

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

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NEWS	RELEASE
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		Contact. Andy Meisen
FOR RELEASE	November 10, 2005	515/281-5834

Auditor of State David A. Vaudt today released an audit report on the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works Financing Program (Clean Water Program) and the Iowa Drinking Water Facilities Financing Program (Drinking Water Program), joint programs of the Iowa Finance Authority and the Iowa Department of Natural Resources. The Clean Water Program provides financing for the construction of waste water treatment facilities through loans to eligible municipalities and waste water systems. The Drinking Water Program provides financing for the construction of drinking water facilities through loans to municipalities and drinking water systems.

The Clean Water Program reported operating revenues of \$14,379,617 for the year ended June 30, 2004, including interest income on loans of \$9,313,520 and investment income of \$4,693,413, net of rebate expense of \$241,681. Non operating revenue included \$33,939,901 in federal grants and \$10,776 in state appropriations. The Drinking Water Program reported operating revenues of \$5,811,101, including interest income on loans of \$3,020,792 and investment income of \$3,029,968, net of rebate expense of \$540,907. Non operating revenue was \$22,456,521 in federal grants.

Operating expenses of the Clean Water Program for the year ended June 30, 2004 totaled \$9,331,214, including \$6,742,638 for bond interest expense, \$1,303,933 for general and administrative expenses and \$1,303,933 for amortization of loss on bond redemption. The Program loaned \$28,801,061 to municipalities and water systems and collected loan repayments of \$8,140,634 during the year. At June 30, 2004, the Clean Water Program had loans receivable from municipalities and waste water systems totaling \$242,583,749.

Operating expenses of the Drinking Water Program for the year ended June 30, 2004 totaled \$5,732,349, including \$4,766,376 for bond interest expense, \$394,242 for general and administrative expenses, \$194,315 for source water protection and \$266,396 for small community technical assistance. The Program loaned \$44,944,073 to drinking water systems and collected loan repayments of \$4,181,000 during the year. At June 30, 2004, the Drinking Water Program had loans receivable from drinking water systems totaling \$108,546,596.

A copy of the report is available for review in the Office of Auditor of State, the Iowa Finance Authority, the Iowa Department of Natural Resources and on the Auditor of State's web site at http://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/reports.htm.

IOWA WATER POLLUTION CONTROL WORKS AND DRINKING WATER FACILITIES FINANCING PROGRAMS (JOINT PROGRAMS OF THE IOWA FINANCE AUTHORITY AND THE IOWA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2004

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<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

State

Honorable Thomas J. Vilsack Governor

Michael L. Tramontina Director, Department of Management Dennis C. Prouty Director, Legislative Services Agency

Iowa Finance Authority Board

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Kay Anderson Vice Chairperson

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Iowa Finance Authority

Michael L. Tramontina (resigned Feb. 2005) Executive Director Bret Mills Executive Director

Iowa Department of Natural Resources

Jeffrey R. Vonk Director



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<u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

To the Officials of the Iowa Finance Authority and the Iowa Department of Natural Resources:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business type activities and each major fund of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs, as of and for the year ended June 20, 2004, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards and provisions require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the business type activities and each major fund of the State of Iowa that is attributable to the transactions of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Iowa as of June 30, 2004, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business type activities and each major fund of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our reports dated March 24, 2005 on our consideration of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of their compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Authority and the Department have not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis to introduce the basic financial statements by presenting certain financial information and management's analytical insights on information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplemental information included in Schedules 1 and 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

WARREN G. JENKINS, CPA

Chief Deputy Auditor of State

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

March 24, 2005

Statements of Net Assets

	Clean	Drinking	
	Water	Water	
	Program	Program	
	Funds	Funds	Total
	- Tanas	1 dilds	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165,403,136	102,631,053	268,034,189
Investments	39,982,707	-	39,982,707
Loans receivable	14,398,272	5,255,000	19,653,272
Accrued interest receivable	2,427,568	1,472,544	3,900,112
Due from Clean Water Program Funds	-	61,879	61,879
Other assets	47,477	32,247	79,724
Total current assets	222,259,160	109,452,723	331,711,883
Noncurrent assets:			
Loans receivable	228,185,477	103,291,596	331,477,073
Total assets	450,444,637	212,744,319	663,188,956
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	222,877	128,877	351,754
Accrued bond interest payable	3,239,345	2,049,057	5,288,402
Rebates payable	121,919	733,698	855,617
Deferred initiation fees	183,689	74,362	258,051
Due to Iowa Finance Authority	134,795	49,694	184,489
Due to Drinking Water Program Funds	61,879	, -	61,879
Bonds payable, net	12,698,146	3,170,248	15,868,394
Total current liabilities	16,662,650	6,205,936	22,868,586
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Rebates payable	902,642	1,314,688	2,217,330
Deferred initiation fees	2,373,153	1,269,124	3,642,277
Bonds payable, net	138,509,478	103,966,304	242,475,782
Total noncurrent liabilities	141,785,273	106,550,116	248,335,389
Total liabilities	158,447,923	112,756,052	271,203,975
Not Associa			
Net Assets Restricted net assets:			
Per bond resolutions	140,057,770	55,484,578	195,542,348
Per other agreements	151,938,944	44,503,689	196,442,633
Total net assets	\$ 291,996,714	99,988,267	391,984,981
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See notes to financial statements.			

