August 2009



Water Quality Summary 2000-2008*

		Number of		Percentiles					
Water Quality Parameter	Units	Samples	Min Value	10th	25th	50th	75th	90th	Max Value
Acetochlor ^{††}	μg/L	7,126	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.16	21
Alachlor ^{††}	μg/L	7,126	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	8.6
Ammonia (as N)	mg/L	8,884	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.20	5.7
Atrazine ^{††}	μg/L	7,134	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.24	0.75	53
Butylate ^{††}	μg/L	7,045	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Carbonaceous BOD (5 day)	mg/L	8,356	<2	<2	<2	<2	3	5	35
Chloride	mg/L	7,642	<1	12	17	22	30	40	170
Chlorophyll a [†]	μg/L	5,056	<1	2	5	13	43	120	640
Chlorophyll b [†]	μg/L	5,049	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	2	70
Chlorophyll c [†]	μg/L	5,049	<1	<1	<1	<1	2	8	66
Chlorophyll free of pheophytin	μg/L	3,367	<1	2	4	13	43	120	640
Corrected Chlorophyll a [†]	μg/L	5,053	<1	<1	3	10	36	110	620
Cyanazine ^{††}	μg/L	7,045	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.3
Deethylatrazine ^{††}	μg/L	7,045	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.17	2.6
Deisopropylatrazine ^{††}	μg/L	7,045	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.57
Dimethenamid ^{††}	μg/L	6,273	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	4.4
Diss. Orthophosphate (as P)	mg/L	8,768	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.16	0.28	5.1
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	8,755	0.7	7.7	8.7	10.5	12.9	14.4	21
E.coli Bacteria	CFU/100 ml	8,939	<10	<10	27	110	430	2,400	960,000
Field pH	pH units	8,426	5.0	7.8	8.0	8.2	8.4	8.6	10.4
Field Temperature	Celsius	8,826	0.0	0.1	2.2	12.8	20.7	24.5	34.3
Flow	CFS	7,484	<1	19	85	337	1,270	3,500	78,500
Metolachlor ^{††}	μg/L	7,126	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.3	36
Metribuzin ^{††}	μg/L	7,045	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.5
Nitrate+Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	8,886	<0.1	0.86	3.0	5.8	8.6	12	35
Pheophytin [†]	μg/L	5,049	<1	<1	1	3	9	19	204
Silica	mg/L	8,424	<1	5.0	9.0	13	17	21	190
Simazine ^{††}	μg/L	6,767	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	20
Specific Conductance	µmhos/cm	8,589	120	420	510	610	720	830	1,700
Sulfate	mg/L	7,368	<1	20	26	37	60	96	400
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	8,481	30	250	300	360	430	500	1,640
Total Hardness (as CaCO ₃)	mg/L	8,319	55	200	240	300	360	410	820
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/L	8,522	<0.1	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.3	2.0	28
Total Phosphorus	mg/L	8,883	<0.1	<0.1	0.11	0.20	0.35	0.61	26
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	8,517	<1	4	10	33	86	220	17,000
Trifluralin [™]	μg/L	7,045	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.35
Turbidity	NTU	8,828	<1.0	2.8	6.0	18	45	120	8,500

Due to budget constraints, sites were not monitored for parameters shown above from September through December 2008.

 μ g/L – micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

mg/L – milligrams per liter (parts per million)

- CFU/100 ml Colony Forming Units per 100 milliliters of water
- CFS Cubic Feet per Second (ft³/sec)

 μ mhos/cm – micromhos per centimeter

NTU - Nephelometric Turbidity Units; Diss. - Dissolved

< - less than detection limit shown; BOD - Biological Oxygen Demand

Raw data are available through STORET at wqm.igsb.uiowa.edu/iastoret

Note: This summary only includes stream sites monitored as part of the fixed monthly network. Additional stream sites throughout Iowa are also monitored, but are not included in this summary, since their sampling frequency and parameters vary from the fixed network.

- $\ensuremath{^*}$ Includes monthly and event samples for all stream sites
- ** Provisional data from the U.S. Geological Survey and University of Iowa Hygienic Laboratory
- [†] Sampling discontinued in March 2005
- †† Regular sampling discontinued in December 2006; selected sites affected by floods were sampled summer 2008.

Less than values have been standardized to account for decreases in detection limits through time.

A total of 80 stream sites were sampled monthly from 2000-2002. A total of 84 stream sites were sampled monthly from 2003-2006. Number of sites sampled from Aug-Dec 2006 varied from 75 to 83. A total of 75 stream sites were sampled monthly since Dec 2006.

Iowa Water Quality Index for 2000-2008

In 2005, the Iowa Department of Natural Resources developed the Iowa Water Quality Index (WQI), a standardized method for comparing the water quality of various water bodies across the state. The Iowa WQI rates water quality using the following nine parameters: biological oxygen demand, dissolved oxygen, *E.coli* bacteria, nitrate+nitrite as nitrogen, total detected pesticides, pH, total phosphorus, total dissolved solids, and total suspended solids. If a result is missing for any of these parameters, the IWQI assigns a default value for the missing parameters. Iowa WQI values range from 0 – 100 and streams are classified as **very poor** (0 – 25), **poor** (25.1 – 50), **fair** (50.1 – 70), **good** (70.1 – 90), and **excellent** (90.1 – 100). For 2000-2008, 1% of the monthly stream WQI values were in the **excellent** category, 12% were **good**, 30% were **fair**, 34% were **poor**, and 23% were **very poor**. (See map below for average WQI value for each site.)



Streams in Iowa show seasonal Iowa WQI patterns. For the majority of streams, water quality is **poor** during the spring, followed by a decline in water quality during the summer months when the number of streams in the **very poor** category increases, while the number of streams in the **poor** category remains relatively the same. Water quality is at its best during the fall and winter months, with nearly 57% of the streams classified in the **fair**, **good**, and **excellent** categories during the fall and 56% of the streams classified in the **fair**, **good**, and **excellent** categories during the value of streams above.)



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