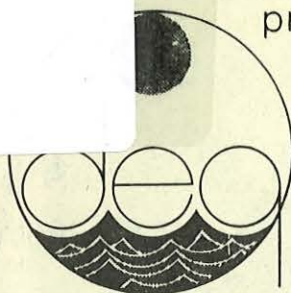


EO

TD
425
.W37
1971

ocation



prepared for

iowa department
of
environmental quality
Water Quality Management Division

PRELIMINARY ONLY
DATE *January 1971*

STATE LIBRARY COMMISSION OF IOWA
Historical Building
DES MOINES, IOWA 50319

WASTE LOAD ALLOCATION STUDY

POINT SOURCE WASTEWATER DISCHARGES

STATE LIBRARY COMMISSION OF IOWA

Historical Building

PART III

DES MOINES, IOWA 50319

POINT SOURCE WASTEWATER DISCHARGES

General

Point source wastewater discharges consist of effluents from municipal, industrial, and semi-public wastewater treatment facilities. Wastewater discharges identified in the Iowa Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ) files, discharging to the surface waters of the Upper Des Moines River Basin have been inventoried and are compiled in the attached tables. Tabulations include location and identification of dischargers, quantity and quality of wastewater discharged, and operational data and descriptions of treatment facilities.

Owners and locations of individual wastewater discharges are listed in Table III-1. An identification system has been established with municipal wastewater discharge reference numbers preceded by "M", industrial discharges by "I", and semi-public discharges by "S". Stream mile locations are identified for each discharge with reference to mile zero at the mouth of each major stream or tributary. Minor tributaries are indicated in parentheses along with the stream mile of the confluence with the major tributary.

Table III-2 identifies characteristics of each point source wastewater discharge. Beginning with the upstream end of the West Fork Des Moines River, discharges are listed in order proceeding downstream to the confluence with East Fork Des Moines River. The tabulation then picks up at the upstream end of the East Fork Des Moines River and continues downstream. For each tributary, the point source furthest upstream is identified and the tabulation continues downstream to the main channel. The location of each point source is shown on Figure III-1.

Available wastewater quantity and quality information is tabulated in Table III-2. Flow rate, BOD₅, suspended solids, ammonia nitrogen, total phosphorus, total dissolved solids, temperature, and other miscellaneous constituents are listed. Where sufficient data are available, BOD

7/22/75
copied
Quality

Municipal

Municipal sewage flow and quality data for 37 municipalities were extracted from IDEQ records and files. Average sewage flow values contained in reports submitted by treatment plant operators have been extracted by IDEQ and were published in "Wastewater Treatment Plant Flow Data - 1970, 1971, and 1972." Flow values shown in Table III-2 are the averages obtained for the last full year of record; in most instances 1972.

Most quality data was collected from IDEQ's "Effluent Quality Analysis Program (EQAP)." This data was supplemented by review of reports supplied by treatment facility operators. Data reported through EQAP are results of tests conducted by the Iowa State Hygienic Laboratory (ISHL) on wastewater samples supplied by the individual dischargers. In most instances, no more than 4 BOD₅ values, 2 ammonia nitrogen values, and 2 total phosphorus values are reported each year. Because of large seasonal variations in BOD₅ and ammonia nitrogen removal, both summer and winter values have been tabulated for these two constituents.

BOD₅ analysis results from the ISHL (reported in EQAP) are reported between 25 mg/l and 150 mg/l. For some communities, a large percentage of the values reported are 25 or "25-" mg/l. Since some of these values should probably be less than 25 mg/l, lower average summer BOD₅ values would result. The adequacy of this reporting procedure should be reviewed since some dischargers are, or soon will be, required to provide BOD₅ removals to less than 25 mg/l. In some instances, due to the sparsity and scatter of the data, engineering judgment was applied to arrive at representative values rather than taking strict averages of the available data.

Industrial

Information for 25 industries discharging wastewater to streams within the study area was obtained. U. S. Corps of Engineers discharge permit

Although these sources provide the best available discharge information, caution must be exercised in data interpretation. Information tabulated in Table III-2 has been submitted by the individual industries with very little verification. Also, some U. S. Corps of Engineers permit applications are not administratively complete.

Semi-Public

Information identifying semi-public treatment facilities was obtained from IDEQ files. Only eight semi-public facilities could be identified in the study area. Description of semi-public facility discharges is difficult due to the minimal surveillance provided. Quantity and quality relationships are practically non-existent and in most cases, design information is all that is available. Therefore, values in Table III-2 are based upon design characteristics and may not reflect actual operating conditions.

Existing Wastewater Treatment Facilities

Inventory information for existing wastewater treatment facilities from IDEQ files and records is compiled in Table III-3. The order of presentation in Table III-3 is identical to that utilized in Table III-2. Facilities are listed beginning with upstream reaches and continuing downstream.

