ridgeway Nordness Conce P. D. from	Henry Lubke J. B. Huinker O. A. Fosse Geo. Haberman Bidne & Akre O. O. Rue.	Ridgeway Pt. Atkinson Highlandville Ridgeway Decorah	Nelson M. Larson Wm. Schuber Adolph Sauderson Geo. Haberman P. J. Bidne Leon Qualley C. H. Kolsrud	Highlandville Ridgeway Decorah
Silver Springs Creamery Co	Ossian	H. P. Nicholson	Ossian	O. O. Hauge	Ossian

CHEYNERS THE COMMON!

Name of Creamery	Located at or Near	Name of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	P. O. Address of Proprietor, Secretary or Manager	Name of Buttermaker	P. O. Address of Buttermaker
Woodbury County— Blue Valley Creamery Co	Sioux City	A. D. Bland H. G. Schunck C. A. Peacock J. D. O'Bryon	Chicago, III. Omaha, Neb. Sioux City Chicago Leeds	John Bathen M. O. Wheelock Jack Atridge	Sioux City Sioux City Sioux City
Farmers Co-op. Cry. Ass'n of Tenoldc	Northwood Grafton Kensett Manly Fertile Halontown Northwood, 9 mi.	O. K. Starre E. M. Glassel Hilmen Gaarder G. J. Mueller Roy Larsen E. A. Gudvangen E. E. Breen	Kensett Grafton Kensett Manly Hanlontown Hanlontown Northwood	Ed. Andreasen H. P. Eugen E. A. Gudvangen N. O. Dahlen	Northwood Northwood Grafton Kensett Manly Fertile Hanlontown Northwood Joice
Wright County— The Hutchinson Co	Belmond	O. J. Jenison H. J. Iverson	Cedar Rapids	C. H. Jennings A. O. Larson	Belmond Dows

cen Central Churning Plant. e Co-operative. s Stock. i Individual. p Partnership.

CHEESE FACTORY LIST

Name of Factory	Location	Name of Proprietor	Address of Proprietor	Name of Cheesemaker	Address of Chessemaker
Volney Farmers Cheese Factorys	Monona, R. 2	I. J. Fitzgerald,	Postville	Otto Stembart	Postville Dorchester Monona, R. 2
Humboldt County-	Renwick	W. F. Keller, Prop., Board of Control	Renwick	John Hinz	Anamosa

CONDENSED MILK LIST

Name of Factory	Location .	Name of Proprietor	Address of Proprietor
Carnation Milk Products Company	Waverly	Paul R. McKee, Secretary H. J. Ryner, President	220 St. State St., Chicago, III Perry, Iowa