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Clean	Drinking	
	Water	Water	
	Program	Program	
	Funds	Funds	Total
Operating revenues:			
Interest on loans	\$ 9,313,520	3,020,792	12,334,312
Investment income	4,693,413	3,029,968	7,723,381
Rebate expense	(241,681)	(540,907)	(782,588)
Initiation fees	278,045	63,814	341,859
Other income and fees	336,320	237,434	573,754
Total operating revenues	14,379,617	5,811,101	20,190,718
Operating expenses:			
Bond interest expense	6,742,638	4,766,376	11,509,014
Amortization of loss on bond redemption	1,284,643	110,990	1,395,633
General and administrative	1,303,933	394,242	1,698,175
Source water protection	-	194,345	194,345
Small community technical assistance	_	266,396	266,396
Total operating expenses	9,331,214	5,732,349	15,063,563
Operating income	 5,048,403	78,752	5,127,155
Non operating revenue:			
Federal grants	33,939,901	22,456,521	56,396,422
State appropriation	10,776	-	10,776
Total non operating revenue	 33,950,677	22,456,521	56,407,198
Change in net assets	38,999,080	22,535,273	61,534,353
Net assets beginning of year	252,997,634	77,452,994	330,450,628
Net assets end of year	\$ 291,996,714	99,988,267	391,984,981

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Clean Water Program Funds	Drinking Water Program Funds	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Initiation and service fees received Interest received on investments	\$ 775,280 4,817,313	674,786 3,347,999	1,450,066 8,165,312
Interest received on loans to municipalities and waste water systems Collection of principal on loans to municipalities and	9,303,019	2,919,695	12,222,714
waste water systems Loans disbursed to municipalities and waste water systems Interest on debt paid	11,242,065 (28,801,061) (8,140,634)	4,181,000 (44,944,073) (5,005,267)	15,423,065 (73,745,134) (13,145,901)
Rebates paid Cash paid to suppliers and grantees Net cash used for operating activities	(1,698,613) (1,511,274) (14,013,905)	(968,589) (39,794,449)	(1,698,613) (2,479,863) (53,808,354)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Draws on capitalization grants from EPA State appropriation	34,001,780 10,776	22,394,642	56,396,422 10,776
Repayment of debt principal Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	(12,260,000) 21,752,556	(1,520,000) 20,874,642	(13,780,000) 42,627,198
Cash flows from investing activities: Investments purchased	(39,982,707)	-	(39,982,707)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(32,244,056)	(18,919,807)	(51,163,863)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	197,647,192	121,550,860	319,198,052
Cash and cash equivalents end of year, as restated	\$ 165,403,136	102,631,053	268,034,189
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used for operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating	\$ 5,048,403	78,752	5,127,155
income to net cash used for operating activities: Amortization of loss on bond redemption	1,284,643	110,990	1,395,633
Amortization of bond issue costs Amortization of bond issuance discount/premium (Increase) in notes receivable	52,191 (1,196,772) (17,558,996)	27,510 (188,146) (40,763,073)	79,701 (1,384,918) (58,322,069)
Decrease in accrued interest receivable (Increase) in other assets (Decrease) in bond interest payable	95,389 (7,639) (253,415)	192,362 (13,037) (78,255)	287,751 (20,676) (331,670)
Increase (decrease) in deferred rebates Increase (decrease) in due to Iowa Finance Authority Increase in deferred revenue (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,438,922) 15,553 168,554 (222,894)	565,479 (13,717) 386,575 (99,889)	(873,443) 1,836 555,129 (322,783)
Total adjustments	(19,062,308)	(39,873,201)	(58,935,509)
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (14,013,905)	(39,794,449)	(53,808,354)

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2004

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Iowa Water Pollution Control Works Financing Program

Chapter 455B of the Code of Iowa authorizes the Iowa Finance Authority (the Authority). jointly and in cooperation with the Iowa Department of Natural Resources (DNR), to undertake the creation, administration and financing of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works Financing Program, hereinafter referred to as the Clean Water Program. The Clean Water Program was created by the state in 1988 to implement provisions of the Water Pollution Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Water Quality Act of 1987 (the Clean Water Act). The Clean Water Act and subsequent annual federal legislative appropriation bills authorize the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to make annual capitalization grants to states, through federal fiscal year 2002 for the purpose of establishing a water pollution revolving fund to be used in financing the construction of waste water treatment facilities. Funding for the Clean Water Program is provided from the federal capitalization grants and bonding activity of the Authority, which provides state matching funds. The state matching funds must be at least equal to 20% of the federal capitalization grants. The Clean Water Program is to be established, maintained and credited with loan repayments and the funds of the Clean Water Program are to be available in perpetuity for providing such financial assistance.

Loans are made to municipalities and waste water systems from the Clean Water Program for eligible project costs as defined in Chapter 567, section 92, of the Iowa Administrative Code. The DNR administers the aspects of the Clean Water Program relating to project selection, loan eligibility and monitoring of construction progress. The Authority administers the aspects of the Clean Water Program relating to arranging financing and accounting for the loans, their repayments and investment activity. The Authority is authorized and has issued revenue bonds to meet the 20% state match required to receive the grants and to provide additional funds to make loans to Iowa municipalities and waste water systems to finance all or part of the construction of waste water treatment facilities. The bonds are payable solely from repayments of the loans and other assets and revenues pledged under the applicable bond resolution for the Clean Water Program. The obligations do not constitute a debt nor the State or of the Authority, and neither is liable for any repayments.