Table III-3 contains existing design average day capacity, present average day flow, BOD₅ and suspended solids influent and effluent values, type of treatment processes, and comments. Influent values are only available for the larger treatment facilities. Specific processes identify primary treatment, secondary treatment, and solids dewatering operations. The treatment abbreviations are those presently used by IDEQ; a list is included at the end of the table. The "Comments" column includes information obtained by IDEQ personnel on existing operation, age of existing facilities, specific IDEQ permit requirements, IDEQ orders for additional treatment, and delineation of proposed facilities.

A total of 37 municipal, 6 industrial, and 8 semi-public treatment facilities have been identified in the study area. In addition, 8 small communities presently without municipal collection or treatment systems are included in Table III-3. These communities are in various stages of development of municipal treatment facilities.

Summary

Distribution of hydraulic and organic loads upon the streams in the Upper Des Moines River Basin from the three point wastewater discharge classifications is summarized in Table III-4.

TABLE III-4
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE SUMMARY

	<u>Municipal</u>	<u>Industrial</u>	<u>Semi-Public</u>
Flow, mgd	13.575	12.128	0.359
%	52	47	1
BOD ₅ , lb/day	5,130	939	74
%	84	15	1
Ammonia-N, lb/day	908	788	10
%	53	46	1
Phosphorus-P, lb/day	2,494	197	45
%	91	7	2

The relatively low percentage of BOD₅ discharged by industries compared to flow is due to the following:

1. Several quarries discharge large volumes of water, but add little BOD₅ to the stream.
2. Several industrial discharges consist only of cooling water; therefore, negligible amounts of BOD₅ are discharged.

Table III-5 summarizes the classifications of municipal treatment facilities and populations served. The smaller communities are typically served by waste stabilization pond systems, while most larger cities

TABLE III-5
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES
PROCESS SUMMARY

<u>Type of Plant</u>	<u>Communities Served</u>	<u>Population Served</u>
Trickling Filter	17	93,267
Waste Stabilization Pond	18	10,944
Imhoff Tank	1	1,103
Extended Aeration	1	710

None of the communities in the study area presently operate advanced waste treatment facilities. However, IDEQ is currently reviewing plans for two new high-level treatment facilities. The city of Estherville has submitted plans for polishing ponds and dual media filters following secondary activated sludge treatment. The city of Emmetsburg has also prepared preliminary plans for a treatment facility capable of reducing BOD₅ to 10 mg/l and ammonia nitrogen to 2 mg/l.

TABLE III-1
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE POINTS

<u>Discharger</u>	<u>Reference Number</u>	<u>Stream* Mile</u>	<u>Discharge To</u>	<u>Page Reference</u>	
				<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Treatment</u>
<u>Municipal</u>					
Algona	M-1	42	East Fork Des Moines River	III-12	III-21
Armstrong	M-2	90	East Fork Des Moines River	III-11	III-21
Badger	M-3	320	Des Moines River (Badger Creek)	III-13	III-22
Bancroft	M-4	64	East Fork Des Moines River (Mud Creek)	III-11	III-21
Bode	M-5		Trulner Creek	III-12	III-21
Boone	M-6	246	Des Moines River (Honey Creek)	III-19	III-25
Boxholme	M-7				III-25
Britt	M-8		East Branch Boone River	III-17	III-23
Burt	M-9	61	East Fork Des Moines River	III-12	III-21
Clare	M-10				III-22
Clarion	M-11		Eagle Creek	III-18	III-24
Corwith	M-12	89	Boone River	III-17	III-23
Dakota City	M-13	5	East Fork Des Moines River	III-12	III-21
Dayton	M-14	274	Des Moines River (Skillet Creek)	III-19	III-24
Duncombe	M-15		Brushy Creek	III-17	III-23
Eagle Grove	M-16	47	Boone River (Drainage Ditch 94)	III-18	III-23
Emmetsburg	M-17	48	West Fork Des Moines River	III-10	III-20
Estherville	M-18	79	West Fork Des Moines River	III-10	III-20
Fort Dodge	M-19	311	Des Moines River	III-14	III-22
Gilmore City	M-20		Lizard Creek	III-13	III-22
Goldfield	M-21	61	Boone River	III-17	III-23
Graettinger	M-22	64	West Fork Des Moines River	III-10	III-20
Humboldt	M-23	4	West Fork Des Moines River	III-11	III-20
Kanawha	M-24		Otter Creek	III-17	III-23

