Thirteenth Annual Report

OF THE

STATE DAIRY COMMISSIONER

TO THE .

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF IOWA

FOR THE YEAR 1899.

B. P. NORTON,

State Dairy Commissioner.

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

To His Excellency, Leslie M. Shaw, Governor of Iowa:

SIR—In compliance with the law, I have the honor to submit herewith the thirteenth annual report of the dairy commissioner.

Very respectfully,

October 14, 1899.

B. P. NORTON,
Dairy Commissioner.

PROSECUTIONS.

During the past summer this department has undertaken several prosecutions under the oleomargarine law and a few for adulteration of milk. The violators of the oleomargarine law have all been railroad contractors, who were attempting to feed their men on oleomargarine to save expense. Successful prosecutions were conducted as follows: Two at Ottumwa. three at Council Bluffs, one at Grundy Center. One man is now under bonds to appear before the grand jury at Toledo, and one man, who has not at this writing been arrested, is now under indictment in another part of the state. All the cases are based upon the portion of the law which forbids any one to have in his possession oleomargarine having a yellow color. In the cases tried no defense has been made and no particular expense has been incurred other than that of the dairy commissioner. In every case the oleomargarine is found in the original tub bearing the government stamp. Hence no analysis has been necessary.

A patron of the Clarksville creamery was prosecuted for watering his milk and delivering the same to the creamery. He was convicted and fined \$25 and costs. The law is so very plain and the Babcock test is so very sure that it is hard to understand why any patron of a creamery should be so short-sighted.

Prosecutions of city milk dealers for various offenses are set out in the part of this report devoted to the matter of city milk inspection.

The law could be much more fully enforced if this office were allowed additional assistance. There is no doubt that violations of the oleomargarine law are more or less frequent, but the detection and prosecution of the same takes a great deal of time and is more or less difficult. The collectors of internal revenue, while refusing, under instructions from their superiors, to give out any information in regard to shipments of "oleo," inform us in general terms that large quantities of it are shipped into the state. If so, most of it escapes the knowledge of this department.

CO-OPERATION IN IOWA CREAMERIES.

It is almost a self-evident proposition that all creameries are co-operative in their relation to the farmers, whether they are so in name or not. The farmer cannot do without the creamery as an institution, neither can the creamery be run at a profit to anybody if the patronage of the creamery is not sufficient. There is great room for improvement in the management of creameries in this and other states, so far as the relations of the patrons and the operator of the creamery are concerned. Distrust of the test and small profits on the one hand, and impatience with sour or bad milk on the other, lead to an antagonism that is disastrous to the partnership that exists in reality between the farmer and the creamery. Hence both suffer, when a little effort of "management" would relieve the situation greatly and be to the profit of both.

The number of requests sent to this office to test milk indicate that there is a growing interest on the part of some dairymen to know just what difference exists between the samples of milk from their different cows, and the creamery man will do well to foster this desire. If the farmer can get better cows he will make more profit, of course; will send more milk to the creamery, and forget that he ever said that the creamery cheated him, and that there is no money in dairying. Suggest to your patrons the advisability of getting a small hand tester and determining the difference between cows as regards profit; or test the milk for them, after explaining to them how to take proper samples. You will incidentally teach them some things about the test and gain their confidence by showing an interest in their welfare. If you succeed in getting them to replace their poor cows with good ones, you will get more milk at your creamery. At any rate, the more the farmer knows about dairying the better it will be for you and the creamery business as a whole.

Some of the larger creameries have adopted the plan of having a summer meeting of their patrons to talk over the business, discuss creamery and dairy matters as a whole, and in particular as it affects them, and incidentally get better acquainted through the medium of a picnic. While this plan is impossible to a single small creamery, it is not at all difficult if neighboring creameries will get together, and as an attraction get some speakers of reputation to address the gathered farmers on dairy subjects. Don't have the discussion confined to the care of cans and the making of butter from a poor quality of milk. Give the farmer something that will help him to make more money out of his cows and it won't be difficult to make him keep his milk well.

Every creamery operator ought, for his own benefit, to be a self-appointed agent for the best dairy paper he knows. Modern dairying is not "the good old way," and the successful dairyman must learn how, if he has not already done so. Modern dairy literature is full of new things and helpful matter for both the dairyman and the creamery operator. Added interest on the part of the farmer will pay the creamery man big dividends. The creamery man who is not willing to do anything that will tend to educate his patrons, proceeding on the theory that the less they know the easier it will be to "work" them, can count on a business life of a few days and lots of trouble. Get your patrons to take the best dairy papers, teach them by good example how to care for their milk and the utensils of their dairies, help them in every way you can to make more out of their dairies, and you will increase your business and consequent profit. The creamery papers are full of instructions and advice to the butter-maker; the butter buyer is continually trying to have the butter-maker produce better butter, and takes great pains to inform him of the exact faults of his butter and how to avoid them. Why should not the creamery operator, acting on the same business principle, endeavor to increase the knowledge of his patrons by some other means than merely sending back the milk with some words equally sour? Help your patrons and they will help you.

The man who thinks that all the attention should be paid to the immediate interests of the creamery has an entirely wrong idea of dairying in Iowa. The basis of the creamery industry is not the man who makes the butter and sells it; the cow and the man who milks her constitute the basis, and when they do not produce milk at a profit there will be no need of creameries.

THEY PASTEURIZE THEIR SKIMMED MILK.

Seventy-eight creameries report that they pasteurize their skimmed milk before sending it back to the farmer, and all who express opinions about it say it is a great success. If the calves that drink the milk could be heard on the subject they would also be unanimous on the advisability of the practice.

Souring of milk, while it is of course a natural process, does not improve the feeding value of the milk. The milk must be sweet in order that all of its value may be obtained by feeding. In this day of small profits from butter-making, the farmer has a right to demand that the milk returned to him shall have all its original value except that removed by the separator. Pasteurization of the skimmed milk and cleanliness of the skimmed milk tank enables the creamery man to return the milk to the farmer in good condition. Skimmed milk contains practically all the elements of growth that were in the whole milk. Fats in feed go to furnish energy to the animal or fat to his body. The carbohydrates of grains will supply the place of the fats removed from the milk. But if the milk begins to sour, it is worth so much the less, and nothing can be added to it to take the place of the lost value. The farmer who receives his milk from the creamery sweet can substitute corn or ground flax seed for the fat that the creamery separator has taken out and raise as good a calf as though it had been fed whole milk. Pasteurize your skimmed milk; you will find it popular among your patrons.

FEED AND CARE OF COWS.

From the reports of Iowa creameries it is estimated that the average cow produces but 140 pounds of butter per annum. There is a large and increasing number of farmers in this state who have succeeded in making their cows produce from 200 to 350 pounds of butter in a year, and therefore there must be a great number of cows whose product falls far below the average in amount. The average value of the product of the cow cannot be more than \$20 or \$25, and the same sum cannot be far from the cost of the cow's keep. Hence the only apparent advantage in keeping cows is that of turning into an easily marketed product the bulky or possibly unsalable produce of the farm. But what is the use of so feeding a cow that she

will scarcely pay her board, when it is just as easy and almost as cheap to so feed her that she will return a handsome profit? There are two reasons for the small returns from our dairy business: the poor quality of some of the cows, and lack of proper feeding. It is the purpose of this article to discuss only the latter of these two points, in the hope that it will be of service to Iowa dairymen.

It will be readily admitted that it costs as much in feed to keep the cows alive and repair the waste of the body whether she is dry or produces 400 pounds of butter per year, for it is plain that it is only the excess of the feed that is turned into milk. If we can feed the cow something that is more suitable to milk production than she has been getting, she will certainly give more milk, and the only question to be determined will be whether the increase in milk is obtained at such a cost as to allow a profit. Of course it is not possible to make a great increase with every cow, no matter what the feed; neither is it possible to increase the milk production by a mere increase in the amount of the feed, unless it is the proper feed. It is easily seen that the farmer who has a dairy herd should attempt to keep cows that will give milk at a profit if properly fed, and then see to it that they are properly fed and handled.

The feeder must take account of three groups of substances in determing a ration for an animal; they are protein, carbohydrates, and fat. All analyses give the percentage of dry matter and the amount of digestible protein, carbohydrates and fat, and it is possible to arrange the amount of each of these in the feed to suit the purpose for which the animal is fed, whether it be for growth, increase in weight, or milk.

Protein furnishes the materials for the formation of the muscles, hair, brain and nerves, and the casein and albumin of milk. It is absolutely essential to the existence, growth and milk-giving powers of an animal, and no other substance in the feed can take its place. Protein may be used by the animal in the place of either the carbohydrates and fat and in case of too little feed it will be so used. The cow gives milk only after the waste of the body or growth is fully provided for, hence it is the excess of protein beyond the actual needs of the cow that enables her to produce milk.

Carbohydrates are the producers of fat in the body or are used up at once in the production of heat and energy.

Fat includes the fats of the plants or grain, and is also a producer of heat and energy and fat in the body. A pound of fat in a ration is equivalent to about 2.25 pounds of carbohydrates. Fats are often called ether extract.

It will be seen at once that if a cow receives too much of the fats and carbohydrates, she will not use all the feed she eats in the production of heat and energy and will, therefore, take on fat, and go dry. If at the same time the amount of protein in the feed is deficient, she will have an additional reason for not giving milk. Any combination of the feeds usually raised upon the farm makes just such a ration as here indicated, deficient in protein and having an excess of carbohydrates. It therefore follows that the feeder for milk must buy some feed which contains a large amount of protein in proportion to the carbohydrates, in order to balance the feeds he already has. He can avoid this in some measure by raising those feeds which contain the greatest proportion of protein, and under Iowa conditions the best feed for the farmer to raise is clover hay. The soja bean, and peas and oats, or alfalfa will do to experiment with, and if successfully grown will be more valuable than clover as a feed, but clover must be the mainstay of the farmer unless he prefers to raise something else that is a surer crop, and sell it to buy bran, oil meal, or some of the less common concentrates.

In the tables of comparative values of feed stuffs, found at the end of this article, are given the varying per cents of each of the nutrients in the common farm products and by-products. By long experiment it is found that the best results are obtained with milch cows of average size, in full flow of milk, when the cow receives the following amounts of the several materials per day:

Dry matter, 23 to 28 lbs. Protein, 2 to 2.5 lbs. Carbohydrates, 12 to 15 lbs. Fat, .4 to .8 lbs.

Note the weakness of the following ration:

	D. M.	DIC	PESTIB	LE.
The state of the s		PRO.	C. H.	FAT
Timothy, 14 pounds. Barley meal, 4 pounds Corn meal, 4 pounds Oat meal, 4 pounds.	3 52	.48 -29 .86 .46	6.08 2.52 2.70 2.08	.18 .08 .11 .24
Totals	23.00	1.59	13 38	.61

This ration has too much carbohydrates and fat and but little more than half the amount of digestible protein required for the maximum. On such a ration the cow will go dry and get fat. If a suitable amount of corn stover is fed instead of the timothy the ration is worse yet. If clover could be substituted it would greatly improve the ration, and probably the grains could be sold and bran or oil meal bought, not only to the advantage of the ration but to the pocket of the owner, It will nearly always be the case that the common grains can be sold and concentrates bought which will leave money in the pocket and put more in when the milk is sold.

If such a sale is made it is for the purpose of getting more protein than is already found in the grain or hay at hand. The farmer with the usual stock of feed already has too much carbohydrates, and buys bran or other feed for the protein there is in it. Hence the price for which he can afford to sell the grain, and the price he can afford to pay for the concentrate, is determined by the relative amounts of protein. For example, oats at 20 cents is worth \$12.50 per ton and contains 184 pounds of digestible protein. (See the table,) A ton of bran can usually be bought for less than \$12.50 and contains 250 pounds of protein. That is, the protein in the oats will bring in the market about 6.8 cents per pound, and the protein in the bran can be bought for 5 cents or less per pound.

Cows do best on some succulent feed. Mixed pasture grasses make the best of all feeds. The most successful winter ration will approximate as closely as possible to the grass ration. Ensilage or roots enables the winter ration to furnish the required succulence. Neither has any large amount of protein, but that can be furnished in the grain part of the ration and by the use of ensilage the greatest amount of feed per acre is obtained. If neither ensilage or roots are fed then some loosening feeds must be fed with the constipating feeds to obtain the best results. Loosening feeds are ensilage, roots, bran, linseed meal; constipating feeds are corn fodder and cornstalks, timothy and prairie hay, corn and cotton seed meal. The cow is a dainty animal and the feed should be clean and bright, as well as suitable in kind and quantity.

Most dairy cows drink too little water in the winter time. A sensible cow will not drink cold water when she is shivering with cold. Keep the cows warm. It will pay you to water them in the barn. They will not suffer for lack of exercise if

they are not turned out of the barn at all on the coldest days. Give a little salt with the feed every day. Don't turn the hungry cow out to the straw pile or into a field of cornstalks to fill up on such woody materials. She won't eat any more after she is full. Feed her that which will make her give the most milk for the least money, not that which will fill her up the cheapest. Raise all the clover you can and feed it to the milch cows. There is money in it. Study the following tables and rations and compound a balanced ration that will suit your condition. A serious decrease in the amount of milk given by the cow cannot be made up either by feeding, or otherwise. Keep the cow up to her maximum from the time she is fresh until she should go dry. The profitable cow is the one that gives a reasonable amount of milk ten months in the year. Persistency in milking is more or less of a habit, so milk the heifers as long as you can. A cow will give more milk if she is fresh in the fall than she will if she calves in the spring. By proper feeding she will give a full flow of milk all winter and as long as the grass is good in the summer, and will go dry in the late summer when feed is poor and flies are bad. But if summer dairying is practiced it will pay to have some kind of feed for the time when the pastures are drying up. The following table was intended for those who are in the habit of soiling their cows, but will be valuable here as suggesting the relative time of maturing of different feeds and the acreage of each kind to sow. Any surplus can be made into hay or fodder:

CROPS AND AREAS FOR SAME, FOR SOILING TEN COWS DURING THE ENTIRE SUMMER*.

CROP.	SEED PER ACRE.	OF SEEDING.	AREA.	TIME OF CUTTING
Rye Wheat Red clover	2 bushels	Sept. 10-15 Sept. 10-15 July 15-Aug. 1	1/2 acre.	May 20—May 30. June 1—June 15. June 15—June 30
Grass and clover	% bu. red top % bu. timothy 10 lbs red clover	September	% acre	
Vetch and oats	3 bu. oats	April 20	Diggs Account to the Park	
Peas and oats	½ bu Canada! ½ bu. oats! 1½ bu. Canada!	April 20	% acre	July 10-July 20. June 25-July 10
Peas and oats	1½ bu. oats	April 30	½ acre	July 10-July 20.
Boja bean	18 quarts	May 25 May 10	% acre % acre	July 25—Aug. 20. Aug. 10—Aug. 20. Aug. 25—Sept. 15.
Jorn Hungarian Barley and peas		May 20	% acre.	Aug. 25—Sept. 10 Sept. 10—Sept. 20 Sept. 20—Sept. 30

^{*}Hatch Experiment Station, Massachusetts.

The several rations following are compiled from various sources, and a study of them will undoubtedly suggest a proper combination of feeds suitable to Iowa conditions. Percentages given in tables of analyses are averages of a large number of analyses, and the numbers given by different authorities differ slightly. Feed stuffs not of best quality will be deficient in protein content. Every ration must have in it a fair proportion of the brains of the feeder. If the cow responds liberally to the feeding let her have more than the average amount of the grain ration. When she begins to go dry reduce the grain ration gradually. The rations here given are for cows in full flow of milk. The protein content of their ration should bear a proportion to the amount of milk given.

Study your cows and how to feed them; there is money in it. Make use of the bulletins published by the department of agriculture, and reports of dairy organizations; subscribe for a dairy paper, and use all the means possible to arrive at the result desired, namely, how to make the most money out of

your dairy business.

In the following rations the word stover means the stalks of cut corn after the ears are removed. Fodder corn means the stalk and the ear fed together. Shredded corn stover is worth twice as much as unshredded, because when shredded the cows

will eat all of it instead of only half.

All the usual feeds may be fed in any quantity desired, but three pounds of oil meal per day is the maximum amount to be fed. Feed grain rations and roughage separately; that is, feed the grain part of the ration and then feed all the roughage they will eat. The amounts given in the following rations are about what the average cow will consume. Any change in rations must be gradual. Two weeks is none too long to make a radical change of feed.

STATE DAIRY COMMISSIONER.

COMPARATIVE VALUE OF FEED STUFFS FOR DAIRY COWS.

Calculations based upon the percentage of digestible protein.

Alpha and the	PERCE	NTAGE TIO		POSI-				E PER 2	
	Dry	DI	GESTI	BLE.	W	HEN TIM	IOTHY I	S WORTH	
	Matter	Pro.	С-Н.	Fat.	\$5.00	\$6.00	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$9.00
GREEN FODDER. Corn fodder	20.70 37.80 29.20 20.9	1.0 2.7 3 1 1.0	11.6 22.7 14.8 11.4	1.0 .7 .7	1.47 3.97 4.56 1.47	1.76 4.76 5.47 1.76	2.06 5.56 6.38 2.06	2.35 6.35 7.30 2.35	2.65 7.15 8.21 2.65
FODDERS. Corn stover(Field cured.)		2.0	33.4	.6	2.94	3.52	4.12	4.70	5.30
Corn fodder (Field cured.)	57.80	2.5	34.6	1.2	3.68	4.41	5.15	5.88	6.62
HAY FROM— Timothy Alfalfa. Alsike clover Red clover Millet Orchard grass Prairie, upland Prairie, upland Prairie, mixed Red top Sedge grass Soja bean Wheat straw Oat straw ROOTS AND TUBERS.	91.60 90.30 87.75 88.00 90.10 87.50 84.10 91.10 89.84 88.70 92.59	3.4 10.6 8.2 7.6 3.9 4.8 3.5 3.4 4.8 10.8 1.0	43.4 37.3 41.7 40.0 48.5 42.0 41.8 41.5 46.8 45.3 38.7 38.0 43.4	1.3 1.4 1.5 1.0 1.4 1.4 1.2 1.0 1.1 1.5	5.00 15.59 12.06 11.18 5.74 7.06 5.15 5.00 7.06 5.00 7.06 5.15 5.21	6.00 18.71 14.47 13.41 6.88 8.47 6.17 6.00 8.47 6.00 18.67 1.76 2.65	7.00 21.83 16.88 15.65 8.08 7.20 7.00 6.88 7.90 21.78 2.06 3.09	8.00 24.94 19.30 17.88 9.16 11.30 8.23 8.00 11.30 8.00 24.90 2.35 3.53	9.00 28.00 21.71 20.12 10.33 12.71 9.00 12.71 9.00 28.01 2.65 3.97
Potatoes Potatoes Sugar beets Mangels Turnips Ruta-bagas Carrots	15.00 14.00 9.50 11.40	2.1 1.5 1.5 .8 .9	20.2 12.3 9.0 6.5 7.7 7.8	7.0 1.0 1.1 .1	3.09 2.21 2.21 1.18 1.33 1.18	3.71 2.65 2.65 1.41 1.59 1.41	4.33 8.09 3.09 1.65 1.86 1.65	4 94 3 53 3.53 1.88 2.12 1.88	5.56 3.97 3.97 2.12 2.39 2.11

	PEI	POSIT		OM-	COM			ALUE IS WO	PER T	ON WI	HEN
	Drv	DIG	ESTIB	LE.			DRAN	18 40	RTH-		
	M't'r	Pro.	С-Н	Fat.	\$7.00	\$8.00	\$9.00	\$10.00	\$11.00	\$12.00	\$13.00
MILL PRODUCTS.											
Barley meal	88.10	7.4	63.9	2.0	4.14	4.74	5.33	5.92	6.51	7.10	7.70
Corn meal	88.00	9.0	67.4	2.8	5.04	5,76	6.48	7.20	7.92	8.64	9.36
Corn and cob meal	84.90	6.5	56.3	2.9	6.44	4.16 7.36	8.28	9.20	5.72	6.24	11 96
Oat meal	92.10	11.5	52.1	5.9	9.41	10.75	12.10	13.44	14.78	16.18	17.47
Pea meal	89.50	16.8	51.8	.7	9.41	10.10	12.10	10.44	13.10	10.10	11.21
BY PRODUCTS.	00 50	105	42.1	3.6	7.00	8 00	9.00	10.00	11.00	12,00	13 00
Bran	89 50	12.5	33.5	5.5	11.82	13 49	15.19	16.88	18 57	20.25	21.94
Buckwheat shorts	88.90	21.1	20 2	10.0	17.92	20.48	23.04		28.16	30.72	33.28
Cotton seed meal	91.86	27.6	33 5	7.3	15.46	17.66	19.87	22.08	24.29	26,49	28,70
Linseed meal	90.00	24.5	47.0	6.7	13.78	15.68	17 64		21.56	23.52	25.48
Gluten meal	93.00	12.3	52.4	61	6.89	7.87	8,86		10.82	11.81	12.79
Germ meal	91.10	14.7	36.6	48	8 .23	9.41	10.58			14.10	15.29
Brewers' grains (Dried)				i	2.18	2.50	2.81		1		4.06
Brewers' grains		3.9	9.3	1.4			13.46			-	1
Malt sprouts	89.80	18.7	43.5	12	10.47						
Shorts	89.50	10.0	55.9	2.8	9.00	0.40	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.2
GRAINS AND OTHER SEEDS.	1				4.00		6.26	6.95	7.66	8 34	9.0
Barley	89.10	87	65.6								
Corn	89.10	7.9	66.7								
Flax	90.80		17.1								
Millet seed	87.50		54 1								
Oats	89.00		47.3								
Peas	90.16		59.6 67.6								
Rye	88.40		58.6								
Wheat	. 89.00	11.0	00.0	1.0	0.10	1.02		-	-		1
PRICE PER BUSHEL ON ABOVE BASIS.				100	Ots.						
Dowlon					. 11.7						
Corn					12.4						
CornMillet seed					. 12.1						
Dwo					70.0						
Wheat.					188	5 21.1	23	0 1 20.	1 29	OI OL	0 1 02

VALUE OF FEED STUFFS BASED UPON THEIR DIGESTIBLE PROTEIN CONTENT.

Protein in Barley as a Basis.

		WHE	N BARLI	ey is w	ORTH P	BR BUSE	IEL-	
KIND OF FEED.	16 cts.	18 cts.	20 cts.	22 cts.	24 cts	26 cts.	28 ets.	30 cts.
Corn		19.1 12.7 23.9 28.4 \$10.78 28.79	21.2 14.1 26.6 31.6 811.97 26.44	23 3 15.5 29.2 34 8 \$13.17 29.07	25.4 16.9 31.3 37.9 \$14.87 31.72	27.5 18.3 34.5 41.1 \$15.58 34.38	29.7 19.7 37.2 44.2 \$16.76 35.10	\$1.6 21.5 39 4 47.4 \$ 17.96 39.65

Protein in Corn as a Basis.

		WH	EN COM	N IS WO	RTH PE	R BUSHE	ır—	
KIND OF FEED.	16 cts.	18 cts.	20 cts.	22 cts.	24 cts.	26 cts.	28 cts.	30 cts.
BarleyOats. Bye Wheat Bran, per ton Linseed meal	23.9	17.0 12.0 22.6 26.9 \$10.16 22.42	18.9 13.3 25.1 29.8 \$11.29 24.94	20.8 14.6 27.6 32.8 \$12.43 27.44	22.7 16.0 30.1 35.8 \$13.56 29.92	24.5 17.3 32.6 38.8 \$14.68 32.40	26.4 18.6 35.1 41.8 \$15.81 34.92	28.3 20.0 37.6 44.8 \$ 16.9 37.4

Protein in Oats as a Basis.

		WH	EN OAT	s is wo	RTH PE	B BUSH	EL-	
KIND OF FEED.	16 cts.	18 cts	20 cts.	22 cts,	24 cts.	26 ets.	28 cts.	30 cts.
Barley. Corn. Rye Wheat. Bran, per ton. Linseed meal	22.7 24.0 30.1 35 9 \$13.58 30.00	25.6 27.1 33.9 40.4 \$15.29 33.75	28.4 30.1 37.7 44.8 \$16.99 37.50	31.2 33.1 41.4 49.8 \$18.69 41.25	34.1 36.1 45.2 53.8 \$19.53 43.11	36.9 39.1 49.0 58.3 \$22.08 48.75	39.8 42.1 52.7 62.8 \$23.78 52.50	42.6 45.1 56.5 67.8 \$ 25.49 56.28

Protein in Rye as a Basis.

		WI	HEN RYI	s is wo	RTH PER	R BUSHE	L—	
KIND OF FEED.	16 cts.	18 cts.	20 cts.	22 cts.	24 cts.	26 cts.	28 cts.	30 cts.
Barley		13.6 14.4	15.1 16 0	16.6 17.6	18 1 19 2	19.6 20.7	21 1 22.3	22.6 23.9
Oats	19.9	9.6 22.4 \$ 8.12 17.87	10.6 24.9 \$ 9.02 19.85	11.7 27.4 \$ 9.93 21.85	12.7 29.8 \$10.84 23.85	13.8 32.3 \$11.72 25.80	14.9 34.8 \$12.63 27.80	\$ 13.56 29.80

All the foregoing tables are taken, with slight changes, from "Feeding Dairy Cows," Prof. T. L. Haecker, University of Minnesota.

RATIONS FOR DAIRY COWS.

	mat-		PESTIBI			mat-	DIG NUT	ESTIBL	S.
FORMULA.	Organic 1	Protein.	Carbohy-drates.	Fat.	FORMULA.	Organic n	Protein.	Carbohy-drates.	Fat.
20 lbs. red clover 5 lbs. corn 5 lbs. bran	15.70 4 38 4.12	1.30 .32 .63	6.98 3.24 2 21	.33 .25 .15	20 lbs. clover hay 4 lbs. bran 4 lbs. ground oats	15 70 3 30 3,44	1.30 .50 .36	6.98 1.76 1.79	.8
Totals	24.20	2.25	12.43	.72	Totals	22.44	2.16	10.58	.6
20 lbs. clover hay 5 lbs. corn 5 lbs. oats	16.94 4.45 4.45	1.36 .40 .46	7.16 3.34 2.37	.34 .22 .21	20 lbs. clover hay 6 lbs. ground corn 4 lbs. bran	15.70 5.26 3.30	1.30 .38 .50	6.98 3 89 1.76	
Totals	25.84	2.22	12.87	.77	Totals	24.26	2.18	12.63	5
15 lbs. clover hay 5 lbs bran 2 lbs. corn 2 lbs. oats 1 lb. oil meal	4.40 1.78 1.78	1.02 .63 .16 .18 .29	5.36 1.93 1.33 .94	.26 .15 .09 .68	15 lbs. clover hay 6 lbs. corn stover 6 lbs. bran 4 lbs corn and cob meal	12.70 3.57 5.29 4.45	1.02 .10 .75	5.37 1 94 2.32 3.15	
10 lbs. stover	5.95	. 17	3.24	.07	Totals	25.96	2 19	12.79	-
Totals 10 lbs clover hay 10 lbs corn fodder 8 lbs. bran	e was processed	.65 .87 .75	3 49 4.04 2.65	.72 .16 .12	13 lbs. clover hay 10 lbs. corn stover 4 lbs. oats 6 lbs. corn and cob		.85 .20 .36	4.54 3.34 1.79	
1 lb. oil meal	3 50 .85	.25	.33	.17 .20 .07	1 lb. oil meal	5.00	.40	3.38	
Totals		2.30	13.10	.72	Totals		2.09	13.38	١.
20 lbs. clover hay 4 lbs. bran 4 lbs. corn chop 1 lb. oil meal	16.94 3.52 3.56 91	1.36 .50 .32 .29	7 16 1.54 2.67 .33	.34 12 .17 07	15 lbs. clover hay 8 lbs. corn stover 6 lbs. bran 4 lbs. corn meal	12.70 4 40 5.29 3.52	1.02 .14 .75 .32	5.37 2.59 2.32 2.67	
Totals	24.93	2.47	11.70	70	Totals	25.91	2.23	12 95	1.
20 lbs. mammoth clover	15.76 3.52 3.56	1.14 .50	6.40 1.54 2.52	.38 .12	8 lbs clover hay 15 lbs. corn stover 4 lbs. bran 4 lbs. corn chop 2 lbs. oil meal	6.78 8.93 3.52 3.56 1.82	.54 .26 .50 .32 .59	2.86 4.86 1.54 2.67	
l lb cotton see	.92	.37	.17	.09	Totals	24.61	2.21	12.58	
Totals 20 lbs. clover hay		2.26	10.63	.73	15 lbs. clover hay 10 lbs. corn stover 4 lbs. corn and cob	12.70 5.97	1.02	5.37 3.24	:
Blbs. corn and cob meal 1½ lbs. oil meal	7.12 1 36	.51	5.04	.28	meal	3.56 3.52 .91	.32 .50 .29	2.52 1.54 .33	
Totals	25.42	2 31	12.69	.73	Totals	26.65	2.30	13.00	1.
Give all the fodde that any cow will e	at.	1 1 84	in addi	.34	15 lbs. clover hay 10 lbs. corn stover 5 lbs. bran 5 lbs. ground corn	12.71 5.95 4 40 4.45	1.02 .17 .63 .40	5.37 3.24 1.93 3.34	1:
blbs. (corn) chop blbs. bran b. oil meal	4 45 3.52 91	.40 .50 .29	3.83 1.54 .33	.22 .12 .07	Totals	27.51	2.22	13.88	-
Totals		2 53	12.36	.75	14 lbs. clover 4 lbs. barley meal 4 lbs. corn meal 4 ibs. oat meal	12.28 3.52 3.52 3.68	1.06 .29 .36 46	5.60 2.52 2.70 2.08	1 ::
2 lbs. clover hay 10 lbs. corn stover. 5 lbs bran 2 lbs. cora	10.16 5.95 4.41 1.78	.82 .17 .63 .16	4.30 3.24 1.93 1.33	.20 .07 .15	Totals		2.17	12.90	1
2 lbs. coats	1 78 .89 .85	.18 .09 .28	.95 .66 .33	.08 .02 .07	14 lbs. clover 4 lbs bariey meal 4 lbs corn meal 4 lbs. bran	12.28 3.52 3.52 3.58	1.06 .29 .36 .50	5.60 2.52 2.70 1.69	
Totals	25.82	2.33	11.74	.68	Totals			12.51	-

RATIONS FOR DAIRY COW-CONTINUED.

24.55			ESTIBL					ESTIBL	
FORMULA FOR RATION.	Dry matter.	Protein.	Carbohy-drates.	Fat.	FORMULA FOR RATION.	Dry matter	Protein.	Carbohy-	Fat
40 lbs silage 15 lbs stover 5 lbs bran 5 lbs corn 1 lb cotton seed	10.56 8.93 4.40 4.45	.52 .26 .63 .40	5 60 4 86 1.93 3 34	.28 .11 .15 .21	5 lbs. silage 5 lbs. hay 6 lbs. bran 3 lbs. malt sprouts	7 92 4 27 5 95 5 29 2 70	.39 .24 17 .75 .56	4.20 1.98 3.24 2.32 1.11	.21 .08 .07 .18 .04
meal	-	2.18	15.90	.87	Totals		2.11	12.85	.58
30 lbs. silage 10 lbs hay 6 lbs. bran 2 lbs cotton seed	7.92 8.58 5.29	.39 .48 .75	4.26 3.96 2.32	.21 .16 .18	30.lbs. silage	7.92 8 78 2.28 3.52 1.8‡	.89 .60 .16 .50	4.20 4.32 1.56 1.54 .65	.21 .15 .04 .12 .14
meal	23.63	_	10.88	.73	Totals	24.32	2.24	12.27	.66
Totals 25 lbs. silage 8 lbs. hay 5 lbs. stover 5 lbs. bran 5 lbs. ground corn 2 lbs. oil meal	6.60 6.83 4.76 4.41	.33 .22 .14 .63 .40	3.50 3.47 2.59 1.93 3.33 .65	18 .11 .05 .15 .22 .14	30 lbs. silage	8.00 6.59 1.69	.39 .60 1.00 .24 2.23	4.20 3.80 3.53 .94	.21 .15 .23 .05
Totals	28.85	2.31	15.47	.86	25 lbs. silage 10 lbs clover hay 5 lbs. bran 2 lbs. cotton seed	6 60 8.47 4.40	.33 .68 .63	3.50 3.58 1.93	.18 .17 .15
25 lbs. silage 10 lbs. clover hay 7 lbs. bran 3 lbs. middlings	6.60 8.47 6 17 2.64 2.67	.43 .68 .88 .38	3.50 3.58 2.70 1.59 2.00	.18 .17 .21 .10 .13	meal	21.31	2.38	9.35	.74
3 lbs. corn Totals	26.55	2.61	13.37	.79	20 lbs. silage 10 lbs. clover hay 4 lbs. bran	8 47 3.52	.26 .68 .50	2.80 3.58 1.54	.14 .17 .12
20 lbs. silage 10 lbs stover 5 lbs. bay 6 lbs. bran 2 lbs. oil meal	5 95	.28 .17 .29 .75	2.80 3.24 2.38 2.32 .65	.14 .07 .10 .18	4 lbs. gluten feed. 2 lbs. corn meal Totals		.81 .16 2.41	1.94	.64
Totals	23.49 tum.	2.06	11.39	.63	20 lbs. silage 10 lbs. timothy hay 2 lbs. oil meal 2 lbs. corn meal	5.28 8.68 1.82 1.78	.26 .28 .59	2.80 4.34 65 1.33	.14 .14 .14
30 lbs. corn silage \$5 lbs. timothy 4 lbs. barley meal. 8 lbs. bran	4.38 3.52 7.16	.36 .17 .29 1.00	4 50 2.17 2.52 3.39	.18 .06 .08	2 lbs. corn meal 8 lbs. bran Totals	7.05	2.29	3.09 12.21 2.80	.75
1 lb. oil meal Totals	23.76	2.10	12.92	.67	20 lbs, silage 10 lbs, timothy hay 2 lbs oil meal 2 lbs, corn meal	8.68 1.82 1.78	.26 .28 .59 .16	4.34 .65 1.33	.14 .14 .09
6 lbs. clover 4 lbs barley meal.	5.27 3.52	.36 .46 .29	4.50 2.40 2.52	.09	3 lbs. gluten feed.	2.64	.61	1.16 2.45	.24
8 lbs. bran		2.11	3.39	.88	Totals 20 lbs. mixed hay	22.87	2.28	11.73	1 .33
		.42	5.02	1 .17	4 lbs. corn and cob	3 56	.26	2 52	.14
12 lbs. prairie hay 10 lbs. bran 4 lbs. corn 2 lbs. oil meal	3 56	1,26 .32 59	3.86 2 67 .65	.30 .17 .14	4 lbs. barley 2 lbs. oil meal	3.56	.35	2.63	.26
Totals	24.69	2.59	12.20	.78	Totals 20 lbs hay		2.16	8.34	.66
17 lbs timothy hay 5 lbs. rye bran 4 lbs. buckwheat middlings	4.42	.48	7.48 2.58	.24	4 lbs. bran	3.35	.50 .26 .57	1.76 2.59 66	.12 .20 .14
middlings 1 lb. oil meal	3.49	.88	1.34	.21	Totals	24.84	2.15	13.35	.60
Totals	23.58	2.23	11.67	.62					

RATIONS FOR DAIRY COW-CONTINUED.

		9		GESTII			1 4		GESTII	
	FORMULA FOR RATION.	Dry matter.	Protein.	Carbohy-	Fat.	FORMULA FOR RATION.	Dry matter.	Protein.	Carbohy-	Fat.
6	lbs. prairie hay lbs. oat hay lbs. bran lbs. oil cake	8.49	-43 -75	4.18 4.64 2.66 .65	.15	4 lbs. ground corr	3.40	.4 .25 .50 .57	7 88 2.59 1.76 .66	.12
	Totals			12.14	-60	Totals	24.48	2 26	12.89	.74
5 4	lbs. timothy hay lbs. corn stover lbs. bran lbs. gluten feed lb. oil meal	5.95 4.40	.17	5.21 3.24 1.93 1.94	.17 07 .15 .20	5 lbs. bran	2.73	.96 .33 .63	7.92 1.62 1.93	.32 03 .15
	Totals	25.37	2 25	12.65	.66	Totals		2.29	11.64	.59
4	bs. mixed hay bs. bran. bs. corn and oats bs. oil meal	3.30 3.47 1.70	.85 .50 .31 .57	7.09 1.76 2.19 .66	.25 .12 .18 .14	4 lbs. ground corn 4 lbs. bran	5.95 3.56 3.52	.58 .17 .32 .50	4.75 3.24 2.67 1.54	.19 .07 .17 .12
10	Totals	1 0 00		11.70	. 69	1 lb. oli meal	.91	.29	.33	.07
8	bs. prairie hay bs bran	8.13	.35 1.00 .36	4 18 3.53 1.79	.10 .14 .23 .16	Totals	1 9.76	1.86	12.53 5.02 3.34	.62
	Totals		2.16	14.14	.63	10 lbs. corn stover. 10 lbs. bran. 1 lb. oil meal	5.65 8.24 .91	1.26	4.41	.29
10.1	bs. oat straw bs. bran bs. oats	12,85 8 24 4 30	1.26 .46	6 21 4 41 2.24	.29 .22	Totals	24.56	2.17	13.10	.59
	Totals		1.96	12.86	.61	12 lbs. timothy hay 10 lbs. corn stover	5 85	.36	5.27	.14
10 I 4 I 4 I	bs. oat hay bs. corn stover bs. ground corn bs. bran bs. oil meal	9.11 5.95 3.56 3.52 1.82	.48 .17 .32 .50 .59	4 64 3 24 2.67 1.54	.15 .07 .17 .12 .14	4 lbs cob meal 4 lbs. brau. 2 lbs. middlings 2 lbs. oil meal	1.69	.26 .50 .25 .57	2 25 1.76 .94 .66	.12 .12 .08 .14
	Totals		2.01	12 44	.65	Totals		2.14	14.26	.66
10 1	bs. corn stover bs. bran bs. oil meal		1.26 .59	8.10 3.86 .65	.18 .30 .14	10 lbs. millet 10 lbs. stover 5 lbs bran 5 lbs. corn and cob	5.95	.45 .17 .63	5.17 3.24 1.93	.13 .07 .15
00.7	Totals		2.28	12.61	.62	2 lbs. oil meal	4.45 1.82	.32	3.15 .65	.18
30 1	bs. corn stover bs. beets	4.05	.34	6.48 3 06	.14	Totals	25.85	2.16	14.14	.67
6	bs. corn bs. buckwheat middlings	3.56 5.24	1.32	2.67	.32	15 lbs. corn fodder. 10 lbs. millet hay 10 lbs. bran	10.02 8 63 8 24	.56 .45 1.26	6.06 4.64 4.41	.18
12 11	Totals	24,75	2.31	4.75	.65	Totals		2.27	15.11	.57
4 1	os. stover os. corn and cob	5.95	.17	3.24	.07	12 lbs. mixed hay	11.30	.58	4.75	.19
4 1	meal bs. buckwheat middlings	3.56	.26	2.52	.14	4 lbs. bran 4 lbs. gluten feed	4 76 3.52 3.69	. 50	1.54	.12
3 11	s. bran	2.64	.38	1 16	.09	Totals		2.03	11.46	53
9:11	Totals	25 94 12.36 7.74 4.94 .43	2.27 .45 .82 .75 .14	13.01 6.59 4.02 2.65 .16	.71 .18 .36 .17 .04	6 lbs. mixed hay 5 lbs. millet hay 10 lbs. stover 4 lbs. br. n	5.15 4.61 5.25 3.52 3.56 1.89	.29 .23 .17 .50 .32 .59	2.38 2.59 3.24 1.54 2.67 .65	.10 .07 .07 .12 .17
40.33	Totals		2.16	13.41	.75	Totals		2.10	13.07	.67
15 11 10 11 2 1b	os. prairie hay os. brau s. oil meal	13.13 8 81 1.82	.58 1.26 59	6 27 3.86 .65	.21 .30 .14	20 lbs. fodder corn. 10 lbs. bran 2 lbs. oil meal	11.56 8.95 1.80	1.25 .56	6.92 4.27 .67	.24 .36 .14
	Totals	23.76	2,38	10.78	.65	Totals	22.31	2.31	11.88	.74

DAIRY LAWS OF IOWA.

CHAPTER 13.

OF THE DAIRY COMMISSIONER AND IMITATION DAIRY PRODUCTS.