During the prior fiscal year, the DNR was awarded an On-Site Septic System Grant under the Clean Water Program. This grant provides for loans to individuals to make improvements to old septic systems. Individuals apply for this program through participating lending institutions. The loans may not exceed a maximum of \$10,000. The lending institution is responsible for the repayment of the loan if the individual defaults on the loan. The DNR contracted with Williams and Company, CPA, P.C. to be the fiscal agent for this portion of the Clean Water Program.

Description of the Iowa Drinking Water Facilities Financing Program

Chapter 455B of the Code of Iowa also authorizes the Authority, jointly and in cooperation with the DNR, to undertake the creation, administration and financing of the Iowa Drinking Water Facilities Financing Program, hereinafter referred to as the Drinking Water Program. The Drinking Water Program was created by the state in 1997, and amended in 1998, to implement provisions of the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act authorizes the EPA to make capitalization grants to states for the purpose of establishing a drinking water revolving fund to be used in financing the construction of drinking water facilities. Funding for the Drinking Water Program is provided from the federal capitalization grants and bonding activity of the Authority, which provides state matching funds. The state matching funds must be at least equal to 20% of the federal capitalization grants. Standard loans made by the Drinking Water Program must be repaid within 20 Disadvantaged loans made by the Drinking Water Program may have a repayment period of up to 30 years. The Drinking Water Program is to be established, maintained and credited with loan repayments and the funds of the Drinking Water Program are to be available in perpetuity for providing such financial assistance.

Loans are made to municipalities and drinking water facilities from the Drinking Water Program for eligible project costs as defined in Chapter 567, section 44, of the Iowa Administrative Code. The DNR administers the aspects of the Drinking Water Program relating to project selection, loan eligibility and monitoring of construction progress. The Authority administers the aspects of the Drinking Water Program relating to arranging financing and accounting for the loans, their repayments and investment activity. The Authority is authorized and has issued revenue bonds to meet the 20% state match required to receive the grants and to provide additional funds to make loans to Iowa municipalities and drinking water facilities to finance all or part of the construction of drinking water treatment facilities. The bonds are payable solely from repayments of the loans and other assets and revenues pledged under the applicable bond resolution for the Drinking Water Program. The obligations do not constitute a debt of the State or of the Authority, and neither is liable for any repayment.

Chapter 455B of the Code of Iowa was amended by legislation, which became effective July 1, 2002, to change the formal name of the Clean Water Program to the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works Financing Program and to include authorization of non-point source financing under the Clean Water Program. The Authority restructured the Clean Water Program and Drinking Water Program in December 2001 to include an equity account for each program under a Master Trust Agreement from which loans may also be made in accordance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act and the Drinking Water Act. The equity accounts are not pledged to the bonds outstanding under the respective programs. As part of the restructuring of both programs, the Authority issued bonds in December 2001 which consist of a Clean Water Program portion and a Drinking Water Program portion. While the bonds were issued on a combined basis for convenience and cost savings, the Clean Water Program and Drinking Water Program are separate and distinct programs in accordance with the federal regulations.

The Clean Water and Drinking Water Programs' financial statements are included in the State of Iowa's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The financial statements of the Clean Water and Drinking Water Programs have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the Programs' accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Clean Water and Drinking Water Programs have included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Programs have also considered all potential component units for which they are financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Programs are such that exclusion would cause the Programs' financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria included appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Programs to impose their will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Programs. The Programs have no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Clean Water Program and the Drinking Water Program are reported for accounting purposes as Enterprise Funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with separate sets of self-balancing accounts which comprise their assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues and expenses. Enterprise Funds are used to report activities for which fees are charged to external users for goods or services.

The Programs account for the proceeds of the revenue bonds, the debt service requirements on the bonds, the investment of monies held within the bond funds and accounts and the equity account, receipt of EPA capitalization grants, the related Clean Water Program loans to municipalities and waste water systems, the Drinking Water Program loans to municipalities and drinking water systems and administrative costs of the Programs. The Authority and the State are not obligated for the repayment of the bonds, which are secured by certain loan agreements with the municipalities and water systems and other assets and revenues pledged under the applicable bond resolutions. Separate accounts are maintained under the various bond resolutions and for the equity account, and while the accounts are combined in the accompanying financial statements, the combined assets are available only in accordance with the applicable bond resolution and the Master Trust Agreement.

C. Measurement Focus

Enterprise Funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means all assets and liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activity are included on the statement of net assets, with the difference reported as net assets. Enterprise Fund operating statements present increases (revenue) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

In reporting the financial activity of their Enterprise Funds, the Programs apply all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Enterprise Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The Programs record revenues and expenses derived from loans and investments as operating revenues and expenses since these are generated from the Programs' operations and are needed to carry out its statutory purposes and to provide debt service coverage on its various bonds. Non operating revenue includes federal grants and state appropriations.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the basic financial statements:

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments that can be converted to cash within three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. These investments include the monies deposited in the State's interest-bearing pooled money funds, investment agreements associated with bond issues and various money market funds. The amount reported for July 1, 2003 cash and cash equivalents has been restated to include items previously excluded.

<u>Investments</u>

Under the various bond resolutions and State statutes, the Programs may invest in United States government and agency obligations directly or through repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, certificates of deposit in qualified financial institutions, pooled money funds with the State and investment agreements with United States government agencies, qualified financial institutions or qualified corporations.

Investments are recorded at fair value in the statements of net assets, with changes in the fair value of investments recorded in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets.

Loans to Municipalities, Waste Water Systems and Drinking Water Systems

The Clean Water Program and Drinking Water Program are operated as direct loan programs. Loan funds are disbursed to municipalities, waste water systems and drinking water systems as they expend funds for the purposes of the loan and request reimbursement from the Clean Water Program and Drinking Water Program.