TABLE III-1 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE POINTS

<u>Discharger</u>	<u>Reference</u>	<u>Stream*</u>	<u>Discharge To</u>	<u>Page Reference</u>	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Mile</u>		<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Treatment</u>
<u>Municipal (cont.)</u>					
Lehigh	M-25	292	Des Moines River (Crooked Creek)	III-17	III-23
Livermore	M-26	20	East Fork Des Moines River	III-12	III-21
Luverne	M-27				III-23
Madrid	M-28		Big Creek	III-19	III-25
Mallard	M-29				III-20
Otho	M-30	302	Des Moines River	III-16	III-22
Pilot Mound	M-31				III-25
Pocahontas	M-32		Lizard Creek	III-13	III-22
Renwick	M-33	67	Boone River (Joint Drainage Ditch 3, 47)	III-17	III-23
Ringstead	M-34		Black Cat Creek	III-12	III-21
Rolf	M-35	21	West Fork Des Moines River (Pilot Creek)	III-11	III-20
Stratford	M-36	281	Des Moines River	III-19	III-24
Swea City	M-37		Mud Creek	III-11	III-21
Thor	M-38				III-23
Titonka	M-39		Buffalo Creek	III-12	III-21
Vincent	M-40		Brushy Creek	III-17	III-23
Wallingford	M-41				III-20
Webster City	M-42	24	Boone River	III-19	III-24
West Bend	M-43	27	West Fork Des Moines River (Prairie Creek)	III-11	III-20
Whittemore	M-44		Lotts Creek	III-12	III-21
Woolstock	M-45				III-24
<u>Industrial</u>					
American Can Co.	I-1	311	Des Moines River	III-14	
Boone Valley Coop.	I-2	47	Boone River (Drainage Ditch 94)	III-17	
Cooperative Farm Chemicals Assn.	I-3	301	Des Moines River	III-16	III-22

TABLE III-1 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE POINTS

Discharger	Reference	Stream*	Discharge To	Page Reference	
	Number	Mile		Quantity	Treatment
Industrial (cont.)					
Corn Belt Power Coop:	1-4	328	Des Moines River	III-12	
Culligan Water Conditioning, Inc.	1-5	310	Des Moines River	III-14	
Dickey Clay Mfg.	1-6	292	Des Moines River (Crooked Creek)	III-17	
Emmetsburg Rendering Works	1-7	48	West Fork Des Moines River	III-11	
Farmegg Production, Inc.	1-8	322	Des Moines River (Bass Creek)	III-13	III-22
Farmland Industries	1-9	302	Des Moines River (Holiday Creek)	III-16	III-22
Fort Dodge Creamery	1-10	311	Des Moines River	III-14	
Franklin Mfg.	1-11	24	Boone River	III-18	
Hallett Construc- tion Co.	1-12		Lizard Creek	III-13	
Hormel and Co.	1-13	312	Des Moines River	III-14	
Iowa Beef Processors	1-14	309	Des Moines River	III-15	III-22
Iowa Industrial Hydraulics, Inc.	1-15		Lizard Creek	III-13	
Iowa Public Service Co.	1-16	47	Boone River (Drainage Ditch 94)	III-17	
Land O'Lakes, Inc.	1-17	310	Des Moines River	III-14	
Morrell and Co.	1-18	79	West Fork Des Moines River	III-10	III-20
National Gypsum Co.	1-19	307	Des Moines River (Gypsum Creek)	III-16	
Northern Natural Gas Co.	1-20		Soldier Creek	III-14	
P and M Stone Co., Inc.	1-21	17	West Fork Des Moines River	III-11	
United States Gypsum Co.	1-22	308	Des Moines River	III-15	

TABLE III-1 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE POINTS

<u>Discharger</u>	<u>Reference Number</u>	<u>Stream*</u> <u>Mile</u>	<u>Discharge To</u>	<u>Page Reference</u>	
				<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Treatment</u>
<u>Industrial (cont.)</u>					
Wadco Foods, Inc.	I-23	79	West Fork Des Moines River	III-10	
Webster Pro- cessing Co.	I-24	307	Des Moines River	III-15	III-22
Welp and McCarter	I-25		Lizard Creek	III-13	
<u>Semi-Public</u>					
Boone County Home	S-1	261	Des Moines River (Poor Farm Creek)	III-19	III-24
Burr Oak Manor	S-2		East Fork Des Moines River	III-12	III-21
Camp Laurie	S-3		Des Moines River	III-19	III-24
Episcopal Center and Conference Camp	S-4	261	Des Moines River (Poor Farm Creek)	III-19	III-24
Oak Lake Develop- ment	S-5	52	East Fork Des Moines River	III-12	III-21
Savage Sanitary Sewer District - Fort Dodge	S-6	308	Des Moines River	III-15	III-22
Sentral Community School District	S-7		Black Cat Creek	III-12	III-21
Woodward State Institution	S-8	231	Des Moines River (Preston Branch)	III-19	III-25

* Main Stem Des Moines River: 0 mile at confluence with Mississippi River.

West Fork Des Moines River: 0 mile at confluence with East Fork Des Moines River.

