PUBLIC INFORMATION CIRCULAR SEPTEMBER 1974 NUMBER 8

GUIDE TO AERIAL IMAGERY OF IOWA

Prepared by the Remote Sensing Laboratory Staff RAYMOND R. ANDERSON BERNARD E. HOYER JAMES V. TARANIK

15 1

G. Astrony

198 268

IOWA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Dr. Samuel J. Tuthill, State Geologist Iowa City, Iowa 52240 (319)-338-1173

Cover Photograph. The cover photograph is of Terrace Hill, the future residence of the Governor of Iowa, and was taken in April of 1973 from an altitude of 1,200' by Aerial Services, Incorporated, Cedar Falls, Iowa.

PUBLIC INFORMATIONCIRCULARSEPTEMBER 1974NUMBER 8

GUIDE TO AERIAL IMAGERY OF IOWA

Prepared by the Remote Sensing Laboratory Staff RAYMOND R. ANDERSON BERNARD E. HOYER JAMES V. TARANIK

> IOWA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Dr. Samuel J. Tuthill, State Geologist lowa City, Iowa 52240 (319)-338-1173

FOREWORD

In 1971 the Iowa Map Advisory Council was formed to consider Iowa's ineeds for mapping. Aerial imagery acquisition was recognized as an important adjunct to mapping activity and the Air Photo Subcommittee was formed in 1972. Mr. Richard Riley, of Iowa Power and Light Company was appointed chairman of the subcommittee and he asked the Iowa Geological Survey Remote Sensing Laboratory to compile an index of existing imagery of the State of Iowa. This index was furnished to the Iowa Map Advisory Council in November, 1973. After examining the index the council recommended to Governor Robert D. Ray that the Iowa Geological Survey be designated the agency to maintain and distribute an index of aerial photography and imagery of Iowa. This "Guide to Aerial Imagery of Iowa" is respectfully submitted in fulfillment of the Map Advisory Council's recommendation.

> Raymond R. Anderson Bernard E. Hoyer James V. Taranik 1974

CONTENTS

	page
Introduction	1
Electromagnetic Spectrum	2
Aerial Cameras	3
Focal Length	6
Film	7
Platforms for Aerial Photography	
Aircraft Platforms	8
Spacecraft and Satellite Platforms	9
Scale and Coverage of Imagery	11
Time of Imagery Acquisition	12
How to Use This Index	13
How to Order Imagery	14
Governmental Producers of Aerial Photography	16
Private Producers of Aerial Photography	23
Mailing Addresses - Governmental Agencies	25
Mailing Addresses - Private	27
Index to Local Aerial Photography of Iowa	28
Index to Regional Aerial Photography of Iowa	95
United States Geological Survey	96
NASA	101
ERTS	106
Skylab	121
Appendix	136

List of Figures

page

Figure	1	A Portion of the Electromagnetic Spectrum	2
Figure	2	Relationship of Aerial Photographic Parameters	3
Figure	3	Overlap and Sidelap in Aerial Photography	4
Figure	4	An Idealized Aerial Camera	5
Figure	5	Fore and Aft Camera Coverage by the Optical Bar System	5
Figure	6	An Example of Panoramic Distortion	6
Figure	7	Diagram Showing the Overlapping Arrangement of 9"x9" Exposures on a Typical Photoindex	15
Figure	8	An ASCS Photograph of Ottumwa	17
Figure	9	Soil Conservation Service Photograph of a Portion of the Iowa River in Johnson County	18
Figure	10	An Iowa Geological Survey Multispectral Photograph of the Nishnabotna River in Western Iowa	21
Figure	11	Page Numbers for Regions Used in this Index	29
Figure	12	Low Altitude USGS Photographic Coverage	97
Figure	13	U.S. Geological Survey High Altitude Photograph of the Ottumwa Airport and Parts of Wapello, Mahaska, and Keokuk Counties.	98
Figure	14	High Altitude USGS Photographic Coverage Areas	99
Figure	15	NASA Color Infrared Cornblight Photograph of the Ottumwa Area	102
Figure	16	NASA Corn Blight Photograph Coverage	103
Figure	17	NASA High Altitude Photography of Des Moines	104
Figure	18	High Altitude Color and Color Infrared Coverage	105
Figure	19	Photographs of Eastern Iowa Produced from Data Transmitted from ERTS	108
Figure	20	Image Centers on Numbers of Color Composites	113
Figure	21	ERTS Nominal Centers	114
Figure	22	Photographs of Eastern Iowa Taken by the Skylab S190A Multispectral System	126
Figure	23	Photographs from the Skylab S190B Earth Terrain Resources Camera	127

Figure	24	Skylab	Tra	acks				129
Figure	25	Skylab	2,	Track	19,	S190A	Coverage	130
Figure	26	Skylab	2,	Track	19,	S190B	Coverage	131
Figure	27	Skylab	2,	Track	30,	S190A	Coverage	132
Figure	28	Skylab	2,	Track	33,	S190A	Coverage	133
Figure	29	Skylab	2,	Track	33,	S190B	Coverage	134
Figure	30	Skylab	3,	Track	33,	S190A	Coverage	155
Figure	31	Skylab	3,	Track	33,	S190B	Coverage	156

List of Tables

Table 1	Earth Resources Satellite	10
Table 2	Imagery Information	11
Table 3	S190A Multispectral Photographic Facility Data	124
Table 4	Aerial Contractors Doing Work in Iowa	140
Table 5	Cost of Aerial Photographic Reproductions	141
Table 6	Metric Imagery Calculations	142

INTRODUCTION

Aerial photographs are produced by private as well as governmental agencies. Often, there is a lack of communication concerning the availability of this photography, and duplication of coverage can occur. The purpose of this index is to make available, in one document, a list of the aerial photographic coverage available for Iowa. Not only can a listing of available photographic coverage avoid duplication, but it may also increase public awareness of the use of photographic tools for natural resource management.

A brief description of the properties of light, as well as an explanation of the cameras, filters, and films used in aerial photography, is included with this index. Although an understanding of the systems used to produce the photographs is not crucial to an individual wishing to use them, it does aid in understanding some of the problems and limitations involved with different imagery types.

If problems or questions arise in the use of this index or if there is knowledge of additional sources of aerial photography not outlined in this index, please contact:

> Ray Anderson Iowa Geological Survey Remote Sensing Laboratory 16 West Jefferson Street Iowa City, Iowa 52240 Phone - (319) 338-1173

The Electromagnetic Spectrum

Aerial photography usually utilizes the sun as an energy source and records the resultant of the interaction of the sun's energy with earth materials (reflectance). Using photography, we are able to record a spectrum of wavelengths from ultraviolet, through visible, to the near infrared. The energy from the sun is called electromagnetic energy and it consists of particles (photons) that travel in waves of energy. *Electromagnetic energy* (x-rays, ultraviolet, heat, visible light, microwave, radar, or radio waves) is classified according to wavelength (the distance between wave crests) or *frequency* (the number of wave crests passing a point per unit time). A classification of *electromagnetic energy* is listed in figure 1. Note that different units are utilized. Physicists commonly like to work with angstroms, electronic engineers in centimeters and more commonly cycles per second (hertz), and in photography (Kodak manuals, etc) electromagnetic radiation (EMR) is usually classified in nanometers which are one billionth of a meter $(lnm = 10^{-9}m)$ long. Scientists that conduct investigations using the visible and infrared portions of the spectrum commonly classify EMR in microns, a micron is one millionth of a meter $(lm = 10^{-6}m)$ long.

Electromagnetic energy travels at the speed of light (300,000,000)meters per second), and there is a simple relationship between wavelength and frequency: Wavelength times frequency must equal the speed of light. The number of wave crests passing per second (cycles per second) are classified in herts (1 hertz = 1 cycle per second). Usually frequencies are expressed in kilohertz, megahertz, and gigahertz or 10^3 hertz, 10^6 hertz, and 10^9 hertz respectively.



Aerial Cameras

Aerial cameras used in obtaining low-altitude pictures of Iowa usually have a 9-inch by 9-inch square *format* and utilize rolls of 9.5-inch wide film -- hundreds of feet long. Most low-altitude aerial photography of Iowa is obtained utilizing a 6-inch *focal length* lens. The relationships between *focal length*, *format*, and flight height determine ground coverage and these relationships are proportional:

Format		_	Ground Coverage					
Focal	Length	=	Altitude	Above	Mean	Terrain		

The ratio of *format* (in inches) to ground coverage (in inches) is scale (a pure number):



Figure 2. Relationship of Aerial Photographic Parameters

3

Generally most aerial photography is acquired with 60% ground coverage *overlap* to permit stereo viewing. Thus, in three consecutive exposures, usually only the first and third are required for coverage. Multiple flight lines are flown to cover large areas and usually ground coverage is *sidelapped* 30% to insure complete coverage.



Figure 3. Overlap and Sidelap in Aerial Photography

Most aerial photography is acquired with a high-precision cartographic mapping camera, called a *metric camera*. The *metric camera* has a lens focal length calibrated in millimeters (152.63 mm, or 6 inches for example). Also, the distortion at the film plane radially out from the image center, is known so that stereoplotting can be accomplished. Secondly, most metric aerial cameras have color corrected lenses, so all wavelengths of light are focused at the film plane. Older military reconnaissance cameras often do not have these characteristics.



Figure 4. An Idealized Aerial Camera

Some photography of Iowa available from NASA and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is acquired with a high-resolution, 24-inch optical bar system. This is a panoramic camera system, built by ITEK Corporation, that was declassified for civilian agency use in 1972. This system utilized 5-inch wide film and scans a 5-foot long portion for each exposure. This system allows detection and identification of 1-foot by 1-foot objects having high contrast difference from over 70,000 feet. This imagery can be viewed stereoscopically because the camera scans fore and aft under the aircraft during each exposure.



Figure 5. Fore and Aft Camera Coverage by the Optical Bar System

Panoramic imagery does have a convergent distortion, that makes the imagery progressively more difficult to analyze nearer the the edges.



Figure 6. An Example of Panoramic Distortion.

Focal Length

Currently most photography is obtained with 6-or 84-inch focal length lenses, although $3\frac{1}{2}$ - and 12- inch focal lenses are also available. Shorter focal length lenses produce wide area coverage and smaller scale imagery from the same flying height than a longer focal length lens. This fact, by itself, is not important to the imagery user since the aerial contractor must determine these parameters to meet the scale specified in contract. However, the shorter focal length lenses have more displacement of objects toward the edges of the photographs than the longer focal length lenses. This increases the effect of stereoscopic relief, which is good for interpretation or map production, but makes area measurements more difficult because imagery scale changes radially out from the center. Generally the U.S.G.S., S.C.S., Corps of Engineers, Iowa Highway Commission, and private corporations obtain imagery produced with a 6-inch lens, while the A.S.C.S. imagery is often produced with an 84-inch lens.

Imagery Formats

Most aerial imagery that is available is produced on aerial cameras that produce 9 X 9 inch negatives. The negatives are contact printed

to produce 9 X 9 inch images. Assuming a scale of 1:20,000, the area covered by a 9 X 9 image would be about 8 sq. miles. An image at the scale of 1:6,000 covers about 3/4 sq. miles, whereas an image at the scale of 1:90,000 covers about 160 sq. miles. Imagery available from the A.S.C.S., S.C.S., U.S.G.S., and most NASA imagery, is all available in the 9 X 9 inch format. Unless otherwise noted the imagery in this index is available on 9 X 9 inch format.

