REPORT

OF THE

STATE UNIVERSITY

OF IOWA.

OCTOBER 1, 1877.

DES MOINES:_ R. P. CLARKSON, STATE PRINTER 1877;

IOWA CITY, IOWA, October 1, 1877.

HON. C. W. VON COELLN, Superintendent of Public Instruction of the State of Iona.

Six.—Attached, we herewith transmit to you the Biennial Report of the Board of Regents of the State University of Iowa, including the Report of the President to the Governor, exofficio President of the Board of Regents, as required by law.

This Report covers the Period commencing October 1, 1875, and ending October 1, 1877.

By order of the Board of Regents.

Respectfully,

WM. J. HADDOCK, Secretary.

FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF REGENTS.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Interest bearing Mortgage notes\$	197,849.52	
Contract notes taken in part payment of lands sold	15,343.36	
Saline Fund	4,106,85	
Cash on hand	1,047.53	
Total working capital		\$218,347.2
Property purchased at Sheriff's sale\$	2,100.00	
Lands unsold - estimated value	13,500.00	
Total assets		\$233,947.5
ASSETS JUNE 15, 1877.		
Mortgage notes	194 803 13	
Contract notes on lands sold, &c		
Saline Fund	4,106.85	
Cash on hand	8,554.54	
Total working capital		\$218,347.5
Property purchased at Sheriff's sale\$		
Lands unsold—estimated value		
Total assets		\$233,947.5
ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 1877.		
Mortgage notes	195,423.13	
Contract notes, &c	10,357.74	
Saline Fund	4,106.85	
Cash on hand	8,459.54	
Working capital	-	\$218,347.2
	2,100.00	
Property purchased at Sheriff's sale\$		
Property purchased at Sheriff's sale\$ Lands unsold—estimated value		

The Principal fund since last report, June 20, 1875, was increased of the following lands, to-wit:	by the sale
NE qr. of NE qr. 19-71-23	\$160.00 . 280.00

Total increase since June 20, 1875......\$920.00

The Unsold Lands of the University are Located as follows:

Dallas county	110.00	acres.
Davis county1	037.36	acres.
Decatur county	280,00	acres.
Lucas county	232.34	acres
	40.00	acres.
Union county	280.00	
Wapello county		acres.
Warren county	50.00	aures.

Saline Lands.

Appanoose county	,895.78	acres.
Davis county		acres.
Decatur county	160,00	acres.
Lucas county	600,00	acres.
Monroe county	160.00	acres.
Wayne county	311.32	acres.
Donated lands	560.00	acres.
Lands purchased at Sheriff's sale	160.00	acres.
	-	

Total acres......5,946,80

EXHIBIT.

Showing Income of University from June 20th, 1875, to June 20th, 1876.

Balance on hand\$	7,770.80
Received from Tuition, Collegiate	3,310.00
Received from Tuition, Law	3,300.00
Received from Tuition, Medical	3,233.00
Received from Appropriation	17,250.00
Received from Interest on Mortgage and Contract Notes	18,396.30
Received from Societies for gas furnished	9.00

EXHIBIT.

Showing Income of University from June 20th, 1876, to Received Tuition, Collegiate		
Received Tuition, Law		
Received Tuition, Medical		
Received Graduation fees-Medical	370.00	
Received from Appropriations	11,864.24	
Received from Interest on Mortgage and Contract notes.		
Received from sale of barn on Observatory lot		
Balance overdrawn, June 15, 1877	5,002.38	
Total Income for two years ending June 15, 1877		\$97,633.50

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid on	Secretary's Warrants to June 20, 1876	\$50,388.12	
Paid on	Warrants to June 15, 1877	46,964.38	
Paid on	Incidentals, per bill	281.00	
		-	\$97,633.50

JOHN N. COLDREN, Treasurer.

IX

SECRETARY'S REPORT

the same, of course. as the periods are different, but for same time the amounts are exactly expenditures is made from October 1st, 1875, to October 1st, 1877, thus port from the amount as shown in the schedule of warrants in as much The amount shown as paid will of course differ in the Treasurer's reshowing the actual biennial expenditure, as required by the statute port only from such rests and settlements. The itemized report of the regular meeting in June of each year, and hence the Treasurer can re urer are settled and duly balanced by the Board of Regents at the from June 20th, 1875, to June 15th, 1877. The accounts of the Treas. It will be observed that the Treasurer's report in the foregoing extends

EXPENDITURES.

The following Exhibit shows the Expenditures of the Income Fund of the University from October 1, 1875, to October 1, 1877, being a list of the Warrants drawn on the Treasurer of the Institution for that Period.

It also shows for what General Purposes the Money was expended, to-wit:

DATE.	Number of Warrant,	TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATIONS.	Amount.
Oet. Oet. Oet. Oet. Oet. Oet. Oet. Oet.	2 2509 2 2561 2 2561 2 2562 2 2563 2 2564 4 2565 5 2586 6 2587 6 2589 9 2571 9 2571 9 2571 9 2573 0 2574 1 2575 4 2576 6 2580 8 2580 9 2573 0 2573 0 2574 1 2585 6 2589 9 2573 0 2574 1 2585 6 2589 9 2575 1 2588 1 2588	John Meyers. S. J. Switzer Shrim & Skrabal. Prof. P. H. Philorick. Prof. P. H. Philorick. Prof. N. R. Leonard. S. L. Saunders John Whetstone Miss S. F. Loughridge. Prof. S. R. Leonard. Wind Hammond. Prof. S. F. Houghridge. Prof. G. L. Pinkham Prof. S. Fellows Wm. G. Hammond. Ww. M. Green William Willi	Balance fuel appropriation. Chapel fixing appropriation. Salary on account. Salary on account. Incidental appropriation. Salary on account. Incidental appropriation. Salary on account. Chapel fixing appropriation. Observatory appropriation. Chapel fixing appropriation. Medical janitor opportation. Chapel fixing appropriation. Salary on account. Chapel appropriation. Salary on account. Chapel appropriation propriation. Outstanding bills appropriation. Incidental appropriation. Salary on account.	\$ 355 2005 1500 144 1000 9 122 75, 1000 150. 48, 6, 72, 34, 4, 89, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 100. 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50,

OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS.	RT
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Number of	TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATIONS.	
NOV. 4 2586 NOV. 5 2586 NOV. 6 2586 NOV. 6 2586 NOV. 6 2586 NOV. 12 2691 NOV. 12 2691 NOV. 12 2691 NOV. 13 2695 NOV. 14 2695 NOV. 15 2695 NOV. 15 2695 NOV. 15 2695 NOV. 16 2695 NOV. 17 2615 NOV. 18 2695 NOV. 19 2615 NOV. 19 2615 NOV. 19 2615 NOV. 19 2615 NOV. 19 2616 NOV. 19 2626 NOV. 20 2622 NOV. 20 2622 NOV. 20 2622	Harmon Ruppin Prof. C. A. Eggert Prof. A. N. Currier John Meyers John Meyers William Green Prof. W. Preston Prof. W. Preston Prof. H. Philbrick George Thacher. C. F. L. H. Philbrick George Thacher. C. F. L. Patterson C. F. L. Patterson C. F. L. Pratterson C. F. L. Pratterson C. F. L. Pratterson C. F. L. W. W. Cooke Jansen, McClurg & Co. Jansen, McClu	Salary on account	62.5000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.0

Nov.	23 2626 Prof. J. C. Shrader	Salary on account.	150.00
Nov.	23 627 K F Backenstos	Wood sawing appropriation	4,90
Nov.	23 2628 John P. Irish	Printing appropriation	25.35
Nov.	23 2629 Sisters of Mercy.	Medical department appropriation	2.05
Nov.	23 2630 New England Journal	Advertising law department	15.20
Nov.	23 2831 Nonparell Frinting Company		20,10
Nov.	23 2632 Richardson Bros.	Advertising law department	20,10
Nov.	24 2633 Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	275,00
Nov.	24 2634 Davenport Gazette Company	Advertising law department	12.10
Nov	24 2655 Ham & Carver	Advertising law department.	12.10
Nov.	24 2636 George Tieman & Co.	Medical department appropriation	3,10
Nov.	24 2637 E. B. Mevers	Law library appropriation	23,20
Nov.	24 2638 Miller & Richardson	Advertising law department	
		Advertising law department.	10.10
Nov.	24 2639 New York Tribune Company	Advertising law department.	23.60
Nov.	24 2640 Argus Printing Company		5.10
Nov.	24 2641 Prof. G. L. Pinkham		100.00
Nov.	24 2642 George W. Marquardt		15.55
Nov.	27 2643 Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary on account	150.00
Nov.	27 2614 Gustavus C. Hubner	Salary on account.	175.00
Nov.	27 2645 Dr. E. F. Clapp	Dissecting material	200,00
Nov.	27 2646 John P. Irish	Printing appropriation	8.00
Nov.	29 2647 S. L. Saunders	. Incidental appropriation	6.72
Nov.	29 2648 W. & L. E. Gurley	Outstanding bills ordered by board	16,00
Nov.	29 2649 Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary on account.	200,00
Nov.	29 2650 Miss M. E. Apthorp	Salary on account	200,00
Nov.	29 2651 Miss S, F, Loughridge	Salary on account.	125,00
Nov.	19 2052 Allin, Wilson & Smith	Library \$16.55: Philbrick's appropriation \$18.61	35.16
Dec.	1 2653 William Louis & Bro	Medical department appropriation	16.98
Dec.	1 2654 Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary on aggregate	150,00
Dec.	1 2655 Prof. C. A. Eggert	Calary on account	150.00
Dec.	1 2656 Prof. W. D. Middleton	Salary on account	225.00
Dec.	2 2657 United States Express Company	Talaly of a	9,80
Dec.	2 2658 William Green	The definition of the state of	
Dec.	2 2000 Telegraphy Manager	Medical partor, one month's salary	40.00
	2 2659 John Meyers	Grounds appropriation	25.00
Dec.	2 2660 Prof. G. Hinrichs	Salary on account	850,00
Dec.	4 2881 A. N. Currier	Liorary approriotion	75.00
Dec.	4 2862 Prof. A. N. Currier	Salary on account	150,30
Dec.	4 2668 Prof. Samuel Calvin	Salary on account	350,00
Dec.	4 2664 L, Allbee	Wood sawing appropriation	6.05
Dec.	4 2665 William Marshall	[Library, \$4.00: military, \$8.80; fuel, \$14.75	27,55
Dec.	4 2666 William J. Haddock	Salary on account	200,00
Dec.	6 2667 T. K. Wilson	Medical department appropriation	50.00
Dec.	7 2668 Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	150.00
Dec.	7 2669 Prof. W. F. Peck	Salary on account	250.00
Dec.	8 2070 President George Thacher	Salary on account	200,00
Dec.	11 2671 T. J. Rigg	Medical department appropriation	21,20
Dec.	11 2672 Daniel Corlett	Grounds appropriation	18,50
Dec.	11 2673 W M. Martin	Incidental appropriation	4.75
Dec.	11 2674 E. Bixby	Incidental appropriation	16.50
Dec.	13 2675 Allin, Wilson & Smith	Civil engineering appropriation	55,08
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DATE. Number	TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATIONS.	Amount
1876 200	Sames Lee 7 Howell & Clark 8 Chancellor W. G. Hammond 9 Wm. G. M. Hobby 9 Wm. G. M. Hobb	Advertising, law department. Law department, advertising. Law department, advertising. Medical department appropriation, 57.85, incidental, 86.98. Wood sawing appropriation Salary on account. Assistant teacher's appropriation. Lectures, eye and ear Medical department appropriation. Incidental. Wood sawing appropriation. Salary on account. Medical department appropriation. Salary on account. Medical department appropriation. Salary on account. Medical department appropriation. Salary on account. Salary on account.	16.10 223 97 223 97 27.18 1.18 1.19 27.18 1.19 27.18 1.19 27.18 2.19 27.18 2.19 27.18 28 29 29 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21

876.	8 2705	Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary on account	1
	3 2706	Prof. G. Hinrichs	Salary on account	- 4
	3 2707	Prof. Samuel Calvin	Salary on account	1
	2 9708	Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account)
	2 2700	Miss Blanche H. Lee	Salary on account	1
	9 2716	Wm. Green	One month, medical janitor	
	4 2711	James W. Queen & Co	Outstanding bills appropriation	
	5 9719	Alex. Brennernan	Wood sawing appropriation	
	6 2713	Samuel Calvin	Calvin's appropriation	
		D. H. Young	Wood sawing	
	11 2715	J. T. Deven	Medical department appropriation	
		Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	
		Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	1
		John P. Irish	Printing appropriation	3
		David G. Franers	Calvin's appropriation.	
	7 2720	George Tomlin	Incidental	
17	7 2721	B, F, Hoyt	Additional lanitor appropriation	
1	7 2722	S. L. Saunders	Incidental	
T.	7 2723	U. S. Express Co.	Incidental	
1	8 2794	W. W. Cooke	Wood sawing	
-	8 9795	Miss M. E. Apthorp	Salary on account	
8	8 9798	Price & Wilson	Printing appropriation	
		Mozier & Coast	Medical dep't appropriation, \$16.74; military ap., \$30.35	
- 1	0 9708	George Thacher	Library appropriation	
- 5	04 9220	C. F. Loviace	Incidental	- 0
- 2	1 9720	Prof. W. D. Middleton	Salary on account	î
	0 0701	Harmon Ruppin	One month's salary on account	-
- 2	10 mon	John D Parsons	Law library appropriation	1
- 2	0 9799	E. B. Meyers	Law library appropriation	
- 7	0 9704	Prof. W. C. Preston		1
1	00 CTOT	Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary on account	1
		Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary on account	i
		C. F. Lovlace		-
1.5	1010 II	G. F. LOVISCO	Incidental	1
- 8		Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	
		James Lee		
		Wm, Green	Medical janitor	
			Salary on account	1
	1 2742	Emma Haddock	Incidental	
	1 2743	Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	1
	2 2794	Prof. J. C. Shrader	Salary on account	2
	2 2740	John Glenn	Medical department appropriation	- 2
	2 2/46	Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary on account	L
	3 2/47	Prof. W. F. Peck	Salary on account	2
1	£ 2748	Wm. J. Haddock	Traveling expenses, incidental	-
1	7 2749	Mills & Co.	Law library and incidental	2
1	9 2750	Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	1
1	9 2751	George Tomlin	Incidental	1
-1	9 2752	Dr. J. B. Charlton	Salary, medical department	2

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DATE. Number	TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATIONS.	Amount
1876. eb. 19 2757eb. eb. 19 2757eb. 19 2754eb. 20	Dr. W. D. Middleton. Wm. M. Martin. United States Express Company Hugh Brown. W. D. Tisdale. Allin, Wilson & Smith. Press Geo, Thecker. Prof. P. R. Toncher. Prof. P. H. Philbrick. Chancellor Hammond. B. F. Hoyt. B. F. Hoyt. B. F. Hoyt. Frof. P. H. Lovarra. Miss S. F. Loughridge. Prof. P. R. Legert. John Schneiser. Prof. P. A. Pinkham. A. Morsman. A. Morsman. A. Morsman. A. Morsman. Prof. G. L. Finkham. A. J. Hersbire. Prof. G. H. States B. M. B.	Incidental Observatory appropriation Incidental Saiary on account Library appropriation Saiary on account Incidental Saiary on account Incidental Saiary on account	100 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

