

Iowa Influenza Surveillance Network (IISN)

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Other Respiratory Viruses

Weekly Activity Report



All data presented in this report are provisional and may change as additional reports are received



Iowa Influenza Geographic Spread					
No Activity	Sporadic	Local	Regional	Widespread	

Note: See CDC activity estimates for definition www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm

Quick Stats	
Predominate influenza subtype	A(H1N1)pdm09
Percent of influenza rapid test positive	15% (477/3249)
Percent of RSV rapid tests positive	6% (32/578)
Influenza-associated hospitalizations	29/4173 inpatients surveyed
Percent of outpatient visits for ILI	2.55% (baseline 1.7%)
Number of long-term care outbreaks	2
Percent school absence due to illness	*
Number of schools with ≥10% absence due to illness	*
Influenza-associated mortality -all ages (Cumulative)	76
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality (Cumulative)	1
Predominate non-influenza virus	Rhinovirus/enterovirus

Note: Deaths are considered influenza-associated when influenza is listed on the death certificate. This is an underestimate of influenza-related deaths. Cumulative mortality totals are from 9/29/2019 to the current week.

Iowa statewide activity summary:

Influenza activity is still elevated although appears to be decreasing for some indicators. The geographic spread of influenza is widespread. For this reporting week, the State Hygienic Laboratory identified 10 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09, one influenza A(H3) and one influenza B(Victoria lineage) viruses from submitted samples as well as six influenza A and one influenza B positive specimens with no subtype reported. Twenty-nine influenza-related hospitalizations were reported. The proportion of outpatient visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) was 2.55%, which is above the regional baseline of 1.7%. Two long-term care influenza outbreaks were reported. Fifteen influenza-associated deaths were reported. Surveillance sites reported detecting the following non-influenza respiratory illnesses with the most frequency: 209 rhinovirus/enterovirus, 115 coronavirus*, 106 RSV and 60 hMPV.

International activity summary - (WHO):

In the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere, respiratory illness indicators and influenza activity appeared to decrease overall. In the temperate zones of the southern hemisphere, influenza activity remained at inter-seasonal levels. Worldwide, seasonal influenza A viruses accounted for the majority of detections. Visit

<u>www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/</u> for more information. It was last updated 3/16/2020.

^{*}School data not reported for week 52, 2019 due to holiday break and starting week 12, 2020 due to COVID-19 school closures.

^{*} The coronaviruses mentioned in this report are common and NOT the novel coronavirus that causes COVID-19.



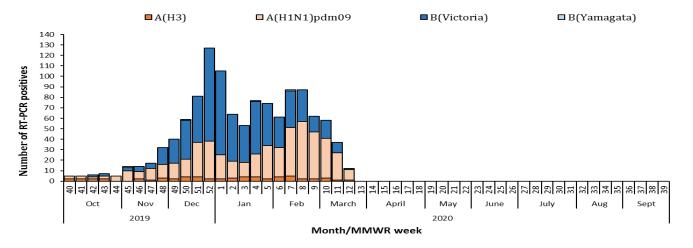


Detailed information can be found online at www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/.

Laboratory surveillance program:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) is the primary laboratory in Iowa characterizing specimens for influenza surveillance. SHL reports the number of tests performed and the type and subtype/lineage of positive tests to the influenza surveillance network daily. SHL also sends a portion of specimens to CDC for further characterization.

Influenza viruses detected by SHL by week



Cumulative Influenza viruses detected by SHL by age group (9/29/19 - Current Week)

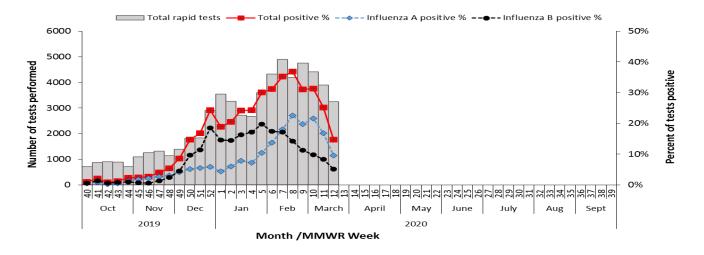
	Influenza A			Influenza B						
Age Group	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3)	Not Subtyped	Total A	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Not subtyped	Total B	Total	Percent
0-4	54	7	0	61	90	0	3	93	154	13%
5-17	72	6	2	80	199	2	3	204	284	23%
18-24	43	9	2	54	166	0	3	169	223	18%
25-49	102	7	4	113	102	0	1	103	216	18%
50-64	97	7	4	108	34	0	0	34	142	12%
>64	145	23	8	176	22	2	3	27	203	17%
Total	513	59	20	592	613	4	13	630	1222	
Percent	87%	10%	3%		97%	1%	2%			