Other imagery formats are available for other sources of imagery. Some imagery available from the Iowa Geological Survey is on a $3^{l_2} \times 3^{l_2}$ inch format. However, this imagery is recorded as four $3^{l_2} \times 3^{l_2}$ inch images on a 9 X 9 inch area. Each of the four images records different wavelengths of light reflected from the same area.

Satellite imagery is often in different formats. ERTS imagery is produced at 70 mm X 70 mm images. Skylab imagery is available both as $4\frac{1}{2}$ X $4\frac{1}{2}$ inch and 70 mm X 70 mm formats. Enlargements of both formats are available.

Film

Most of the imagery available is *black and white panchromatic* imagery. This means that the film records the visible portion of the spectrum as tones of grey. Generally the imagery is acquired with a filter to eliminate all or most of the blue wavelengths. This includes the imagery available by the A.S.C.S., S.C.S., U.S.G.S., and most other organizations, both public and private.

The Iowa Highway Commission, the U.S.Army Corps of Engineers, U.S. Soil Conservation Service and the Iowa Geological Survey have acquired very limited amounts of *color* photography. This imagery records the visible spectrum approximately as our eye would detect the color of the landscape. This imagery is usually obtained with a filter to alleviate the effect of haze.

Limited *black and white infrared* imagery has been obtained by the Corps of Engineers, Iowa Natural Resources Council, and the Iowa Geological Survey. This film may record some of the visible wavelengths, as well as infrared wavelengths that our eyes cannot see. It should be noted that photographic infrared wavelengths are not related to the phenomenon of heat. This is a very common misconception. Our eyes are sensitive to wavelengths of .4 to .7 microns. Infrared sensitive films record wavelengths from .4 to .9 microns. Heat is associated with wavelengths that are about 8.0 to 14.0 microns. This *black and white infrared* film is commonly filtered to eliminate blue wavelengths, blue and green wavelengths, or all visible wavelengths. The result is a black and white picture that records only near infrared wavelengths. The Iowa Geological Survey Remote Sensing Laboratory commonly uses this *black and white infrared* film in conjunction with special filters to record the wavelengths associated with the "colors" blue, green, red, and infrared as separate images. This "multiband imagery" can be interpreted directly or the separate images may be combined with a special viewer to "false color" the images. Certain features may be enhanced by this technique.

Color infrared films are color films with sensitivity to visible wavelengths and near infrared wavelengths. Blue wavelengths are filtered out and thus not recorded. Wavelengths corresponding to green are recorded as blue, red wavelengths are recorded as green, and the infrared wavelengths are recorded on the film as the color red. The outstanding feature of the film is that green vegetation is recorded as red on this film because it has a high infrared reflectance. NASA, in conjunction with the Department of Agriculture, produced color infrared coverage of Iowa from 70,000 feet, using this film. This imagery is generally referred to as Corn Blight imagery because in 1971 it was used to study this disease in Iowa. The Corps of Engineers have also experimented with this film in very limited amounts. Multiband imagery can be made to simulate color infrared imagery.

The *multiband* imagery was utilized in both the ERTS and Skylab systems that imaged Iowa. This imagery records discrete portions of the spectrum. If desired, the images can be combined in color creating a "color composite." These color composites simulate color infrared photographs. Skylab produces pictures from actual *color* and *color infrared* films as well as *black* and *white* and *multiband* images. But ERTS only produces *black* and white multiband images.

Examples of the photography described can be located using the index of photography at the beginning of the index.

Platforms for Aerial Photography

Aircraft Platforms

A wide variety of *aircraft platforms* now exists for persons desiring aerial photography. Most local aerial contractors acquire aerial photography with *light aircraft* limited to altitudes of 15,000 feet. Some contractors fly *twin engined aircraft* capable of reaching altitudes of 25,000 feet. A few large contractors own *Jets*, capable of flying up to 45,000 feet. No commercial aerial contractors have the capability of flying over 45,000 feet. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) flies two aircraft, for research purposes, which can reach altitudes of 60,000 and 70,000 feet. These aircraft are the RB-57F and U-2, respectively. The U.S. Air Force flies a strategic reconnaissance aircraft, the SR-71, which has a maximum ceiling reported at 120,000 feet and a top speed of over 2,300 miles per hour. Data from this last platform are not available to the general public.

Spacecraft and Satellite Platforms

A series of manned spacecraft or unmanned satellite platforms are planned or in operation over the United States which provide or will provide photographic data of Iowa.

SATELLITES:

- (1) Film return, short-lived, 150-500 km altitude, sunsynchronous satellites mainly operated by the Department of Defense in cooperation with NASA. This data is highly classified and is not available to the general public, although several federal agencies with proper security facilities and properly cleared personnel are using this data for landuse planning.
- (2) Electronic data transmission, long-lived 300-1,500 km altitude, sun-synchronous satellites like the Earth Resources Technology Satellite (ERTS), and the weather satellites.
- (3) Electronic data transmission, long-lived 36,000 km altitude, geostationary (geosynchronous) weather satellites and planned Synchronous Earth Observation Satellites (SEOS).

SPACECRAFT:

- Mercury, Gemini and Apollo: These missions took aloft hand held Hassleblad cameras to photograph the earth. Apollo 9 used a multispectral photographic array (the SO-65 experiment). No imagery of Iowa is available from these missions because of spacecraft orbit configuration.
- (2) Skylab-A, launched into a 435 km orbit in May of 1973, has provided excellent coverage of much of the Iowa landscape. Refer to page 120 for complete description of Skylab imagery.
- (3) Space shuttle is now clearly defined as an operational program of NASA. Shuttle is scheduled to be operational by 1980 and will have numerous experimental remote sensing instruments, including aerial cameras, aboard. Shuttle will fly most

missions at 200 km, although geosynchronous (36,000 km) orbits are possible. The shuttle could make low-orbit, high resolution photographic satellites cost-effective because of its service capability.

Table 1. Earth Resources Satellites

Satellite	Agencies	Description		
*EOS - Earth Observatory Satellite	NASA	Sun synchronous orbit earth resources satellite adaptable to shuttle. Launch, 1979, 1981.		
ERTS - Earth Resources Satellite	NASA-USDI	Sun synchronous orbit earth resources satellite currently operating. At least one additional satellite ERTS-B is planned.		
*SEOS-Synchronous Earth Resources Satellite	NASA	Geosynchronous orbit. Planned launches in 1981, 1983.		
*Heat Capacity Mapper Satellite (Thermal Inertia Satellite)	NASA	Sun synchronous with both day- time and nighttime imaging capability to map thermal pro- perties of the earth, to be launched in 1976.		

*Planned missions

Reference on Platforms:

Colvocoresses, A.P., 1974, Remote Sensing Platforms: U.S. Geological Survey, Circular 693.

Scale and Coverage of Imagery

Most imagery in Iowa is acquired at scales between 1:16,000 to 1:24,000. However, imagery ranges from 1:3,000 to 1:3,500,000. What do these numbers mean? The numbers are a ratio indicating that one unit on the negative represents some number of units on the ground. Thus the scale 1:20,000 means that 1 inch on the film represents 20,000 inches on the ground. Table 2 indicates some representative scales and the agencies responsible for this type of photography.

TABLE 2. IMAGERY INFORMATION

(on a	Source of Imagery 9 inch format unless other- wise noted)	Scale	l inch on photo represents (Engineering Scale)	. Ar	ea Cove	red
	Local, County, and State	1:3,000	250'	.18	square	miles
	Governmental Agencies and	1:5,000	416'	.50		п
	Private Photography	1:6,000	500'	.72	Б	п
		1:9,000	750'	1.60		
		1:12,000	1000'	2.90		п
	ASCS, SCS	1:15,840	1320'	5.10		
	USGS, ASCS	1:18,000	1500'	6.50		11
		1:20,000	1667 '	8.10		u .
		1:24,000	2000'	11.60	11	п
	SCS	1:38,000	3167'	29.20		
		1:48,000	4000'	46.40		
		1:63,360	5280'	81.00		п
	Smallest Non-Military Scale	1:90,000	7500'	153.0	н	п
	NASA U-2 and RB-57 High Altitude Aircraft	1:120,000	10,000'	290.0	π	"
	Skylab (S190B)*	1:950,000	15 miles	4556		11
	(S190A)**	1:2,800,000	44 miles	9887		"
	ERTS**	1:3,370,000	53 miles 21	L,207		

*Images produced on $4\frac{1}{2}$ inch format

** Images produced on 70 mm (2.75 inch) format

Time of Imagery Acquisition

Studies which are involved in mapping the ground surface or analyzing the earth materials need imagery acquired when vegetation and/or snow is not obscuring the soils. Generally, this means imagery acquired in the spring or late fall. Studies of vegetation generally need imagery produced in late spring, through the summer, and into the fall. As you may see in the section entitled "Description of Aerial Photography Available in Iowa," the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation (ASCS) imagery is acquired in summer because they are interested in crops, whereas much of the other photography is obtained in early spring or late fall.

The year that imagery is acquired may also be important. The oldest, and most repetitive imagery is held by the ASCS. Studies involving land cover change through long periods of time may find this imagery most useful. However, for studies of recent change through short periods of time, combinations of imagery, especially the U.S.D.A. Corn Blight imagery or the NASA - ERTS and Skylab imagery may be most useful as they are repeatable, in some cases, over 2 week intervals.

HOW TO USE THIS INDEX

This index is based on regions. Figure 11 indicates the regions used. Identify the area for which you are interested and go to the page number indicated to see the area enlarged. This page maps governmental coverage, the following pages map private photographic coverage. The base of the regional maps corresponds to the maps published by the Iowa Highway Commission (IHC). This may aid identification of the locations of interest.

As some imagery covers complete county areas, they are not indicated on the map. Rather, the years that imagery was obtained are indicated on the page opposite the map. Thus, complete county coverage is not indicated on the maps.

Significant blocks of coverage are indicated by various patterns, superimposed on the county maps. These include imagery produced by the U.S.G.S., NASA Corn Blight and I.G.S. The U.S.G.S. imagery is listed with a capital letter, which is cross listed on the page facing the regional maps to indicate the scale and year of imagery. The areas are plotted as well as possible, but one should employ some caution for areas of interest close to the edges of the indicated coverage. Some fringe areas not indicated may be covered and, likewise, some fringe areas indicated may not actually be imaged.

Towns imaged by the IHC are named. Private companies that possess imagery of cities are listed with initials within parentheses behind the town's name. The years that the imagery was acquired is listed on the page facing the regional map.

A list of private aerial contractors can be found on page 137 of the appendix at the end of this report.

Smaller scale governmental and satellite imagery is found on a statewide map located behind the regional maps. The satellite data is going out of date very quickly because the imagery is being acquired so rapidly. Skylab imagery is plotted as strips across the state. ERTS images with less than 30% cloud cover are indicated. Only several images are shown for ERTS. These boundaries are indicated to be used as examples of the coverage for each frame of ERTS imagery. For all other images only the centers of images are plotted. The numbers indicated adjacent to the image center points indicate the data and the image ordering number.