East Fork Des Moines River: 0 mile at confluence with West Fork Des Moines River.

Boone River: 0 mile at confluence with Des Moines River.

[illegible]

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Ammonia Nitrogen (N)		Phosphorus		Total Dissolved Solids		Temperature		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)
	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (°F)	Winter (°F)	
Rock River (Cont.)													
2,100	3.5		508	0.8	180	0.3			2268	3.8	195	175	pH = 6.0 units COD = 4420 TS = 1684 TVS = 1432 G11 = 14 F Coli = 559×10^5 /100 ml T Coli = 757×10^6 /100 ml COD = 24,800 TS = 2776 TVS = 2068 G11 = 1070 F Coli = 600/100 ml T Coli < 1/100 ml
13,000	16		1176	1.5	1060	1.3			508	0.6			
30	19	40	26		4	3	13	8	20	13			
30	8	45	12		6	2	15	4	15	4			
Rock River													
					160	6725					56	33	TS = 696 pH = 6.8 units Alk as CaCO ₃ = 320
20	114	30	171		10	57	5	28	20	114			
Rock River													
25	19	40	30		1	1	12	9	4	3			
30	12	60	24		4	2	20	8	15 ^b	6			
50	41	100	83		10	8	22	18	20	17			

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

Age (yr)	800 ₅		Suspended Solids (mg/l) (lb/day)	Ammonia Nitrogen (N)		Phosphorus (Total) (mg/l) (lb/day)	Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l) (lb/day)		Temperature		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)
	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)		Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)		Summer (°F)	Winter (°F)			
Holmes River											
57	25	33	60	79	1	1	14	18	6	8	
56	25	12	40	19	4	2	16	7	16	7	
Holmes River											
55 ^b	25	1			6 ^b	0.3			15 ^b	1	
Creek											
43	25	9	25	9	2 ^b	1	8	3	10 ^b	4	
46 ^b	25	1			6	0.3			15	1	
Holmes River											
42	25	115	50	230	5 ^b	23	15	69	25 ^b	115	
41 ^b	25	2			6 ^b	0.6			15 ^b	1	
43	25	7	35	10	4	1	15	4	10	3	
41	25	31	115	145	2	3	10	13	18	23	
Creek											
47	30	4	50	7	2	0.3	12	2	8	1	
Holmes River											
44	25	9	45	17	12	4	2	1	18	7	
44	< 1	< 0.3	31	9	< .2	< 0.1	0.1	< 0.1	2175	618	85 76
pH = 6.95 units COD = 40 Kjeld-N = 0.43 Alk as CaCO ₃ = 16 TS = 2209 TVS = 322 Cr = 9.96 Cu = 0.02 Fe = 0.10 NO ₃ -N = 5.8											

pH = 6.95 units
COD = 40
Kjeld-N = 0.43
Alk as CaCO₃ = 16
TS = 2209
TVS = 322
Cr = 9.96
Cu = 0.02
Fe = 0.10
NO₃-N = 5.8

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

Average Flow (mgd)	BOD ₅				Suspended Solids		Ammonia Nitrogen (N)				Phosphorus (Total P)	Total Dissolved Solids		Temperature		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)	
	Summer		Winter				Summer		Winter				Summer	Winter			
	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(°F)	(°F)			
iver (Cont.)																	
0.0066 ^b																	
0.032 ^b	30	8	36	10			2	0.5	12	3	10	3					
0.003	0	0			57	1	17.6	1			< .01	--	2515	63	68	pH = 6.74 units COD = 41.2 CN = 0.024 Cl = 280 Al = 0.51 Cd = 0.038 Cr = 0.058 Cu = 0.031 Hg < 0.05 Ni = 0.071, Ag = 0.051 NO ₃ -N = 35	
0.236	30	59	45	89			1	2	7	14	18	35					
0.500					5	63							84	1051	76	pH = 7.8 units Alk as CaCO ₃ = 61	
0.087	25	18	36	26			3	2	12	9	11	8					
0.123					0								640	657	54	52	pH = 8.2 units TS = 640
0.05					14	6							566	236	68	70	pH = 8.5 units TS = 580
0.210					42	74							469	821			pH = 8.2 units TS = 511

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids (mg/l)	Ammonia Nitrogen (N)		Phosphorus (Total P) (mg/l)	Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)		Temperature		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)
	Summer (mg/l)	Winter (lb/day)		Summer (mg/l)	Winter (lb/day)				Summer (°F)	Winter (°F)	
< 5	< 7								65	40	pH = 8.0 units pH = 2 units O.I. = 10
35	983	45	1264						120		
< 5	< 1		44	2							
				7	197	31	871	26	730		pH = 6.9 units
				< 0.1	--			0.15	0.01	9188	pH = 7.2 units COD < 10
125	21		3804	635	2.2	0.4		< 0.001	--	938	CI = 5050, NO ₃ -N = 1.6 Kjehl-N < 0.1 pH = 8.0 units COD = 181, NO ₃ -N = 1
3	14		2	9	1.4	6		< 0.001	--	482	Kjehl-N = 4.7 pH = 7.9 units COD = 16
2	0.1		62	2	1.9	0.06		< 0.001	--	2507	TOC = 33, NO ₃ -N < 1 Kjehl-N = 4.0 pH = 8.1 units COD = 38
										87	TOC = 26, NO ₃ -N < 1 Kjehl-N = 6.8

