IOWA PRENATAL CARE BARRIERS PROJECT DATA FROM 2016 SURVEYS

2016 Respondents from All Hospitals in Iowa: 21,928 2016 Respondents with Babies Born in **Wright County: 55***

^{*}Because of the small number of cases, data may not be representative of the entire population of new mothers whose babies were in this county.

| Demographic Indicators | State | County |
|---|---|--|
| Mother's Age | | |
| Less than 18 years | 01% | <1% |
| 18-19 years | 03% | 04% |
| 20-25 years | 26% | 31% |
| 26-30 years | 36% | 39% |
| 31-35 years | 25% | 22% |
| More than 35 years | 08% | 04% |
| Mother's Ethnicity | | |
| Hispanic | 07% | 09% |
| Non-Hispanic | 93% | 91% |
| Black | 05% | 02% |
| White | 91% | 98% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 03% | <1% |
| American Indian or Native Alaskan | 01% | <1% |
| | | |
| | | |
| Socioeconomic Indicators | State | County |
| Socioeconomic Indicators Mother's Education | State | County |
| | State | County 02% |
| Mother's Education | | |
| Mother's Education Less than high school | 07% | 02% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school | 07% 20% | 02% 20% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college | 07% 20% 34% | 02% 20% 47% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) | 07% 20% 34% 27% | 02% 20% 47% 22% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school | 07% 20% 34% 27% | 02% 20% 47% 22% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school Household Income | 07% 20% 34% 27% 11% | 02% 20% 47% 22% 09% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school Household Income Less than \$10,000 | 07% 20% 34% 27% 11% | 02% 20% 47% 22% 09% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school Household Income Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$19,999 | 07% 20% 34% 27% 11% | 02% 20% 47% 22% 09% |
| Mother's Education Less than high school High school Some college College graduate (Bachelor's degree) Graduate school Household Income Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$19,999 \$20,000 - \$29,999 | 07% 20% 34% 27% 11% 12% 09% | 02% 20% 47% 22% 09% 17% 15% 07% |

| Information Received in 12 Months Prior to Becoming Pregnant | State | County |
|--|-------|--------|
| Doctor, Nurse, or Other Health Care Provider Talked About: | | |
| Taking folic acid or a multivitamin | 46% | 45% |
| Smoking | 35% | 27% |
| Drinking alcohol | 31% | 27% |
| Your weight | 29% | 22% |
| Regular exercise | 32% | 31% |
| How romantic relationships affect your health | 13% | 15% |
| Did not see a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional for a check-up in the 12 months prior to becoming pregnant | 31% | 38% |
| Behavioral Indicators During Pregnancy | State | County |
| No Birth Control was Used at Time of Conception | 87% | 89% |
| No bitti control was osca at time of conception | 0770 | 0370 |
| Unintended Pregnancy and Did NOT Use Birth Control | 70% | 57% |
| Plan to return to work outside of home following birth of this baby | | |
| Yes | 73% | 78% |
| No | 27% | 22% |
| Does worksite have designated room/location (not counting bathroom stalls) for mothers to breastfeed or pump/express their breast milk | | |
| Yes | 52% | 48% |
| No | 30% | 38% |
| Don't Know | 18% | 14% |
| Does worksite have written policy about breastfeeding? | | |
| Yes | 21% | 26% |
| No | 28% | 33% |
| Don't Know | 51% | 40% |
| Cigarettes Smoked During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy | | |
| Not smoked in past 2 years | 77% | 74% |
| Zero cigarettes per day | 55% | 43% |
| 1-10 per day | 40% | 50% |
| 11-20 per day | 05% | 07% |
| More than 20 per day | 01% | <1% |
| Alcoholic Drinks During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy | | |
| Not had any alcoholic drinks in past 2 years | 28% | 23% |
| Zero drinks per week | 98% | 95% |
| 1 drink per week | 01% | 02% |
| 2 drinks per week | <1% | 02% |
| 3 or more drinks per week | <1% | <1% |

| Prenatal Care | State | County |
|--|------------|------------|
| Mother received prenatal care as early in the pregnancy as wanted | | |
| Yes | 94% | 94% |
| No | 06% | 06% |
| No prenatal care | 01% | <1% |
| Where mother went for most of prenatal care | | |
| Private doctor's office or clinic | 78% | 63% |
| Midwife's office or home office from a midwife | 07% | 02% |
| Public clinic | 15% | 31% |
| Other | <1% | 04% |
| HIV/AIDS Testing During Pregnancy | | |
| Yes | 48% | 45% |
| No | 26% | 30% |
| No, Testing was offered, but did not want to be tested | 03% | <1% |
| Don't know | 24% | 25% |
| Received Flu Shot During Pregnancy | | |
| Yes | 64% | 59% |
| No, Received flu shot before became pregnant | 07% | 07% |
| No, Did not want flu shot during pregnancy | 13% | 11% |
| No, Doctor said to wait until after pregnancy | 01% | 02% |
| No, Do not ever get flu shots | 14% | 19% |
| No, Flu shot was not available | 02% | 02% |
| Hospital Services | State | County |
| Hospital Staff Encouraged Breastfeeding During First 24 Hours After Birth | | |
| of the Baby | 0.07 | 000/ |
| Yes | 86% | 89% |
| No Don't remember | 12% 02% | 11% <1% |
| Don't remember | 02% | <170 |
| During Pregnancy or Time at the Hospital, a Doctor, Nurse, or Other | | |
| Healthcare Professional Provided Information or Scheduled a Time to Discuss: | | |
| Breastfeeding or breastfeeding techniques | 83% | 84% |
| Action steps to decrease frustration when infant cries | 43% | 36% |
| How to lay the baby down to sleep | 56% | 45% |
| Dangers of shaking an infant | 41% | 27% |
| Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss | 07% | 09% |

Technical Note: Because percentages were rounded, the sum of values may not equal 100%.

For more information: Call the University of Northern Iowa Center for Social & Behavioral Research: (319) 273-2105. Data source: Iowa Barriers to Prenatal Care Project, Iowa Department of Public Health, University of Northern Iowa Center for Behavioral Research: 2016 Data.