HOW TO ORDER IMAGERY

For the most part, this index does not give sufficient information from which you could directly order the imagery. This index only indicates the coverage which is available and the agency responsible for the imagery. The exact frame numbers are not provided as this would be impossible without duplicating all the photo index sheets produced by the agencies which normally provide imagery to the public or producing these sheets for agencies which do not normally provide much photographic duplication for the public.

Two or three contacts will probably be necessary to obtain any imagery from the main agencies generally handling aerial photography for public purchase, i.e., A.S.C.S., S.C.S., U.S.G.S., and EROS. Initial contact may be necessary for identifying the photographic sheets necessary for one to select the exact image numbers desired. This would not be necessary if this information can be obtained previously. A.S.C.S. offices have these photo indexes for their area of service. U.S.G.S. images might be identified satisfactorily by naming the quadrangle map or maps which have been produced in the area of interest, and by explaining the precise location within them for which coverage is desired. ERTS imagery, obtained from the EROS Data Center, could be ordered directly since the ordering numbers are included in the index. Payment must be included with any order to a federal agency for photographic processing. This requirement makes some preliminary information contact important to enable an order to be placed, unless one has access to photo index sheets or one knows all the important information including the number of pages. Page 100 indicates the current prices of photographs purchased from the U.S.G.S. Other agencies' prices are comparable. The prices of products obtained from the EROS Data Center can be found on page 138. Questions concerning imagery should be directed either to the agency directly, or addressed to the Iowa Geological Survey, Remote Sensing Laboratory, which can answer any general question.

In general, provide as much information as possible to the agency you contact. This information should include:

- 1. Your name, address, and telephone number where you can be reached during normal working hours.
- Location of the point of interest including as much of the following as appropriate or possible -- state, county, town, township,range, section, longitude, latitude, and a verbal description like "quarry seven miles southeast of Cedar

Rapids on south side of Cedar River." For areas of interest, one must explain the area. As examples, one might indicate an entire county or several counties; the northern half of a county; or the area extending about 15 miles around a certain town. If one has a photo index sheet available, the date of photography, roll number, print number, and project symbol should be included. These would be indicated in the index as indicated in figure 7.

- The size of the print desired (9 X 9 contact print or some enlargement); the material on which image is to be printed (i.e., single or double weight papar or transparency).
- 4. Purpose for which the images are to be used. The agency might detect any obvious incongruities between the ordered product and the projected use. It should be noted that these images cannot generally be used to endorse any product. Stereo coverage or pictorial coverage should be indicated.



Figure 7. Diagram Showing the Overlapping Arrangement of 9- X 9-in Exposures on a Typical Photoindex

GOVERNMENTAL PRODUCERS OF AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY (a complete list of mailing addresses can be found on pages 25 and 26)

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

The most important source of aerial photography in Iowa is the imagery produced by the A.S.C.S. All imagery is obtained on black and white panchromatic film. The most common scale is 1:15,840, but it ranges between 1:15,840 and 1:20,000. Each county has been imaged repetitively once every 5 to 10 years since 1938. The imagery is obtained generally during the late spring and especially the summer months. Since this imagery is produced to measure areas, it is often flown with an 8¹/₄-inch focal length lens. The most recent set of photographs for each county, respectively, is available for inspection at the local A.S.C.S. county office. All the most recent imagery is available at the A.S.C.S. state office in Des Moines. Out-of-date imagery is archived at various college and university libraries, with most of them being located either at the University of Iowa, Iowa State University, or Drake University. Prints can be ordered for private ownership from Asheville, N.C. (see Mailing Addresses on page 25.

Soil Conservation Service

The photography produced by the S.C.S. is utilized for soils mapping. It has been acquired for entire county areas since 1969. A total of thirty counties have been photographed. Imagery is usually acquired in May or June, but some imagery has been acquired in July, September and October. The black and white imagery is commonly produced at scales of 1:38,000 or 1:48,000 with a 6-inch lens, but occasionally it is acquired with a 3¹₂-inch lens. Imagery is held at S.C.S. offices where active soil surveys are in progress and at the S.C.S. offices in Des Moines. Photographs may be obtained from Hyattsville, Maryland.

U.S. Geological Survey

Low altitude photography for the U.S.G.S. is produced once prior to preparation of topographic maps. Thus, blocks of photography are scattered throughout the state without regard for county boundaries. About one-half of the state is covered with the photography going back to 1947, although most has been obtained since 1961. The black and white imagery is usually produced at a scale of about 1:20,000, using a 6-inch or shorter focal length lens. The range of scales varies between 1:18,000 and 1:34,000. Imagery is obtained in spring and fall.



Figure 8. An ASCS Photograph of Ottumwa (reduced from 9"x9").



Figure 9. Soil Conservation Service Photograph of a Portion of the Iowa River in Johnson County (reduced from 9"x9").

High altitude U.S.G.S. photography was obtained between 1948 and 1958 at scales of 1:66,000 to 1:70,000 using cameras with 6-inch focal length lenses. Virtually the entire state is covered by this photography.

Maps showing statewide coverages of the low and high altitude U.S.G.S. imagery are reproduced on pages 97 and 99 respectively. Also, low altitude coverage is outlined on the larger scale maps of governmental photographic coverage found on pages 28 thru 91. For further information or to order contact the United States Geological Survey, Map Information Office, Washington, D.C. 20244 or the EROS Data Center, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The U. S. Army Corps of Engineers has photography for both reconnaissance and engineering purposes along the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers, as well as at reservoirs throughout the state. The photos may be at scales from 1:3,000 to 1:120,000. Most would be black and white imagery, but some may be color or color infrared images. The photography would be available at the Rock Island District Office or the Omaha District Office. The Kansas City District Office may also have some imagery.

Of equal importance is the black and white panchromatic photography obtained of the entire state in the fall, 1949, and the spring, 1950. This imagery, produced at a scale of 1:70,000 was produced to make the 1:250,000 scale maps distributed now by the U.S.G.S. This imagery is available from the EROS Data Center in Sioux Falls, South Dakota. The photo index sheets are available at the Iowa Geological Survey, Remote Sensing Laboratory (IGSRSL) in Iowa City.

NASA: Corn Blight Watch Experiment

NASA, in cooperation with the U.S.D.A. obtained color infrared photography of four north-south strips in Iowa during the summer of 1971. The photos, offering repeated (8 times) coverage, are at a scale of 1:130,000 and are available in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, at the EROS Data Center. Some of this imagery is available at IGSRSL in Iowa City.

Iowa Geological Survey, Remote Sensing Laboratory

IGSRSL has acquired specialized imagery in cooperation with many other agencies over selected areas throughout the state. Imagery has been acquired since 1971 at scales of 1:8,000 to 1:24,000. Three film types are generally used by the lab; color, color infrared, and multispectral. Explanations of these types of photography can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this index. For further information on this photography contact the Iowa Geological Survey Remote Sensing Laboratory in Iowa City, Iowa.

Iowa Highway Commission

The Iowa Highway Commission acquires imagery along the right-ofways of state and federal highways. The imagery is used for road location planning and for road designing. The black and white panchromatic imagery is at scales ranging from 1:3,000 to 1:18,000, however, most is acquired at the larger scale to facilitate 1-foot contour mapping. Imagery is acquired when vegetation is at a minimum.

Small scale imagery (1:80,000) has been obtained for many urban areas. Sixteen urban areas with populations greater than 25,000 persons were imaged in the summers of 1969 and 1973. Cities with population between 5,000 and 25,000 persons were imaged at that same scale in 1971.

The Highway Commission photography located on the maps on pages 28 thru 93 is identified as special photography. It was obtained for right-of-way and corridor studies at a scale of 1:18,000. Contact the Iowa Highway Commission, Ames, Iowa, for further information.

Iowa Natural Resources Council

The I.N.R.C. has acquired a very limited amount of aerial imagery along Iowa Rivers. Most of it is associated with record floods along several major rivers in Iowa. It has been acquired up to scales of 1:24,000. Inquiries should be addressed to the Iowa Natural Resources Council, Des Moines, Iowa.

Environmental Protection Agency

The EPA has obtained color imagery of Hardin County in 1972. The imagery is at a scale of 1:16,000. It would be available from the









Blue Band

Green Band

Infrared Band

Red Band

Figure 10. An Iowa Geological Survey Multispectral Photograph of the Nishnabotna River in Western Iowa.

EPA office in Kansas City, Missouri. Other imagery, especially of some lakes, may have been obtained by the EPA, but record of this imagery is not presently available.

Iowa Conservation Commission

The Iowa Conservation Commission has acquired a small amount of aerial photography over park areas in Iowa.

Omaha-Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency

This agency has aerial photography of the Omaha-Council Bluffs area as well as the surrounding towns in Pottawattamie County and the town of Missouri Valley in Harrison County, Iowa. The photographs are produced at a scale of 1:24,000 on black and white film with a 35% stereo overlap. To order send a request for an index to the Omaha-Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency in Omaha, Nebraska.

Linn County Regional Planning Commission

The Linn County Regional Planning Commission has 1967 Cedar Rapids Metropolitan Area photographs as well as flood photographs of the Cedar Rapids area from 1963 and 1968. Also available are 35 millimeter oblique aerial slides of the same area. For information regarding using or ordering of these photographs contact the Linn County Regional Planning Commission, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

PRIVATE PRODUCERS OF AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY

(a complete list of mailing addresses can be found on page 27)

Gulf Central Pipeline Company

The Gulf Central Pipeline Company, a subsidiary of Santa Fe Pipeline System, has produced aerial photographs of its entire pipeline route thru Iowa. These photos were taken in 1968 on black and white film at a scale of 1:12,000. Requests should be sent to their Tulsa, Oklahoma office.

Iowa-Illinois Gas & Electric

Iowa-Illinois Gas and Electric has available black and white photographs of the Davenport area. Produced at a 1:12,000 scale the photographs were taken in 1970. For more information contact the Electric Engineering Department in Davenport, Iowa.

Northern Natural Gas Company

Photography along the route of Northern Natural Gas Company's pipelines in Iowa has been produced since 1969 and is updated on a continuing basis. These are black and white photographs at a scale of 1:12,000. Requests for further information should be directed to their Omaha, Nebraska, office.

Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

The Northwestern Bell Telephone Company has a large amount of black and white aerial photography in Iowa. This has been obtained since 1969 and most has been obtained during the winter or spring. Generally the imagery is at scales ranging from 1:12,000 to 1:32,000 but the imagery has been obtained at large scales of 1:3,000 to 1:6,000 around some major urban areas and for some regions it has been obtained at scales as small as 1:48,000. The imagery centers around most of the larger urban areas and other areas serviced by Northwestern Bell. For more information contact the Northwestern Bell office nearest the area of interest.

Union Electric Company

Black and white aerial photography has been produced by Union Electric Company along the route of its 345 KV transmission line. Flown in March of 1964 at a scale of 1:10,020, copies of these photographs are available from the aerial contractor SURDEX Corporation of Chesterfield, Missouri.

