IOWA PRENATAL CARE BARRIERS PROJECT DATA FROM 2014 SURVEYS

2014 Respondents from All Hospitals in Iowa: 24,696 2014 Respondents with Babies Born in Jackson: 111

Demographic Indicators

State

County

| <u> </u> | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Mother's Age | | |
| Less than 18 years | 01% | 00% |
| 18-19 years | 04% | 03% |
| 20-25 years | 28% | 28% |
| 26-30 years | 35% | 36% |
| 31-35 years | 25% | 23% |
| More than 35 years | 07% | 11% |
| Mother's Ethnicity | | |
| Hispanic | 07% | 04% |
| Non-Hispanic | 93% | 96% |
| White | 91% | 97% |
| Black | 05% | 00% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 03% | 03% |
| American Indian or Native Alaskan | 01% | 00% |
| Socioeconomic Indicators | State | County |
| Mother's Education | | |
| Less than high school | 08% | 05% |
| High school | 19% | 11% |
| Some college | 36% | 45% |
| College graduate (Bachelor's degree) | 27% | 29% |
| Graduate school | 10% | 10% |
| Household Income | | |
| Less than \$10,000 | 14% | 13% |
| \$10,000 - \$19,999 | 10% | 11% |
| \$20,000 - \$29,999 | 10% | 08% |
| \$30,000 - \$39,999 | 09% | 04% |
| \$40,000 - \$49,999 | 08% | 09% |
| \$50,000 or more | 49% | 55% |
| | | |

| Information Received in 12 Months Prior to Becoming Pregnant | State | County |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Doctor, Nurse, or Other Health Care Provider Talked About: | | |
| Taking folic acid or a multivitamin | 47% | 49% |
| Smoking | 37% | 35% |
| Drinking alcohol | 32% | 29% |
| Your weight | 30% | 30% |
| Regular exercise | 33% | 35% |
| How romantic relationships affect your health | 13% | 14% |
| Did not see a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional for a check-up | 34% | 29% |
| in the 12 months prior to becoming pregnant | | |
| | | |
| Behavioral Indicators During Pregnancy | State | County |
| No Birth Control was Used at Time of Conception | 86% | 90% |
| No bitti control was osca at time of conception | 0070 | 3070 |
| Unintended Pregnancy and Did NOT Use Birth Control | 68% | 71% |
| | | |
| Plan to return to work outside of home following birth of this baby | | |
| Yes | 72% | 82% |
| No | 28% | 18% |
| | | |
| Does worksite have designated room/location (not counting bathroom | | |
| stalls) for mothers to breastfeed or pump/express their breast milk | 400/ | 400/ |
| Yes No | 48% 32% | 49% 60% |
| Don't Know | 32% 19% | 22% |
| DOIL KIIOW | 1970 | 22/0 |
| Does worksite have written policy about breastfeeding? | | |
| Yes | 18% | 15% |
| No | 30% | 36% |
| Don't Know | 52% | 49% |
| | | |
| Cigarettes Smoked During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy | | |
| Not smoked in past 2 years | 77% | 76% |
| Zero cigarettes per day | 03% | 10% |
| 1-10 per day | 13% | 11% |
| 11-20 per day | 06% | 03% |
| More than 20 per day | 01% | 00% |
| Alcoholic Drinks During Last 3 Months of Pregnancy | | |
| Not had any alcoholic drinks in past 2 years | 23% | 18% |
| Zero drinks per week | 26% | 81% |
| 1 drink per week | 32% | 01% |
| 2 or more drinks per week | 41% | 01% |
| | | |

| Prenatal Care | State | County |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Mother received prenatal care as early in the pregnancy as wanted | | |
| Yes | 93% | 93% |
| No | 07% | 07% |
| Where mother went for most of prenatal care | | |
| Private doctor's office or clinic | 81% | 83% |
| Midwife's office or home office from a midwife | 05% | 06% |
| Public clinic | 13% | 09% |
| Other | 01% | 02% |
| HIV/AIDS Testing During Pregnancy | | |
| Yes | 50% | 46% |
| No | 25% | 26% |
| No, Testing was offered, but did not want to be tested | 04% | 05% |
| Don't know | 22% | 23% |
| Received Flu Shot During Pregnancy | | |
| Yes | 62% | 53% |
| No, Received flu shot before became pregnant | 07% | 09% |
| No, Did not want flu shot during pregnancy | 13% | 19% |
| No, Doctor said to wait until after pregnancy | 01% | 00% |
| No, Do not ever get flu shots | 14% | 19% |
| No, Flu shot was not available | 02% | 01% |
| Hospital Services | State | County |
| Hospital Staff Encouraged Breastfeeding During First 24 Hours After Birth of the Baby | | |
| Yes | 83% | 80% |
| No | 15% | 18% |
| Don't remember | 03% | 02% |
| During Pregnancy or Time at the Hospital, a Doctor, Nurse, or Other | | |
| Healthcare Professional Provided Information or Scheduled a Time to | | |
| Discuss: Breastfeeding or breastfeeding techniques | 700/ | 720/ |
| · · | 78% | 73% |
| Action steps to decrease frustration when infant cries | 49% | 49% |
| How to lay the baby down to sleep | 56% | 59% |
| Dangers of shaking an infant Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss | 48% | 42% |
| Did not receive any information and have not scheduled a time to discuss | 09% | 08% |

Technical Note: Because percentages were rounded, the sum of values may not equal 100%. For more information: Call the University of Northern Iowa Center for Social & Behavioral Research: (319) 273-2105.

Data source: Iowa Barriers to Prenatal Care Project, Iowa Department of Public Health, University of Northern Iowa

Center for Behavioral Research: 2014 Data.