Totals by age may not add up to totals by subtype/lineage due to missing age information. Only cases of lowa residents are included. Specimens listed as "not subtyped" may be pending or were not able to be subtyped due to weak positive lab results. This can be due to poor collection, timing of collection or stage of infection.

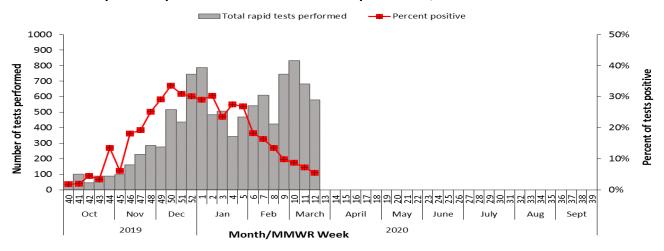
Rapid influenza and RSV test surveillance:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of influenza and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) rapid tests performed and the number of tests positive. This table includes only the number of patients tested for influenza or RSV at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. This table does not provide case counts.

Percent of influenza rapid tests positive and number of tests performed, 2019-2020



Percent of RSV rapid tests positive and number of tests performed, 2019-2020



Percent of influenza rapid tests positive and number of tests performed by region for the present week

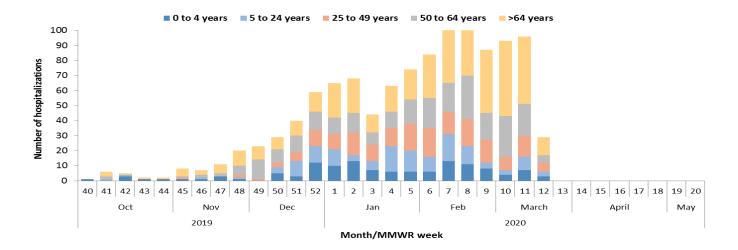
DECION		RAPID IN	RAPID INFLUENZA TESTS			RAPID RSV TESTS		
REGION	Tested	Flu A	Flu B	% Positive	Tested	Positive	% Positive	
Region 1 (Central)	1072	107	35	13	58	2	3	
Region 2 (NE)	270	39	15	20	25	3	12	
Region 3 (NW)	168	22	8	18	37	1	3	
Region 4 (SW)	128	2	2	3	48	2	4	
Region 5 (SE)	285	29	14	15	42	2	5	
Region 6 (Eastern)	1326	113	91	15	368	22	6	
Total	3249	312	165	15	578	32	6	

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region.

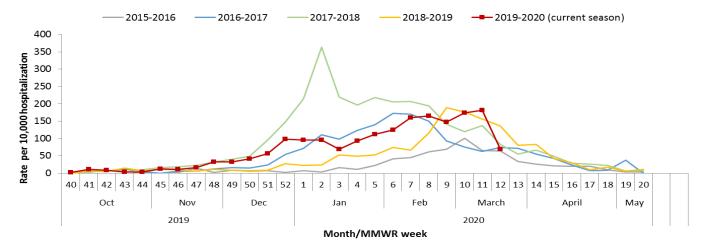
Influenza-associated hospitalizations:

Sentinel hospitals that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report the number of influenza-associated hospitalizations and the total number of inpatients each week. Iowa hospitals interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Andy Weigel at 515-322-1937 or andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov for more information.

Number of influenza-associated hospitalizations reported by age group and week



Rate of influenza-associated hospitalizations by season and week



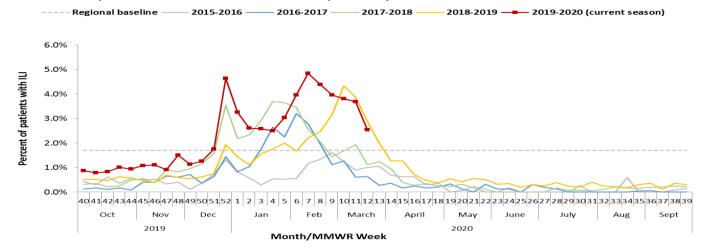
Number of influenza-associated hospitalizations reported by age group

AGE	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/29/19– CURRENT WEEK)
Age 0-4	3	126
Age 5-24	3	140
Age 25-49	6	186
Age 50-64	5	256
Age >64	12	415
Total	29	1123

Outpatient health care provider surveillance program (ILINet):

Outpatient health care providers who participate in the ILINet (a national influenza surveillance program) report the number of patients seen with influenza-like illness and the total number of patient visits each week. This system is a key part of Iowa's influenza surveillance. Iowa health care providers interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Andy Weigel at 515-322-1937 or andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov for more information.