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

BOD ₅	Summer		Winter		Summer		Winter		Total Dissolved Solids		Temperature		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)
	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	(mg/l)	(lb/day)	Summer (°F)	Winter (°F)	
30	250	120	1001	50	417	9	75	1250	10,425	75	40	pH = 8.0 units COD = 200 TOC = 130 TVS = 110 TS = 1300, NO ₃ -N = 2 NO ₂ -N = 8 Org-N = 5 Kjel-N = 60 Ortho-P = 9 Oil = 10 SO ₄ = 150 Cl = 360 Ca = 100 Fe = 0.2 Mg = 0.05 Na = 230 F Strep = 10/100 ml F Coli = 10/100 ml T Coli = 10/100 ml	
Cont.													
25 ^b	10	6	2	6 ^b	3	15 ^b	6	0.03	2778	996	60	40	pH = 7.9 units COD = 27, NO ₃ -N = 0.4 NO ₂ = 0.2 pH = 7.9 units COD = 18 NO ₃ -N = 0.7
7.2	3					0.08							
3.0	5	5	8			0.08	0.1	2709	4067	60	40		

Cont.

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

Sample ID	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids (mg/l) (lb/day)		Ammonia Nitrogen (N)		Phosphorus		Total Dissolved Solids		Temperature		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)
							(Total P)						
	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)			Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	(mg/l) (lb/day)	Solids (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (°F)	Winter (°F)			
River (Cont.)													
00288	30	1	15	0.4	0.56	0.01	0.24	0.01	1381	33			COD = 42, NO ₃ -N = 2.00 Kjel-N = 12.26
0685	1	0.6	17	10	0.22	0.1	0.20	0.1	2575	1471			COD = 12, NO ₃ -N = 6.90 Kjel-N = 5.6
00216	10	0.2	28	0.5	0.22	--	0.38	0.01	1051	19			COD = 23, NO ₃ -N = 1.40 Kjel-N = 3.08
00432	10	0.4	28	1.0	0.22	0.01	0.38	0.01	1051	38			COD = 23, NO ₃ -N = 1.40 Kjel-N = 3.08
057	25	12	41	19	2	1	8	4	8	4			
100					100	100							
84	6	42	0		20	140	0.09	0.6	3000	21017	75	40	COD = 32, NO ₃ -N = 2 Org-N = 3 Kjel-N = 22 Na = 450 Oil = 1 SO ₄ = 2260 Cl = 320 Ca = 260 Al = 0.6 Mg = 0.07 Cr = 0.05 Cu = 0.05 Fe = 4.6 Pb = 0.01

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

ge	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Ammonia Nitrogen (N)				Phosphorus	Total Dissolved	Temperature		Other		
	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Total P	Solids	Summer	Winter			
	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(°F)	(°F)			
	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(lb/day)	(mg/l unless noted otherwise)	
r (Cont.)															
														Mn = 0.29	
														Ni = 0.02	
														Zn = 0.16	
														F Coli = 76/100 ml	
														T Coli = 7800/100 ml	
47	25	10	40	16											
154					9	4			0.05	0.02	1619	729	65	57	pH = 7.9 units, NO ₃ -N = 0.12
12 ^b	25 ^b	5 ^b													
122	25	5	35	6			2	0.4	8	1	10	2			
123	28	5	40	8			2	0.4	12	2	6	1			
Boone River															
142	27	54	50	101			2	4	14	28	10	20			
age Ditch 3, 47															
140	25	8	35	12			1	0.3	12	4	15	5			
183	31	21	46	32			1	0.7	14	10	10	7			
124	31	6	80	16			1	0.2	17	2	25	5			
atch 94															
20															
16	3	0.4			4	0.5	1.1	0.2	0.5	0.07	495	66	84	71	pH = 7.6 units COD = 4 Kjel-N = 1.54 Ortho-P = 1.6 TS = 499 NO ₃ -N = 0.07

