

# Iowa Influenza Surveillance Network (IISN)

# Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Other Respiratory Viruses

### **Weekly Activity Report**



All data presented in this report are provisional and may change as additional reports are received



Iowa Influenza Geographic Spread					
No Activity	Sporadic	Local	Regional	Widespread	

Note: See CDC activity estimates for definition www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm

Quick Stats	
Percent of influenza rapid test positive	2% (15/684)
Percent of RSV rapid tests positive	4% (4/93)
Influenza-associated hospitalizations	5/3122 inpatients surveyed
Percent of outpatient visits for ILI	0.30% (baseline 1.9%)
Percent school absence due to illness	1.6%
Number of schools with ≥10% absence due to illness	0
Influenza-associated mortality -all ages (Cumulative)	1
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality (Cumulative)	0

Note: Deaths in which influenza is listed on the death certificate. This is an underestimate of influenza-related deaths. Cumulative is 10/1/2017 - current week.

#### Iowa statewide activity summary:

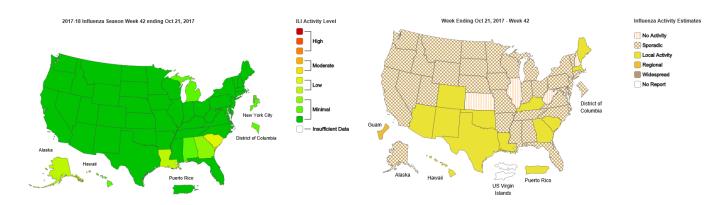
Influenza activity is low in Iowa. The geographic spread of influenza in Iowa is sporadic. For this reporting week, the State Hygienic Laboratory confirmed three influenza A(H3) viruses from submitted samples with two additional influenza A positive specimens awaiting subtyping. Five influenza-related hospitalizations were reported from sentinel hospitals during this reporting week. The proportion of outpatient visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) was 0.30 percent, which is below the regional baseline of 1.9. In this reporting week, 14 adenovirus, 47 parainfluenza virus type 1, four parainfluenza virus type 3, one parainfluenza virus type 4, 86 rhinovirus/ enterovirus, one RSV, and two coronavirus were detected from surveillance sites.

### International activity summary - (WHO):

Influenza activity remained at low levels in the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere. Declining levels of influenza activity were reported in the temperate zone of the southern hemisphere and in some countries of South and South East Asia. In Central America and the Caribbean, low influenza activity was reported in a few countries. Worldwide, influenza A(H3N2) and B viruses accounted for the majority of influenza detections.

Visit <u>www.who.int/influenza/surveillance monitoring/updates/latest update GIP surveillance/en/</u> for more information. It was last updated 10/1/2017.

### National activity summary - (CDC)-Last Updated in Week 42:



Synopsis: During week 42 (October 15-21, 2017), influenza activity was low in the United States.

**Viral Surveillance**: The most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by public health laboratories during week 42 was influenza A. The percentage of respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza in clinical laboratories is low.

**Novel Influenza A Virus:** One human infection with a novel influenza A virus was reported.

**Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality:** The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was below the system-specific epidemic threshold in the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) Mortality Surveillance System.

**Influenza-associated Pediatric Deaths:** One influenza-associated pediatric death was reported.

**Outpatient Illness Surveillance:** The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 1.3%, which is below the national baseline of 2.2%. All 10 regions reported ILI below region-specific baseline levels. Three states experienced low ILI activity and New York City, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and all 47 states experienced minimal ILI activity.

**Geographic Spread of Influenza:** The geographic spread of influenza in Guam was reported as regional; Puerto Rico and 12 states reported local activity; the District of Columbia and 33 states reported sporadic activity; five states reported no activity; and the U.S. Virgin Islands did not report.

Detailed information can be found online at <a href="www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/">www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/</a>.

### Laboratory surveillance program:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) is the primary lab for influenza testing and reporting in Iowa. SHL reports the number of tests performed and the type and sub-type of positive tests to the influenza surveillance network daily.