March	3 2790	Prof. E. F. Clapp	Salary in full for year \$	450,00
March	4 2791	Joseph Pisha	Mosic, medical department appropriation	15.00
Marci	4 2792	Wm. A. Morrison	Medical department appropriation	53,15
March	4 2793	Prof. Sam'i Calvin	Salary on account	150,00
March	4 2794	Wm, M, Martin	Incidental	2,95
:: March	6 2795	Wm, Marshall	Fuel appropriation	65,70
Merch	8 2796	Judge John F, Dillon	Salary in full for year	300,00
March	8 2797	Wm, J. Haddock	Outstanding bills appropriation	27.20
March	8 2798	Dr. Mark Ranney	Salary in full	100,00
March	18 2799	George Tomlin	Incidental appropriation	29,75
March	16 2800	Prof. W. C. Preston	Salary on account	100,00
March	16 2801	W. D. Tisdale	Salary on account	80,00
March	17.2802	S. L. Saunders	Incidental	5,25
March	17 2803	H A. Hurlburt & Co	Medical department appropriation	76,43
March	17 2804	B. F. Hoyt	Additional builtor salary	10.00
		John P. Irish		14.75
March	20:2808	Wm. J. Haddock	Incidental expenses	35.80
March	90 2807	Reeve & Campbell	Incidental exponent	42,00
March	21 2808	Olver Startsman	Incidental	4.00
Manal	99 9800	K. E. Backenstos	Wood sawing appropriation	2.28
March	26 2810	R. E. Dickellstos	Wood sawing appropriation	8.31
March	05 9011	Hazard & Stephens	Grounds appropriation.	150,00
March	20 2811	Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	
Marci	25 2812	John C. Coldren	Treasurer's salary	500,00
March	25 2813	Sisters of Mercy Hospital		4.00
March	27 2814	Prof. C. A. Eggert	Salary in full for year	900.00
Marci	27 2815	Harmon Ruppin	Salary for one month	62.50
March	28 2816	Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	125,00
March	29 2817	J. J. Hamilton	Incidental teaching appropriation	30,00
March	31 2818	Dr. R. W. Pryce	Salary on account	100,00
March	30 2819	Gustavus C. Hubner	Salary on account	175,00
March	30 2820	Miss S, F, Loughridge,	Salary on account	100:00
March	30 2821	W. W. Cooke	Incidental appropriation	12.00
March	81 2892	John Glenn	Incidental appropriation	6,05
March	21 2823	Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary on account	150.00
April	2 2821	Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	150,00
April	1 2305	Miss B H. Lee	Salary on account	175.00
April	1 9898	Duck N D Leonard	Salary on account	150,00
April	5 9000	Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary on account	
April	0 0000	Prof. W. C. Preston	Salary on account	75.00
	70 0000	Wm, M, Martin	Incidental	6.10
April	10 2829	Prof. A. N. Currier	Salary on account	200,00
April	12 2830	James Lee	Library appropriation	100,44
April	13 2831	Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary on account	100,00
April	13 2832	John Meyers	Incidental	3,00
April	14 2833	Prof. J. M. Love	Salary as law professor	1.000.00
April	17 2834	B. F. Hoyt.	Additional lanitor appropriation.	10,00
April	18 2885	Allin, Wilson & Smith	Philbrick's account, and Calvin's account.	121.76
April	18 2836	George Tomlin	Additional janitors appropriation	24,50
April	18 2837	Dr. George Thacher	Salary on account	600.00
A ril	18 2838	Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary on account	225.00
Angli	10 2890	Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary or account	100.00
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Number of	TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATIONS.	Amount.
April 19 284 April 282 A	C. W. Slagie	Advertising medical department intertising medical department Medical department appropriation. Salary on account. Salary in account. Medical department appropriation Incidental Gas appropriation. Incidental appropriation. Salary on account. Medical department appropriation. Medical department appropriation. Medical department appropriation. Salary on account. Salary on account. Salary on account. Incidental appropriation and grounds appropriation. Medical department appropriation and grounds appropriation. Medical appropriation appropriation. Medical department appropriation. Medical department appropriation Hinrichs' appropriation Hinrichs' appropriation Hinrichs' appropriation Hinrichs' appropriation Medical department and dissecting appropriations Medical department appropriation Medical department appropriation Medical department appropriation Additional janitor appropriation Additional janitor appropriation Medical department appropriation	\$ 5.10 10.15 15.00 116.20 110.00 115.

May	20 2868 Levi Kauffman	Grounds appropriation	29.30	-
May	23 2869 Nixon & D.e	Incidental	11.60	877
May	23 2870 Sheets, Gesburg & Co	Incidental	4.00	~1
May	27 2871 University Reporter	Printing appropriation	24.00	-
May	27 2872 Prof. S. N. Currier	Salary on account	150,00	
May	27 2878 Joseph Pisha	Incidental	10.60	
May	29 2874 Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	75.00	
May	20 2875 Harmon Ruppin	Salary in account	62,50	
May	80 2876 Alex, Brennanan	Wood sawing appropriation	2.45	
June	1 2877 Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary on account	225.00	
June	1 2878 Miss M. E. Apthorp	Salary on account	200,00	100
June	1 2879 Prof. G. Hiurichs	Salary on account	450,00	REPO
June	1 2880 Dr. W. S. Robertson	Medical department appropriation	20,00	P
June	1 2:81 E. B. Meyers	Law library appropriation	14.20	73
June	1 282 Wm. Green	Grounds appropriation	35,00	0
June	1 283 Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary on account	150.00	RT
June	1 2884 Gus. C. Hubner	Assi-tant teacher's salary	175,00	H
June	1 285 Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary on account	200.00	0
June	2 2-86 Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	200,00	751
June	2 287 W. D. Tisdale	Salary on a count	65.00	143
June	2 2888 Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary in full	450,00	113
June	3 2889 Prof. Samuel Calvin	Salary on account	300,00	田
June	3 2990 Allin, Wilson & Smith	Philbrick's appropriation, and ilbrary.	28,25	8
June	5 2.91 Miss Blanche Lee	Salary on account	175,00	
June	6 2992 Mozier & Coast.	Commencement incidental	15,00	89
June	8 2003 Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	150,00	0
June	8 2091 S. L. Saunders	Incidental appropriation	6,75	Dani
June	9 2995 Wm, G. Hammond.	Salary in full for one year	1,250, 0	N
June	10 2996 George Thacher	Incidental appropriation	30,69	0
June	10 2997 John Meyers	Grounds appropriation	27,00	-
June	12 2998 Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary in full for year	450,00	0
June	13 2999 Prof. A. N. Currier	Salary in full for year	450,: 0	(2)
June	13 290.1 Amos N. Currier	Library appropriation	56.23	-
June	13 2901 Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary in full for year	400,00	22
June	13 2902 Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary in full for year	450.03	(型)
June	13 2903 James Lee	Library appropriation	13.75	92
June	13 2904 Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary in full for year.	450,00	REGE
June	14 2905 Prof. G. Hinrichs	Salary in full for year	450.00	NTS
June	14 2906 Prof. Samuel Calvin		450.00	H
June	14 2000 Frot. Samuel Calvin	salary in full for year	425 00	6/2
June	14 2907 Prof. W. C. Preston	Salary in full for year Salary in full for year	900 00	-
	14 2800 Miss Phoeoe Scholleid.	Salary in full for year,	400.00	
June	14 2909 Miss S. F. Loughridge	Salary in full for year	200,00	
June		Salary in ion for year.	375.03	
June			500,00	
Jnne			400.00	
June		Salary in full for year		
June			62.50	
June	14 29 5 W. D. Tisdate	Salary in full for year	175.00	164
	14 2916 Miss Blanche Lee		125.00	0
June	14 2917 Gus. C. Hubner	Salary in full for year	157,00	H

REPORT	
OF	
THE	
BOARD	
OF	
REGENTS.	

DATE. OF TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATION.	Amount.
A. S. Weich	Additions junior appropriation Additions junior appropriation Medical department appropriation Medical department appropriation Incidental Printing appropriation Printing appropriation Incidental Leonard's appropriation Commencement expenses Incidental Expert's appropriation Incidental Commencement expenses Incidental In	\$ 35.6 9.0 11.8.4 44.2 1.6.1 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.

Aug.		Incidental appropriation	35.86
Aug.	32 W. A. Coyle	Incidental appropriation	61.52
Aug. 10	33 N. H. Brainerd	Postage appropriation	32.92
Aug. 16	3i Michael Shubert	Grounds appropriation, for mowing,	34.50
Aug. 10	35 W. A. Morrison	Incidental	19.55
Aug. 15	36 Alpheus Rowley	Lightning rod appropriation	105.20
Aug. 19		Lightning rod and incidental	1,00
Aug. 12		Lightning rod appropriation	32,(0
Aug. 21		Lightning rod appropriation	12.00
Aug. 26		Philhrick's and incidental	141.00
Aug. 26		Catalogue appropriation	16.00
Aug. 26		Lightning rod appropriation	94.00
Aug. 28		President incidental	150.00
Aug. 20		Salary on account	62,50
Aug. 30		T. Drager a apparation	68,59
Aug. 50		Incidental appropriation	52.45
Aug. 31	47 R. B. Mahana & Co.	Incidental appropriation	8.70
Aug. 31	48 Wm. Green	Incidental appropriation	70,00
Sept. 1	49 Wm, N. Chalfant	I theory fixing appropriation	7.85
Sept. 2	50 John P. Irish	Detection and low advertising unproprietion	37.00
Sept. 2			5.10
Sept. 2	52 Fort Dodge Messenger	Law denortment advantising and printing appropriation	9.10
Sept. 2	53 Cherokee Times	Taw department advertising and printing appropriation	5.10
Sept. 2	54 Thos, G. Newman & Co	Drivillar appropriation	3.60
Sept. 2	55 Common School, per Crosby	Deintler appropriation	3.10
Sept. 2	56 Geo, D. Perkins	1 3 destilated for deposit mont	
Sept. 2	57 McGregor News	Advertising law department	5.10
Sept. 2	58 Dr. E. F. Clapp	Advertising law department.	
Sept. 2	59 The Globe, Lincoln, Neb	A deposit of the deposit of the second	25.00
Sept. 2	60 Sherman & Howard	Advertising law department	5,10
Sept. 2			5,10
Sept. 2	61 Goodman & Dickerson	Advertising University	6.10
Sept. 2	62 Miller & Richardson	Advertising University and law department	15,20
	63 S. Lucas	Advertising law department	5,10
Sept. 2 Sept. 2			17.20
Sept. 4		Catalogue appropriation	15.00
Sept. 4	66 E. Bixby		16,55
	67 Dr. George Thacher	Salary on account	200,00
Sept. 5	68 Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	50.00
		Library appropriation	100,00
Sept. 6	70 Thomas U. Carson	Incidental	10.10
Sept. 6	71 C., R. I. & P. R. R Co	Safe appropriation	19.60
Sept. 7	72 D. S. Covert & Co	Safe appropriation	2:0,40
Sept. 9	73 Wm, N. Chalfant	[Incidental	12.00
Sept. 9	74 James Barry		9,00
Sept. 9	75 Wm. Marshall	Incidental	4,00
Sept. II	76 Peter Miller	Laboratory appropriation	12.25
Sept. II	77 Mozier & Coast	Library and incidental	48,61
Sept. 12	78 John Williams	Natural science appropriation	10,00
Sept. 13	79 Ed. E. Brainard	Commencement incidental	10,00

THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

DATE. day	APPROPRIATIONS.	Amount.
1878. 18	Incidental Fuel and grounds appropriation. Salary on account. Advertising University. Salary on account. Frinting. Grounds appropriation. Grounds appropriation. Advertising University. Salary on account. Frinting. Grounds appropriation. Commencement incidental. Commencement incidental. Commencement incidental. Salary on account.	255 77 79 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 151 15

Cel. 4 18 Jocob Beard						07.00	74.0
Sect. 5 10 Wm. G. Hammond	- Commercial		250		Fuel appropriation	25,00	OK.
Sect 5 10 Wm, G, Hammond		4	118	Jacob Beard	Adv. law department		21
Oct. 1 21 Ams. Martin		D	119				
Oct. 1 21 Ams. Martin		0	150	Wm. G. Hammond	Incidental		- beauti
Sect 122 dates arry	Oct.	7			Grounds appropriation		
Cet. 1 123 John Glein, 120 Cet. 1 120 C	Oct.	7	122		Indidental		
	Oct.	9	1931	John Glenn	Including a good of the control of t		
Dect. 14 125 W. W. Berger & Son	Oct.	11	124		Salary on account		
120	Oct.	14	105	W W Barray & Son	Incidental	3,80	
Cet. 14 127 George Tomilin	Oct	14	198	Wm Marshall	Incidental	84.00	
1.83		14	1-27	George Tomlin	Incidental and additional janitor salary		
Cet. 16 129 Attantic & Facilic Telegraph Company			1:28	James Barry	Grounds appropriations	1 82	heed
Salary on account			1:0	Atlantia & Pacific Telegraph Company.	Stone walk appropriation	8.00	20
Salary on account			1:20	A D W Hort	Additional janitor appropriation	4.00	(A)
Salary on account			1190	D. P. HUNG	Library appropriation	140.70	70
Salary on account			104	E. BIXOY	Freight, stone walk appropriation	140,00	0
Salary on account			192	C., R. I. & P. R. R. CO	Fuel appropriation	0.40	222
Salary on account			133	Alex. Brennanan	Grannds and walk appropriation	8,25	1
Dec. 24 163 Frot. U.C. Howe			134	James Barry	Salary on account	100,00	
Deck 12 160 M. Section Section Section Section S			135	Prof. O. C. Howe	Incidental appropriation	5,38	0
Salary on acc unit	Oct.		136	M. A. Seydell	The Llowed uppropriation	1.50	125
Coct. 22 18 Harmon Ruppin	Oct.		137	Thomas Morrison	Include at appropriation	62,50	2.7
Det. 24 140 W. G. Hammond.	Oct.	23	138	Harmon Ruppin	Sainty on account	6.00	
Det. 24 140 W. G. Hammond	Oct.	24	1234	S I Sannders	Incidental	01.32	-
Dec. 24 141 Issae Nobes	Oct.	24	140	W G Hammond	Advertising law department and law itolary	300.00	(F)
Dect. 24 142 Weekly Indianols Herald	Oct	24	141	Isaac Nobes	Stone walk appropriation		and the same of
Oct. 24 145 Ham & Carver			149	Weakly Indianola Herald	Advertising for University		D
Oct. 24 145 Ham & Carver			142	Cliendler Lord & Co	Advertising for University	0.01	0
Oct. 24 145 Ham & Carver			147	Children, Joseph Muccosting	Adverti ing for Uni ersity.		the .
Oct. 24 146 Rich & Murphy			145	Tribune once, stuscatine	Advertising for University	10,10	tot
Oct. 24 146 Rich & Murphy			140	Ham & Carver	Advertising for University.	10,10	=
Advertising for University 10.10 E			140	Hawkeye Publishing Company	Advertising for University		
Advertising for University 1,00 2,00			147	Rich & Murphy	Advertising for University.		0
Advertising for University 1,00 2,00			148	Mahin Bros	A continue for University	8.10	Pipel
Advertising for University 10.00 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Oct.		149	Dubuque Telegraph Company	A Certification for University		
Oct. 24 151 American Journal of Education	. Uct.		150	Conservative office	Advertising of University		Ħ
Oct. 24 151 American Journal of Education	Oct.	24	151	Republican Printing Company		5.10	Peri
Oct. 24 151 American Journal of Education	Oct.	234	152	I M Hedrick & Company	Advertising for University	2.60	7
Oct. 24 151 American Journal of Education	Oct.	24	153	Jonepul Publishing Company			-
Oct. 24 155 R. Westerman & Co. Hinfelms informative appropriation 150.00 20 20 20 20 20 20 20			154	American Journal of Education	Advertising for University.	54:01	100
Oct. 24 156 Prof. G. L. Pinkham Sainry on account 150.00 60			155	1) Wastayman & Co	Hinrichs' laboratory appropriation		7
Oct. 24 157 Prof. A. N. Currier Snalry on account. 100.00 Oct. 24 158 Prof. A. N. Currier Snalry on account. 40.95 Oct. 25 150 Hs. B. F. Loughridge Snalry on appropriation 40.95 Oct. 28 150 F. Bixby Ordered by board for law fees. 100.00 Oct. 28 161 Allin, Wilson & Smith. Stone on a skilling with a spropriation. 9.00 Oct. 28 162 Innex Barry. Salary on account. 150.00 Nov. 1 161 Prof. N. R. Leonard. Salary on account. 150.00 Nov. 1 161 William Greeu Med'tesi janiter appropriation. 150.00			158	Day C I Pinkham	Salary on account		12
Oct. 24 158 Miss S, F. Loughridge Sain-ry on account 40.95 Oct. 25 169 E, Bixby Incidental appropriation 100 00 Oct. 28 160 Wm, J. Haddock Ordered by board for law fees 98.91 Oct. 28 161 Allin, Wilson & Smith Library appropriation 9.00 Oct. 28 162 James Barry Stone walk appropriation 30.00 Oct. 30 182 Prof. C, A, Eggert Sainry on account 150.00 Nov. 1 161 Prof. N, R, Leonard Med*eai Janter appropriation 45.00 Nov. 1 165 William Greeu Med*eai Janter appropriation 150.00			157	Prof. G. L. Timerion	Salary on account.		(de
Oct. 24 103 Miss S. F. Dought dge Incidental appropriation 40,30 Oct. 28 180 K. Bixby Ordered by board for law fees 100,00 Oct. 28 160 Wm. J. Haddock Library appropriation 98,91 Oct. 28 162 James Barry. Stone walk appropriation 9,00 Oct. 28 162 James Barry. Salary on account. 150,00 Nov. 1161 Prof. N. R. Leonard. Salary on account. 150,00 Nov. 1161 William Greeu Med'eai Janter appropriation. 150,00		91	107	Prof. A. N. Cuttlet	Salary on account		
Oct 2 16 W m. J. Yaddock			103	MISS 5. F. Douguringe	Insidental appropriation		
Oct. 28 160 W m. 3 Haddes 1 Abray appropriation 96,91 Oct. 28 161 Allin, Wilson & Smith. Storay appropriation 9,00 Oct. 28 162 James Barry. 200,00 Oct. 31 168 Prof. C. A. Eggert Salary on account. 150,00 Nov. 11 61 Prof. N. R. Leonard. Salary on account. 45,00 Nov. 11 61 William Greeu Med-teal janter appropriation. 150,00			190	E. BIXDY	Ordered by hoard for law fees		
Oct 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			160	Wm. J. Haddock	Library appropriation		
Oct. 31 ftg. James Sarry 30,00 Oct. 31 ftg. James Sarry 30,00 Oct. 31 ftg. James Sarry 30,00 Nov. 1161 Prof. N. R. Leonard 150,00 Nov. 1161 Prof. N. R. Leonard 45,00 Nov. 1165 William Greeu Medical janitor appropriation 190,00			161	Allin, Wilson & Smith			
Oct. 31 188 Prof. C. A. Eggert Salary on account 150.00 Nov. 1 16i Prof. N. R. Leonard Salary on account 45.00 Nov. 1 16i William Greeu Medical janitor appropriation 150.00			162	James Barry	Deliver on account		
Nov.	Oct.	31	163	Prof C A Eggert	Sainty on account		
Nov. 1 185 William Green 150,00 2	Nov.	1	181	Prof N R Leonard		45,00	×
Nov. 2 160 Prof. L. F. Parker Salary on account 75,00	Nov	1	165	William Green	Medical pantor appropriation		×
Nov. 2 167 Miss M. E. Apthorp. Salary on account.		9	1400	Prof T. F. Parker	Salary on account		=
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DATE.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATIONS.	Amount.
Nov. 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	William Osmond William Osmond Fron P. Frish Fron P. W. Robertson Fresident George Thacher Fresident George Thacher Fresident George Thacher Frish Fris	Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Salary on account. Salary on account. Incidental appropriation. Incidental appropriation. Stone walk appropriation Additional janitor appropriation Stone walk appropriation Law tuitions—ordered by Board Stone walk appropriation Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Salary on account. Salary on account. Salary on account. Salary on account. Solary on account. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Incidental. Salary on account. Salary on account. Advertising law department and printing. Stone walk appropriation Incidental. Incidental	\$ 100.0 150.

