IOWA PRENATAL CARE BARRIERS PROJECT DATA FROM 2015 SURVEYS

2015 Respondents from All Hospitals in Iowa: 23,212 2015 Respondents with Babies Born in **Butler**: 126

| Demographic Indicators | State | County |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Mother's Age | | |
| Less than 18 years | 01% | 02% |
| 18-19 years | 04% | 02% |
| 20-25 years | 27% | 25% |
| 26-30 years | 35% | 39% |
| 31-35 years | 25% | 25% |
| More than 35 years | 08% | 07% |
| Mother's Ethnicity | | |
| Hispanic | 07% | 02% |
| Non-Hispanic | 93% | 98% |
| White | 91% | 99% |
| Black | 05% | 01% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 03% | <01% |
| American Indian or Native Alaskan | 01% | <01% |

| Socioeconomic Indicators | State | County |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Mother's Education | | |
| Less than high school | 07% | 05% |
| High school | 20% | 22% |
| Some college | 35% | 38% |
| College graduate (Bachelor's degree) | 27% | 28% |
| Graduate school | 11% | 07% |
| Household Income | | |
| Less than \$10,000 | 14% | 12% |
| \$10,000 - \$19,999 | 10% | 07% |
| \$20,000 - \$29,999 | 09% | 09% |
| \$30,000 - \$39,999 | 09% | 09% |
| \$40,000 - \$49,999 | 07% | 10% |
| \$50,000 or more | 52% | 53% |

| Information Received in 12 Months Prior to Becoming Pregnant | State | County |
|--|-------|--------|
| Health Care Provider Talked About: | | |
| Birth control | 50% | 47% |
| Timing of pregnancy | 20% | 16% |
| Spacing of children | 11% | 13% |
| Doctor, Nurse, or Other Health Care Provider Talked About: | | |
| Taking folic acid or a multivitamin | 45% | 38% |
| Smoking | 32% | 28% |
| Drinking alcohol | 27% | 23% |
| Your weight | 25% | 25% |
| Regular exercise | 28% | 25% |
| How romantic relationships affect your health | 09% | 09% |
| Did not see a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional for a check-up in the 12 months prior to becoming pregnant | 24% | 21% |

| Behavioral Indicators During Pregnancy | State | County |
|---|-------|--------|
| No Birth Control was Used at Time of Conception | 86% | 83% |
| Unintended Pregnancy and Did NOT Use Birth Control | 67% | 62% |
| Cigarettes Smoked During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy | | |
| Not smoked in past 2 years | 76% | 70% |
| Zero cigarettes per day | 54% | 41% |
| 1-10 per day | 40% | 49% |
| 11-20 per day | 06% | 11% |
| More than 20 per day | <01% | <01% |
| Alcoholic Drinks During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy | | |
| Not had any alcoholic drinks in past 2 years | 30% | 26% |
| Zero drinks per week | 98% | 99% |
| 1 or more drinks per week | 02% | 01% |

| Health Care Services During Pregnancy | State | County |
|--|-------|--------|
| Visited a Dentist, Dental Clinic, or Received Dental Care | 55% | 48% |
| Health Care Professional or Other Agency Staff Person Came to Home to Help Care for You or for Your New Baby | 03% | 02% |
| Diagnosed with Depression During Pregnancy | | |
| Yes | 02% | 03% |
| No | 90% | 91% |
| No, Diagnosed with depression before becoming pregnant | 08% | 06% |
| Took Prescription Medication for Depression | 43% | 36% |
| Received Counseling for Depression During Pregnancy | 26% | 36% |
| HIV/AIDS Testing During Pregnancy | | |
| Yes | 45% | 46% |
| No | 30% | 33% |
| No, Testing was offered, but did not want to be tested | 02% | 01% |
| Don't know | 23% | 21% |
| Received Flu Shot During Pregnancy | | |
| Yes | 63% | 66% |
| No, Received flu shot before became pregnant | 07% | 06% |
| No, Did not want flu shot during pregnancy | 12% | 13% |
| No, Doctor said to wait until after pregnancy | 01% | 01% |
| No, Do not ever get flu shots | 15% | 12% |
| No, Flu shot was not available | 02% | 02% |
| Hospital Services | State | County |
| Hospital Staff Encouraged Breastfeeding During First 24 Hours After Birth of the Baby | | |
| Yes | 84% | 81% |
| No | 14% | 16% |
| Don't remember | 03% | 02% |
| During Pregnancy or Time at the Hospital, a Doctor, Nurse, or Other Healthcare Professional Provided Information or Scheduled a Time to Discuss: | | |
| Breastfeeding or breastfeeding techniques | 81% | 81% |
| Action steps to decrease frustration when infant cries | 41% | 35% |
| How to lay the baby down to sleep | 52% | 44% |
| Dangers of shaking an infant | 40% | 32% |
| Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss | 07% | 10% |

Technical Note: Because percentages were rounded, the sum of values may not equal 100%. For more information: Call the University of Northern Iowa Center for Social & Behavioral Research: (319) 273-2105. Data source: Iowa Barriers to Prenatal Care Project, Iowa Department of Public Health, University of Northern Iowa Center for Behavioral Research: 2015 Data.