SECTION 2515. Appointment-bond-powers and duties of commissionerreport.-On or before the first day of April of each even numbered year. the governor shall appoint a dairy commissioner, who shall have a practical knowledge of and experience in the manufacture of dairy products, and hold his office for two years from the first day of May following his appointment, and until his successor is appointed and qualified, subject to removal by the governor for inefficiency, neglect or violation of duty. He shall give bond in the sum of \$10,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties, with sureties to be approved by and filed with the secretary of state. He shall keep on hand a supply of standard test tubes or bottles and milk measures or pipettes adapted for use by each milk testing machine, the manufacturers or dealers of which have filed with the dairy commissioner a certificate from the director of the Iowa agricultural experiment station, which shall certify that said milk testing machine, when properly and correctly operated, will produce accurate measurements of butter fat, and furnish to any person or corporation desiring the same for testing milk one such tube or bottle, and such milk measure or pipette for each factory, of the kind adapted for the machine operated therein, upon request therefor, certifying it to be accurate, reliable and standard, placing thereon the letters" D. C." as a permanent mark; the tubes or bottles and pipettes to be furnished at the actual cost thereof. He shall have and keep an office in the capitol, and preserve therein all correspondence, documents, records and property of the state pertaining thereto, and may, when necessary, employ a clerk at an expense of not more than \$75 per month. During his term of office he shall hold no other official position nor any professorship in any state educational institution, and on or before the first day of November shall make annual report to the governor, which shall contain a detailed account of all his doings as commissioner, and the receipts and disbursements of his office since the preceding report, with such facts and statistics in regard to the production, manufacture and sale of dairy products, with such suggestions as he may regard of public importance in connection therewith. In the conduct of his office, he shall have power to issue subpœnas for witnesses, enforce their attendance, and examine them under oath by him to be administered, such witnesses to be allowed fees as in justices' courts, to be paid by the commissioner as part of the expenses of his office, and do such other acts and things as are necessary and proper in the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter,

SEC. 2516. Imitation butter or cheese.—Every article, substitute or compound, save that produced from pure milk or cream from milk of cows, made in the semblance of or designed to be used for and in the place of butter, is mintation butter; and every article, substitute or compound, save that produced from pure milk or cream from milk of cows, made in the semblance of or designed to be used for and in the place of cheese, is imitation cheese. No one shall manufacture, have in his possession, offer to sell or sell, solicit or take orders for delivery, ship, consign or forward by any common earrier, public or private, and no common carrier shall knowingly receive or transport, any such imitation butter or cheese, except in the manner and subject to the regulations in this chapter provided.

SEC. 2517. Substitute for butter or cheese-regulations as to sale and usetransportation .- A substitute for butter and cheese, not having a yellow color nor colored in imitation of butter and cheese as prohibited in the next section, may be manufactured, kept in possession, offered for sale. sold, shipped, consigned or forwarded by common carriers, public or private, if each tub, firkin, box or other package in which the same is kept, offered for sale, sold, shipped, consigned or forwarded shall have branded, stamped or marked on the side or top thereof in the English language, in a durable manner, the words, "Substitute for butter" or "Substitute for cheese," as the case may be, the letters of the words to be not less than one inch in length by one-half inch in width. The defacing, erasure, canceling or removal of this brand or mark, with intent to mislead, deceive, or violate any provision of this chapter, is prohibited. Such substitute for butter or cheese may be kept, used or served as a food or for cooking in hotels, restaurants, lunch counters, boarding houses or other places of public entertainment, only in case the proprietor or person in charge of such place shall display and keep constantly posted a card opposite each table or other place where the guests or others are served with the same, which card shall be white, at least ten by fourteen inches in size, the words, "Substitute for butter used here" or "Substitute for cheese used here," as the case may be, printed in black Roman letters of the same size as herein required to be placed upon the tubs, firkins, boxes or other package in which substitute for butter or cheese is kept, and no other words or figures shall be printed thereon. No substitute for butter or cheese shall be offered for sale in the manufacturer's original package under the name of or for true butter or cheese made from the milk or cream of cows, nor shall any substitute for butter or cheese be offered for sale or sold unless the purchaser at the time was informed thereof, and, in addition, furnished with a printed statement in the English language in prominent type that the substance sold is such substitute, and giving the name and place of business of the maker. Nothing herein contained, however, shall be so construed as to prohibit the transportation of imitation butter or cheese through and across the state.

SEC. 2518. Coloring—adulteration.—No one shall color with any matter whatever any substance intended as a substitute for butter or cheese, so as to cause it to resemble true dairy products, or combine any animal fat, vegetable oil or other substance with butter or cheese, or combine with any substance whatever, intended as a substitute for butter or cheese, any thing of any kind or nature for the purpose or with the effect of imparting to the compound the color of yellow butter or cheese, the product of the

milk or cream from cows, or use, solicit orders for delivery, keep for sale or sell any such substance so colored and disguised as a substitute for butter or cheese; but nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the use of salt, rennet or harmless coloring matter in making butter or cheese from such such milk or cream.

SEC. 2519. Package branded.—No one shall have in his possession or under his control, except for the actual consumption of himself or family, any substance designed as a substitute for butter or cheese, unless the tub, firkin, box or package holding the same is branded or marked as in this chapter required. Any person having in his possession or under his control such substance, not so branded or marked, shall be presumed to know its true character and name.

SEC. 2520. Contracts invalid.—No action shall be maintained in any of the courts of the state upon any contract or sale made in violation of or with the intent to violate any provision of this chapter by one who was knowingly a party thereto

SEC. 2521. Search warrants-samples. -- Whoever shall have in possession or control any imitation butter or cheese, or any substance designed to be used as a substitute for butter or cheese contrary to the provisions of this chapter, shall be held to have possession of property with intent to use it as a means of committing a public offense, and all the provisions of the chapter relating to search warrants and proceedings thereon shall apply, except the officer serving the warrant, in addition to his duties as therein required, shall deliver to the dairy commissioner, or to a person by him authorized in writing to receive the same, a perfect sample of each article seized by virtue of such warrant, for the purpose of having the same analyzed, and forthwith return to the person from whom it was taken the remainder of each article seized. If any sample is found to be imitation butter or cheese, or substance designed to be used as a substitute for butter or cheese, it shall be returned to and retained by the magistrate for the purposes contemplated in said chapter on "search warrants and proceedings thereon," but if any sample be found not imitation butter or cheese, or a substance designed to be used as a substitute therefor, the value of the same shall be paid by the dairy commissioner as a part of the expenses of his office, to the person from whom it was taken.

SEC. 2522. Milk dealers—manufacturers and packers—reports.—Every city milk dealer, or every person furnishing milk or cream to such dealer, or the employe of such milk dealer, and every person or corporation, or the employe of such person or corporation, who operates a creamery, cheese or condensed milk factory, or re-works or packs butter, shall maintain his premises and utensils in a clean and hygienic condition, and shall make, upon blanks furnished by the dairy commissioner, such reports and statistics as may be required for the purpose of compiling statistics authorized by this chapter, and such dealer, owner, operator or business manager shall make such returns and reports in the manner and in the time prescribed by the commissioner, and certify to the correctness thereof.

SEC. 2523. Milk test.—Any person or corporation, or the employe of such person or corporation, who operates a creamery or cheese or condensed milk factory, and uses a chemical milk test to determine the quantity of butter fat in milk purchased, used or received, shall so use only such tests

as shall be clear oil, free from any foreign substance, and produce correct measurements of butter fat, and every such person or corporation using a milk test shall procure from the dairy commissioner for each factory so operated one standard tube or bottle, and one standard measure or pipette, for testing milk, certified and marked by him as in this chapter provided, which shall be kept for inspection by the patrons and used by such person or corporation in testing or verifying test tubes or bottles and milk measures or pipettes used. In any action arising between any such operator and patron, the burden of establishing the use of reliable tests and the results therefrom, equivalent to the standard herein provided, shall be upon the operator.

SEC. 2524. Samples collected.—The commissioner may appoint agents in any city having over 10,000 inhabitants to collect from each dealer, not more than four times each month, samples of milk offered for sale therein. The agent shall make an accurate test of each sample received by him, and keep a true record thereof, with the name and location of the person from whom it was obtained, and report his work in detail to the commissioner, the compensation therefor not to exceed three dollars for each day actually employed therein.

SEC. 2525. Permits.—Any person or corporation who shall sell milk or cream from a wagon, depot or store, or sell or deliver milk or cream to a hotel or restaurant or boarding house, or any public place in any such city, shall be considered a city milk dealer. No such city milk dealer shall sell milk or cream from a wagon, depot or store in any such city without a written permit from the commissioner for each wagon, depot or store operated by him, for which he shall pay annually one dollar. All permits shall expire on the fourth day of July of each year, and no permit shall be issued for less than one dollar.

SEC. 2526. Inspection.—He or his agent may open any can or vessel containing milk or cream offered for sale in such city, and inspect its contents and take samples therefrom for testing and analysis. And any city milk dealer or employe of such milk dealer, or any other person who shall resist or interfere with the commissioner or his agent in the performance of his duties in executing any of the requirements of this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as provided in this chapter.

SEC. 2527. Penalties.—Whoever shall violate any provision of this chapter shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court.

SEC 2528. Compensation—expenses.—The commissioner shall be allowed necessary postage, stationery and office supplies, and shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars and necessary expenses, which shall not exceed three thousand dollars per year; such expenses to be itemized, verified by him, and, when examined and approved by the executive council, to be paid upon a warrant of the state auditor drawn upon the state treasurer. The salary of the clerk shall be paid in the same manner.

FROM CHAPTER 10, TITLE 24, CODE.

SEC. 4989. Sale of impure or skimmed milk—skimmed milk cheese—labeling —If any person shall sell, exchange, or expose for sale or exchange or deliver or bring to another, for domestic or potable use, or to be converted into

any product of human food, any unclean, impure, unhealthy, adulterated. unwholesome or skimmed milk, or milk from which has been held back what is commonly known as strippings, or milk taken from an animal having disease, sickness, ulcers, abscess or running sore, or which has been taken from an animal within fifteen days before or five days after parturition; or if any person, having cows for the purpose of producing milk or cream for sale, shall stable them in an unhealthy place or crowded manner, or shall knowingly feed them food which produces impure, unwholesome milk, or shall feed them distilled glucose or brewery waste in any state of fermentation, or upon any substance in a state of putrefaction or rottenness or of an unhealthy nature, or shall sell or offer for sale cream which has been taken from milk the sale of which has been prohibited, or who shall sell or offer for sale, as cream an article which shall contain less than the amount of butter fat as prescribed in this chapter; or if any person shall sell or offer for sale any cheese manufactured from skimmed milk, or from milk that is partly skimmed, without the same being plainly branded. stamped or marked on the side or top of both cheese and package, in a durable manner, in the English language, the words "skimmed milk cheese," the letters of the words to be not less than one inch in height and one-half inch in width, he shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, and be liable for double damages to the person or persons upon whom such frauds shall be committed; but the provisions of this section shall not apply to skimmed milk when sold as such and in the manner and subject to the regulations prescribed in this chapter.

SEC. 4990. What deemed adulterated or impure milk.—For the purposes of this chapter, the addition of water or any other substance or thing to whole milk or skimmed milk or partially skimmed milk is hereby declared an adulteration, and milk which is obtained from animals fed upon waste as defined in this chapter, or upon any substance of an unhealthy nature, is hereby declared to be impure and un wholesome, and milk which is proved by any reliable method of test or analysis to contain less than twelve and one-half per cent of milk solids to the hundred pounds of milk, or than three pounds of butter fat to one hundred pounds of milk, shall be regarded as skimmed or partially skimmed milk, and every article not containing fifteen per cent or more of butter fat shall not be regarded as cream

SEC. 4991. Enforcement.—It is hereby made the duty of the dairy commissioner to enforce the provisions of the two preceding sections.

AN INCH OF CREAM.

The dairy commissioner's office has had a number of inquiries as to the proper diameter of a cream pail in which the cream may be measured in inches. The law does not specify any size for the pail, except as follows:

Code Sec. 3013. The unit or standard measure of capacity for liquids, from which all other measures of liquids shall be derived and ascertained, shall be the standard gallon and its parts, as furnished this state by the

government of the United States. The inch or gauge, of cream, shall be one-half of a standard gallon.

A pail 12.126 inches, approximately $12\frac{1}{5}$ inches in diameter, will held one-half a gallon for every inch in depth. A variation of one-eighth of an inch in the diameter will make a difference of about 2 per cent in the capacity of the pail.

OLEOMARGARINE.

The most prosperous industry in the country, judging from the increase of production, is the oleomargarine trade. If this state or any other were able to increase the production of butter 60 per cent in one year it would be deemed almost a miracle. But the oleo manufacturer can and does so increase the output of his factory at will, the only limitation being the market which he supplies. The United States government collects a tax of 2 cents a pound on the manufacture of oleo, and hence has records showing the exact number of pounds made in any given time. The following table shows the production of oleo for the last twelve years. The year ends June 30th of each

Year.	Pounds.
1888	21,513,537
1889	34,325,527
1890	35,664 026
1891	44,392,409
1892	48,364,155
1893	67,224,298
1894	69,632.246
1895	
1896	50,853,234
1897	45,531,207
1898	57,516,136
1899	87,800,000

Practically all of the oleo made is sold to the consumer and eaten as butter. Iowa creameries made last year about the same number of pounds of butter as the oleo factories made of their product. It is evident at once that if the creameries of Iowa ceased to make butter, the price of butter would boom. Is it not equally evident that the price of butter would take a great rise if the production and fraudulent sale of oleo were to cease?

WHY PAY A TAX OF 3 CENTS A POUND ON YOUR OWN BUTTER?

The best authorities estimate that the fraudulent sale and use of oleo reduces the price of butter at least 3 cents a pound, which virtually amounts to a tax of 3 cents per pound on the butter produced in this country. Why do we pay it? Because it has not been possible to arouse sufficient interest on the part of the producers of butter to demand and insist that laws be passed that will prevent the swindling of the people by the sale of oleo for butter. A tax of 3 cents a pound is a levy of 16 to 20 per cent, \$4.50 per cow, \$31.50 per patron of Iowa creameries, \$3,618 per creamery, or about \$500 more than the value of the creamery. Shall we continue to pay that tax, or, shall we insist that the next congress pass laws sufficiently strong to prevent the sale of oleo for anything but what it is? The above figures are none too large, for the butter made in Iowa creameries does not amount to more than half that made in the whole state.

COST OF MAKING A POUND OF OLEOMARGARINE.

About two years ago the New York state commissioner of agriculture prepared a careful estimate of the cost of making oleomargarine. He gives the actual total cost at 4.41 cents per pound, to which must be added the government tax of 2 cents per pound, making the total cost of the substitute for butter at 6.41 cents per pound. The stuff is sold for butter and at butter prices or near it. A dealer at Fort Madison, Iowa, was retailing oleomargarine at 17½ cents when butter was selling, best quality, for 20 cents. This oleomargarine was a butter yellow color and sold under the name of butterine. A profit of 11 cents per pound on an investment of 6.41 cents is a profit that is charming, or would be if the farmer enjoyed any of it.

THE ARGUMENT AGAINST OLEOMARGARINE.

Friends of the dairy interests have in the past made the mistake of devoting their attention to the unhealthfulness, uncleanness of oleomargarine, and its lack of nutritious qualities. All of their arguments are true, but do not touch the spot. Very few people eat oleomargarine knowingly, and users of butter care little about the defects of any substitute for butter so long as they do not use the substitute, or are deceived into thinking that they do not use it. It is a fact that when properly colored, salted, with artifical flavor given it by churning in sour milk, oleomargarine is a successful counterfeit of good butter, and

hence it is easy to deceive the consumer into thinking he is eating butter. What is the use of arguing that the stuff he eats is not clean, or unhealthful or adulterated with paraffine wax or coal tar dyes? The vulnerable point in the armor of the oleomargarine manufacturer is that he perpetrates a fraud and that his product is ultimately sold fraudulently. There is no fight being made on oleomargarine simply because it is designed to take the place of butter, but because it is sold as butter, because the consumer is not aware of what he is buying, because he is defrauded into buying something that he would not otherwise purchase, because he pays twice as much as the article is worth, because no one has a right to perpetrate a fraud on another. The oleomargarine manufacturer's cry of the poor man's butter is mig aty flat when the stuff sells for butter prices.

YELLOW OLEOMARGARINE IS A FRAUD.

All efforts pointing toward the regulation of the sale of it have recognized the fact that people will not buy it if it has not the appearance of butter. No danger of any fraud by the sale of white oleomargarine. Butter is yellow and you can't make a man believe that a white, greasy compound is butter. It may be so flavored that his taste will be deceived, but if it is not yellow he knows it is not butter and refuses to pay butter prices for it, if he does not absolutely refuse it at any price at all. It is a fact that there is no sale for white butter in any market of the country and white oleomargarine is so little sought after that its manufacturer is practically unknown. The supreme court of the United States has held that oleomargarine is entitled to all the rights possessed by other articles of commerce, but has uniformly upheld those state laws which forbid the sale of yellow oleomargarine, on the ground that the police powers of a state are ample to prevent a fraud. But it is found that while the laws are all right from the standpoint of constitutionality, the enforcement of them is a practical impossibility, especially in large cities. The profit on the sale of yellow oleomargarine at butter prices is so great that the violator of the state law can afford to pay an occasional fine, and in the long run is successful in avoiding the officers whose duty and desire it is to successfully prosecute him. The internal revenue officers tell us that large quantities of the oleomargarine come into this state every year. The most strenuous efforts on the part of this department in the last year have succeeded in finding less than

a ton. If the laws we now have are not capable of successful enforcement in those states which have diligent officials, how much can be expected in those states where the officials are apparently friendly to the oleomargarine interests? What, then, shall we do?

THE 10-CENT TAX ON OLEOMARGARINE.

The National Dairy Union proposes to ask congress the following winter to pass a law taxing colored oleomargarine 10 cents per pound. The innocent consumer of oleomargarine now pays about that much more than it is worth, and as a matter of justice it seems to be the proper thing that the manufacturer should pay the amount and let the public treasury get the benefit of the tax paid. But, of course, the real intention is to make the substitute for butter cost something near what butter does, so that from a financial standpoint they will compete on equal terms. There will then be no 10-cent profit to be divided between the manufacturer and the retail dealer, and little inducement for either to violate the law by selling oleo as butter when they can sell bona fide butter at the same price and profit. The tax being collected at the place of manufacture, and a tax of 2 cents per pound being now collected, the machinery for the enforcement of the proposed law is already in operation and will need no increase.

The National Dairy Union is officered by the most prominent and well known supporters of dairy interests in the United States and is worthy of the greatest confidence. In this movement for the 10-cent tax on colored oleomargarine it has the support of practically all the dairy papers of influence, the dairy and food commissioners, and commissioners of agriculture of the different states, and all who are interested in the continued usefulness of the American cow and the sale of her best products. The proposed bill will doubtless have the votes of a large majority of both houses of the next congress, for thirty-three states with sixty-six out of ninety senators and 284 out of 356 representatives have already passed anti-color laws, and it can scarcely be possible that the congressmen from the states that are already on record as prohibiting the sale of yellow oleo will do other than vote to pass a law that will effectually control the sale of an illegal article in their states. If the proposed bill fails it will be because of the apathy of the butter producers of the country, and it is greatly to be desired that the farmers of the country and the butter-makers and handlers of dairy products make it very plain to the congressmen who ask our votes, that they are expected not only to vote for the bill, but to actively support it. It would be a wise thing to do to prohibit the manufacture of oleomargarine altogether, as Canada does, but such a federal law would not be upheld by the courts, and it is useless to think of such stringent measures. But a tax so large as to bring the cost of oleo up to that of butter will take away all the inducement to make and sell it. And since uncolored oleo is not to be so taxed, there will still be opportunity for any one who wishes to eat the stuff to buy it and use it as he desires.

FACTS TO THINK ABOUT.

States having anti-color laws	33
States without anti-color laws	12
Licensed dealers in oleo	3,658
In anti-color states	2,800
In Illinois	1,083
In Illinois	1
In Iowa Number of manufactories of oleomargarine in United States	14
Permanent investment in same, say	\$1,500,000
Permanent investment in same, say	87,000,000
They produce pounds of oleomargarine	
Number of Iowa creameries and skim stations	8 3 000 000
Permanent investment in same	95,000,000
Cows tributary to Iowa creameries, investment in	25,000,000
Land, etc., say	25,000,000
Iowa creameries produce, pounds of butter	80,000,000
10wa creamerics produce, p	half the

Remember that the creameries produce only one half the total butter of Iowa, and hence the above estimate on Iowa investment in dairy industry should be least at least doubled.

Remember that the oleo maker is restrained from increasing his output only by the market for it. He makes all he can sell, and he can double or treble or quadruple his product almost at will without increasing the expense per pound, or his investment. But the farmer, to make more butter, must have more cows and more land to keep them on. His investment must be greatly increased.

A FEW DONT'S.

Don't think the 10-cent tax "excessive." Prohibition of yellow oleo nargarine in this state is even more so.

Don't say, "We can't do it. It's too big an undertaking." Yellow oleomargarine is already an outlaw in thirty-three states representing four-fifths of the population.

Don't fear that a 10-cent tax will "legalize" oleomargarine. It is already taxed 2 cents per pound, and it is rather difficult to

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see how an increase in the tax will change the status of the article taxed.

Don't forget that there is a tariff duty of 6 cents per pound on oleomargarine and an internal revenue tax of 15 cents per pound on all oleomargarine brought into the country and sold here. If oleomargarine needs protection from foreign competition to the extent of 21 cents, is it not reasonable for butter to ask for protection to the extent of 10 cents?

Don't fear that some new and unthought of point will be sprung by the opposition that will defeat the measure and its effectiveness when passed. The matter has been fought out in a manner satisfactory to the legislatures, governors, and people of thirty-three states of this country, and the laws made in answer to public sentiment in these states containing the great majority of the population of the United States have been passed upon by the highest courts of the land.

The only question not now settled is, "Will the butter producers of the country demand the enactment of the proposed law by the next congress?" Would you stand quietly by and see a thief carry away your property? Write your congressman just what you want in the matter of the 10-cent tax and don't let congress be able to give as an excuse for not passing the bill, "Nobody is asking for it."

DAIRY FAKES.

THE TIN CAN SEPARATOR.

There are now upon the market and being advertised very extensively in a very few dairy papers and a good many farm papers, whose editors must certainly be aware of the facts, certain forms of tin can water dilution, so-called "separators," which are designed to separate the farmer from his money, and are reported to be a marvelous success in that particular. Only one of these machines has come close enough to this office so that the department was able to make any tests of the same, but the tests made gave results exactly in line with the results of those reached at the experiment stations of Iowa, Vermont, New York and Illinois. These machines are advertised to separate all the cream in from thirty minutes to an hour by the

simple process of mixing the milk with about an equal quantity of water, always of course, using the agent's particular form of tin can to do the mixing. In the few tests made by this office it was found that the best results obtained left in the skimmed milk more than one-fifth of the original fat content, to say nothing of the lessened value of the partially skimmed milk for feeding purposes because of its great dilution.

The publication of the above facts in a Des Moines newspaper drew upon this department a deluge of complaint from the sellers of the different forms of the tin can separator, and threats of damage suits for injuring the "business" of selling a 75-cent can, patented and painted red, to the farmer, for \$10 to \$15.

The process of separating cream from milk by pouring cold water into it is an old one and the scheme was condemned as far back as 1890 by the experiment station of Vermont. And on April 15, 1899, the same station issued a press bulletin from which the following is an extract. "Over one hundred trials show that there was left in the skim milk 13 per cent of the fat of mixed Jersey milk, 40 per cent of the fat of Ayrshire milk, and 17 per cent of the fat of stripper milk, mostly Jersey. The centrifugal separator left in the skim milk between 1 and 2 per cent only of the fat. The centrifugal separator, moreover, was able to extract cream from the diluted skim milk from the so-called 'separator.'

"These results speak for themselves. The cans are less efficient than centrifugal separators, less efficient than the best forms of deep setting apparatus, and no more efficient on the average than the old fashioned shallow pan."

The New York Experiment Station Bulletin 151, August, 1898, says: "In all probability they (the dilution separator) would give better results if used without dilution and immersed in as cold water as possible."

But the strongest evidence of all for Iowa people is a letter written by Professor McKay, professor of dairying at Ames, and published in the Chicago Produce of July 8, 1899. This is especially strong in view of the fact that one of the firms that is getting rich selling a water separator claims to have a letter from Professor McKay saying that their machine takes out more than 99 per cent of the butter fat. He says in reality what is contained in the following letter:

AMES, Iowa, June 14, 1899.

Mr. S. J. Fairfield, Cherokee, Iowa:

DEAR SIR—In answer to your letter would say that I consider the hydraulic separator to be one of the biggest frauds that has been placed before the dairy men for some time.

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In our experiment here with it, we found it left in the milk nearly 1 per cent of fat, and in some cases more, or in other words it left one pound of butter to every one hundred pounds of milk. Experiments were conducted at Cornell, also at the station in Vermont, where same results were obtained.

We have had as good results when using just a common milk can and pouring cold water in with the milk, thus causing a separation of the fat.

This skim milk is not as good for the calves as ordinary skim milk, as they have to drink twice as much as of ordinary skim milk to obtain the same amount of solids. Yours respectfully, G. L. McKay.

Cream raised by the dilution method will average something like 15 per cent butter fat instead of 30 or more per cent found in separator cream. People of experience in churning understand easily that such low testing cream is hard to churn and the loss of fat in the buttermilk is large.

The fact is that the dilution method of creaming is a quick, but wasteful method of separating part of the cream from the milk, with the additional disadvantage that the skimmed milk is diluted very much. And even if a person chooses to use the method of dilution, he does not need to buy a painted and patented can at the agent's price to do so; for he may use a common shotgun can, or have a tinner put a concave bottom and a faucet in a common can, and pour in water at the top to his heart's content, knowing that he is getting just as much of the cream as is his neighbor who paid the price asked, under the impression that he was getting a very valuable and scarce article. The only possible advantage of the water method is that the cream obtained, being only a couple of hours old, is sweet. But since cream must sour to a degree before butter-making, the loss of the cream in the diluted skim milk is in no way compensated for by the sweetness of the cream.

The reason why the cream is not all separated by this method when a major part of it does so separate in a short time, lies in the fact that the globules of butter fat are not of the same size. In ordinary deep setting in cold water not all of the cream is obtained, and it is well known that a part of the cream that is obtained comes to the top only at the end of twenty-four or thirty-six hours. That is to say, it is a well known fact that the large globules of fat raise quickly and the

small ones do not. In Jersey and Guernsey milk the globules are of large size and quite uniform; while in Holstein milk they are small and vary in relative size, and such is the case in milk from other breeds. The dilution of milk with cold water cools the milk very rapidly, but because the butter fat globules have a different rate of conduction of heat than the other parts, the natural difference in specific gravity is increased and the larger globules come to the top rapidly. But the smaller ones, not rising so soon, have time to become as cold as the mixture in which they float, and do not come up at all, or if at all, at the end of a much longer period of time than they would have taken naturally. Now, here is the agent's strong point. He sets away some of the diluted skimmed milk, refers to the fact that new milk, such as he has in his skimmed milk, will show cream in a very short time, and at the end of six or eight hours calls attention to the fact that there is no cream on his partially skimmed milk, and, therefore, his machine has separated all the butter fat from the milk. But the Babcock test will invariably show something like 1 per cent of butter fat, or about one-fourth of the original content of fat.

If your patrons are approached by agents for such machines, protect them by applying the Babcock test, using for the diluted skimmed milk about a third more acid than for whole milk, and you will have no trouble in convincing them that they have no need of any such method.

Do not let your patrons be imposed upon by agents of the rival concerns. There are a number of them going the rounds demanding royalty because of infringement of patent. That part of the thing is a swindle indeed. The patents, if any, apply to the particular form of the can and not to the process. There can be no patent on the process of diluting milk with water, though there may be as many patents on different forms of cans as there are different individuals desirous of getting a stiff price for a useless article. The scheme of scaring a man into paying royalty, because of infringement of patent, was worked out years ago, and your patrons will be safe in paying no attention to the demands of the agents aforesaid.

A late issue of Hoard's Dairyman says editorially:

The Wheeler Separator company, of Syracuse, N. Y., is demanding a royalty from dairymen of New York who are using the dilution method of separating cream, claiming that they have a patent on the process. Seeing that every experiment station and dairy authority in the country hav

condemned the process and cans as useless and wasteful, it is strange that so many dairymen still bite at this fake and submit to be buncoed into paying a royalty for using a process that is not and cannot be patented. Verily, a fool and his money are soon parted.

BUTTER INCREASERS.

Another scheme is the sale of so-called butter increasers. The chemists tell us that there are a number of chemicals which, by proper manipulation, will increase the weight of butter. The facts are these: A certain weight of butter melted and churned with an equal weight of milk, together with a portion of the "increaser," will be greatly increased by the process, because of the increased amount of water retained in the butter. Naturally butter will contain about 12 or 15 per cent of water. By the use of the "increaser" it may be made to contain 50 or more per cent of water; that is, two pounds of butter can be made from one. But unfortunately for the user of this new wonder, the butter is of such consistency that it deceives no one and is unsalable at butter prices. This office received a sample last winter that contained 59 per cent of water, but the commission man to whom it was originally shipped was obliged to sell it for 3 cents per pound, and then it was returned to him as of no value whatever. This butter increaser, by whatever name, is one of the things that are made to "sell," not to use or to serve any purpose at all. But the cheap chemical is sold at a high price to the ignorant person who hopes to get rich selling water at butter prices. It is the opinion of this department that the law defining imitation butter and specifying penalties for the manufacture of it in Iowa will apply to such a compound. Section 2516: Every article, substitute or compound, save that produced from pure milk or cream from milk of cows, made in the semblance of, or designed to be used for and in the place of butter, is imitation butter. The penalty for violating any of the provisions of the law is "not exceeding \$500 or six months in jail."

THE THREE-MINUTE CHURN.

This much advertised machine consists of a box which has inside of it apparatus for setting up a more or less cyclonic motion, with the result that the butter "comes" in a very short time, but it is a sort of cross between whipped cream and butter, contains an excess of curd, the loss of fat in the butter milk is very great, whereas it should be little or nothing.

Beware of labor-saving inventions that are said to save all the labor.

PRESERVATIVES IN MILK SOLD TO CREAMERIES.

Several complaints have come to this office from creameries in different parts of the state in regard to the use of preservatives by the patrons of the creamery. We have invariably replied that such use of preservatives in milk is a very plain violation of the law, and have advised that the offending patron be fined in the nearest justice's court. The use of the preservative is a confession on the part of the user of it that his milk is not properly handled, that it is more or less filthy, and that he is obliged to embalm it to make it keep twelve hours. Insist that your patrons bring you clean, sweet, pure milk. It is for your interest to do so, but vastly more to their interest that the creamery be able to make a good article of butter. The preservative will keep the milk sweet, and it will delay the ripening of the cream from such milk, and the cream will be unevenly ripened and the fat lost in the buttermilk. Neither the creamery nor the patron can afford such loss. It is possible for milk to be kept thirty-six hours in a good condition if it is properly handled. The cans must be made clean by washing and scalding, the milk must be handled in a cleanly manner and cooled to a temperature of 50 degrees or less as soon as drawn.

The preservatives in use are more or less poisonous. There are several kinds of preservatives now advertised extensively and there seems to be an epidemic of the use of them. The basis of most of them is either boracic acid or formaldehyde. The latter of these is, in strong solution, used for disinfecting or embalming purposes. It is sold under the names of "Freezine," "Liquid Milk Sweet," and other catchy titles, but it is the same old poison all the time. It is worth about 4 or 5 cents a quart and is sold under the trade name for about \$1 a quart. These preservatives are sold on the pretense that they are harmless, that they improve the digestion, and that they cannot be detected by chemical analysis. All of these claims are false, as certain milk men in Iowa have found to their sorrow. But the Iowa law absolutely forbids the use of these or any other adulterations of milk. "The addition of water. or any other substance or thing, to whole milk, or skimmed milk, or partially skimmed milk, is hereby declared an adulteration."-Section 4990. The fine for selling adulterated milk is

from \$25 to \$100 and the person upon whom the fraud is committed can collect double damages from the one who so defrauds him. The legal aspect of the use of milk preservatives is more fully discussed in the part of this report devoted to matters pertaining to the city milk inspection.

STANDARD BOTTLES AND PIPETTES.

Despite the fact that this department has three times sent circulars to all the creameries of the state, there still remains a great amount of ignorance on the part of some creamery managers in regard to the law relating to standard bottles and pipettes. The law provides a means of showing to your patrons that your glassware and testers are accurate and reliable. Not only that, but the law requires that each creamery shall have the D. C. standard bottles and pipettes. And the burden of proof, in any action relating to the testing of milk, is upon the operator of the test to show that his test is accurate. Several creameries have complained to this department of having received watered milk, and we have been obliged in nearly every case to point out to the complainant the incongruity of asking this department to prosecute a farmer for bringing watered milk to a creamery that did not comply with a plain command of the law relating to the accuracy of the very test which was the foundation of the complaint. No court would convict a man for selling adulterated or watered milk, if it could be shown that the operator of the test had not complied with a very easy requirement of the law looking toward accuracy of his test. In fact, it would be easy to show that the operator of the test did not know whether his glassware was accurate or not, and the law lays upon him the burden of proving that the bottles and pipettes used are accurate. Hence, we have declined to enter into suits that could only result in acquittals under any circumstances.

Accuracy of test is just as important to the creamery man as it is to the farmer, for unless that farmer is satisfied with his test, he will find some way to change the matter, and in the long run the creamery man will lose by the faults of his testing. It may be that the farmer will lose also, but that will not be any satisfaction to the creamery man whose creamery is closed

"for lack of patronage." Inaccuracy in the testing of milk is equivalent to dishonesty. Read the law.

SEC. 2515. He [the dairy commissioner] shall keep on hand a supply of standard test tubes or bottles and milk measures or pipettes adapted for use by each milk testing machine, the manufacturers or dealers of which have filed with the dairy commissioner a certificate from the director of the Iowa agricultural experiment station, which shall certify that said milk testing machine, when properly and correctly operated, will produce accurate measurements of butter fat, and furnish to any person or corporation desiring the same for testing milk one such tube or bottle, and such milk measure or pipette for each factory, of the kind adapted for the machine operated therein, upon request therefor, certifying it to be accurate, reliable and standard, placing thereon the letters "D. C." as a permanent mark; the tubes or bottles and pipettes to be furnished at the actual cost thereof.

SEC. 2523. Milk test.—Any person or corporation, or the employe of such person or corporation, who operates a creamery or cheese or condensed milk factory, and uses a chemical milk test to determine the quantity of butter fat in milk purchased, used or received, shall so use only such tests as shall be clear oil, free from any foreign substance, and produce correct measurements of butter fat, and every such person or corporation using a milk test shall procure from the dairy commissioner for each factory so operated one standard tube or bottle, and one standard measure or pipette, for testing milk, certified and marked by him as in this chapter provided, which shall be kept for inspection by the patrons and used by such person or corporation in testing or verifying test tubes or bottles and milk measures or pipettes used. In any action arising between any such operator and patron, the burden of establishing the use of reliable tests and the results therefrom, equivalent to the standard herein provided, shall be upon the operator.

Have you complied with the above law?

Below will be found a list of the milk testers that have been certified to this office by the Iowa agricultural experiment station, and for which standard bottles and pipettes will be furnished. The price of the bottle is 50 cents; the pipette is 25 cents. This department will also furnish a correctly calibrated cream pipette, one-third size, for 25 cents.

STEAM MACHINES.

Cornish, Curtis & Green. Curtis Babcock, 20, 24 and 30 bottles.

F. B. Fargo & Co. Fargo's New 40 Bottle,

Elgin Manufacturing Co. Standard, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Russian No. 1, 12 bottles; No. 2, 24 bottles.

Creamery Package Manufacturing Co. Ideal Turbine, 20, 24, 32 and 40 bottles; Cushman Turbine Tester, 24 to 40 bottles.

Haney-Campbell Co. Superior, 24 bottles; Haney Tin Tester, 20 bottles; Haney's Turbine Tin, 12, 16, 24 and 30 bottles.

A. H. Barber & Co. Dr. Babcock's Milk Tester, 20, 24, 30, 36 and 40 bottles; Omega, 24 bottles.

D. H. Burrell. Facile, iron frame, 24 bottles.

Vermont Farm Machine Co. Doctor Babcock's 20 bottles.

HAND MACHINES.

Creamery Package Manufacturing Co. Roe Pattern, 4, 8, 12 and 24 bottles.

Elgin Manufacturing Co. No Tin Babcock, 6 bottles.

Cornish, Curtis & Green. Curtis Babcock, 4, 6, 8, 10, 15 and 20 bottles. D. H. Burrell. Facile, 6, 8 and 10 bottles.

MILK TESTING.

The separator and the Babcock test have done more for modern dairying than all other agencies combined. But there is no one thing just now that causes more trouble between the patron and the butter-maker or manager than dissatisfaction with the test. Aside from a few cases of plain dishonesty in testing, this dissatisfaction arises from two causes, both under the control of the creamery manager. The farmer is, in a large majority of cases, absolutely ignorant of the manner of testing or its possible accuracy, or the things that affect the test. He cannot be made to believe that the test of his cows will be less than that of his neighbors' on the same feed. His lack of faith is founded on a lack of knowledge, but it injures the creamery business just the same as though his lack of faith were founded on the actual dishonesty of the creamery man. It would be wise to have the matter of the test thoroughly explained at every farmers' institute in the country and at every like gathering. When the patrons of the creamery come to know all about the test, they will be less dissatisfied and more able to tell the dishonest manager from the fellow who knows his business and does the testing and the recording of the same properly. The second cause of dissatisfaction lies in the ignorance and carelessness of the man who makes the test. When a butter-maker reports that the number of his D. C. test bottle is 176cc and that his tester makes 6,000 revolutions per minute, it is evident that if he has any knowledge of milk testing he has carefully concealed it. When a butter-maker writes that the test shows the amount of butter to be made from the milk, and that there is no overrun, it is plain that his ignorance is monumental.

This department has tested a large number of samples of milk from various sources during the past year, with various results. In general, tests made by this department were higher than the tests of the creamery. One man brought in quite a number of samples and said his patrons were watering their milk. His tests had averaged about 2.6, and the tests made here averaged about 3.4. His bottles were filthy with accumulated dirt and mold, chunks of mold floated in his samples, and he was curious to know why we heated the samples before taking the sample. It seems as though a good many operators of the test prefer to have the farmer think the test is manipulated dishonestly rather than take a little pains to have it right and appear right.

The greatest source of error is in mixing the sample before taking the milk into the pipette. The composite sample invariably has a portion of cream upon it, and no amount of shaking will make it mix with the milk. It must be heated to make the cream melt down sufficiently to mix properly. Then it must be cooled to 60 degrees, the proper temperature for the mixture with the acid. All of this takes time and labor, but the conscientious butter-maker will give just such effort, and he will have a successful creamery and a satisfied patronage. He ought to have good wages, also, but the chances are he will have to compete for his place with some cheaper man, who knows all about milk testing but will do it in a hurry and with little effort, on the theory that the success of the creamery depends mainly upon the price at which his butter sells. The creamery business cannot run without the farmer, and Iowa is the graveyard or numerous creameries, "closed for want of patronage."

It is just as bad morally, and has the same bad effect on the creamery industry, for an operator to carelessly and inaccurately make his tests, as it is for the dishonest man to scale the test for the purpose of taking the difference out of the producer. The creamery men of Iowa can afford to put a good deal of effort into some plan of educating the farmer in regard to the test, and a little greater care to see that he gets an accurate test every time. The errors of testing are all towards a reduction of the test. You cannot get more butter fat out of the milk than there is in it, and if you make any mistake the farmer is the loser. But the creamery man cannot afford to

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let the producer lose too often, or he will find himself where a great many others now are, "without patrons."

If sour milk is to be tested, a few drops of ammonia may be used to dissolve it so that it will enter the pipette. Or it may even be necessary to use equal quantities of ammonia and milk, correcting the test for the amount of ammonia added. Any such method is manifestly inaccurate, and is given here only as a suggestion for use when better methods cannot be used.

TESTING CREAM.

The large and steadily increasing number of farm separators now in use leads naturally to a study of cream testing. Cream from the farm separators will obviously be bought by the creameries by the test, and in any case the farmer will insist that the cream be bought and paid for according to its amount of butter fat. But practically all the creameries will continue to buy milk to be separated at the factory. Hence there will be necessary some adjustment as to the exact manner of payment for the fat in the cream as compared with an equal amount of fat in the whole milk. The creamery pays for all the fat in the milk, but does not get it all out. If milk testing 4 per cent is purchased and the separator leaves in the skimmed milk onetenth of one per cent or more, the creamery pays for that amount which it does not get. The amount left in the skimmed milk is from 24 to 5 per cent of the amount paid for. There is, of course, no such loss in the case of cream brought to the creamery; neither is there any expense of separation of such cream and the fat in the cream is worth more per pound than the same amount of fat in the whole milk.

But all the present objections to the Babcock test, and suspicions of its accuracy, will be increased in cream testing, for the reason of the increased richness of the same. Hence there is greater need of carefulness in cream testing than in testing of milk.

The method in use under the direction of this office in the city milk inspection, requires the use of a pipette one-third size in connection with the ordinary whole milk bottles. The process is as follows: Using the one-third size pipette, take one pipette of cream and follow with two pipettes of water; use about two-thirds the usual amount of acid because there is a smaller quantity of curd to be dissolved than there is in milk; complete the tests as you would for milk and multiply the reading of the fat by three, because the amount of cream taken is only one-third as much as the amount for which the scale is written. If the cream is very rich, testing more than 30 per cent, mix equal quantities of the cream and water, proceed as before and multiply by six. If the fat column is milky or has milky specks in it, the acid is too weak or too small in quantity; if the fat column has black specks in it the acid is too strong or too much in amount. The fat in all tests should show a clear golden yellow color.