Percent of outpatient visits attributed to ILI as reported by ILINet sites



Outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI)

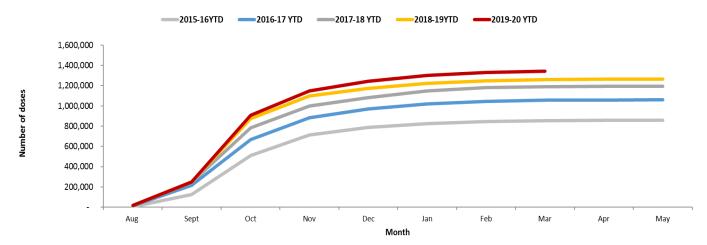
Week, End Date	Age 0-4	Age 5-24	Age 25-49	Age 50-64	Age >64	Total ILI	%ILI
Week 10, March 7	62	120	38	12	10	242	3.81
Week 11, March 14	56	62	32	9	10	169	3.69
Week 12, March 21	19	23	17	6	6	71	2.55

Note: Influenza-like Illness is defined as a fever of ≥100° F as well as cough and/or sore throat.

Seasonal influenza vaccination:

Seasonal influenza vaccination data in Iowa is based on doses reported to the Iowa Immunization Registry Information System (IRIS). IRIS is a confidential, computerized, population-based system that tracks immunization for children, adolescents and adults who are seen in a variety of public and private healthcare provider sites throughout the state of Iowa. For more information on the immunization data, contact Kim Tichy, IRIS coordinator, at 515-281-4288 or kimberly.tichy@idph.iowa.gov.

Administered doses of seasonal influenza vaccine reported to IRIS, year to date by season



Note: The data for the 2019-2020 season is only up to the current week and there is a lag between the vaccine administration date and the date reported to the IRIS. The current season's data will be adjusted as additional data is received.

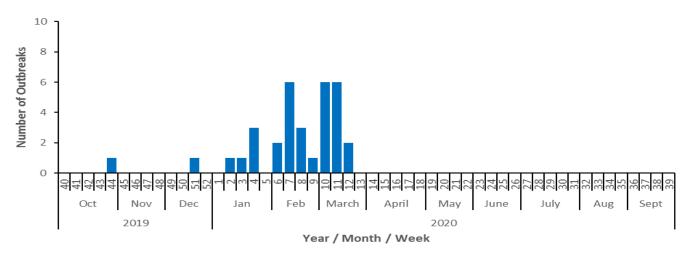
Long-term Care Outbreaks:

Number of long-term care outbreaks investigated

REGION	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/29/19– CURRENT WEEK)
Region 1 (Central)	2	15
Region 2 (NE)	0	4
Region 3 (NW)	0	1
Region 4 (SW)	0	3
Region 5 (SE)	0	3
Region 6 (Eastern)	0	7
Total	2	33

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region.

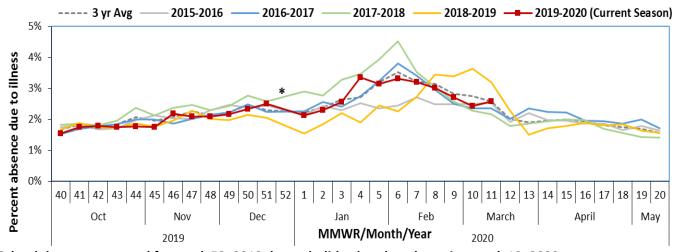
Number of long-term care facility influenza outbreaks investigated by week, 2019-2020