Loans to municipalities, waste water systems and drinking water systems are recorded at their unpaid principal balance. The loans are intended to be held for their average lives of 20 years. Certain loans are pledged as collateral for particular bonds outstanding. Disadvantaged loans for drinking water systems are intended to be held for 30 years. Each municipality, waste water system or drinking water system has entered into a loan agreement with the Authority, DNR and the trustee and has evidenced its commitment to repay the loan by issuing a sewer revenue

obligation, a water revenue obligation or a general obligation to the Authority, which is held by the trustee as security for the loan. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been made as all loans are current and management believes all loans will be repaid according to the loan terms.

Loans made to individuals under the on-site septic system program are intended to be held for 5 to 10 years. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been made as all loans are current and the lending institution is responsible for repayment of the loan in the case the individual defaults.

Bond Issuance Costs, Net Premium and Amortization of Loss on Defeasance of Refunded Bonds

Bond issuance costs and net premiums are deferred and amortized as an adjustment to interest expense over the life of the related bond issues, using the bonds outstanding method. The loss on defeasance of refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the new debt.

Rebates Payable

The amount of investment income the Programs may earn on the proceeds from bonds issued is limited by federal legislation. Earnings in excess of the allowable amount must be rebated to the United States Treasury. Earnings in excess of the allowable amount are recorded in liabilities as rebates payable on the statement of net assets and are offset against investment income on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets.

Deferred Initiation Fees

Initiation fees are received at the time of origination of loans to municipalities and waste water systems or drinking water facilities. The initiation fee is amortized over the life of the loan using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method.

Net Assets

The Clean Water and Drinking Water Programs report restrictions of net assets for amounts legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Totals

The "total" columns contain the totals of the similar accounts of the various funds. Due to restrictions created by federal and Iowa law and the various bond resolutions and agreements, the totaling of the accounts, including assets therein, is for convenience only and does not indicate the combined assets are available in any manner other than provided by Federal and Iowa law and the bond resolutions or agreements.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2004, cash and cash equivalents consisted of co-mingled funds of \$268,034,189 invested in open-end mutual funds.

The Programs' investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Programs at year end. All investments held by the Programs are category 1, which include investments insured or registered or securities held by the Programs or its agent in the Programs' name.

Investments at June 30, 2004 were comprised totally of United States Government and agency obligations due.

(3) Loans Receivable

The Clean Water and Drinking Water Programs make loans to municipalities, waste water systems and drinking water systems for projects meeting the eligibility requirements of the Clean Water Act and the Safe Drinking Water Act. Loans are financed by capitalization grants, bond proceeds, the state match and revolving funds. Effective interest rates on loans vary between 3.00 percent and 5.02 percent and loans are generally repaid over 20 years, starting one year after the project is completed.

The Clean Water Program has made commitments to municipalities and waste water systems to provide loans for financing the construction of publicly owned water pollution control facilities. Each of the loan recipients has established a dedicated source of revenue for the repayment of the loans, including general obligation bonds or sewer revenue bonds issued at the recipient level.

During the year ended June 30, 2003, the DNR received an On-Site Septic System grant under the Clean Water Program. The DNR has awarded \$1,096,096 in loans to individuals as of June 30, 2004.

Amounts committed, disbursed and loans receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2004:

	(Loan Commitment Amount	= '	unds sbursed	Loans Receivable
Completed projects Projects in progress On-site septic system loans	\$	222,297,000 186,477,000 1,096,096	142,6	347,405 563,944 996,096	118,979,405 122,610,944 993,400
Total	\$	409,870,096	353,1	07,445	242,583,749

The Drinking Water Program has made commitments to municipalities and drinking water systems to provide loans for financing the construction of drinking water facilities. Each of the loan recipients has established a dedicated source of revenue for the repayment of the loans, including general obligation bonds or water revenue bonds. Amounts committed, disbursed and loans receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2004:

	(Loan Commitment Amount	Funds Disbursed	Loans Receivable
Completed projects Projects in progress	\$	70,095,000 78,458,000	67,728,080 49,221,516	61,002,080 47,544,516
Total	\$	148,553,000	116,949,596	108,546,596

A schedule of loan repayments by year is not included because repayment schedules are not finalized until projects are complete.

(4) Bonds Payable

Iowa State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, in the amount of \$233,225,000 were issued on December 20, 2001, as follows: \$210,395,000 due serially from August 1, 2002 to 2021 at interest rates of 4.00% to 5.50%; \$5,995,000 term bonds due August 1, 2016 at 5.50%; \$6,230,000 term bonds due August 1, 2018 at 5.50%; \$6,525,000 term bonds due August 1, 2020 at 5.00%; and \$4,080,000 term bonds due August 1, 2023 at 5.00%. Iowa State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, in the amount of \$56,100,000 were issued on January 23, 2003 and are due serially from August 1, 2003 to 2024 at interest rates of 2.00% to 5.00%.

Clean Water Program Portion	\$ 151,885,000
Add unamortized discount/premium	5,794,520
Less unamortized bond issuance cost	(255,741)
Less unamortized loss on defeasance of refunded bonds	(6,216,155)
Total Clean Water Program revenue bonds	\$ 151,207,624
Drinking Water Program Portion	\$ 106,745,000
Add unamortized discount/premium	1,577,776
Less unamortized bond issuance cost	(277,802)
Less unamortized loss on defeasance of refunded bonds	 (908,422)
Total Drinking Water Program revenue bonds	\$ 107,136,552

On December 20, 2001, the Authority issued Iowa State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, in the par amount of \$233,225,000 with interest rates of 4.00% to 5.50%, in part to refund and defease previously issued State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds. The funds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the February 1, 2001 through February 1, 2011 redemption of all Refunded Bonds.