The advantages of this method over that of using the usual cream bottles are numerous. The cost is entirely limited to the price of the pipette, which is sold for about a quarter of a dollar. It gives more accurate results than the cream bottle method, for two reasons: there is no cream left sticking to the pipette, for it is washed out by the two pipettes of water that follow the cream; and the divisions of the scale on the whole milk bottles being so much larger than those on the cream bottles, the reading, with proper care, is more nearly correct. But on the other hand, any error is multiplied by three.

The possible or probable errors in cream testing are rather more than in milk testing. Sometimes the cream will reach the creamery too sour and lumpy. It will be necessary in such case to heat the cream to about 170 degrees and stir it thoroughly until it is smooth and uniform. It may be necessary to add a few drops of strong ammonia, but the cream must be smooth in order to get a fair sample of it. Too much care can not be exercised in taking the sample. About a teaspoonful is to be tested to show the value of a number of gallons of cream, and it is only fair to the seller that great care be taken to have the tests as accurate as possible. Then, again, the pipette, whatever its size, will not always deliver the same weight of cream, for cream varies in weight in proportion to its richness of butter fat. The 17.6 cubic centimeter pipette is intended to deliver 18 grams of milk, and will do so with practical uniformity, because milk varies only a very little in weight. But with 10 per cent cream it will deliver 17.9 grams, and with 50 per cent cream it will deliver but 15.8 grams of cream. All the numbers used in the testing of milk and cream are weights, except the number 17.6 cubic centimeters, which is the capacity of the pipette intended to hold 18 grams of milk.

Absolutely accurate cream testing can only be done by weighing the cream. If facilities are at hand for weighing the cream, about 5 or 6 grams of cream should be weighed into an ordinary bottle, followed by twice the same volume of water and two-thirds the usual amount of acid. When the test is complete multiply by 18 and divide by the weight in grams of the cream used. But the method of weighing the cream, while much more accurate than any other, is of course not so practicable as the one first mentioned herein, because of lack of means to get the correct weights.

It will be seen that whatever the manner of measuring the cream the possible errors are all in the direction of too small a test, and so the reading of the fat should be liberal. It should be from the top of the column to the bottom. Too much care cannot be exercised by the one doing the testing. It will pay you to study all the books on milk and cream testing you can secure. If you can persuade your patrons that you are giving them a fair deal in the matter of testing you will have that many friends, otherwise that many enemies.

WHAT IT COSTS TO MAKE A POUND OF BUTTER.

The reports in answer to the question, "What is the cost of making a pound of butter, including all expenses except hauling milk, freight and expenses," vary greatly, even with creameries of about the same capacity. This is not unexpected, for some expenditures, such as insurance for a term of years, permanent repairs or minor improvements, new machinery or other unusual expenses might increase the apparent cost quite a good deal over that in a creamery which had none of these items this year, but may have them next. Hence, all of the replies, which did not show on the face of them a misunderstanding of the query, have been tabulated and the result given in the following table.

The average creamery of the state makes about 110,000 pounds of butter in a year, and the following table shows that the cost of making approximated 2 cents per pound. The cost of tubs and butter-makers' wages will probably be about \$1,100, which would leave another \$1,100 for other expenses, and this seems to be a not unreasonable expense. Naturally the expense of making butter decreases greatly as the amount of butter made increases

Reports from gathered cream creameries were very few in number and hence of little value:

DESCRIPTION OF GREAMERIES.	Number re-	Cost-cents.
In creameries making not more than 50,000 pounds of butter. In creameries making between 50,000 and 100,000 pounds of butter. In creameries making between 100,000 and 150,000 pounds of butter. In creameries making between 150,000 and 300,000 pounds of butter. In creameries making between 300,000 and 300,000 pounds of butter.	32 26	3.00 2.00 1.80 1.70 1.50

SHOWING AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICE OF FANCY WESTERN CREAMERY BUTTER IN NEW YORK MARKET.

MONTH.	Twelve months ending Nov. 1, 1892.	Twelve months ending Nov. 1, 1893.	Twelve menths ending Nov. 1, 1894.	Twelve months ending Nov. 1, 1895.	Twelve months ending Nov. 1, 1896.	Twelve months ending Nov. 1, 1897.	Twelve months ending Nov. 1, 1898.	Twelve months ending Nov. 1, 1899.
November December June June June March April May June June July August September October	.3075 .2975 .2865 .2889 .2125 .1944 .2210	\$.3100 .3112 .3387 .2875 .2925 .3112 .2455 .2131 .2160 .2360 .2750 .2941	\$.2790 .2840 .2562 .2700 .2250 .2287 .1700 .1831 .1850 .2360 .2/00 .2540	\$.2510 .2440 .2519 .2394 .2670 .2000 .1785 .1794 .1770 .1980 .2125 .2294	\$.2330 .2500 .2266 .2000 .2185 .1650 .1572 .1505 .1571 .1600 .1850	\$.2112 .2250 .1900 .2050 .1900 .1880 .1530 .1500 .1500 .1675 .1930 .2290	\$.2325 .2290 .2040 .2042 .1937 .1980 .1580 .1687 .1687 .1860 .2025 .2235	\$.2337 .2160 .1975 .2100 .2075 .1962 .1790 .1881 .1835 .2000 .2262 .2400
Av. val.perlb.for each yr.	\$.2594	\$.2776	\$.2350	5.2190	\$.1882	\$.1885	\$.1971	8 .2065

FARM SEPARATORS.

	ators I.	DO TH			separators ported.	DO TH IN- CREAS	
COUNTIES.	No. separators reported.	Yes.	No.	COUNTIES.	No. separate reported.	Yes.	No.
The state Allamakee Allamakee Black Hawk Boone Buchanan Dalisa Dalisa Dickinson Emmet Fayette Fyarette Fyarette Fyarette Fyarette Hamilton Grundy Guthrie Hamilton Hardin Hardin Hardin Hardin Hardun Humboldt Keokuk	3 377 2 184 1 1 8 8 8 377 299 313 3 1 4 3 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 5 3 5 5 3 5	31441192113311	30 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Kossuth Linn Lyon Marshall Mitchell Miscatine Falo Alto Plymouth Pockhontas Polk Foth Scott Scott Shelby Sloux Story Van Buren Van Buren Wapello Washington Washington Winneshiek Worth Wright The state	62 140 13 1 1 1 4 7 15 60 30 5 5 50 2 2 2 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 3 7 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1	

FARM SEPARATORS.

The great increase in the use of farm separators is easily noticeable from the preceding table. Despite the expense connected therewith their use bids fair to become more or less general in the dairy portions of the state, and while their introduction may not be looked upon with favor by all creamery men, it will be necessary to adjust ourselves to the new conditions. The creamery can only exist when the farmer is making some money out of his dairy, and if he sees that he can make more money with the same or less work by skimming his milk at home he will do so. And in the end the creamery will be benefited by the increased interest in dairy matters and the increase in the product thereof sent to the creamery to be worked up and sold.

The advantages of the farm separator are:

Effectiveness of skimming over any method of gravity creaming.

2		3

A R AA S EP AR A TORS. 1004 EFFET 1004 EFFET 1005 EFFET 1007 CHICKEN AND CONTROL CHICKEN AND CHICKEN CLAYTOR 1005 A PARAMATO	CHANGE OF LAST STORY NO. ASPER WHITH COLLES TOLK JARREN NO. ASPER
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Saving in cost of hauling milk to creamery and back.

Increased value of the skimmed milk, due to its uniform sweetness.

Saving of time, labor, and dairy utensils formerly in use.

The disadvantages are:

The expense.

The labor of running the separator.

Despite the fact that there are many separator creameries in Iowa, there is still a great number of large dairies, and innumerable smaller ones, that still pursue the old wasteful methods of gravity creaming. To these, where the dairy is large enough to warrant the expense, the hand separator comes as a moneymaking machine without a doubt. The best methods of gravity creaming, using ice, leave in the milk from six to nine-tenths of one per cent of fat, while the best separators will take out practically all of the fat, and give a better quality of cream. Such a saving of one-seventh or one-sixth of the total fat content of the milk is certainly desirable. It seems to be a self-evident proposition that the use of the farm separator will soon become the regular thing in connection with gathered cream factories.

The dairyman who sends his whole milk to the creamery, pays, on the average, either in money or his own time and labor, about 9 or 10 cents per hundred pounds for the hauling. A large part of this will be saved if he sends only the cream. The average price for milk the state over for the year will approximate 66 cents per hundred, of which the price paid for hauling is about one-seventh, or an amount equivalent to what the gravity creamer loses in defective skimming. In both cases the skimmed milk will have a greatly increased value if separated while warm and fed. The skimmed milk contains all the elements that go to form bone, hair, muscle and nerve, and lacks only those elements which go to form fat or to keep up the heat of the body. But the gravity skimmed milk is thirtysix hours old and sour before fed; and the creamery milk is sweet one day and sour the next, and the calf fed upon it is likely to be afflicted with diseases of his digestive organs, culminating in scours. At the best he will not do well on such a diet. The farm separator enables the farmer to feed his milk within an hour after it is drawn from the cow, and the calves or pigs get absolutely all there is in the milk, and in its natural state except the cream taken out of it. The uniformity

of such milk will be greatly appreciated by the calf, and he will show it by increased growth and vigor.

The saving in time and labor in the use of the separator is considerable. Especially is this true if the farmer has some sort of power with which to run the machine. He can then have his milk separated almost by the time he has the milking done and no dairy utensils to wash, except the separator and the milk pails, no large quantity of milk to take care of and keep cool, no fear that it will be taint d by bad odors, and no expense of ice, or time or attention to the pumping of the proper amount of water to keep the milk sweet. But the time spent in turning the separator by hand is a different matter. A tread power is a small additional investment and the value of it is very great, for it can be made to take the place of a man a couple of hours every day and seems to be an almost indispensable adjunct to the separator on a large dairy farm.

When milk is run through a separator immediately after milking, the cream has an added quality over that which is skimmed at the end of twelve or more hours. The separator is the best aerator of milk yet invented. Large city dairymen run their milk through separators in order to aerate it and take out the odors that may be therein, and they find that the milk with the cream put back into it is of much better quality and keeps better than that which has not been so treated. The use of the farm separator tends towards better butter, and hence higher prices for it.

Of course every farmer must determine for himself whether the conditions on his farm will warrant the expense of a separator and power. Assuming that dairymen are in the business for the money there is in it, and not exclusively for the pleasure of the society of the cow, it is evident that the question is one of dollars and cents. The dairy authorities all estimate that a man can afford to have a separator if he is in the business to the extent of 10 cows or more. And it may be well to state here that experience shows that it is cheaper in the long run to buy the larger-sized machines. It is usually found that if a man gets something for nothing that it is worth about that price. A great many have discovered that they have a desire to keep more cows and cannot do so without buying a larger machine. The tendency of the use of the farm separator is toward expansion in the dairy herd.

But there is another feature of the use of the separator on the farm that will cause the creamery man grief, and loss to the farmer. The large dairymen will possibly get the idea that they can do better by making butter at home if they have the cream already separated. It should be remembered by them that the operating of a separator requires no particular skill, but that the making of butter requires the greatest of skill and experience, and the marketing of butter in Chicago or New York is not so simple a matter as selling a load of hogs to the local dealer.

Then, too, there is a prejudice existing against dairy butter, and the price for the same, except in a strictly local retail market, will probably be less than for an equal quality of butter that has a creamery brand upon it. Except in those cases where a farmer can work up a trade for his butter in some near by town or city, it will be found more profitable for him to send his milk or cream to the creamery than to make it into butter at home and market his own product.

It is not to be expected that the use of the farm separator will become universal and so crowd out the separator creameries, but only that the larger dairies will take advantage of its usefulness, and that the smaller producers will still continue the present system, and the natural growth of the industry all over the state will support all the creameries we now have, and in a few years will support twice as many as at present.

TABLE No. 1.

	AV.		UES O SKIM					NUM		OF CO	WS AN	D
COUNTIES.	No. of cream- eries.	No. reported.	Average value.	No of skim stations.	No. reported.	Average value.	No, creameries reporting.	Av. number patrons per creamery.	No. creameries reporting	Av. No. cows per cream- ery.	Tot. patrons of creamery in county.	Total number of cows in
The state	779	619	\$ 3,145	188	101	\$ 1,491	552	116	356	804	90,249	625,51
Adams. Allamakee Audubon. Benton	5 2 8 9 11	5 7 9 5	4,340 3,514 3,355 3,500	5 30		1,625	5 1 7 8 2	210 500 217 118 55	6 6 2	942 1,216 736 325	1,050 1,000 1,736 1,017 605	9,72 6,62 8,57
Black Hawk	19 7 24 16 9	14 5 19 13 6	3,068 3,360 3,274 3,077 3,333	1 2	···i	1,500 1,000 2,200 2,000	21 13	86 122 62 141 133	5	825 750 990	1,634 854 1,488 2,246 1,197	18,67 5,77 18,00 15,8 10,8
Butler Calhoun Carroll. Cass Cedar	21 4 11 1 7	20 3 6 1 5	2,835 2,833 3,000 8,000 3,900	3 2 6	5	1,500 2,000 1,200 1,333	8	88	14 2 7	785 650 594	2,247 428 968	16,3 2,6 6,5
Cerro Gordo Cherokee Chickasaw Clarke	8	6 4 18 2 6	2,750 8,450 2,972 2,850 2,666	1 3 1 4	3	967	6 5 17	86 110 180 247	1 11 2	800 450 1,029	688 770 3,600 494 630	6,4 3,1 20,5 1.4
Clayton	20 7 3 6 2	18 7 3 4 2	3,133 2,357 3,500 3 000 2,250		1 1 1	750 1,400 1,000	2 4	121 37 123 100	11 2 1 1	1,047 290 600 400	2,420 111 738 200	20,9
Decatur Delaware Dickinson Dubuque Emmet	3 28 4 22 .6	23 4 17 6	3.500 3,095 3,500 2,889 3,166			850	24 3 17 6	70 104 58 71	14 2 14 4	711 1,028 576 550	1,960 416 1,276 426	19,9 4,1 12,6 8,3
Fayette	91	19 7 6 7 12	3,400 2,700 4,000 3,400 3,540	2	5	2,000	7 7 5	124 121 132 115 68	13 4 5 2 10	1,021 575 1,276 - 425 685	2,604 847 1,188 805 884	21,4 4,0 10,8 3,1 8,9
Guthrle	6 11 9 11 4	4 9 8 10 3	4.500 3,222 3,062 3,560 3,700	1 2	1	1,800 1,100	7	240 123 70 134 161	6752	934 6.9 1,135 630	1,440 1,353 630 1,474 644	10,2 5,4 12,4 2,5
Henry. Howard Humboldt Ida Iowa	2 8 10 5 5	27823	5,000 3,214 3,550 2,750 2,833	1	· i	1,000	2 7 8 3 1	70 186 84 75 350	2342	875 1,468 712 750	140 1,488 840 375 1,750	7,1 7,1 3,7
Jackson Jasper Jefferson Johnson, Jones		9 6 6 2 15	3 050 2,583 3,333 1,750 3,103	10 2 4 11	8 1	1,150 1,200 1,200	7 6 4 3 14	126 125 114 78 118	3 9	723 663 489	1,512 1,600 684 390 2,124	8,8°
Keokuk	3 21 1 24 3	3 17 18 2	4,600 3,153 3,033 1,250		2	1,100	3 18 13 2	288 84 91 116	2 14 6	615 827 576 650	2,174 348	1,86 17,36 13,85 1,95
Lucas Lyon Madison	1 5 2	1 4 2	3,000 2,775 2,900	1 1	_i	1,000	3 8	80 66 75	1 1 2	600 500 375	80 330 150	2,50

625,512

632,814 116 92,998

TABLE No. 1—CONTINUED.

	AV.		UES O					NUM		OF CO	WS AN	D
COUNTIES.	No. of cream- eries.	No. reported.	Average value.	No. of skim stations.	No. reported.	Avreage value.	No. creameries reporting.	Av. number patrons per creamery.	No. creameries reporting.	Av. No. cows per cream- ery.	Tot. patrons of creamery in county.	Total number of cows in county.
Mahaska	1 2		10,000	_i			1	400	1	2,000	400	2,060
Marshall. Mills Mitchell Monona. Monroe	2	 8 1 1	3,375 2,235 4,000 3,000				4 7	164 247 95	2 3 1	200 1,671 400	982 2,470 95	5,400 16,710 400
Montgomery Muscatine O'Brien Osceola Page.	1 41	35	3,167 3,920 3,640		2	i,500	3 4	241 55 56	3 2	1,292 550 650	964 330 336	5,168 3,300 3,900
Palo Alto Plymouth Pocahontas Polk Pottawattamie	111	17 10 6 2 5	2,982 3,200 2,600 3,500 2,900	4 2	1 2 2	2,000 1,000 1,500	16 7 6 3 5	87 87 93 278 149	11 5 1	895 576 900 1,100	1,479 957 837 1,390 894	15,215 6,336 8,100 6,600
PoweshiekRinggold	7 2 14 3 8	4 2 8 3 7	2,750 2,600 3,025 2,666 3,000	1 1 1 	 i	2,000	3 1 8 3 6	188 80 76 72 118	1 1 4 2 4	1,200 500 372 580 706	1,316 160 1,064 216 944	8,400 1,000 5,208 1,740 5,648
Sioux Story.† Tama Taylor Union	8 15 7 5 5	8 12 5 2 5	2,875 3,358 2,740 2,750 4,800		 1 13	1,200	7 10 4 2 4	90 135 173 107 319	6 9 3 1 3	510 897 808 600 1,570	720 2,025 1,038 535 1,595	4,080 13,455 4.848 3,000 7,850
Van Buren Wapello Warren Washington Wayne	4 4 3 6 3	33 26 2		2	 2 3	1,700	3 1 2 2 2	190 40 140 221 300	2 1 2 2	703 150 550 440	760 160 420 1,326 900	2,800 600 1,650 2,640
Webster Winnebago Winneshiek Woodbury Worth Wright	13	8 5 11 6 8 9	3,187 3,200 2,655 3,080 3,088 2,800	8	1 7 1 1	1,000 1,457 1,000 1,200	5 6 11 4 9 8	118 115 142 120 107 112	3 4 5 1 7	600 894 837 800 722 764	1,180 805 1,846 840 1,070 1,120	6,000 6,258 10,881 5,600 7,220 7,640
The state	779	619	\$ 3,145	188	101	\$ 1,494	552	116	356	804	90.248	625.512

Number of cows per creamery
Number of cows per patron.
Total number of cows.
Number of patrons per creamery.
Total number of patrons of creameries.

In answer to the question, "Is the number of cows more or less than a year ago?" about 300 answers were received, of which almost equal numbers were "less," "more," "the same." These answers seem to strengthen the estimate of the number of cows per creamery given above, which shows practically no difference from the number given in the last report.

TABLE No. 2.

	00-	OPE	VID U	VE.	OR	ор	HOVERA	V TED.	3	HLK BY T		S	MR KI	W CRE IES A M ST.A NTS C	ND
COUNTIES.	Total number of creameries and skim stations.	No. reporting.	Individual.	Co-operative.	Stock company.	No. reporting.	Separator.	Gathered cream Combined plant	日日	By test.	By cwt.	New creameries.	New skim stations.	Total new cream- eries and skim stations	Plants closed or burned.
The state	967	966	501	349	116	963	842	71 50	959	849	110	56	36	92	- 79 -
Adair	12 7 11 11 14	12 7 11 11 14	11 5 1 1 9	1 2 9 10 4	1	12 7 11 11 14	19 7 6 11 14	5	12 7 10 11 14	6 7 10 11 13	6	1	3	3	i
Black Hawk Boone	19 8 24 18 10	19 8 24 18 10	5 7 4 8 5	18 1 18 9 4	₂ 1 1	19 7 24 18 10			19 7 24 18 10	18 7 10 16 9	14 2 1	1	1	1 1 1 1 1	1 3
Butler Caihoun Carroll Cass Cedar	22 7 13 7 11	22 7 13 7 11	5 5 11 7 9	11 2 1	6 1 2	22 7 13 7 11	20 7 13 7 7	2 2	22 7 13 7 11	19 7 9 7	3 4 10			i	4 1
Cerro Gordo	9 16 21 6 9	9 10 21 6 9	6 9 5 6 6	1 13 	33	9 10 21 6 9		1 3	9 10 21 6 9	9 6 21 6 9	++++	1	i	1 1 1	3
Clayton Clinton Crawford Dallas Davis	21 14 3 14 3	21 14 3 14 3	9 14 2 9 3	9 1 2	3	21 14 3 14 3	3	3	21 14 3 14 3	21 13 2 14 3	1	2	1	3	1 5
Decatur Delaware. Dickinson Dubuque. Emmet.	4 28 4 23 7	28 4 23 7	3 14 2 7 2	1 14 2 11 4	2	4 28 4 23 7	22	1	28 4 23 7	3 25 4 12 7	11		i		3
Fayette Floyd Franklin Greene Grundy.	22 7 11 9 17	22 7 11 9 17	2 4 6 7 14	16 2 5 3	1 2	21 7 11 9 17	9	2 1 1 2	21 7 1 9 17	18 7 11 9 17	3	1.	1	1 1 1 1	2 1 1 1 2
Guthrie	14 12 11 14 5	14 12 11 14 5	16 6 3 3 3	3 5 7 6 2	1 1 1 5	14 12 11 14 5	13	1	14 12 11 14 5	11 11 14	' i	1 .	1 1 1 1 1	2 1 1 2 2	1 1 3 1
Henry Howard Humboldt. Ida. Iowa.	3 9 11 5 5	3 9 11 5 5	3 5 1 5	3 9	1 1	3 9 11 5 5	10 .	3 4 1	3 9 11 5 5	11 2	3 .	2:	4.	2	1
Jackson Jasper. Jefferson Johnson Johnson	22 10 6 9 29	22 10 6 9 29	16 6 2 6 21	5 1 1 	1 3 3 3 1	22 10 6 9 29	6 .	2 2 1	22 10 6 9 29	6 .		2 1	1	5 2 2 2	2 3 1 3
Keokuk Kossuth Lee	3 21 1	3 21 1	2 1	20	1	3 21 1		1	3 21 1	21 1		i		i	*1

TABLE No. 2-CONTINUED.

	00-	OPE	RAT	HIP- UAL, IVE IPAN	OR	01	HOY		1	MILE		8	NEW BRIE KIM: LAN	S A	ND
COUNTIES	Total number of creameries and skim stations.	No. reporting.	Individual.	Co-operative,	Stock company.	No. reporting.	Separator.	Gathered cream.	No. reporting.	By test.	By owt.	New creameries.	Gre		Plants closed or burned.
Linn Louisa	29	29	18	4	7	29		3	2	9 18	8 11				1
Lucas Lyon Madison Mahaska Marion	2 6 3 1 3	26 3 1 3	1 4 2	1	1 1	2	6 3	 1		2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	1	1 1	1 2	i
Marshall. Mills. Mitchell. Monona. Monroe	12 8 10 1 1	12 3 10 1	7 3 1 	9		12 3 10 1	2	3	10	10		1 i	1	2	*1
Montgomery. Muscatine. O'Brien Osceola Page.	3 5 6 2 7	35627	33422		2 2 3	3 5 6 1 7	6	i.	6	3 2 2 1 7	3 4		1 i	1 1 2 1	1 1
Palo Alto. Plymouth. Pocahontas Polk Pottawattamie.	18 11 13 7 6	18 11 13 7 6	10 3 3	17 8 2 1 2	1 3 1 3 1	18 11 13 7 6	11	2		18 10 13 7 4	i	3	3	1 6 1 1	1 8 2
Poweshiek. Ringgold. Sac. Scott Shelby	8 3 15 3 9	8 3 15 3 9	7 2 13 3 3	1 1 1 5	 1 ₁	8 3 15 3 9	5 2 15 2 8	3 1 1	8 3 15 3 8	8 3 13 3 6	2	2 .		3	*1
SiouxStoryTamaTaylorUnion	15 † 11 6	10 14 11 6 14	5 11 4 8	1 7 1 2	5 2	10 15 10 6 14	10 15 8 6 14	i i	10 15 10 6 14	3 15 10 5 14	7 	1		2 1 1	i i
Van Buren Wapello Warren Washington Wayne	4 4 5 6 6	4 5 6 6	3 4 4 4 5	i	1 1 1 1	4 5 6 6	4 .	2 1	4 5 6 6	3 4 5 6	1	1		1 1 1	1 1 1 2
Webster. Winnebago. Winneshiek. Woodbury. Worth	15 1 13 7 11 1	12 15 18 7 11	11 5 3 2 6	15.3 19.6	5 3	12 15 13 7 11 12	11 . 15 . 7 . 10 .	9 4	12 15 13 7 11 12	12 15 13 5 11 12				3	1 4 3
The state	967 96	6+	501	349	116	963	842 71		050	849	110 5	-	-	92	79

 $^{^{\}circ}$ Makes cheese only. $^{\circ}$ The creamery at Ames is the property of the state and is not included in this classification.

STATE DAIRY COMMISSIONER.

COMPARISONS.

	1898.	1899.
Total number of creameries and skim stations		967
Owned by individualOwned on co-operative planOwned on stock company plan.	510	501
Owned on co-operative plan	342	349
		116
	1	1
		-
Separator plan	788	842
Gathered cream plan	66	71
	60	50
	40	4
		- 2
	746	849
deceiving by weight or measure	107	110
Receiving by weight or measure. Not reported.	61	110
		0
Number of new creamerics	90	56
	43	36
Number of plants closed	53	79
	99 1	11

Five of the plants given as "closed" above have been turned into cheese factories.

TABLE No. 3.

	1	WAGES	OF BU	TTER	MAKER	s.	CHAN	GES IN	EM	PLO	YMEN	T
		CO-OP.			N INDI		CO-OP STK. C	. AND	IN I	ND.		whole
COUNTIES.	No. reported.	Average wages.	Av. months employed.	No. reported.	Average wages.	Av, months em-	No. of creamer- ies.	No. of changes.	No. of cream- eries.	No. of changes.	Total changes.	Per cent of wh number.
The state	379	\$54.97	11.8	175	\$47.55	11.8	412	104	372	51	55	20
Adair Adams Allamakee Audubon Benton	1 1 7 9 3	50.00 75.00 57.50 60.25 56.66	12 12 12 11.2 11.2 10.6	1 1 1 1	50.00 60.00 30 00 50.00	12 12 12 12	1 7 9 4	2 2 2	3 1 2 7	1	1 3 2 2	25 33 21 18
Black Hawk	13 1 19 9 3	49.40 75.00 59.42 61.33 50.00	11.6 12 12 12 12 12	33	25.00 42.00 46.66 47.50	12 12 12 12 12	13 1 22 9 3	3 1 6 2 1	5 4 7 5	i	3 2 6 2 2	16 33 23 12 25
Butler. Calnoun Carroll. Cass. Cedar	15 2 2 2	49.00 55.00 60.00 45.00	12 12 11 11	3 1 2 1 4	50.00 45.00 50.00 60.00 53.75	12 12 12 12 12 13	14 4 3 2	5 1	8 3 8 1 4	1 	6 1 1	27 9 100
Cero Gordo	2 3 3	57.50 56.75 46.66	12 11.7 12	4 3 5 2 2	62.62 50.00 50.00 52.50 51.50	12 12 12 12 12 10	3 1 14 4	7	76552	2	1 9	10 75
Clayton	11 1 2	54.50 50.00 47.50	12 12 12	8 7 2 3 2	53.12 45.00 50.00 40.00	12 10.7 12 12 12 12	10 1 2	1	9 8 4 3 3	1	5 1 1	26 20 20
Decatur Delaware. Dickinson Dubuque. Emmet	1 16 2 13 5	50.00 56.15 70.00 49.25 55.00	12 11.6 12 11.3	1 6 1 4	55.00 46.66 60.00 48.25	9 12 12 11 11	15 2 16 5	4 3 1	2 15 2 7	2	6	20 13 16
Fayette	17 2 4 2 3	63.43 62.50 50.60 47.50 53.33	12 12 10.5 12 12	2 3 4 4 8	50.00 45.00 50.00 44.25 51.22	12 12 12 11 11	18 2 4 3 4	6	4 5 5 5 12	1 2	6 1 3	27 14 33
Guthrie	2 5 7 8 2	50.00 61.00 50.07 57.50 55.00	12 12 12 12 12 12	2 1 	40.00 50.00 35.00	12 12 12	2 4 8 8 8 3	2 1 1 1	3 6 1 4 1	i	3 1 2 1	80 11 16 25
Henry	4 8	53.25 54.00	12 12 12	2 4 	42 50 47.50	12 12	1 5 8	1 4	2 3 5 6	2 4	2 1 4 4	66 12 50
Jackson	4 2 4 1 6	55,31 58,50 51,25 35,00 52,50	11 12 12 12 12 11.1	3 4 1 	40 00 36.00 35.00 52 85	12 12 12 12	5 3 3 1 7	1 1 1	7 5 5 3 11	1 2 1	2 3 2 3	16 25 25 25
Keokuk Kossuth Lee Linn Louisa	1 18 7	50.00 55.50 42.71	12 12 12	2 6 2	37.50 48.16 40.00	12 12 12	2 20 11	7	1 1 1 14 3	3	7	33

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TABLE No. 3—CONTINUED.

	W	AGES	OFBU	FTER	MAKES	8.	CHA	NGES I	N EM	PLO.	YMEN	
		CO-OP.			N INDI			O. CRY.	IN I			whole
COUNTIES.	No. reported.	Average wages.	Av. months employed.	No. reported.	Average wages:	Av. months em-	No. of creamer-	No. of changes.	No. of creamer-	No. of changes.	Total changes.	Per cent of w
Lucas	 2 	\$62.50	12	1 1	\$80 00 45.00	12 12 12	1 1 1 1	i	3 2		· i	2
Marshall Mills Mitchell Monona Monioe	4 9 1	62.50 51.83 60.00	13 12 12				9 1	3 2 2	2 3 i	 1	3 2 1	5 2 10
Montgomery Muscatine D'Brien Dsceola Page	3 1 3	51.60 75.00 58.33	12 12 12	2 3	45.00 43.00	12 11	2 1 4	2	1 3 4	2	2 2	
Palo Alto, Plymouth Pocahontas Polk	17 8 3 8	56.20 55.30 57.27 58.00 50.00	11.9 12 11.3 12 12	4	52.50	12	17 10 2 3	8 2	 8 3 2	 1 1 1	8 2 1 1 1	1 1 2 2
Poweshiek	1 1 1 8	50 00 45.00 50.00	12 12 12 12	3 4 2 1	45.00 42.50 45.00 40.00	9 12 6 12	5 1 2 4		1 11 3 3	 1 1	 1 1	
Sloux Story. Cama Caylor Union	5 10 2 2	57.00 54.85 50.00 52.50	11.2 12 12 12 12	2 3 3	67.50 45.00 58.33	12 12 12	4 9 2 2 2	1 1 1	4 6 3 3	2 	1 2 1 1	90 52 60
Van Buren	1 2 1	35.00 47.50 50.00	6 1 1 5 7	1 1 2 2 2	40 00 30.00 40.00 37.50 50 00	12 12 12 12 12 12	1 i		24 22 5 4	1	1 2	2
Webster	177284	50.00 54.43 63.85 45.00 58.75 48.75	12 11.3 12 9 12 12	2 1 1 2	57.50 35.00 50.00 60.00 45.00	12 12 8 12 12	1 8 10 4 7	2 1 2 2 2	8 6 5 1 5	3 1 1	3 2 2 1 2 2	2001111000
The state	379	\$54.97	11 8	175	\$47.53	11 8	412	104	372	51	155	2

Average wages of all butter-makers, \$52.77. Last year the averages wages, \$53.63.

FEMPET WEMPEROD WOSSUTH PADOALTO WOSSUTH PADOALTO WOSSUTH PADOALTO WEBSTER HAMILTON HARDI CALHOUN WEBSTER HAMILTON HARDI CARROLL GRENE GOOD CARROLL GRENE GOOD CARROLL GOOD CARROLL CARROLL CARROLL GOOD COOO COOO COOO COOO COOO COO COOO CO
--

	sries	reporting.	POUNDS OF		MADE.	SEPARATOR	BUTTER		HERED CI	REAM BUT	TER
COUNTIES.	No. creameries in operation.	No. report	Pounds of milk re- ceived.	Pounds of separat'r butter made.	Pounds sold to patrons.	Pounds sold in Iowa.	Pounds shipped out of the state.	Pounds G. C. butter made.	Pounds sold to patrons.	Pounds sold in Iowa.	Pounds shipped out of the state.
The state. Adair. Adams. Allamakee.	779 5 2 8	557 5 1 8	1,268,269,763 15,457,650 7,793,000 16,187,249	54,646,866 654,653 337,616 716,971	3,122,308 7,570 2,137 35,008	2,720,542 17,008 12,724 10,861	48,804,016 630,083 322,755 671,102	8,255,576 636,532	63,544 1,862	407,477 8,397	7,784,555 626,278
Appanoose Andubon Bendon Bendon Bendon Bendon Bendon Bendon Bendon Bremer Buchanan. B	9 11 19 7 24 16 9 21 4 11 1 7 8 7 20 2	8 7 12 5 5 20 12 3 17 3 7 1 1 18 2 4 19	20,298,100 11,578,299 10,004,000 10,004,000 10,004,000 18,330,548 46,531,281 6,579,000 48,371,500 12,402,000 14,432,000 14,432,000 1,452,250 56,192,000 5,163,000 5,163,000 5,163,000 5,163,000	873,303 459,262 459,262 439,030 439,030 303,666 303,666 303,666 331,720 564,250 543,300 463,500 370,713 78,112 2477,553 226,500 339,250	79,418 7,579 118,404 14,840 188,269 129,975 13,825 111,383 6,033 8,900 1,500 34,000 38,042 38,042 38,165 184,123 2,500 22,560	16,700 20,300 124,850 2,700 45,480 62,280 19,000 2,645 40,700 6,800 89,200 18,500 34,995 109,491 75,100 2,00 9,600	777,191 431,383 1,283,841 421,490 2,362,350 2,362,350 230,041 1,850,207 233,042 514,650 340,300 340,300 341,171 39,952 2,183,939 148,900 316,490 2,361,212	24,503 200,000 205,784 22,000	5,000 11,000 500	800	24,503 195,000 284,784 20,700
Uliaton. Orawford. Dailas Davis. Decatur. Delaware.	7 3 6 2 3 28	3 3 2	5,410,000 8,107,000 2,005,000 69,406,333	228,300 338,650 75,300 2,994,051	3,500 13,000 221,730	2,000 39,200 67,080	222,800 286,450 75,300 2,705,241	50,000			40,000
oes Moines Dickinson Dubuque Emmet Fayette Floyd Franklin Fremont.	4 22 6 21 7 9	17 6 20 4 5	8,870,200 34,235,800 9,369,000 71,196,000 6,443,000 9,540,000	396,400 1,462,852 389,334 3,072,620 175,640 489,504	35,200 89,945 28,442 274,424 10,000 14,532	5,400 147,855 5,500 66,966	355,800 1,225,052 335,392 2,731,230 165,640 474,972	29,000 310,000 35,500	1,440 500	13,650 5,000	29,000 294,910 30,000

Greene													
Green		,			0.119.000	902 995	2 575	93.495	366,235	1			
Grand Gran			12										
Hamilton													
Hambools													
Hartison										68,400	*******	10,000	58,400
Harrison							49.700						
Heat			11						165,928			********	
Homboldt.			9						40,140				
Humboldt.			e e						446,440	361,200			361,200
10wa									855,375		********		
Jackson 12 5 6.584,300 234,470 5.200 2.000 234,500				1					152,600		********	********	*********
Jasper 9 8 10,036,000 234,500 234,470 5,200 2,000 23,700 234,500 106,000 600 7,000 86,800 Jefferson 6 4 5,707,200 220,901 14,800 10,670 394,800 106,000 600 7,000 86,800 Jefferson 6 4 5,707,200 220,901 14,800 10,670 394,800 106,000 8,000 42,000 Johnson 18 15 77,875,000 220,901 14,800 10,670 2,475,800 50,000 8,000 42,000 Johnson 3 8 2,655,000 10,6512 33400 50,5112 10,072 245,800 Johnson 3 8 2,655,000 10,6512 53400 55,112 10,072 245,800 Johnson 2 18 84,112,800 22,105,999 170,388 25,613 1,101,088 Lee 1 1 1,285,000 50,400 14,800 44,224 11,055 Lucas 1 2 1,285,000 54,400 4,120 4,224 11,055 Lucas 1 2 1,285,000 54,554 2,700 20,000 31,854 200,000 Madison 2 1 1,200,000 54,554 2,700 20,000 31,854 200,000 20,000 40,000 Mahaska 1 1 1,284,600 53,570 6,000 77,120 443,016 2,000 40,000 40,1016 Markon 6 4 2,255,000 90,000 2,200 10,880 77,120 443,016 2,000 40,000 40,1016 Mitchell 10 9 1,189,460 53,750 6,000 77,120 443,016 2,000 40,000 40,1016 Mitchell 10 9 1,189,460 53,750 6,000 77,120 443,016 2,000 40,000 40,1016 Mitchell 10 9 1,189,460 53,750 6,000 77,120 443,016 2,000 40,000 40,016 Mitchell 10 9 1,189,460 53,750 6,000 77,120 443,016 2,000 2,300 146,800 Mitchell 10 1,189,460 53,750 6,000 70,000 13,200 78,600 20,500 5,000 146,800 Montroo 1 1 1,141,230 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 Montroo 1 1 1,144,230 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 Montroo 1 1 1,144,230 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,130 1,191,1				î	ojocojece						*******		
September 9 8 10,066,000 42,500 5,700 52,870 108,000 6				5	6.284.300	234,470	5,200					6,250	
				8	10.036,000	424,530	5,780	23,870		108,000	600	7,500	99,900
Dones			6	4	5,970,200	260,961	14,580						
Secolar Seco			5	3	1.046,000	42,840	1,900	600		50,000			
No.			18	15	57,878,000	2,545,906	83,831			******			105 7700
Nossuth 21 18 48,178.80 2,108.999 170,288 25.013 170,288 25.013 170,088 25.013 170,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000 51,000 24,000			3		2,655,000	108,512					********		
Len			21	18	48,112,880	2,105,999	170,298	25,613			*******		*********
Line			1				********	***********	*** 004 500				
Lycas				13	24,719,000	934,975	59,175	64,280	801,020				51 000
Lyon			3	2									
1	Lucas		1	1				44,224					
Marsalika 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Lyon		5	2				************					
Mahaska	Madison		2	1	1,200,000	04,004	2,700	20,000					
Marshall 9			1	1	************								96.117
Milboll			2	2				10.880					401,016
Michael 10 9 1.184,600 53.750 5.000 47.750 1.883,901 22.340 37,993 1,783,941 Mondon 1 1 1.141,320 51,915 2,973 20,979 27,963 27,963 20,979 27,663 27,663 27,679			6	4	2,250,000	80,000	2,200	10,000					and the said
Michael 1					1 100 400	59 750	8 000				22,340	37,930	1,762,931
Montgomery			10		1,100,400	00,100	0,000						
Montgomery 1			1	44.0	1 141 390	51.915	2.973		27,963				
Muscaline			1		1,171,000	Oxiono	2,010						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1	3	1 850 000	92,500	700	13,200	78,600	205,000	2,200	38,000	154,800
Osciola 2 3 2.570.000 117.654 3.000 285.000 85.554			6	4		208,439	6,447	360	201,632				********
Page 6 3 2,870,000 117,654 3,000 288,500 88,554			2		2,101,100							********	********
Palo Alto 17 15 42,209,975 1,000,103 176,800 48,572 1,020,001				3	2,870,000	117,654					********		
Piymouth			17	15	42,260,975	1,903,103		48,272			*******		********
Pock Polk			11	8	14,894,146								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				6								000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				3									
Poweshiek 7 2 2 1,735,000 76,779 5,700 100 70,779 80,000 25,000 28,0				4	3,026,636	130,343	5,800	24,050					
Ringgold 2 2 1,778,000 76,719 5,700 13,300 762,320 10,115 10,100 10,100 10,000	Poweshiek			2	************	********							28 000
Sac. 14 8 18,777,390 789,397 13,820 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000 12,000 13,000	Ringgold			2								2,000	20,000
Scott. 8 2 1,324,000 570,750 18,677 1,700 550,373 90,000 90,000 Shelby. 8 6 13,344,000 570,750 18,677 1,700 550,373 90,000 90,000 Shelby. 8 5 9,399,000 385,102 9,398 16,325 389,339 389,339 Sloux. 15 12 31,287,000 136,102 4,624 4,587 1,253,339	Sac			8								10,000	6,000
Shelby. 8 6 1 6,530,000 380,102 1,525 386,539 386,539 586,539 580,539 1,525 386,539 580,539 58	Scott		3					1 200					
Sidux 15 12 31.237.000 1.382.691 74.624 54.837 1,253,230			8					16 295		00,000	********		
					31,039,000					********			
	Story	***********	15	12	5 635 000	241.986	12,200	32,001	229,786				

TABLE No. 4—CONTINUED.

	selv.	·20	POUNDS OF	MILK REC	POUNDS OF MILK RECEIVED AND SEPARATOR BUTTER MADE.	SEPARATOR	BUTTER	GAT	GATHERED CREAM BUTTER REPORTED.	REAM BUT	TER
COUNTIES.	No. creame ta operat	No. reporti	Pounds of milk re-	Pounds of the separation of th	son no q of to blos solutions.	abund q al bloa al bong,	s b n n o q shipped out of the the	Pounds G. Outter made.	Pounds to sold to to sold to to sold to to sold to	sbano4 ni blos swol	Pounds shipted out of the state,
Taylor. Union. Union. Van Buren Wapello Warren Winnesbiek Winnesbiek Wodbury Worth.	00 4 4 8 0 8 0 5 - 8 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	9004-180-100-53000	3,330,200 28,091,600 720,000 2,192,000 4,513,000 6,95,000 18,095,600 18,095,600 2,443,000 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,85,600 18,812	1,194,888 25,000 26,000 90,550 175,250 177,250 273,021 26,116 100,118 828,600 828,600 828,600 828,600 828,600 828,600	10,000 42,779 720 2,000 4,200 10,410 75,137 1,450 4,745 59,860 25,660	38,857 15,000 27,940 27,940 26,460 11,200 11,965 2,108 9,000	135,560 1,113,282 10,000 2,300 11,000 164,780 172,686 252,841 711,686 24,686 90,983 767,686 484,910	105,200 285,000 90,000 1,357,753 199,590 59,300	500	48,000 5,000 800	43,700 237,000 90,000 1,337,151 199,590 58,500
Totals	.624	557	1.268.269.763	54 646,866	3.122.308	2.720.542	48.804.016	8 255 578	63.544	407.477	7.781.555

Total consumed in Iowa, 6,313,871 pounds, or 10 per cent of all creamery butter; report of previous year showed but 6.7 per cent consumed in the state. Total butter manufactured in 557 creameries is 62,902,442 pounds. Average pounds butter made per creamery is 112,930. The total number of creameries, 779, must have made 87,972,470 pounds.