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Nov.	28	206		Fitting law rooms and incidental	450,00
Nov.	28			Salary on account	200,00
Nov.	28			Medical tuition refunded	10.00
Nov.	28		Mary M. Grice	Library appropriation	100.00
Nov.	28			Salary on account	150.00
Z Nov.	28		Prof. A. N. Currier	Salary on account	425.00
Nov.	28		Chancellor W. G. Hammond	Salary on account	100.00
Nov.	29	210	President George Thacher	Balary on account and a second	190.00
Nov.	29			Salary on account	250.00
Dec.	1.			Salary on account	150.00
Dec.	1			Salary on account	150,00
Dec.	1		Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	75.00
Dec.	3	210	Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	50.00
Dec.	4			Stone walk appropriation	50.00
Dec.	4		John U. Miller Prof. U. A. Eggert	Salary on account	150 00
Dec.	2	13-313	Charles A. Eggert	Eggart's appropriation	25,10
Dec.	0	Chris	Prof. Samuel Calvin	Egget e a sproprie	800,00
Dec.	2	1304	William Green		47,00
Dec.	2	001	Isaac Nobes	Stone walk enprepriation	229,36
Dec.	2	13116	James Barry	Grounds appropriation	4,37
Dec.	6	007	Western Methodist Book Concern	Adomition University	8,30
Dec.	6		S. C. Saunders		7,60
Dec.	6		U. S. Express Company		10.60
Dec.	2		Prof. N. R. Leonard		150 0)
Dec.	2		Wm. J. Haddoek		200,00
Dec.	0		James Lee		47.10
Dec.	0		John U. Miller		10,00
Dec.	12		Dr. E. F. Clapp		150.00
Dec.	13		Jacob Beard		140,20
Dec.	14	236	B. F. Hoyt	Additional ignitor appropriation	4.00
Dec.	16	237	President George Thacher	Salary on account	50,00
Dec.	16	238	Levi Robinson	Pay as Executive Committee	50,00
Dec.	16		Wm, N, Chalfant		2.00
Dec.	16		Sheets, Gesburg & Co.		10,81
Dec.	16		A. N. Currier		22,30
Dec.	16	942	Geo. Tomlin	Hiprichs' appropriation and additional tanitor fees	36,00
Dec.	16	243	James Barry	Grounds appropriation	8.12
Dec.	17	244	W. C. Preston	Salary on account	100,00
Dec.	18	245	Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	145,00
Dec.	19	247	Harmon Ruppin	Salary on account	62,50
Dec.	19	248	President George Thacher	Salary on account	50,00
Dec.	19	249	Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	150,00
Dec.	20	250	Wm, Osmand	Salary on account	50.01
Dec.	20	251	Dr. W. F. Peck	Salary on account	250,00
Dec.	20	252	Dr. W. D. Middleton	Salary on account	300,00
Dec.	992	258	Miss S. F. Loughridge	Salary on account	125,00
Dec.	23	254	Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary on account	150,00
Dec.	23	255	James Barry	Grounds appropriation	6.25
Dec.	26	256	Prof. C. M. Hobby	Salary on account	125,00
	-			Donn't on account	

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DATE, Onmper	TO WHOM ISSUED,	APPROPRIATIONS.	Amount.
1900 28 32 32	Ayers & McCleiland Wm A Morrison Prof. Gustavus Hinrichs Frank McClintock Stout City Tribus Chapin & Sower Davenport Democrat H. C. Smith Prof. S. N. Fellows. University Reporter Michael Boarts James Barry Moster & Coast. Barr & Smith Wm, Green Samuel Calvin. John H. Whetstone John	Law department appropriation Advertising University Sainry on account Advertising University Incidental Advertising University Incidental Advertising University Advertising University Incidental Incidental Sainry on account Stone walk appropriation Printing and advertising appropriation Grounds appropriation Incidental Incidenta	\$ 350.0 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 13.1 1

Jan.	18	291	John P. Irish	Incidental	9.50	- 1
Jan.	20	295	S. N. Fellows	Fellows' appropriation	9 50	
Jan.	20	296		Salary on account	100,00	
Jan.	20	2977	Prof. A. N. Currier	Salary on account	250,00	, i
Jan.	22		Miss S, F, Loughridge		150.00	
Jan.	25	209		Salary on account	150.00	
Jan.	25	200	Prof. W. S. Robertson.	Salary on account	300.00	
Jan.	27		Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary on account	150,00	
Jan.	27		James Barry		6.87	
Jan.	27		Peter A. Dey	Salary as executive committee	50.00	
Jan.	27		Wm, Marshall	Stone walk apppropriation	48 65	
Jan.	29		Nixon & Doe	Law room fixing	31.0.)	
Jan.	29		Burg Brown	Fuel appropriation	8.00	
Jan.	29		Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	60,00	
Jan.	29		Harmon Ruppin		62.50	
Jan.	31		Dr. W. D. Middleton		125.00	
Feb.	1		Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	100,00	
Feb.	î		William Green	Salary on account, janitor	45,00	
Feb.	â			Salary on account	150.00	
Feb.	2		William Osmond	Calary on against	125.00	
Feb.	5	310	W. C. Preston	Salary on against	175.00	
Feb.	2 2		Judge Austin Adams		200.00	
Feb.	- 6		Prof. L. F. Parker		150.00	
Feb.	3	310	Miss M. E. Apthorp	Calary on account	75.00	
Feb.	3	817	United States Express Company	Salary on account	6.15	
Feb.	9	318	Prof. C. A. Eggert	Theiden Mil.	150.00	
Feb.	0	319	Samuel Calvin	Salary on account	150.00	
Feb.	5	320	S. L. Saunders	Salary on account	9,90	
Feb.	0				32.75	
Feb.	0		E. Bixby		225.00	
Feb.	10	323	Chancellor Hammond Shepard & Hess	Salary on account	7.80	
Feb.						
	10		Brooks F. Hoyt		4.00 35.15	
Feb.	12	326	George Tomlin	Janutor salary, laboratory and incidental appropriations		
	17	327	James Lee	Eggert's library and incidental apppropriations	23,50	
Feb.	17	328	Allin, Wilson & Smith	Library appropriation.	78.20	
Feb.	17		Maresh & Holuber		4.25	
Feb.	20		W. H. Bayless		10.00	
Feb.	21		W. D. Middleton		1.00	
Feb.	23	332	Prof. P. H. Philbrick	Salary on account	50,00	
Feb.	23	333	Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	145,00	
Feb.	24		Prof. J. M. Love		500.00	
Feb.	26	235	President George Thacher	Salary on account	950,00	
Feb.	27		Cnancellor Hammond		400.00	
Feb.	28	337	Harmon Ruppin	One month's salary on account	62,50	
Feb.	28		Prof. O. C. Howe		250,00	
Feb.	28	339	T. J. Rigg	Incidental,	5 35	
Feb.	28		Prof. N. R. Leonard		150.00	
Feb.	28	341	Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	150.00	
March			Prof. W. S. Robertson		500,00	
March	1 1	343	Prof. W. C. Preston	Salary on account	100,00	

APPROPRIATIONS.

Salary on account
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March 27	390 Harmon Ruppin	Janitor salary and incidental	67:50
March 27	391 Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	70.00
March 29	392 Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary on account	150,00
March 31	393 Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	150,00
March 31	394 Mm. Marshali	Fuel appropriation	52,36
March 31	395 Prof. L. F. Parker	Salery on eagonot	150.00
March 31	396 Miss M, E. Apthorp.	Salary on second	75.00
April 2	907 D Wasterman & Co	Stary on account	15.50
April 2	397 B. Westerman & Co	Eggert's appropriation	150.00
April 2	398 Prof. C. A. Eggert	Salary on account	
April 3	399 E. H. Borton	Fuel appropriation	10.17
April 3	400 Prof. Samuel Calvin	Salary on account	150,00
April 3	401 The Common School	Law advertising and advertising University	25.15
April 4	462 Wm, J, Haddock	Salary on account	100,00
April 4	403 Wm, N. Chaifant	Incidental	24,00
April 7	404 K. E. Backenstos	Fuel appropriation	4.09
April 9	405 W. U. Telegraph Co	Incidental appropriation	2,29
April 9	406 C. M. Reno	Incidental appropriation	2.00
April 9	407 Henry Brown	Incidental appropriation	7,85
April 9	408 University Reporter	Printing appropriation	21.00
April 10	409 President George Thacher	Selery on account	100.00
April 14	410 Judge J. M. Love	Salary in full	500,00
April 14	411 George Tomlin	Additional janitor appropriation	35.35
April 14	412 Allin, Wilson & Smith	Additional janitor appropriation	105,33
			4.00
April 19	413 B. F. Hoyt	Additional janitor appropriation	
	414 Iowa City Social Band		15.00
April 17	415 W. C. Preston	Salary on account	200,00
April 18	416 C. J. Neill	Fuel appropriation	7.59
April 19	417 K. E. Backenstos	Fuel appropriation	2.00
April 19	48 Little, Brown & Co	Law library appropriation	136,90
April 20	419 Prof. G. L. Finkham	Salary on account	145.00
April 23	420 Elijah Biggs	Incidental	8,00
April 23	421 Eimer F. Clapp.	Dissecting material	70.54
April 23	422 S. L. Saunders	Incidental	5.15
April 24	423 President George Thacher	Salary on account	100,00
April 24	424 Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	100,00
April 24	425 B. Owen, Postmaster.	Twelfantal	16.15
April 28	426 Wm. M. Martin	Incidental	8.15
April 30	107 Day Hart Course Thanker		
April 30	427 President George Thacher	Salary on account	400,00
April 30	428 Harmon Ruppin	Salary on account	62,50
	429 Gazette Company	Printing address	518 23
May 1	430 Prof. G. L. Pinkham.	Salary on account	50,00
May 1	431 Prof. C. A. Eggert	Salary on account	150,00

Marc	h 19	882	Wm. Green	Medical ignitor appropriation (8	25 00
Mare		383	C. G. Nelll	kuel appropriation	10.46
Marc		384	Joseph Pisha	Incidental	10.00
Mare			Judge O. C. Howe	Salary on account	125.00
Marc	h 26	386	John D. Parsons.	Law library appropriation	14,60
Marc		387	The State Register	Advertising law department	45.25
Marc		388	Wm, Osmond	Salary on account	150.00
Marc		389	Borg Brown	Fuel appropriation	2,29
Mare		390	Harmon Ruppin	Janitor salary and incidental	67.50
Marc		391	Prof. G. L. Pinkham	Salary on account	70,00
Marc		392	Prof. N. R. Leonard	Salary on account	150,00
Marc		300	Prof. S. N. Fellows	Salary on account	150,00 52,36
Marc		905	Mm. Marshall	Fuel appropriation	150.00
Marc		966	Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary on account	75.00
April		397	B. Westerman & Co.	Forest's appropriation	15,50
April		398	Prof. C. A. Eggert	Salary on account	150.00
April		299	E. H. Borton	Fnel appropriation	10,17
April		400	Prof. Samuel Calvin	Salary on account	150.00
April		401	The Common School	Law advertising and advertising University	25.15
April		462	Wm. J. Haddock	Salary on account	100,00
April	4	403	Wm. N. Chaifant	Incidental	24.00
April		404	K. E. Backenstos	Fuel appropriation	4.09
April	9	405	W. U. Telegraph Co	Incidental appropriation	2,29 2,00
April		406	C. M. Reno	Incidental appropriation	2,00
April		407	Henry Brown	Incidental appropriation	7,85
April		408	University Reporter	Printing appropriation	21,00
April		409	President George Thacher	Salary on account	100,00
April		410	Judge J. M. Love	Salary in full	500,00
April		411	George Tomlin	Additional janitor appropriation	35,35
April		412	Allin, Wilson & Smith	Parker's appropriation and General Library appropriation	105.33
April		414	B, F. Hoyt	Additional janitor appropriation	4.00
April		415	Iowa City Social Band	Incidental	15.00
April		4161	W. C. Preston C. J. Neill	Salary on account	. 200,00 7,59
April		417	K. E. Backenstos	Fuel appropriation	2,00
April		438	Little, Brown & Co	Law library enventiation	136,90
April			Prof. G. L. Finkham	Salary on ageount	145.00
April		420	Elijah Biggs	Incidental	8,00
April		421	Eimer F. Clapp.	Dissecting material	70.54
April		422	S. L. Saunders	Incidental	5.15
April		423	President George Thacher	Salary on account	100.00
April		424	Prof. O. C. Howe	Salary on account	100,00
April		425	B. Owen, Postmaster	Incidental	16.15
April	28	426	Wm. M. Martin	Incidental	8.15
April	30	427	President George Thacher	Salary on account	400,00
April		428	Harmon Ruppin	Salary on account.	62,50
April	80	429	Gazette Company	Printing address	518 23
May	1	430	Prof. G. L. Pinkham,	Salary on account	50,00
May	1	431	Prof. C. A. Eggert	Salary on account	150,00

Salary on account..... Salary on account..... Salary on account.....

Salary on account..... Pinkham's appropriation...

Pinkfam's appropriation
Salary on account
Salary on account
Library appropriation
Additional janitor appropriation
Incidental appropriation
Additional janitor appropriation
Engineering appropriation
Fuel appropriation
Fuel appropriation
Fuel appropriation
Salary on account
Salary on account
Salary on account

APPROPRIATIONS.

Sainry on account.
Sainry on account.
Pinkham's appropriation, and library.
Pinkham's appropriation, Currier & Parker's appropriation.
Historical work expenses
Incidental

Incidental
Salary on account
Salary on account
Salary on account
Incidental
Salary on account
Salary on account
Salary on account
Salary on account

Salary on account
Incidental and Philbrick's appropriation
Salary on account
Salary on account
Salary on account

Salary on account Salary on account Incidental

TO WHOM ISSUED.

DATE.