A summary of scheduled bond maturities and interest follows:

Year	Clean Water Program		Drinking Wa	ater Program	
Ending	Principal		Principal		
June 30,	Amount	Interest	Amount	Interest	Total
2005	\$ 12,755,000	7,528,152	3,145,000	4,857,386	28,285,538
2006	13,180,000	6,896,515	4,380,000	4,708,186	29,164,701
2007	14,075,000	6,252,415	4,655,000	4,543,861	29,526,276
2008	14,440,000	5,520,465	4,955,000	4,356,574	29,272,039
2009	14,940,000	4,750,090	5,120,000	4,149,436	28,959,526
2010-2014	75,035,000	11,923,456	27,690,000	17,281,037	131,929,493
2015-2019	7,185,000	301,867	29,050,000	10,543,126	47,079,993
2020-2024	275,000	21,175	25,965,000	3,220,970	29,482,145
2025-2029	 -	-	1,785,000	42,394	1,827,394
Total	\$ 151,885,000	43,194,135	106,745,000	53,702,970	355,527,105

(5) Federal Capitalization Grants

The Clean Water and Drinking Water Programs are capitalized by grants from the EPA authorized by Title VI of the Clean Water Act and matching funds from the State. All funds drawn are recorded as federal grants. At June 30, 2004, the EPA has awarded capitalization grants of \$265,410,773 to the State for the Clean Water Program, of which \$253,036,963 has been drawn for loans and administrative expenses. In addition, the State has provided matching funds of \$53,082,155 through bond issuances within the Clean Water Program. The following summarizes the capitalization grants awarded, amounts drawn on each grant at June 30, 2004 and balances available for future loans or administrative expenses for the Clean Water Program.

Grant Award Year	EPA Grant Amount	Total Draws Beginning of Year	2004 Draws	Total Draws End of Year	Remaining Grant Available at June 30, 2004
1989	\$ 12,765,654	12,765,654	-	12,765,654	_
1990	13,204,422	13,204,422	_	13,204,422	-
1991	26,574,138	26,574,138	_	26,574,138	-
1992	25,650,000	25,650,000	-	25,650,000	-
1993	27,861,714	27,861,714	-	27,861,714	-
1994	16,140,960	16,140,960	-	16,140,960	-
1995	16,670,100	16,670,100	-	16,670,100	-
1996	27,306,080	27,306,080	-	27,306,080	-
1997	8,420,100	8,420,100	-	8,420,100	-
1998	18,381,432	18,381,432	-	18,381,432	-
1999	18,226,098	18,226,098	-	18,226,098	-
2000	18,164,322	7,522,175	10,642,147	18,164,322	-
2001	18,002,853	-	18,002,853	18,002,853	-
2002	 18,042,900	374,189	5,294,901	5,669,090	12,373,810
Total	\$ 265,410,773	219,097,062	33,939,901	253,036,963	12,373,810

At June 30, 2004, the EPA has awarded capitalization grants of \$93,890,400 to the State for the Drinking Water Program, of which \$84,235,328 has been drawn for loans and administrative expenses. In addition, the State has provided matching funds of \$18,778,080. The following summarizes the capitalization grants awarded, amounts drawn on each grant at June 30, 2004 and balances available for future loans or administrative expenses for the Drinking Water Program.

Grant Award Year	EPA Grant Amount	Total Draws Beginning of Year	2004 Draws	Total Draws End of Year	Remaining Grant Available at June 30, 2004
1997	\$ 16,857,300	16,857,300	_	16,857,300	-
1998	11,238,700	11,238,700	-	11,238,700	-
1999	11,779,300	11,779,300	_	11,779,300	-
2000	12,242,100	12,242,100	-	12,242,100	-
2001	12,292,700	9,661,407	2,631,293	12,292,700	-
2002	14,784,600	-	14,784,600	14,784,600	-
2003	 14,695,700	-	5,040,628	5,040,628	9,655,072
Totals	\$ 93,890,400	61,778,807	22,456,521	84,235,328	9,655,072

During the year, federal capitalization draws from EPA increased by the following amounts:

	Clean Water Program		Drinking Water Program
Balance at July 1, 2003	\$	219,097,062	61,778,807
On-site septic system program		539,224	-
Federal capitalization draws from EPA		33,400,677	22,456,521
Balance at June 30, 2004	\$	253,036,963	84,235,328

(6) Commitments

The Clean Water Program has loan agreements with municipalities, waste water systems and individuals totaling \$409,870,096, of which \$353,107,445 had been disbursed at June 30, 2004. The loan commitments, by revenue bond series, are as follows:

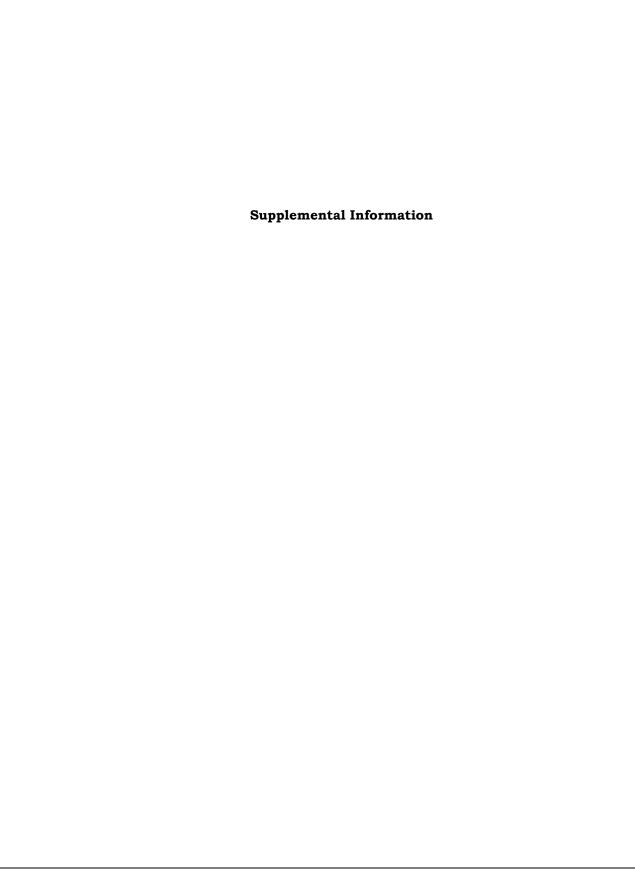
	Loan Commitments		Amount Disbursed
Series 2001	\$	315,261,000	296,325,562
Series 2003		17,455,098	15,723,509
Equity Fund		76,057,902	39,962,278
On-site septic system		1,096,096	1,096,096
Balance at June 30, 2004	\$	409,870,096	353,107,445

The Drinking Water Program has loan agreements with drinking water systems totaling \$148,553,000 of which \$116,949,596 had been disbursed at June 30, 2004. The loan commitments, by revenue bond series, are as follows:

	Loan Commitments		Amount Disbursed
Series 2001	\$	64,123,460	60,388,524
Series 2003 Equity Fund		51,711,540 32,718,000	39,822,611 16,738,461
Equity Fund		32,718,000	10,730,401
Balance at June 30, 2004	\$	148,553,000	116,949,596

(7) Risk Management

State employee benefits for health, dental, long-term disability and life insurance coverage are insured through commercial insurers. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage for the past three fiscal years.



Schedule of Loan Activity – Clean Water Program

		Total	Cummulative	Cummulative	June 30, 2004
		Loan	Amount	Loan Payments	Outstanding
Loan Recipient	Co	ommitment	Disbursed	Received	Loan Balance
Adair	\$	1,058,000	923,582	39,000	884,582
Adel		2,056,000	1,365,000	1,198,000	167,000
Afton		515,000	462,000	146,000	316,000
Agency		234,000	224,000	115,000	109,000
Anita		225,000	225,000	110,000	115,000
Ankeny		7,054,000	7,054,000	1,225,000	5,829,000
Armstrong		500,000	455,000	147,000	308,000
Audubon		2,666,000	2,528,875	99,000	2,429,875
Aurelia		900,000	721,000	148,000	573,000
Avoca		415,000	219,000	126,000	93,000
Battle Creek		338,000	170,000	19,000	151,000
Beacon		600,000	546,000	43,000	503,000
Blencoe		73,000	73,000	20,000	53,000
Bondurant		800,000	575,000	112,000	463,000
Boone		8,170,000	8,151,000	2,790,000	5,361,000
Boyden		196,000	186,315	7,000	179,315
Breda		686,000	686,000	135,000	551,000
Bronson		361,000	230,000	28,000	202,000
Brooklyn		1,325,000	1,286,249	134,000	1,152,249
Burt		656,000	650,000	49,000	601,000
Calmar		2,300,000	1,574,548	-	1,574,548
Camanche		336,000	323,000	190,000	133,000
Cambridge		448,000	374,000	47,000	327,000
Carlisle		2,084,000	1,583,000	1,583,000	-
Carroll		11,000,000	2,180,962	-	2,180,962
Charles City		3,000,000	2,722,459	-	2,722,459
Cherokee		6,463,000	5,559,701	382,000	5,177,701
Clarence		477,000	468,000	140,000	328,000
Clear Lake		16,631,000	16,631,000	8,884,000	7,747,000
Clinton		2,755,000	2,564,000	1,080,000	1,484,000
Colfax		1,984,000	1,984,000	151,000	1,833,000
Columbus City		232,000	232,000	24,000	208,000
Columbus Junction		606,000	606,000	62,000	544,000
Conrad		1,461,000	1,461,000	267,000	1,194,000
Coralville		11,475,000	10,698,000	7,889,000	2,809,000
Corning		3,075,000	3,031,161	-	3,031,161
Correctionville		1,000,000	850,000	127,000	723,000
Corydon		256,000	230,000	72,000	158,000
Cresco		1,000,000	853,000	91,000	762,000
Creston		4,022,000	4,020,000	1,066,000	2,954,000
Dallas Center		1,000,000	857,000	104,000	753,000