School surveillance program

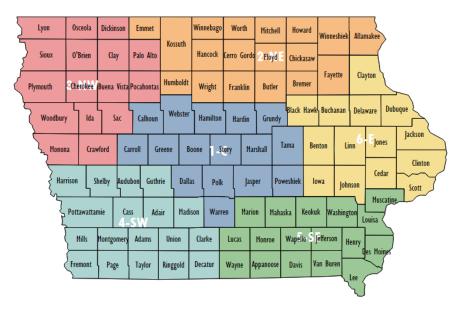
IDPH monitors illnesses in schools from two different types of reporting: 10% school absence reports and weekly sentinel illness reporting. Iowa schools (K-12) track and report (including non-influenza illnesses) whn the number of students absent with illness reaches or exceeds 10% of total student enrollment. Iowa sentinel schools that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report absence due to all illness and the total enrollment each week. This data provides excellent trends for influenza activity as well as age-specific information used to target vaccination efforts and messages.

Percent of enrolled students absent due to illness reported by sentinel schools



^{*}School data not reported for week 52, 2019 due to holiday break and starting week 12, 2020 due to COVID-19 school closures.

Number of schools reporting >10% absenteeism due to any illness by Flu Region and County



^{*}School data not reported for week 52, 2019 due to holiday break and starting week 12, 2020 due to COVID-19 school closures.

Number of schools reporting >10% absenteeism due to any illness

REGION	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/29/19–CURRENT WEEK)*
Region 1 (Central)	*	75
Region 2 (NE)	*	32
Region 3 (NW)	*	41
Region 4 (SW)	*	29
Region 5 (SE)	*	47
Region 6 (Eastern)	*	76
Total	*	300

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region. Each school that reports 10 percent illness is counted only once per week for weekly numbers and only once per season for the cumulative reports.

Common Coronavirus vs. COVID-19

There are seven different coronaviruses known to infect humans. Four of the seven coronaviruses are very common, more mild (similar to the common cold) and most people will be infected with at least one of them in their lifetime. These common coronaviruses are the ones reported by Iowa labs mentioned in this report. People infected with the common coronaviruses, influenza and many other respiratory infections can avoid passing them to others by covering their coughs and sneezes, cleaning their hands frequently and containing germs by staying home when ill.

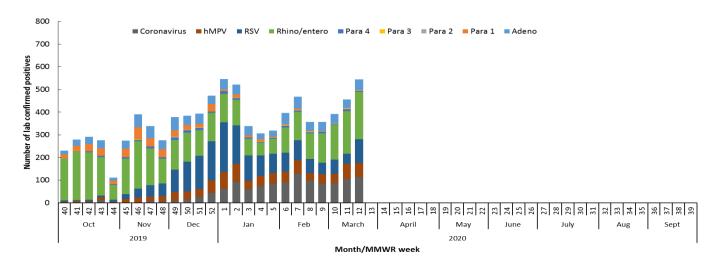
Three of the seven coronaviruses are rare and can cause more severe illness; this includes the 2019 Novel Coronavirus that causes COVID-19. These three rare coronaviruses can be associated with more severe symptoms that may lead to pneumonia and life-threatening illness.

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Non-influenza respiratory viruses:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of positive tests for non-influenza respiratory viruses. This table also includes the positive non-influenza virus tests reported from the Dunes Medical Laboratories at Mercy Medical Center in Sioux City. The table includes only the number of positive tests at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. The table does not provide case counts.

Comparison of respiratory illnesses by type



Number of positive results for non-influenza respiratory virus reported by clinical laboratories

Viruses	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/29/19–CURRENT WEEK)
Adenovirus	45	977
Parainfluenza Virus Type 1	2	442
Parainfluenza Virus Type 2	1	16
Parainfluenza Virus Type 3	2	29
Parainfluenza Virus Type 4	4	154
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	209	3441
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	106	1919
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	60	904
Coronavirus*	115	1219

^{*} The coronaviruses mentioned in this report are common and NOT the novel coronavirus that causes COVID-19.

Other resources:

Vaccine:

Influenza vaccine recommendation: idph.iowa.gov/immtb/immunization/influenza/recommendations

CDC vaccine information: www.cdc.gov/flu/prevent/keyfacts.htm

Vaccine finder: http://vaccinefinder.org/

Neighboring states' influenza information:

Illinois: dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/diseases-and-conditions/influenza/influenza-surveillance

Minnesota: health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/diseases/flu/stats/index.html

Missouri: health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/influenza/reports.php

South Dakota: doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/flu/ Wisconsin: dhs.wisconsin.gov/influenza/index.htm