1877

June

75,00 150,00 150,00 150,00

150,00 100,00 47,97 150,00 150,00

300,00 100,00 34,00 7,75 4,00

3,65 1,33 100,00 150,00

200,00 100,00 2,52 87,31 14,85 5,00 75,00 62,50 200,00

4,00 625,00 450.00

4.85 150.00

150,00 50,00 150,00

150.00

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	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		_
June	2 470 Prof. C. A. Eggert	Salary on account	150.00
June	2 471 Prof. A. N. Currier	Salary on account	100.00
June	2 472 C., R. I. & P. R. R. Co. 5 473 John N. Coldren.	Incidental	2.65 750.00
June	6 474 Prof. W. C. Preston		100.00
June	7 475 Prof. L. F. Parker		150,00 75,00
June	7 477 Astronomical Register	Leonard's appropriation	4.60
June	9 478 E. W. Bell	Incidental Philliplakis and Calminia and Colorina	191.91
June	9 480 James Lee	Leonard's and Hinrichs', incidental and library appr's	82 50
June	9 481 Fort Dodge Times	Printing and advertising appropriation	4.10 85.73
June	9 482 D. Van Nostrand 9 483 Rohrbeck & Gobeler	Hinrichs' appropriation	20.10
June	9 484 Westerman & Co	Hinrichs' appropriation	35.62
June		Printing and advertising appropriation	5.10
June	11 487 William J. Haddock	Salary on account	200.00
June	16 488 William M. Martin		3.50 14.50
June	20 49) George Thacher	Lecture expenses, ordered by board	100,00
June	20 491 President George Thacher	Salary in full	400,00 225,00
June	21 493 Prof. Samuel Calvin	Salary in full	450,00
June		Fuel appropriation Salary on account	9.50
		Salary in full	450,00
June	22 497 Prof. L. F. Parker	Salary in full	200.00
June		Salary in full	900,00
June	22 500 Miss S, F, Loughridge	Salary in tull	225,00
June	22 501 Philip Weber 23 502 B. F. Hoyt		14.15 5.00
June	23 503 Joseph P. Pisha	Commencement expenses	70.0
June	23 504 John P. Irish 23 505 Prof. G. L. Pinkham		7,00 410,00
June	23 506 George Tomlin	Additional janitor appropriation	51,00
	23 507 Prof. C. A. Eggert	Salary in full	450.00 300.00
	23 509 Harmon Ruppin		71.60
June	23 510 John J. Hamilton		6.00
	25 511 Prof. N. R. Leonard		2.00
June	29 513 John G. Blair	Catalogue appropriation	544.50
	29 514 Mills & Co		213,25 150,00
July	5 516 Prof. A. N. Currier	Salary on account	100,00
July	6 517 Prof. O. C. Howe		150,00 11,25
July	7 518 John Kilty		151.45

DATE.	TO WHOM ISSUED.	APPROPRIATION,	Amount.
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Chancellor Hammond. William Marshall. Iowa City Republican George Fomin. Prof. Gustavus Hinrichs. Michael Boarts E. J. Holmes, Clerk Supreme Court. Wm. J. Haddook. Wm. Marshall. Miss M. E. Apthorp. Prof. O. G. Howe. Hammon Ruppin. American Express Co. Prof. A. N. Currier. Prof. P. H. Philbrick. Jimes Barry. Hammon Ruppin. Hary G. Chaffan. Hary	Inc dental. Printing appropriation. Fuel appropriation. Salary in full for 1872 Incidental Inci	3000 6225 144 747 117 1250 458 458 458 117 117 155 155 155 17 7 7 8 8 4 4 122

Sept. 22 558 James Barr Sept. 24 560 Prof. O. C. I Sept. 27 561 Harmon Rt Sept. 28 563 Prof. N. R. Sept. 29 564 Prof. G. L. Sept. 29 565 Sheets, Ges	Incidental appropriation	27,75 7,50 00,00 50,00 50,00 50,00 00,00 10,00 9,75 6,87 11,75
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John F. Dillon, LL. D., (U. S. Circuit Judge,) Professor of

Medical Jurisprudence, and of the Jurisdiction and Practice

of Federal Courts..... Austin Adams, A. M., (Judge of the Supreme Court of Iowa,)

Lecturer on the Law of Corporations, and Insurance....

John F. Duncombe, Esq., Lecturer on the Law of Railroads. John N. Rogers, Esq., Lecturer on Constitutional Law.....

Lewis W. Ross, Esq., Lecturer on the Law of Real Property. James H. Rothrock, (Judge of the Supreme Court of Iowa,) 150.00

300.00

100.00

The following schedule exhibits the number, name and salary of the professors, tutors and other officers of the University, with the compensation of each:

COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT.

C. W. Slagle, President\$2,800.00
Nathan R. Leonard, A. M., Professor of Mathematics and As-
tronomy, and Dean of the Academical Faculty 1,700.00
Gustavus Hinrichs, A. M., M. D., Professor of Physical Sci-
ence, and Director of the Laboratory
Charles A. Eggert, A. M., Ph. D., Professor of Modern Lan-
guages and Literature 1,700.00
Amos N. Currier, A. M., Professor of the Latin language
and Literature, and University Librarian
Stephen N. Fellows, D. D., Professor of Didactics, and In-
structor in Political and Moral Science
Leonard F. Parker, A. M., Professor of the Greek Language
and Literature, and Instructor in History
Philetus H. Philbrick, M. S., C. E., Professor of Civil En-
gineering and Dean of the Engineering Faculty 1 700 00
Gilbert L. Pinkham, A. M., Professor of the English Lan-
guage and Literature 1 700 00
Samuel Calvin, A. M., Professor of Natural Science, and cu-
rator of the University Cabinet
James Chester, (First Lieutenant, 3d U. S. Artillery, Brevet
Capt., U. S. A.,) Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
William C. Preston, B. Ph., Assistant Professor of Physical
Science
Phebe Scoffeld, Instructor in Mathematics
Mary E. Apthorp, A. M., Instructor in Latin and Greek 900.00
Sarah F. Loughridge, Assistant in Latin
William Osmond, A. B., Assistant in German 800.00
LAW DEPARTMENT,
William G. Hammond, LL. D., Chancellor of the Law Department
James M. Love, LL. D., (U. S. District Judge for Iowa,) Pro-
fessor of Commercial Law and the L

fessor of Commercial Law, and the Law of Persons and

Lecturer on Law..... Expenses. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT	
John F. Dillon, LL. D., (U. S. Circuit Judge,) Professor of	150.00
Medical Jurisprudence\$	150.00
Gustavus Hinrichs, A. M., M. D., Professor of Chemistry and	
Toxicology	450.00
W. F. Peck, M. D., Professor of Surgery and Clinical Sur-	
gery, and Dean of the Medical Faculty	950.00
P. J. Farnsworth, A. M., M. D., Professor of Materia Medica,	
and Diseases of Children	950.00
W. S. Robertson, A. M., M. D., Professor of Theory and Prac-	
tice of Medicine, and Clinical Medicine	950.00
J. C. Shrader, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics, and Diseases of	
Women	850.00
W. D. Middleton, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Micro-	
scopic Anatomy	950.00
Elmer F. Clapp, M. D., Professor of Anatomy, and Secretary	
of the Medical Faculty	850.00
Mark Ranney, M. D., (Superintendent of the Iowa Hospital	
for the Insane at Mt. Pleasant,) Lecturer on Insanity	100.00
C. M. Hobby, M. D., Lecturer on Ophthalmology and Otology,	
Demonstrator of Anatomy, and Curator of the Medical	
Museum	500.00
I. P. Wilson, D. D. S., Lecturer on Dental Surgery	000100
R. W. Pryce, M. D., Pro-sector of Surgery	100.00
	100.00
George O. Morgridge, M. D., Assistant Demonstrator of	
Anatomy	

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HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

A. C. Cowperthwait, M. D., Ph. D., Dean of the Faculty, Pro-	
fessor of Materia Medica	950.00
W. H. Dickinson, A. M., M. D., Professor of Theory and	
Practice of Medicine	950.00

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

C. W. Slagle, President	\$2,800.00
John N. Coldren, Treasurer	800.00
Wm. J. Haddock, Secretary	800,00
H. Ruppin, Janitor	
Wm. Green, Medical Janitor	
Additional Janitors-George Tomlin, B. F. Hoyt	250.00

Besides the above as set out in the several departments, there are occasional assistant instructors who are employed by the term, but receive no regular salary.

STATEMENT FOR 1877-8.

We now exhibit statement of the financial status of the State University for the year 1877-8, or year ending at next commencement, on June 20, 1878.

ESTIMATED INCOME.

Income of the University from June 15, 1877, to June 15, 1878.

Interest outstanding and due, about	\$ 2,500.00
Interest accruing on loans	. 21,800.00
Balance of state appropriation unpaid	
Balance of state warrants on hand but unpaid	
Tuitions, collegiate	
Tuitions, law	
Tuitions, medical	
Total	\$56,260.61
Deduct amount to replace fund overdrawn	. 5,002.38
Total net income for year 1877-8	\$51,258.23

Appropriations mude by the Board of Regents, at the June session, 1877, for the year commencing June 20, 1877, and ending June 20, 1878, for the purposes specified.

President's salary	\$2,800 00
Prof. Leonard's salary	1,700.00
Prof. Hinrichs' salary	2,150.00
Prof. Eggert's salary	1,700.00
Chancellor Hammond's salary	2,500.00
Prof. Currier's salary	
Prof. Fellows' salary	1,700.00
Prof. Calvin's salary	1,700,00
Prof. Philbrick's salary	
Prof. Peck's salary	950.00
Prof. Farnsworth's salary	950,00
Prof. Robertson's salary ,	
Prof. Middleton's salary	
Prof. Pinkham's salary	
Prof. Howe's salary	
Prof. Parker's salary	
Prof. Shrader's salary	
Prof. Clapp's salary	
Prof. Love's salary	
Two Profs. of homeopathy, \$950.00 each	
Judge Eillon	

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Prof. Hobby\$	300.00
Judge Adams	300.00
J. N. Rogers	100.00
Judge Rothrock (expenses)	100.00
W. C. Preston	1,200.00
Miss Schofield	900.00
Miss Apthorp	900.00
Miss Loughridge	900.00
Dr. Pryce	100,00
Wm. Osmond	800.00
Treasurer Coldren	800,00
Executive committee	100.00
Secretary Haddock	800.00
Fuel and cutting wood	1,500.00
Janitor Ruppin	600.00
Medical janitor	250.00
Extra janitor	
Advertising and printing (University)	250.00
Advertising and printing (Law)	300.00
Advertising and printing (Medical)	300.00
Catalogue	250.00
Postugo on estalacione	500.00
Postage on catalogues	50.00
Library (University)	1,000.00
Library (Law)	150.00
Dissecting material	500.00
Commencement expenses	450.00
Gas	200.00
Care of grounds	150.00
Provision for Homeopathic Department	2,200.00
For Prof. Leonard's chair	125.00
For Prof. Hinrichs' chair	726.22
For Prof. Eggert's chair	50.00
For Prof. Currier's chair	50.00
For Prof. Fellows' chair	50.00
For Prof. Calvin's chair	100.00
For Prof. Chester's chair	50.00
for Prof. Pinkham's chair	50.00
For Prof. Parker's chair	100.00
ncidental expenses	1,148.78
Demonstrator of Anatomy	200.00
ociety Hall stairway	400.00
Or. Ranney	100.00
fedical library	100.00
Total	

SUMMARY.

By examining the foregoing we find:

That the total appropriations made by the Board of Regents at the June session of the Board for the year commencing June 20, 1877, and ending June 20, 1878, to cover the running expenses of the University, actual necessaries and current unsettled bills, and unpresented warrants was in all, the sum of. 50,800.00

That on June 20, 1878, there will be in the University Treasury after liquidation of the year's expenses, ending on that date, the sum of \$458.23, and that will then be the only income fund at the disposal of the Board, except the then current interest due, or accruing on the permanent fund of the institution for the current year, commencing on June 20, 1878.

The original vouchers and receipts are on file in the Secretary's office.

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The Regents, endeavoring to keep in view the propriety of careful legislative supervision on the subject of appropriations, and regarding also their duty as citizens to be careful as to their recommendations. "and to take upon themselves something of the responsibility that would be upon them, if the legislature did not stand between them and the treasury," most respectfully ask consideration as to the need of the university for appropriations. They are aware that the aggregate amount may seem to be large, but the necessities are great, and looking beyond the present time of financial embarrassment, the work of the University is important in the interests of the state, and the failure of present support may become calamitous. In the request for appropriations herewith submitted, is an amount for an additional building. One building is not adequate to the actual needs of the university, but a judicious economy in the present erection of one building, so as to accommodate the more urgent demands for room, would greatly facilitate the convenience of the institution, and its importance is respectfully urged. So, also, the question of repairs on the present property is a necessity, for waste is imminent unless soon attended to. An amount for insurance would seem to be the part of wisdom in so great an exposure, and in this connection a suggestion as to the methods of heating the buildings may not be inappropriate. Central Hall is at present heated entirely by stoves, North Hall by hot-air furnaces, and South Hall in part by hot air and partly by stoves. A very considerable item of expense is annually incurred for fuel and care of fires. and it is suggested that heating the buildings by steam would greatly promote both economy and safety. The libraries are a very important element in education, and their increase seems indispensable. The establishment of a lady professorship is only fair dealing towards the daughters of our state, who so greatly appreciate the opportunities afforded them by the University, and at a meeting of the Regents in June, 1875, it was resolved that in the recognized policy of the University for the education of females on an equality with males, there was not a full opportunity, as at present arranged, for the equality of the sexes in the privileges and advantages of the institution, and in order that better facilities for the education of females should be afforded there should be a lady professor in the University with the full salary of a professor, and a committee was appointed to recommend a suitable person to occupy such place, and recommend the name of the chair to be occupied by such professor, but for want of means the resolution has failed to be carried into effect. Increase for facilities in

teaching, especially in the Observatory, in the chairs of Physical Science, Natural Science, and Engineering, are needed, and all the chairs would be aided if they could be afforded facilities for illustration and instruction.

In the experience of the institution it is estimated that \$51,000 is required for the annual necessary expense of the University, making for the biennial period \$102,000. The income of the institution per annum may be estimated, including tuition fees, at about \$31,000, making for the biennial period \$62,000, leaving a deficit in two years of \$40,000. With this amount the bare existence of the institution may be maintained, provided no adverse accident may befall her, but the opportunity for growth is precluded, and disaster is likely to ensue to the property by reason of neglect. Farther reference to some of the subjects here named is invited to the report of the President of the University herewith submitted.

In careful consideration of the subject, the Regents respectfully ask appropriations as follows, or an amount sufficient to meet the annexed items:

Amount for deficiencies in expense of University	\$40,000
One new building	30,000
For libraries	7,000
For insurance	1,500
For repairs and repainting	5,000
For stone walls about buildings	1,500
For fencing Observatory lots and west side of Campus	2,000
For support of lady professorship for two years	3,400
For Observatory, and equipment of the various chairs and departments	9,000

Progress depends upon the positive in human action. The element in human affairs that is content to stand still is an inevitable tendency to retrogression. The Regents of the University point with pride to the attainments made in this institution in the short duration of its history, and its progress has vindicated the wisdom of the legislation which has heretofore sustained and nourished it. It may continue to be made the vehicle of unnumbered blessings to the people of the state and nation, and it is herewith earnestly commended to the consideration of the General Assembly. If it may accord with the wisdom of the legislature, the Board of Regents earnestly recommend that for the future support of the University, some policy be adopted that will meet the question of permanent support, and not require the consideration of biennial appropriations. The Regents have experienced embarrassment in planning for the best interests of the institu-

tion by reason of the uncertainty of the amount at their disposal to be expended for the University, and if they could have reliance of a certain amount to be received annually, it would greatly facilitate the making of plans for the development of the work entrusted to their care. As to what may be the best plan for this purpose the Regents hardly regard it as their province to suggest, but respectfully ask that some plan for permanent support be adopted.

By order of the Board of Regents,

J. G. NEWBOLD, Chairman.

WM. J. HADDOCK, Secretary. October 1, 1877.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT.

To His Excellency, Joshua G. Newbold, Governor of Iowa, and ex-officio President of Board of Regents of State University:

I herewith submit to you the Biennial Report of the State University, for the period from September 15, 1875, to September 15, 1877.

Very respectfully,

C. W. SLAGLE,

President of the University, Pro tempore.

Iowa City, September 15, 1877.

REPORT.

To the Board of Regents of the State University of Iowa:

Gentlemen:—In accordance with section 1600, of the Code, is herewith respectfully submitted a report of the condition and progress of the institution. The requirements of the law, as to the different courses of study, number of students, &c., will be found in the catalogues of the last two years, accompanying this report. A brief statement of facts in the history of the University, from its inception to the present time, has been regarded as proper to communicate, and your indulgence is asked in this respect. For much herein of the early history of the institution, acknowledgments are due to the research and labor of that learned and earnest friend of the University, Hon. Thomas H. Benton, Jr., in an able address at the annual commencement, June 21, 1867, which was printed by order of the Board during the past year, and is an exhaustive history of the University to the time of its delivery.