Table 1: Influenza A viruses detected by SHL by age group

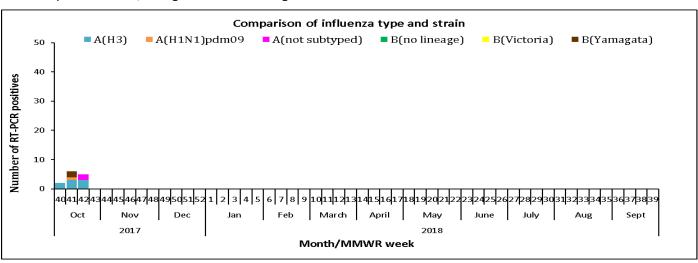
		CURRENT WEEK				CUMULATIVE (10/1/17– CURRENT WEEK)		
Age Group	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3)	Not subtyped	Total	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3)	Not subtyped	Total
0-4	0	0	0	0 (0%)	1	0	0	1 (9%)
5-17	0	0	1	1 (20%)	0	0	1	1 (9%)
18-24	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
25-49	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	1	0	1 (9%)
50-64	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	3	0	3 (27%)
>64	0	3	1	4 (80%)	0	4	1	5 (45%)
Total	0 (0%)	3 (60%)	2 (40%)	5	1 (9%)	8 (73%)	2 (18%)	11

Notes: Counts of three or less are sometimes suppressed to protect confidentiality. Counts may not add up to the total due to missing age information. Only cases of lowa residents are included. "Not subtyped" column is due to weak detections. This can be due to poor collection, timing of collection or stage of infection.

Table 2: Influenza B viruses detected by SHL by age group

	CURRENT WEEK			CUMU	<b>JLATIVE (10/1/</b>	17– CURREN	T WEEK)	
Age Group	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Lineage Pending	Total	Victoria Lineage	Yamagata Lineage	Lineage Pending	Total
0-4	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
5-17	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
18-24	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
25-49	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	1	0	1 (50%)
50-64	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	1	0	1 (50%)
>64	0	0	0	0 (0%)	0	0	0	0 (0%)
Total	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0	0 (0%)	2 (100%)	0 (0%)	2

Notes: Counts of three or less are sometimes suppressed to protect confidentiality. Counts may not add up to the total due to missing age information. Only cases of lowa residents are included. "Not subtyped" column is due to weak detections. This can be due to poor collection, timing of collection or stage of infection.



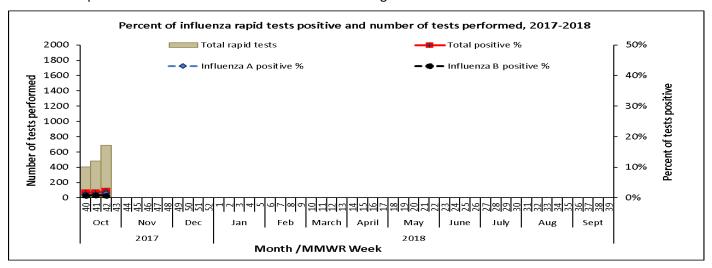
### Rapid influenza and RSV test surveillance:

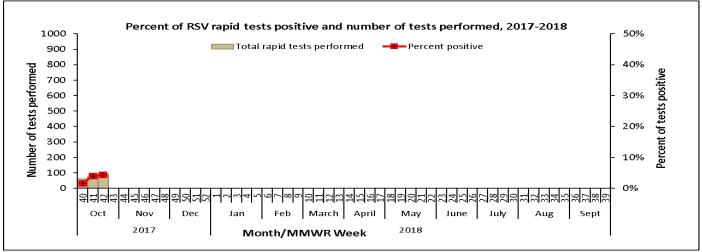
The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of influenza and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) rapid tests performed and the number of tests positive. This table includes only the number of patients tested for influenza or RSV at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. This table does not provide case counts.

Table 3: Percent of influenza rapid tests positive and number of tests performed by region for the present week

DECION*		RAPID INFLUENZA TESTS			RAPID RSV TESTS		
REGION*	Tested	Flu A	Flu B	% Positive	Tested	Positive	% Positive
Region 1 (Central)	185	2	3	3	17	0	0
Region 2 (NE)	23	1	0	4	11	1	9
Region 3 (NW)	60	1	0	2	10	0	0
Region 4 (SW)	44	0	1	2	4	0	0
Region 5 (SE)	69	1	0	1	16	0	0
Region 6 (Eastern)	303	5	1	2	35	3	9
Total	684	10	5	2	93	4	4

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region.



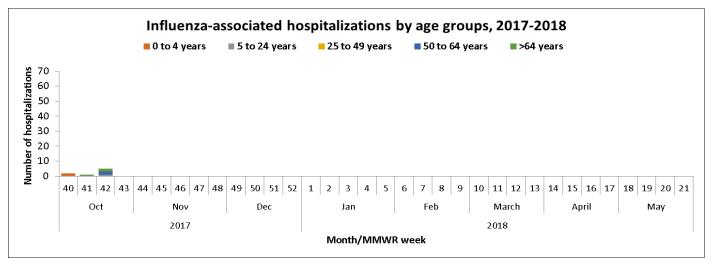


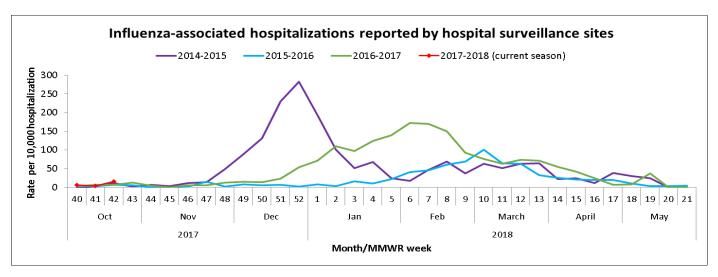
### Influenza-associated hospitalizations:

Sentinel hospitals that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report the number of influenza-associated hospitalizations and the total number of inpatients each week. Iowa hospitals interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Andy Weigel at 515-322-1937 or <a href="mailto:andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov">andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov</a> or more information.

Table 4: Number of influenza-associated hospitalization reported by age group

AGE	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (10/1/17 – CURRENT WEEK)
Age 0-4	0	2
Age 5-24	1	1
Age 25-49	0	0
Age 50-64	2	2
Age >64	2	3
Total	5	8





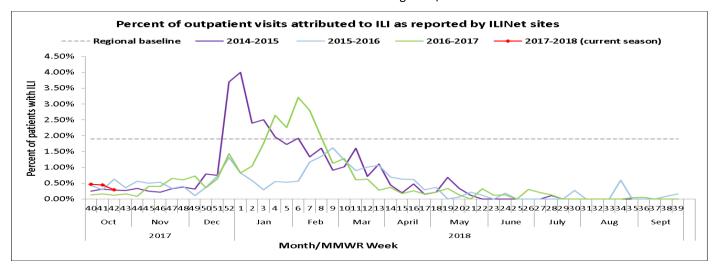
### Outpatient health care provider surveillance program (ILINet):

Outpatient health care providers who participate in the ILINet (a national influenza surveillance program) report the number of patients seen with influenza-like illness and the total number of patient visits each week. This system is a key part of lowa's influenza surveillance. Iowa health care providers interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Andy Weigel at 515-322-1937 or <a href="mailto:andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov">andy.weigel@idph.iowa.gov</a> for more information.

Table 5: Outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI)

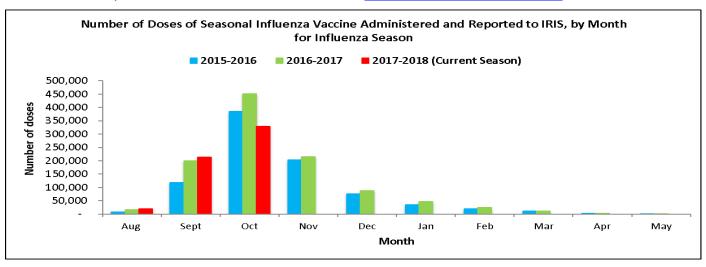
Week	Age 0-4	Age 5-24	Age 25-49	Age 50-64	Age > 64	Total ILI	ILI Percent
Week 40, ending October 7	3	5	3	1	0	12	0.47
Week 41, ending October 14	4	2	1	2	1	10	0.44
Week 42, ending October 21	3	1	2	1	0	7	0.30

Note: Influenza-like Illness is defined as a fever of ≥100° F as well as cough and/or sore throat.



#### Seasonal influenza vaccination:

Seasonal influenza vaccination data in Iowa is based on doses reported to the Iowa Immunization Registry Information System (IRIS). IRIS is a confidential, computerized, population-based system that tracks immunization for children, adolescents and adults who are seen in a variety of public and private healthcare provider sites throughout the state of Iowa. For more information on the immunization data, contact Kim Tichy, IRIS coordinator at 515-281-4288 or kimberly.tichy@idph.iowa.gov.



Note: The data for the 2017-2018 season is only up to the current week and there is a lag between the vaccine administration date and the date reported to the IRIS. The current season's data will be adjusted as additional data is received.

#### Long-term care outbreaks:

Table 6: Number of long-term care outbreaks investigated

REGION	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (10/1/17 – CURRENT WEEK)
Region 1 (Central)	0	0
Region 2 (NE)	0	0
Region 3 (NW)	0	0
Region 4 (SW)	0	0
Region 5 (SE)	0	0
Region 6 (Eastern)	0	0
Total	0	0

Note: see map in the school section for the counties in each region.

## School surveillance program

IDPH monitors illnesses in schools from two different types of reporting: 10 percent school absence reports and weekly sentinel illness reporting. Iowa schools (K-12) track and report (including non-influenza illnesses) when the number of students absent with illness reaches or exceeds 10 percent of total student enrollment. Iowa sentinel schools that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report absence due to all illness and the total enrollment each week. This data provides excellent trends for influenza activity as well as age-specific information used to target vaccination efforts and messages.