TABLE No. 5.

Butter Shipments, as Reported by the Creameries

COUNTIES.	YORK. 66 84 %.	CHICAGO. 12.04 %.	BOSTON. 7.39 %.	SOUTH. 4.18 %.	PHILA- DELPHIA. 251 %.	WEST, 155 %.	CLEVE- LAND. 134 %.
he state	35,033,429	6,419,885	3,981,040	2,242,000	1,354,400	836,120	722,000
dair		451,399			80,000		
damsllamakee		322 000					****
llamakee	648,461	110,800			339,800		** ****
udubon	305,000 187,600	322 000 110,800 91,800 94,200	267,400	*********	*** *****	**** ****	148,000
lack Hawk	691,000 333,100	152,200 95,000	3,500	221,500			213,60
oone	1.723.060	192,300	11,800 219,200 170,000		3,700		227,00
uchapan	1,307,460	192,300 121,670	170,000	40,000	0,000	14,000	200,100
uena Vista	1,723,060 1,307,460 213,000	*******		********	74,000	****	
utler	1,487,850	77,810	76,040				
alhoun	.66,000	205,000	** *****		50,000		
arroll	499,610	21,000				******	
assedar	535,300 136,000	191,000				*********	
	80,000	21,500					
erro Gordo herokee	35,500	2,300					
hickasaw	1,085,000	99,950	549,500	100.000	600		
larke			********	150,000			
lay	300,500	16,000			********	******	******
layton	1,622,600	127,000	130,000	280,000	39,500		
rawford	189,000	33,600	*****				
allas	237,000	32,000 4 000	17,200	**** *****	36,000		*****
Pavis Pelaware	75,000 2,196,300	80,600	44,200	17,000	41,800		
lckinson	310 000	16,000					
onbuque	1,109,200	12,700	70,200		1,100		
ubuque	297,700	6,000					8.40
ayette	1,600,250 566,200	403,551	231,000	96,500	15,000		
	244 000	11,800		20 500	5 000		
ranklin	341,000 71,200 718,100	293,150				120	*****
Irmndv	718,100	62 505	92,000				100,00
nthrie	66,510	171.000		46,500	********		*******
lamilton	503,000	33,000		40,500			
Hancock	488,995	11,300 17,800 52,000					
Iardin	781,500 9,500	17,800				*******	
Harrison	32,000	52,000		*******			
Henry Howard	464,200	9,000	63,700	225,000	500		
Humboldt	696.600	159,000					
da	114,000	38,000					*******
owa	154,000 74,000	2000 000		46,000	********	*****	
acksonasper	272,000	306,000			78,000		
		10,000			25,000		
lefferson	65,000	19 000					
lones	56,000 1,038,100 179,250 1,524,960	24,500 26,500 2,000 397,500	964,100	67,000	7,200	12,000	******
Keokuk	179.250	2.000		***** ***	********		
Kossuth							
Linn	473,000	21,500	108,600	114,000	*** *****		
Louisa	36,000	15,000	20 000				
Lyon Madison	64,421	*****	60,000	*****		*******	
Madison Mahaska	473,000 36,000 64,421 16,000 60,000				60,000		
		TO RESPONDE				FO 000	
Marion Marshall	100,000	10,000	320,000			50,000 740,000	
Mitchell	1,082,750 20,900	716 1,800	*******		5,500		
Monroe	90,000	1 800	The state of the s		15,000		A STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF

TABLE No. 5-CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NEW YORK. 66 84 %.	CHICAGO. 12 04 %.	BOSTON. 7.39 %.	SOUTH. 4.18 %.	PHILA- DELPHIA. 2.51 %.	WEST. 1.55 %.	CLEVE- LAND. 1.34 %.
O'Brien	86,670 58,000 1,241,465 426,787 317,100	8,000 8,000 213,215 150,000 76,300	100,000	22,000	22,000	20,000	
Polk Pottawattamie Poweshiek Ringgold Sac	40,700 174,400 33,000 71,000 303,960	202,200 111,000 22,000 52,380		6,000	37,000 16,000		
Scott Shelby Sioux Story Tama	545,500 221,140 976,530 76,500	6,000 21,000 32,200 103,000 30,000	81,000 11,000		2,000		25,000
Taylor Union Van Buren Wapello Warren	140,500 45,000 19,000	270,000 15,000 2,300		560,000 15,000	13,000		
Washington Webster Winnebago Winneshiek Woodbury Worth Wright	212,700 224,500 606,900 459,000 45,000 871,400 364,880	99,000 15,500 4,000 6,400 36,700 5,000 187,000	78,000 620 293,000	100,000	10,500 2,600 277,600 8,000 83,000		
Total	95 099 490	6,489,885	3,984,040	2,242,000	1,354,400	836,120	722,00

Total shipments reported 53,901,354 pounds. Shipments were also reported as follows:

Newark, N. J.	672,280
Pittsburg	369,300
Elgin	301,000
New Haven	
Washington, D. C.	258,000
Massachusetts	197,000
Providence	174,000
Baltimore	153,700
Hartford	
Exported	118,320

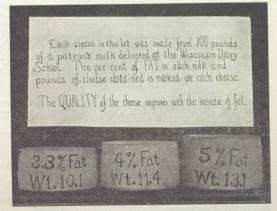
It will be noticed that the total of these shipments is but little more than half the make of the creameries of the state, and possibly complete statistics would somewhat change the totals for each destination.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FROM NOVEMBER 1, 1898, TO NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

Commissioner's salary	\$1	,454.15	
Commissioner's expense		447.24	
Total			\$1,901.39
Clerk's salary	\$	900.00	
Extra office help		112.50	
Total			1,020.50
Milk inspectors' fee account	81	,581.00	
Milk inspectors' expense		86.70	
Milk inspectors' special work		59.27	
Total			1,726.97
Special office expense	\$	36.59	
Chemical analyses		45.00	
10,000 dairy law pamphlets		49.00	
Total			130.59
Express account			41.78
Telegraph account			2.70
Total expense			\$4,823.93
Total receipts, for 676 milk permits			676.00
Balance of appropriation still available			2,759.84

CHEESE-MAKING IN IOWA.

The accompanying cut, kindly furnished by Prof. John W. Decker, professor of dairying at the University of Wisconsin, is the text of the following. Only 15 of the 69 cheese factories in Iowa pay for milk according to the test of butter fat. Certainly the tendercy on the part of the patron of a cheese factory that pays him for the weight of his milk regardless of the



quality of it, will be to produce the greatest weight of milk regardless of all other considerations. The quality of the milk as regards butter fat will certainly lessen under such incentive. The quality of the cheese made will also be poor if the fat content of the milk is low. A study of the above cut will show that the weights do not increase in the same proportion as the increase in butter fat, but nearly so; and when we consider that the quality of the richer cheese is better than that of the others, it is evident that the factory ought to pay for the milk in proportion to the amount of fat in the milk, in order to give every man what belongs to him. It is most difficult to understand why cheese factories and creameries will continue to pay for milk by weight, when it is so easy to test the milk and is so plainly the proper way to pay for it.

TABLE No. 6.
Cheese Factories. Their Value and Their Product.

Benton	COUNTIES.	No. of cheese factories.	No. reporting.	Total value of factories reported.	No. reporting.	Pounds of milk received.	Pounds cheese made,	No. reporting.	Sold in Iowa.	Shipped.
Johnson	Senton Jack Hawk Jerro Gordo Joward Joward Jack Hawk Jerro Gordo Joward Jack Hawk Jerro Hawk Jaylor Ja	3222223334933	2 2 2 4	5,800 4,000 3,000 7,500 2,800 2,200 3,100 7,300 3,300 2,700	121223849	1,318,551 848,943 1,892,480 640,000 323,500 1,157,700 2,537,928 1,790,000 1,293,750	130,000 86,870 205,810 64,000 34,978 117,206 235,067 174,000 127,580	1212288422	130,000 78,098 185,810 56,000 21,978 117,206 232,067 94,000 119,780	12,000 8,772 20,000 8,000 13,000 3,000 7,800 46,000
	lefferson Johnson Solkuk Sossuth Johnson Jinn (3) Marshall (2) Montgomery Muscatine Page Sine (2) Sac (3) Pama	32	19	34,250	17	9,940,939	980,514	17	938,334	42,180

Reports from cheese factories show that the cows whose milk is sent to the factory produce about half as much milk as those whose milk is sent to the creameries; from which fact it is evident that the cheese factory is not an incentive to intensive dairying. There are perhaps a dozen factories in the state that are doing a good business and are of great benefit to the farmers in their communities. The others are in the main small affairs which have started as private factories and buy merely to accommodate the neighborhood. They are no doubt profitable to their owners and operators but do not compare in importance to the same number of creameries. The sixty-nine factories received 37,000,000 pounds of milk, which is about the same amount of milk as handled by fifteen average creameries.

Very likely the cheese-making industry will be of greater amount in Iowa when farms become smaller and the average farm of the state becomes more like that in eastern states.

Using the reports as given as a basis, the average value of the cheese factories is \$1,535. Their average production of cheese amounts to 53,175 pounds. The total value of sixtynine factories would be \$105,915 and their total product 3,669,109 pounds of cheese, made from 37,070,733 pounds of milk, and worth \$350,000. Practically all of the cheese made is consumed in Iowa, only 11 per cent being shipped out of the state.

CITY MILK INSPECTION.

The inspection of milk in the thirteen cities of the state having more than 10,000 population seems to meet with the approval of the people of these cities. Whereas several years ago when the inspection was first begun the quality of milk sold was not very good, it is now found that nearly all milk sold is fully up to the standard of butter fat, that it is clean and well handled, that nearly all the dairymen co-operate with this department in its efforts to secure to the consumer the best quality of unadulterated milk. During the past year the inspection in the several cities has been in able hands and this department has been able to use the inspectors in keeping track of oleomargarine matters as well as city milk inspection. The inspectors are as follows:

Burlington	W. B. McChesney
Cedar Rapids	Dr. J. W. Griffith
Clinton	Allen E. Rumble
Council Bluffs	W. A. Groneweg
Davenport	H. J. High
Des Moines	
Dubuque	Dr. B. Michel
Fort Madison	
Keokuk	F. Harshman
Marshalltown	E. M. Singleton
Muscatine	
Ottumwa	E. B. Hill
Sioux City	O. P. McCray

Attention is called to the matter of permits required by all who "sell milk from a wagon, depot, or store." It is the aim of this department to strictly enforce the law in regard to permits, since the strict enforcement is only justice to those who pay without any effort on the part of this department. The law plainly says that no one shall sell milk from a wagon, depot or store without the permit and that the permit shall expire on the fourth day of July each year. Hence any one so selling milk after the fourth day of July each year without renewing

Iowa dairymen.

PROSECUTIONS.

the permit is violating the law and is liable to prosecution. There are always a few who intend to quit the milk business when the feed gets dry in the fall and so refrain from paying the permit fee in the hope that this department will not prosecute them after they have quit the business. Hereafter it will be the policy of this department to insist that the permits be paid before the fourth day of July, and failure to do so will be understood to mean that the delinquent does not intend to pay until compelled to do so. This will work no hardship upon any one except the wilful violators of the law. Some complaints have come to this office in regard to the injustice of compelling the dairymen to pay even one dollar for the right to sell milk; and the constitutionality of the law is questioned by a few. But it will readily be seen that the dairy commissioner has no choice but to enforce the law as it is on the statute books. It would be gratifying to this department if some one would stand suit on the matter so that a decision of the supreme court could be had. Of course there are many decisions in the older states which would apply to our permit law, but that does not prevent many complaints about the constitutionality of the

By reference to another part of this report will be found some suggestions of value on the subject of feeding milch cows, and a table showing the proper green fodders and the time of sowing of each to insure green feed during the summer. There is always a shortage of milk in the late summer and milk is then scarce and high. It will pay city dairymen large profits to have green feed for their cows in July and August and later, so that the cows may be kept up to a full flow of milk all summer.

law. Perhaps an Iowa decision would be of more force among

The subject of preservatives in milk is one that not all dairy-men are agreed upon. However there is not the same disagreement upon the part of the consumers of milk. The laws against adulteration of milk are based upon the idea that when a man buys milk he expects to receive, and therefore has the right to receive, milk as it is drawn from the cow without addition or subtraction. The law forbids the sale of adulterated milk, and in defining what adulteration is says, "The addition of water or any other substance or thing to whole milk, or skimmed milk, or partially skimmed milk, is hereby declared an adulteration."

Early in May, 1899, the dairy commissioner secured the indictment of H. S. Chase & Co., of the city of Des Moines, for refusal to take out permits to sell milk, as required by the law. When the case came to trial the defendant plead ignorance of the law and was released on the payment of the costs in the case.

W. T. Wood, of Des Moines, was in the same month arrested and brought before Justice Halloran charged with the offense of selling milk without permit. On the refusal of the defendant to sign his own bail bond the court ordered him to be confined in jail to await preliminary trial. Through some misunderstanding between the jailor and the constable, he was released from jail to get a bond, since which time he has not been seen.

G. T. Schlenker was arrested in July, charged with the offense of selling adulterated milk. He was brought to trial in justice court and offered no defense, was convicted and fined \$25 and costs, the minimum fine. He immediately appealed the case to the district court, where the case is now pending.

At the time this report is being put in print, the decision of the district court on the appeal of the above mentioned case is at hand and is given in full below. The judge held that the statute is strictly within the constitution and that a successful prosecution must show either that the adulteration is harmful, or that the person buying the adulterated product did not know that that product was adulterated and so was defrauded. In this connection section 4986 of the pure food laws of the state, included in the same chapter as the milk statute, clearly indicates that the seller of adulterated foods, drinks, or medicines, must either sell the same in such a manner that the true name and the fact of its being adulterated is marked upon the container of the article, or the person purchasing the same must be fully informed by the seller of the true name of the ingredients at the time of making the sale. Read the section.

SEC. 4986. Labeling.—No person shall mix, color, powder, or stain any article of food, drink or medicine, or any article which enters into the composition of food, drink, or medicine, with any other ingredient, whether injurious to health or not, for the purpose of gain or profit, or sell or offer for sale the same, * * * unless the same be so manufactured, used or sold or offered for sale, under its true and appropriate name, and notice that the same is mixed or impure is marked, printed or

stamped upon each package, roll, parcel, or vessel containing the same, so as to be and remain at all times readily visible, or unless the person purchasing the same is fully informed by the seller of the true names of the ingredients of such articles at the time of making the sale thereof or offering to sell the same.

The seller of adulterated milk may offer as a defense, according to this decision, that the buyer was informed by the seller at the time of making the sale of the true names and ingredients of the adulteration, the ingredients so used not being injurious to health. The dairy commissioner will appeal from the decision for the purpose of getting a supreme court ruling.

The judge says: "No person shall sell as pure milk that which has been diluted with water, or into which there has been introduced any foreign substance or thing, even though the foreign substance be positively beneficial, rather than deleterious."

The decision in full follows:

The defendant is charged with a violation of section 4989 of the code. That section provides in brief that if any person shall sell or expose for sale or deliver or bring to another for domestic or potable use or to be converted into any product of human food any unclean, impure, unhealthy, adulterated, unwholesome or skimmed milk, he shall be subject to a fine and be liable for double damages to the person or persons upon whom such fraud shall be committed. Section 4990 of the code immediately following provides that for the purpose of this chapter the addition of water or any other substance or thing to whole milk or skimmed milk is declared to be an adulteration.

This cause has been tried to a jury, resulting in a verdict of guilty, and it is before me now upon a motion in arrest of judgment and for a new trial. The facts in the case are that at the time complained of the defendant was a milk dealer in the city of Des Moines, and that for the purpose of preserving his milk from souring he added thereto a small quantity of boracic acid in solution.

The person named in the information to whom a sale of such milk was made had been told that defendant was using such solution of boracic acid in his milk. The uncontradicted testimony in the case was to the effect that the use of boracic acid in the quantities shown was absolutely harmless even to the most delicate infant. This testimony came from the chemist of the state board of health and from several of the most reputable physicians of the city, all agreeing upon the proposition, and the state making no effort to contradict the same. Upon the close of the testimony I instructed the jury, following the language of the statute literally, and said that if it appeared the defendant put anything into his milk he should be found guilty. I said, however, to counsel, that I would reserve for hearing in arrest or upon motion for new trial the questions in the case raised by counsel for the defendant which are now before me.

It is contended by the defendant that the statute is unconstitutional in that it was not competent for the legislature to place any such restriction

upon the dealing in milk into which a harmless preparation had been put, the design being to secure the preservation of the milk, and such only.

Now, it is a well known principle of construction often reiterated by the supreme court of this and other states, that a statute provision will not be held unconstitutional if, following any reasonable method of construction, its provisions can be made to harmonize with the provisions of the constitution. I am to assume that the legislature intended to frame an enactment in harmony with the constitution and not in opposition to it, and I am not to say that any particular statute is repugnant to the constitution save that upon any fair consideration thereof I am not able to reconcile it with the constitution. That is to say, the statute must be held to be void only when such statute and the constitution cannot both stand and be made operative together.

I am first to inquire whether it be within the province of the legislature to prohibit by statutory enactment the dealing in milk in which a preservative has been placed, harmless in itself and productive of no evil results when employed in connection with the milk. The statute in question is found in the criminal code, and under the general chapter heading, "Offenses against the public health." My motion is that the power of the legislature to interfere in the ordinary business transactions of mankind of the character and nature here in question is limited to two subjects. The general subject comes under the head of police regulations, and the power may be exercised whenever, in the judgment of the legislature, the doing of an act sought to be prohibited would operate as a fraud on the one hand, or would be injurious to the health of the citizens of the state on the other hand. To state the proposition somewhat differently, the legislature has power incident to its rights to make all needful or necessary police regulations, to prohibit anything which might be made an engine of fraud, or which might work harm to the health of the citizens.

I do not understand that the power of the legislature goes any further than that. It follows, therefore, that if by the statute under consideration the legislature has gone farther than the general power conferred upon it warrants, the acts must be held to be void. While there are some cases which seem to hold to the contrary, yet I think the weight of authority and certainly the better reasoning supports the doctrine that as between citizens of the state they may deal at their pleasure in legitimate commodities without legislative restriction, the rule being qualified always by the fact that no element of fraud appears, and there being nothing incident to the commodity dealt in which renders it injurious to the public health. In a number of cases it has been held, and this by the supreme court of the United States, as well as several of the courts of last resort in states, that there could be no restriction of the sale of oleomargarine, in itself harmless to the public health, provided that it was so labeled and offered for sale that the person buying it could not be deceived as to the true character of the article.

Applying that principle to the case at bar, I cannot conceive of any reason why a person who desired to buy milk containing a slight quantity of boracic acid should not be permitted to do so, nor can I conceive upon what principle the legislature, as against the rights reserved to the people in the constitution, could interfere with such a transaction. Nor did the

legislature intend here to so interfere. As I have said before, I am bound to hold in the negative if I can reasonably construe the statute to such an end. I think it is susceptible of such construction. Reading the section through, it clearly refers to sales of pure milk, and the thought of the statute seems to me to be that no person shall sell as pure milk that which has been diluted with water or into which there has been introduced any foreign substance or thing, even though such foreign substance may be positively beneficial, rather than deleterious. In other words, the proposition of the statute is to protect the people who desire to buy pure milk from having palmed off upon them milk which has been diluted or adulterated.

The design of the statute was to prevent fraud and it seems to me that this is clearly evidenced in the language of the statute itself, for in section 4989 I find that after prohibiting the sale, exchange or delivery of adulterated milk, the further provision appears in the same connection that the person so selling or delivering shall be liable for double damages to the person or persons upon whom such fraud shall be committed. Now, clearly if any person desiring to buy pure milk shall receive instead thereof milk into which has been introduced a compound of foreign substance even though not harmful to the health, the purchaser has not received that which he intended to buy. He may have intended, and surely it was his right, to buy milk which he desired to have sour in the ordinary course of nature, and therefore in which no preservative was desired. The sale, therefore, of preserved milk to him, even though harmless as to health, would be a fraud. To sum up, it seems to me the purpose of the state is simply to say to all dealers in milk, and other dairy products, or commodities designed to take the place thereof, that that which they offer for sale shall be exactly what it purports to be. If what is offered as pure milk is adulterated or impure in the sense that a foreign substance has been introduced therein the sale thereof is prohibited by statute. If, on the other hand, any milk be offered for sale into which there has been introduced a preservative, and it is offered for sale as such with the knowledge of the adulteration, then the sale thereof is not prohibited by the statute, save and except that it shall be ascertained and determined that the adulteration is not harmful to the public health.

I am constrained, therefore, to hold that the statute under consideration is not in conflict with the constitution, but that it means simply that dairy products and all imitations thereof not harmful to the public health may be exposed for sale and sold in this state, providing always that the commodity so offered for sale or sold is put upon the market for what it actually is, and consequently no room is left upon which to predicate a charge of fraud. Now, in this case, the person to whom it is charged the defendant sold milk in which the preservative complained of had been introduced knew what he was buying. There was no fraud, as far as he was concerned, and it being conceded that the adulteration was harmless in respect to the health of those who might use it, the defendant should not, therefore, have been found guilty of any criminal violation of the law.

The verdict of the jury will therefore be set aside and the defendant be discharged from any further liability in this case, and his bond exonerated.

Mr. A. D. Ehle, having been arrested on a warrant sworn out before Justice Halloran, came to trial on the 26th of July for the alleged crime of selling adulterated milk. The evidence of the prosecution, in brief, was to the effect that City Milk Inspector C. C. Chase, in the course of his duties, obtained samples of milk from the store of Ehle, took the same to Prof. S. R. Macy for analysis, who found boracic acid therein, and that the same was a preservative. The defense called as witnesses several physicians of the city who gave testimony to the effect that boracic acid in small quantities used as a preservative was not injurious to the health, but that in larger quantities might be deleterious. The defense, represented by Attorney Hume, of the city, and the attorney of the Chicago Preservative company, of which company Ehle was presumably the local agent, argued that boracic acid was not injurious and therefore could not be considered as an adulterant. This in the face of the plain statement in the law that "the addition of water or any other substance or thing to whole milk or skimmed milk or partially skimmed milk is hereby declared an adulteration."-Section 4990. They further argued that if it was so declared an adulterant that the law was unconstitutional as violating the rights of property.

Both the prosecution and the defense filed voluminous briefs with numerous citations of law and supreme court decisions and the justice, after a couple of weeks' deliberation, gave his decision. He held that the use of boracic acid, even if not injurious, was an adulteration; that it was used in the milk for the purpose of defrauding the buyer of it, and hence that the law was fully within the powers of the legislature to pass because it was intended to prevent fraud; that the defendant Ehle admitted under oath that he put boracic acid in the milk; that in order to avoid the penalty of the law a dealer must inform his patrons of the exact adulteration used. The last clause is based on section 4986, known as the labeling law, which applies to all adulterated food products, and requires that they be labeled as to their exact adulteration and that the customer shall be informed definitely just what he is buying.

It will be seen that the justice fully sustained the law in all its particulars and this department is confident that the high courts of this state will agree with this decision and similar decisions in other states to the same effect, as soon as a case is presented to them for adjudication.

The justice discharged the defendant on the ground that the prosecution had not adduced evidence to show that the milk under discussion had been offered for sale for domestic or potable use or for any human food product. The information, which was drawn by the justice himself, and therefore supposedly sufficient in his own court, did not charge the offering for sale for domestic use. This department regretted that any oversight on the part of the justice in drawing the information, or the state in prosecuting the same should have resulted in an acquittal. It was greatly desired that the case be left in such shape that an appeal could be taken, especially as such appeal would evidently have been at the expense of the Chicago Preservative company, who seemed to be backing the defendant in his attempt to overrule the law. In fact, the decision boiled down might be, that the defendant was guilty but the state did not prove it.

In September complaint was made by the dairy commissioner against seven dairy men of the city of Burlington for the use of a milk preserver in their product sold in that city. These cases are still pending in the courts of Burlington.

All the foregoing cases of adulteration of milk have arisen through the use of preservatives. This office will not tolerate any known violation of the law by the use of preservatives or other adulterations

KEEPING MILK IN HOT WEATHER.

The use of preservatives is not warranted either by necessity or good policy. The consumer will not buy milk if he knows that he is getting it partially embalmed. He does not need any testimony in regard to the beneficial results that may come to his or his children's stomachs by the use of milk that is preserved. He simply will not buy adulterated milk if he knows it. The law is designed to protect him and to insure that he gets what he buys. A milkman known to use chemical preservatives will soon lose his trade. Good policy dictates to the milkman that he furnish milk that is clean, unadulterated, and wholesome. If he can establish a reputation for furnishing that kind of milk, he will find easy sale for all of it he can produce. But milk sometimes sours quickly. To avoid this the milk must be clean. The unclean dairy pays the penalty by the souring of the milk. The milk must be drawn by clean milkers, into clean pails, cooled immediately to as low temperature as

possible and kept there till it is sold. Ice is a necessity during the hot weather in the summer. A curious feature of the prosecutions undertaken by this department the past year for adulteration of milk, is that the defendants in all the cases have been liberal users of ice. The plea that the preservative is used to save ice is false. It is used, if at all, to overcome the effects of the filth that is in the milk. Dirty milk sours quickly. Clean milk will sour much more slowly. Milk utensils are not clean until they have been scalded with boiling water in a most thorough manner. Milk absorbs odors and bacteria of putrefaction fall into it when it is left in an unwholesome place. Cool the milk by aerating it in a clean place, put it in clean cans in a clean cool place and it will keep sweet a length of time that will surprise you. But milk it into a half washed pail and pour it into a can equally foul, leave in the barn over night, and it will most certainly need something to make it sweet. The use of a chemical preservative is a confession that the dairyman will not take the trouble to keep his milk sweet.

RECORD OF MILK TESTS.

Following is a record of the tests of milk sold in the different cities of the state where inspection is carried on, giving name of the dealer and month of the tests. The figures are averages of all the tests made during the month, and not single tests. The figures for the tests of cream are averages for the year.

BURLINGTON-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 47.

NAME OF DEALER.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November	December.	January	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Below standard.	Cream.
Joe Binder Theo. Binder. Henry Boecker H. C. Bowman C. H Buhrmaster Binder & Gantz. Joe Conello Mrs. O. Daly. Davis Milk Company Fred Duckstein O. G. Earnest Fred Ernst Henry Grabencamp. A. Hacker. Hall's Jersey Dairy C. L. Haskell Joe James D. R. Jamison C. A. Johnson. F. J. Koestner H. G. Koestner Joseph Kubisch	4.4.3.	3.84 9 5 7	3.7	3.6	4.23 9 4.8 4.2 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4		5.22 4.1 4.5 5.5 4.8 8.3 9.4 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6	9 4	3 4 4 4 4 4 4	3.9 4.2 3.4 4.3 3.4 4.3 3.4 4.3 3.4 4.3 3.4 4.3 4.3	4.1 4.3.6 4.8 93.6 4.8 93.6 4.8 93.6 4.8	55 3 4 3 3 5 5 4 4 8 2 2 7 3 8 3 3	9 2	20 2 18.5 17.4 22.2 19.4 .16 6

BURLINGTON-CONTINUED.

NAME OF DEALER.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Below standard.	Gream.
H. D. Leak. F. Lichterberg. D. Mahalm F. M. Parsons J. W. Schupp Henry Schwenker. Andrew Senti. B. Sourwine.	5.4	4.9 5.4 3.8 4.2	4.3 5.4 4.6	3.9	5.2 4 4 4.3 4.1		4.4	4.9 5 4.5 4.2 4.4	3 9 4 5 4 8 4 4 3 5 4	3.5 4.5 5 4	4.7 3.9 4.6 4.2 4.3	5.2 5.2		22 2 2 2 1 4 19 2
E. J. Swords J. W. Smith J. C. Upton O. G. Van Winkle S. H. Woodward J. F. Wootten Fred Waellner.	 3.1	4.5	3		3.1 4.1		3.9	3.3	3.7 4.1 3.9	2 9	4	:::	2.9	

CEDAR RAPIDS-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 63.

L. U. Alt					1	1	4.6	14	4.2		14		1	
George Batman														
W. W. Bailey W. T. S. Bear			5.4(**	200										
W T S Rear	***		* * *			1 8	4	4.3						
L. Bemer						2.0	2 0	3	2.4	0.0				
W W Drook						* * *	9.8	0 0	4.1	4 4	27.5			
W. W. Brock		***					4 8	8 9	4					
D. H. Bunger							4 2			3.4				
B. J. Beary			***				3.7				3.9			
Cedar Valley Creamery						4.2	3.7		4 1	4	4			
E. H. Cole						4.1	3.6	3.8	3 4		3 2			
E. H. Cole. C. H Davis		***				4.2		4.6	3.9					
A. Dockery		22.				4	968	22	4.4	3.8	1			
Theresa Dockery								4	3.8	3.8	4			
Peter Groat									3 7	3 8	3.9			
Ed Gibney										4	9.0	***		4.05
Ed Gibnay E. J. Hale						1 9	3.8	1	i	3.9	5 0	***		
W. O. Hosmer		1	*			2.10	0.0	*	4	4	3	0.00	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Hubbard & Nye						4	4.3	1 7	4 0	4 0	0 0			
A. Johnson				***		4 0	4.4	4.4	4 2	5.9	4.2			
Osear Johnson	* * *					4.0	4.4	4.2	4 %	4.2	3			
Oscar Johnson	***		**		* * * *	3.5	4.1	3.8	3 6	H 4				
William E. Jordan	** *	12	8.8 (*)				38	4	3.8	4 2				
J. R Kasner							4	3.5	3.4	4	3			
Fred Kilmeyer		***					4.2	4	4.8	3.8	3.8			
Klinger Brothers								4.2	3.7	3.6				
John Kubacksy								4.3						
Adelbert Ling						6			4.4					
J. C. Listeberg		100	1				4 4	4.6	4	2 4	1			
Frank Matouschek						2 0		2 0	9 0	2 0	4			7.5.5
K. M. McDowell	and a		Section in			and the		4 4	0.0	0.0	*			
Ed Miller							2 4	2.7	4.1	1			****	
Miner Brothers.						4	5 7		2.1	4	1 5			
William McLachlan			***		***	2	0	1 1	2 0	2 0	4.3		***	-
Henry Murray							9 0	2.1	9.0	3.0	3.4	* * *		
John Mongo	***	***					0.0		3.4	0.0				
L. M. Martinek		***	***			* * *		4	0.4	3.8	4		1	
L. M Martinek G. W. Parks.	***					1 0	1::	:			10			
Frank Pisney				A P L	***	4 %	4.1	4	3.9	3 6	4.2			
Toba C Donto-				* * *					3.4	1	3.3			
John S. Porter				***		3.7		4	4.2	4	3.4			
William Prymek						4 1		3 9						
J. E Rawson						4.7		4.1	4	4 2	4			
Edgar Richmond				Section 1			1000	10000			3.8			
Robb Brothers	E. 8.3	Section 1		Jan. J	- maria	4 3	3 9	L.	4	4	3.8			
J. H Rooks					1	3.4	3.1	3.4		3.6	3			111111
Shafter & Hosmer	100	Tours.	12.00				In the last			3 9	A COLUMN			1
A. W Schmatt						4.6	4	4	4	4	3 8			
Sloan Brothers	13:01				1000	1	4	3 8	4 6		3.0			
A. H. Smith	1	100	-			4	3.7	4	4.1	2 0		***		
G. S. Smith									2.1	0.0	**			
J. Stusak	13,000				1.30	0 0		0 0	10	0 0	3 8	***		
S W. Svec.					***	0.0	0 0	0.0	4 4	5.9	3 8			
Joseph A. Usher		***		***		0.8	0.8	2.:	0 4	: .				
						3.6	4.1	0.2	4.1	4.2				
Theo. Wendler								4	3.9					
						4								
Williams Brothers						4.8		4.2	4	3.8				
E. A. Wilson			10000											
J. Wohen						4 2			4		1			
	-	-			0.00.0	-		100			- A-1	100		-

CLINTON-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 38.

NAME OF DEALER.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	A pril.	May.	Jane.	Be ow standard.	Cream.
W. C. Anderson. Joseph Baer F. E. Bills. C. F. Capion. Richard Claussen Henry Fanger D. Gertzen John Gideonson H. H. Greve. H. O. Heinsen. Olinton Heath Gus Johnson W. F. Kummrow. Frank Krogman C. L. Maliory. A. L. Martenson M. C. Miller Chris Nielson. Chris Nielson. Chris Nielson. Chris Nielson. Chris Nielson. Chris Person. Olinton OPaulson Nels Person. Chris Peterson. Ed Pierson Joseph Reter J. A. Runquist Peter Schmidt. Ocharles Seeser.	5 4 3 6 4 2 3 6 4 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 5 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 5 4 4 4 4	4.5 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6	4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 5 4 4 5 6 6 4 3 3 3 4 4 3 3 3 6 6	77.88.77.66.22	5 4 4 9 6 8 8 5 5 4 4 4 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4.9 4.7 5.16 4.2 4.4 4.2 4.2 4.4 5.5 6.4 7.7 4.4 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.6	5.4.66544.888744.4444.4.4444.4.4444.4.4444.4.4444.4.4444	5 6 4 4 4 2 3 4 4 2 2 3 4 4 4 5 3 4 4 5 3 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 4 3 4 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 3 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3	4.9 4.31 4.22 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58 4.58	5 4 4 1 5 4 4 1 5 6 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 3 3 6 3 2 2 4	4.6 3.9 4.1 3.8 3.8 3.3 5.2 4.2 4.3 5.7 5.3 6.3 6.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7	885	23.4
Onaries seeser S. C. Simons. S. Thompson Claus Thompson Wm. Voorhees L. G. Westphal. C. A. Wilson	5.	i 4	93.	B	. 4.	-	24.	84.94.	14.			1 3.	2	2.38

COUNCIL BLUFFS-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 39.

	32 A	132 1	7:18	613	10	3.7	14	1.4	18	1.81	3.9	3.	1.3.	813	.3		
O. N. Applequist	3.4	4	13	8								3 9	14	13	.6		
P. J. Arnold	0.0	生.	Lo.	.0					1	0	3 7	3	73.	7 3	2		
O.N. Applequist. P. J. Arnold. H. Allen. W. W. Baker	0.0	6.	3 4		6	5 7	4	3	9	7	3 6	3	3 3	5 3	6		
H. Alfeli W. W. Baker Boal Brothers George Bodurtha Cook & Company John T. Clark	0.0	5.	0 4	15	0.0	4	A	1	0		2 7	3	8 8	7 4			
Boal Brothers	3.5	0.	5 4	1	t	4	4	0 4	1 3	1	4	0.	13	4 5	20		
George Bodurtha							4	2 4	1 3	k. A	*	9	2 2	4 2	4	****	
Cook & Company		100	: .			3	1:	: :	:		0 6	0.	0 4	TO	5		
John T. Clark E. Easdale A. C. Elisworth J. L. Elisworth	4	4.	1 4	.3	1.8	4	4.	0 4	9	t.0	9.6	4.	9 9	0 0	0		19 9
F Fasdale	3 3	3.	6 3	6	3.9	3 5	3.	93	.8	5.6	3.6	0.	00.	00	0	0 0	10.8
A C Elleworth	3.4	3.	3 3	.4	3.5	3.5	3.	8 4	7	3.9	3.6	3.	9 3.	1 4	.0	20.8	110.0
T. T. Elleworth	4	13.	74		3 9	3 5	3.	5 3	.6	3.6	3.8	3.		1 1	*	2 8	
A. C. Elisworth. Charles Green. W. A. Groneweg John Hemmingsen. A. J. Hutchinson.	3.5	13.	6 3	.5	3.7	3.8	33.	7 .		14	888			1	* *		
Charles Green		4.	814			5.6	3 4.	8 4	.4	4.1	4.4			1 :	+ +		
W. A. Groneweg	1			2.	3.1	3 1	13.	7 .						. 3	.4		
John Hemmingsen	4	4	23	9	3.7	3.6	3 4.	13	.8	3.8	3.6	3 3.	4 3.	8 4			
A. J. Hutchinson	12	1	-					1				. 3.	7 3	0	,		
Ingersoll Brothers		1.			***	100		0.0				3.	73.	7 4	.5		
R Jepson	15.	5	7 3	10	4 1	A	4	4		4.1	4.	14	8.	6 8	3.6		
A. J. Hutchinson. Ingersoll Brothers R. Jepson. Johnson Brothers Nels Johnson. Joseph Jensen. H. Leonard Mrs. V. Marquardt. H. H. Martin.	. 0.3	0	10		T. A	*	-		-	-	1	4	5 3	8 4	1.5		
Nels Johnson			. 6		9 5	2	7 2	8 3	4	3 5	3	3 3	94	1	3.5		
Joseph Jensen		10	. 0	. 1	9.0	9.	2 2	8 3	7	2 6	3	7 3	13	6 3	3.5	2.6	3
H Leonard	3.1	8 3.	9 3	.0	0 0	9.	0 0	7 9	77	2 6	3	7 3	64	1 3	3.8		
Mrs V Marquardt,		. 3.	9 0		0.0	0.	010.	015		9 6	12	8 9	6			2.6	3 19.6
H H Martin	. 3.1	8 3	6	5.3	3,0	0	0 0	10 0	.0	0.0	0.	00				150	16.5
A Motggar & Company					2	14.	1 4	4 3		0 6	5	9 0	a o	14	***		1
D. Mielson	3.	7 3	7 3	1.8	3.4	3.	5 3	. 7	0.0	0.0	0	6 0	0 0	10			
Mrs. V Martin H. H. Martin A. Metzgar & Company P. Nielson Frank Peterson Joseph Ray							. 4	- 9	. 1	4	0	9 4	7 4	1	1 6		1000
Frank Peterson Joseph Ray A. H. Read Mrs. M. M. Robinson Charles Scherrer	. 4	3 4	14	1.5	4.2	3 4.	6 4	8 4	1.5	4.5	14.	0 4	4 4	4	4,0		
Joseph Ray	3	63	.3								100						
A. H. Read	4	5 4	81	5	4.8	3				2.83	188	6 10	1 1		412	***	15.5 5
Mrs. M. M. Robinson	2	04	4	1.1	4.1	14.	24	.5	1.4	4	14.	23	.73	.7	3.6		
Charles Scherrer	. 3	0 3	q s	2 7	3 5	9 3	94	.2	3 9								
Otto Skodsholm	. 0.	00	. 0				1					. 3	.83	.6	3.5		. 21
O. E. Van Atta	. 5	7 1	1	1 0	3	8 3	7		111							100	
Mrs. M. M. Robinson. Charles Scherrer Otto Skodsholm C. E. Van Atta. W. C. Webster T. E. Wolcott.	0.	4 9	5	2 0	3	43	5 3	9	3.4	3.	5 3	73	.83	7	3.7		
T E Wolcott	. 18.	0.9	.01	0.0	10.	X O	010	-1	9.73	1000	100	- 1 10	200	_	-		

DAVENPORT-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 87.