C. W. SLAGLE, President pro tempore.

HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The Act of Congress of July 20, 1840, provided:

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to set apart and reserve from sale, out of any of the public lands within the Territory of Iowa, to which the Indian title has been or may be extinguished, and not otherwise appropriated, a quantity of land, not exceeding two entire townships, for the use and support of a university within the said territory, when it becomes a state, and for no other use or purpose whatsoever, to be located in tracts of not less than an entire section, corresponding with any of the legal divisions into which the public lands are authorized to be surveyed."

This beneficent act towards Iowa had however been long antedated as a policy of governmental support to State Universities, and is safely cited as precedent. In the famous act of 1787 it was enacted that "Schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged," And immediately thereafter, during the same congress, in the matter of the "Ohio purchase," there was reserved two townships of land for a university; and the policy has been continued in the history of the government to this time in the admission of new states, and has been the basis of the state universities of all the north-western states.

The constitution of the state, under which Iowa was admitted into the union provided as follows:

"The General Assembly shall take measures for the protection, improvement, or other disposition, of such lands as have been or may hereafter be reserved or granted by the United States, or any person or persons, to this State, for the use of a university; and the funds accruing from the rents or sale of such lands, or from any other source, for the purpose aforesaid, shall be and remain a permanent fund, the interest of which shall be applied to the support of said university, with such branches as the public convenience may hereafter demand, for the promotion of literature, the arts and sciences, as may be authorized by the terms of such grant. And it shall be the duty of the general assembly, as soon as may be, to provide effectual means for the improvement and permanent security of the funds of said university."

At the first general assembly of the state, a bill was passed for

the relocation of the seat of government, which involved to some extent the location of the university. At the same session the first act of state legislation pertaining to the university was passed, approved February 25, 1847; in which are sections as follows:

"AN ACT to Locate and Establish a State University.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa, That there shall be established at Iowa City, the present seat of government of the State of Iowa, an institution to be called the "State University of Iowa," with such branches as, in the opinion of the general assembly, the public convenience may hereafter require.

SEC. 2. The public buildings at Iowa City, together with the ten acres of land on which the same are situated, be, and the same are, hereby granted for the use of said university; provided, that the sessions of the general assembly, and the offices of the officers of state, shall be held in the present capitol until otherwise provided for by law.

SEC. 3. The two townships of land, granted by act of congress of July 20th, 1840, for the support of a university, be, and the same are, hereby donated to the said state university, to be and constitute a permanent fund. the interest of which shall be applied exclusively to the support of said university, and such branches as the general assembly shall establish.

SEC. 4. That for the control of said university, and for the better management of the same, there shall be appointed by the general assembly of the state, fifteen trustees, five of whom shall be chosen biennially, who may make such by-laws, rules, and regulations, under the general laws of this state authorizing incorporations for educational purposes, as may be necessary to organize and regulate said university. The superintendent of public instruction shall be president of the board of trustees, and shall have power to call special meetings of the trustees whenever in his opinion it is necessary.

SEC. 6. That whenever in the opinion of the superintendent of public instruction, it is necessary, a professorship for the education of teachers of common schools may be instituted, in such manner as in the opinion of said superintendent will best promote the interests of common schools throughout the state.

SEC. 7. The two townships of land herein donated to said university, when selected, shall be disposed of by the board of trustees of said university in the same manner, and under the same regulations, as may be provided by law for the disposition and regulation of the sixteenth sections in the different townships.

SEC. 8. That when said lands shall be disposed of, as provided for in this act, the fund arising therefrom shall be paid into the state treasury; and it is hereby made the duty of the treasurer to loan the same out for a space not less than five years, upon real estate security—the interest thereon payable annually-and the interest thereof to be subject to the order of the board of trustees of said university, and by them applied to the uses intended by this act.

SEC. 10. That said university shall never be under the exclusive control of any religious denomination whatever.

SEC. 11. That the grants and donations herein made are upon the express condition that the said university shall, so soon as it shall be in the enjoyment of revenue from the said grant and donations at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum, commence and continue the instruction, free of charge, of fifty students annually, in the theory and practice of teaching, as well as in such branches of learning as shall be deemed best calculated for the preparation of said students for the business of common school teaching. Said students to be selected from the different parts of the state, in such manner and under such regulations as the governor, the superintendent of public instruction, and the judges of the several judicial districts shall determinesaid regulations to be subject to the supervision of the general assembly.

SEC. 12. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the general assembly of this state from exercising full supervision over the said university, its officers, and the grants and donations made or to be made by the state."

Owing to the fact, that the location of the seat of government, made by the commissioners at the place named "Monroe City," met with general disfavor, the law appointing the commissioners, was by the act of January 15, 1849, repealed, and the "City" vacated. This retained the seat of government for the time being at Iowa City, and as there could be no immediate occupancy of the grounds and building by the university, operating the institution became impracticable.

By the acts of assembly of January 15th, 1849, and January 16th, 1849, two branches of the university, located respectively at Fairfield and Dubuque, were established, and placed upon an equal footing, "in respect to funds and all other matters," with the university established at Iowa City by the act of 1847.

The branch at Fairfield was organized May 6th, 1849. A site of twenty acres of ground was purchased, a plan for buildings adopted, and one erected; upon which twenty-five hundred dollars had been expended; but the building was almost destroyed by a hurricane in 1850, and afterwards rebuilt, all by contribution of the citizens of Fairfield. No aid from the state or from the university fund was ever given in support of the branches. The board at Fairfield requested the termination of its relation to the state, and in accordance with their request, the act of assembly of January 24th, 1853, was passed, severing their connection. The branch at Dubuque was never organized, and its existence was only nominal.

At a special meeting of the board held February 21st, 1850, the board recognized the "College of Physicians and Surgeons of the

Upper Mississippi," an institution established at Davenport, under the laws of the state, as the "College of Physicians and Surgeons of the State University of Iowa;" with the express stipulation, however, that such recognition should not render the university liable for any pecuniary aid, nor was the board to acquire any control over the property or management of the medical association. Immediately after the close of the first course of lectures, which commenced on the second Monday of March, 1850, the medical college was removed to Keokuk. and its second session was opened on the first Monday of November 1850. The act of the general assembly of January 28th, 1851, confirmed the action of the board, by recognizing the college of physicians and surgeons as the medical department of the university, and making the degree of Doctor of Medicine conferred by the institution. evidence of qualification to practice in the state. The act of the general assembly of January 22d, 1855, placed this institution under the supervision of the board of trustees of the university, with the further provision that nothing contained in the act should "be so construed as to affect the property rights of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Upper Mississippi." This college of physicians continued in operation, under this arrangement, until terminated by the provisions of the new constitution of the state, adopted March 5th, 1857, which took effect September 3d, 1857, providing in section eleven of article nine, that "the State University shall be established at one place without branches at any other place, and the university fund shall be applied to that institution and no other."

From 1847 to 1855, elections were regularly had by the legislature, to supply the places of officers of the university whose terms had expired, and frequent meetings of the trustees were held, but no effectual organization of the university was had, and up to January 1st, 1855, the total amount expended by the board for all objects, was \$1,044.88. In March, 1855, the university was partially opened for a term of sixteen weeks, and there were in attendance from seventy-five to one hundred students during this term.

On July 16th, 1855, Amos Dean, of Albany, New York, was elected president, and accepted the office but never entered fully upon its duties. The first printed document of the institution is a circular in catalogue form, of date first of September, 1855, and presents in detail a plan of organization by departments, nine in number; Amos Dean being at the head of the faculty as "Chancellor, and Professor of History." Under this organization the university was again opened in

September, 1855, and continued in operation until June, 1856, under professors Welton, Johnston, Van Valkenburg and Guffin, chancellor Dean being only nominally connected with it.

By act of assembly, the capital of the state was located at Des Moines, in the spring of 1856; but for want of buildings at Des Moines, the next regular session of the legislature, commencing December 1st, 1856, was held at Iowa City.

On the 30th of June, 1856, sundry changes were made in the faculty, and under this new organization the university was again opened on the third Wednesday of September, 1856. There were one hundred and twenty-four students; eighty-three males, forty-one females in attendance during the year, and the first regular catalogue was published for the year 1856-57.

The fall term, 1857-58, was regularly opened at the appointed time.

The convention "to revise the Constitution of the State," met at Iowa City, January 19th, 1857, and the constitution then formed, became operative on the third of September, 1857. Article nine, section eleven, provided as follows:

"The State University shall be established at one place without branches at any other place, and the university fund shall be applied to that institution, and no other."

And article eleven, section eight, as follows:

"The seat of government is hereby permanently established, as now fixed by law, at the city of Des Moines, in the county of Polk; and the State University at Iowa City, in the county of Johnson."

In December, 1857, the state authorities vacated the old capitol building, now known as Central Hall of the University, except the rooms occupied by the United States district court; and with this exception the property at this time became the seat of the university, and passed under the control of the board of trustees.

The vacated building having had hard usage as a place for all kinds of meetings, and not being adapted in its arrangement of rooms for university purposes, required extensive repairs and modifications, to be used for its new purposes, and the board were without funds for the purpose. In January, 1858, was held the last meeting of the board under the old law. A resolution was considered at this meeting excluding females from the university and elicited considerable discussion, but was finally decided in the negative.

With the incoming of the new constitution, there was a new act of the general assembly of March 12th, 1858, for the government of the

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university, not materially different from the former law, except that it contained a provision for twenty-six scholarships in the university, in which an equal number of young men, not less than sixteen years of age, selected from the high schools of the state, by certain officers designated for the purpose, were to be educated free of charge for tuition, in consideration of which they were to teach in some high or other school for a term equal to the time they had enjoyed the benefit of such scholarships.

On March 11, 1858, the legislature appropriated \$3,000 for repairs and modifications of the building formerly the capitol; and \$10,000 for the erection of a new building, designed for a boarding hall and dormitories, now known as South Hall, and used for recitation purposes, and occupied by the medical department and society halls. The board constituted by the new law met April 27, 1858, and were duly organized; and at this meeting it was determined to close the institution until such time as the income of the fund of the university would be sufficient to meet current expenses, and the buildings should be ready for the reception of students. Previous to this time, the building known as "Mechanics' Academy" had been used for the purposes of the school.

The faculty, except the chancellor, was discharged, and all further instruction suspended, after the close of the term then in progress, until September, 1859. At this meeting a resolution was adopted excluding females from the university after the close of the existing term. A committee was appointed to select and purchase books for the library. A building committee was appointed to superintend the erection of the new building and the repairs on the old one. At a meeting of the board held August 4, 1858, the action of the previous meeting, excluding females, was modified so as to admit them to the normal department. At this meeting the degree of Bachelor of Science was conferred upon Dexter Edson Smith, this being the first degree conferred upon a student of the university, and diplomas were awarded to Levi P. Aylworth, Cellina H. Aylworth, Elizabeth L. Humphry, Annie A. Pinney and Sylvia M. Thompson; the first graduating class of the normal department. At this meeting the action of the board at the April meeting, closing the school, was reconsidered as to the normal department, and it was decided to open the same; and it was accordngly opened on the first day of November, 1858. After the enactment of the law of March 12, 1858, its constitutionality was questioned, on the ground that "school laws" should originate with the "Board of

Education:" and it was so held by the supreme court of the state. The "Board of Education" met December 6, 1858, and soon after the decision of the court was rendered, passed a law legalizing all proceedmos had in conformity with the act of March 12, 1858. December 25, 1858, was passed the "Act for the government and regulation of the State University of Iowa." The law was principally a re-enactment of the law of March 12, 1858, but omitted the clause creating scholarships, and made changes as to the board of trustees and manner of appointment. The board were allowed as compensation the same per diem and mileage when attending meetings, as members of the general assembly. Before this, the board were allowed no compensation, except mileage, at ten cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled in attending meetings. Both sexes were admitted to all the departments of the university, leaving the board no discretion in the matter. The new board met and duly organized at Iowa City on the second day of February, 1859. The condition of the finances of the university being found to be very inadequate to the successful prosecution of the work of the institution, and the financial affairs of the country being at the time greatly prostrated, it was, by the board, deemed unwise to re-open the university, and they resolved to continue the normal department only to the close of its term. There were at that time four hundred and eighty-four volumes in the library, purchased at a cost of \$676.81. Of works on theology, fourteen; government and politics, forty-eight; science and art, one hundred and forty-five; belles-lettres, ninety; history, one hundred and eighty-seven. Apparatus in the department of natural philosophy cost \$507.38. In the department of mathematics, \$494.00.

The annual meeting of the board was held June 28, 1859. The normal department had closed its course, having had thirty-eight males and fifty-two females in attendance during the year; and the board now resolved to continue it in operation during the ensuing year. A special meeting was called and held October 25, 1859, and it was at this meeting decided to re-open the university in September, 1860. Amos Dean had before this resigned his position as Chancellor. He was connected with the university some four years and received but a nominal compensation for his services, the whole sum not exceeding \$500.00. Though not actively employed in the special duties of his office, he manifested a deep interest in the prosperity of the university. He visited the state three times, prepared the plan of organization adopted by the board; selected and purchased books for the

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library; labored to secure from the general government an additional grant of land, and was an able and earnest counselor for the welfare of the institution. At the meeting of October 25, 1859, Silas Totten, D. D., LL. D., was elected President, and required to enter on the duties of his office in June, 1860, his salary being fixed at \$2,000.00 from the commencement of his services. He delivered an address before the general assembly February 6, 1860, on the subject of "University Education." At this meeting the board were notified that the Secretary of the Interior had ordered the release of the rooms used by the United States district court, and the university had exclusive occupancy of the premises. The general assembly, by act of April 2d, 1860, appropriated from the proceeds of the saline lands \$5,000, to be expended upon the new building, and \$5,000 for the purchase of apparatus, and additional repairs on the old building.

The annual meeting of the board was held June 28th, 1860. During the school year then closed there had been eighty-nine students; thirty-two males; fifty-seven females. At this meeting it was determined to complete the organization of the university; and a full faculty was appointed for its equipment.

The first session under this new organization was opened the third Wednesday in September (19th) 1860; and this may be fairly regarded as the date of the existence of the institution.

The next annual meeting of the board was held June 25th, 1861. It was the early period of the war, and to those whose memories extend to that time, it needs not to be recalled, the prostration of all interests, the gloom and very darkness of the day. There were one hundred and seventy-two students in attendance during the year; eightysix males and eighty-six females, the great majority of whom were in the normal and preparatory departments. At this meeting the board authorized the admission of two students from each county of the state, to the classical and scientific departments free of charge for tuition, to be selected by the county officers heretofore appointed to select those admitted on same terms to the normal department. The library at this time was found to contain fifteen hundred volumes, and there had been some increase in apparatus. The basement and lower story of the new building was finished and occupied as a residence and boarding hall. In the report of October 22d, 1861, the board recommended to the board of education and general assembly, the creation of a professorship of military tactics and civil and military engineering. The board of education held its last meeting December 2d, 1861, and made some material changes in the law for the government of the university. The board were allowed three dollars per day during their sessions, and traveling expenses going to, and returning from the place of meeting. They were required to make provision for a system of gymnastics and physical training, and a separate act was passed making it the duty of the board to establish a department of military instruction so soon as the general assembly should provide means for the purpose; but no appropriation was made, and no action was taken by the board on the matter.

On June 23d, 1862, the time of the annual meeting of the board, there was not a quorum present, and an adjournment was had to the 19th of August. There had been two hundred and fifty-four students—one hundred and eighteen males, and one hundred and thirty-six females in attendance during the year, one hundred and twenty-nine of whom were in the normal, and one hundred and four in the preparatory department. At the adjourned meeting of August 19th, 1862, Dr. Totten having resigned the position of president of the university, Professor Oliver M. Spencer was elected president. The property of the university, at this meeting of the board, was insured for \$23,000 on buildings, and \$1,000 on library and apparatus. The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was at this meeting most worthily conferred upon Samuel F. Miller, of Keokuk, Justice of the supreme court of the United States.

The next annual meeting was held June 24th, 1863. There had been two hundred and eighty-eight students in attendance during the preceding year-one hundred and one males, one hundred and eightyseven females-one hundred and fifty-seven being in the normal, and one hundred and sixteen in the preparatory department. The excess of female students during these years is noticeable. There were at this time one hundred and twenty-four students of the university, of its young men, in the army. At this commencement was the first class of graduates in the collegiate department of the university. T. M. Eddy, of Chicago, delivered an address on the "Elements of Leadership." President Spencer tendered his resignation as president, but the board declined to accept it. Tuition fees in all the departments, except for instruction in instrumental music, were abolished, and a matriculation fee of \$5.00 per term, in advance, was required from each student, excepting the four selected from each county, who were to be instructed free of charge, as formerly.