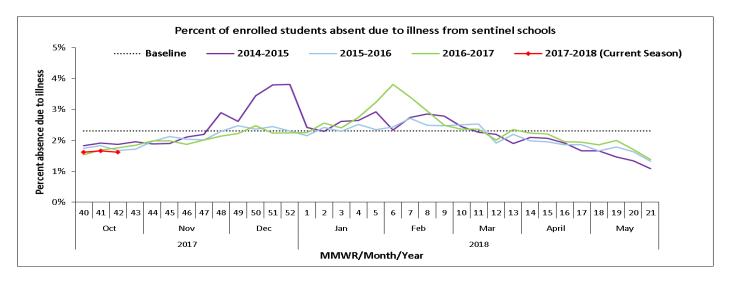
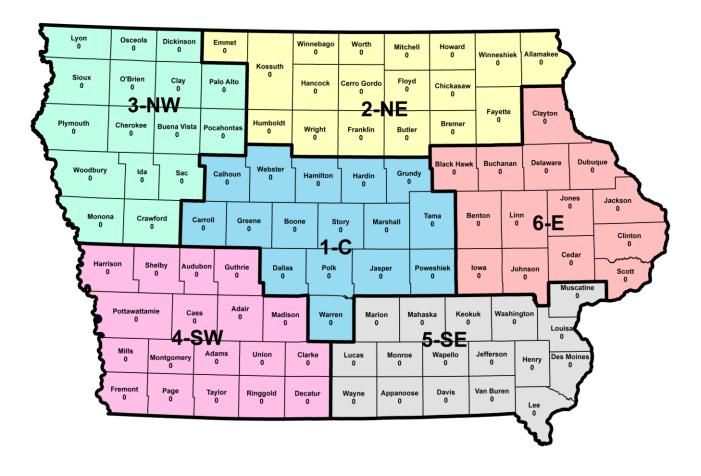


Table 7: Number of schools reporting >10% absenteeism due to any illness

REGION	<b>CURRENT WEEK</b>	CUMULATIVE (10/1/17 – CURRENT WEEK)
Region 1 (Central)	0	1
Region 2 (NE)	0	0
Region 3 (NW)	0	0
Region 4 (SW)	0	0
Region 5 (SE)	0	0
Region 6 (Eastern)	0	0
Total	0	1

Note: Regional map with schools that have ≥10% absence due to illness for this current reporting week is displayed below (region numbers and region abbreviation in large black font).

# Number of schools with 10 percent school absenteeism by county and region

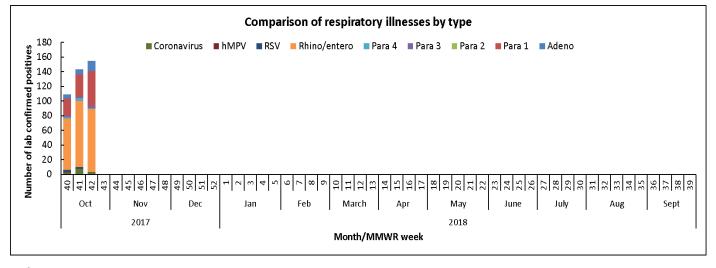


#### Non-influenza respiratory viruses:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of positive tests for non-influenza respiratory viruses. This table also includes the positive non-influenza virus tests reported from the Dunes Medical Laboratories at Mercy Medical Center in Sioux City. The table includes only the number of positive tests at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. The table does not provide case counts.

Table 8: Number of positive results for non-influenza respiratory virus collected by SHL, Mercy Dunes in Sioux City and Iowa Methodist Medical Center

Viruses	<b>CURRENT WEEK</b>	CUMULATIVE (10/1/17 – CURRENT WEEK)
Adenovirus	14	27
Parainfluenza Virus Type 1	47	100
Parainfluenza Virus Type 2	0	0
Parainfluenza Virus Type 3	4	8
Parainfluenza Virus Type 4	1	7
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	86	246
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	1	7
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	0	1
Coronavirus	2	11
Total	155	407



### Other resources:

## Vaccine:

Influenza vaccine recommendation: <a href="mailto:idph.iowa.gov/immtb/immunization/vaccine">idph.iowa.gov/immtb/immunization/vaccine</a>

CDC vaccine information: www.cdc.gov/flu/fag/flu-vaccine-types.htm

Vaccine finder: http://vaccinefinder.org/

#### Neighboring states' influenza information:

Illinois: www.dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/diseases-and-conditions/influenza/surveillance

Minnesota: www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/diseases/flu/stats/index.html

Missouri: health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/influenza/reports.php

South Dakota: doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/flu/

Wisconsin: www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/influenza/index.htm