Iess Armil Mrs Eliza Arp G. S. Atkinson George Barraclough F. Emil Berger J. H. Bertram Peter Bertram Pheodore Bertram B. Beyer Joseph Blumer Bridewell & Nooth Bruhn & Prignitz Wm. Buhman Dlaus Ohristianson Phomas Coglan Jacob Cowiezell John Cowiezell W. Dismer Fritz Drier Gustav Flambo J. H. Flindt Joseph Gaukler Henry Goetsch Henry Goetsch Henry Haase Dharles L. Haller J. W. Harrison Janus Heuer John Heuer Henry Hinselman Howell Brothers E. M. Howell Jorgenson Jolaus Mrs. F. Kelling Henry Kellogs John Koch Mattie S Le Claire, J. F. Laible Johannes Lange Andrew Larsen Fred Marxen Jenry Mess A Merz Edward Meuman Moffatt & Brother J. W. Ollinger Hanse Peterson Jer Peterson Jenry Mess Jans Peterson Jer Peterson Jenry Res Brothers L. Samm Jenry Hensel J. W. Ollinger J. J. W. Ollinger J. J. W. Ollinger J. J	July.	August.	September	October.	N vember	December	Jaruary.	February.	March	April.	May.	June.	Below	Oream.
Mrs Eliza Arn	4.1	4 2	4	3.4	3.3	4		3.4	3.4	3.9	4.4	3.8		21.
G. S. Atkinson	3.6	3.6	5.6	3.1	1 0	i :	1 2	3.8	: :	2.0	: ::			
Jeorge Barraclough			0.7	0.4	2 0	4.0	2)	0.1	5 9	4 5	4.4	5		36.
I H Restram	3.7	3.8	4.2	3	4		3.8			3	3.8	4.4		
Peter Bertram	4 0		4 9	3 4	: :			:::	3 8					
Theodore Bertram	1.2	* * *	3 4	4.2	4.2			4.2	4	4	3.8	3.4		28
B. Beyer	3.4			* *		***	3.8	**	3 6	3 5	3 9			
Bridewell & Nooth	3	3.1					3.6	***	4	3.7	3.6	4 8		
Bruhn & Prignitz	1.6		** *			9 4			0.0					
Wm. Buhman.	3.3	2.6	3 2			3 9		1 5	3.8	2 6	2 9	2 8	9 6	
Thomas (loglar					3.9			3.1	3 6	4.2	0.2	3.7	4.0	
Jacob Cowiezell	3	3.8	4.2	3.6	4 2	4.6	4.5		4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1		21
John Cowiezell	3.6	4 1	4	5.9	3 4	1 0	2 4	3.7	4.8	3 5	3.9	3.6		
W. Dismer		3.8	4	4.3		3.7	0.3		3 6	3.1	3.4	4.0		
Gustav Flambo	3.2						3	3.4	4	4.3	4	3.2		
J. H. Flindt.		3.2	3.3		4.9	3 6	***	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.4	3.6		30.6
Joseph Gaukler	ii	3.8	3.6	3.5	3 0	3 8	i	i .	11	2 7	3.8	4.4		
Henry Goetsch4	.3	1.3	4	4		4.2	3.7	4.0	3.2	3.4	3.9	3 6	• • • •	
Charles L. Haller		3.1				4	4 2		3.7	5 6	4	3.5		
J. W. Harrison	4	5	3.8	3.2	2 0	4.4	4.8	3 5	3.4	4	3.8	3.3		21.6
Henry Harms4	2	3.6		2 0	3.7		3.8	4.3	3 4	3 3		9 6	2.6	90 6
John Hener	.8	3.4	3	3		3.6		3.4	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.5	2.8	25:8
Hy Heuer.			4.2			4 3		4	8.6	3 6	4 2	1.2		
Henry Hinselman	. 14	4	0.6		4	4	4	3	3.5	4.2				2.4
Howell Brothers									4 4		1			
J. Jorgenson			: :					***						
Claus		.0	3 4	3.8			1 5	4.3	3 9	3.5	1.2	3.3		
Mrs. F. Kelling 3			3.7	3 3		1.2	4.3	4	1.1	3.2	3 1			
John Koch	-: :					!	1 8		1 4	4.3	3 5	4.6		
Mattie S Le Claire,	.00	1	3.11	6	ł,			1 0	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.4		
Chapped Tange						3.6		3	3.7	2.7	4	2	27	
Andrew Larsen	3	7	::			3 9	14	4.6	14	4	3.8	8		
Fred Marxen		6	1.5		4	1.4	3.8		3.8		6 8	8.8		21.3
Mayes 3	5 3	6 4	3 4	.5 4	. 8	3.8	6		12	111	8	0		
Henry Mess	3	.5						5 8	5	1 4 4	6	7		
Merz.					4	1.4			1.2'	2.7	3.1	3.3	27	
Edward Meuman	. 3	.1					12		7	5 1 5	6	4	2.6	
A. Mueller	.33	.7	3.4 .	8	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.7	8.8		23 7
W. Ollinger	4 3	.4.	1.76	5.5	4	1.2		3.3	3.8	3 5 .				
harles Peters3	23	.5			. 4	5	37	1 2		1 6	8			
Peter Peterson	.1 3	.1							3.3	3.83	3	5		
August Prignitz	3	.4 8	3.6 .	3	3.7 4	1.6		1.2	3.7	1 2 4	.1			25.8
rinz & Moffatt	. 3	4 4	68	4	1			1	.8	1 2 3	84	.4 .		
Ohn Puls.	3	.8						*		3.0	.9 6	9.		21.6
red Ramm.							!	2.63	3	3 6 .	8	.8	2.6	
Iarx Ramm	3	1 3	8 3	5	1.714	4 5	9		8	3.8	8.4	.2 .		
Suchan	4 2	.8	.13	3.2	4	33	.5	3.44	8	3.5 3	5.4	8	9 7	24
ugust Schladitz.	.22	.78	.4 .		4	.2		1.78	.7	5.1 .		.8	2.7	
ohn Schmidt.	6 3	1 6	. 6.0		4	24	.2	4 4	0	3.24	100	4.		
laus Schnoor4	64	.4 4	.3 4	.6	. 4	.84	4	1 6 5	2	1 2 5		.0 .		
chroeder Brothers	. 3	.5 3	1.2		4	4		3.6 3	.4	3 5 3	.3 2	9	2.9	
ax Schrumm	8 3	.4 .	. 4	20	8 4	0		1.24	.4	3 2 .	3	.6 .		21.9
F. Sivertsen	43	4 3	.4 8	3	1 1 3	4	9	. 4	.2	4	1 3	.5 .		
tinbolt & Maxim	53	.93	.2 .	3	.8 4	2	6.6	3.63	.5	1.44	1 4	2		21.0
R STATE OF THE STA	8 2	8		17	-			1 0	19/1-7	1000	10	- FE .		

DAVENPORT-CONTINUED.

NAME OF DEALER.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Below standard.	Oream.
F. Taage	-	-		3.8	4	A A		9 0	1 1	-	-	-	H_	0
Mrs. B. Von Tugl		3.2		0.0	0 0			4	3.2	3.5	3.6	3	****	
G. Waage		***	3.6		4.5		4.6	3 6	4.8		4.6			40.
Herman Willers		3 4	3		3.5				4	3.6	3.8	3 0	****	21
		2.9	***		3.8		3 6	0 0	3.3	3.6				
John Zarn. George Zinger.			3.6	4	4.6		0.0			4 2	3.3	3.9		
Joseph Zinger	3.1				3.2		3 6	4	3.4	3 4	3.9	3.6		

DUBUQUE-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 56.

M. Ada						13.2	13.2	3 6	14	13.8	113	18.3	213	13	12	B	-			
Bobzie	n & Below.					4 6	4	- 0	1	1 1	14	0.1	0	9	10	0		1		1.0
Jasper	Bre ke					4 0	3	4.6		4 4	1	4.4	4	4.	4 4	.8	5.8	4		
Choma	s Buckingl		****			4.2	0	4.0	0	4.2	4	4.	24.	8,4	4	.6	4	4.2		
поша	s Bucking!	iam				3 6	3.6	3.4	1	4.4	3.2	3	23.	8 4	8 4		1.2	4 6		100
r. W. I	zett & Son.									4.8	3	4	3	84	24	1	1 8	5		
L. Cou	zett & Son.					4.2	3.4	4.8		3 4	3 8	A	14	B A	9 4	6	F . C	#		4.1
	usning.					10 0	12 6	132 (3	1.4	9 5	9 6	0	0 0	1 2	0 0	. 60	2.4	0	****	* *
rank	Duertscher					0 0	0.0	0.0	2 0	0.1	0.0	0.	0 0 .	4 3.	8 3	. 6	3.0	4.6		
T. D	uggan			****		3.0	3 0	4	0.8	1	3	3.	4 3 . 3.	23.	4 3	. 6	4	4		
A D. D	uggan					3.2	3.8	3 8	3.4	3.8	3.6		. 3.	5	. 3	1	3.4	4		
lary i	Emzler					3.6	4	4 2	3	13.8	3.4	100	TO O	OLA	1.4	14	2 4	4		
. Far	rell					13 6	18 2	4.4	4	3.8	1 34 9	13	8 8	4 4	4		1	2 0		
ndre	w Fluetsch					4 1	14	3.9		4	2 7	2	7 4	X X	0 0	1	2 0	0.6		N. W.
Gar	ler					4 7	4 0	4 4	2 0	1	0.1	3.	19	. 0	8 9	. 6	3.8	4.2		
ma (1)	diant					100 0	2 12	1 6 0		12 .	3.12	100	17 12	1 12	11/2		3.01	12 . 12	100000	
HO. GA	tneracker acker eus Heck Hemmi					3.4	4.0	4.8	4	4.0	5	4	3	84.	4 4	.2	4	4 3		
. Gar	tner	*****				3	4	4	3.4	4	4	4	3.	64	4	.2	4	0 0		
red H	acker					1	4 4			13.5	2		3	94	d					
Latthe	eus Heck Hemmi Ierron Hoferlin				0.00000	1 6	3 8	2 8		4 6		1	. 0.	7	0	1	1 . 2	1 0	****	
has I	Hemmi					4 4	4 9	4 5	£	9 6		12.	00	0 4	- 0		k .	4.2		* *
I T D	ownon.	*****			*****	4 1	13.4	# 0	0	0.5	1 1	0,	8 3.	9 4	0 4		1.1	4.1		
1. L D	erron					13.8	3.4	9		3.0	4.2	4.	8 4	4	4	4	1.4	4.4		
oseph	Hoferlin.					14.8	4.2	3 4	1	4	4	5	4.	23	8 4	4	3.4	4 4		1
. H. J.	ecklin					4	4	4.2	3.6	3.5	4 9	3	7 3	84	4 4	4	4 3	4 9		
lan K	Hoferlin ecklin eefe Knockel					2 6	1 4		-	-	1	10.	. 0.	O X	4		4 .	4 0		**
lbert	Knockel					2 0	2 6	9 4	4	0 6	0 1	13.	. 0.	1 3	0 4	1	2.1	4.2		**
TAT	ELHOCK CI	*******	*****			0.4	0 0	0 4	*	0.0	0.9	4	0.	0 0	8 .	!	ž			4.4
. A L	awson lussehl n Metcalf Bros Meyer	******				4	4.2	4.2												
red M	lusseni						4						. 4.	83	63	.8	3.5	3.6		
teube	n Metcalf					3.8	4	4.6	3.6	15	4 4	13	4 4	3 3	0 4	8	1 4	4 8		100
Lettel	Bros.					4	3 8	4 9	3 6	4 5	2 2 5	1 52	0 2	1 2	9 9	4	1	4		1
lenry	Meyer					4 0	4 0	3 0	E	4 7	4 6	6	~ S.	0 5	0 5		E	2 4	****	**
00 ()	Millon					2.0	9.0	3.0	0 0	2.	# . 2	0	10.	A D.	20	.0	0.0	0.4		
US. U.	Miller					3 0	3.8	4.4	3.0	4.6	14.6	3.	GE							
emil N	lueller					3.8	4.2	3.7	4	4.4	4.3	14	3.	9.4.	1 4	.5	4.1	4.3		
ennis	O'Meara					3.2	3.6	3.2	3	3	13.5	3.	83	23	8 4	.1	3.6	3 9		
. Pale	9VV					3 4	4 6	4 3	1	4	-		1	4 4	4	0	1 8	1 4		
Pfak	1					0.3	2.0	2.0		2 0	1 1		1	1	1	0	0 0	1 4		
andol.	o'Meara			*****		0 6	9	1 7		9.0	2.9	6	* 4	19	4	.0	0.0	4.4		**
Tal-	JII Fryst	********				3.8	0	4.4		4.9	4 4	3	0	. 4				4.4		
like 5	chiegel					4	4	3.8	4.8	3	4.2	3	5 4.	5 4.	5 4	.1	4.4	4		
. F. S	chepele non ridan							3.8	3	3.6	13.6	13	13	8	. 4	.2	3.6	4		1.
. Seer	non					4	3 6	4.6	4 2		4.6	114	8.4	13	8 4	6	1.6	4.4	1000	100
She	ridan					4 0	4	4	1 4	7.5	3 0	14	4	14	4		6 4	A T	****	
Snor	notoles	*******				14 0	1 0	7	9 0	2	0.0	12	4	*	9	Ver	X . 'R	*	****	* *
. ope	netsky n Sutter		*****	*****		4.4	4.2	4	0.8	4	4	10	9	1				4.4		4.4
tephe	n Sutter	*******				4 3	4.2	4.6	3 8	3.8	3.6	3.	2 4	18.	2 4	.8	1.2	3.8		
. Woll	en weider									1	1	1		. 4.	4 3	.6		3.6		
H. V	Valker					3 4	4 9	4	3 9		4	15	4	4 5	4	AL	1	4		
dum	en welder Valker Wellant					1 . W		1 0	0.0	4 4	2 6	12	10	64 4	0 2		1	4 0		1.
lanl 7	iglor						1 6	E. 0		2.9	0.0	9.	20.	0 4.	0	16		1 0		* *
Jar Lie	ollicoffer					*	14.8	1:2	100	1200	12 3	12.	. 4	0 1	. 3	8	t	4.2		3.9
S. S. Z	ollicoffer					3.6	4	4.5	4.2	13	4 4	13	813.	814	4	4	1	5		1

DES MOINES-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 187.

Jane Adamson	 					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Jane Adamson	 		3.7	3.3			3.4		3 8		3.5	3.2			
P. S. Anderson	 												1		
Arctic Ice Cream Company	 														
M. Appel	 					3.5		4.5	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.5			
R C Arthur	4 8	4	4	4 0	4.1	and the	14 5	3 0	113 9	13.7	14	14.5	1	. 2	4
I C Rallantyme	DECHT			- Control			4 7			13 9			100		
Will H. Bates. J. W. Bailey.							1			4.2	3 8	4.8			
I. W. Batley		3.1			4	3	3.8		3.4	3.8	4	3 5			
Bartle & Susong	 												l		

DES MOINES-CONTINUED.

		1		1	1 3							1	-	T
			er.		er.	1,		y.					Below standard.	
		45	9	I.	20	å	ry	2					di	
NAME OF DEALER.	١.	SD	еп	De la	en	8	22	2	e P	-	.*	6	S.D.W	Oream
	5	1 20	100	3	A	90	i i	q	2	E	25	n	elc	ea
	July.	0.0	Se	10	ž	ã	J.B	E	M	A.	M	Ju P	B	5
W. H. Bartz. W. Ball P. Barker.	-		-	-	-	-	-			-	7.0	-		-
W. H. Bartz	4.7		3.8	5	4	***	4 3	4.3	4.8	4.2	4 3	4.5		1.0.2.2
W. Ball		0.0	9 6	1 0	4 1	**+	3 0	0.9	3 3	9.2	4	4 1	****	
P. Barker		3 8	0.2	4.0	4 1		0.19	***	0.0	3 8	3.9	3.9		
W. J. Bennett	4.3	3 5	4	3.3	4.4	4.9	4.3	3.9	4.1	4 1	4	3.7		21.9
H Berger	3.7		i							2.7			2.7	****
F. M. Blackman,	3 6	3.9	4.8	4.7		4.5	**		4	4	4.3	4		20.7
A. Borgeson.	200		177	22.5	1:3	200	500	1 0	3.5	3 5	3 0	3 8	****	65.
Bragdon Brothers	8.8	3.8	3.0	4	4.9	4.2	0.0	*	3 3	0.0	3 9	2.0	10000	200
Bruner & Company	4 1	***	3 4	8.7	5	4.5		3.3	4.4	4.1	3.7	.34	2000	
Rontley & Wilcox					***	4.6			5.2				****	21.7
Ed Campell	3 8	3 5	3 8	3.7	4 3	3.7		4.1	3.8	3.3	3.3	2.8	2.8	****
Howard Case	3.5	3 8	3.7		2.4	4.7	4.3	3 9	5 9	110		3 8	****	19.8
A. F. Coppersmith	***	***	***	***	***	***			0.4	4.2			****	10 9
Chase Brothers.		***	**	2.57	44.4		***	***		3 3		3 2		10.0
H. S. Chase & Co. 24th and University	***	***	***							19.5		12.9		16.2
H S. Chase & Co., Sixth and Forest				***									****	****
M. W Churchman	3 9	3.9	4.4	4	- 4	.1	202	4	3.1	3 8	3 5	3 8	** * *	
H. S. Clarke	3.6	3.3		***	20.5		3.8	1 0	4	9.0	4 2	3 6	0 0	10.4
Jno. Cruikshank	3.6	4	3.9	***	1 8	4.5	4.1	4.2	2 0	3 0	3 7	4 1	2.8	91.5
C. E. Curtis	4.0	***	1 5	1 0	1.9	2 7		2.10	3.4	2 9	2.5	A.A	1.5	W.L. U
C H Cooper	***	100	1.0	1.0								4.3		
J. M. Crooks.					***				2.2			2.8	2.8	16.2
J. J Dawson		8 9	2.2	4.3		4 2	4.1	4 6	3.2	3.7	3 6	3.7	****	20.3
Louis Dippel	2	0.7	3.5	4.8	4.4	8.7	4.1	3 0	4 9	3.8	*	3.0	****	****
M. Droney	3 0	3 0	3.0	5 9	4.5		4.7	4.0	4	0 ~	3.6	4.1	2.3	19.8
Ehte & Ehle	3.8	3	3.6	4.1	4.1	4.8	4.5	3.7	4.5	3.7	3 3	3.8	2.4	17.9
Ekdahl & Johnson				200			exe			220	***	4.3		****
G. W. Felt	8.9	4 3	5.1						4.2	4.3		3.9	****	21
K. Fitzgerald	8.8	4.3		9 7	9 7		3.9	4	1 3	3.4	1 2	4		21.2
Thos. Flynn	* . 1	0.1	3.0		0	3.8	4.6	4.1	4.5	0.0	2.0			
S H Gardner	4.8	5	5.1	4.3	5 2	4.7	4.7							24.8
S. R. Garton	4	3 5	2.6		3.9	57.2	4.2	3	3.5		3.5	3.1	2.6	01 0
O. J. Gay	3.2	4 0	3.7	4	4 6	2.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	****	29 9
F. M. Gell	3.5	3.6	***		4.8			4.1						
Wm Gordon							4.3				4			
Mrs. M. J. Graham			***			***				***				
L. Harris				1 4	***	1 2	10	3 3		***				****
M. Harris	3 7	3 8	4 9	4.8	4.4	4.6	4.2	4.4	4	3.7	3.5	7.3		2 .5
Harding Ice Cream Company			4 5						3.7	4				8.50
T. F. Hargis	3.7	3.8	3.6				***				4.4.	0.00	****	****
Wm. Harvey	2.0	0.0	2 5	E+.1	9 17	274	9 8	0 5	***	9.7	2 2	2 1	0 0	10 1
Hawkeye Milk Company	3.5	3 4	3.6		9.1	3.7	3.7	3 8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.3		
Ward H Hills	0.0	3 9	3.9	4.1	4	4.1	4.4			4 1				
Jno. Hockersmith	3.3	3.7	3	3.4	4	4	4.5		3.5	3.8	3 3		****	X 2 X 2
Wm. Hoffman			4.2		4.9	4.3	4 1	:::		2.0	9 6	0.0	****	21.9
Mrs. E. Hollingsworth	2	2 1	0 7	***	4.9	***	2 5	4 I	3 1	3 7	3 7	3 8	2.7	****
G. W. Homan			~	***	2				3.7	3.7	3.7	3.1		
L R Hughes					***		4 1	3.5						
Iowa Dairy	4	4	3.7	4	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.1	3.8	8.8	3.8	3 8		****
Iowa Cream*					274.14				***	***	8 3	37	***	***
J. E. Johnson		2 5			***		4.5	4.7	4.5	4 3	0.0			19.8
J. Kehoe				4.1			5.4	4.3	3 5	3.3	4 4	4 1		20.7
William Kerr			28.5	***							3.8	3.5		21
D. W. Kimball	3.8	3.6	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.8	4.2	0 0	2 0	***				44.3
Miles Knapp	3.7	0.8	2.8	4.2	2.0	2.0	F D	0 2	0.0	100	***	***	****	****
A C Tune	3.8	3 8	3 5	4.7	1,00	4.4			1	100				
R. A. Lee	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	8.7	3.9	3.5	4.1	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.8		
J. E. Leeka			** 1	4		4 4	22.5	3.1	4.5	* 4.0				24
W. H. Bartz. W. Ball P. Barker. W. J. Bennett. H. Berger F. M. Blackman A. Borgeson. Bradon Brothers. H. Berger F. M. Blackman A. Borgeson. Bentley & Wilcox Ed Campell Bentley & Wilcox Ed Campell Bentley & Wilcox Ed Campell H. S. Chase & O., Twelth and Mapie H. S. Chase & O., Twelth and University H. S. Chase & O., Twelth and University H. S. Chase & O., Twelth and University H. S. Chase & O., Twelth and Joversity H. S. Clarke. H. S. Clarke. G. E. Ourtis G. H. Cooper. J. M. Orooks. J. J. Dawson. Louis Dippel E. B. Dunne. Ehie & Ehle Ekdahl & Johnson G. W. Felt. H. Garton. F. B. Garton. F. B. Garton. F. M. Geil J. R. Gordon. J. R. Harts H. D. Hall Harts H. Ha		***	110	10	4 0	4 0	1 7	4 0		***			****	10 8
C. W. McDUI	8 6	3 1	3 3	4.1	2.3	4.5	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.3	3 5		2.5	

^{*} July, 20 3: August, 18.1; September, 18.3; October, 19.5; November, 19.5; December, 19.5; January, 17.5; February, 20.3; March, 22.3; April, 19.9; May, 19.8; June, 17.1.

DES MOINES-CONTINUED.

NAME OF DEALER.		st.	mber.	er.	mber.	nber.	ary.	nary.	p.				Below standard.	-
oKes & Hawks. oKes & Hawks. W. McKowan. W. McKowan. W. McKowan. W. McKowan. Cokowan & Kuhn unger Brothers. ha Murow eyer Brothers. H. Moore. H. Moore. J. Newby ho Olson. G. Patton. R. Perkins. W. Peterson. B. Fickering. A. Pugh. Pickering. A. Pugh. Pickering. M. Ring. R. Brickering. A. Brickering. A. Brickering. A. Pugh. Pickering. W. Peterson. B. Fickering. A. Pugh. Pickering. W. Peterson. B. Fickering. A. Pugh. Pickering. A. Pugh. Pickering. W. Poterson. B. Fickering. A. Find. B. Fickering. A. Find. B. Fickering. A. Robesty. B. Sind. B. Fickering. A. Robesty. B. Sander. B. Sander. B. Sander. B. Sander. B. Sinth. S. Shoemaker. S. Sho	July.	August.	September	Octob	November.	Decer	January.	February	March.	April	May.	June.	Belov	Change
cKee & Hawks		3 1	3 7	3.8	4	4	3.7	4 1	4	4	3.9	3.8		
W. McKowan.	3.6	3,6	3.5	3.9	4.7	13	4.4	2 0	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.1		19
ckowan & Martin				4.0	0.0	2.9		3.0	2.5	8 9	4.4	0 1		50
unger Brothers									0.0	0.0				20
ss. Moon														
ohn Mueller	3 6			4 6		4 5	4.2						****	17
. Murrow		4.3	3.8	4.2	3.7	4.8	4 2	4.3	4.5	4 2	3.8	3.4		17
eyer Brothers	5.9	3.2						4 0	4.1	3.7	4 0	312	12.45	27
T Niebole			9.6.9					9.0	3.19	4,0	3 6	9.0		120
I Nowby	1 0		3 0	3 8	25	4 2	4 2	0.0		*	0.0	0.0		12
nhn Olyon	4.1	4	4.2	0.0	4	4.3	4.3	3 6	3.9	4.1	3 9	3.7		1.
G. Patton	3.9	4.2	4.2	4	4.4	4.6	4.3	4.6	4.5	3.8		3.7		22
. W. Payton										4.2	4.3	4.1		22
. R. Perkins	3 4	4	4.4		4	4.7	4.5	4.1	4.2	4.2	3.7	4	15.50	22
W. Peterson	3 9	3.5		5	4.8		3.9	+++	***	3.8	3.8	3.2	2.9	
J. Peterson	100	2.4	***	2.7		2.5	1 1	0 m	4 9	1 0	4 0	4 0	2.4	00
B. Pickering	2.0	2 0	9.0	4.7	4 2	4.0	2.4	4 5	9.0	4.2	4 4	4 1	****	10
A Duch	0.0	2 7	4 2	Tak.	2.0	W. D		2.0	9.0	2 7	3 1	2 5	11.22	14
Dickoring		10.0	4.0			4 3	2 8	***	4 9	4.3	4	0.0	21.00	1.
Onist	3.2	3.5	3.2	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.2	3.5	3.5	8.6	3 5	3.4		2
E F. Randolph														
. E. Ricketts	3.9	3	3.7	3.3	4	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.2	3.6	2.1	
M. Ring	3.9	3.8	3.8	4		14.2		49.4				2.6		
A. Robesky	4.1			1.7	4.1	4.3		3 6	3.3		400	21.2	1.7	1
Rogers								3 3	4.1	4.1	0.0	8.8	****	1.
Sandon	0 7	200				***		3.00		***	***	***	9 7	1
has Schlankov	9.4	o.				***		**					0.1	
F. Schlenker						4.6	4.6	4 4	4.3	1.4	3 6	4 2	200	2
Schoenfeldt												3.6		
. W. Scott	3.7	3.7					4		3.6		4			
S. Shoemaker	3.6	4		4.3	4.1	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.7		3.8	3.7		11
Silverman	4	3	***		4.1	2.0	3.3	4 10	***	5-5	- 2.5	50	4244	12
nith & Gell		i i	9 0	2 0	9.4	0.6	9.0	4.8	4 0	4.4	***	8.7		Z
F Smith	4 9	3 8	3 8	0.8	***	***	***	***	***		***		****	1.
F. Shoemaker		200	0 0	8 7	4 4	3.7	3 9	3 8	3 8		4 8	4		10
L Starks	3 5	3.8	3.9	4 3	4.4	4.1	3 9	4	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.1	1011	2
H. Starks	4 9		4 3		4.3	4.8	4.5	4 6	4.1	3.8	3.5	3 4		1
M Stookey	3.9	4	4.6	4.4	4.6	5	3 7	4.2	3.8		4.1	4.1		
Sonderelitter		200	223				3.1	A.W. W	x. 6 4	3.3		3.2	2.8	1
M. Strickland	4 0	3.9	8 0	4.9	4.1	4.3	22.3			4.3	4.4	4 7	2,8	1
Toppy	9.0	2.0	9.0	2 4	4.8	4 4	0	2 1	3 7	4.1	2 0	9 0	9 5	12
H Thomas	3 4	3.7	4 2	4 5	4 4	4.0	*	*.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	912	2.0	10
ownsend & Company				1.0.	1.7	200	3 8			3 3		3 2	1.7	-
Tungate	3	4.8							3.5	3.7		3.7		
yler Brothers	4.4		5	3.7	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.9			4.3			2
E. Thomas						4.3	4.2	4.3	3.7	3,7	4.1	3.7		
P. VonStueben	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.9	4	4.1	3.5	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.2	3.8		1
. J. Wallace	3,2	1.9	1.7			200	0.00					4.4.5	1.7	L
nton Wassgren	2 0	13				3.9	3.8	274	27.0	0 7	5 6	2 0	***	
oleeingen & Millen	0.0	2.1			4 0		1 2	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.0	9.5		
E. West	3 2	4	3 6	4.1	3.9	44-4	2.0	8.3	3.5	3.7	3 6	0.0		i
M. West			100	3.3	3.6		200		3.7	111	3.4	200		100
. Ware					249		564		466			444		
red Wollbrigge	3.6	3.9	4.7	4	4 5	4.9	4.4	4.1		4.1	3.8	8.5		2
. W. Worley			***		***	3.1	3.7	4	3.9	3 3	3	900		
B. Wherry	2.0	2.	2.0	2.0	100	***	:		2.	3.9	4.1	100		2
T. Wood	0.0	0,5	5.8	9.8	4 2	4.3	4.1	2 0	3.7	3.9		22.0		1 - 1
P. Vonne	1 3	0.1		0.1	2.3	2.0	2.10	2 0	9.0	9 A	9 6	44.0		1
# # # 17 th th th th a contract of the contrac	2.0	2.2.5	***		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.9	0 0			125

FORT MADISON-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 17.

NAME OF DEALER.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Below standard.	Cream.
J. W. Beelman J. A. Burton G. D. Conradt G. D. Conradt G. Conradt G. Confact G. Crosley T. G. Currier B. F. Drollinger Knapp & Holland B. H. Mansheim Jon Mansheim	4.5 4.7 4.4 3.6 4.7 4.6 4.7	4.5 5.1 4.2 3.9 3.8 4.5 5.3 9.4	4.5 5.2 4.4 4.6 4.6 4.8	4.7 4.1 4.3 4.7 5.2 4.7 9	4.9 4.7 5.1 3.9 4.8 5.6 4.8 5.6 4.8	5 4.7 3.6 5.1 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5	4.8 4.5 4.1 4.9 4.5 4.1	5.1 4.4 5.1 4.6 4.8 4.9	3.7 4.2 5.1 4.6 3.9 3.7	3.9 3.5 4.2 4.1 4.3 3.9 3.9	4.4 3.9 3.5 4.8 4.7 4.8 3.9 4.3	4.1 3.9 5.5 4.3 4.1 3.9		18 27·6 23·4 25.8
Nunn Dairy Company Frank Shurk L L Scovel A. R. Smith Walter B. Smith Joe. Stellern	4.3 3.7 3.8	4	4.8	4.4	4.8	4.2	3 9	4.7	4 2	3.9	3.7	3.3		

KEOKUK-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 20.

H Del@ald	-	-	4	11	4	10	4	rig		15	-	Ā	01	5	14		Ti P		112	12	1.6	A			
H. Driffield. F. N. Harshman	413	2	1	-41		4	90.3	19	-	10		*	2	٠.	. P	3	98	8	16		17			**	****
F N. Harshman	- 19	F. 8	14	1	4	1	٤.,	4	.1	4.		90	2	4.1	0 4	10.5	2/9	1.5	912	. 0	1 -	*.×			****
A. D. Hazen.		3.5	13	.8	3.	6	4	3	.5	[3,	2	3.	6	4.	1 3	3.8	3 E		19	.2	14	.1			
A. R. Howell	1	1.1	13	9	3.	6	4.5	3	.8	4		4	- 1	4.	6 4	1.1	3 4	.4	£]4	. 3	4	.5			
R. A. Hunt		3.9	4	1	4		4	3	.7	3	6	3.	5	4.	3 .		1		J,		1		100		
R. A. Hunt Klepfer & Sigmund Keokuk Dairy Company. Keterrer & Koss J. D. LaFeber	1			1	**	1	4.3	3 4		4		6.	2	3.1	8 4	H	5 6	3.5	θ	. 6	4	.4			
Keokuk Dairy Company	. 14		4	.3	1	3	4.1	1 5	.1	4.	4	4.	3		1.		3		1		1				
Keterrer & Koss	1		4		4		4.5	2 4	.3	4	7	3.	7	4.	3 4		14		5/4	2	4	.9			****
J. D. LaFeber	. 14	1.8	4		4.	2	3.8	3/4	.4	4	4	3.	9	4.	2 4	1.3	3 4	1.4	43		1.				
Fred Lange	- 10	8.9	114	-61	25	- 0	6 2	514	.4	18.	. 65	ъ.	91	5.1		5.1	619	e.t		100	19	. 0			
A. H. Linnenberger	. 1		Ε.					1.							. 1	1.5	3 8	1.1	1/4		4	.3			
Jno. Mackley								J.						4	-15	5.1	514	1.8		87	14	.5			
L. Nelson.	П							I.						v.			J.		. 18	.7	4	.5			
L. Nelson. C. G. Nelson	.14	1.2	3	9	4.	2							. 1				I.		4		1.				****
Sarah E. Patterson	Т			31		. 1							al.		313		Л.		J.	× 4	ı.				
Henry Rein	14	1.3	5	3	4.	1	4.5	3 4	6	3	9	3.	8	4		3.5	9 4	1	3 4	.2	4	.9			
Sarah E. Patterson. Henry Rein C. C. Safford	14		4	3	3.	2	3 6	3 3	.8	4		4	2	4.1	918		2 4	. 5	8 4		4	.6			
J. L. Sample	- 15	n 3	14	41	2	591	4/1	на	- 59	14.	ш	а.	RI4	4.	114	S	Н4	W 5	3 14		14	$\cdot z$			****
W. J. Shappack	. 4	1	3	8	3	7	4.3	14	.1	3	8	4.	1	3.	9 1	3.5	3 6	5.5	24		4	.6			
W. G. Weyand			3	8	4.	2	4.5	5	-	6		6.	4	7					П		1.				

MARSHALLTOWN-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 17.

S. E. Bellus	19	- 7	152	Q	2 8	12	E.	9 1	Ris	2 6	119	E	2		247	212	7	2	RIT	0.3	1	1	-
Chas. W. Brown	0	4	0.	0	9.0	0	2	0.1		9.0	000	-0	9	0	2.0	112	9	0,	0 0	0.0		ď	
Alvin Cole.	92	.0	3	0	0,0	0	2	9.1		2.0	100	-2	0.	9	9.3		2	9.		0.0		ò	
Alvin Cole	43		9	9	0 0	0	9	0 3	200	3.9	10	.D	0.	劃	3.6	0	. 4	9.	Die		A.	0	***
Geo. C. Downer	. [9		o.	0	ŧ.	a.	0	0,1	0	5,8	5 4		ö.		3.2	10	o.	5.	9 6	5		:	
Will Ennis	d:	12		-	253		2	5.00	- 1		12	4.5		2	3,1		100		2 2	27.5	2.	6	
J. E Elliott	- 4	8.3	4		3.7	3	4	3	22/2	3 8	3 3	.6	3	8	4	13	.8	8.	7/3	3.6	***		***
H. C. Griffith	- 4	.2	3.	8)	4.3	3	.9	3.	9/3	3.5	5 3	.6	3	1	4	3	.9	3.	9/3	3.6	***		
Havens & Wilson																							
Dell McCord	. 13	1.6	13.	8	3.1	3.	4	3	- 1	3.5	5 2	.8	3	3	3.1	7 3	.9	3.	6	3.1	2.	8	
S. Niederhaus	14		3	9	4	4		3	5	3.7		.6	3	1	8.1	7 4		3	21	3.7			
Saml. Purcell	1		١.,				а		21		16			. [. 3	8	4	1	3.9	100		
G Treffry		18.	3	8	3.6	3.	.6	3 :	2	3 6	5 3	.4	3	4	8.4	13	9	3.	2	3.5		8	
Chas B. Varnum	. 3	1.9	3	.5	3.8	13	4	3 :	2	3 1	13	3		۰								a	

MUSCATINE-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 19.

Constant Description	14	4	19 4	1.0	191	-	14	0		179	-	0 /		0	1.0	L.F.	20		-	-	26
Conrad Beegner	14	4	3.5	18	.0	9	12	.70	9	0	.3	0.8	12.	0	4.2	S D	9	3.4	1		27
H. R. Bierman	14.	(0)	6.4	4	.8	4.6	3	8					100			1				-	21
John Dankert	4		4.1	14	.4	4.2	4	.4	4.3	3 4		4.2	3.	8	4.8	14		4.1			
). H. Harris	14.	2	5	13	6																30
W. Jarvis	4	П	4.4	4		4.4	4	.8	4.4	7 4	4	4.2	13.	7	4.5	4	2	4.1	1		29.
ohn Kobes	140			J.				-		. 3	.4	4	13.	4	3 4	ΠЗ.	.4		100		
P B. Lake	13	.5	3.5	13	8	3 8	4	.3	4.1	3 3	.5	3.8	13.	8	4.8	14		4	1 2		27.
3. W. Le Fevre	4	4	3.6	13	.7	5.2	4		4.5	5 3	.9	3.8	14	3	4.6	5 5		4.8			30
Fred Leu	13			1.					3.	7 4	.8	3.5	4		4.8	5	.2	4.4			28
Liendecker Brothers	100			4			14	. 5	3.	7 4	.2	3.5	14		3.6	13	7	3.9	100	20	29
Mittman Brothers	4	8	4	4	.5	4 8	15	31	4	24	.4	4.5	14	6	4	4.	.1	4.2		9	
Henry Martin	10			13		4	4	31	4 3	2 4	2	3.5	14	4	4.4	13	8	3.6	100		20

MUSCATINE-CONTINUED.

NAME OF DEALER,	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Below standard.	Cream.
Peter W. Nagel. Lucy Richey I. Schwaim. John R. Terry V. H. Washburne Ed Will L. J. Wintermute.	4	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8 4.2 5.3 3.8	4.9	4.1 5.1 4.2	4.1 5 3.8	3.9 3.9 4.8 4.2 3.4	3.5	4.7	3.8		30 22 29 33 23,8

OTTUMWA-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 23.

. F. Bizer.			14.	313.3	318.5	4.4	114.1	3 4	13		3.6	13.5	818	RIA.	913	8	I	100
harles Burtnett.	******					100	100		10	- l'			10.	A	3 4	3		A.W.
E. Cundiff			18.1	4	5 8	8 5	14	1 4	RA	6 3	B	1 1	sla.	5 9	0 4			**
rs E R Franch																		100
Hatch			9.	2.	8.9	0.3	2.	12.	9,5	2	5.0	9.5	5 4.	3 4.	4 3	.3		2.3
Hatch L. Hutson E. Johnson				200	523	1.53	2.0	100	1. 1.		(×		100	. 4.	3 4		100	
D. Hutson.		** ***	2.1	9.1	200	27	200		5 0								Sec.	25
E. Johnson			3	2.5	3.5	6 2	5	4.	6 4	24	. 4	3 7	73.	6 4.	9 4	.6	2.5	
																	12.4	ď
CClurg & Sont					1000	100	100						1	1			10.3	1.
. W Michael			100	2 6	R A	15 4	n s	A	0 5	6 4	0	200	11	o R	1 6		44.4	100
enry Montagne			2 1	12	2 6	10 3	5 1	2	7 9	0 9		0.1	120	0 0.	7 0	5		18
elso & Fritz			0.1		10,0	120	0.1	13.	10	. 9	34	2.0	0.1	ulD.	90	2		
H Noble			200	1 :	200	4.2	9.9	4.	0 3.	0 4	.0	2.0	4.	4	4 4	**		
H. Hobie			2.	9.9	9	0.2	D. 2	100	8 4.	2 .		***						
. H. Noble. . Osterbarg			0.8	6,1	6.1	5.2	4.2		5 4	34	.2	4	4.3	5.	14	.1		
				15.8	4	4 2	PES L	100										
1 Potter			4 5	15.4		5 2	(R	150	415	3 5	- 4	F 4	15. 1	2 4	A A	1		
. Pyle & Company	111111			100			100	4	900	14	A	9. 7	4 4	1 4	0 0	a		On
Schmitz. O. Simmons												400	7.	7	7 4	.0		104
. C. Simmons	1100100	100	2 1	4 7	5 0	0 0	4 0	12	00	10	100	F 0	0 1	A-	13	0	-0.0	
M. Thornburg			4 6	2 4	4 0	0 1	4 0	7.	0.0	A 9	- 6	0.2	10.1	19	. 4	. 74	X4.V	
. m. mornourg			2.0	4.5	# 0	1	14 8	19.	518.	014	- 10	4.7	15.7	14.	114.	.71		172

^{*} C. E. Martenson, cream only—April, 15 9; May, 15.4; June, 15.2. + McClurg & Son, cream only—April, 18.6; May, 21.9; June, 20.2.

SIOUX CITY-NUMBER OF PERMITS, 63.