TABLE III-2 (Continued)
POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Ammonia Nitrogen (N)		Phosphorus (Total P)		Total Dissolved Solids		Temperature		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)
	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (mg/l) (lb/day)	Winter (mg/l) (lb/day)	Summer (°F) (°F)	Winter (°F) (°F)	
45	245	75	408		4	22	14	76	11	60			TVS = 0.2 Alk as CaCO ₃ = 280 SO ₄ = 166 Cl = 4 Zn = 0.06 Phenols = 0.009 Ca = 179 Algal Inhibitor = 0.08
35	76	70	152		4	9	16	35	9	20			
20	77		36	138	0.77	3	3.02	12	710	2724	73	73	pH = 9.5 units Kjel-N = 1.13 Ortho-P = 3 TS = 734 TVS = 65 COD = 40 Alk as CaCO ₃ = 102 SO ₄ = 310 Cl = 56 Flouride = 0.52 Ca = 22.9 Cr = 0.86 Fe = 0.5 Pb < 0.1 Hg = 16.3 Mn = 0.03 Cu < 0.01 MO ₃ -N = 0.61

TABLE 111-2 (Continued)

POINT SOURCE
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE QUANTITIES

BOD ₅ (mg/l)	Suspended Solids (mg/l)		Ammonia Nitrogen (M) (mg/l)		Phosphorus Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)		Temperature (°F)		Other (mg/l unless noted otherwise)
	Summer (lb/day)	Winter (lb/day)	Summer (lb/day)	Winter (lb/day)	Summer (lb/day)	Winter (lb/day)	Summer (°F)	Winter (°F)	
25	330	40	528	6	79	16	211	25	330
25	9	25	9	8	3	19	7	19	7
25	12	60	28	4	2	14	7	18	9
25 ^b	2			6 ^b	0.5			15 ^b	1
25 ^b	15			6 ^b	4			15 ^b	9
25 ^b	1			6 ^b	0.4			15 ^b	1
40	664	70	1162	4	66	16	266	18	299
25 ^b	42			6 ^b	10			15 ^b	25
25	41	40	66	8	13	21	35	23	38
	6,143				1,706				2,736

oor or no data available.

TABLE III-3
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

Existing Design Average Day Capacity (mgd)	Present Average Day Flow (mgd)	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Type of Treatment			Comments
		Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Primary	Secondary	Solids Treatment	
2.92	2.025	1128	135	1147	145	(Sf Ga Ka) Gm Sm Gm	Fo Gm Ftr Gm	Dfh Ls XI	Plans and specifications for new treatment facility are presently being reviewed by IDEQ. Proposed treatment processes include primary clarification, high rate trickling filters, activated sludge aeration, flow equalization and polishing ponds, dual media filters, and chlorination.
	0.37		150		230		Lo		No existing municipal treatment facility. Presently preparing preliminary report.
0.246	0.185		35				Lo		Plant put into operation during 1968.
0.266	0.222		40			Ga Sch Gm	Ftr Cp	Ga Sch Gm	Existing plant is heavily overloaded during periods of wet weather. City is in the process of designing new treatment facility. Consent order issued by IDEQ requires final plans and specifications to be prepared by 1/1/74 with contract awarded by 6/1/74. Plant to be designed for effluent BOD ₅ and ammonia concentrations of 10 mg/l and 2 mg/l, respectively.
0.111	0.077		35			Cl	Ftr Cp	Bo	Existing treatment facility was constructed during the 1940's and is in rather poor condition.
0.054									No existing municipal treatment facility. Waste stabilization pond has been designed to replace private septic tanks. Construction permit was issued by IDEQ in September, 1973.
0.085	0.032		40				Lo		Waste stabilization pond was put into operation during May, 1970; replaced Imhoff tank and sand filters.
0.926	0.683	219	19	676	70	Sh Gw Gm	Ftr Gm	Dfr Bo XI	

TABLE III-3 (Continued)
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

Existing Design Average Day Capacity (mgd)	Present Average Day Flow (mgd)	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Type of Treatment			Comments
		Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Primary	Secondary	Solids Treatment	
0.175	0.089		30				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1966.
0.063	0.047		45				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1969.
	0.099		90			Cl	Fs	Bo	Presently designing new waste stabilization pond to replace existing plant.
0.073	0.157		45				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1964.
0.115	0.056		35			Cp Floc	Lo		
g)									
0.077	0.043		25				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1969.
(5-7)0.006						Om	Ft		Constructed in 1957.
0.655	0.552		40			Sg Om (Km Om)	Ftr Om	Dfh Bo	Plant constructed during 1954.
0.015							As	HA	
0.110	0.033		30				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1968.
0.147	0.151		75			Sh Gh Om	Ftr Cp	Dfh Bo	Plant constructed in 1960.
0.050	0.017		45				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1968.
0.10	0.044		45			Sh Cl	Ftr Cp	Bo	Plant constructed in 1958.