MAILING ADDRESSES - GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

A.S.C.S., Eastern Aerial Photography Laboratory Program Performance DivisionASCS-USDA45 South French Broad AvenueAsheville, North Carolina 28801

EROS Data Center

EROS Data Center 10th and Dakota Avenue Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198 Phone - (605) 594-6511

Iowa Conservation Commission

Iowa Conservation Commission Valley Bank Building 4th and Walnut Des Moines, Iowa 50309

Iowa Geological Survey

Iowa Geological Survey Remote Sensing Laboratory 16 West Jefferson Street Iowa City, Iowa 52240 Phone - (319) 338-1173

Iowa Highway Commission

Cartographic Department Iowa Highway Commission Ames, Iowa 50010 Phone - (515) 296-1101

Linn County Regional Planning Commission

Linn County Regional Planning Commission Sixth Floor - City Hall Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52404 Omaha-Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency

Omaha-Council Bluffs Metro. Area Planning Agency Suite 200 7000 West Center Road Omaha, Nebraska 68106 Phone - (402) 397-0330

Soil Conservation Service

Cartographic Division Soil Conservation Service Department of Agriculture Federal Center Building No. 1 East-West Highway & Belcrest Road Hyattsville, Maryland 20781

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Kansas City, Missouri

Kansas City District Corps of Engineers 700 Federal Building Kansas City, Missouri 64106

Omaha, Nebraska

Remote Sensing Coordinator Department of the Army Missouri River Division Corps of Engineers P. O. Box 103, Downtown Station Omaha, Nebraska 68101 Phone - (402) 221-1221

Rock Island, Illinois

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Rock Island District Office Clock Tower Building Rock Island, Illinois 61201

IJ.S. Geological Survey

Rolla, Missouri

U.S.G.S. Central Region Engineer U.S. Geological Survey Box 133 Rolla, Missouri 65401

MAILING ADDRESSES - PRIVATE

Gulf Central Pipeline Company

V. J. Ryba, Manager of Engineering Gulf Central Pipeline Co. 1200 Thompson Building Tulsa, Oklahoma 74103

Iowa Illinois Gas and Electric Company

Electric Engineering Department Iowa Illinois Gas and Electric Co. 206 East Second Street Davenport, Iowa 52801

Northern Natural Gas Company

L. L. Briggs Northern Natural Gas Company 2223 Dodge St. Omaha, Nebraska 68102

Union Electric

Surdex Corporation Chesterfield, Missouri 63017 Phone - (314) 532-3427 INDEX TO LOCAL AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY IN IOWA



Figure 11. Page Numbers for Regions Used in This Index.

29
Key to Governmental Aerial Photography in Iowa



```
*Entire Region
      U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000)
      ERTS
*Complete County Coverage
      County Name County: ASCS - 1938, 1942, 1953, 1959, 1965, 1972
                          SCS - 1970 (1:38,000)
Other Coverage
      U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography
           A. 1967 (1:20,000) VBPV (Project Symbol)
           B. 1970 (1:24,000) VCMG
      NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000)
      Iowa Highway Commission Photography
           Special Photography - 1971 (1:18,000)
           *Cities - 1969 & 1973
           *Towns - 1971
           *Highways
      Iowa Geological Survey Imagery
           a. Multispectral Imagery - 1:24,000)
      Iowa Natural Resource Commission 🖺
      U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
           Kansas City Office - 1973 (1:12,000)
      Omaha-Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency
          1973 (1:24,000)
      Linn County Regional Planning Commission - 1963 🖽
No Local Coverage
```



EXAMPLE OF INFORMATION CONTAINED IN LISTING FOR REGION ON OPPOSITE PAGE:

Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company 1968 (1:12,000)

Northern Natural Gas Company (1:12,000)

Iowa Illinois Gas and Electric Company

Union Electric Company I 1964 (1:10,000)

.



*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) or: 1957-1958 (1:66,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Allamakee Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1971 Clayton Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Howard Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 SCS - 1970 (1:38,000) Winneshiek Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1971 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1965 (1:26,000) VBCA B. 1965 (1:26,000) VBEJ C. 1967 (1:20,000) VBPV D. 1963 (1:29,000) VATT E. 1963 (1:20,000) VATT 1954 (1:17,000) 1971 (1:24,000) F. VBI VCRZ G. NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:20,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18.000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways Iowa Geological Survey Imagery a. Color Infrared - (1:8,000) No Local Coverage



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company



*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) or: 1957-1958 (1:66,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Black Hawk Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 Bremer Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1971 Buchanan Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Butler Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1971 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Chickasaw Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1971 Fayette Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1957, 1964, 1971 Grundy Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1952, 1958, 1965, 1971 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1967 (1:20,000) VBPV B. 1967 (1:18,000) VBPW C. 1963 (1:29,000) VATT D. 1958 (1:17,000) VSR E. 1963 (1:20,000) VATT F. 1963 (1:24,000) VAPT G. 1958 (1:17,000) VMS NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways *Skylab

No Local Coverage



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company

Northern Natural Gas Company (1:12,000)



*Entire Region

```
U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1949-1950 (1:70,000)
or: 1956 (1:60,000)
or: 1957-1958 (1:66,000)
```

ERTS

*Complete County Coverage

Benton Co.: ASCS - 1937, 1950, 1956, 1963, 1969 SCS - 1969 (1:48,000) Cedar Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1969 SCS - 1969 (1:48,000) Iowa Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1970 Johnson Co.: ASCS - 1937, 1956, 1963, 1970 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Jones Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 Linn Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 SCS - 1970 (1:38,000) Washington Co.: ASCS - 1937, 1951, 1957, 1963, 1969

Other Coverage

No Local Coverage :

*Denotes coverage not shown on facing map

```
U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography
      A. 1967 (1:18,000)
                          VBPW
      B. 1965 (1:21,000)
                          VBEK
      C. 1965 (1:20,000)
                          VBCK
      D. 1963 (1:18,000)
                          VARH
                          VARI
      E. 1963 (1:18,000)
      F. 1970 (1:24,000) VCMH
      G. 1969 (1:20,000)
                          VCEU
      н. 1964 (1:20,000)
                          VAZZ
      I. 1967 (1:18,000) VBVI
 NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000)
 Iowa Highway Commission Photography
      Special Photography - (1:18,000)
     *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000)
     *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000)
     *Highways
 Iowa Geological Survey Imagery 🚟
      a. Multispectral - 1972 (1:8,000 and 1:16,000)
     b. Multispectral - 1972 (1:16,000)
     c. Multispectral 1973 (1:24,000)
     d. Color and Color Infrared - 1974 (1:15,840)
Linn County Regional Planning Commission
*Skylab (Partial Coverage)
```



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Union Electric Company 1964 (1:10,000)



*Most of Region: U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) or: 1956 (1:60,000) or: 1957-1958 (1:66,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Clinton Co.: ASCS - 1937, 1951, 1956, 1957, 1963, 1969 SCS - 1970, 1973 (1:38,000) Delaware Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1950, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 Dubuque Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1957, 1964, 1970 Jackson Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1952, 1957, 1964, 1970 Muscatine Co.: ASCS - 1937, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1969 Scott Co.: ASCS - 1937, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1969 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1963 (1:20,000) VATT B. 1954 (1:17,000) VBI C. 1964 (1:20,000) VAZW D. 1966 (1:22,000) VBOK E. 1951 (1:24,000) _{PU} F. 1966 (1:20,000) VBLO G. 1970 (1:24,000) VCMH H. 1963 (1:18,000) VART I. 1967 (1:18,000) _{VBVI} J. 1964 (1:18,000) VBAD NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) * Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) * Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) * Highways *Skylab (Partial Coverage) No Local Coverage :.



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Iowa Illinois Gas and Electric Company

Northern Natural Gas Company 🕅 (1:12,000)



```
*Entire Region
       U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000)
                           or: 1956 (1:60,000)
       ERTS
*Complete County Coverage
       Des Moines Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1969
       Henry Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1957, 1963, 1971
       Lee Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1969
       Louisa Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1957, 1963, 1969
Other Coverage
       U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography
           A. 1967 (1:18,000) VBVI
           B. 1964 (1:18,000) VBAD
           C. 1962 (1:18,000) VAOA
           D. 1965 (1:20,000) VBBZ
           E. 1947 (1:27,000) DZ
      Iowa Highway Commission Photography
           Special Photography - (1:18,000)
           *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000)
           *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000)
           *Highways
      Iowa Geological Survey Imagery
           a. Multispectral - 1973 (1:24,000)
      *Skylab (partial coverage)
No Local Coverage
```



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company 1968 (1:12,000)

Union Electric Company I 1964 (1:10,000)



*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Appanoose Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 SCS - (Incomplete) Davis Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1957, 1963, 1969 Jefferson Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1957, 1963, 1969 Keokuk Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1951, 1957, 1963, 1969 Lucas Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 Mahaska Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1969 SCS - (Incomplete) Monroe Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 Wapello Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1956, 1961, 1967 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Wayne Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 Van Buren Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1957, 1963, 1969 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1966 (1:20,000) VBLN B. 1964 (1:20,000) VAZZ C. 1969 (1:20,000) VCEM D. 1964 (1:20,000) VBAK E. 1963 (1:18,000) VATR F. 1964 (1:18,000) VBAL G. 1963 (1:18,000) VARG H. 1962 (1:18,000) VANE I. 1965 (1:20,000) VBBZ J. 1947 (1:27,000) DY NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways Iowa Geological Survey Imagery a. Multispectral - 1973 (1:24,000) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 1971 (1:12,000) 1974 (1:12,000) 1974 (1:48,000) *Skylab (Partial Coverage)

No Local Coverage



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company 1968 (1:12,000)



*Entire Region

U.S.G.S. High Altitude 1948-1950 (1:70,000)

ERTS

*Complete County Coverage

Boone Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1958, 1965, 1972 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Dallas Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 Jasper Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1946, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 Madison Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1948, 1954, 1961, 1967 Marion Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 SCS - 1970 (1:38,000) Polk Co.: ASCS - 1955, 1961, 1967 Story Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 Warren Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967

Other Coverage

U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1947 (1:27,000) DY B. 1963 (1:17,000) VAUD C. 1967 (1:24,000) VCTL D. 1964 (1:34,000) SWAG E. 1971 (1:20,000) VCSA NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000)

- * Cities 1969, 1973 (1:80,000)
- * Towns 1971 (1:80,000)
- * Highways
- Iowa Geological Survey Imagery
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers -Kansas City Office - 1974 (1:12,000)

*Skylab (partial coverage)

No Local Coverage 🖸



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Northern Natural Gas Company - 🔀 (1:12,000)



*Entire Region

```
U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000)
```

ERTS

*Complete County Coverage

Hardin Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1971 EPA - Color, 1972 (1:16,000) Marshall Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1952, 1958, 1965, 1971 Poweshiek Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1970 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Tama Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1951, 1956, 1963, 1970

Other Coverage

```
U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography

A. 1958 (1:17,000) VMS

B. 1967 (1:18,000) VBPW

C. 1958 (1:17,000) VSR

D. 1965 (1:20,000) VBCK

NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000)

Iowa Highway Commission Photography

Special Photography - (1:18,000)

*Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000)

*Towns - 1971 (1:80,000)

*Highways
```

*Skylab

No Local Coverage



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company 1968 (1:12,000)

Northern Natural Gas Company (1:12,000)


*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Calhoun Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1958, 1965, 1972 SCS - 1972 (1:20,000) Hamilton Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 Humboldt Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 Pocahontas Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1940, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 Webster Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1950, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 SCS - 1970 (1:38,000) Wright Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1968 (1:24,000) VBZT B. 1964 (1:20,000) VBAC C. 1947 (1:27,000) DY D. 1963 (1:17,000) VAUD NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) * Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) * Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) * Highways *Skylab