Baby Dairy	4.4	8.8		1	[4.	14	L		4	13.1	313.	3.4	Leave	.1
Bay Dary Jerry Banta Boston Candy Store C. O. Bradstreet A. H. Burton C. W. Campbell	3.6	4 4	3 8		4.6	4.	7 3	.8	4	4 1	2 4.	43	2.	1
Boston Candy Store			222	2.8.9	3.2	2	. 3			3	3.	8		
C. O. Bradstreet		***	3.6		X9.4	3	8 4			4	3	8 3.	5	
A. H. Burton C. W. Campbell.					3	4.	4 4	.4	4	4.	2	. 8.	1	
U. W. Campbell	22.0	3.6			4.2	4	4	.1	4	4.4	4.	4 4	4	
H. D. Clarke	4		3.4		3.7	3	7 4	2	4 8	3 4	4	4 4		
W. H. Daly	556	24.	3.6	640	3.8	3.	5 .	*	4	4.	3.0	6 4	1	
Andrew Fetterson		3.8	23		3.6	100	. 4		3 4	3.4	100			
Alex Gibbs.	KY 6		3.8		3.4	3.	8 3	.6	3.9	4	3.	7 3.4		
Alex Gibbs	3.8				1000			**			20			
W. H. Gilman	3.9	3.7		*1.	4 2	4.	2 4	.6		3.4	4	4		
Geo. M. Gray. Louis P. Hansen.	27.2		200		4	4.	2 4		4	3 6	3.1	9		
D. R. Heath.	3 7	8.2	3.6		4.3	1	. 3	.2]	3.8	3 6	3	3,8		220
D. B. Heath	4.2	4 4	4:	***	4.5	4	2 4		4.2	4.3	4.4	131		
Wm. Hermann E. C. Hummell. Carston Johnson.	8.9	8.8	27.5	100	4	4	2 3	.9	8.8	3.6	4	3.1	frees	
Constan Johnson	5.0		9.8		2	0	4	-2	4 4	3.8	3.6	3 4.1		
A. R. Johnson	0.8		44.9		9 0	8	818	.2	3.6	3.8	120	120	-244	
A. R. Johnson	***	***	***		3.2	3.	23		3.6	4.4	8.8	3 3.4	2.4	****
Prod Volloge	NY4	+++				1:0	1 2		9	3.0	3,8	3.1		***
W Lomb		***	3.0		0 8	0.1	9	0	*	*	444	3.8	1741	
Fred Kellogg. W. Lamb. Lynn Bros.	*	-	0.0		0 0	20	1 2	2	27	250	27.5	200	17.00	83.00
2 A McClanchlin	***		-4.0		9.0	9.1	13		4.2	9	4.0	3 8	24.82	22.20
G. A. McGlaughlin B. E. McNamara.	***	172	***	***	4 0	2 .	12		2.2	*	2 .	19 1	****	**.**
1 H M mean	•	3.3	***	***	4 9	2 '	1	4	3.3	2 6	2.1	9.9	****	× 11.4 8
D. H. M rgan. W. H. Moulin.	3 8	2 0		+++	4 9	2	12.	4	*	0.0	***	0	***	****
A. Newgoard	0	3.70	337	9.00	3 4	7	133	3	2 6	3 0	2 6	5 6	2.7	****
Andrew Olson	1.55	***	5.5.0	***	2.1	2	12	.0	3.0	3.8	2 2	0 0		
Eric Olson	17.5	2 6	***		3.4	4.4	0	0 3	2 6	3 6			****	
Fred Olson & Sons	8	8 7	2 8	**	2 6	4	10	0	3 6	9 6	9 4	2.0		
F. M. Owen.	0		0.0	A	0.0		a.	0	3. C	3.0	0 0	4 0	***	****

SIOUX CITY-CONTINUED.

NAME OF DEALER.	July.	August.	September.	October	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Below standard.	Cream.
J. M. Pederson Perrasso & Giambruno			8.8			4.2	3.6	3.9	4 2 8	3.4	4	3 4	****	
E. E. Perrin	1		3.7										****	
Louis Pfaff C. B. Riese. N. J. Rowe. S. A. Swanson.		3 8	4 9	3 8		3.7	4	3.8	3 4	3.4	3.8	3.1		
C. F. Sorenson.	10000	13:6	13: 4			3.4				3.4	4.2	3.8		
C. A. Stover. T. R. Taibot		3 7	4 9	4		4 1	3.4			3 3	3.9	4.1		
R. C. Werdell		13.8		3.4		3.4	3	130	2 8	3.4	4.2	3 4		
D. O. Wilcox			3	3.2		3.6	4	12 8	3 4	3.8	4.3	3.4		
A. C. Woodcox		4 4	14	1000		4.6		4.4	4.6	4.2	3 4	3.8		
E. D. Vonng	1	4	4.2	3.6	1	4	4.6	4	4.6	3.6	3.9	3.8		

RAILROAD BUTTER SHIPMENTS.

All the railroads of the state, with the exception of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, have furnished the dairy commissioner with statistics of the number of pounds of butter shipped out of the state for the year ending October 1, 1899.

It will be noticed that these statistics are the later by five months than the statistics of the creamery make which are contained in this book. They, therefore, contain the shipments of the summer of '99, while the figures on the creamery make of butter contain the pounds of butter made in the summer of '98. It has been generally supposed that the report of butter shipments would fall far short of the total of last year. The figures this year are complete, with the exception noted above, and in making up the following tables the report of the Milwaukee for '98, less 1 per cent, was used. The total net decrease in butter shipments is practically nothing. By a study of the following tables, it will be seen, however, that there have been decreases in dairy counties amounting to over 5,000,000 pounds, which decrease is compensated for by astonishing increases in some counties which have not heretofore shipped an extraordinary amount of butter, notably Woodbury, Wayne and Clinton. The shipments from Woodbury are almost altogether from Sioux City, and are, no doubt, shipments of packed or reworked butter. It is not so easy to account for the increase in shipments in other counties. For instance, why should Buchanan have increased in butter shipments to the amount of 409.740 pounds, while Delaware decreased 182.810, Black Hawk decreased 221,618, Fayette decreased 181,797, and Linn decreased 22,754?

While the total butter shipments of the state as given in the following tables is approximately correct, the same cannot be said as to the showing of the different counties. That is, not all the butter made in a county is shipped from it. An example of the way injustice is unavoidably done certain counties is found in Grundy. This county has one railroad running

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TABLE No. 7.

through its center, and four other roads lie just outside of the county lines or cut across the corners. Hence the counties surrounding Grundy are reported as shipping considerably more butter, of which a part, at least, is made in Grundy, but taken across the line to be shipped. There is no reasonable way to avoid this inaccuracy, and so the figures as furnished by the railroads are compiled as received.

The reports are received from the railroads in gross, and in estimating net butter shipments 16 per cent is subtracted from the gross pounds. The office is under great obligations to the different freight agents and auditors who have furnished the statistics.

TABLE No. 6.

Table showing total net butter shipments of the state for the years 1890 to 1899, inclusive, from Iowa to points outside the state; also increase or decrease as compared with the year preceding.

YEARS ENDING OCTOBER 1.	Net pounds of butter shipped.	Increase over pre- ceding year.	Decrease from pre- ceding year.
1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894.	54,509,417 66,497,108	11,987,691	2,565,080 8,577,785 5,540,029 63,485
1896 1897 1898 1899	80,032,916 83,620,081 77,364,337 77,013,875	13,535,808 3,587,165	6,255,744 350,462

COUNTIES.	FC 189 CI	UMBE REAM OR 189 19, WI REAS	ERIE 8 AN THI	S D N-	SEPTEM	UNDS OF BU STATE FOR BER 30, 1898 SE AND DEC	THE YEAR	S ENDING
	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
The state Adair Adair Adair Adair Adair Adair Adair Adair Aliamakee Appanoose Audubon Benton Black Hawk Boone Benton Black Hawk Boone Bremer Buchanan Buena Vista Butier Calhoun Carroll Cass Cedar Cerro Gordo Oherokee Chickasaw Clarke Clay Olayton Olinton Orawford Dallas Decatur Delaware Des Moines Dickinson Dickinson Dickinson Dickinson Des Moines Fremont Greene Grundy Guthrie Hamilton Hancock Harrison Henry Howard Humboldt Ida Lowa Jackson Jasper Jefferson Jones Keokuk Kossuth Lee	954 12 7 9 11 13 18 8 8 26 6 17 9 20 20 21 11 13 3 7 10 12 21 11 13 3 7 14 4 4 4 4 4 9 9 9 9 12 11 11 15 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	957 11 12 17 11 14 19 8 8 24 4 18 11 17 19 10 21 6 6 9 9 21 11 14 15 3 3 9 11 15 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 22 2 10 6 6 9 9 29 9 3 3 21 1	92 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	79 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	92,099,211 598,835 694,512 1,800,924 932,738 889,235 889,235 2,177,997 163,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,529 1,63,624 1,238,140 1,587,072 474,636 881,401 1,587,072 474,636 881,401 1,587,072 474,636 881,401 1,587,072 474,636 881,548 105,205 185,834 3,031,800 1,470 644,925 382,308 785,245 185,834 3,031,800 1,470 648,925 185,834 1,931,543 1,931,543 1,931,935 1,931,935 1,931,543 1,931,935 1,944,755 1,94	91,683,184 591,738 676,552 1,294,913 12,280 1,151,141 900,496 3,996,379 211,674 3,037,085 3,369,220 1,154,501 2,618,803 1,152,741 481,977 887,464 1,442,390 348,304 1,62,6386 63,126 64,380 1,162,6386 65,126 66,386 65,126 62,849,490 142,370 544,494 27,289,321 664,380 142,370 544,494 142,390 142,370 544,494 111,686 1126,386 115,500 112,390 112,416 113,696 115,666	5,152,130 12,280 218,403 31,201 48,145 409,740 66,063 190,130 2,456 517,711 3,570 21,181 140,900 36,090 43,099 55,305 349,261 82,128 137,163 52,048 66,913 85,927	5,588,457 7,097 17,960 36,011 221,618 233,771 202,777 517,961 83,399 6,124 132,488 144,682 127,836 30,494 32,883 120,706 182,310 113,665 252,910 181,797 9,999 1,684 108,864 127,301 52,755 62,622 9,211 13,247 38,022
Lee Linn Louisa Lucas Lyon Madison Mahaska Marjon Marshall	30 3 1 4 4 1 3 11 4	29 3 2 6 3 1 12 3	1 2	1 1 1 1 1 1	36,580 33,806 286,902 137,925 678,125 152,845 770,282 72,447	59,610 71,511 298,653 90,255 269,260 138,020 815,262 51,528	37,705 11,751 45,000	26,970 47,670 408,865 11,825 20,91

TABLE No. 7-CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	CF 189 CF	UMB REAM OR 18 9, WI REAS	ERIO 98 AN E AN	ND IN- ID	OF THE SEPTEM	OUNDS OF B STATE FOR (BER 30, 1898 (SE AND DEC	THE YEAR S AND 1899.	SHOWING
	1898.	1699.	Increase.	Decrease.	1898.	1809.	Increase.	Decrease,
Mitchell donona donroe Monroe Montgomery Muscatine. D'Brien Ssceola Sage Salo Alto Plymouth Octahontas Colk Cottawattamie Coweshiek Singgoid Sac Story Sama Story Story Sama Story Story Sama Story Story Story Sama Story	9 11 13 5 5 6 16 17 11 9 8 5 6 6 3 3 3 8 8 8 8 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	10 11 13 56 62 27 78 11 13 77 68 83 15 15 11 16 14 44 44 56 66 11 15 11 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2 2	1,889,208 68,277 20,400 258,254 251,915 627,680 242,438 2,808,052 882,907 883 882 206,754 463,332 124,349 1,418,307 141,210 454,164 923,734 2,053,615 865,199 178,932 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,238,3-2 1,112,131 1,033,948 1,123,163	1,880,789 23,060 22,525 406,073 214,463 511,695 46,830 209,634 2,560,580 747,540 936,891 198,590 1,11,450 1,268,834 13,978 542,836 892,214 1,987,384 13,978 1,122,494 1,987,384 137,980 627,070 748,078 753,767 748,078 753,767 1,274,253 1,828,880 2,292,265 1,005,978 1,128,219	2,125 147,809 73,009 88,702 33,373 29,778 51,675 431,702 126,390 42,202 1,179,134 5,056	8,419 45,211 77,452 115,982 195,600 4,904 247,473 135,367 8,164 120,452 26,198 2,899 149,473 5,232 31,520 66,231 22,394 115,888 106,689 19,810 28,312

Actual total decrease in butter shipments, 416,028.

TABLE No. 8.

NET BUTTER SHIPMENTS BY COUNTIES AND RANK-AREA OF COUNTIES.

Showing pounds of butter shipped per square mile and rank of counties; also total net butter shipments for the state and net pounds per square mile, for the year ending September 30, 1899.

Adair 507,06 Adamas 568,30 Allamakee 1,062,52 Appanoose 10,31 Audubon 96,95 Benton 756,41 Black Hawk 1,643,55 Boone 177,80 Bremer 2,551,15 Buchanan 2,830,14 Buena Vista 963,78 Butler 1,99,79 Calhoun 968,30 Carroll 82,74 Cass 404,86 Cedar 728,67 Cerro Gordo 1,211,60 Cherokee 232,99 Clarke 208,61 Clay 601,62 Clay 602,60	Rank by total	Total net ship- ments of but- ter for the year.	Sis	Pounds per square mile.	Rank by lbs. per
Jasper 385,75 Jefferson. 237.78 Johnson 89,60 Jones. 2,681,49 Keokuk 14381	5 5 5 4 4 4 511 5 5 5 8 9 9 7 8 7 8 6 5 8 9 9 1 8 8 20 0 1 1 1 8 8 8 20 0 1 1 1 1 8 8 8 20 1 8 8 8 20 1 8 8 8 20 1 8 8 8 8 20 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	77,018,875 507,060 568,304 1,062,527 10,315 966,958 756,417 1,643,358 177,806 2,551,151 2,830,145 969,781 2,199,795 2,830,145 968,302 827,747 404,861 728,670 1,211,68,302 827,747 404,861 728,670 1,211,68,302 827,747 607,656 2,982 2,522,972 208,617 607,656 2,538,363 978,614 293,517 607,656 2,538,363 978,614 293,517 607,656 2,393,572 119,591 457,766 2,393,572 119,591 457,767 2,260,400 673,922 2,265 1,078,683 822,567 1,078,683 822,567 1,078,683	▼ 56,025 776 432 658 658 6576 6576 6576 6576 6576 6576 6	1,373 1,313 1,615 2,813 1,051 2,853 3,095 4,913 1,051 1,265 2,103 1,265 2,103 1,265 2,103 1,166 4,804 1,399 4,08 1,127 211 1,155 288 1,182 1,383 1,130 1,132 1,133 1,632 1,134 1,632 1,131 1,632 1,317 1,427 1,477 1,477 1,477	8
	86 3 2 5 79 0 12	385,758 237,786 89,601 2,681,493 143,815 1,716,280 499,784	432 618 576 576 977	529 550 145 4,655 250 1.757 976 2,018	

TABLE No. 8-CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	Total net ship- ments of but- ter for the year.	ank by total	rea of square miles in coun- ties.	Pounds per tquare mile.	Rank by lbs. per
	60,069	& Rank	432	- G = 141	- Ra - Sa - Sa
Lucas. Lyon Madison	250,869 75,814	70 87	587 576	427 132	71 90
Mahaska	226,178 115,937	72 81	576 576	375 201	74 83
Marshall	684,820 43,284	43 93	576 441 473	1,189	43 94 11
Mitchell	1,579,863 19,370 18,921	96 97	556 432	3,340 35 44	97 95
Monroe Montgomery	341,118 180,149	67 74	432	790 412	58 72
Muscatine. O'Brien. Osceola.	429,764 39,337	61 94	576 400	746 98	61 93
Page	176,093 2,150,887	9	557 576	316 3,734 730	76 8 62
Plymouth	627,934 803,788 166,816	49 37 78	860 576 585	1,395 285	37 79
Polk Pottawattamie Poweshlek	476,248 367,197	56 66	960 382	496 961	69 55
Ringgold	102.018 1,065,821	85 24	542 576	188 1,850	84 27
ScottShelby	114,222 455,007	83 60 40	455 590 769	251 771 949	80 60 56
Story	749,460 1,669,403 707,956	13 42	576 720	2,204 983	18 53
Tama. Taylor. Union.	178,336 942,895	75 31	548 432	325 2,182	75 20
Van Buren Wapello	69,749 470,200	88 57	484 432	146 1,089	86 49
Warren. Washington	31,903 564,539 628,386	95 52 47	569 566 523	56 997 1,201	96 51 42
Wayne. Webster Winnebago.	628,386 633,164 1,070,273	46 23	720 403	879 2,656	57 16
Winneshlek Woodbury	1,536,260 1,925,503	18 11	694 578	2,113 3,360	21 9
Worth Wright	845,022 957,701	34 30	402 576	2,102 1,659	23 30
Total	77,013,875		56.025	1,373	

TABLE No. 9.

Showing twenty leading counties, according to rank in net shipments of butter per square mile; also net pounds shipped per square mile; also showing rank of same counties and shipments per square mile for preceding year.

COUNTIES.	Rank.	Pounds shipped.	Rank.	Pounds shipped.
Bremer. Chickasaw Buchanan Clayton Jones Delaware Butler. Palo Alto Woodbury Dubuque Mitchell Fayette Hardin Hamilton Black Hawk Winnebago Howard Story Audubon Union	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	1899. 5,905 5,006 4,913 4,804 4,855 4,155 3,819 3,734 3,340 3,139 2,815 2,865 2,482 2,204 2,183 2,182	1 36 9 2 5 4 7 34 8 10 11 16 13 12 15 17 12 18	1898. 6,361 4,689 4,316 3,519 4,919 4,421 4,672 4,003 1,633 8,707 3,355 2,697 3,176 2,711 2,431 2,498 1,766 2,401

Following is a table showing the twenty counties from which the greatest number of pounds of butter is shipped, and comparison with number of pounds shipped from each in previous period; the year ends October 1st of each year, figures given being for net shipments:

TABLE No. 10.

		1899.		1898.
COUNTIES.	Rank.	Pounds.	Rank.	Pounds.
Buchanan. Jones. Bremer. Clayton Clayton Chickasaw Delaware Fayette. Butler. Palo Alto Dubuque. Woodbury Kossuth Story Hardin. Hamilton. Black Hawk Mitchell. Winneshiek. Linn. Cerro Gordo. Total.	15 16	2,830,145 2,881,493 2,551,151 2,538,368 2,522,972 2,280,400 2,199,795 2,150,887 2,015,430 1,925,503 1,716,280 1,667,586 1,643,358 1,643,436 1,644,436 1,644,	6 1 2 4 8 5 7 3 9 10 20 14 13 16 12 11 15 17 18 19	2,485,965 2,883,366 2,747,518 2,561,978 2,863,266 2,546,718 2,413,100 1,719,690 1,725,037 1,552,377 1,756,361 1,829,511 1,472,411 1,472,411 1,433,144

It will be noticed that the above counties, leaving out Woodbury, are the same nineteen counties that ranked first last year, but in different order. Also that there is a decrease in the amount of butter shipped from the twenty counties of 389,496 pounds, which is more than the total net decrease of the state. In the above list Woodbury, which is not a creamery county, shows a gain of nearly 1,000,000 pounds. Leaving out Woodbury, the nineteen chief dairy counties show a decrease of about 1,875,000 pounds, which is nearly compensated for by increases in counties not counted as being accustomed to ship large quantities of butter.

TOT	AL NET WEIGHT 77 018 875 POUNDS TOWA.
R-1/	OSCEDIA DICKINSON EMMET R-19 WINNERGON WORTH HOWARD R 21 R-32
250.86 R-5	
747.98	10 49974 60765612 150887 00 B75 463 20 608 6 73 102 12 522772 K-12 K-7
PLYMOUT	R. 68 R. 19 R. 37 R. 24 R. 30 R. 46 R. 7 BREMER 2260000 2536.463 TO POINTS
627 13	14 4147 169 181 80 118 87400 757708 65473 184745 183 18 8 6 R-10 OUTSIDE
W000	CALHOUN WEBSTER HAMILTON WILL GRUNDY BLACK PAWA DELAWARE LOTS 430
	5.503 124 30 1065821468 302 0 077 30 1647336 R.53 R.50 R25 R.5 JOHES 437 161
A MO	NONA CRAWFORD CARPOLL GREENE BOONE STORY PARSHALL TAMA BENTON 1453307 R-36 CLINION
New	2 2 / 2 of 2 to 2 c
YORK	11 EALS 455 007 6688 776 35 4668/6 385 758 387197 455016 49601 MUSCATINETE 80
PER	R.14 2122-64 R-90 R-96 R-81 R-74 R-81 R-51 R72 ALSO
POUND	
2064	HIGHEONER CICIAL GUEST 2.84 M7 LOCAS 1842 / 6707002 37786 87/6 Maines
CENTS	249 2.11 2.75 2.84 2-32 2-49 2.98 2.82 2.86 2.80 Support
mm	2265 176093 178336 102,018 54906 628386 10315 108169 69749 499784 PER
	VALUE, \$ 15, 895 663

CREAMERY LIST.

List of creameries in the state, alphabetically arranged according to counties and town near which creamery is located, together with information pertaining to each.

Office record number.	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co-operative, or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER.	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk—by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pl- pette.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Hebron	Eigin Creamery Co. (s) Hebron Oreamery Co. (s) Blue Grass Cr'y Co. (s). Blue Grass Cr'y Co. Blue Grass Or'y Co. Blue Grass Or'y Co. Blue Grass Or'y Co Blue Grass Or'y Co Elgin Creamery Co. (s). Howe Co-op. Cr'y Co Elgin Creamery Co. (s). Blue Grass Cr'y Co	Ind Ind Co-op Ind	A. L. Stewart & Co A. R. Haskell O. Sands, Pres A. C. Curtis O. Sands, Pres	Greenfield Hebron Chicago, Ill Meplo	Orient Bridgewater Fontanelle Fontanelle Greenfield Orient Stuart	D. F. Hammers	Sep'tr	Test, Hd. Hd Hd. Hd. Hd. Test. Test.		304
	Adams County. Corning Carbon	Elgin Creamery Co Elgin Creamery Co. (s)	Ind Ind	O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres	Chicago, Ill	Corning	J. E. Anderson.	Sep'tr	Test	1451 1452	407 410

15 16 17 18 19	Carl	Elgin Creamery Co. (8) Elgin Creamery Co. (8) Elgin Creamery Co. (8) Prescott B. & U. Ass'n Prescott B. & O. Ass'n.(8)	Ind Ind Co-op.	O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres W. H. Crammer, Pr's	Chicago, Ill Chicago, Ill Chicago, Ill Prescott			Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr		R27	R27
	Allamakee Coun	ty									
20 21 22	Dorchester Lansing Ludlow	Dorchester Creamery Calhoun Creamery Co Farmers Waukon Co-op.		L. Coppersmith, Mgr J. Leppert, Sec	Dorchester Church	New Albin Lansing	H. J. Foss George Turner	G. C	Test. Test.		
23 24	Postville	Creamery Company (8) Postville F'rs Co-op. C'y Farmers Waukon Co-op.	Co-op. Co-op. Co-op.	S. H. Opfer, Sec F. H. Welzel, Sec S. H. Opfer, Sec	Waukon Postville Waukon	Postville	Jas. A. Gordon	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.		
25 26 27	Quandahl Village Creek. Waterville	Oreamery Company (8) Arctic Spring Cr'y Village Creek Creamery Farmers' Co-op. Cr'y &	Ind Co-op.	I. D. Johnson A. J. McCafferty.Sec			I. Langlie E. Baumann	G. C G. O	Test. Test.		
		Commercial Co	Co-op.	Adolph Asleson, Sec	Waterville	Waterville	A. Asleson	G. C	Test.		
23 29 30	Waukon Waukon Waterville	Farmers Waukon Co-op. Creamery Company Ludlow Co-op. Cr'y Co		S. H. Opfer, Sec A. G. Winter, Sec	Waukon	Waukon Waukon	Fred Nagel F. A. Fiet	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test.	1060	369
90	waterville	Farmers Waukon Co-op. Oreamery Company (8)	Co-op.	S. H. Opfer, Sec	Waukon	**** ********		Sep'tr	Test.		
	Audubon Coun	tu.									
31 32 33	Audubon Audubon Brayton	Sharon Sep'tr Cr'y Co Danish Sep'tr Cr'y Co Oakfield Twp. Sep'tr		J. R.Christensen, Sec Peter Lykke, Sec	Audubon Kimballton	Audubon	M. Andersen C. F. Jensen	Sen'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test.		
34	Brayton	Creamery Co Troublesome Valley	Co-op.	J. Nymand, Sec	Brayton	Brayton	H. Henrickson	Sep'tr	Test.	1199	124
35 36 37	Exira Exira Exira	Creamery Co Elgin Oreamery Co. (s). Audubon Twp. Cr'y Co. West Hamlin Sep'tr	lnd	J. C. Hardman, Sec. O. Sands, Pres. H P. Petersen, Sec.			J. P. Nielson H. P. Petersen.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test		
38	Gray	Cr'y Co	Co-op.	John Nielsen Louis Groteluschen.	ExiraGray	Exira Gray	John Nielsen M. J. Goodnow.		Test		
40 41	Ross Viola Center	Ross Creamery Co. (s)	Co-op.	H. G. Rice, Sec H. W. Stearns, Sec J. Shingledecker, Sec	Hamlin Audubon Audubon	Ross	F. Heileman Jas. Smith	Sep'tr	Test Test Test.	1012 1406	104 349
	Benton Count	y.									
42 43 44 45	Atkins	Fremont Creamery Springbrook. Katle's Creamery	Ind	R. Simmer John Newman Co J. A. Duncalf	Atkins Elgin, Ill Blairstown	Belle Plaine	O. W. Hicks	Sep'tr	Hd Test. Test.		
40	Me. Auburn	Mt. Auburn Co-op. Cr'y	Co-op.	N. Schnoor, Sec	Mt. Auburn	Mt. Auburn	J. S. Smith	Sep'tr	Test	1330	291

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiv- ing milk by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pi- pette.
46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	Gillespie Norway Shellsburg Shellsburg Urbana Van Horne Vinton Vinton Walford Watkins Black Hawk C		Co-op. Ind Ind Co-op Ind Ind Ind	William Rowse M. Nietert M. Nietert A. B. Cramer, Sec J. A. Wicke L. C. Eggleston, Sec.	Shellsburg Shellsburg Urbana Van Horne	Norway. Shellsburg Center Point. Van Horne	Wm Rowse Milton Briggs. Katle A. Wicke Geo B. Gray Homer Barber E. S. McDonald	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test, T. Hd	1255 998 1505 1449	197 433 432 404
56 57	Benson Cedar Falls	Benson Dairy Co Cedar Falls Co-op. Cr'y	Со-ор.	Wm. Morgan, Sec	Benson	Benson	Geo. W. Thayer	Sen'tr	Test	1390	970
58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65	Crain Creek De War Dunkerton Dunkerton Eagle Center Fairbank Finchford Gilbertville	Ass'n. Orain Creek Creamery De War Dairy Ass'n Farmers' Or'y Co Edwards' Creamery Eagle Center Dairy As. East Lester Cr'y Co Union Creamery Co Gilbertville Dairy Ass'n Rock Creek Farmers'	Ind Co-op Uo-op Ind Co-op Stk Co Co-op. Co-op.	L. A. Severin, Sec F. A. Riedel, Prop G. S. Kleckner, Sec. Hoxdorf & Miller T. J. Humphrey, Sec. J. C. Tribon, Sec A. A. Briggs, Sec J. B. Kascht, Sec	Cedar Falls Orain Creek De War Dunkerton, Edwards Eagle Center. Fairbank Finchford Gilbertville	Cedar Falls Waterloo De War Dunkerton Dunkerton Waterloo Fairbank Winslow Washburn	A. K. Smith. F. A. Riedel Wm. McKeen O.G.Alexander Josiah Hill. J. T. Dietz I. R. Moon. C. R. Fuller	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Hd Test. Test Test.	131 1002 1214	72 82 154 395
67	Hudson	Dairy Association Hudson Co-op. Dairy	1 1 1 2 1	W. P. Thompson, See		Hudson	Thos. Hansen.	Sep'tr	Test	1033	268
69 70	Janesville La Porte	Association	Co-op.	C. H. Brandhorst H. G. Koob, Sec J. E. Rundles, Sec C. B. Gingrieh, Sec Engelking & Widdel	Hudson Jubilee Boies La Porte Waterloo	Hudson Jesup Janesville La Porte Waterloo	G. B Strayer B. Lenius M. J. Johnson Oscar Harvey. Engelking &	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr		670 1298 R14 1202	R14
72 73	Waterloo	The Fowler Co* North Star*	Ind	The Fowler Co	Waterloo	Waterloo	Widdel F. Wightman Chas. Wood	Sen'tr	Test. Test. Test.	1324	282

	74	Waterloo	Farmers' Dairy Ass'n	Co-op.	D. F. Hoover, Sec	Waterloo	Waterloo	R.W.Chadwick	Sep'tr	Test.	1	1
7		Boone County.										
	75 76	Beaver Boone	Beaver Creamery Soenke Bros.' Cr'y	Ind Ind	J. P.Cummings,Prop Peter & Geo. Soenke	Beaver Boone	Beaver Boone	W. M. Yarges P. F. Soenke &	S. & G.O.	Test.	1956	139
	78 79	Bouton Madrid Ogden	Bouton Creamery Madrid Creamery Coon Valley Cries (8)	Ind Ind	John J. Colvin	Bouton Madrid Grand Jct	Bouton Madrid	M. Kreizer N. Laborde	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test.	1503	431
	80 81 82	Renner Rosendale	John Colvin & Co Coon Valley Creameries	Ind	Chas Muench, Mgr. Renner Bros	Grand Jet	Grand Jet	Felix Scollon	Sep'tr	Test.	1	
	0,4	Rosendare	Rosendale Co-op. Cr'y	Co-op.	John J. Skaalure	Rosendale	Story City	M. B. Hershey	Sep'tr	Test	798	68
		Bremer Count	<i>y</i> .									
	83 84	Bremer	Bremer Creamery Co Western Douglass Cr'y	Со-ор	F. C. Kchagen	Bremer	Bremer	J. C. Pries	Sep'tr	Test	1339	291
	85	Denver	Co	Co-op.	A Hoppenworth, Sec F. Garion Wm. Milens, Sec	Seigel	Bremer Janesvilie Waverly	Albert Betkke. F. Bowdish Peter Hasler.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test. Hd.	R10	R10
	87	Frederika Grovehill	Frederika Cr'y Ass'n Grovehill Creamery Co.	Co-op			Tripoli	F. Farwell F. D. Daniels	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test		
	89 90	Horton Janesville	Horton Stock Co The Fowler Co*	Co-op.	R. G. Fraser, lessee. The Fowler Co	Waverly Waterloo	Waverly Janesville	Ora Lovejoy A. M. Royer	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test	791	140
		Klinger Knittel Sumner	Maxfield Creamery Co Little Valley Creamery		O. H. Dickman, Prop J. Strottmann, Sec J. H. Schwake, Sec.	Kiinger Knittei Buck Creek	Dunkerton Tripoli Sumner	C.H.Dickmann Fred Wills F. M. Zeil	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Hd. Hd. Hd.		
	94 95	Sumner	Climax Creamery Co Excelsior Creamery Co.	Co-op.	Henry Specht, Sec H. E. Wuttke, Sec	Sumner	Sumner	F. G. Huntley.	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Hd. Test.		
	96 97 98	Sumner Sumner Tripoli	Sumner Creamery Co Spring Fount'n Cr'y Co.	Co-op.	M. Wescott, Sec Joseph Volker, Sec	Sumner	Sumner	Ben Winks O. E. Myerhoff. W. Stegeman	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Hd	1230	177
	99	Tripoli	Potter's Siding Ur'y Seigel Creamery Tripoli Creamery Co	Co-op.	Wm. Bany, Sec E. Moeller, Sec F. W. Hale, Sec	Tripoli Seigel Tripoli	Tripoli Tripoli	H. C. Braun F. C. Oltrogge.	Sep'tr	Hd. Hd.		
1	10		Fremont Creamery Co Wapsie Vailey Cr'y			Tripoli	Tripoli	W. W. Day H.F Lehmkuhl		Test.	1338	293
1	03	Waverly	Washington Cr'y Co	Co-op.	E. J. Thies, Sec L. C. Oberdorf, Sec	Waverly	Waverly	H. J. Freie Henry Piegars.			1283	
1	05	Waverly	Condensed Milk Fact'y.	Ind	R. G. Fraser & Co	Waverly	Waveriy		Sep'tr	Test.	1315	255
		Buchanan Co			1		Barrier Co.	A. 101-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12				
1	106	Waverly	Artesian Creamery Co Elliott & Speed	Ind		Janesville	Aurora	H. A. Griese	Sep'tr	Test.		
	108	Brandon Fairbank	Brandon Creamery Co Fairbank Farmers' Cr'y	Со-ор			Mt. Auburn			Test.	1016	000
1	110	Hazelton	Hazelton F'mrs' Cr'y Co	Co-op.	E. Sanborn, Sec E. R. Prindle, Sec	Fairbank Hazelton	Fairbank	H.H. Opperm'n E. J. Short	Sep'tr	Test. Test.	1340	297

^{*}Manufacture butter and cheese.

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTIER-MAKER.	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk-by the test or by the hundred.	o. of D. C. to bottle.	No. of D. O. pi- pette.
111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124	Independence Jesup Jesup Jesup Lamont Otterville Quasqueton Rowley Stanley Vista Walker Winthrop Winthrop	Independence Cr'y Jesup Oreamery Co Jesup Hand Sep.Cr'y Co. Vista Creamery Co Lamont Oreamery Co Otterville Creamery Co Stanley Co-op Or'y Co Stanley Co-op Or'y Co Vista Creamery Co Vista Creamery Winthrop Creamery Winthrop Creamery Winthrop Creamery Winthrop Creamery.	Ind Co-op. Stk Co Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-op.	J. N. Muncey, Sec A. G. Brown, Sec F. W. Sheldon, Sec C. L. Bright, Sec Plank Bros, Props. W. E. Brady, Sec John Elliott. A. G. Brown, Sec W. W. Wilde. Plank Bros, Props. D. E. Coffin, Prop	Independence. Jesup. Jesup. Vista. Lamont Otterville Winthrop Rowley. Lamont Vista. Walker. Winthrop Middlefield	Independence Jesup Jesup Jesup Lamont Independence Rowley Stanley Independence Walker Winthrop Winthrop Winthrop	F Kleckner Martin Yundt. John Polen Frank Strong.	Sep'tr Sep'tr G. C G. O Sep'tr	Test.	R7	10 R23 R7 143
125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134	Marathon Newell Peterson Sioux Rapids Storm Lake Sulphur Spr'gs	Alta Creamery	Ind Co-op Co-oo Stk Co Co-op Ind Ind Ind Co-op	C. G. England, Sec E. W. Stetson Hans C. Kruse, Sec W.R Montgomery Pr McKay & Soenke Henry Hustedt	Marathon Marathon Newell Newell Peterson Sioux Rapids Storm Lake Fonda	Marathon Newell Newell Peterson Sioux Rapids. Storm Lake Fonda	W. H. Cline P.O. Lindstrom G. F. Langquist E. W. Geyer P.O Flaskeg'rd C. H. Jordan h. D. Peck John Linge	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Hd. Test.	1502 1009 1207 797 1223 1228	113 142 274 164
135 136 137 138 139 140	Aredale Bristow	Aplington	Co-op. Ind Stk Co Co-op.	T. I. Laird, Sec	Austinville Dumont Bristow	Austinville Bristow	H. Patterson Wm. Lenius S. Patterson Edwin Rector J. P. Johnston .	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Hd Hd. Test. Test	42	232

141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155	Clarkson Coster Dumont Dumont Greene Greene New Hartford. New Hartford. Parkersburg. Parkersburg. Parkersburg. Shell Rock. Shell Rock. Swanton Shell Rock	Clarksville Creamery. Isaac Hall & Co. Clutterville Creamery. Dumont Coldwater Co-op. Dairy Association. Northern West Point Creamery Co. Beaver Oreamery Co. Crescent Co-op. Or'y Beaver Center Or'y Co. Parkersburg Creamery Shell Rock Cr'y Ass'n. Star Creamery Abion Creamery Co Victory	Stk Co Ind Co-op. Stk Co Ind Co-op.	W. J. Daniels E. D. Wilcox. E. D. Wilcox. Ed Olsen A. E Hartson, Mgr T. I. Laird & Co O. S. Crandall B. Debner, Sec C. E. Jamerson, Mgr. John R. Stow. A. Ontjes. Oarl Olausing Henry Shepard, Sec. Harkin & Beal. E. S. Philo J. M. Cass, Sec	Butler Center. Clarksville Coster Coster Dumont Greene Greene Greene Greene Greene Aplington Prosper Shell Rock New Hartford New Hartford		W. J. Daniels. W. S. Barklew. Ed Olsen. Wm. Kurtz. John Carlson. L. J. Sargent. H'rm'n Ladage J. A. Ranney. George Palmer George Larson. A. J. Gradland C. O. Towne Franklin Beal. O. F. Courbat W.H. Woodecck	Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test Test	R18 1434 1356 182 1180 762 89 1506 1138	H18 382 311 305 81 317 160 436 360	STATE D
157 158 159 160 161 162	Calhoun Coun Churdan Elm Grove Fonda Lohrville Manson Pomeroy Carroll County	Coon Valley Cr'ies (8) Auburn Oreamery Co (8) Williams Oreamery Coon Valley Or'ies (8) Manson Oreamery Butler Center Co-op. Oreamery Co Pomeroy Co-op. Or'y	Ind Ind Ind Ind Co-op. Co-op	Renner Bros	Grand Junct'n. Auburn. Fonda Grand Junct'n Manson Pomeroy		G. B. Moon E. E. Dodge E. F. Haven	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1171 1279		PAIRY COMMISSIONER
164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175	Arcadia Breda Coon Rapids Dedham Dedham Glidden Halbur Halbur Manning Mt. Carmel Ralston Roselle Templeton. Cass County.	Coon Rapids Cr'y (s) Willey Creamery First Glidden Or'y Crackerjack (s) Crackerjack Manning Creamery Mt. Carmel Ralston Creamery Rose Valley Creamery	Ind	Ed Rehker, Sec. H. L. Fest. H. L. Fest. A. Witte. Carl Hesse. J. T. Stangl J. T. Stangl J. T. Stangl Ed Rehker. A. E. Adams. C. Kohorst.	Arcadia Arcadia Coon Rapids Coon Rapids Glidden Halbur Halbur Manning Arcadia Raiston Roselle Templeton	Arcadia Arcadia Dedham Dedham Glidden Manning Manning Breda. Ralston Halbur. Templeton	Stephen Jans. W. Hinners. H. L. Fest. W. B. Witte. Carl Hesse. W. F. Miller. W. Hiners. C. Kohorst. M. Wagner.	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test	1036 1037	785 247 246 451 277	IONER.
177 178	Atlantic	Elgin Creamery Co Elgin Creamery Co. (8)	Ind Ind	O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres	Chicago, Ill Chicago, Ill	Atlantic	P. Williams		Test.			99

Office record		NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co-perative or stock comp, ny	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER.	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of received ing milk—by the test or by the hundred.	of D. C	No. of D. C. pl.
179 180 181 182 183	Lewis Lyman Marne Massena Ostrus Cedar County.	Elgin Creamery Co. (8). Elgin Creamery Co. (8). Elgin Creamery Co. (8). Elgin Creamery Co. (8). Elgin Creamery Co. (8).	Ind Ind Ind	O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres	Chicago, Ill			Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.		
187 188 159 190 191 192 193	Bennett. Clarence. Clarence. Durant. Lowden Lowden. Lowden. Springdale. Springdale. Sunbury Tiptoo. West Branch. Cerro Gordo Co	Yankee Run Creamery. Home Creamery. Golden Star Creamery (8). Golden Star Cr'y (8). Cedar Creamery. Hopewell Creamery.	Stk Co Stk Co Ind Ind Ind Ind	Aug. Hinricks & Co. Henry Bunge, Sec. Chr. Sorgenfrey. Huxoll & Boettger. G. F. Reinking. Aug Hinricks & Co. C. G. Eves A. Hinricks & Co. H. L. Dean.	Lowden Lowden Lowden Lowden Lowden Lowden Lowden West Branch Tipton West Branch	Clarence Durant Lowden Lowden Bennett	Ernst Sieling. E. Huxoll G. F. Reinking, W. H. Kroeger. W. Johnson C. G. Eves	S&G.O. Sep'tr S.&G.C. Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Hd. Test. Hd. Hd. (vch. Hd. Hd. Hd.		
196 197 198 199 200 201 202	Mason City Plymouth Portland Owen Rockwell Rockwell Swaledale Thornton	Mason City Plymouth Creamery Co. Portland Creamery. Owen Center Rockwell Rockwell Creamery Co. Pleasant Valley Cr'y hornton Model Co-op, Dairy A. (8)	Ind Ind Ind Stk Co Ind	R. J. Hemphill, Sec. W. F. Kehm, Prop Plel & Crepow. Lakins & Gault J. Gerber. Sec. C. H. Cook, Mgr G. W. Kennedy	De Kalb, Ill Plymouth Portland Owen Rockwell Rockwell Swaledale Thornton	Mason City Plymouth Portland Rockwell Rockwell Rockwell Swaledale Thornton.	A. E. Hoffman. W. S. Halcomb. A. J. Mitchell L. C. Orepow. J. L. Lakins. J. Gerber. C. H. Cook. Fred Crane.	Sap'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr G.C Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	66 356	
204 205	Aurelia	Aurelia Creamery Meriden Creamery (8)	Ind	Knirtzew & Matson. O. O. Adams, Prop	Aurelia Meriden	Aurelia	P. Matson	Sep'tr		1510	439