TABLE III-3 (Continued)
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

Design Average Day Capacity (mgd)	Present Average Day Flow (mgd)	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Type of Treatment			Comments
		Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Primary	Secondary	Solids Treatment	
0.0066							Lo		Plant constructed in 1970.
0.045	0.032		35				Lo		Two-cell waste stabilization pond with first cell constructed in 1961 and second cell constructed in 1968.
0.156	0.236		40			Sch Cm	Ftr	Dfh Bo	Plant constructed in 1951. Preliminary report is being prepared for new facilities.
0.100	0.087		30				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1959. No existing municipal treatment facilities. Community has attempted to obtain grant assistance for waste stabilization pond since 1967 with active interest in August, 1973.
5.30	3.367	420	38	375	34	Sm Cm Da Ka Cm	Fto Cm Eg Ftr Cm	Dfhent Ds Bo Ls	Last plant expansion was completed in 1965.
1.20	1.00		30		120	0 Af	Ln Lo	T XI	Plant placed in operation during 1970. Waste stabilization pond covers about 40 acres. No discharge allowed when river flow is less than 32 cfs.
0.05							La Lo		Plant constructed in 1970 to serve Webster County Home and new residential development.
0.05							Lo		Treatment facility was constructed during 1967-68. In 1971, waste stabilization pond was being re-designed as a complete retention facility with no discharge.
0.064	0.057		35				Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1968.
							Lo		Plant placed in operation during 1966.
	0.52		6		0		L		Package aeration plant is provided for sanitary flow. Chemical process water is also treated to reduce chromate and ammonia.

TABLE III-3 (Continued)
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

Existing Design Average Day Capacity (mgd)	Present Average Day Flow (mgd)	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Type of Treatment			Comments
		Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Primary	Secondary	Solids Treatment	
		Conc. (mg/l)	Conc. (mg/l)	Conc. (mg/l)	Conc. (mg/l)				
0.150	0.047		35				Lo		
0.034	0.022		30				Lo		Plant placed in operation during October, 1972. Plant placed in operation during 1967.
0.091	0.023		35				Lo		Waste stabilization pond placed in operation during October, 1971; replaced Imhoff tank and sand filters.
0.18	0.242		40			Sc Cm	Ftr Cm	Dch Bo XI	Existing plant was constructed in 1935 and is in poor condition. A site has been approved for a new waste stabilization pond designed to replace the existing facility. No existing municipal treatment facility. Preliminary plans have been prepared for three-cell waste stabilization pond.
0.096	0.040		30				Lo		Plant constructed in 1962.
0.087	0.083		40				Lo		Waste stabilization pond placed in operation in March, 1970; replaced Imhoff tank and sand filters.
0.219	0.024		50				Lo		Plant constructed in 1963. No existing municipal treatment facility. Plans and specifications prepared in 1973 for waste stabilization pond system.
0.504	0.652	106	52			Gm Sc Cm	Fth Cm	Dfht Dop Bo	Existing sewers have a large quantity of infiltration during periods of wet weather. Treatment plant is overloaded and raw sewage is by-passed frequently. City had preliminary report prepared which recommended construction of a large aerated lagoon and oxidation pond to treat all flow collected.

TABLE III-3 (Continued)
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

Existing Design Average Day Capacity (mgd)	Present Average Day Flow (mgd)	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Type of Treatment			Comments
		Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Primary	Secondary	Solids Treatment	
0.145	0.261		60			Sh Cm	Ftr Cp	Dch Bo	Plant constructed in 1933-34. Presently making modifications to recirculate trickling filter effluent. No existing municipal treatment facility. Preliminary plans were made for sanitary sewers and waste stabilization pond system in 1967-68, and city made application for a loan from FHA. City is still served by individual septic tanks.
1.50	1,582	341	22	108	90	Sh Gw Cm	Ftr Cm	Dfh Bo X1	Plant was built in 1939 and expanded in 1963. Preliminary report issued October 30, 1973, recommends adding another digester, two more trickling filters and final clarifiers.
0.070	0.042		25			Sh Ae	Ae Lp		Treatment plant was constructed in 1965. Existing sewers have a large quantity of infiltration during periods of wet weather. A compliance order was issued by IDEQ to correct the infiltration problem. The compliance order requires: preliminary report by 6/1/74, final plans and specifications by 12/1/74, construction contract be awarded by 4/1/75, and project completed by 12/31/75.
0.084	0.057		40			Sh Ci	Ftr Cp	Bo	Plant was constructed in 1956 and is in poor condition. Compliance order issued by IDEQ requires in-plant and operation modifications to be completed by 6/1/74.
0.010									Permit issued to construct waste stabilization pond in September, 1969.
0.008							Lo		Plant constructed in 1967.
0.007									Permit issued 1/18/73 to construct waste stabilization pond to replace septic tank. No discharge allowed during summer low flow periods.