No Local Coverage

* Denote coverage not shown on facing map



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Northern Natural Gas Company (1:12,000)



*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Cerro Gordo Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1970 SCS - 1970, 1973 (1:38,000) Floyd Co.: ASCS - 1952, 1957, 1964, 1971 Franklin Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1958, 1965, 1971 SCS - 1970, 1973 (1:38,000) Hancock Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 Kossuth Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 SCS - 1972 (1:20,000) Mitchell Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1952, 1957, 1964 SCS - 1971 (1:38,000) Winnebago Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 Worth Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1971 SCS - 1971 (1:38,000) Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1957 (1:17,000) VPE B. 1967 (1:20,000) VBPV C. 1967 (1:18,000) VBPW NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways -Iowa Geological Survey Imagery a. Multispectral, 1972 (1:8,000) *Skylab (Partial Coverage) No Local Coverage



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company 1968 (1:12,000)

Northern Natural Pipeline Co. 🛛 (1:12,000)



*Entire Area U.S.G.S. High Altitude 1948-1950 (1:70,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Buena Vista Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1949, 1954, 1961, 1968 Clay Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1949, 1955, 1962, 1968 Dickenson Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1949, 1954, 1962, 1968 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Emmet Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1953, 1958, 1965, 1972 O'Brien Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1948, 1954, 1962, 1968 Osceola Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1949, 1954, 1962, 1968 SCS - Incomplete Palo Alto Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1958, 1960, 1965, 1972 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1966 (1:19,000) VBIT B. 1970 (1:20,000) VCMG C. 1962 (1:18,000) VANG D. 1964 (1:18,000) VAZO E. 1968 (1:24,000) VBZT F. 1972 (1:21,000) VCVL NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:1,800) * Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) * Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) * Highway Iowa Natural Resources Commission 🎞 *Skylab No Local Coverage ::



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company 🕅 1968 (1:12,000)

Northern Natural Gas Company (1:12,000)

.



*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) or 1953 (1:69,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Cherokee Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1949, 1956, 1961, 1968 Ida Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1949, 1958, 1961, 1968 Lyon Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1951, 1956, 1962, 1968 Monona Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1949, 1954, 1960, 1966, 1973 Plymouth Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1949, 1955, 1962, 1968 SCS - 1972 (1:48,000) Sioux Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1949, 1955, 1962, 1968 Woodbury Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1949, 1955, 1960, 1966, 1973 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1958 (1:17,000) VSS B. 1969 (1:20,000) VCET C. 1966 (1:19,000) VBNO D. 1962 (1:18,000) VANG E. 1967 (1:13,000) VBRG F. 1967 (1:25,000) VBRG G. 1968 (1:24,000) VBZT H. 1962 (1:18,000) VAJB I. 1966 (1:21,000) VAFD J. 1965 (1:21,000) VBDM K. 1971 (1:30,000) VCQZ L. 1972 (1:21,000) VCVL NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways Iowa Geological Survey Imagery a. Multispectral - 1972 (1:12,000) or (1:6,000) b. Multispectral - 1973 (1:6,000 and 1:24,000) *Skylab (Partial Coverage)

No Local Coverage *Denotes coverage not shown on facing map



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Gulf Central Pipeline Company

Northern Natural Gas Company 📈 (1:12,000)



```
GOVERNMENTAL
```

*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude 1948-1950 (1:70,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Audubon Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1962, 1968 Carroll Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1968 Crawford Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1968 Greene Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1958, 1966,1972 Guthrie Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1967 SCS - 1970 (1:38,000) Sac Co.: ASCS - 1939, 1949, 1950, 1954, 1961, 1962, 1968 Other Coverage U.S. G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1947 (1:27,000) DY B. 1966 (1:23,000) VBOJ C. 1953 (1:24,000) WY D. 1956 (1:24,000) VMV E. 1971 (1:24,000) VCRY NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways *Skylab

*Denotes coverage not shown on facing map

No Local Coverage :



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Northern Natural Gas Company (1:12,000)



*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude:1948-1950 (1:70,000) or:1953 (1:67,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Cass Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1950, 1955, 1960, 1966 Fremont Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1957, 1958, 1960, 1966, 1973 SCS - 1971 (1:48,000) Harrison Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1949, 1954, 1960, 1966 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Mills Co.: ASCS - 1935, 1938, 1950, 1955, 1960 SCS - 1972 (1:38,000) Montgomery Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1960, 1966, 1973 Page Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1960, 1966, 1973 Pottawattamie Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1960, 1966, 1973 Shelby Co.: ASCS - 1935, 1938, 1950, 1955, 1961, 1962, 1968 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1965 (1:22,000) VBDM B. 1952 (1:17,000) TL C. 1961 (1:18,000) VAFD D. 1966 (1:23,000) VBOJ E. 1965 (1:18,000) VAZB F. 1971 (1:24,000) VCRY NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways Iowa Geological Survey Imagery a. Multispectral - 1972 (1:16,000) b. Multispectral - 1972 (1:12,000 to 1:16,000) Omaha-Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency-1973 (1:24,000) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers - Kansas City Office - 1974 (1:12,000) *Skylab (partial coverage) 87 No Local Coverage

*Denotes coverage not shown on facing map



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

Northern Natural Gas Company (1:12,000)



*Entire Region U.S.G.S. High Altitude: 1948-1950 (1:70,000) ERTS *Complete County Coverage Adair Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1948, 1954, 1961, 1967 SCS - 1970 (1:38,000) Adams Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1950, 1955, 1960, 1966 Clarke Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1948, 1954, 1961, 1967 Decatur Co.: ASCS - 1941, 1950, 1955, 1962, 1967 Ringgold Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1947, 1950, 1954, 1960, 1965, 1973 Taylor Co.: ASCS - 1940, 1947, 1951, 1955, 1960, 1966, 1973 Union Co.: ASCS - 1938, 1947, 1954, 1961, 1967 Other Coverage U.S.G.S. Low Altitude Photography A. 1966 (1:23,000) VBOJ B. 1953 (1:23,000) WY C. 1947 (1:27,000) DY D. 1963 (1:18,000) VATR E. 1962 (1:18,000) VANE NASA Corn Blight Photography - 1971 (1:120,000) Iowa Highway Commission Photography Special Photography - (1:18,000) *Cities - 1969, 1973 (1:80,000) *Towns - 1971 (1:80,000) *Highways U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Kansas City Office - 1974 (1:12,000) *Skylab (partial coverage) No Local Coverage

*Denotes coverage not shown on facing map



Northwestern Bell Telephone Company

INDEX TO REGIONAL AERIAL

PHOTOGRAPHY OF IOWA

United States Geological Survey

Low Altitude

The U.S. Geological Survey, in conjunction with its $7\frac{1}{2}$ minute topographic mapping program, has produced black and white aerial photographs since 1947 at scales from 1:17,000 to 1:34,000 of select areas of the state. Most of these photographs are no older than 1963. The cameras used in almost all cases utilized 6-inch focal length lenses. The only exceptions were the 1947 imagery in which a 5.2-inch focal length lens was used and the 1964, 1:34,000 scale imagery which used a 3.5 inch lens.

The areas covered by this photography are shown as the unshaded portions of the map on page 97. The areas are shown in greater detail on the maps of governmental imagery found on pages 28 thru 93 of this report. The project symbol of each area can be found after the scale representation on the page facing these multicounty maps. This symbol should be included when ordering this imagery. An order form can be found on page 100. This form should be mailed to:

> EROS Data Center Sioux Falls South Dakota 57198

High Altitude

The U.S.G.S. has also generated higher altitude black and white photography, in association with the *Army Map Service*, for use in producing the 1:250,000 scale NK series topographic maps. A 6-inch focal length lens was used. The map on page 99 shows the area of coverage, and the following chart relates date, scale, and project symbol to the map area number.

Alea Mulliber Date Stare	110,000 01.0001
1 1957-58 1:66,000	161-BJ
2 1948-49-50 1:70,000	70A
3 1956 1:60,000	55-AM-32
4 1956 1:60,000	55-AM-33
5 1953 1:69,000	132-AX
6 1953 1:67,000	128-AR

The same order form for the low altitude U.S.G.S. imagery can be used for the high altitude. This form is on page 100 and should be mailed to: EROS Data Center

Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198



Figure 12. Low Altitude U.S.G.S. Photographic Coverage

/97



Figure 13. U. S. Geological Survey High Altitude Photograph of the Ottumwa Airport and Parts of Wapello, Mahaska, and Keokuk Counties. (Reduced from 9"x9".)



Figure 14. High Altitude U.S.G.S. Photographic Coverage Areas.

ORDER FORM '

(please print or type)

For reproductions to be provided by: EROS DATA CENTER Sioux Falls, SD 57198 Commercial: 605 - 594 - 6511 FTS : 605 - 594 - 6151					From imagery flown by: U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Date Total \$						
NAME					,	PHONE Commercial Federal Telecom (FTS)	munico	ation	s Systen	1	
DACA Fili	n t gi	101		-					FRAI	IFS	
PROJECT_SYLECL						SPITIP	<u> </u>	110		<u> </u>	
	1		- <u>_</u> 1	1			T		T	+	
IMAGERY DESIRED	USIT	1977F	ANTITY	TOTAL PRICE	ani (6) ani (MAGERY DESTRED	0.00	PRICE	20395179	7.17 AL 1 P.1. F	100.42
	1-25	25++			PACT 18		'	ACRI			FA.
Black & White						Cullar					
Prints						Prints					
Centact Size						Contact Size					
9" x 9"	\$1.75	\$1.2	5		mmmm	2 10° x 10°	\$7.0	15.00			Sec 62
10" x 12"***	2.50	2.5	0		101111 cited	Enlargements*					
20" x 24"	3 20	3.0	2		TETHERIN	× 200 x 200	15.0	019 30			
Enlargements*	1					36" x 30"	20.00	14 0	· ·		
20" × 20"	3.50	3.5	:	,		40" x 40"	25.03	200	1		
30" x 30"	4.50	3.50	0			Transparencies					
40" x 40"	9.00	8.0.	-			Contact Size					
Transparencies						10" 🛪 10"	10.01	8.50			11000
(Specify Pos. or Neg.)						"nlargements*					
Contact Size						20" x 20"	20 00	15 3			
10" x 10"	3.00	3.20			anonnoi.	ייסנ א "סנ"	30.00	25 0			
Microfilm	1					40°° × 40°	0 00	55 00			
16mm (100 ft. Soll)	10.00	10.0			mmm	*terefile					
35mm (100 ft. Roll)	11.50	11 5			mmm	/ 16 (100 ft. Boll)	20.00	25.00			17-17 -
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••						35- (100 ft. Boll)	25.00	25 00			TFLO -
Transformed prints from alther appointed	1					1					
or transverse low-oblique photographs	3.50	3.65			mmmm			1			
		1						t			
						1		1			
							-				
Total of A (enter in line A helow)	CLEAN.	11/1/1	THURSDAY		PUTTUTU	Total of B (enter in line B below)	1221113	1111	- annin		Statistics (

 Total of A (enter in line A Selve)
 IIIII. [IIIII]
 IIIII.[IIIII]
 Total of B (enter in line B Selve)
 IIII.[IIII]
 IIIII.[IIII]
 IIIII.[IIII]

***Available enlargers can accommodate only 9 x 9 format, therefore enlargements from 9" x 14" negatives can only be printed in two segments. For an intermediate-size enlargement, use price listed for the next larger size.