206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213	Cherokee Fielding Larrabee	Oleghorn Creamery Shaul & Stanford's (8) Marcus Creamery (8) Larrabee Creamery Marcus Oreamery Meriden Creamery Shaul & Stanford's Washta Creamery Co	Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind	Shaul & Stanford B. O. Skewis A. Younger B. O. Skewis	Quimby	Larrabee	A. Younger J. S. Likens. O. C. Adams A. J. Stanford. C. D. Varhern.	Sept'r Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.	1254	194
	Chickasaw Co	unty.			Miles November 2			2.1			
214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224	Alta Vista Bassett. Boyd. Deerfield. Devon. Fred ricksburg Fred ricksburg Ionia. Jerico. Lawler. Little Turkey.	Fredericksburg B. Fac. Ionia Co-op. Or'y Co. Jerico Cr'y Ass'n Lawler Cr'y Ass'n Little Turkey	Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-op. Co-op. Co-op.	Wm. Vick. Mgr T.J. McGettigan, Mgr. Wm. Denner, Sec J. W. Kane, Sec E. P. Sheffield, Sec James Campbell Wm Bee, Sec J. W. Oagley, Sec Mike Kearney, Sec H. M. Kout. Sec A. U. Elvidge	Alta Vista Bassett Boyd Deerfield. New Hampton. New Hampton. Fr. d'ricksburg Ionia Jerico Lawier Elkader	NewHampton Fred'ricksb'g. Ionia	C. C. Capper M. E. Benson P. E. Saxer S. Butler A W Kaericher Jas. Campbeil. J. H. Clark J. W. Cagley J. P. Whalen Fred Zigler H. B. Fortney	Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test.	1229 1436 184 .317	329 172 384 259 275
225 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234	No.Washingt'n New Hampton. New Hampton. Saude	Republic Creamery	Stk Co Stk Co Ind Co-op. Co-op Ind Co-op.	E. J. Graham, Mgr E. J. Graham, Mgr E. J. Graham, Mgr James Campbell C. E. Pierce, Sec	Nashua Nashua Nashua Nashua New Hampton Nansen No. Washingt'n New Hampton Willamstown Saude	Nashua. NewHampton NewHampton Devon	J. Waterbury Riley Cagley E. H. Richards. Hugh Wallace. Jos. F. Bernier H. B. Fortney. Geo. Kolthoff P. S. Wesp J. M. Zubrod	G C S & G.O. S & G.O. Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1424 1381 25 1479	333 385
235 236 237 238 239 240	Clarke County Hopeville Lacelle Murray Osceola Woodburn Clay County.	Elgin Creamery Co. (8) Elgin Creamery Co. (8) Elgin Creamery Co. (8) Elgin Creamery Co MacRae Bros. (8) Woodburn Creamery	Ind	O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres O. Sands, Pres MacRae Bros Fred Mohler, Prop	Chicago, Ill Des Moines	Murray	R. P. Currie	Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	R20	R20
241 242 243 244 245	Dickens Dickens Everly Fostoria	Dickens, Creamery Everly Creamery Co Fostoria Creamery	Ind Stk Co Stk Co	C. Petersen, Mgr B. D. Dunning, Mgr.	Dickens Everly Fostoria	Dickens Everly Fostoria	C. W. Parsons C. Petersen Frank Riley	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test	1058 R8 1134	38 R8 182

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY,	Operated by an individual, co- operative stock comp'ny.	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER.	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk — by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pi
246 247 248 249	Ruthven Spencer Spencer	Trumbull Lake Cr'y Co. Riverton Creamery Co. Summit. Spencer Creamery	Ind	C. M. Varney, Sec O. B. Ross, Sec			O. B. Ross	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.	1458	42
250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 260 261 862 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270	Monona, Osborne Osterdock Read St. Olaf Strawberry Pt. Volga City Watson Clinton County. Teeds Grove	Communia Cr'y Ass'n Fidelity	Ind Ind Ind Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind	H. F. Beyer John Johnson, Sec E. W. Kregel A. O. Elvidge, Prop. F. F. Ferguson, Sec H. Olson, Sec Emil Pafahl, Sec Lester Johnson, Sec. A. O. Elvidge, Prop. A. O. Elvidge, Prop. A. O. Elvidge, Prop. E. A. Bush, Sec H. W. Wilke, Sec J. Larson & Son A. R. Carrier A. L. Monts, Sec. John Geraghty, Sec. John Newman Co	Elkader Elkader Osterdock Elkader St. Olaf Strawberry Pt. Volga City Watson Elgin, Ill.	StrawberryPt Volga City Monona Teeds Grove	H. R. Swartz Joe Jones E. L. Geno M. P. Kramer .	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.	1220 1256 1168 R11 1213 1331 1188 116: 128: 16	1 34 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 1

275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283	Delmar, No. 26. Elwood Grand Mound Lost Nation, 19 Lost Nation, 22 Lost Nation, 28 Olive T'nship	Diamond Cr'y Co. (8) Springbrook Springbrook Diamond Cr'y Co. (8) Diamond Cr'y Co. (8) Diamond Cr'y Co. (8) Diamond Cr'y Co. (8) Springbrook (8) Springbrook Ureamery. Springbrook Creamery.	Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind	John Newman Co Simpson, McI. & Co. John Newman Co John Newman Co Simpson, McI. & Co. Simpson, McI. & Co. Simpson, McI. & Co. John Newman Co John Newman Co John Newman Co John Newman Co Huxoll & Boettger.	Elgin, Ill Boston, Mass Elgin, Ill Elgin, Ili Boston, Mass Boston, Mass Elgin, Ill Elgin, Ill Elgin, Ill Lowden	Elwood Grand Mound	FWLeinbaugh Henry Vetter.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Hd.		
285 286 287	Crawford Count Charter Oak Odebolt West Side	Charter Oak Cr'y Co Stockholm Creamery	Ind	Paul F Fiene Knut Mattson W. H. Pruter, Prop.	Charter Oak Kiron West Side	Charter Oak Odebolt West Side	M. M. Black Knute Mattson Chas.S. Axford	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Hd. Test	1468	442
288 289 290 291 292 293 294 296 296 297 298 299 300	Adel	MacRae Bros' Cr'y (8) Dallas Center B & C, Co. Rippey Oreamery (8) Dexter Co-op. Cr'y As'n Granger Oreamery Park & Sons (8) Park & Sons' Cr'y (8) MacRae Bro's Cr'y (8) Dal. Center B & C.Co. (8) Ked Star Creamery MacRae Bros.' Cr'y (8) Grimes B. & C. Co. (8)	Stk Co Ind Co-op Ind Ind Stk Co Ind Stk Co Ind Stk Co	MacRae Bros. D E. Hoff, Sec. H. D. Remington & Co B. J. Hicks, Sec. M. W. Cooper, Prop. Park & Sons. Park & Sons. D. E. Hoff, Sec. J. Moody. MacRae Bros. W. J. Stewart, Sec. H. P. Calonky.	Ruthven. Dexter Granger. Yale Yale Des Moines Dallas Center. Perry. Des Moines Grimes	DexterGranger	2.2.00 A A B	Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1251	190
301 305 306	Drakesville Pulaski	Bloomfield Creamery Bloomfield Creamery (8 Pulaski Creamery) Inu	W. H. Davis W. H. Davis J. J. Miller, Prop	Bloomneid	P. Labor III		Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.		
30 30 30	5 Lamoni	Grand River Creamery	. Co-op.	Overholtzer & Covington B. D. Fleet, Sec T. G. Hyde, Mgr Wm. Doran, Prop	Lamoni	Lamoni	A. J. Taylor	Sep'tr	Hd Test.	1495	423

^{*}Manufacture butter and cheese.

STATE DAIRY COMMISSIONER.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE

Number.	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.		Operated by an individual, co-operative or stock comp'ny.		P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk — by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pl-
	Delaware Cou	nty.	111								
09 10 111 122 133 14 14 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Ryan	Adams Creamery. Greeley Firms' Cr'y Co. Hazel Green Creamery. Hopkint'n Co-p. Cr'y Co. Spring Branch Co-p. Cr Spring Branch Co-p. Cr Manchester Co-p. Cr'y Masonville Creamery. Kenyon Cr'y Co. Kenyon Cr'y Co. M. Kichmond & Co. Bear Grove. Petersburgh Cr'y Co. Hazel Gr'n Co-p. Cr'y Co. Hazel Gr'n Co-p. Cr'y Co. Hazel Gr'n Co-p. Cr'y Co. Wann Creamery.	Ind Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind	E. B. Dickey. Rob't A. Gull. Sec. D. A. Gull. Sec. J. H. F. Beyer. Prop. J. M. Dann, Prop. J. W. Ham. Misbler J. C. Matthews, Sec. J. J. Hutchinson, Mgr. J. A. Gull. Sec. J. Hutchinson, Mgr. Taylor & O'Hagan. B. W. Kenyon & C. J. Hutchinson, Mgr. B. D. Leby. F. H. Scherbring, S. F. B. Dickey.	Hazel Green. Delaware. Delaware. Delaware. Delaware. Edgewood. Edgewood. Edgewood. Edgewood. Edgewood. Edgewood. Edgewood. Earlyille. Ehler Greeley. Hazel Green. Manchester. Manchester. Masonville.	Greeley Ryan Hopkinton Manchester Manchester Manchester Masonville Masonville Oneida Dyersville Dyersville Ryan Ryan	J. H. Griffith A. A. Palmer W. S. Smarso C. D. Elder J. D. Spars N. N. Kenyon Corwin Cross S. P. Helse Geo. Domayer. Jabob Schmidt. Wm. Kenney J. W. Atwood O. M. Wright	Sep'tr.	Hd. Hd Test. Test. Test.	76 1387 1010	3 143 213 3 42
3 4	Sand Spring Thorpe Worthington	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	Co-op.	H. F. Bever	Sand Spring Edgewood	Ryan	Geo. E. Packer H. Williams W K. Pollard. Anton Smith	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test.	96	
6	Dickinson Cou	nty. Westport Creamery	Ind	J. S. Winton	Everly	Everly	E I Hall	San'te	Toot	044	A.

33b 339	Spirit Lake	Spirit Lake Creamery Terril Co-op. Cr'y Co	Ind Co-op.	Painter & Stoaks W. H. Blunt, Sec	Spirit Lake Terril	Spirit Lake Milford	Painter & Stk's W. H. Blunt	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test	875 1364	141 320
	Dubuque Coun	ty.									
340 341 342 343 344 345 346	Cascade Cascade Dyersville Dyersville	Balltown Co-op. Or'y Co Cascade Co-op. Cr'y Co Butterfield Creamery Frmrs Golden Star C. C. Pin Oak Hickory Valley Cr'y Co Enworth Co-op Cr'y Co.	Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op		Balltown Cascade Cascade Dyersville Boly Cross Dyersville Epworth	Waupaton Cascade Dyersville Dyersville Dyersville Epworth	P. H. Kieffer	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Hd. Hd. Hd.	1123	150 211
348 349 350 351	Farley	Farley Oreamery Co John's Creek Pleasant Vlew Fillmore Co-op. Cr'y Co Lattner's Spring Cr'y Co	Co-op Ind Ind Co-op. Stk Co	J.F Schoonover, Mgr A K. Heald & Son A. K. Heald & Son Wm. Oraft, Sec Ernest Hauser, Mgr.	Farley Farley Farley Fillmore Lattners	Farley Farley Farley Fillmore Graf		Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Hd. Hd. Test. Hd. Test.	639	STATE
352 353 354 355	Lore Luxemberg New Vienna Peosta	Lore	Co-op. Cr-op. Stk Co Ind	U. Kemp, Sec Mathias Endres, Sec. Bernard Herbers, S. George Franke	Luxemberg New Vienna Peosta	Dyersville Dyersville Peosta	Nickolaus Just Mathias Kant George Franke	Sep'tr	Hd		330 122 D A
356 357 358 369 360 361 362	Rickardsville O'Neill Rockdale Sherrill Worthington Worthington Zwingle	Farni Creamery Co Oak Grove. Columbian. Sherrill Creamery Co Spring Valley Co-op C C Worthington Creamery Lamotte Creamery (8).	Stk Co Co-op. Ind Co-op	John Fisher, Sec John L. Cooney, Sec. Laude Bros J C. Boleyn, Sec Jno. N. Kremer, Sec W. Lattner, Mgr	Rickardsville O'Neill Rockdale Sherrill Worthington Worthington Lamotte	Durango	John Farni W. H. Maginnis Ed Waiters Fred Koeller.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Hd. Test. Test. Test. Hd Test.	1445 R22	K23 ⋈
	Emmet County										SI
363 364 365 366 367 368 369	Armstrong Armstrong Armstrong. Estherville Hoprig Swan Lake Wallingford	Farmers' Oreamery Forsythe Oreamery Danmark Co-op. Cr'y Co. Estherville Oreamery Hoprig Farmers' Or'y Estherville Or'y (8) Wallingford Or'y Co	Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Stk Co	W. C. Richmond, Sec H. A. Gaarde, Sec H. J. Fink, Sec M. C. Peterson, Prop Geo. L. Doughty M. C. Peterson, Prop P. G. Miller, Sec	Armstrong Ringsted Estherville Hoprig .	Armstrong Armstrong Armstrong Estherville Graettinger Wallingford		Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	653 1285 1425	244 NE
	Fayette Count	y.			The second						
370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378	Alpha Arlington Clermont Clermont Eldorado Elgln Fayette Fayette Hawkeye	Alpha Farmers' Cr'y Co Brush Creek Frmrs C.A. Clermont Valley Cr'y Co Burr Oak. Eldorado Creamery Elgin Farmers Dairy Co Bayette Cr'y Ass'n Union Creamery Co. (8) Hawkeye.	Stk Co Co-op. Co-op. Stk Co Co-op. Co-op. Stk Co	Guy L. Rawson F. F. Ferguson, Sec Henry Smith Gardner & Miller Melch Luchsinger, S J. M. Edmunds, Sec. E B. Shaw, Sec	West Union	Arlington Clermont Clermont West Union. Elgin Fayette	C. N. Beach A. Erickson B. O. Iliff. J. N. Gardner L. J. Ford I. L. Moss A. P. Bortner	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1204	137

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER	Separator, gath- ered cream, or both.	Method of receiv- ing milk—by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle,	No. of D. C. pl- pette.
379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391	Maynard Minklar Oelwein Oelwein Randalia Richfield St. Lucas Sumner Wadena Westgate West Union West Union	Harlan Creamery Co Oran Creamery Co Jefferson. Oelwein Farm'rs Cr'y Co Richfield. Farmers Co-op Cr'y Center Valley Gr'y Co. Rechtled. Weest Long Cr'y Co. Westgate Cr'y Co. West Union Frams D. C. Union Creamery Co.	Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-Cp Co-op. Co-op.	E. E. Blethen, Sec. E. E. Shippy J. H. Meyer, Sec. E. E. Day, Sec G. W. J. C. Darnell, Sec. J. O. Darnell, Sec. J. M. M. Sec. J. M. M. Sec. J. M. M. Sec. J. M. M. Sec. W. J. M. G. Ween, C. L. Dwyer, Sec. E. B. Shaw, Sec.	Maynard Minkler Oelwein Oelwein Randaila Richfield St. Lucas Sumber Wadena Westgate West Union West Union	Maynard Fairbank Uelwein Oelwein Oelwein Randalia Waucoma Sumner Wadena Waucoma Westgate West Union West Union	F. Wheeler. Frank Billings Math Blong R. K. Wnite A. W. Sackett L. J. Gibbs Robt. Maillie	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'rr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Hd.	290 1038	R16 R24 243 36 36 36
392 393 394 395	Floyd County. Carrville Charles City harles City Marble Rock Niles	Carrylle Creamery Charles City Creamery. Flood Creek Creamery Marble Rock Co-op. D. Ass'n. Niles Creamery	Ind Stk Co	George Carr, Prop J. C. Daly, Prop Chas. Bartz, Mgr O. L. Crowell, Mgr Marlatt & Clark	Carrville Charles City Charles City Marble Rock	Carryllle Charles City Charles City Marble Rock. Charles City	John Haefner. B. L. Buchholz	Sep'tr S&G.U G.C Sep'tr.	Test Test Test	1196	118
397 398 399	Nora Springs Powersville Rockford	Cottage Grove Cr'y Nashua Butter Co Rockford Co-op.D.Ass'n	Ind. Stk Co	R. C. Kennedy E. J. Graham Mgr	Nora Springs Nashua Rockford	Nora Springs. Rockford	R C. Kennedy	G.C Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.	1110	
400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407	Ackley. Alexander. Burdette. Chapin. Dows. Faulkner Hampton Latimer.	Edna Alexander Oreamery Alden Co-op. Cr'y Co. (s) Chapin Farmers' Co-op. Cr'y Co Edna (s) Hampton Creamery Latimer Co-op. Or'y Co.	Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Ind	G. H. Gurler	De Kalb, Ill De Kalb, Ill Dows Ackley Hampton	Chapin	J. D. Gibt J. N. Bovsott Jake Juhl	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr S.& G.U G. C	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1209	147

408 409 410	Latimer Popejoy Sheffield	Hamilton Cr'y Co-op. Co Popejoy Co-op. Or'y Co. Sheffield	Co-op.	W. A. Pascoe, Sec	Hampton Popejoy De Kalb, Iil	Latimer Popejoy Sheffield	W. H. Baker H. Davenport	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.	
411 413 413 414 415 416 417 418 419	Greene County Adaza Cooper Farlin Gr'nd Junction Jefferson Paton Rippey Scranton Schill.	Adaza Co-op. Cr'y Coon Valley Cr'les (8). Crystal Creamery. Coon Valley Cr'les. Coon Valley Cr'les. Paton Creamery.	Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind	C. F. Hastings, Mgr. Renner Bros Renner Bros Geo. E. White, Prop. H. D. Remington Fey & Hay	Adaza Jefferson. Farlin Grand Junct'n. Grand Junct'n. Paton Ruthyen. Scranton Grand Junct'n.		D. E. Whitney. W. H. Maloy Warren Adams H. W. Huber Geo E. White. E. Tuttle W. S. Fey	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.	1198 120 1375 368
420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 430 431 432 433 434 435 435	Grundy Center Ivester Lincoln Morrison New Hartford Reinbeck Reinbeck Reinbeck Wellsburg	Johnson Buck Grove- Buck Grove- Buck Grove- Beaman Creamery (s) Dalryville Predsville Oo-op. C. Co. J. H. Sperry. J. H. Sperry. J. H. Sperry. Marshail Or'y Co. (s) Marshail Or'y Co. (s) Fairfield Co-op. Or'y Co Grant Tup. Or'y Co. Grant Tup. Or'y Co. Reinbeck Greamery. Wellsburg Or'y Co.	Ind Ind Co-op Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Co-op Ind Co-op Ind	M. M. Slight P. McNolly P. McNolly P. McNolly J. H. Sperry Eric Peterson, Sec. J. H. Sperry J. J. J. Sperry J. J. H. Sperry J. H. Sperry	Ackley	Grundy Cent Cedar Falls Grundy Cent Grundy Cent Grundy Cent Reinbeck Reinbeck Reinbeck Wellsburg	P. L. Laurine. F. E. Dilger. P. McNelly J. Christensen A. Baughman Louis Cedar Wm. Graham J. D. Ferguson E. Stevens. W. H. Sheiber.	Sep'tr Se	Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test	1438 388 1261 213 1192 111 1234 183 1241 187 1143 92 680 127
437 438 430 440 441 442 444 444 444 444	Bayard Casey Dale City Guthrie Center North Branch North Adair Menlo Panora Stuart	Silver Lake Cr'y (8). Silver Lake Cr'y (9). Silver Lake Cr'y (9). Usaey Creamery Co. (8). Usaey Creamery Co. Silver Lake Cr'y (8). Silver Lake Cr'y (8). Silver Lake Cr'y (8). Menlo Creamery Co. (8). Menlo Creamery Co. (9). Wilcox Creamery	Ind Ind Co-op Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Vo-op	Andrew Wood O. Sands, Pres. B. D. Hutt, Sec Andrew Wood Andrew Wood O. Sands, Pres. A. C. Curtis, Sec. F. F. Wilcox. Chas. H. Dixon	Guthrie Center Guthrie Center Guthrie Center Chicago, Ill Menlo Panora Stuart	Guthrie Cent. Menio. Panora. Stuart	A. Kelsey F. F. Wilcox A. Cochrane	Sep'tr	Test.	1063 206 1144 129

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Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative, or stock comp'ny.		P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING ETATION,	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk - by the test or by the hundred.	o of bott	No. of D. C. pil- pette,
449 450	Wichita Yale Hamilton Cou	Yale	Ind	Andrew Wood Park & Sons,	Guthrie Center Yale	Yale	D. C. Barthlan	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test	1149	4
451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462	Blairsburg Ellsworth Jewell Kamrar Radcliffe Handall Stanhope Stratford Webster City Rose Grove Williams Hancock Coun	Blairsburg Co-op, Or'y Ellsworth Co-op, O. A'n Jewell Creamery. Lideoln Gramery Co. Lideoln Gramery Co. Randall Farmers Or'y Stanhop- Creamery. Stratford Creamery. Prairie Queen Or'y Co. Poplar Grove Cr'y Ellsworth Co-op, C.A. (e) Payne's Model.	Co-op. Ind Co-op. Co-op. Ind Stk Co Ind Co-op.	J. F. Knudeson, Sec. Geo. G. Boward	Blairsburg. Ellsworth Jewell Kamrar Radciffe. Randall Stanhope Stratford Webster City Poplar Grove Ellsworth Williams.	Blairsburg Elisworth Jewell Kamrar kadeilife Randall Stanhope Stratford. Webster City. Williams	W. W. Bond Peter Larson H. N. Miller N. C. Blow Thos. Daniels H. E. Ford.	Sen'tr	Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test	1232 9 1382	180
463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473	Britt Britt. Corwith Duncan Forest City Garner Goodell Klemme Miller Stilson West Lake.	Crystal Creamery Co. Britt Oo-op Cry Vo. Corwith Creamery. Duncan Co-op Or y. Madisoo Creamery Co. Concord Creamery Co. Selmond Or'y Co. (8). Klemme Creamery Co. Model Co-op. D. Ass'n. Corwith Creamery (8). West Lake Cry Ass'n.	Stk Co Ind Co-op. Co-op Ind Co-op Co-op Ind	J. C. Nelson, Sec E. W. Burgett, Sec S. P. Drennan, Mgr. F. Runda. Sec W. W. Wright, Sec. H. C. Schurz, Sec. E. M. Lamos. Sec. Louis Sampson, Sec. P. A. Anderson, Sec. S. P. Drennen, Mgr. A. A. Lein, Sec	Britt Britt Orwith Duncan Forest City Garner Belmond Klemme Miller Corwith West Lake	Britt Britt Corwith Luncan Forest City Garner Klemme Miller Coodell.	T. H. Kenyon. S. P. Drennen L. Anderson. J. H. Moment. C. R. Conway. N. L. Palmer. J. C. Waughtal	Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test Test Test	1061 1477 1215 1047	9 80 153 87
474 475	Hardin Count Alden Buckeye	y. Alden Co-op. Cr'y Co Radcliffe Creamery (8)	Co-op. 8tk Co	G. E. Stringer, Mgr F. L. Chamberlain	Alden	Alden	R M Rishworth	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test.	1062	115

476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483	Cottage	Cleves Radcliffe Creamery (8) Radcliffe Creamery (8) Hubbard Co-op. O, Co Spring Branch Iowa Falls Cr'y Co New Providence C. Co Concord & Scott Co-op. Creamery Co	Stk Co Ind Co-op Co-op. Co-op. Stk Co	F. L. Chamberlain Marshall Cr'y Co J. V. White L. B. Mills, Sec G. L. Whinnery, Sec W. T. Kersey, Sec Oscar Sampson, Sec.	Ackley	Hubbard Hubbard Iowa Falis. Lawn Hill	D. W. Mohler John L. Olark. A.P. Buchanan B. J. Talbot M. J. Mansager N. M. Johnston	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1165 1239	29
485 486 487	Robertson	Radcliffe. Robertson Oreamery Co Union Oreamery Co Whitten Oreamery	Co-op. Stk Co	Thos. E Culp		Radcliffe Robertson Union Whitten	N. M. Johnston S O. Windecker Thos. E. Culp. B. J. Evans	Sep'tr S&G.C.	Test. Test. Test.	1000	444
488 489 450 491 492	Dunlap	Dunlap B. & C. Co Little Sloux Or'y (s) Little Sloux Oreamerv Magnolia Creamery Co. Mo. Valley B. & C. Co	Ind Ind Co-op.	F. H. Cadwell, Sec	Mo. Valley Logan	River Sioux	F. W. Shellman E. J. Ellis Geo. F. Scott Mrs. Teilmann	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	R42 R9	R17 R9
493 494 495	Winfield	Mt. Pleasant Creamery. Mt. Pleasant Cr'y (8) Winfield Creamery	Ind	B. S Parker W. G. Clark J. A. Eicher	Mt. Pleasant Winfield		S. B. Parker H. Cooper		Test. Test. Test.		
496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505	Howard Coun Acme. Bonair Chester Cresco. Elma Lime Springs. Lourdes. Maple Leaf. Protivin Saratoga.	Acme Creamery Lime Springs Or'y (s) Farmers Co-op. C. Ass'n. Cresco Creamery Elma Co-op. Creamery Lime Springs Creamery Lourdes Creamery Maple Leat Protivio Cream'ry As'n.	Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Ind	A. A. Carter	Elkader Chester Cresco Elma Elkader Cresco	Chester	E Hoopman. J. A. Barker. B. H. Arness Geo. Hatter	8.& G.O. 8.& G.O.	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1416	362
508 507 508 509 510 311	Bode	Grove Co-op. Cr'y Co Bode Creamery Ass'n Bradgate Co-op. Cr'y A	Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-op.	G. L. Cruikshank, S.	Grove	Bode Bradgate Humboldt	W. L. Dilger	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr S.& G.C.	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1367 691 50	323 223 37

STATE DAIRY COMMISSIONER.

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Office record number.	LOCATED AT OR NEAR,	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock comp'ny.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER.	or, gat	ethod of recting milk- the test or the hundre	o, of D. C. to bottle.	No. of D. C. pl.
512 513 514 515 516	Owl Lake Pioneer Renwick Rutland Thor	Farmers' Mutual Co-op. Creamery Ass'n Pioneer Cr'y Co Renwick Cr'y Co Rutland Cr'y Ass'n Clover.	Co-op.	W. D. Simpson Aug. Griebel, Sec	Owl Lake	Goldfield Pioneer Renwick Rutland Thor	C. M. Clausen John Baitinger W.G. Stultzback M. Beck Peter Peterson	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test. Test Test	1172	12
517 518 519 520 521	Ida County. Arthur Battle Creek Galva Holstein Ida Grove Iowa County,	Battle Creek Cry Galva Creamery Holstein Creamery	Ind Ind Ind Ind	Hopkins & Hubbard. Hopkins & Hubbard.	Holstein	Arthur Battle Creek. Galva Holstein Ida Grove	I. G Arthur John Switzer Matt Conkiin J. A. Smith	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr G. C	Hd. Test Hd	1159 1169	28
522 523 524 525 526	Conroy Genoa Bluff, Marengo North English. Williamsburg	Marengo Produce Co North English. Williamsburg	Ind	Homer Glass, Sec Geo. R. Howard H. C. Brown S. P. Chiles Joseph Felver	Conroy Genoa Bluff Marengo North English. Williamsburg	Marengo N'th English.	W. F. Reid G. R. Howard. J. W. Howard. F. McKusker	Sep'tr G. C G. C G. C G. C	Test. Test. Test. Test.		
527 528 529 530 541 582 583 534 535 536	Baldwin No 27. Bernard Cottonville Fulton Jackson Lamotte Lamotte Lamotte Maquoketa	Andrew Lily Cr'y Diamond Cr'y Co (8' Austin Co-op. Cr'y Co Lamotte Creamery (8) Fulton Co-op. Cr'y Co. (8) Expringbrook Cr'y Co. (8) Lamotte Creamery (8) Lamotte Creamery (8) Sterling Sep'tr Cr'y Farmers' Union Co-op. Creamery	Ind Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind Ind Ind Ind	W. H Geistfeld. Simpson, Mc. I & Co. J. H. Dunn. Peter Butler, Mgr G. E. Deiley. C. M. Kegler. Peter Butler, Mgr Peter Butler, Mgr N. A. Hoffman. W. M. Miller, Sec W. Brady & Son	Lamotte	Bernard Maquoketa Believue Lamotte Switce	Jas Church Chas. Vath Geo. Wiadler Peter Butler John Hoffman	Sep'tr Sep'tr S&G. O	Test.		

		Monmouth C-op.Cr'y Co	do-on 1 (Sep'tr	Test.	R21 1	321
538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545	Preston Preston Spragueville Springbrook St. Donature	Springbrook Preston City Ass'n Springbrook Or'y (8) Springbrook (8) Lamotte Oreamery (8) Springbrook (8)	Ind J Co-op. S Ind J Ind J	Ino. Newman & Co N. Howard, Sec J. M. Kegler Jno. Newman & Co Peter Butler, Mgr	Springbrook Elgin, Ill Lamotte	Preston	W. G.Clark	Sep'tr S&G. O Sep'tr S&G. C. Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test	R 5 1	R 5
546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555	Jasper County. Baxter Baxter Ira Kellogg Monroe. Newton Newton Newburg. Reasnor Valeria	Baxter Dairy Co Horne Creamery Ira Creamery Co Monroe Creamery Malaka Creamery Palo Alto Dairy Co (8) Newburg Creamery Uo Palo Alto Dairy Co Marshall Cr'y Co. (8)	Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Stk Co	H. Kramp, Jr., Sec Harris & Co Harris & Co K. C. Pierce M. C. Chase, Mgr H. D. Parsons W. E. Caldwell, Mgr G. D. Alden, Sec W. E. Caldwell, Mgr Marshall Cr'y Co	Baxter Jesup Jesup Kellogg Monroe Reasnor Newburg Reasnor Marshalltown.	BaxterBaxterKelloggMonroeBaxterNewburgReasnor	R. E. Itskin A. Tait Nix Mass. S. H Payne John Murray W. H. Graham W. E. Caldwell	Sept'r S&G.C Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr S&G.C Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test.	1272 1032	
556 557 558 559 560 561	Four Corners Germanville Lockridge Packwood	ty Fairfield Cr'y Co Four CornersCo-op.Or'y Germanville Or'y Ass'n Lockridge Creamery Packwood Creamery. Salina Creamery Co	Co-op. Stk Co Ind	Edward Harthan	Fairfield Four Corners Brighton Lockridge Packwood Salina	Fairfield Lockridge Brighton Lockridge Packwood Beckwith	G. Y. Ross J. L. Collman. J. H. Johnson, Ed Hartman. O. B Myers Henry Goers	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test	882	179 123 356 30
563 563 563 564 566 566 566 566 566	B Danforth Danforth Lone Tree Newport North Liberty Oasis	Dear Creek Mills Cr'y Norway Creamery (8) Cedar Valley Cr'y Co (8) Hildebrand Creamery. lowa Creamery Co Cedar Valley Cr'y Co.(8) North Liberty Cr'y Cedar Valley Cr'y Co.(8)	Stk Co Ind Stk Co Ind Ind	G. L. Hubbell, Sec	Oedar Rapids Lone Tree Toledo Cedar Rapids North Liberty Cedar Rapids.	Lone Tree Lone Tree Iowa City	E. Hildebrand J. W. Andele.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr G. C. G. C. Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test		
	2 Amber	Amber Creamery Jackson Creamery Hazel Green Creamery Fawn Creek	Ind Ind Ind		Anamosa	Amber Anamosa	. Andrew Porte	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test T&Ho Test	83	297 280 5 202

								5. Pe	éss l	42	1
Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Individual, co- operative or stock comp'ny.	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk -by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. to bottle.	No. of D. C. pi pette.
576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 598 598	Langw'thy, 2 G Mont/cello M'ntic'lo, No. 1 M'ntic'lo, No. 5 M'ntic'lo, No. 6 M'ntic'lo, No. 8 Mn'tic'lo, No. 10 Mn'tic'lo, No. 10	Diamond Gry Co. (8). Earmers' Co-op Gry Co. Olin Wyoming Co-op. Or'y As	Co-op. Ind St& Co Co-op. Ind Co-op. Ind	S. M. Muzzey Jos Gavin Jos Gavin Jos Gavin Jos Gavin Jos Gavin L. Walston B. H. Hanken B. H. Hanken B. H. Hanken Geo. Mardorf Jos Gavin Jos Ga	Boston, Mass Boston, Mass Boston, Mass Boston, Mass Boston, Mass Boston, Mass Boston, Mass Monticello Bowen	Monticello. Monticello. Monticello. Monticello. Monticello. Wyoming.	S M. Muzzey. G. Adamson. G. E. Mills. W. H. Brownell J. H. Batchelder SC. Batchldr Wm. Orabb. G. L. Phettep'ce D. A. Palmer. O. W. Brazleton T. Swansen. L. H. Smith. Alex. Schuizs.	Sep'tr Se	Test Hd. Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test		281 217 100 107
590 601 602	Keokuk Count Delta Keota What Cheer	Delta Creamery Keota Creamery	Stk CO	S. E. Reisman, Mgr.	Delta Keota What Cheer	Keota	. JuliusGranzov	Sep'tr	Test Test Test		
603 604	Kossuth Cour Algona	n ty. Plum Creek Creamery Algona Co-op. Cr'y Co	Со-ор	C. W. Hopkins A. W. Sterzbach, Sec	Algona	Algona	L. J. Tokheim A W.Sterzback	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.		421

605 606 607 608 00 609 610	Bancroft Bancroft Titonka Burt Burt German Valley	Seneca Co-op. Cr'y Co Buffalo Fork Cr'y Co Burt Co-op. Cr'y Co Fenton Co-op. Cr'y Co German Valley Co-op.	Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op.	W. W. Alcorn C. Reibsamen, Sec W. A. Chipman, Sec. Geo. W. Newell, Sec.		BurtBurt	Aug. Johnson John Tibbetts. E. A. Bacon D. L. Driver H. W. Pettbone		Test. Test. Test. Test.	677	132
611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 6:0 621	Wesley West Bend Whittemore	Sexton Co-op Cr'y Co St. Joseph Dairy Ass'n. Swea City Co-op. Cr'y Co Wesley Co-op Creamery Garfield Creamery Co Whittemore Cr'y Co	Ind Co-op Co-op. Co	E. A. E. Laage, Sec Frank Peyson, Sec John E. Peterson, Sec. Peter E. Skow, Sec R. Bermingham, Sec. Thos. Carmody, Sec	West Bend Whittemore	West Bend Whittemore.	N C. Hansen Josva Morck Aug. Nureli J. H. Reid Anton Baake J. Krischan'wih Geo.L. Minkler. Frank U Bacon Fred Bacon Fred Erickson. J. H. Dieckman E. E. Reid Edward Walsh	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.	128 1150 1217 1308 268 1050	299 388 14 176 102 157 257 295 23
623	Lee County, Argyle Linn County.	Argyle				Argyle	Mark Dyer Ed. J. Boland	Sep'tr	Test.	1932	310
625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 636 637 638	Alburnett. Bertram. Oedar Rapids. Center Point. Central City. Central City. Coggon. Coggon. Coggon. Coggon. Filmont. Ely Fairfax. Fairfax. Lisbon.	Lafayette Greamery Gedar Valley Cry Co. (a) Genter Polity Greamery Genter Polity Greamery Central City Greamery Valley Farm Greamery Burlingham Greamery Burlingham Greamery Genter Greamery Goggon Gr	Stock. Stock. Ind Ind Co-op. Co-op. Ind Stock Co-op. Ind Stock. Ind Ind	G.L. Hubbell, Sec. George L. Weeks P. W. Sawyer, Mgr. P. G. Henderson. E. J. Rirhards, Sec. Fred Lehman, Sec. McAreavy Bros. L. W. Burt, Sec. P. Betzer, Sec. S. B. Mills, Prop. J. C. Dvorak, Sec Thomas McLelland.	Cedar Rapids. Center Point. Central City. Central City. Cousins. Coggon. Coggon Coggon Coggon Elmont. Ely Fairfax Fairfax	Center Point: Central City. Central City. Anamosa. Coggon. Coggon. Coggon. Coggon. Central City. Ely. Fairfax.	Jno. Derfinger. P. W. Sawyer. St.E. Wright I. P. Minehart. Fred Lehman. S. S. McAreavy Howard Bilss. D. F. French. S. B. Mills Z. L. Wright Thos McLellan	Sep'tr	Hd. T, Hd. T, Hd. Test. Test. Hd. Hd. Test. Hd. Test. Hd. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	364	175
641 642 643	Marion Prairieb'g No. 3 Prairieburg	Marion	Ind Ind	W. W. Gray, Mgr Simpson, McI. & Co.	Lisbon	Marion	W.H.Thomps'n C. A. Cline H. T. Cook	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Hd.	765	186
644 645 646	Robins Springville Springville	Eureka Creamery Phœnix	Stock. Ind	J. B. Holsinger, Sec. A. L. Cory.	Robins Springville Springville	Robins	A. L. Cory	Sep'tr	Test.	381	265

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock comp'ny.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER.	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk-by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pl- pette.
647 648 649 650 651 652 653	Toddville Troy Mills Troy Mills Walker Waubeek Waubeek West'n College	Monroe Oreamery Troy Mills Highland Creamery Co. Walker Oreamery Waubeek Oreamery Waubeek Creamery. Ely & Western Cr'y (s)	Ind Co-op Ind Ind	John Tehl H. J. Nietert	Toddville Troy Mills Walker Walker Waubeek Waubeek Ely	Walker Walker Central City Central City	J. M. Tupper S. W. Laird H.C. Hemenw'y A. L. Corry	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Hd. Hd. Test. Hd. Hd. Test.	1201	128
	Louisa Count	y.					The state of the state of		- 3		
654 655 656	Fredonia Letts Wapello	Fredoria Creamery Letts Creamery Wapello Creamery	Ind Ind Ind	Thomas Carey J M Hildebrand F. P. Briechtboch	Fredonia Letts Wapello	Fredonia Letts Wapello	E. W. Kelly J. M. Hildeb'nd F. P.Bricetb,ch	G. C G. C	Test. Test. Test.		
	Lucas County										
657 658	Derby Russell	Old Co'ony Cr,y (#) Russell Creamery Co	Ind Stock.	T. G. Hyde, Mgr W. J. Marshall, Sec.	Humeston Russell	Russell	W. J. Marshall.	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test.		
	Lyon County.										
659 660 661 662 663 664	Inwood Klondyke Larchwood Lester	George	Ind Ind Co-op Stk Co	M. M. Lewis, Prop Ax Nordmark Ax Nordmark C. B. Martin, Sec L. W. Billings H. E. Morrow, Mgr	Larchwood Lester	Larchwood Lester	Geo Gardner L. W. Billings.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Hd. Hd	1277	234
	Madison Coun	ty.									
665 666 667	Earlham	Barney McRae Bros. (s) Jackson Creamery Co	Ind	McRae Bros.	Des Moines		White was a sub-supplied to the	Sen'tr	Tost.	1179	78

