

Iowa Influenza Surveillance Network (IISN)

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Other Respiratory Viruses

Weekly Activity Report



State Hygienic Laboratory

For the week ending September 26 2020 - Week 39

All data presented in this report are provisional and may change as additional reports are received

Iowa Influenza Geographic Spread							
No Activity Sporadic Local Regional Widespread							

Note: See CDC activity estimates for definition www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm

This is the last regular report of the 2019-20 influenza season. The report published on Friday, October 9 will be the first report of the 2020-21 season.

Quick Stats	Week 39	
Predominate influenza subtype	Influenza A (not subtyped)	
Percent of influenza rapid test positive	0.2% (2/826)	
Percent of RSV rapid tests positive	0% (0/45)	
Percent of outpatient visits for ILI	0.62% (baseline 1.7%)	
Number of long-term care outbreaks	0	
Influenza-associated mortality - all ages (Cumulative)	103	
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality (Cumulative)	2	
Predominate non-influenza virus	Rhinovirus/enterovirus	

Note: Deaths are considered influenza-associated when influenza is listed on the death certificate. This is an underestimate of influenza-related deaths. Cumulative mortality totals are from 9/29/2019 to the current week.

lowa statewide activity summary:

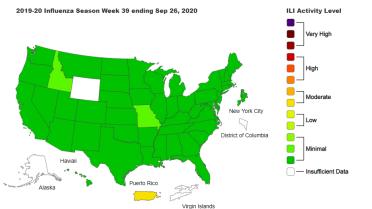
Reported influenza activity continues to be at a low level and the geographic spread of influenza is at the "sporadic" level for this reporting week. The State Hygienic Laboratory identified one influenza A positive specimen, which has not been subtyped, from specimens submitted. Two positive influenza results (one each of influenza A and B) have been reported from clinical labs responding to Iowa's respiratory virus testing survey. The proportion of outpatient visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) was 0.62%, which is below the regional baseline of 1.7%. No long-term care influenza outbreaks and no influenza-associated deaths were reported. Of the 785 non-influenza respiratory testing results reported from the labs completing the Iowa respiratory virus testing survey, rhinovirus/enterovirus was detected most frequently with 184 positive results or 23% positive. Six school districts reported 10% illness during this reporting week (three in the central, one in the northwest, one in the southeast, and one in east).

International activity summary - (WHO):

Globally, influenza activity was reported at lower levels than expected for this time of the year. In the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere, influenza activity remained below inter-seasonal levels while in the temperate zones of the southern hemisphere, the influenza season has not started. Worldwide, of the very low numbers of detections reported, seasonal influenza A viruses accounted for the majority of detections.

Visit <u>www.who.int/influenza/surveillance monitoring/updates/latest update GIP surveillance/en/</u> for more information. It was last updated 9/28/2020.

National activity summary - (CDC)-Last Updated in Week 39:

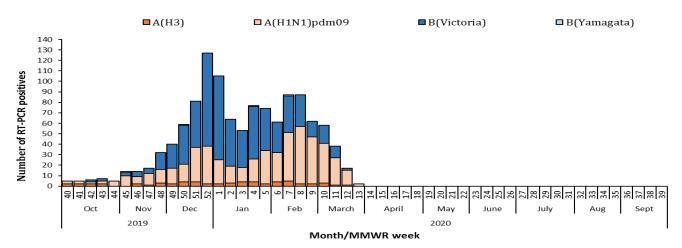


Detailed information can be found online at www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/.

Laboratory surveillance program:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) is the primary laboratory in Iowa characterizing specimens for influenza surveillance. SHL reports the number of tests performed and the type and subtype/lineage of positive tests to the influenza surveillance network daily. SHL also sends a portion of specimens to CDC for further characterization.