PRINTING INSTRUCTIONS	PRICE CALCULATION				
Check whether product should be:	A. Total from 4. (above) \$				
1 Undodged (Reproductions will normally be dodged electronically or manually to	B. Total from B (above) + S				
achieve a uniform density over the image area. Check this item if	C. Total cost of reproductions (A + B)				
you plan to use the image for radiometric analysis, in which case	Plus Cost of Shipping				
the density distribution in the original material will be preserved.)	D. Pegular Mail \$ 0.00				
2. Print to:	EAir Mail (52 + 1% of line C)				
Accentuate highlighted areas	F. Total price of order (C + D + E) §				
Rorral	Payment Made By:				
	Purchase Order No.				
Accentuate shadowed ateas	Check No.				
3. Special requirements:	Government Account No.				

NASA

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration has a high altitude, 60,000 feet and above, imagery over much of Iowa. Most of this information, however, is not available.

Some NASA flights are public information. In 1971 they cooperated with the U.S. Department of Agriculture to obtain color infrared photography for use in corn blight studies. Flown at 60,000-65,000 feet with a 6-inch focal length lens, four strips of coverage include areas of Iowa (see the map on page 193, the unshaded areas indicate coverage). Each covered area was photographed on eight separate occasions from June through September. Details of the areas covered by NASA Cornblight imagery can be found on the governmental imagery maps on pages 29 thru 93 of this report. The Iowa Geological Survey has a copy of some of this photography available for examination. Copies can be obtained from the EROS Data Center in Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

One other *NASA* aerial photographic mission over Iowa is available to the public. This mission flown on November 28, 1973, covered an area 50 miles wide running from Tama and Poweshiek Counties over Des Moines and out of the state over Council Bluffs (see the map on page 105). Both color and color infrared films were produced with a 6-inch focal length camera and at a scale of 1:180,000. The *Iowa Geological Survey* has a copy of this imagery, and copies can be obtained from the *EROS Data Center* in Sioux Falls.


Figure 15. NASA Color Infrared Cornblight Photograph of the Ottumwa Area (reduced from 9"x9").



Figure 16. NASA Corn Blight Photography Coverage.

Figure 17. NASA High Altitude Photography of Des Moines (reduced from 9"x9").



Color



Color Infrared



Figure 18. High Altitude NASA Color and Color Infrared Coverage.



ERTS-1

ERTS-1, the *Earth Resources Technology Satellite*, was launched in July, 1972. It was the first satellite to be launched with the express purpose of examining the earth for its resources, pollution detection, and other non-military functions. ERTS-1 orbits the earth every 18 days, at an altitude of 560 miles taking a total of five to six days to complete its imaging of Iowa. This means that every 18 days a new image of the state is available, cloud cover permitting.

The imaging system aboard the ERTS-1 is a Multispectral Scanner System (MSS) which looks at points on the earth's surface, measures the intensity of the light reflected from each point and transmits the information back to earth Ground stations receive the telemetered data and construct pictures in a manner not unlike a television receiver. The images constructed at the ground receiving stations are preserved on 70 mm film at a scale of 1:3,700,000 (115 miles on a side). The MSS examines four unique wavelength ranges or bands. They are Band 4 (.5 to .6 or green light), Band 5 (.6 to .7 or red light), Band 6 (.7 to .8 or red-to infrared light) and Band 7 (.8 to l.l or infrared light). This means that for each 115 mile square area, the MSS generates four images, that are transmitted to earth. These individual black and white images can be assigned different colors, and then combined to produce a color image of the area. Other color combinations can be used to accentuate desired features.

To obtain copies of ERTS imagery, the map on page 114 should be examined and the *image center* nearest the area of interest identified. From the list beginning on page 115 the *image date* desired should be matched to the *image center* and the order number obtained. The proper band or bands should next be determined. Band 7 is best for landwater discrimination. Band 5 is best for showing topographic and cultural features, such as drainage patterns, roads and towns. Band 4 sometimes discriminates the depth and/or turbidity of standing bodies of water. Band 6 shows the best land use information and maximum land-water contrast. For general display purposes Band 5 will usually be the best selection. With this information the order form on page 122 should be filled out as completely as possible and mailed to EROS Data Center, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198.





Band 4, green band

Band 6, red-infrared band



Band 5, red band



Band 7, infrared band

Figure 19. Photographs of Eastern Iowa Produced from data transmitted from the ERTS.

BEST ERTS IMAGES

NASA has recently completed construction of a photomosaic map of the United States from ERTS imagery. The best available ERTS image of each area was used for the mosaic. The map on page 113 shows the image numbers used for construction of the Iowa portion. The boxed in areas show the area covered by a representative frame and its overlapping relationship with surrounding frames. For those who are interested in an ERTS image of their area, and the time of year that the area was imaged is not important, these images are probably the best to order. To order find the image center closest to the area of interest and draw a box around it, similar in shape and orientation to the example around the center. If the area you wish covered falls within the box then that is the frame to order. Two order forms can be found on page 111. Fill one out and mail it to the EROS Data Center, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198.

Special order forms to be used to order the special ERTS images used by NASA to make a photomosaic map of the United States.



4	PLEASE PRINT: NAME: ADDRESS:	
5	MAIL WITH CHECK OR MONEY ORDER TO: U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY EROS DATA CENTER / SIOUX FALLS, S.D. 57198	







Figure 20. Image Centers and Numbers of Color Composite.



Nominal	Centers
---------	---------

	Date		Order Number	010
10	Aug	1972	1018-16153	
10	Aug.	"	1018-16160	
28	Aug.	н	1036-16154	Х
28	Aug.		1036-16161	
20	Aug.		1037-16204	
29	Cont	н	1054-16154	
26	New		1126-16163	
20	NOV.		1144-16163	
14	Dec.		1144-16165	
14	Dec.	1072	1162-16161	
T	Jan.	1973	1216-16164	
24	rep.		1216-16178	
24	Feb.		1220-10170	
14	Mar.		1224-10103	
14	Mar.		1234-10171	
24	Мау		1305-16111	
25	May		1306-16165	v
11	June		1323-16105	Δ
29	June		1341-16104	
30	June		1342-16163	
17	July	ш	1359-16103	
3	Aug.		1378-16153	Х
3	Aug.	11	1378-16160	
22	Aug.	н	1395-16160	
16	Oct.		1450-16142	
3	Nov.		1468-16134	
3	Nov.		1468-16141	
9	Dec.		1504-16133	
9	Dec.	U	1504-16135	
14	Jan.	1974	1540-16130	
22	Mar.		1612-16112	
20	May	п	1666-16100	
	1			
10	Aug.	1972	1018-16151	
28	Aug.		1036-16152	
29	Aug	п	1037-16210	
15	Sent		1054-16151	
16	Sont		1055-16210	
14	Dec.		1144-16160	
15	Dec.		1145-16214	
17	Dec.		1147-16325	
1	Dec.	1073	1162-16155	
T	Jan.	1975	1162-16213	
2	Jan.	н	1224-16162	
14	Mar.		1225-16213	x
13	June	U	1242-16154	21
30	June		1270-16151	x
5	Aug.		T210-T0T2T	Δ
11	Sept.		1410-16122	
16	Oct.		1450-16133	

Nominal Centers	Date	Order Number	Color
2	3 Nov. 1973	1468-16132	
	10 Dec. "	1505-16185	
	19 Feb. 1974	1576-16111	
	10 Mar. "	1595-16163	
	15 Apr. "	1631-16155	
	To the		
3	29 Aug. 1972	1037-16213	
	16 Sept. "	1055-16212	
	2 Jan. 1973	1163-16220	
	13 June "	1325-16220	Х
	6 Aug. "	1379-16212	
	ll Sept. "	1415-16204	
	10 Dec. "	1505-16191	
	15 Apr. 1974	1631-16161	
4	16 Sept.1972	1055-16215	
1	4 Oct. "	1073-16215	
	15 Dec. "	1145-16223	
	2 Jan. 1973	1163-16222	
	13 June "	1325-16222	
	6 Aug. "	1379-16214	
	29 Sept. "	1433-16204	Х
	22 Nov. "	1487-16195	
	10 Dec. "	1505-16194	
	15 Jan. 1974	1541-16184	
	15 Apr. "	1631-16164	
5	12 Aug. 1972	1020-16264	
3	17 Sept. "	1056-16264	Х
	16 Dec. "	1146-16273	Х
	8 Feb. 1973	1200-16273	Х
	26 Feb. "	1218-16274	
	3 Apr. "	1254-16275	
	21 Apr. "	1272-16275	
	14 June "	1326-16272	Х
	2 July "	1344-16270	
	12 Sept. "	1416-16260	
	5 Nov. "	1470-16245	
	11 Dec. "	1506-16243	
	3 Feb. 1974	1560-16225	
	22 May "	1668-16203	
6	17 Sept.1972	1056-16271	
0	16 Dec. "	1146-16275	
	8 Feb. 1973	1200-16280	
	3 Apr. "	1254-16282	
	9 May "	1290-16280	Х
	14 June "	1326-16274	
	2 July "	1344-16273	
	7 Aug. "	1380-16270	

Nominal Centers	Date	Order Number	Color
6	5 Nov. 1973	1470-16251	
0	11 Dec. "	1506-16245	
	22 May 1974	1668-16210	
7	12 Aug. 1972	1020-16273	
	17 Sept. "	1056-16273	
	28 Nov. "	1128-16282	
	16 Dec. "	1146-16282	
	23 Feb. 1973	1200-16282	
	9 May "	1290-16283	
	2 July "	1344-16275	
	7 Aug. "	1380-16273	v
	25 Aug. "	1398-16271	Δ
	5 Nov. "	1470-16254	
	11 Dec. "	1506-16255	v
	22 May 1974	1668-16125	Α
8	13 Aug. 1972	1021-16321	
0	18 Sept. "	1057-16323	
	29 Nov. "	1129-16331	
	17 Dec. "	1147-16331	
	4 Jan. 1973	1165-16330	
	9 Feb. "	1201-16332	
	17 Mar. "	1237-16333	
	22 Apr. "	1273-16333	
	10 May "	1291-16332	Х
	3 July "	1345-16325	Х
	26 Aug. "	1399-16320	
	22 Feb. 1974	1579-16282	
	12 Mar. "	1597-16280	
	17 Apr. "	1633-16271	
	5 May "	1651-16265	
	23 May "	1669-16262	
9	26 July 1972	1003-16334	Х
	13 Aug. "	1021-16324	
	18 Sept. "	1057-16325	
	17 Dec. "	1147-16334	
	4 Jan. 1973	1165-16332	
	9 Feb. "	1201-16334	
	17 Mar. "	1237-16340	
	22 Apr. "	1201-16225	
	IU May "	1542-16551	x
	3 July "	1300-16333	23
	26 Aug. "	1723-16311	
	19 UCL.	1579-16294	
	22 Feb. 19/4	1597-16282	
	12 Mar.	10202	

