IOWA PRENATAL CARE BARRIERS PROJECT DATA FROM 2017 SURVEYS

2017 Respondents from All Hospitals in Iowa: 20,919 2017 Respondents with Babies Born in **Lee County: 320**

Demographic Indicators	State	County
Mother's Age		
Less than 18 years	01%	02%
18-19 years	03%	08%
20-25 years	25%	37%
26-30 years	36%	31%
31-35 years	26%	18%
More than 35 years	09%	04%
Mother's Ethnicity		
Hispanic	07%	03%
Non-Hispanic	93%	97%
White	90%	94%
Black	06%	05%
Asian or Pacific Islander	03%	<01%
American Indian or Native Alaskan	01%	<01%

Socioeconomic Indicators	State	County
Mother's Education		
Less than high school	07%	10%
High school	21%	34%
Some college	34%	40%
College graduate (Bachelor's degree)	27%	11%
Graduate school	12%	05%
Household Income		
Less than \$10,000	12%	24%
\$10,000 - \$19,999	09%	13%
\$20,000 - \$29,999	09%	12%
\$30,000 - \$39,999	08%	09%
\$40,000 - \$49,999	07%	07%
\$50,000 or more	54%	36%

Information Received in 12 Months Prior to Becoming Pregnant	State	Count
Health Care Provider Talked About:		
Birth control	49%	54%
Timing of pregnancy	26%	23%
Spacing of children	11%	119
Doctor, Nurse, or Other Health Care Provider Talked About:		
Taking folic acid or a multivitamin	44%	379
Smoking	29%	329
Drinking alcohol	25%	26%
Your weight	24%	249
Regular exercise	27%	289
How romantic relationships affect your health	10%	149
Oral Health	23%	239
Did not see a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional for a check-up in the 12 months prior to becoming pregnant	31%	379

Behavioral Indicators During Pregnancy	State	County
No Birth Control was Used at Time of Conception	86%	80%
Unintended Pregnancy and Did NOT Use Birth Control	70%	65%
Cigarettes Smoked During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy		
Not smoked in past 2 years	78%	69%
Zero cigarettes per day	53%	43%
1-10 per day	41%	53%
11-20 per day	05%	04%
More than 20 per day	01%	<01%

Health Care Services During Pregnancy	State	County
Visited a Dentist, Dental Clinic, or Received Dental Care	56%	44%
Diagnosed with Depression During Pregnancy	03%	03%
Took Prescription Medication for Depression	48%	37%
Received Counseling for Depression During Pregnancy	30%	24%
HIV/AIDS Testing During Pregnancy		
Yes	41%	46%
No	32%	22%
No, Testing was offered, but did not want to be tested	02%	02%
Don't know	25%	30%

Received Flu Shot During Pregnancy

Yes	65%	61%
No, Received flu shot before became pregnant	07%	07%
No, Did not want flu shot during pregnancy	12%	14%
No, Doctor said to wait until after pregnancy	01%	01%
No, Do not ever get flu shots	14%	15%
No, Flu shot was not available	02%	03%

Hospital Services	State	County
Hospital Staff Encouraged Breastfeeding During First 24 Hours After Birth		
of the Baby		
Yes	84%	70%
No	13%	24%
Don't remember	02%	6%
During Pregnancy or Time at the Hospital, a Doctor, Nurse, or Other		
Healthcare Professional Provided Information or Scheduled a Time to		
Discuss:		
Action steps to decrease frustration when infant cries	45%	55%
How to lay the baby down to sleep	58%	71%
Dangers of shaking an infant	43%	51%
Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss	30%	19%
Things that may have happened at the hospital where the birth occurred		
I breastfed my baby in the hospital	81%	71%
Hospital staff gave me information about breastfeeding	87%	81%
My baby was placed in skin-to-skin contact within the first hour of life	84%	88%
I breastfed in the first hour after my baby was born	64%	58%
Hospital staff helped me learn how to breastfeed	72%	69%
Hospital staff told me to breastfeed whenever my baby wanted	68%	60%
I am feeding my baby	94%	91%

Technical Note: Because percentages were rounded, the sum of values may not equal 100%.

For more information: Call the University of Northern Iowa Center for Social & Behavioral Research: (319) 273-2105. *Data source:* Iowa Barriers to Prenatal Care Project, Iowa Department of Public Health, University of Northern Iowa Center for Behavioral Research: 2018 Data.