	Mahaska Coun	ty.								1	
668	New Sharon	New Sharon Produce Co	Stk Co	F. E. Crawford, Sec	New Sharoa	New Sharon	H. Martin	G. C	Test.		
	Marion Count	y.									
669 670 671	Caloma Knoxville Pella	Warren County Cr'y (s). Knoxville Creamery Pella Creamery	Ind	J. J. Bousquet, Prop	Pella	Knoxville	W. H. Liter T. Smorenburg	Sep'tr G. C G. C	Test. Test. Test.		
	Marshall Coun	ty.									
672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682	Gilman. Green Mount'n Green Mount'n Haverhill Liscomb. Marshalltown. Melbourne. Melbourne. Khodes.	Green Mount'n Or'y A. Beaman Oreamery (8) Marshall Or'y Co. (8) Marshall Or'y Co. (8) Marshall Oreamery Co Marshall Or'y Co. (8) Farmers' Co-op. Cr'y A. Marshall Or'y Co. (8) State Center Farmers'	Ind Co-op Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind	Marshall Cr'y Co. K. B Wallace, Sec. P. McNelly. Marshall Cr'y Co. Marshall Cr'y Co. Marshall Cr'y Co. V. Vanthein, Sec. Mar. hall Cr'y Co.	Marshalltown, Green Mount'n Beaman Marshalltown. Marshalltown. Marshalltown. Marshalltown. Marshalltown. Marshalltown.	GreenM'unt'n Marshalltown Melbourne.	O. S. Woods	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.	1875	331
683	St. Anthony	St. Anthony Cr'y Co	Co-op.	G. T. Shaunce, Mgr . J. C. Evans, Sec	State Center St. Anthony	State Center	C. M. Balsley	G. C Sep'tr	Test.		
	Mills County.										
684 685 686	Emerson Malvern Silver City	Blue Grass	Ind	Boehner & Barnes	Malvern	Malvern	F A. Tolander. T. J. Beats	G. C G. C G. O.	Test.	1369	35
	Mitchell Count	v.									
687 888 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696	Bailey Little Cedar Meroa Newhaven Orchard Osage Riceville Stacyville St. Ansgar Toeterville	Lawn Spring. Little Cedar Cry Co Little Cedar Cry Co Rock Cr. Co-op. Cry An Farmers' Co-op. Cry An Farmers' Co-op. Cry An Osage Co-op. Cry Y An Osage Co-op. Cry Y An Stacy ville Creamery. Farmers' Co-op. Cr'y. Toeterville Cr'y Co	Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Lnd Co-op.	C. F. Hockens, Mgr. S. J. Fosholdt, Sec P. J. Carroll, Sec J. W. Clay, Pres. Albert Bartle C. Smock, Pres Jas. Spensley & Sons C. E. Kittleson	Little Cedar Meroa Newhaven Orchard Osage Riceville Stacyville	Little Cedar. Osage Orchard Osage Riceville Stacyville St. Ansgar	L. Klemesrud. D. C. Thomas. MVF'rbrother. D. McDugall. George Miller. G. M. Spensley E. Merenus	G. C G. C G. C G. C G. C G. C Sep'tr G. C	Test.	1509	438
	Monona Count	y.	-			-					
697	Whiting	Whiting Creamery	Cc-op.	N. Danielson, Sec	Whiting	Whiting	N. Danielson	Sep'tr	Test	1235	185

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative stock comp'ny.	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER.	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk — by the test or by the hundred.	of D. C. t	No. of D. C. pi- pette.
	Monroe Count	y.				-					
698	Albia	Albia Creamery	Ind	S.D.Thompson, Prop	Albia	Albia	S. D. Thompson	Sep'tr	Test	1322	278
	Montgomery C	ounty.					ET ET STATE		39		
699 700 701	Elliott Stanton Villisca	Elgin Creamery Co Elgin Creamery Co. (8). Elgin Creamery Co. (8).	Ind	O. Sands, Pres	Chicago, Ill		*********	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.	R26	R26
	Muscatine Cou	nty.							17.74		
702 703 704 705 706	Atalissa. Moscow. West Liberty. West Liberty. Wilton.	Iowa Creamery Co Nickel Plate Or'y (8) Cedar Valley Creamery Iowa Creamery Co Nickel Plate Creamery,	Ind Ind Stk Co	Geo. W. Kelley. Mgr. L B. Pickering F. E. Guptill	Toledo Wilton Jurct'n West Liberty Toledo Wilton Junct'n	West Liberty. West Liberty.	James T. Stars Fred W. Hessel Geo. E. Crooker	8.& G.O. 8.& G.O. 8.& G.O.	Test. Hd. Hd. Both. Hd.		
	O'Brien Count	v.	1								
707 708 709 710 711 712	Germantown Hartley Paullina Primghar Sheldon Sutherland	Caledonia Creamery Co Hartley Creamery Union Creamery Pleasent Park Ur'y H. C. Lane Sutherland Creamery	Ind Stk Co Ind Ind	H.D.kemington &Co Wm Strampe, Mgr Younger & Speed H. C. Lane	Germantown Ruthven Paullina Primghar Sheldon Primghar	Paullina Paullina Primghar Sheldon Sutherland	Wm. Gehris A.L.Reming'tn Wm. Strampe. Charles Speed Morris Adams.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Hd. Hd Test.	1341	230
	Osceola County										
713 714	Ashton Ocheyedan	Ashton Creamery Ocheyedan Creamery	Ind Ind	Frank Thorn. [Co. Rishworth, Rogers &	Ocheyedan	Ocheyedan	Ira O'Neel	Sep'tr	Test.	1352	301
	Page County.		*								
715	Blanchard	Blanchard Creamery	Ind	J. J. Thompson	Blanchard	Blanchard	H. W. Weber	Sep'tr	Test.	-	

716 717 718 719 720 721	Olarinda	Stk Co Stk Co Oc-op.	B. J. Sunderman, Sec. J. J. Thompson D. T. K. Ellott, Sec. G. R. Redman, Sec. C. G. Voigt B. S. Loy, Sec.	Blanchard Essex Shambaugh	Essex	Chas. Gillispie C. G. Voigt. Wm. Kimble.	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr			
722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729	Palo Allo County. AyrshireSilver Lake Cr'y Co CurlewCurlew Creamery Co CurlewCurlew Greamery Co CurlewCurlew Ey Co CylinderCurlew Ey Co LemmetsburgMaple Leat Cr'y Co EmmetsburgEmmetsburgEmmetsburgEmmetsburg Wevada Co-op. Cr'y C. WhittemoreFairville Cr'y Co Fairville Cr'y Co Fairville Cr'y Co	Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Stk Co Co-op. Co-op.	G. W. Downs, Sec Theo De Mouth. Sec. C. E. Erickson, Sec L Stuehmer, Sec Thomas Kirby Aug. Stahl	Depew	Ayrshire Curlew Cylinder Cylinder Emmetsburg. Mallard. Whittemore	N. H. Tremble. W. W. Board. N. Nutson T. R. Wilson A. C. Kressin	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr		1008	352 352 325
730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739	Graettinger. Graettinger. Graettinger. Graettinger. Graettinger. Graettinger. Go-op. Gry Go-op. Gry Go-op. Gry Go-op. Gry Go-op. Gry Go-op. Gry Go-op. Godman.	Co-op Oo-op Co-op Co-op Co-op Co-op Oo-op Oo-op	L C.Christenson, Sec F. L. Lamb. E. Sawyer. E. P. McEvoy, Sec. C. J. Frye, Sec. G. R. Bookman, Sec. L. Pilkington, Sec. H. D. Remington Geo. W. Brown, Sec.	Fallow. Graettinger Mallard Osgood. Rodman. Ruthven Ruthven West Bend. West Bend.	Graettinger Graettinger Mallard Osgood Rodman Ruthven Ruthven Ruthven West Bend	Christ Mark. A. J. Johnson. E. Chadwick. Fred Hacker. C. Peterson. W. H. Haller. E. J. Remington T. A. Clark. H.G. Oarpenter	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test	746 1227 1354 365	53 168 178 169 308 355
	Plymouth Cou nty.									
740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750	Ellendale Ellendale Creamery Hinton Hinton Le Mars Le Mars Co-op. Cry C Merrill Creamery Co. Merrill Creamery Co. Merrill Creamery Co. Neptune Neptune Co-op. Cry C Oyens O'Leary Creamery Co Oyens O'Leary Creamery Co Struble Grant Tup. Cry Co. Struble Grant Tup. Cry Co. Struble Struble Creamery Co.	Stk Co Co-op. Stk Co Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op. Co-op.	W. G. Pearson. C. Shearon. R. M. Crouch, Sec. J. F. Banks, Sec. Dan O'Brien. R. S. Eyres, Sec. P. F. Hickey, Sec. Peter Arens. Mgr.	Ellendale Hinton Le Mars Merrill Millnerville. Neptune O'Leary Oyens Remsen Struble. Struble.	Merrill. Hinton Le Mars. Merrill Sioux Otty Le Mars. Oyens. Oyens. Remsen Dalton Struble	Wm. Anderson. J. B. Deitering C. B. Horrocks. C. Mikkelson. A. J. Freese. J. C. Mortisen. H. Hasenbank. J. Kennedy. Andy Stenum.	Sep'tr	Test.	758 1164 1418 1163 1203	300 33 366 46 276
	Pocahontas County.	0	T To Williams 14	T.111-	Thomas	D.W. Tamb	Stanton	TT		
751 752 753 754 755 756	Fonda Lilly Greamery Fonda Rosebud Havelock Laurens Greamery (s) Laurens Laurens Greamery Co Lizard Lizard Greamery Mud Lake Laurens Gr'y Co. (s)	Ind Ind Ind Stk Co	W. & J. G. Hinn Geo. Stebels, Sec	Laurens Manson	Laurens Manson	Peter M. Jerm.			1151	

Office record number.	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER,	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER,	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk-by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pl- pette.
757 758 759 760 761 762	Pocahontas Pomeroy Pomeroy Rolfe Rusk Sac Oity	Pocahontas Creamery Bretholz Creamery B. Fisher's Creamery Gilt Edge Rusk Co-op. Cr'y Co Rossbud (s)	Ind	Hinn Bros. E C.M. Breiholz, Prop B. Fisher, Prop W. R. Rogers, Prop. E. O. Christeson, Sec R. F. Beswick, Prop	Pomerov	Rolfe Pomeroy Pomeroy Rolfe Pomeroy	C. R. Johnson . Wm. Breiholz . B. Fisher . Will Kucker H. C. Grauseth	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test	1158	359
763 764 765 766 767 768 769	Polk County. Bondurant Campbell Des Moines Grimes Maxwell Mitchellville Walnut	Marshall Or'y Co. (8) Grimes B & C. Co. (8) Crystal Springs. Grimes B & C. Co. Keystone Creamery. Mitchellville Or'y Ass'n Walnut Oreamery.	Stk Co Ind Stk Co Ind Co-op.	W. J. Stewart, Sec MacRae Bros W. J. Stewart, Sec Jos. Romine, Mgr George E. Roller	Marshalltown. Grimes Des Moines Grimes Maxwell Mitchellville Walnut	Des Moines Grimes Maxwell Mitchellville.	R. S Storek G. A. Stewart Geo. E. Roller. N. C. Madsen	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test	1388 R30	841 R30
770 771 772 773 774 775	Pottawattamie Avoca	Avoca Creamery Silver Valley	Ind Stk Co Co-op. Co-op.	H. C. Brandes, Prop. S. M. Geyer, Mgr Samuel Blume, Sec. B. Elchenberger, Sec	Macedonia	Avoca		Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Hd. Test. Test. Hd. Test.	1	
776 778 779 780 781 782	Poweshiek Cow Brooklyn Deep River Grinnell Guernsey Hartwick Malcom Montezuma		Ind Ind Ind Ind Ind	Marshall Cr'y Co A. L. Minehart, Sec John Newman Co Alexander & Vohs	Brooklyn Deep River Grinnell. Marshalltown Guernsey Elgid, Ill Malcom Montezuma	Guernsey Hartwick	A.Christiansen	G.C Sep'tr Sep'tr G.C Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	. 140	7 347

	Ringgold Coun	ty.		N. S. C.		1			1	ř	
784 785 786	Knowlton Redding Shannon City .	Elgin Creamery Co. (8) Redding Creamery Union Creamery Co	Ind	O. Sands, Pres D. M. Rich, Mgr C. S. Osmond, Sec	Chicago, Ill Redding Shannon City	Redding	D. M. Rich J. C. Comstock	Sep'tr G. U Sep'tr	Test.	1482	393
	Sac County.										
787 788 789 790 791 792	Auburn Carnarvon Early Early Lake View	Auburn Creamery Seaman & Hoon Delaware CenterCr'yCo Early. Early. Lake View.	Co-op. Ind Ind	Seaman & Hoon C. N. Searles, Sec J. W. Wright G. W. Pattee	Auburn Carnarvon Leota Early. Early. Lake Vlew	Early	J.J Fitzsim'ons Seaman& Hoon J. W. Wright H. C. Best A. M. Granger		Test. Hd. Test. Test. Test. Test.		82 249
793 794 795 796 797 798	Odebolt Sac City Sac City Sac City Sac City Schaller.	Farmers' Creamery Co. Blue Grass B. & C. F'ty* Coon Valley Pearl Creamery Pearl Creamery (8) Schaller Creamery	Stk Co Ind Ind Ind Ind	J. A. Cranston, Sec. I. Hillman	Odebott Sac City Pettis Sac City	Odebolt. Sac City Sac City Sac City Sac Oity Schaller	E. McFarlane. F. Hillman W. H. Pettis C. M. Culp	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Hd.	683	
799 800 801	Wall Lake Wall Lake Weed	Wall Lake Creamery Rose Valley Creamery Gold Crown Creamery	Ind Ind Ind	Brunton & Ahern Ahern & Wright, Pr's	Wall Lake Wall Lake Wall Lake	Wall Lake Wall Lake	T. Deacon M. R. Wright	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test.	711 265	203 272
	Scott County.	- Y - 19-18			100-100						
892 803 804	Amity Donahue Long Grove		Ind	Frank Keppy	Donahue	Donahue	Wm. Koberg L. A. Keppy J. W. B.air		Test. Test. In&T.	1029	135
	Shelby County.										
805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813	Earling	Danway Co-op, Cr'y Co Portsmouth Creamery. Prairie Rose Cr'y Co	Stock. Ind Ind Co-op. Co-op. Ind Co-op.	W. G. Morris, Mgr Sweger & Pruter R. Rasmussen, Sec H. Dahlof, Sec	Earling	Brayton Harian Irwin Kirkman Kirkman	Geo. Kohles Christ Johnson H. C. Hays A. P. Vithen J. Anderson M. A. Sorenson N. C. Madsen	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr G. C	Hd. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Hd.		239 426
	Sioux County.	Zept i miterali.			THE STREET	The state of the s	MANAGEMENT & TO				
814 815 816 817 818 819	Hosper	Northwestern Cr'y Co Hawarden Cr'y Ass'n Hosper Creamery Welcome Creamery (8)	Stk Co Co-op. Stk Co Stk Co	Thos. Berry, Sec J. M. Lynn P. Junger, Sec	Granville Hawarden Hosper Sioux Center	Granville Hawarden Hosper	G. A. Crowther C. L. Taylor	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Hd Test. Test. Hd.	1042	73
		and the grant of grants					THE COMMITTEE OF	map 51			

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk—by the test or by the hundred.	o. of D. C. to bottle.	No. of D. C. pi- pette.
820 821 822 823	Rock Valley Sioux Center Sioux Center Sioux Center	Rock Valley Creamery Welcome Creamery Sloux Center Creamery. Welcome Creamery (8)	Ind Stk Co Ind Stock.	A. D. Rozeboom John Stensvad	Sloux Center	Sioux Center. Sioux Center.	O. A. Stensvad. A. D Rozeboom John Stensvad.	Sep'tr .	Hd. Hd. Hd. Hd.		
7	Story County.										
824 825	Ames Cambridge	Ia. Agr'l College Cr'y* Cambridge Farmers'Co-	State.	Geo. L. McKay, Mgr.	Ames	Ames	Henry Evins	Sep'tr	Test.		
826	Collins	op. Creamery Co Frmrs' Co-op.Cr'y Ass'n	Co-op	Oliver Hill, Sec	Cambridge	Cambridge	Wm Hommel A.G.Armstr'ng		Test	R32 .629	R32 64
827 828	Colo	Fairview Creamery	Ind	L. M. Kelly	Colo	Colo	L. M. Kelly Peter Jensen	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.		
829 830	Huxley Kelly	Huxley Farmers' Cr'y Kelley Frmes' Cr'y Co	Co-op.	John Stenberg, Sec J. F. Gerbracht, Sec.	Huxley	Huxley	J. F Burrets Raymond Erb.	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test.		411
831 832	Maxwell McCallsburg	Maxwell Creamery McCallsburg Creamery.	Ind	Jas. Romine, Mgr	Maxwell	Maxwell	Jas. Romine	Sep'tr	Test.		
833 834 835	Roland	Nevada Creamery Indian Hill Creamery Roland Farm's' Cr'y Co	Ind Stk Co Co-op.	Boardman Bros E. W. Kimble, Sec E. J. Evenson, Sec	Nevada Roland Roland.	Nevada Roland	T. B. Russell L. Shepard R. Nelson	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.	120	260
836 837 838	Story City Zearing	Slater Farmers'Cr'y Co Story CityFrmrs'Cr'y Co Zearing Creamery Co	Co-op.	Ole Langland, Sec Alex Henderson, Sec J. C. Burkhart, Sec	Story City Zearing	Story City	John Freeland Geo. Wicks J. J. Ross	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test.	720	70
	Tama County										
839 840	Berlin Chelsea	Marshall Or'y Co. (8) Chelsea Creamery	Ind	Marshall Or'y Co John Newman Co	Marshalltown. Elgin, Ill	Chelsea	Robert Allee	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test	1183	93
841	Dinsdale Dysart	Dinsdale Creamery Golddust B. & C. Fac'ty	Ind	Sheiber & Merrick R. E. Fairbanks	Reinbeck	Dinsdale	C. L. Scheiber. F. J. Raeder	Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test .	1297	
843	Elberon	Springbrook	Ind	John Nawman Co	Elgin, Ill	Dysart	Chas. Kucera	Sep'tr	Test.		****
	Gladbrook	Beaman Creamery (8) Gladbrook Creamery	Ind	P. McNelly	Beaman	Gladbrook	Burton Owens	Sep'tr S&G.O. Sep'tr		1191	112
847 848	Toledo	Marshall Cr'y Co (8) Toledo Creamery Traer Traer (8)	Ind	Davidek & Akin	Marshalltown. Toledo Traer Traer	Toledo	L. L. A wood	G. C	Test.		
								*			

850 851 852 853 854	Taylor County Bedford Clearfield Conway Guss Guss	Bedford Creamery Clearfield Cr'y Co Blue Grass Creamery Cold Spring Creamery Maple Grove Cr'y *	Stk Co Ind Co-op. Ind	Joseph Doubet. Sec. W. A Geithman H. B. Moats, Sec E. Schoonover.	Bedford	Corning Nodaway	Geo. W. McNair F. W. Ketch. C. R. Askren E. Schoonover	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Hd. Test. Test.	699	227
855	Union County	Elgin Creamery Co. (s)	ind	O. Sands, Pres	Chicago, Ill			Sep'tr	Test.		
856 857 858 859 860 861 863 864 865 866 867 868 869	Afton Arispee Oreston Oromwell Dodge. Kent. Lincoln Lorimor. Pleasant Taimage, No 1 Taimage, No 2 Taimage, No 3 Thayer.	Elgin Creamery Co Farmers' Co-op. Cry An Elgin Creamery Co. Elgin Creamery Co. (8). Elgin Creamery Co. (9). Prescott B. & C. Ass'n(8) Elgin Creamery Co Elgin Creamery Co Talimage Creamery (9). Talimage Creamery (9). Talimage Creamery (9). Talimage Creamery (8). Elgin Creamery (8). Elgin Creamery (8).	Co-op. Ind Ind Co-op. Ind Ind Ind Stk Co Stk Co Stk Co Stk Co	O. Sands, Pres. Sc. Clough, Jr., Sec. O. Sands, Pres. O. White, Mgr. A. O. White, Mgr. A. O. White, Mgr. A. O. White, Mgr. O. Sands, Pres. O. Sands, Pres.	Chicago Chicago Chicago Talmage Talmage Talmage	Arispee Creston. Lorimor Talmage.	G. W. Kelly. Thos. L. Case. R T & A McCall Geo. Beckman. M.B.Thompson	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test	1453	411 R29 364 412 121
	Van Buren Co	unty.									
970 871 872 873	Cantril	Cantril B. & C. Co Farmington Cr'y, Milton Creamery Leando Creamery Co	Stk Co Ind Ind Ind	O. P. DeFord, Sec Wells-Sherman Co Woodward & Cooley Kiinehan & Pence	Cantril Farmington Milton Leando	Milton	Wm. Cook T. Merrick V F. Cooley F. J. Klinehan.	G. C	Inch. Test. Test. Test.	1497	425
	Wapello Coun	ty.					A PARTIES	1000			
874 875 876 877	Agency	Agency Creamery Blakesburg Creamery Dudley Oreamery Kirkville Creamery	Ind	Nelson & Fritz F. G. Buxton.	Agency	Biakesburg		Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test.	1184	95°
	Warren Coun	ty.		The Printer	NAME OF	Triple 1		200			
878 879 880 881 882	Indiarola New Virginia Milo Norwalk Prole	Warren County Cr'y New Virginia Cr'y Co Warren County Cr'y (8). MacKae Bros. (8) Prole Creamery	Stk Co Ind Ind	W. H. Keiser, Sec E. Haldeman MacRae Bros	Indianola Des Moines			Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test.	1408	318
		Prole Creamery	Ind	E. H. Perkins	Prole	Prole	E. H. Perkins	Sep'tr	T .		

TATE	CTITA ATT	
DAIKY	7 4 77 77	
COMMISSIONE	COLUMN	
R.	1	

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office record number.	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co- operative or stock comp'ny.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER.	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiv- ing milk - by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. O. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pi-
	Washington C	ounty.		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE							
883 884 885 886 887 888	Brighton, Kaiona Noble Riverside Washington Wellman	Brighton Creamery Co. Kaiona Creamery Oak Ridge Creamery Riverside Creamery Washington Weliman Creamery Co.	Ind Ind Ind	E. J. Eicher, Mgr E. Nicola	Brighton Kalona Noble Riverside Brighton Weilman	Brighton Kalona Noble Riverside Washir gton Wellman	F. G. Cutlip W. G. Brooke. E. J. Eicher Wm. Miles S S. Stones,	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	993	12
	Wayne County							*			
91 92 93	Allerton	Allerton Creamery Old Colony Cr'y (8) Old Colony Cr'y (8) Old Colony Cr'y Old Colony Cr'y i8) Seymour Creamery Co.	Ind Ind Ind	T. G. Hyde, Mgr T. G. Hyde, Mgr T. G. Hyde, Mgr T. G. Hyde, Mgr	Humeston	Allerton Humeston Seymour	J. H. Way H. Brokaw	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.		
	Webster Coun	ty.									
96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05	Moorland	Badger Creamery. Burnside Co-op.Ur'y Co. Coon Valley Cr'ys (e) Coon Valley Cr'ys (e) Willow Brook. Burnombe. Barnum Creamery. Gowrle Creamery. Moorland Creamery. Oakdale Creamery. Vincent Creamery.	Co-op Ind	G. W. Gillman C. W. Swenson, Sec Renner Bros. A. Scheidemann, Pr. W. S. Gould, Prop. Olelland Bros. G. B. Moon & Co. O. B. Williams, Mgr. R. E. Gould, Prop. D. J. Skinner C. B. Williams, Mgr. O. J. Page, Prop.	Badger	Badger Burnside Clare Dayton Duncombe. Barnum Ft. Dodge Gowrie Moorland Vincent	G. W. Gillman. H H Cummings J. A. Blakeman. W. G. Gould. Wm. Clelland. E. D. Rogers. F. S. Whirry. R. E. Gould. D. J. Skinner.	Sep'tr	Test.	1807	1
01	Winnebago Cou	nty.									
07	Buffalo Center	Farmers' Co-op, Cr'y Co.	Co-on	E R Overhangh Sec	Ruffalo Center	Buffalo Cintie	O E Coffee	Contin	Theat	1000	21

				the state of the s	w v			Sep'tr	Test.		
908	Dahls' Church.	Lake Mills Cr'y Co. (8) Forest City Co-op. Cr'y						-			140
909		Association	Co-op.	Peter Isaacson, Sec.	Forest City	Forest City	LewisRichards		Test	1455	413
910	Hollandale	Thompson Co-op. Cr'y	Co-op.	J. S. Higinbotham, S	Thompson	*****************		Sep'tr	Test.	269	328
911		Tales Milla Culw Co	Co-op.	Ole T. Groe, Mgr G. N. Johnson, Pres.	Lake Mills	Lake Mills	T. A. Storvik J. M. Tapager	Sep'tr	Test.	, 200	040
912	Lake Mills	Logan Butter Factory(8)	Co-op.	G. N. Johnson, Pres.	Grytte	LIERO MILIO		Sep'tr	Test.		
914	Linden							Sep'tr.	Test.		
	Mt. Valley	Co. (s). Fertile Co-op. D. Co (s).	Co-op.	J. S. Higinbotham, S. B. G. Richardson, M.	Thompson			Sep'tr	Test.		
915	Mt. Valley	Powent Olter Co. on Owle						Sep'tr.	Test.		
-	Company of the compan		Co-op.	Peter Isaacson, Sec.	Forest City		*****************		Test.		
917	Moen Norman	Norman Creamery (8) Norman Creamery	Co-op.	Axel Arneson, Mgr Axel Arneson, Mgr	Norman	Norman	R.S. Bergsather	Sep'tr	Test	1132	24
919	Thompson	Thompson Co-op. Cr'y					M. M. Tapager.	Sep'tr	Test.	1175	74
400	Thompson	Eden Co-op. Cr'y Ass'n	Co-op.	J. S. Higinbotham, S. David Skutle, Sec	Amund	Thompson	I. J. Erdal	Sep'tr			84
920 921	Thompson							Sep'tr	Tost		
		Co. (8)	Со-ор.	J. S. Higinbotham, S	Thompson		******	Bop tr	Losu		
	Winneshiek Cou	nty.						1			
200	Burr Oak	Silver Creek Cr'y Co	Co.on	C. A. Reed, Mgr	Burr Oak	Decorah	C. A. Reed	G. C	Test.		000
922	Festina	Festina Creamery Co	Co-op.	Wm. Schrandt, Sec.	Festina	Calmar Ft. Atkinson	Henry Hesse	8.& G.O 8.& G.O	Test	1366	162
924	Ft. Atkinson		Ind	A. O. Elvidge, Prop. J. H. Miller	Elkader	Mable	E. T. Halsey	G. C	Test	1440	
925 926	Hesper Highlandville.	Rock Spring Or'y Co	Ind	V. V. Johnson, Mgr.	Highlandville.	Spring Grove,	V. V. Johnson.	G. C	Test.		
927	Highlandville.	Highlandville Cr'y	Ind	Bidne, Akre & Biorgo, Props	Highlandville.	Minn	P. J. Bldue	G. C	Test.		
928	Jackson Jet	Jackson Creamery Co	Stk Co	A. Webster, Pres	Waucoma	Waucoma	R. M. Barbour.	8.& G.C	Test.	74	428
929	Nordness	Nordness Creamery	Stk Co	J. N. Bragestad, Mgr	Nordness	Nordness	G. H. Thune Eric Clement	G. C	Test.		
930	Nordness Ossian	Red Oak Cr'y Co Silver Spring Cr'y Co	Stk Co	O. G. Haugen, Sec T. Scheidemantel, M		Ossian	Wm. Speicher	G. C	Test.		
931	Ridgeway	Lincoln Farmers' Oc-op.				Ridgeway	G. A. Bakken.	G. C	Test.		
	Didenman	Cr'y Ass'n	Co-op.	H. James Paley, Sec. L. T. Fasse, Prop	Ridgeway	Ridgeway	L. T. Fasse	8 & G.C.	Test.		
933	Spillville	Spillville Cr'y Co	Stk Co	Henry Henser		Conover	J. A. Dostal	G. C	Test.		
001	Woodbury Cou	ntu				1				27	
		The state of the s	A	G ID Disabuan Can	Anthon	Anthon	A. B. Barnett	Sep'tr	Hd.		
935 936	Anthon	Anthon Creamery Co Climbing Hill Cr'y	Ind	DeWitt Goodrich	Chimoing mill.	Luton	DeW.Goodrich	Sep'tr	Test.	1237	189
930	Correctionvil'e	Correctionville Cr'y	Stk Co	T. H. Bosanko	Cushing	Cushing	John Wilson	Sep'tr	Hd.		
938	Cushing	Cushing Creamery Danbury Creamery		Wilson & Ohisen W. C. Hayden	Danbury	Danbury	Wm Servage	Sep'tr	Test	1417	365
939	Danbury Kingsley	Rutland Creamery Co	Stk Co	Benton Potter, Mgr.	Kingsley	Kingsley Smithland	Marius Jensen. W. H. Olen	Sep'tr	Test.	1413	357
941	smithlard	Sloux Valley Creamery.	Ind	N. R. Hathaway	Stoux City	Switmant	III LAI SIGNITIO		-		
								1	1	. 1	

Office record Number.	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CREAMERY.	Operated by an individual, co-	NAME OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF BUTTER-MAKER	Separator, gathered cream, or both.	Method of receiving milk - by the test or by the hundred.	to	No. of D. U. pi-
	Worth County										
942 943 944 945 946 947	Bolan Bristol. Fertile Grafton Kensett Lake Mills.	Bolan Creamery Norman Creamery (8) Fertile Co-op, Dairy Co. Grafton Cr'y Ass'n Danville Co-op, Or'y A. Nordland Cr'y	Co-op. Co-op. Ind	B. G. Richardson, M. M. Buehrer, Mgr E.E. Thoen, Sec	Eldora	Bolan Manly Jct Grafton Kensett Kensett	J. L. Blunt J. A. Johnson. Y. H. Eckstein. Gilbert Olson H. G. Gulbrand- son	Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.		
948 949 950 951 952	Manly	Farmers' Co-op. Cr'y Brookfield Cr'y Ass'n Hartland Dairy Ass'n Farmers' B. & C. Ass'n Tenold Cr'y Ass'n	Co-op. Co-op.	W. H. Meldrim, Sec. J. B. Thompson, M. Ole N. Grefsheim, S. A. W. Colladay, Sec. O. G. Anderson, Sec.	Manly Northwood Silver Lake Northwood Tenold	Manly Jct Northwood Northwood Northwood	J.F Cochonour A.Gulbranson. G. G. Rugland. J. Siverling N. O. Dahlen	G. C Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test. Test.	1414	
-	Wright County					Mark Control					
953 954 955 956	Belmond Bruce Clarion	Belmond Creamery Norway Co-op. Cr'y Clarion Creamery Ass'n McMurty Bros (8)	Ind Co-op. Co-op. Ind	H. Baxter, Sec O. P. Morton, Sec McMurty Bros.	Belmond Bruce Clarion Goldfield	Belmond Clarion	E. E. Gates W. L. Channer. J. D. Denison.	Sep'tr Sep'tr S& G.O Sep'tr	Test	135	3 37
957 958	Eagle Grove	Eagle Grove Cr'y	Ind Co-op.	Sam Middleton, Pro. W. E. Henely, Sec.	Eagle Grove	Eagle Grove	Sam Middleton Fred Gingerich	8.& G.U	. Test	128	1 219
959 960	Galt	Fountain B. & C. Fac	Co-op.	John Heiden, Pres B. P. Scott	Goldfield	Goldfield	B. P. Scott	Sep'tr.	Test.		
961 962	Goldfield Goldfield Palsville Rowan.	Fountain B. & C.Fac. (8) McMurty Bros Palsville Creamery Co Rowan Co-op, Cr'y Co	Ind Co-op.	McMurty Bros A. W. Finch, Sec	Goldfield Palsville	Goldfield Palsville Rowan	John Campbell Chas. O. Way. E. V. Campbell	Sep'tr	Test. Test. Test. Test.	1	6 2 8 41

IOWA CHEESE FACTORY LIST.

Arranged alphabetically according to counties and towns near which factory is located, together with information pertaining to each.

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CHEESE FACTORY.	Operated by individual, co-operative or st'ck company.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRI- ETOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF CHEESE-MAKER.	Method of receiving milk—by the test or by the bundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. C. pi- pette.
	Appanoose Co	unty.		Children of Bullion		In the second	Wat Indiana			
1 2 3 4	Moravia.	Iconium Star Cheese Co Moulton Cheese Factory Ray Cheese Co	Stk Co Ind	H. A. Thompson, Sec Sam Johnson, Sec A. Dickson R. F. Main, Sec	Iconium Moravia Moulton Ray	Moravia Moravia Moulton Main Station.	Jos. Elswick R. E Stoops A. Dickson Al Webster	Hd. Hd. Hd. Hd.		
	Benton Count	у.				seasons.	inches and the		-	
5 6 7	Atkins New Hall Rogerville	Brookside	Ind Ind Ind	A. C. Stewart, Mgr A. C. Stewart, Mgr R. E. Fairbanks	New Hall New Hall Rogerville	Atkins New Hall Garrison	F. W. Johnson. J. H. Huyck R.E. Fairbanks	Hd. Hd. Hd.	1389	344
	*Black Hawk C	ounty.			miles P					
8 9	Waterloo	Waterloo Cheese Factory	Stk Co Stk Co	The Fowler Co	Waterloo	Waterloo	F. Wightman F. Wightman	Test. Test.		

Office record	LOCATED AT OR NEAR.	NAME OF CHEESE FACTORY.	Operated by individual, co-operative or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SECRETARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF CHEESE-MAKER.	Method of receiving milk - by the test or by the hundred.	No. of D. C. test bottle.	No. of D. O. pl-
	Bremer Coun	ty.					777			
10	Janesville	Janesville*	Stk Co	The Fowler Co	Waterloo	Janesville	A. M. Royer	Test.		
	Clayton Coun	ty.					100			
11	Edgewood	Ldgewood Cheese Factory.	Ind	H. E. Willard	Edgewood	Edgewood	H. E Willard	Test.		
	Cerro Gordo C	ounty.					1		1	
12 13	Burchinal Mason City	Burchinal Cheese Factory. Lincoln Dairy Co	Ind Co-op.	T. R. Coates, Prop R. Pethick, Sec	Burchinal Mason City	Burchinal Mason City	Louis Hoffman Will Dutton	Hd. Hd.		
	Clarke Coun	ty.	113							
14	Weldon	Weldon Cheese Factory	Ind	L. M. Parr & Co	Weldon	Weldon	L. M. Parr	Hd.		
	Dallas County.				-					
15	Woodward	Woodward*	Ind	H. P. Calonkey, Prop	Woodward	Woodward	A. B. Calonkey	Test.		1
	Decatur Coun	ty.			NA THE					
16	Bracewell	Snow's Cheese Factory	Ind	A. A. Snow, Prop	Bracewell	Lineville	A. A. Snow	Hd.		
	Floyd County.				DOM:					
17 18	Charles City Charles City	Elm Spring St. Charles Creamery Ass'n	Ind Co-op.	H. D. White, Mgr	Charles City Charles City	Charles City.	H. D. White F. M. Huyck	Hd. Hd.		
	Greene Coun	ty.					100			
19	Dana	Dana Co-op. Cr'y Co	Co-op	W. J. Elling, Sec	Dana	Dana	W. J. Elling	Test.		

	Grundy Coun	ty.	1		1	1	1	1 1	1
20	Reinbeck	Reinbeck*	Stk Co	The Fowler Co	Waterloo	Reinbeck	G. A. Place	Test.	
	Guthrie Coun	ty.							
21	Jamaica	A. H. Chadsey	Ind	A. H. Chadsey	Jamaica	Jamacia	A. H. Chadsey.	Hd.	
	Hancock Coun	ty.							
22	Britt	Britt Dairy-B, & C	Ind	Geo. P. Hardwick, Prop	Britt	Britt	G. P. Hardwick		
	Hardin Coun	ty.			97 27				
23	Ellis.	Ellis Cheese = actory	Stk Co	W. I. Clark, Mgr	Iowa Falls	Iowa Falls	E. Clark	Hd.	
	Henry County								
24	Mt. Pleasant	Pleasant Hill	Ind	Neal Campbell	Mt. Pleasant	Mt. Pleasant	E. J. Elmer.		
	Howard Coun	ty.			1 1 1 1 1 1 T				
25 26	Cresco	Cresco Cheese Factory Clover Leaf Cheese Fact'ry	Ind Ind	Wm. Kellow, Jr	Cresco	Cresco	W. N. Lathrop J. J. House	Test 142 Hd 144	3 37 17 39
	Humboldt Co	unty.							
27 28 29	Renwick Renwick	Fred Klasse Factory Fred Speich Elmer Factory	Ind	Fred Sneich	Renwick Renwick	Renwick		Hd. Hd. Hd.	
	Jefferson Cou	nty.							-
30	Pleasant Plain	Pleasant Plain	Co-op.	Joseph Ginther, Sec	Pleasant Plain	Pleasant Pl'n	W. J. Alter	Test.	
	Johnson Coun	ty.							
31	Iowa City	Sharon Cheese Co	Со-ор.	J. T. Jones, Sec	Iowa City	Iowa City	W. D. Berkey .	Hd.	1
31	Keokuk Coun	ty.			STORES OF				
32	Talleyrand	Talleyrand	Stk Co	L. M. Tucker, Sec	Talleyrand	Keota	C. Tucker	Test.	
	Kossuth Coun	ty.		The state of the s	N. V. VIII			115	
33 34	Luverne	D. Marty's * Pioneer Cheese Co	Ind Stk Co	D. Marty S. B. Hefty, Sec	Luverne Renwick	Luverne	Mary Marty Elbert Staffin	Hd. Hd.	

IOWA CHEESE FACTORY LIST-CONTINUED.

Office record number.	3	NAME OF CHEESE FACTORY.	Operated by in- dividual, co-op- erative or stock company.	NAME OF PROPRIETOR, SEURSTARY OR MANAGER.	P. O. ADDRESS OF PROPRIE- TOR, SECRE- TARY OR MANAGER.	SHIPPING STATION.	NAME OF CHEESE-MAKER.	ing milk - by the test or by the hundred.	bottle. No. of D. C. pl-
35	Lee County. Denmark Linn County.	Denmark	Ind	Thos. G. Currier	Fort Madison	Fort Madison.	W. R. Griffith.	Hđ.	
36 37 38	Louisa	Louisa Cheese Factory Gray's Springville				Louisa. Cedar Rapids. Cedar Rapids.	Mrs. W.R. Carol W. R. Carol	Hd.	
	Marshall Cou	nty.				ovani znipiasi	77 201 03000 111	AA SA	
39 40	Luray La Moille	Luray Linn Brook	Ind Ind	Parsons Bros	Luray La Moille	Luray La Moille	William Mayo.	Hd.	
	Monroe Count	y.							-
41 43 43 44 45 46 47 48	Selection. Albia. Albia. Albia. Albia.	J. C. Hollingshead	Co-op Ind Ind Ind	S. G. Bone J. M. M. Roberts, Sec. Daniel Gholson, Prop. Sam. G. Hinton J. C. Hollingshead H. Griffin Harry Pharis F. W. Crouch	Albia	Albia Blakesburg Albia Albia Albia Albia Albia Albia Albia	S. F. Gholson Sam G. Hinton J.Hollingshead	Hd. Hd. Hd. Hd. Hd. Hd. Hd.	
	Montgomery C								
49		Grant Cheese Factory	Ind	John Hinton, Prop	Grant	Elliott	John Hinton	Hd.	
	Muscatine Co								
50	Muscatine	Muscatine French Ch. Fac.	Ind	Herman Schulz, Prop	Muscatine.				

	Page County.									1
51	Northboro	Northboro	Ind	W. H. Hatfield	Northboro	Northboro	W. H. Hatfield.	Hd.		
	Poweshiek Cou	nty.	71							
52 53 54	Grinnell Jacobs	Chester Center Neely's Cheese Factory Jacobs	Ind	J. E. Neely, Prop	Grinnell	Grinnell	W. W. Sherman J. E. Bortell K. Buhulty	Test.	1049	100
	Ringgold Coun	ty.								
55 56	Mt. Ayr Tingley	Liberty Cheese Co Tingley Cheese Factory	Co-op. Ind	J. E. Main, Sec	Mt. Ayr Tingley	Mt. Ayr Tingley.	Guy C. Imus	Test.		
	Sac County.									
57 58		Otter Valley Creamery Blue Grass B. & C. Factory*	Ind	Aug. Sundell	Kiron Sac City	Kiron Sac City	M. Blaser. F. Hillman	Test.		
	Story County.									
59	Ames	I. A. C. Cheese Factory*	State.	G. L. McKay, Mgr	Ames	Ames	G. L. McKay	Test.		
	Tama County.									
60	Dysart	Gold Dust Factory	Ind	R. E. Fairbanks	Rogerville	Dysart	P.B. Fairbanks	Hđ.		
	Taylor County									
61			Ind	Eastlack Bros., Prop'trs E. Schoonover	Sharpsburg Guss	Sharpsburg Nodaway	G. S. Eastlack. E. Schoonover.			
	Warren Count	y.								
68	Mllo	Belmont Cheese Factory	Ind	John Keller	Milo	Milo	John Keller	Hd.		
	Washington C	ounty.			200113					
64 65 66	Dublin	Dublin Cheese Factory	Stk Co	H. Diekson	Clay Dubiin West Chester		O. W. Hoke M. L. Doane	Test. Hd. Hd.		
	Wayne County									
61		Lineville Cheese Factory Promise City Cheese Co	Ind , Co-op.	Matthew De Haan C. Frank, Sec	Lineville Promise City	Lineville Promise City	Mat. De Haan. Jas. P. Brown .			
	Wright County									
65	Clarlon	Wall Lake Cheese Factory.	Ind	Benjamin Umbreit	Morbain	Galt	B. W. Umbreit.	Test .	1496	4

^{*} Makes both butter and cheeese.

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