Nominal	Centers	Date	Order Number	Color
9		30 Mar. 1974	1615-16280	
		17 Apr. "	1633-16274	
		5 May "	1651-16271	
10		31 Aug. 1972	1039-16332	
		18 Sept. "	1057-16332	
		17 Dec. "	1147-16340	
		4 Jan. 1973	1165-16335	
		9 Feb. "	1201-16341	
		12 Mar. "	1237-16342	
		22 Apr. "	1273-16342	
		10 May "	1291-16341	
		3 July "	1345-16334	37
		26 Aug. "	1399-16325	Х
		19 Oct. "	1453-16313	
		22 Feb. 1974	1579-16291	
		30 Mar.	1615-16283	
		17 Apr. "	16331-16280	
		5 May "	1651-16274	
11		14 Aug. 1972	1022-16375	Х
		19 Sept. "	1058-16381	
		7 Oct. "	1076-16382	
		30 Nov. "	1130-16390	
		5 Jan. 1973	1166-16384	
		10 Feb. "	1202-16390	
		5 Apr. "	1256-16392	
		ll May "	1292-16391	
		29 May "	1310-16390	Х
		16 June "	1328-16384	
		4 July "	1346-16383	
		27 Aug. "	1400-16375	Х
		13 Mar. 1974	1598-16334	
		6 May "	1652-16323	
		24 May "	1670-16320	
12		14 Aug. 1972	1022-16382	Х
		15 Aug. "	1023-16442	
		19 Sept. "	1058-16383	Х
		10 Oct. "	1076-16384	
		26 Oct. "	1095-16445	Х
		19 Dec. "	1149-16450	
		5 Jan. 1973	1166-16391	
		6 Jan. "	1167-16445	
		24 Jan. "	1185-16445	
		10 Feb. "	1202-16394	
		5 Apr. "	1256-16394	

Nominal	Centers

Order Number

Color

12

6	Apr.	1973	1257-16453
23	Apr.	11	1274-16394
11	Mav		1292-16393
12	Mav	п	1293-16452
29	May	11	1310-16392
30	May	"	1311-16450
16	June		1328-16390
17	June		1329-16445
4	July	п	1346-16390
5	July	н	1347-16444
9	Aug.	11	1382-16383
10	Aug.	н	1383-16441
27	Aug.	н	1400-16383
28	Aug.	н	1401-11643
14	Sep.	11	1418-16375
2	Oct.		1436-16372
21	Oct.	п	1455-16423
1	Jan.	1974	1527-16414
13	Mar	"	1598-16341
19	Apr		1635-16390
5	May	н	1652-16325
24	May		1670-16322
12	Tuno		1689-16373
12	June		1005 10575
14	Auq.	1972	1022-16384
14	Aug.	п	1022-16385
15	Aug.		1023-16443
19	Sept	. "	1058-16390
7	Oct.	п	1076-16391
18	Dec.	н	1148-16395
-5	Jan.	1973	1166-16393
23	Jan.	u	1184-16393
10	Feb.		1202-16395
28	Feb.		1220-16400
18	Mar.		1238-16401
-5	Apr.		1256-16401
23	Apr.	**	1274-16400
11	Mav		1292-16400
29	May		1310-16395
16	June	"	1328-16393
4	July	"	1346-16392
9	Aug.		1382-16385
27	Aug.		1400-16384
20	Oct.	н	1454-16371
31	Mar.	1974	1616-16341
6	May	"	1652-16332
24	Mav		1670-16325
51	1		
15	Aug.	1972	1023-16433

Х

13

Х

NOMITHAT CENCETS	Nominal	Centers
------------------	---------	---------

		- 1 A
		- 71
		- 2-1
	•	_

	Date	2	Order 1	Number	Col
R	Oct	1972	1077-	16440	
26	Oct.	"	1095-1	16442	
24	Jan.	1973	1185-1	16443	
6	Apr.	п	1257-3	16450	
12	May	н	1293-1	16445	
30	May	н	1311-1	16444	
17	June	11	1329-1	16443	
5	July	11	1347-1	16441	
10	Aug.		1383-1	16435	
28	Sept.	п	1401-1	16433	Х
1	Jan.	1974	1527-1	16411	
24	Feb.	**	1581-1	16399	
14	Mar.	n	1599-1	16393	
19	Apr.	U	1635-1	16384	
12	June	11	1689-1	16371	

ORDERING ERTS IMAGES FROM THE EROS DATA CENTER

Placing an Order

You may place an order with the Data Center for reproductions of the System Corrected Images (bulk) by completing this form. Your cooperation in following these steps will be appreciated:

- 1. Please print or type all of the information on the form.
- 2. Give your complete address, including ZIP Code.
- 3. Give a telephone number where you can be reached during normal business hours. Enter the number in the blank marked "commercial" if the telephone given is not a Federal Telecommunications System number.
- 4. Indicate the photo identification code for the frame(s) you desire.
- 5. Select and check the RBV or MSS spectral bands desired. Each band checked is, of course, a separate photograph; therefore, if you check four different bands, you will receive four separate frames of photography.
- Determine the size of the reproductions desired and enter in the Product Type Desired column. Note that there are separate entries for paper prints and transparencies. Be sure to enter the information from the appropriate column.
- 7. Complete any special printing instructions you may wish to give in the square at the lower left of the form. If you do not have any special printing instructions, our laboratory personnel will use their own judgment in attempting to make the best print possible. Film transparencies are reproduced to match the gray scale of the master film.
- Multiply the number of units by the unit price and enter in the total price column. If you desire reproductions at several different sizes, indicate accordingly, using a new line for each product type.
- 9. Add the total price columns and carry the grand totals to the price computation area at the lower right of the form. Submit payment by check, money order, or purchase order payable to the U.S. Geological Survey in the CORRECT amount.
- 10. The mail charges are as follows:

Surface	Ch	arg	<u>es</u>			
U.S., Canada, and Mexico	Noi	ne				
Other Areas	\$1	+	1%	of	Line	D
Air Mail						
U.S., Canada, and Mexico	\$1	+	1%	of	Line	D
Other Areas	\$2	+	2%	of	Line	D

 If you wish to order Scene Corrected Images (precision), indicate in space provided. You will be notified whether precision data are available over your area of interest, if requested.

If you have any questions regarding the above information or about the EROS Data Center in general, we invite your telephone call to:

605-594-6511 from private or commercial telephones 605-594-6151 from Federal Telecommunications System telephones

U.S. Government Printing Office: 1974-781-510-319 Reg.8

ERTS ORDER FORM

(please print or type, see reverse for instructions)

THIS ORDER FORM IS INTENDED FOR USE WHEN THE USER KNOWS THE PHOTO IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS. HAVING ACCESS TO CATALOGS OR BROWSE FILMS. DATA TO BE FERSIONED BY: EROS Data Center Sioux Falls, SD 57198 Conmercial: 605-594-6511 FTS : 605-594-6151 DATE: TOTAL: NAME ADDRESS: PHONE: Conmercial: ____ FTS DATA REQUESTED: Spectral Bands Photo Identification (black & white only) No. of Bands Requested Product Type Total Remarks Unit RHV Destred Price Price 3 4 5 1 6 7 1 2 TUTAL Enter in line A below ----VIIIII Phote Identification No. of copies Product Type Unit Total Remarks Requested (color cu. jo lites only) Instred Price Price 11/1/11 TOTAL Enter in line 8 below ----No. of Copies Photo Identification Remarks Microfilm. (b & w only) Price Price titti TTTTTT TOTAL Foter in line C below Color (prices per frame) Over 1 Full Polls Black and White (price for frace) Over 75 Full Sells Product Scale 1-25 Paper Prints 70 mm 9" x 9" 18" x 18" 36" x 36" 1:3,369,000 \$1.00 \$C.65 1.00 N.A. \$ 7.00 N.A. \$ 5.00 9.00 N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. \$1.25 1.75 3.50 9.00 1:1,000,000 1:500,000 1.25 S.A. 15.00 25.00 1:250,000 8.00 N.A. 20.00 Film Transparencies N.A. N.A. \$10.00 N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. N.A. 2.50 3.00 \$10.00 per 100' roll N.A. N.A. \$ 8.00 16 mm (microfilm, 100' rolls) N.A. 1.25 70 mm 9" x 9" 18" x 18" 1:3,369,000 \$2.50 3.00 N.A. N.A. 1:1,000,000 1:500,000 1:250,000 N.A. N.A. N.A. 20.00 15.00 60.00 55.00 N.A. 36" x 36" N.A. KNDES: -- On black and white orders for over 25 photographs of the same size, there is a reduction in unit price for only those photos in excess of 25. i.e., 26 9" x 9" prints cost: 25.9 \$1.75 = \$43.75 1.0 \$1.25 = 1.25 TOTAL = \$45.00 -- On color orders for over one photograph of the same size, there is a reduction in unit price for all photos in excess of one. i.e., 12 9" x 9" prints cost: 1 3 57.00 = \$7.00 11 @ \$55.00 = <u>55.00</u> TOTAL = <u>\$62.00</u> -- Full roll price applies to orders for all frames on a roll. Will be delivered in roll form. -- M.A. = not available. _ I wish to receive information on the availability of scene corrected images of the following area. Please give latitude and longitude if known. PRICE CALCULATIONS PRINTING INSTRUCTIONS: A. Total from A (above)
B. Total from C (above)
C. Total from C (above)
D. Total cost of interpretactions (A + B + C) plus cost of interpretactions (A + B + C)
Regular or sufface (see reverse)
F. Air pail (see reverse) 1. Print to. (check one) Accentuate highlighted areas Normal Accentuate shadowed areas 2. Special requirements: TOTAL PRICE OF CODER (D + E + F) Parent rade by: Parent rade by: Check or more order U.S.G.S. account EDCDM FORM 8 11-8-73 -----

122

GMF 2M



SKYLAB

SKYLAB

The world's first orbital workshop, *Skylab*, was launched on May 14, 1973 and manned by its first crew eleven days later, May 25. After correcting problems of a faulty heat shield and solar cell arrays the crew began its series of experiments which included collection of earth resource data. Two of the systems used to collect this data, the *S190A Multispectral Photographic Facility* and the *S190B Earth Terrain Resources Camera*, provided a great deal of valuable information.

The S190A Multispectral Photographic Facility is, in effect, a bank of six cameras all of which are fired simultaneously. Each camera captures a unique portion of the electromagnetic spectrum on 70 millimeter film thru a 6-inch focal length lens. Table 3 below lists the camera, the portion of spectral images, and the types of film used by each.

	Spect	rum (Captured	
Camera	(wavelength)			Film Type
1	.56 mic	rons	(green band)	Pan X (EK2424)
2	.67	11	(red band)	Pan X (EK2424)
3	.78	"	(infrared band)	Black & White Infrared (EK3443)
4	.89		(infrared band)	Black & White Infrared (EK3400)
5	.588		(color infrared)	Color Infrared (EK3400)
6	.47	п	(color)	Aerial Color (SO242)

Table 3. S190A Multispectral Photographic Facility Data

The infrared bands photographed by cameras three and four are *not* thermal or heat bands.

The exposed film from the *S190A* system was returned to Earth with the astronauts. When processed each frame provides an image at a scale of 1:2,800,000 covering an area of 9,887 square miles. At this scale generally no object smaller than 300 feet can be detected on the image.