At an adjourned meeting held August 13th, 1863, an appropriation

was made from the income fund to complete the second story of the new building, South Hall, for recitation rooms. An appropriation of \$500,00 from the same fund was made for gymnastic training. A like sum was appropriated for military training, but the effort failed, and the appropriation was applied to the gymnasium. At this session the board asked an appropriation of \$25,000.00 to be made by the general assembly for the use of the university. They also asked that the appropriation of lands made by the act of congress of July 2d, 1862. to the state for an agricultural college, be applied in whole or in part for the establishment of an agricultural department in the university. By the act of the general assembly, March 19th, 1864, the board of education was abolished as authorized by the constitution and the office of superintendent of public instruction restored. The general assembly, by this action, resumed control of the subject of education, and March 21st, same session, was approved an act for the government of the university. It was mainly the same as the former act. The governor of the state became, by this act, ex-officio president of the board of trustees. From January 15th, 1849, to December 25th, 1858, the governor had been, ex-officio, a member of the board. From the date of the act organizing the university, February 25th, 1847, until March 12th, 1858, the superintendent of public instruction had been, ex-officio, the president of the board of trustees. By the act of March 12th, 1858, he was made ex-officio a member of the board, which continued until December 25th, 1858, at which time the office of superintendent ceased to exist by virtue of the existence of the "Board of Education," which continued, until the act of March 21st, 1864, took effect; and again by the act of April 11th, 1870, the superintendent became ex-officio a member of the board, and so continued until 1872, when the membership was abolished, but was again restored in 1876.

From this is seen the intimate relation, as intended by the legislature of the state, that the university has borne to the school system of the state. During the period of the "Board of Education," there was no superintendent of public instruction, but the university trustees were elected by the board of education, and selected their president from their own number; so that during all the period of the university, except as here stated, the university and the educational department of the state have been united by this bond of official connection, and it may be remarked that during the time when this official connection did not exist, the trustees were required by the law of 1864 to make their reports to the general assembly, at each regular session,

through the superintendent of public instruction, instead of directly. as under the former law; thus keeping up through all the life of the institution, its relation to the public school system of the state. The assembly, by the act of March 24, 1864, appropriated \$20,000.00 from the state treasury for an additional college building; and the law specified that it should be so constructed as to provide accommodations for a chapel, chemical laboratory, and an astronomical observatory. This building is now known as North Hall, and is used for a chapel and laboratory. The construction of an observatory in this building was abandoned as it was impossible with the appropriation made to erect such a structure as was contemplated by the act, and it proved insufficient for the building in its modified form. The first meeting of the board, under the law of 1864, was a special meeting, held May 4, 1864. One of the teachers, Charles E. Borland, having entered the army as a volunteer, was granted leave of absence from his duties. The annual meeting of the board was held June 28th, 1864, and two of the trustees, Nicholas J. Rush and Thomas H. Benton, Jr., were then in the army, and had resigned; John F. Dillon and Thompson Bird were appointed to fill the vacancies. It was decided at this meeting to postpone the erection of the new building, on account of the high price of labor and material. There had been during the previous year four hundred and thirty-two students in attendance; one hundred and seventy-seven males and two hundred and fifty-five females. The degree of Master of Arts was conferred upon Rush Emery, the first student of the university who received this degree. Bishop Lee delivered the commencement address.

On March 22d, 1865, a special meeting of the board was held to make arrangements for the erection of the new building. For the year ending June, 1865, there had been four hundred and forty students; one hundred and sixty-four males, and two hundred and seventy-six females. The annual meeting of the board was held June 26th, 1865. An important change was made at this meeting in the plan of organization of the university, and a radical change in the conditions of admission and graduation; and very materially increased the attainments required of candidates for the various degrees. The building committee reported as to the erection of the new building. A donation of six hundred and eighty acres of land was made to the university by citizens of Iowa City, to aid in the construction of the building. Building material amounting to about \$3,000.00 was also donated by the corporation of Iowa City. The executive committee was directed to insure the Central Hall

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for \$50,000.00; South Hall at \$15,000.00; North Hall, (the new building), for \$20,000.00; and the apparatus and furniture, for \$10,000.00. A resolution was adopted at this meeting of the board, conferring on all Iowa volunteers who had served in the recent war, including in case of death, their orphan children, the privilege to receive instruction in the university free of charge. Fifty-five students availed themselves of this privilege at the opening of the next term. The general assembly which met January, 1866, by act of March 31st, 1866, appropriated \$13,000.00 to complete the chapel building, (North Hall), including heating apparatus for that building; \$3,000.00 for slate roof, and \$2,000.00 for heating the central or old building; \$1,500.00 for heating the south building, and \$1,500.00 for general repairs and repainting the buildings, and authorized the expenditure of any surplus from either appropriation to be used for any of the objects named. Four trustees were elected at this session to supply expired terms. A special meeting of the board was held at Des Moines, March 29th, 1866, and steps were taken to complete the new building. President Spencer was granted fifteen months' leave of absence, from April 10th, 1866, to visit Europe, without salary after August 31st, 1866. The annual meeting was held June 26th, 1866, at Iowa City. Professor Nathan R. Leonard was elected president pro tem. of the faculty, and authorized to exercise the functions of the president during the absence of president Spencer.

The executive committee were instructed to renew the insurance on the property of the university for one year, for the respective amounts designated for the previous year. An appropriation of \$1,500 was made for the library. At this meeting a resolution was adopted declaring vacant the professorship of the normal department; also, a resolution that at the next annual meeting the board would consider the propriety of a re-organization of the faculty, and if deemed expedient would make such changes as would conduce to the welfare and efficiency of the institution. The executive committee was at this meeting directed to consummate the ownership by the university of the property known as the Mechanics' Academy, being a half block situated two squares from the university, on which is a grove of well preserved, old oak trees, and a two-story brick building. The onehalf block originally belonged to the territory, but was donated to the "Mechanics' Mutual Aid Association of Iowa City," upon certain conditions. It was claimed the conditions had not been complied with; and by the act of March 26, 1866, the legislature donated the property to the university, and by a satisfactory arrangement with the representatives of the Mechanics' Association, the full ownership of the property and possession passed to the university. The building was used for several years as a lodging place for students, but after the organization of the medical department it has been used as a hospit in connection with the medical department, and there is attached to it a lecture room for clinical purposes.

For the year closing June, 1886, there had been six hundred and sixty-eight students in the institution: three hundred and sixty-two males, and three hundred and six females; five hundred and seventy-one of whom were in the preparatory department. A few advanced students were included in this number by reason of pursuing in this department one or more studies, in which they were deficient.

The new building, North Hall, was completed in the latter part of the autumn of 1866. For 1867, the annual meeting was held June 21st. There had been six hundred and forty students in attendance during the year—three hundred and severty-one males, and two hundred and sixty-nine females. Seventy-nine were in the collegiate department—five seniors, six juniors, twenty sophomores, forty-eight freshmen. The normal department numbered twenty-five in the senior year, and thirty-seven in the junior year. At this meeting, the board inaugurated a reform in the preparatory department, by restricting the course to two years, and advancing the standard of qualification for admission, and requiring satisfactory evidence of ability to prepare, within two years, for admission to the freshman class of the collegiate, or junior year of the normal department, as the student might elect.

President Spencer being absent in Europe, tendered his resignation, which was accepted.

Under the resolution of the board at the last annual meeting, all the members of the faculty placed at this meeting their resignation in the hands of the board. Professors Leonard, Parvin, Hinrichs and Eggert were continued in office. A. N. Currier was elected professor of ancient languages. Professor Leonard was continued as president pro tem., and it was ordered that the salary of the president should be \$2,000, to take effect when the vacancy should be filled. At a special meeting in August following, Prof. S. N. Fellows was elected to the vacancy in the normal department. James Black, D. D., vice-president of Washington and Jefferson college, Pennsylvania, was elected president of the university, at a special meeting held March 4, 1868.

Dr. Black entered upon the duties of his office at the opening of

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the fall term, September 17th, 1868, having signified his acceptance of the position to the board, at their annual meeting in June preceding.

The law department of the university was established by the board at the annual meeting in June, 1868, and a committee was appointed to look after the interests of the department, professors and lecturers, and report at the next meeting of the board.

The general assembly by act approved March 9th, 1868, appropriated \$20,000.00 "for the purpose of making necessary repairs upon the buildings belonging to the state university, and giving such aid to the scientific and such other departments, as the trustees may deem proper to establish; and increase their efficiency."

At a special meeting of the board, held September 17th, 1868, the committee appointed at the previous meeting, on the law department, reported an arrangement made with the "Iowa Law School" at Des Moines, which had been organized, and for three years previous, had been in successful operation under the control of Hon. Geo. G. Wright, Hon. C. C. Cole and Hon. Wm. G. Hammond; by which arrangement the institution as it had existed at Des Moines, was transferred to Iowa City and merged into the law department of the state university.

Of the appropriation of \$20,000.00 made by the general assembly, \$7,600.00 was set apart for the purpose of the law department, and the faculty was made to consist of the president of the university, and at least three professors, of whom the principal of the department should reside at Iowa City. The others to be employed in instruction by lectures or otherwise, not less than two months each university year. Hon. George G. Wright and Hon. C. C. Cole were elected professors of the department, and Hon. Wm. G. Hammond of Des Moines, was elected resident professor and principal of the department. The tuition was fixed at \$80.00 for the course, or \$30.00 per term. At the opening of the term there were nine students entered, and during the year the whole number was twenty-five, of whom there were seventeen graduates at the close of the term, June 28th, 1869.

During the year closed June, 1877, there were one hundred and three students in this department. Each successive year from the organization having demonstrated, by increase of numbers, the success of the department, and its acceptability to the people. At the present writing, the opening of the term, September, 1877, there are one hundred and five students in attendance. The committee from the legislature who visited the university in February, 1870, say in their report of the department, "It has added new strength to the university by

widening the sphere of its influence and usefulness; and by increasing the number of its active friends, and promises in the future to add to its prosperity and renown." Four hundred and fifty-eight students have received the degree of LL. B. from this institution, and are now practicing in almost every county of Iowa, and in every state of the north-west. The opinion of the legislative committee above quoted, has thus at this early day of "the future" been vindicated. It has been, and will continue to be, the purpose of the conductors of the department to place it in the frontrank of American law schools.

At the same special meeting of the board of September 17th, 1868, a committee was appointed to consider the question of the establishment of a medical department of the university, who reported in favor of establishing the department. The faculty to consist of the president of the university and the professors of the several chairs, seven chairs being constituted. The professors to serve without compensation until such time as the board of trustees or the legislature should provide for the same. The opening of the department to take place if practicable at the commencement of the university year 1869-70, and continue until the last week in March. The report of the committee was adopted by the board.

At this meeting Hon. Ezekiel Clark was elected treasurer of the university and his bond approved in the sum of \$50,000.00.

For the year closed June, 1868, there had been four hundred and fortyfive students in attendance, of whom two hundred and seventy-five were males and one hundred and seventy females, being one hundred collegiates; one hundred and three normals; fourteen irregulars, and two hundred and twenty-eight preparatory students.

From the number in attendance in the previous year, there was in this year a diminution of one hundred and ninety-three students, attributable to the reformation in the previous year of cutting off the first year of the preparatory course as heretofore noted.

The annual meeting of the board for 1869, was held June 26th, and continued through July 1st. At this meeting it was ordered that a part of South Hall be fitted up for the medical department, and that \$3,000.00 of the \$20,000.00 appropriated by the Twelfth General Assembly be set apart for fitting the apartments, lighting and heating the same, and janitorial service.

The time of opening the department was referred to the executive committee, and faculty to be elected, not later than the opening of the school year, 1870, and the fees were fixed, for matriculation, at \$5.00; lectures, \$80.00; graduation, \$30.00.

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The salary of the president was at this time fixed at \$2,500.00 per annum, and professors at \$1,500.00 for the ensuing year.

The committee on appropriations reported an unexpended balance of \$5,000.00 of the \$20,000.00 appropriation, exclusive of the \$3,000.00 retained for the purposes of the medical department, and for the purposes of the ensuing year, the board appropriated the sum of \$26,782.89.

There had been in the year closing June, 1869, exclusive of the law department, three hundred and ninety-three students, one hundred and forty-four of whom were females.

At the session of the general assembly, begun January 10th, 1870, there was passed the act approved April 11th, 1870, for the government of the state university, being the same as chapter 2, title XII, of the Code of 1873, except slight verbal changes; and the addition of section 1603 of the Code. Under this law was instituted the "Board of Regents" as the governing power of the university, and it is at the present time the fundamental law of the institution.

Previous to the passage of this law, the report of the committee appointed by the legislature at the same session to visit the university, had been made, in which they say "they are strongly impressed with the conviction that the state university is accomplishing a great work. They believe that in many respects it ranks with the best institutions of the kind in the country. That it may be justly regarded with feelings of pride by the people of the entire state; and that it deserves to be fostered, patronized and supported by the people of the state, whose institution it is, as the crowning glory of their grand system of free public schools." The committee recommended the reorganization as afterwards adopted; and with earnest words commended the institution to the liberal offices of the general assembly, and to the fostering care and patronage of the whole people of the state.

By the act of the same assembly, approved March 24th, there was appropriated \$25,000.00 " for the use and support of the state university for the next two years."

On June 28th, 1870, the board of regents held their first meeting, and were duly organized according to the law of their appointment. William J. Haddock was elected secretary, and Mr. Clark, the treasurer, executed a new bond in the sum of \$50,000.00.

Tuition in the law department was changed to \$50.00 per year, if paid in advance, or if paid by the term, to \$20.00 per term.

Hon. Newton Bateman, superintendent of schools of the state of Illinois, delivered the commencement address June 29th, 1870, and received the thanks of the board.

There had been in attendance during this year, exclusive of the law department, four hundred and three students, of whom two hundred and forty were males and one hundred and sixty-three females.

A special meeting of the board was held August 18th, 1870, at which Dr. Black tendered his resignation, which was accepted, to take effect the first of December following, and a committee was appointed to report names of suitable persons from whom to select a president of the university.

The first term of the medical department was opened October 24th, 1870, and continued until March, 1871, at which time there were three graduates, and the whole number of students in the department during the term was thirty-nine.

The board of regents met at the graduation of the medical class, and during this meeting, on March 1st, 1871, Rev. George Thacher was unanimously elected president of the university. Mr. Thacher accepted the position, to assume the duties of the office on the 1st of April next.

At the annual meeting in June, 1871, President Thacher was duly inaugurated.

The salaries of the professors in the collegiate department were increased to \$1,600.00. Judge Wright resigned his professorship in the law department.

The students for the preceding year, exclusive of the law and medical departments, numbered three hundred and seventy-three.

By act of the Fourteenth General Assembly, approved April 6th, 1872, there was appropriated from the state treasury the sum of \$52,300.00 for increase of salaries, for the support of the institution for two years, for iron fence, repairs on buildings, and libraries, and other specific purposes named in the bill.

At the June meeting, 1872, it was resolved that the salary of each professor occupying the chairs of surgery, materia medica, theory and practice, physiology, anatomy, and obstetrics, in the faculty of the medical department for the ensuing year, be nine hundred dollars. For services previously rendered no compensation was allowed to the professors in the medical department, but a committee was appointed to audit the actual expenses of the professors and demonstrators constituting the faculty, incurred in the business of the department, which expenses were so audited and paid. The salaries of the academical professors for the ensuing year, were fixed at \$1,800.00.

The salary of Professor Hammond was fixed at \$2,300.00 per annum, and the salary of President Thacher at \$2,800.00.

1877.1

A committee of homeopathic physicians appeared before the board, to request the establishment of a department in the university for giving instruction in that branch of medicine. The subject was referred to a committee to report at the next meeting of the board.

The taition fees in the medical department were fixed as follows: lectures for entire course for one year, \$20.00; matriculation ticket, \$5.00; demonstrator's ticket, \$5.00; graduation fee, \$25.00.

There had attended the institution during the year, five hundred and eighteen students, of whom there were in the law department, sixty-four; in the medical department, seventy-one; in the collegiate department, three hundred and eighty-three There were one hundred and sixty-four female students.

At the annual meeting of June, 1873, there was established a chair of English language and literature, also the chair of civil engineering, afterwards constituted a department. An additional resident professorship in the law department was also established, and the salaries of resident professors fixed at \$2,200.00 and \$1,800.00 respectively.

The committee to whom was referred the subject of a department of homeopathy reported that in the condition of the finances of the university, it was impossible for the board to enlarge the operations of the medical department, and respectfully referred the subject matter to the next general assembly of the state.

Mr. Clark tendered his resignation as treasurer, which was not accepted by the board.