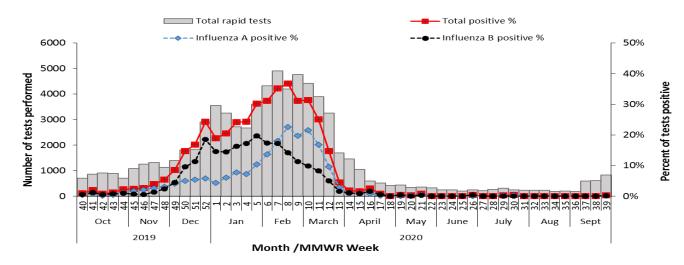
Cumulative Influenza viruses detected by SHL by age group (9/29/19 – Current Week)

	Influenza A			Influenza B						
Age Group	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3)	Not Subtyped	Total A	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Not subtyped	Total B	Total	Percent
0-4	54	7	0	61	91	0	2	93	154	13%
5-17	72	6	2	80	201	2	2	205	285	23%
18-24	43	9	2	54	166	0	3	169	223	18%
25-49	104	7	3	114	102	0	1	103	217	18%
50-64	97	7	5	109	34	0	0	34	143	12%
>64	149	23	7	179	22	2	3	27	206	17%
Total	519	59	19	597	616	4	11	631	1228	
Percent	87%	10%	3%		98%	1%	2%			

Totals by age may not add up to totals by subtype/lineage due to missing age information. Only cases of lowa residents are included. Specimens listed as "not subtyped" may be pending or were not able to be subtyped due to weak positive lab results. This can be due to poor collection, timing of collection or stage of infection.

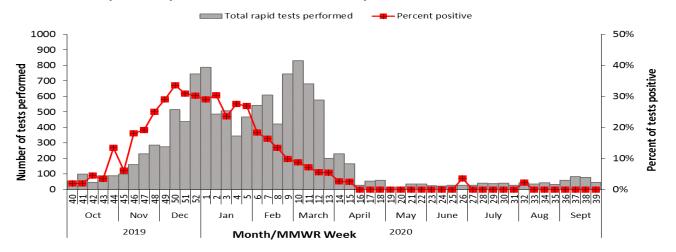
Rapid influenza and RSV test surveillance:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of influenza and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) rapid tests performed and the number of tests positive. This table includes only the number of patients tested for influenza or RSV at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. This table does not provide case counts.



Percent of influenza rapid tests positive and number of tests performed, 2019-2020

Percent of RSV rapid tests positive and number of tests performed, 2019-2020



Percent of influenza rapid tests positive and number of tests performed by region for the present week

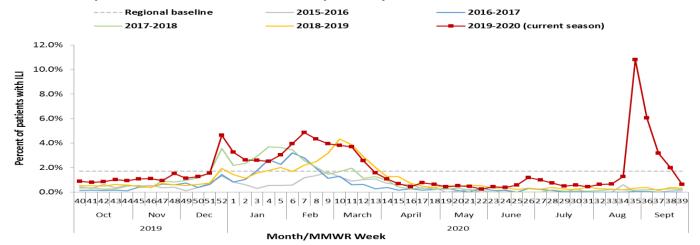
DECION	RAPID INFLUENZA TESTS				RAPID RSV TESTS			
REGION	Tested	Flu A	Flu B	% Positive	Tested	Positive	% Positive	
Region 1 (Central)	194	0	0	0	3	0	0	
Region 2 (NE)	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Region 3 (NW)	50	1	0	2	21	0	0	
Region 4 (SW)	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Region 5 (SE)	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Region 6 (Eastern)	562	0	1	< 1	19	0	0	
Total	862	1	1	< 1	45	0	0	

Note: see map near the end of the report for the counties in each region.

Outpatient health care provider surveillance program (ILINet):

Outpatient health care providers who participate in the ILINet (a national influenza surveillance program) report the number of patients seen with influenza-like illness and the total number of patient visits each week. This system is a key part of Iowa's influenza surveillance. Iowa health care providers interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Andy Weigel at 515-322-1937 or andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov for more information.