Schedule of Loan Activity – Clean Water Program

	Total	Cummulative	Cummulative	June 30, 2004
	Loan	Amount	Loan Payments	Outstanding
Loan Recipient	Commitment	Disbursed	Received	Loan Balance
Dayton	765,000	744,000	57,000	687,000
Decorah	825,000	341,142	-	341,142
Denmark	500,000	500,000	198,000	302,000
Des Moines	50,106,000	45,997,210	23,259,000	22,738,210
Dewitt	4,000,000	3,854,000	1,425,000	2,429,000
DNR State Parks	3,918,000	3,221,078	563,000	2,658,078
Dows	310,000	310,000	155,000	155,000
Dumont	196,000	150,000	118,000	32,000
Durant	2,450,000	2,117,000	518,000	1,599,000
Dyersville	2,269,000	2,267,000	154,000	2,113,000
Dysart	384,000	345,000	297,000	48,000
Eagle Grove	2,225,000	1,988,958	72,000	1,916,958
Earlham	1,450,000	1,370,000	110,000	1,260,000
Earling	133,000	129,000	48,000	81,000
Edgewood	450,000	420,000	420,000	-
Eldora	3,877,000	1,415,002	410,000	1,005,002
Emmetsburg	560,000	560,000	128,000	432,000
Exira	425,000	425,000	32,000	393,000
Fort Dodge	16,922,000	16,358,860	1,756,000	14,602,860
Fort Madison	1,120,000	427,000	148,000	279,000
Fredonia	196,000	196,000	21,000	175,000
Fremont	601,000	601,000	147,000	454,000
Gladbrook	706,000	480,258	81,000	399,258
Graettinger	375,000	369,000	127,000	242,000
Grand Mound	310,000	269,000	209,000	60,000
Grandview	300,000	3,000	-	3,000
Granger	665,000	655,000	121,000	534,000
Grimes	5,372,000	5,368,637	547,000	4,821,637
Grinnell	5,855,000	5,411,000	5,411,000	-
Griswold	750,000	750,000	106,000	644,000
Hamburg	369,000	358,246	43,000	315,246
Hazelton	730,000	618,000	119,000	499,000
Holstein	1,041,000	1,036,000	226,000	810,000
Hull	750,000	750,000	106,000	644,000
Humboldt	4,847,000	4,619,000	677,000	3,942,000
Independence	1,336,000	1,097,000	1,097,000	-
Indianola	1,736,000	1,682,000	1,429,000	253,000

Schedule of Loan Activity – Clean Water Program

Loan Recipient	Total Loan Commitment	Cummulative Amount Disbursed	Cummulative Loan Payments Received	June 30, 2004 Outstanding Loan Balance
Inwood	529,000	529,000	60,000	469,000
Iowa Falls	4,745,000	3,709,000	1,185,000	2,524,000
Jefferson	4,951,000	3,497,272	-	3,497,272
Johnston	2,359,000	2,359,000	2,359,000	-
Kalona	1,093,000	963,415	170,000	793,415
Kanawha	338,000	338,000	150,000	188,000
Keystone	600,000	273,335	32,000	241,335
Knoxville	1,592,000	1,592,000	1,592,000	-
Lake Park	1,066,000	1,028,000	248,000	780,000
Lake View	1,138,000	1,138,000	159,000	979,000
Lamoni	1,108,000	1,108,000	84,000	1,024,000
Larchwood	700,000	633,614	53,000	580,614
Le Grand	500,000	455,000	230,000	225,000
Lemars	7,900,000	1,876,525	-	1,876,525
Lisbon	1,200,000	12,000	-	12,000
Logan	1,257,000	1,210,000	125,000	1,085,000
Lone Tree	1,021,000	786,000	162,000	624,000
Lovilia	554,000	552,367	21,000	531,367
Lowden	145,000	145,000	145,000	-
Macbride	175,000	168,000	65,000	103,000
Manson	309,000	309,000	36,000	273,000
Maquoketa	4,546,000	4,348,684	741,000	3,607,684
Marcus	1,375,000	1,339,000	303,000	1,036,000
Marengo	360,000	360,000	177,000	183,000
Marshalltown	4,349,000	4,122,637	-	4,122,637
Martensdale	210,000	176,000	81,000	95,000
Mason City	4,237,000	4,237,000	2,242,000	1,995,000
Melcher-Dallas	405,000	382,000	68,000	314,000
Minburn	657,000	653,000	258,000	395,000
Missouri Valley	337,000	329,000	161,000	168,000
Mitchellville	1,200,000	12,000	-	12,000
Monroe	520,000	446,360	53,000	393,360
Montour	149,000	96,000	44,000	52,000
Morning Sun	242,000	242,000	72,000	170,000
Moulton	400,000	400,000	87,000	313,000
Moville	500,000	500,000	38,000	462,000
Mt. Pleasant	7,657,000	7,657,000	1,367,000	6,290,000