TABLE III-3 (Continued)
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

Existing Design Average Day Capacity (mgd)	Present Average Day Flow (mgd)	BOD ₅		Suspended Solids		Type of Treatment			Comments
		Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Influent Conc. (mg/l)	Effluent Conc. (mg/l)	Primary	Secondary	Solids Treatment	
1.60	1.99	165	42	149	34	Sch Gam Ka Cm	Ftr Cm	Ho Zil Vv Xp	No existing municipal treatment system. Final plans and specifications received by IDEQ on 11/26/73 for waste stabilization pond. No existing municipal treatment system. Plans and specifications for waste stabilization pond have been approved by IDEQ and are waiting for EPA funding. Plant constructed in 1958.
0.213	0.20					Sm G Cm	Ft Cm E	D B	Plant constructed in 1941. Plans are being prepared for polishing pond to follow existing facilities.
0.305	0.198		35			Sh Ga (Cp Do)	Ftr Cm	XI	Plant constructed in 1967.

ABBREVIATIONS

SEWAGE TREATMENT FACILITIES

A ----Aeration (In tanks or basins)	E ----Chlorination
Aa----Activated sludge, diffused air aeration	Ec----With contact tank
Ac----Contact stabilization	Eg----By chlorine gas
Ad----Aerobic digestion	Eh----By hypochlorite
Ae----Extended aeration	F ----Filters
Af----Air flotation	Fc----Covered filter
Am----Activated sludge, mechanical aeration	Fo----Roughing filter
Ao----Oxidation ditch	Fr----Rapid sand or other sand straining
Ap----Aeration, plain, without sludge return	Fs----Intermittent sand
	Ft----Trickling (no further details)
B ----Sludge beds	Fth---High capacity
Bo----Open	Ft2H---High capacity, two-stage
Bc----Glass covered	Ftn---Fixed nozzle, standard capacity
C ----Settling tanks	Ftr---Rotary distributor, standard capacity
Ci----Two-story (Imhoff)	Ftt---Traveling distributor, standard capacity
Cm----Mechanically equipped	
Cp----Plain, hopper bottom or inter- mittently drained for cleaning	G ----Grit chambers
Cs----Septic tank	Ga----Aerated grit removal
Ct----Multiple tray, mechanically equipped	Gh----Without continuous removal mechanism
CmDm---Two-story "Clarigester"	Gm----With continuous removal mechanism
CpDo---Two-story "Spiragester"	Gp----Grit pocket at screen chamber
D ----Digesters, separate sludge	Gw----Separate grit washing device
Dc----With cover (fixed if not other- wise specified)	
D(cg)-Gasometer in fixed cover	H ----Sludge storage tanks (not second-stage digestion units)
De----Gas used in engines (heat usually recovered)	Ha----Aerated
Df----With floating cover	Hc----Covered
Dg----With gasometer cover	Hm----With stirring or concentrating mechanism
Dh----Gas used in heating	Ho----Open
Dm----Mixing	
Do----Open top	I ----Sewage application to land
Dp----Unheated	If----Ridge and furrow irrigation
Dr----Heated	
Ds----Gas storage in separate holder	

ABBREVIATIONS

SEWAGE TREATMENT FACILITIES

K ----Chemical treatment-flocculation. Chemical treatment-type units or equipment not necessarily complete or operated as chemical treatment.	V ----Mechanical sludge dewatering
Ka----Flocculation tank, air agitation	Vc----Sludge centrifuge
Kc----Chemicals used	Vp----Pressure filter
Km----Flocculation tank, mechanical agitation	Vv----Rotary vacuum filter
Kx----No chemicals used	Vo----Other
L ----Lagoons	X ----Sludge drying or incineration
La----Aerated lagoon	Xd----Used for fertilizer
Le----Evaporation lagoon	Xf----Sludge burned for fuel
Ln----Anaerobic lagoon	Xl----Disposal to land
Lo----Waste stabilization lagoon	Xn----Incinerated
Lp----Polishing lagoon	Xp----Used for fill
Ls----Sludge lagoon - not for treatment of sewage	Z ----Sludge conditioning
O ----Grease removal or skimming tanks - not incidental to settling tanks	Za----Chemicals used, alum
Oa----Aerated tank (diffused air)	Zc----Chemical used (unidentified)
Om----Mechanically equipped tank	Zi----Chemicals used, iron salts
Ov----Vacuum type	Zl----Chemicals used, lime
S ----Screens	Zp----Polyelectrolytes used
Sc----Comminutor (screenings ground in sewage stream)	Zx----No chemicals used
Sf----Fine screen (less than 1/8" opening)	Zy----Elutriation
Sg----Screenings ground in separate grinder and returned to sewage flow	
Sh----Bar rack, hand cleaned 1/2" - 2" openings	
Si----Intermediate screen 1/8" - 1/2" openings	
Sm----Bar rack mechanically cleaned 1/2" - 2" openings	
Sr----Coarse rack (openings over 2")	
St----Garbage ground at plant and returned to sewage flow	