There had been in the year then closed five hundred and forty-nine students in attendance, of whom eighty-five were in the law, seventy in the medical, and three hundred and ninety-four in the collegiate department.

There were one hundred and fifty-eight female students.

At the session of the Fifteenth General Assembly, begun January 12, 1874, there was appropriated from the state treasury, by act approved March 18, 1874, \$46,000 "to aid in support of the state university in all its chairs and departments, and the expenses recessary and incident to the maintenance of said institution."

At the June meeting, 1874, there was established a chair, "to be styled the chair of military instruction." The President of the United States was requested to detail an officer, as authorized by law of congress, to perform the duties of the chair, and a committee was appointed to correspond with the authorities at Washington, with a view to obtaining such officer. In accordance with this resolution, Lieuten-

ant A. D. Schenck, 2d artillery, U. S. A., was detailed as "Professor of Military Science and Tactics" at Iowa State University, by order of the war department, August 26, 1874; and reported for duty September 10, 1874. Lieutenant Schenck was afterwards relieved, and Lieutenant James Chester, 3d artillery, Brevet Captain, U. S. A., was detailed to same service, and reported for duty January 1st, 1877, and is most acceptably filling the position.

It was at this session of the board also ordered that the salaries of the non-resident professors of the medical department be \$1,000.00. The resident professors to be \$960.00 as heretofore.

An appropriation was also made of \$4,600.00 to be expended under the direction of the executive committee for erecting an observatory building and fitting the same.

There had been during the year 1873-4, five hundred and seventysix students, of whom were nineteen seniors, thirty-nine juniors, fortytwo sophomores, forty-six freshmen, forty-four specials, the others of the collegiates being in the sub-freshman classes; there were sixty-five in the medical department and ninety-three in the law. There were one hundred and sixty-seven female students.

During the year 1874-5, there were six hundred and twenty-three students in attendance; thirty-three seniors, thirty-six juniors, thirty-seven sophomores, forty freshmen, one hundred and eighty-seven subfreshmen, ninety not in course, one hundred and six in the law department and ninety-four in the medical department. Of the whole number, one hundred and forty-two were female students.

At the annual meeting of the board, 1875, it was ordered that the designation of the principal professor in the law faculty shall be "Chancellor of the Law Department," and the salary be \$2,500.00.

Another professor to be styled "Resident Professor," with a salary of \$1,500.00.

At a meeting held at Des Moines, November 3, 1875, Hon. E. Clark tendered his resignation as treasurer of the university, having been elected senator from Johnson county, in the state legislature. Mr. John N. Coldren was elected treasurer, and the amount of his bond fixed at \$100,000.00.

1877.]

At the meeting in March, 1876, a committee of physicians of the state, who had been in attendance at the examination of the medical department, appeared before the board, and with strong commendation of the excellence of the work done by the department, and urging its value to the state as an opportunity for medical instruction, recommended to the board the increase of facilities for instruction, and better accommodations for the department.

At the session of the Sixteenth General Assembly, which began January 10th, 1876, there was appropriated, by the act approved March 17th, 1876, \$47,457.00 "to aid in the present support of the state university in all its chairs and departments, and the expenditures incident to the maintenance of said institution for the ensuing biennial period."

By the same act the regents were directed to establish a department of homeopathy in connection with the medical department of the university, to consist of two chairs, and of the sum appropriated to the university, \$4,100.00 were specifically set apart for the support of the chairs in homeopathy, and not to be used for any other purpose.

At the annual meeting of the board in 1876, it was "Resolved, that there is hereby established a department of homeopathy in the state university."

"That there be and are hereby established in said department, two chairs, one of practice and the other of materia medica, with a view to such other chairs as may be provided by law."

"That the sum of \$4,100.00, mentioned and appropriated in said act, be, and is hereby, reserved and set apart for the use of said department of homeopathy."

A committee was also appointed to report at the next meeting of the board, as to the practicality of putting the department into immediate operation, and of all matters pertaining to the opening of the department.

It was at this meeting ordered, that after the 1st of September, 1877, the salaries of the professors in the collegiate department be reduced from \$1,800.00 to \$1,700.00 per annum, and the salaries of the medical faculty be reduced fifty dollars each.

It was also ordered that there be an appropriation of \$200.00 to buy a fire-proof safe for use of the secretary's office, and \$1,000.00 for a walk of flag-stone commencing at the steps of Center Hall, and extending as to direction, in the discretion of the committee on buildings and grounds, as far as the appropriation will complete the walk.

There had been six hundred and eighteen students in attendance, of whom twenty-eight were seniors; twenty-eight juniors; forty-eight were sophomores; sixty-three were freshmen; seventy-six second year sub-freshmen; and one hundred and forty-seven first year sub-freshmen; forty-six not in course; eighty-one in the law, and one hundred and one in the medical department. One hundred and sixty-one of the whole number were females.

At the March meeting of the regents, 1877, Rev. William Stevens Perry, Bishop of Iowa and president of the board of trustees of Griswold College, appeared before the board and presented the memorial and resolutions of the trustees of Griswold College, as follows:

TO THE HONORABLE THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF STATE OF IOWA:

Gentlemen: —At a late meeting of the board of trustees of Griswold College, held in the city of Davenport, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted, to-wit:

Resolved. That the executive committee be authorized and instructed to memorialize the board of regents of the university of the state of Iowa, to take such action, after mutual conference and agreement with the said executive committee,—the said action to be finally approved by this board, whereby on the graduation of students in arts and science in Griswold College, the degree of A. B., or B. S., shall be conferred on the terms established by the university professors, and only after examinations, written or oral, conducted by, or in accordance with the instructions of, the said university faculty, empowered to confer the said degrees; it being understood and stipulated that the said degrees, when thus conferred, shall be given by the university over and above their bestowal by Griswold college.

Resolved, That in this effort to secure affiliation with the university of the state, the board of trustees of Griswold College pledge themselves, on re-opening the college committed to their charge, to provide such a course of instruction, and to give evidence of such sympathy with the highest education, as to render this affiliation a proof of the interest of the said trustees and the church they represent, in the advance of education and culture throughout the state, to their highest possible development.

In compliance with these instructions and heartily endorsing and seconding their intent, the executive committee would respectfully ask of the regents of the university that kind consideration of their proposition which the importance of the subject at issue certainly demands.

The existence within the state of eighteen so-called universities or colleges, largely denominational in their origin and constituency, with varying standards of scholarship, and each and all alike possessing the degree-giving power, cannot but render all efforts for the establishment of a uniform and high standard of educational attainment as contemplated by the university practically inoperative. Too often the degree will be sought where it can most readily be obtained. The exaction of a high standard of attain-

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ment, as a prerequisite to graduation by the university, can and will, at present, affect only those who, from love of study and free from the influence of denominational prejudice, personally attend the university, and avail themselves of its superior privileges. Could the university be multiplied, and its advantages be offered at each of the many educational centers now existing within the state, it would certainly be productive of far greater good than is now possible. Is it not practicable to secure such a result? It is not essential to the idea of a state university that its instructions should be given, and its curriculum maintained, in any particular place. The university of the state of New York, for example, has neither buildings nor instructors, yet, by availing itself of the various colleges, established under local or denominational influences in the state, it maintains a high and uniform standard of scholarship throughout the state; and year by year in the annual reports of its regents, contributes in a marked degree to the educational advance of the land. The ancient universities of Oxford and Cambridge, not centent with gathering their students in centers which have been hallowed by the presence and toil of scholars for nearly a thousand years, are seeking to establish all over the United Kingdom educational centers under their control, where the same instruction, in whole or in part, will be given, and the university degrees, at least in great part, earned. The fact of the existence of these scattered and often rival educational institutions being admitted, the question for our American educators seems to be, can there be attained, by their united and uniform efforts, the grand result which the state university is felt and known to have in view? Can steps be taken whereby a degree from each and every college in Iowa shall represent a certain and well defined amount of attainment in learning and letters, and the standard of the state university be thus maintained throughout the state?

Your memorialists respectfully submit that they believe this result to be both possible and eminently desirable. With a view to bring about this result they respectfully propose in the re-opening of the college under their charge, which will take place the present year, to surrender the exercise of their power of granting the degrees of B. A. and B. S., i. e.: the graduating degrees, save on terms to be determined by the faculty of the state university and after examinations, conducted either by representatives of said faculty of the state university in person, or in such strict accordance with their requirements as to meet fully and without any reservation the prerequisite standard of the university. And they ask of the regents that upon the students of Griswold College who shall, after examinations conducted as aforesaid, fulfill these requirements, as prescribed by the faculty of the university, for graduation either in arts or science, there shall be given by the authorities of the university the degree to which they have proved themselves entitled. To effect this result, as will be seen at a glance, a course of study and a standard of instruction must be maintained at Griswold College equivalent to that offered at the university. Practically therefore it will be the addition to the state university, and in closest affiliation with it, of a well-officiered and thoroughly efficient co-worker in the educational field.

There can be little hazard in granting so simple a request. If the graduates of Griswold College are not able to pass the examinations prescribed by the State University they will fail to receive a graduating degree. If they are able to pass these examinations they are unquestionably entitled to that recognition of their attainments on the part of the state, they would secure if, in place of a course of study at Griswold College, they had taken a similar course at Iowa City. "Griswold" would sustain the relation to the university that "Balliol" or "Brasenose" or "Christ Church" colleges at Oxford, and "*t. John's" and "Trinity" at Cambridge, do to their respective universities. It would prepare its men for the university examinations and would be at pains to do it well. Its teaching, and the application and success of its students would be ever on trial before an impartial tribunal. It would attest its hearty interest in the work of thorough education by courting the fullest scrutiny and by claiming nothing which it did not fairly earn.

Nor would this step be without results in inciting a generous emulation among other local and denominational colleges throughout the state to reach the same standard of education and thus secure similar terms from the State University. Our state system of education would soon comprise all the educational institutions that were capable of imparting an instruction worth the seeking.

The details of this plan may safely be left for further consideration if the general outlines of this scheme of affiliation with the state educational system are approved. The executive committee of the board of trustees of Griswold College in presenting this memorial, respectfully beg this general approval of their proposition, and the appointment of a committee on the part of the regents to which, in connection with a committee of their own body, the perfecting of this scheme shall be entrusted.

With the most unfeigned respect for the honorable board to which they present this, the r unanimous petition, your memorialists beg to subscribe themselves.

Respectfully,

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
Of the Board of Trustees of Griswold College by

WILLIAM STEVENS PERRY,

Bishop of Iowa and President of the Board.

^{*&}quot;The university of the state of New York, though generally regarded as a legal fiction, is, in truth, a grand reality. The numerous institutions of which it is composed are indeed not, as in England, crowded into a single city, but are scattered, for pupilar convenience, over the entire state,"—P. 528, Report of Regents for 1876.

EXTRACT FROM THE MINUTES.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the board of trustees of Griswold College, on motion, it was unanimously

Resolved. That the memorial to the regents of the university of the state of Iows, presented by the president of the board, be and is hereby adopted, and that the president be appointed a committee of the executive committee to present the same to the regents of the university.

Attest:

WILLIAM STEVENS PERRY,

President of the Board.

The memorial was received and referred to a committee to report at the June meeting of the board.

A resolution was also adopted by the board, affiliating the high schools of the state with the university, by admitting to the freshman class of the university, without examination, students who shall present certificates of proficiency, signed by the principal and president of the board of directors, of such school or academy as may have been approved by the faculty, showing a standard of scholarship prescribed for such admission.

At the June session, 1877, an election was had to fill the chairs of the homeopathic department, which resulted in the choice of A. C. Cowperthwait, M. D., of Nebraska City, as professor of materia medica, and W. H. Dickinson, M. D., of Des Moines, as professor of theory and practice.

The committee to whom was referred, at the March meeting, the memorial of Griswold College, recommended the appointment of a committee to meet the executive committee of Griswold College, to determine the feasibility of the plan suggested in the memorial, and report the details of such plan as might be approved by the committee to the board at their next meeting in March.

In consideration of the subject of legal instruction, the board at this session resolved "that the good of the legal profession will be promoted by the passage of an act by the general assembly, requiring at least two years of study, either under private or law school instruction, as preparation for admission to the bar of Iowa," and ordered that no person under twenty-one years of age, be entitled to receive a diploma from the law or medical department; but that persons pursuing the course of study in these departments and passing examinations, will be entitled to the diploma on attaining full age of twenty-one years.

It was also ordered by the regents, that after the school year 1877–78, the rule for the present incidental fee of, five dollars, required to be paid by students, be abolished, and that there shall be paid by each student entering the sub freshman classes, a tuition fee of six dollars per term, collegiate students to pay a fee of eight and one-third dollars per term, and students in the department of civil engineering, a tuition fee of ten dollars per term; and also that the students now admitted free, known as "representative students," be required to pay an incidental fee of three and one-third dollars per term.

During the session of the board, June, 1877, the relations of Dr. Thacher, as president of the university, were terminated, and C. W. Slagle, a member of the board of regents, was elected president protem., and a committee was appointed to ascertain and recommend to the board the names of persons suitable to be selected as president of the institution.

There had been in the school year then closed five hundred and fifty-five students. Twenty-five in the senior class; thirty in the junior class; thirty-six in the sophomore class; sixty-five in the freshman class; sixty-six in the second year of the sub-freshman; one hundred and nine in the first year of the sub-freshman; forty-two not in course; one hundred and three in the law department; seventy-nine in the medical department. Of the whole number one hundred and seventeen were females.

CONDITION OF THE UNIVERSITY AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FALL TERM, 1877.

At the present time (the opening of the fall term, 1877,) the educational corps of the university consists of the president of the institution, and nine professors in the collegiate department, including the professor of civil engineering, who is of the collegiate faculty, besides the professor of military science, and six instructors in this department; the chancellor and three professors of the law department and four lecturers; eight professors of the medical department, demonstrator and assistant demonstrator of anatomy, prosector of surgery, and two lecturers, and two professors of the homoepathic medical department. Of students there have been registered at this writing, in the collegiate department, three hundred and fifty-five; three hundred and thirty-four have regularly matriculated, a few having failed to pass the required examination. Of the whole number, one hundred and four are

females. In the number of collegiate students, sixty-six counties of the state of Iowa, and eight states of the United States, are represented, and of the new students, at the present term, thirteen have come from other colleges, and an unusual proportion over the entries of any other term, have come from the high schools and academies of the state and entered advanced classes.

In the law department there are one hundred students, representing thirty-seven counties in the state of Iowa, and thirteen states and territories of the United States outside of Iowa. There are eleven students in the advanced course, or second year of this department, five of whom are not numbered in the regular class, making in all one hundred and five students in the department. Of the whole number, (25) twenty-five were graduates of colleges before entering the law class. The law library contains nineteen hundred volumes. The department has now existed twelve years.

In the medical department there are eighty students, representing thirty-six counties of Iowa and ten states and two foreign countries.

The homeopathic medical department has opened with a class of fourteen students.

The whole number of books in the medical libraries is two hundred and fifty. It is seven years since the organization of the department, and there have been one hundred and twenty eight graduates.

GENERAL REMARKS-INCLUDING COURSES OF STUDY.

On the registry card of the collegiate students there is a blank on which the student may designate the church of his preference, and of the number registered at the present time there have been designated as follows:

Episcopalian, sixteen; Christian, twenty-three; Congregational, seventy-five; Catholic, nine; no preference, fifty-three; Lutheran, two; Baptist, thirty; Universalist, five; Presbyterian, sixty; Unitarian, one; Methodist, seventy-five; United Brethren, one; United Presbyterian, five.

The law for the government of the university is faithfully observed in that it "shall never be under the exclusive control of any religious denomination whatever." Nor is there surveillance of religious opinions, but if the conduct and character of students may be an index of training, the university may challenge scrutiny in the fact that her influence is of the best character of culture, and she will not suffer by comparison with any institution of learning, if tested by the lives of her students and professors.

The course of study in the institution has undergone changes from time to time, as the exigencies of the case seemed to require, and without claiming that it is at present perfect or all that should be attained, it is adapted to good educational work and high attainments for students. The faculty are ever watchful for such improvements and changes as will reach the highest standard.

The collegiate department embraces three courses of study. 1st. The classical course, in which the ancient languages are taught in connection with such other scientific and literary branches as are found in the usual courses for the degree of Bachelor of Arts. 2d. The philosophic course in which philosophy, science, and modern language occupy the time which in the classical course is given to the Greek language. 3d. The scientific course, in which science is made specially prominent. The two latter courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy.

The course in the department of civil engineering leading to the degree of Civil Engineer.

It is believed that these courses fully meet the present educational demands of the youth of our state, and for further information in relation to these courses reference is made to the catalogue of 1876-77 accompanying this report.

