

Division of Criminal Investigation Wallace State Office Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 1-800-346-5507

Iowa Missing Persons 2002 Annual Report

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INTRODUCTION

The statistical information used in this report is compiled from data entered into the Iowa On Line Warrants and Articles (IOWA) computer system which is utilized by local law enforcement agencies for the exchange of information.

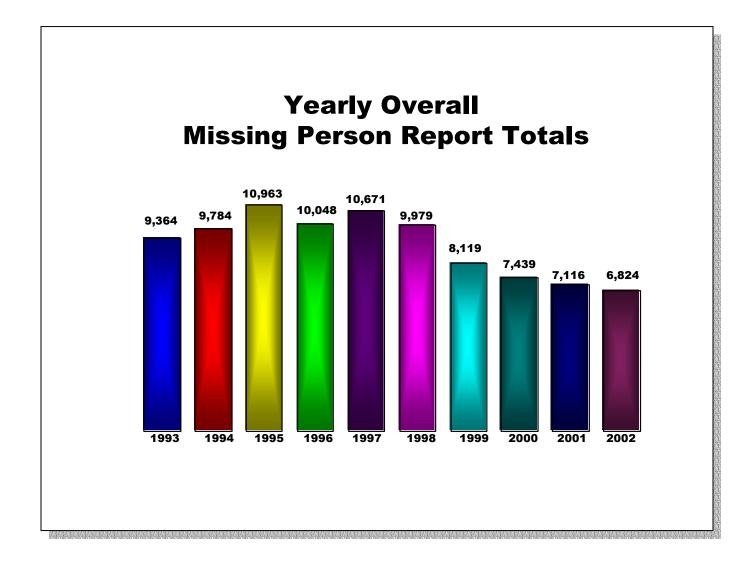
The initial report is filed with the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the case. When the report is received, identifying information regarding the missing person is entered into the IOWA computer system by the law enforcement agency to assist in the location of the individual. Data gathered for use in this report is dependent on the information provided by the originating agency. Each report filed with the local agency is entered into the computer system as a separate case and therefore the numbers shown reflect cases (entries) as opposed to actual missing persons. The clearinghouse has made efforts to provide the most accurate information possible in order to aid in identifying those problems and issues concerning missing persons. Information is based on report filing and cancellation information as it is received by the local agencies. The clearinghouse has no way of identifying those missing persons who have not been entered into the IOWA computer system as missing.



TERMINOLOGY USED IN THIS REPORT

Missing Person	A person whose temporary or permanent residence is in Iowa, or is believed to be in Iowa, whose location has not been determined, and who has been reported as missing to a law enforcement agency and meets one of the following characteristics: is physically or mentally disabled; is missing under circumstances indicating that the missing person's safety may be in danger, is missing under circumstances indicating that the disappearance was not voluntary; or is an unemancipated minor.						
Unemancipated Minor	A minor who has not married and who resides with a parent or other legal guardian.						
	INCIDENT TYPE LEGEND						
I - INVOLUNTARY	A person of any age who is missing under circumstances indicating the disappearance was not voluntary (i.e. abduction or kidnapping).						
E - ENDANGERED	A person of any age who is missing under circumstances indicating that his/her physical safety is in danger.						
D - DISABILITY	A person of any age who is missing and under proven physical/mental disability or is senile, thereby subjecting himself/herself or others to personal and immediate danger.						
V - CATASTROPHE	A person of any age who is missing after a catastrophe, (i.e., victims of disasters, such as tornadoes, etc.)						
K - FAMILIAL KIDNAP	A minor who is missing and has been declared unemancipated as defined by the laws of his/her state of residence and who has been abducted by non-custodial parent or relative.						
L - LOST OR WANDERED AWAY	A minor who is lost or has wandered away. This category does not include those persons taken by force or runaways.						
J - JUVENILE	A person who is missing and declared unemancipated as defined by the laws of his/her state of residence and does not meet any of the entry criteria for Disability, Endangered, Involuntary, Parental Abduction, or Lost or Wandered Away.						

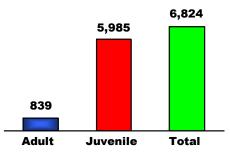




Statistics for the year 2002 again show a decrease in the number of missing person reports filed.