Percent of outpatient visits attributed to ILI as reported by ILINet sites



Outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI)

Week, End Date	Age 0-4	Age 5-24	Age 25-49	Age 50-64	Age >64	Total ILI	%ILI
Week 37, September 12	2	97	14	2	1	116	3.17
Week 38, September 19	5	68	15	3	1	92	1.97
Week 39, September 26	5	9	3	4	5	26	0.62

Note: Influenza-like Illness is defined as a fever of ≥100° F as well as cough and/or sore throat.

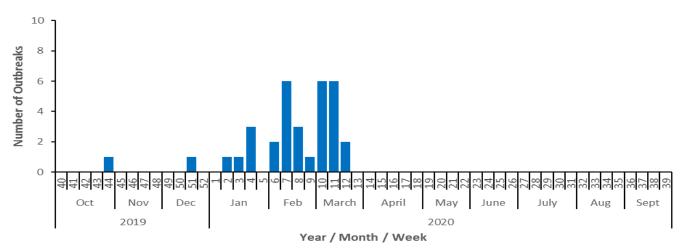
Long-term Care Outbreaks:

Number of long-term care outbreaks investigated

REGION	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/29/19- CURRENT WEEK)
Region 1 (Central)	0	15
Region 2 (NE)	0	4
Region 3 (NW)	0	1
Region 4 (SW)	0	3
Region 5 (SE)	0	3
Region 6 (Eastern)	0	7
Total	0	33

Note: see map after this section for the counties in each region.

Number of long-term care facility influenza outbreaks investigated by week, 2019-2020

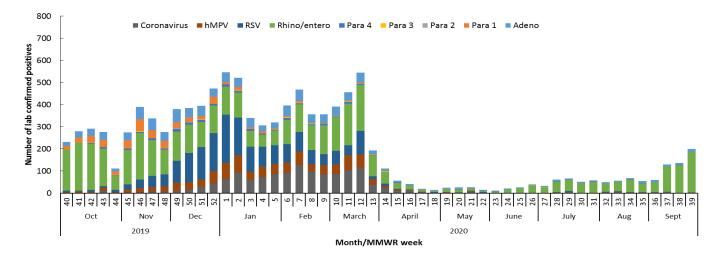


Influenza Region Map



Non-influenza respiratory viruses:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of positive tests for non-influenza respiratory viruses. This table also includes the positive noninfluenza virus tests reported from the Dunes Medical Laboratories at Mercy Medical Center in Sioux City. The table includes only the number of positive tests at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. The table does not provide case counts.



Comparison of respiratory illnesses by type

Number of positive results for non-influenza respiratory virus reported by clinical laboratories

Viruses	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/29/19–CURRENT WEEK)
Adenovirus	12	1147
Parainfluenza Virus Type 1	0	446
Parainfluenza Virus Type 2	0	22
Parainfluenza Virus Type 3	0	38
Parainfluenza Virus Type 4	0	171
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	184	4633
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	0	1957
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	0	953
Coronavirus*	3	1385

* The coronaviruses mentioned in this report are common and NOT the novel coronavirus that causes COVID-19.

Other resources:

Vaccine:

Influenza vaccine recommendation: <u>idph.iowa.gov/immtb/immunization/influenza/recommendations</u> CDC vaccine information: <u>www.cdc.gov/flu/prevent/keyfacts.htm</u> Vaccine finder: <u>http://vaccinefinder.org/</u>

Neighboring states' influenza information:

Illinois: <u>dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/diseases-and-conditions/influenza/influenza-surveillance</u> Minnesota: <u>www.health.state.mn.us/diseases/flu/stats/index.html</u> Missouri: <u>health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/influenza/reports.php</u> Nebraska: <u>http://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/Flu-Activity.aspx</u> South Dakota: <u>doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/flu/</u> Wisconsin: dhs.wisconsin.gov/influenza/index.htm