It is proper to say in this connection that the word department is now used in a sense different from that in which it was employed in the early history of the university. Then it was applied to designate each of the separate lines of study, as "The Department of Mental and Moral Science," "The Department of Mathematics and Astronomy," etc.; but when the professional departments of Law and Medicine were created, all those previously called departments were grouped together as chairs or professorships under the one designation of the Collegiate Department. The Normal Department is included in this category. The question of its status was raised in 1861, in the board of trustees upon the proposition that a distinction should be made between the sense in which it was called a department, and that in which the other chairs were so called. After mature consideration the board decided that no such distinction should be made, and it has ever since, whether called a department, or chair of didactics, been simply upon the same footing with the other professorships in the collegiate department. For several years a separate normal course was

maintained and classes were graduated on completing it, but when the university from the advancement of its requirements for admission. ceased to give instruction in the ordinary common school branches and so shut out those preparing for primary teaching, the board determined to offer preparation only for the higher departments of educational work, to which a large portion of the collegiate alumni are called as principals of high schools, superintendents, etc. They have therefore placed the studies relating to this branch as electives in the senior year of the collegiate courses, so that any graduate who chooses may receive instruction in this direction. They have further provided that any pupil in the university, though not intending to graduate, may enter these classes. Since the adoption of this plan there has been gratifying evidence of its success, and it is believed that in this respect the university is rendering important service in the work of popular education. It is further gratifying to observe that the thoughts of the most enlightened educators of the time are tending toward the adoption of a similar plan for other colleges. The university of Edinburgh has recently established a professorship of didactics. That distinguished educator, secretary Northrop, of Connecticut, in a recent report commenting on this fact, uses this language: "It is a reproach to us that no similar professorship exists in any American college except the state university of Iowa." Professor Phelps, President of the National Educational Association, says in his inaugural at Baltimore: "In all our higher institutions, our colleges and universities, professorships or departments of education should be established."

LIBRARY.

The university library contains 9,379 volumes, exclusive of pamphlets distributed as follows:

Philosophy, 692; social and political science, 406; physical and natural science, mathematics and astronomy, 930; poetry, 345; fiction, 372; fine arts, 59; biography and letters, 575; geography and travel, 311; philology, 425; history, 826; works of reference, 295; archæology and ethnology, 54; education, 250; American and foreign reviews, 1,230; miscellaneous literature, 163; literature and literary criticism, 166; public documents, 1,575; unclassified, 705.

These books have been carefully selected during a series of years, with reference to permanent value, as well as to present and practical needs; and are standard authorities upon the subjects of which they

treat. Students have access to the library two hours each day, for the urpose of reading current periodicals, consulting works of reference, and drawing books for use at their rooms. The annual issues amount to about 10,000 volumes, and in quality as well as quantity, do the highest credit to the good taste and excellent judgment of the students. The influence of the library in the direction of intelligence and culture, is very marked and very gratifying.

The pressing wants of the library are: 1st. More books in all its departments, no one of which is adequately supplied. 2d. Our present badly lighted and poorly ventilated room, should be exchanged for one of three times its size, more secure from fire, properly lighted and ventilated, and provided with suitable accommodations for books and readers. 3d. Means to secure the full time of a librarian, competent to be a real professor of books. 4th. Money to print our manuscript catalogues and concordance of subjects.

CO-EDUCATION OF THE SEXES.

The subject of female education in the university is important. The experience of the institution has uniformly been favorable to the coeducation of the sexes; their influence on each other in the acquisition of learning is most beneficial, as well as conducing to the orderly habits of the whole body of the students. It has before been well said to the board of regents, "that the presence of both sexes in the institution is an altogether invaluable feature of our policy in respect of mutual restraint from indecorum, and of mutual incitement to every virtue, while there has not been so much as a rumor of the want of honorable bearing on the part of any young man, nor of the want of true self-respect on the part of any young woman." There has, however, been a diminution in the number of female students in the university; but it may be accounted for from the fact that the accommodations for young women in some respects in the university, and in places for boarding, are not equal to those for young men. Families who accommodate students with boarding, in most instances give preference to young men. There is no lady professor in the institution whose duty it might be to interest herself in students of her own sex outside of university work. If there were means at the disposal of the board a most beneficent provision could be made for the accommodation of the young women of the state, and the experience of the university has demonstrated that they desire it, for despite the disadvantages, there

has been exhibited here a heroism on the part of young women to obtain an education, and an ability to acquire it, that deserves better recognition and better opportunity.

The following statistics may be interesting, as connected with this part of our work.

From the table of total attendance annexed, it will be seen that young ladies have constituted forty-three per cent. of the total attendance in the collegiate department during the past seventeen years. It will also be seen that this percentage would be reduced to thirty-four and one-half per cent., if we regard only the last five years.

If we consider the attendance by classes, we find the proportion of ladies diminishing as we proceed from the lower classes to the higher, but we shall also find that this diminution is less marked during the last five years than in the years preceding them, thus:

Percentage of Ladies in Attendance, by Classes, from 1867 to 1872, and from 1872 to 1877.

				SOPHOMORE.		SENIOR.	
1867-72	45 per c	cent.	28 per cent.	18 per cent.	16 per cent.	15 per cent	
1872-7	40 per c		28 per cent.	31½ per cent.	24½ per cent.	17 3-5 per cent.	

Some of the causes for this diminution in attendance in the higher classes have been referred to in this report.

A careful examination of the records of the collegiate department for the last two years embraced in this report, shows the comparative scholarship of the two sexes to be as follows: Comparative Scholarship of Ladies and Gentlemen in State University (College Classes only) for 1875–7.

1875-6.

	LAI	LADIES,		GENTLEMEN.	
CLASS.	No. of examinations.*	Average.	No. of exam- inations.	Average.	
Freshman. Sophomore. Junior. Senior.	90 76 86 76	92.6 92. 91.7 94.2		91.2 93.6 94.4 94.7	
All classes together	328	92.6	681	93.3	
1876-7.					
Freshman Sophomore Junior Senior	114 90 45 44	91.2 95.6 94.8	217	93.8 94.1 94.6 97.3	
All classes together	293	92.2	842	94.6	

It will be seen from the above that the grade of scholarship is nearly the same for the two sexes. In tracing to its origin the slight deficiency in the average of the young ladies, it was found that in the mathematical and physical sciences their average for the two years together falls five per cent. below that of the young men, while for ancient and modern language the average of each is the same.

^{*}The examinations here included were marked on a scale from 0 to 100. All below 60, having been counted as failures, are not embraced in this table.

The Annexed Table Shows the total Attendance in the University since the Year 1860:

	COLLEGIATE DEPART-			LA	LAW DEPART- MENT.			MEDICAL DEPART- MENT.		
	Ladies.	Gentlemen,	Total.	Ladies.	Gentlemen.	Total.	Ladies.	Gentlemen.	Total,	Grand total
860-61	86	861	172	1				1		1
861-62	136	118	254	********						2
892-63	187	101	288		*******					2
863-64	255	177	432	********						1
861-85	276	164	440					********		4
665-66	306	362	668	*********	*******					6
866-67	269	371	640				***********			6
867-68	170	275	445							4
808-69	144	249	393		25	25				4
969-70	163	240	403		36	36	100000			4
70-71	139	234	373		45	45		29	37	4
71-72	155	228	383	*********	64	64	9	62	71	5
72-73	152	242	394	1	84	85	5	65	70	
73-74	161	257	418		93	93	0	59	65	5
74-75	132	291	428	9	104	106	0	86	94	5
75-76	151	285	435	1	80	81	0	92		6
76-77	112	261	373	1	101	103	3		101	6
19-11	112	201	313		101	103	- 8	76	79	5
80-77	2,991	3,941	6,935	6	632	638	48	469	517	8,0
lumni	***************************************		***********	********	********	*********				I Sail
Normal course.	131	54	185)	********	********	*********	********			100
Collegiate course.	36	148	184	4	451	458	11	117	128	98

The number of different individuals who have received instruction at the University since 1899, is 4,416; the grand total of the above table showing, of course, individuals who may have been in the University more than one year.

WANTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The property of the University for school purposes consists of the three buildings, North Hall, a brick building sixty one by ninety feet on the ground, two stories in height above the basement; the building is used as a laboratory, and for the purposes of the chair of physical science, the second story for the university chapel. Central Hall, distant one hundred and nine feet from North Hall is of the size sixty by one hundred and twenty feet, two stories in height. In this building are the library rooms of the law department and the general library, the cabinet of natural science, the armory of the military department, the lecture room and other rooms of the law department, and several rooms used as recitation rooms by collegiate professors, also the office of the president, a part of the basement is used as a residence by the janitor. South Hall, situated on a line with the other buildings and one hundred and nine feet distant from Central Hall is of the size of one hundred and eight by forty-five feet, and three stories high. The south half of

the building of the basement and first story is used by the medical department. In the third story are the halls of the literary societies and the principal part of the rooms used for recitations in the collegiate department are in this building. That the buildings are inconveniently crowded needs not to be suggested, when the number of students inthe university and the various purposes for which rooms are used are considered, and to accommodate all the recitations more than one professor, by an economical arrangement of time for recitation, frequently uses the same room. The buildings have been kept in as good repair as the funds at the disposal of the board have permitted; no abuse by students has at any time wasted the property of the institution, and it has ever been a matter of remark and congratulation that the sentiment of the students has been in favor of the preservation and decent and cleanly appearance of the property. That repairs for the preservation of the property are needed is quite apparent, and if waste is prevented, should be attended to at an early day.

The cupola, and the roof of Central Hall are especially needing early attention. It is nearly forty years since it was constructed, and it is now exposed to rapid decay. The university grounds consist of ten acres in a square form, the buildings looking east, and situated about midway of the ten acres from east to west. A permanent walk of stone eight feet in width, of flags uniform in width of walk, and four to six feet in breadth, extends from the Central Hall steps to Clinton street, of the city, and there is a most urgent need for a similar walk to connect this walk to the north and south halls. The amount of money heretofore expended on temporary walks has been a waste in comparison with the cost and durability of the stone walk recently constructed. The university grounds have been neatly kept without any considerable outlay of money, but new fencing is needed on the west side of the grounds, and constant care and a reasonable outlay of money is required for the preservation of the property. This neatness and preservation is not without its good influence on students who become interested in it as a real pleasure. There is no insurance carried on the property of the university. Some years since an appropriation was asked of the legislature for this purpose, but in the discussion of the subject in the general assembly, and the omission at the time to allow an estimate for insurance, the board have not since made an appropriation for the purpose. A large amount of valuable property is exposed to accident by fire, by reason of the crowded condition in which the property is occupied. The astronomical observatory is a substantial brick

^{*}Including students in Engineering Department.

building, situated on an eminence at the distance of five blocks from the university campus. The grounds, comprising one-half acre, were acquired partly by purchase and partly by act of the Fifteenth General Assembly, approved March 18th, 1874. Although with the limited resources at command, this department of instruction has not an equipment equal to its importance, the observatory has become a favorite resort for students, and is exercising a wholesome influence in favor of the study of astronomy.

The importance of the university as a place for the education of the youth of our own commonwealth cannot be overstated; even in an economical aspect it is not unimportant, and while as a state and people we are reaching out for an independence in our manufacturing and commercial interests, a little sagacity might suggest the same consideration for our educational interests. Institutions of the eastern states are not unmindful of the harvest to be gathered from the valley of the Mississippi, and while sitting in the lap of plenty they eat of our poverty. In the present year Yale College held an examination at Chicago, the College of New Jersey held an examination at Cincinnati, and for two years Harvard College has held examinations at Cincinnati for admission of students from the West to these several institutions, thus bringing to our doors the goods they have to dispose of, somewhat on the plan with which merchants advertise their wares through the medium of commercial travelers. It is stated of an examination held at Cincinnati as one of the reasons for the same, "to save for the candidates from the West the serious cost of the journey to and from -," and further, that "the cost of the examinations to the college was \$128.00, for which sum not more than three of the candidates could have come to --- and return to their homes." Supposing one hundred is not an overestimate of Iowa students who may be pursuing their education in schools east of the Allegheny mountains, and if from Ohio to Massachusetts the cost of three, for the trip going and returning may be \$128.00, it may be well to consider the expense of the many trips from Iowa, and the years spent in obtaining an education, by the many sons and daughters of our own state who may go to eastern institutions-and if the subject is of sufficient importance to be worth the attention of a distinguished educator in New England in behalf of the pecuniary interests of western people, it might be worth the attention of western people to consider the subject for themselves. It is possible, western people may not appreciate this tender consideration of eastern colleges for their financial condition, and may regard it in

its business aspects of keeping up the supposed prescriptive right of supplying from the East the necessities of the West; but we may not afford to be unwise in the matter, and while the individuality of the West is asserting itself in other respects, there is no reason why its education should be borrowed, or an imitation.

The wants of the university to meet its necessities and capabilities for usefulness are varied and urgent. In the matter of buildings, for convenience, for safety and for the absolute necessities of the work done in the university, there is most urgent need for more room. At Harvard College, accommodating only about as many more students as are in the state university of Iowa, twenty-six buildings are occupied and other institutions doing good work have accommodations in like proportions. It may be safely assumed that no institution so restricted for room, does better work, or works with greater economy than is done here. In organizing the homeopathic medical department, the regents have been compelled to secure rooms outside of university property for their accommodation, and in the law department the professors have been compelled to secure accommodations outside, for the several moot-courts of the class. With the growth which the institution is experiencing, additional room must at an early day become a necessity, and consideration of the subject is most respectfully urged. Various chairs in the institution are inadequately provided for the important instruction therein. It may not be inviduous to speak of certain of them-as of natural science-and to consider the great importance of this study as a means of developing observation, judgment and accurate habits of thought. The interest taken in biological problems by the general public, as indicated by discussions on the platform, and everywhere, of questions relating to evolution, the origin of life, &c.; the wide-spread lack of biological knowledge and consequent necessity and demand such information as can be obtained only from actual study in the class-room and physiological laboratory. How all institutions of any repute make provision to meet the growing demand for biological instruction, and such as are putting themselves most fully in accord with modern thought, are taking a leading rank among American colleges. This subject, as affecting the standing of the state university of Iowa, appeals to the interest and pride of every friend of the institution. The instruction in natural science which will meet the necessities of modern education, is more expensive than instruction in some other branches of learning, and it will be by being aided in doing such work that the state university may demonstrate

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her value in a growing commonwealth such as the state of Iowa. But the value of this work need not end merely with class instruction. The natural history of a great state is yet to be investigated, its recent, and fossil animal life, is a great store-house of treasure yet to be studied, described and preserved; and may it not be here suggested, that legislation making the university cabinet the state cabinet might be advisable, providing by general law for its regular growth. A large amount of useful information might be annually or biennially disseminated, by reports on the condition of the state cabinet, published as are other state documents.

The department of civil engineering is very important in its relations to the occupations and conditions of practical life. The general tendency of the times is in the direction of educated labor; to know more about principles and forces, and how to direct these forces to our use. In the arts of the maker of the pin or nail, the chair-maker, the wood-carver, the decorator, the architect, the engineer, are surely alike involved principles requiring intelligent direction, and both individuals and communities who, through lack of education, work in the rough, or "cut and try," will take secondary positions, while educated labor will consume their substance or sap their foundations. It is the hope of the faculty of this department to lead the minds of students to a knowledge of art and its applications to industry, as well as to an average culture with other graduates of the university. The subject of drawing is made prominent in the instruction, upon the knowledge of which so many of the trades and industries are hinged for success, and the sciences more or less depend for successful illustration.

Hand in hand with the other chairs of the institution, is that of physical science, and in this day of wonderful inquiry into the elements of power which are sleeping in the natural world, and waiting for the research and genius of mankind to wake them into life, for the usefulness and happiness of the race; when we have already scen results in the art of the photographer, in the uses of steam and electricity, and the thousands of developments through the efforts of the patient workers in physical science, the argument is fully made in behalf of opportunity for education in physical science and the liberal use of a laboratory. There is here no disparagement intended of the great value of the work of other chairs in the university, nor is there intended even the institution of a comparison as to the value of the several chairs; the horizon of culture is boundless as the attributes

of the soul, and it is a narrow view to take of education that there is any field exclusively its own. If the pecuniary ability of the university was equal to the occasion, there are yet other branches of education which should be introduced in the institution, besides the enlargement of those now taught, and the friends of education may be indulged in the hope of the future that such policy will be adopted in relation to the university as will gradually result in a university indeed, an institution which at the present time may honor the position of the state of Iowa, as she now stands among the sisterhood of states in relation to her educational system, and which in the future of the Mississippi valley will honor the foresight of those who are the pioneers in whatever shall be the greatness and grandeur of this country.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

C. W. SLAGLE, President pro tempore.

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