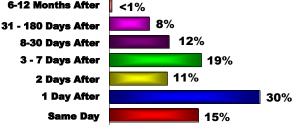
Iowa Missing Person Reports Filed in 2002



2002 statistics show adults account for 12 per cent of the total missing person reports filed. Yearly comparisons of adult percentages are shown in the table below:

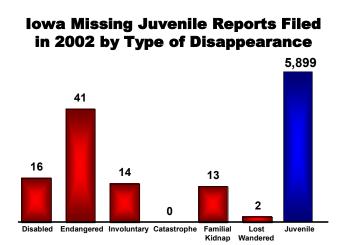
1989 - 1994	1995-1997	1998	1999 – 2000	2001	2002
9 %	10 %	11 %	12 %	14 %	12 %





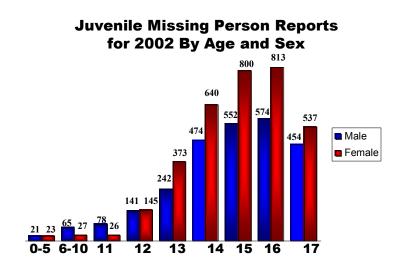
Clearance statistics in 2002 again show that 75 per cent of the missing person reports were cleared within one week. Within 30 days 87 per cent of the missing person reports were cleared. Four per cent of the reported missing person cases remained open at the end of the year.



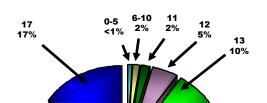


The Juvenile/other Category accounted for 98.6 per cent of all missing children cases reported in the state of Iowa. This category is made up of primarily juvenile runaways. All other categories account for less than 2 per cent of the total missing children. Prior year statistics for the juvenile/other category are shown below:

2002	2001	1990 - 2000
98.6 %	98 %	99 %

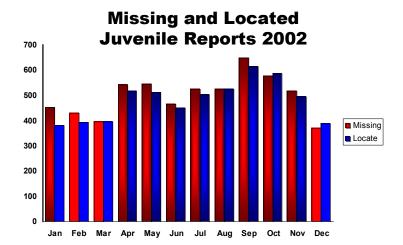


Statistics for 2002 show that 56.6 per cent of missing juvenile reports filed were female. Fourteen, fifteen and sixteen year old females make up 38 per cent of the missing juvenile reports filed.





Teenagers, ages 13 - 17, make up 91 per cent of the missing juvenile reports filed. This statistic emphasizes the fact that the majority of missing juvenile reports that are filed in the State of Iowa are classified as juvenile/other.



Again the spring and fall months show the greatest number of missing juvenile reports filed. This timing would tie in with the beginning and end of the school year. The winter months show the lowest number of reported missing children, indicating weather being a factor. September records the highest number of missing person reports filed which indicates the first full month of school being in session as a contributing factor.

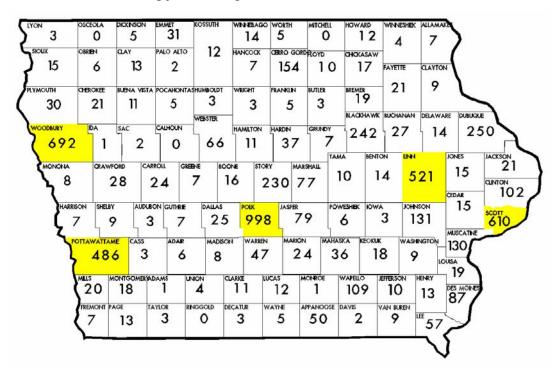


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Juveniles by Number of Times Reported Missing in 2001

TRM	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Male	1383	242	86	37	11	12	12	2	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Female	1670	328	120	50	34	16	9	6	2	4	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3053	570	206	87	45	28	21	8	5	6	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0

Often an individual will be reported missing more than one time. The chart above gives the number of times a juvenile was entered as missing; showing that 4,039 juveniles accounted for 5,985 missing juvenile reports.



2002 Iowa Juvenile Missing By County

The top five reporting counties of Linn, Polk, Pottawattamie, Scott, and Woodbury make up 55 per cent of the total missing person reports filed in the state of Iowa. These counties contain group homes for teens that contribute to the reports, as young people from rural counties residing in these homes were listed as runaways from the group home location.



2001 Facts of Interest Relating to Reported Missing Persons in Iowa

4,858 individuals were reported as missing accounting for 6,824 missing person cases.

5,985 missing juvenile reports were filed.

839 missing adult cases were filed.

88 per cent of reported missing person cases are juvenile cases with **12** per cent being adult cases.

55 per cent of all missing person cases were female; 45 per cent male.

57 per cent of missing juvenile cases were female; **55** per cent of missing adult cases were female.

96 per cent of reported missing person cases during the year were cleared by the end of the year.

98 per cent of missing juvenile cases were classified as juvenile (runaway/other).

More adults remain on the active missing person list for longer than a year than do juveniles.

208 juveniles were reported missing more than 3 times.

September was the month with the highest number of missing juvenile reports filed (649).

More juvenile missing person reports were canceled in **September** than in any other month.

Polk County had the highest number of reported missing person cases.

85 per cent of reported missing cases were White, **10** per cent Black, **2** per cent Asian, **2** per cent Native American and **1** per cent unknown race.