The S190B Earth Terrain Resources Camera is a single camera equipped with an 18 inch focal length lens. It produces color images on a $4\frac{1}{2}$ inch format at a scale of 1:950,000 thus covering an area of 4,556 square miles. Generally only objects larger than 50 feet on the ground can be resolved on this imagery. These images were also returned to earth by the astronauts for processing.

The *Skylab* program has been divided into four missions. *Skylab* 1 (*SL-1*), the first mission included the launch of the unmanned

spacecraft. Skylabs 2 thru 4 (SL-2, SL-3, and SL-4) were manned missions during which the photography was produced. SL-2, lasted 28 days from May 25 thru June 7, 1973, and was manned by Pete Conrad, Joe Kerwin, and Paul Weitz. Due to the fact that this crew had to repair the damage sustained by the Skylab during its launching they were able to accomplish only 11 of the 14 planned earth resources runs.

The second manned mission, SL-3, was flown by Al Bean, Owen Garriot, and Jack Lousma. This mission was launched on July 28 and returned to earth on September 25, 1973, 59 days later. This crew was only able to complete 26 of the 39 planned earth resources runs due to problems encountered.

The final manned mission was SL-4. The crewmen were Gerald Carr, Ed Gibson and Bill Pogue. Their 84-day mission began on November 16, 1973 and ended February 8, 1974. Their return marked the end of the Skylab program.

The four Skylab flight paths or tracks which include areas of Iowa are mapped on page 126. Because of cloud cover, not all Skylabmissions obtained data from each track. Four other tracks running from the southwest to the northeast were planned, but no data was obtained. To date the Iowa Geological Survey has received all photographs from SL-2 and part of the information from SL-3. The area covered by these photographs and the images centers are mapped on pages 127 thru 133. No information from SL-4 has been received. To order Skylab imagery follow the instructions on page 128 and the order form on page 137.



Camera 1, Green Band



Camera 4, Infrared Band



Camera 2, Red Band



Camera 5, Color Infrared Band



Camera 3, Nearest Infrared Band Camera 6, Color Band



Figure 22. Photographs of Eastern Iowa Taken by the Skylab S190A Multispectral System.



Figure 23. Photographs from the Skylab S190B Earth Terrain Resources Camera.

Skylab 2 June, 1973



Skylab 3 August, 1973

OBTAINING SKYLAB IMAGERY

Copies of Skylab imagery are not available from the Iowa Geological Survey. The best way to obtain the desired print or transparency is to identify the actual image desired. This is somewhat confusing because of the overlap of adjacent frames, but can be done using the maps on pages 129 thru 136 and follow 4 steps.



- Locate which track is nearest the area of interest and choose a Skylab map of that track providing the desired camera and mission number.
- Find the image center (a black dot with a number next to it) closest to the area that you are interested in.
- Construct a square around the image center by adding two lines as shown by the example on each map.
 - Note the number next to the image center and the run number in the upper right hand corner of each map.

Example: If the area of interest was in northeastern Boone County (marked A on the map above) then the best Frame would be 323.

With this information fill out as much of the form on page 134 as possible and mail it to:

EROS Data Center Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198

For answers to any questions regarding this form call:

Ray Anderson Iowa Geological Survey (319) 338-1173

For answers to any questions regarding the Skylab imagery call EROS Data Center:

(605) 594-6511











Figure 27. Skylab 2 Track 30 - S190A Coverage



Figure 28. Skylab 2 Track 33 - S190A Coverage



Figure 29. Skylab 2 Track 33 - S190B Coverage.



Figure 30. Skylab 3 Track 33 - S190A Coverage





Figure 31. Skylab 3 Track 33 - S190B Coverage.

SKYLAB INQUIRY/ORDER FORM (please print or type)

Mail to:	
EROS Data Center	
phone: (605) 594-6511	Total Enclosed
Your Name:	Your Phone No.:
Address:	
Area of Interest(fill out as much	as possible)
NASA: Skylab 2 (SL-2) Skylab 3 (SL-3)	SYSTEM: S190A Multispectral Photographic Facility
Skylab 4 (SL-4)	2 (Red Band)
(cneck one)	4 (Infrared Band) (check desired images) 5 (Color) (Color infrared)
	S190B Earth Terrain Resources Camera
FRAME Identification: Run Numb	er Frame Number
	-
Latitude and Longitude of Area (of center if area is large) State	Distance and Direction from Nearest Town
County	Any Geographic or Specific Name of Area
Date Desired (check proper box):	
Black & White Transparency (S190A Cameras 1,2,3 and 4) 70mm, \$1.25 each 1 9" x 9", \$3.00 each []	Color Transparency 70mm, \$7.00 each (S190A only) 5" x 5", \$10.00 each (S190B only) 9" x 9", \$10.00 each (
Black & White Enlargements (S190A Cameras 1,2,3 and 4)	Color Enlargements 20" x 20" \$15.00 each
9" x 9", \$1.75 each 20" x 20", \$3.50 each 40" x 40", \$9.00 each	40" x 40" $$25.00$ each \Box (some discounts are allowed for more than one enlargement of each frame)
Total Cost	
Number of Copies Cost per each Total Cost	Type
All orders are shipped postage piad order plus \$1.00.	in the U.S. For Airmail add 10% of the total cost of the
	Payment Enclosed: Cash Check
Iowa Geological Survey	Money Order

Remote Sensing Laboratory
APPENDIX

Table 4. Aerial Contractors Doing Work in Iowa

Abrams Aerial Survey Corp. P. O. Box 508 Lansing, Michigan (517) 372-8100

Aerial Services, Inc. 4302 University Avenue Cedar Falls, Iowa 50613 (319) 266-6181

Aero-Metric Engineering 4708 N. 40th Street Sheboygan, Wisconsin 53081 (414) 457-3631

Cartwright Aerial Surveys, Inc. 6151 Freeport Blvd. Sacramento, California 95822 (916) 421-3465

Chicago Aerial Survey 2150 S. Wolf Road Des Plaines, Illinois 60018 (312) 298-1480

Chicago Aerial Survey 936 Wescott Square St. Paul, Minnesota (612) 454-7125

Great Plains Aerial Survey 4935 S 136 Omaha, Nebraska (402) 333-7125

Horizons, Inc. Box 1072 Deadwood Avenue Rapid City, South Dakota (605) 343-0280

Mark Hurd Aerial Surveys, Inc. 345 Pennsylvania Avenue S. Minneapolis, Minnesota 55426 (612) 545-2483 Park Aerial Surveys, Inc. P. O. Box 21379 Louisville, Kentucky 40221 (502) 366-4571

Remote Sensing Institute South Dakota State University Brookings, South Dakota 57006 (605) 688-4184

The Sidwell Co. 28 W. 240 North Avenue W. Chicago, Illinois 60185 (312) 231-0206

Surdex Corporation 25 Mercury Blvd. Chesterfield, Missouri 63107 (314) 532-3427

Tri-State Aero Engineering Co. P. O. Box 755 Bettendorf, Iowa (319) 355-3753

Tai	ble	5.
	OTC.	J •

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTIONS

May], 1973

	BLA	CK and WI	HTE PRINTS	1	COLOR PRINTS			
PRODUCT	1-25	Over 25	FULL ROLLS	1	2 or OVER	FULL ROLLS		
CONTACT PRINTS (PAPER ONLY)								
70PM 5"x5" 9"x9" or 10"x10"Neg. to Pos. Pos. to Pos. 10"x12" (PHOTOINDEX) 20"x24" (PHOTOINDEX)	1.25 1.50 1.75 2.50 3.00	1.00 1.00 1.25 2.50 3.00	0.65 0.75 0.85 NA NA	4.00 NA 7.00 7.00 NA NA	2.50 NA 3.00 5.00 NA NA	1.25 NA 2.00 2.50 NA		
ENLARGEMENTS (PAPER ONLY)	1							
9"x9" (from 70mm only) 18"x18" THRU 20"x20" 24"x24" THRU 30"x30" 36"x36" THRU 40"x40"	1.75 3.50 4.50 9.00	1.25 3.00 3.50 8.00	1.00 NA NA NA	7.00 15.00 20.00 25.00	5.00 9.00 14.00 20.00	3.75 NA NA NA		
FILM TRANSPARENCIES-INTER-NEGS								
16MM (100FT. ROLLS) 35MM (100FT. ROLLS) 70MM 5"x5" 9"x9" or 10"x10"	NA NA 2.50 2.75 3.00	NA NA 2.50 2.75 3.00	10.00 11.50 1.25 1.35 1.50	NA NA 4.00 NA 10.00	NA NA 2.50 NA 8.00	20.00 25.00 1.25 NA 4.00		
FILM TRANSPARENCIES-ENLARGEMENTS								
9"x9" (from 70MM only) 20"x20" 30"x30" 40"x40"	3.00 NA NA NA	3.00 NA NA NA	2.25 NA NA NA	10.00 20.00 30.00 60.00	8.00 15.00 25.00 55.00	4.00 NA NA NA		
KELSH PLATES								
Contact Prints on Glass. Specify thickness (0.25 or 0.06 inch) and method of printing (emulsion to emulsion or through film base)	6.50	6.00	NA	NA	NA	NA		
ER-55 PLATES								
Reductions on Glass (11x11cm)	5.00	4.50	NA	NA	NĂ	NA		
TRANSFORMED PRINTS								
From CONVERGENT or TRANSVERSE Low Oblique photographs	3.50	3.00	NA	NA	NA	NA		

NOTES:

Prices listed are per frame except for 16mm and 35mm transparencies which are 100ft rolls. The "over 25" price applies only to those prints in excess of 25 of the same size. The full roll price applies to orders for all frames on the roll and for the product to be delivered in roll form.

For an intermediate-size enlargement, use the price listed for the next larger size.

GPO 850-870

9 inch format – 6 inch focal length

142				60% Overlap				30%	Area Gained with 60 %	
Altitude AGL (feet)	Scale	Cov (feet)	verage (miles)	G rou nd (f ee t)	Gained (miles)	per 100 Flight Miles	Ground (feet)	Gained (miles)	per 100 Flight Miles	30 % Sidelap (sq. mi)
2,000	1:4,000	3,000	.57	1,200	.23	435	2,100	.40	250	.092
3,000	1:6,000	4,500	.85	1,800	.34	294	3,150	.60	167	.204
4,000	1:8,000	6,000	1.14	2,400	.45	222	4,200	. 80	125	.360
5,000	1:10,000	7,500	1.42	3,000	.57	175	5,250	. 99	101	.564
6,000	1:12,000	9,000	1.70	3,600	.67	147	6,300	1.19	84	.797
7,000	1:14,000	10,500	1.99	4,200	.80	125	7,350	1.39	72	1.112
8,000	1:16,000	12,000	2.27	4,800	.91	110	8,400	1.59	63	1.447
9,000	1:18,000	13,500	2.56	5,400	1.02	98	9,450	1.80	56	1.836
10,000	1:20,000	15,000	2.84	6,000	1.13	88	10,500	1.99	50	2.249
12,000	1:24,000	18,000	3.40	7,200	1.36	74	12,600	2.39	42	3.250
24,000	1:48,000	36,000	6.82	14,500	2.75	36	25,200	4.77	21	13.118
45,000	1:90,000	65,000	12.88	27,000	5.11	20	47,600	9.02	ΞU.	46.092

Table 6. Metric Imagery Calculations