Schedule of Loan Activity – Clean Water Program

_	Total Loan	Cummulative Amount	Cummulative Loan Payments	June 30, 2004 Outstanding
Loan Recipient	Commitment	Disbursed	Received	Loan Balance
Nevada	1,114,000	1,114,000	434,000	680,000
New Sharon	546,000	388,000	45,000	343,000
Newton	2,261,000	2,259,000	84,000	2,175,000
North Liberty	5,572,000	5,093,000	999,000	4,094,000
Norwalk	2,903,000	2,903,000	455,000	2,448,000
Ogden	2,000,000	20,000	-	20,000
Osceola	4,550,000	3,527,852	537,000	2,990,852
Oskaloosa	11,183,000	9,217,386	3,897,000	5,320,386
Ottumwa	15,000,000	15,000,000	5,054,000	9,946,000
Oxford	266,000	262,000	91,000	171,000
Parkersburg	1,176,000	900,060	164,000	736,060
Paullina	567,000	418,000	230,000	188,000
Pella	6,515,000	5,045,000	620,000	4,425,000
Perry	6,021,000	6,021,000	4,144,000	1,877,000
Pleasantville	876,000	744,000	141,000	603,000
Preston	715,000	715,000	375,000	340,000
Primghar	613,000	427,265	23,000	404,265
Quasqueton	650,000	614,000	47,000	567,000
Rockwell City	1,766,000	1,766,000	314,000	1,452,000
Russell	350,000	294,101	-	294,101
Ryan	195,000	187,000	27,000	160,000
Sanborn	916,000	9,160	-	9,160
Sheldon	1,167,000	1,106,000	416,000	690,000
Shellsburg	1,982,000	1,947,074	79,000	1,868,074
Sigourney	1,546,000	1,320,630	279,000	1,041,630
Sioux Center	2,164,000	2,164,000	570,000	1,594,000
Sioux City	10,785,000	10,355,500	1,217,000	9,138,500
Slater	1,500,000	1,403,325	56,000	1,347,325
Solon	250,000	209,326	9,000	200,326
Stanley	50,000	500	-	500
Stanton	275,000	275,000	134,000	141,000
Stanwood	294,000	294,000	192,000	102,000
Stratford	350,000	350,000	170,000	180,000
Sully	607,000	607,000	175,000	432,000
Sumner	3,100,000	1,238,364	-	1,238,364
Tabor	1,000,000	950,000	348,000	602,000
Tama	1,828,000	1,784,000	616,000	1,168,000

Schedule of Loan Activity - Clean Water Program

June 30, 2004

Loan Recipient	Total Loan Commitment	Cummulative Amount Disbursed	Cummulative Loan Payments Received	6/30/2004 Outstanding Loan Balance
Tiffin	1,600,000	1,570,000	288,000	1,282,000
Tipton	3,200,000	32,000	-	32,000
Traer	858,000	858,000	55,000	803,000
Tripoli	825,000	716,000	21,000	695,000
Truro	213,000	11,848	-	11,848
Urbandale Ssd	3,400,000	3,400,000	1,319,000	2,081,000
Van Horne	1,750,000	1,725,000	123,000	1,602,000
Van Meter	559,000	457,000	229,000	228,000
Walford	2,018,000	704,042	75,000	629,042
Waukee	2,579,000	2,568,000	570,000	1,998,000
Wayland	266,000	249,000	102,000	147,000
Webster City	3,900,000	3,900,000	560,000	3,340,000
Wellman	1,339,000	1,317,000	193,000	1,124,000
West Bend	825,000	699,000	155,000	544,000
West Des Moines	6,558,000	6,558,000	2,314,000	4,244,000
West Point	665,000	569,000	209,000	360,000
West/High Amana	715,000	713,000	1,000	712,000
Whiting	398,000	3,980	-	3,980
Williams	524,000	278,394	-	278,394
Wilton	1,794,000	1,794,000	257,000	1,537,000
Winterset	1,100,000	1,100,000	158,000	942,000
Woodward	600,000	438,349	22,000	416,349
Worthington	350,000	303,744	50,000	253,744
Wyoming	404,000	396,000	26,000	370,000
	408,774,000	352,011,349	110,421,000	241,590,349
On-Site Septic System Loans	1,096,096	1,096,096	102,696	993,400
Total	\$ 409,870,096	353,107,445	110,523,696	242,583,749

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Schedule of Loan Activity – Drinking Water Program

Loan Recipient	Total Loan Commitment	Cummulative Amount Disbursed	Cummulative Loan Payments Received	June 30, 2004 Outstanding Loan Balance
Ainsworth	\$ 530,0	00 378,519	-	378,519
Alden	850,0	00 476,000	40,000	436,000
Alleman	693,0	00 69,238	-	69,238
Alton	125,0	00 125,000	5,000	120,000
Andrew	552,0	525,000	67,000	458,000
Ankeny	925,0	908,000	105,000	803,000
Asbury	2,481,0	2,479,000	126,000	2,353,000
Bancroft	600,0	570,420	22,000	548,420
Blairstown	1,344,0	00 1,344,000	142,000	1,202,000
Bondurant	972,0	972,000	81,000	891,000
Boyden	700,0	00 679,480	49,000	630,480
Corning	4,008,0	00 4,005,080	303,000	3,702,080
De Soto	190,0	00 178,000	27,000	151,000
Dennison	4,808,0	00 4,808,000	553,000	4,255,000
Des Moines	2,492,0	2,403,000	93,000	2,310,000
Dewitt	1,200,0	00 1,198,000	87,000	1,111,000
Dow City	144,0	00 144,000	15,000	129,000
Dyersville	849,0	00 847,000	63,000	784,000
Elk Horn	450,0		49,000	401,000
Fairfield	5,900,0	5,796,319	144,000	5,652,319
Fort Dodge	8,633,0	00 849,770	-	849,770
Grimes	5,976,0	5,970,000	674,000	5,296,000
Griswold	110,0	00 104,411	-	104,411
Hancock	195,0	00 178,000	28,000	150,000
Hartford	538,0	00 446,000	67,000	379,000
Huxley	2,316,0	2,314,000	176,000	2,138,000
Iowa Amer Water	2,265,0	2,265,000	247,000	2,018,000
Janesville	225,0	00 225,000	43,000	182,000
Kalona	1,067,0	00 923,859	-	923,859
Keota	780,0	780,000	59,000	721,000
Lake View	590,0		60,000	469,000
Lamoni	300,0		34,000	264,000
Latimer	435,0		63,000	372,000
Lemars	8,800,0		546,000	4,116,243
Lone Tree	700,0		37,000	211,063
Lorhville	390,0	·	24,000	319,000

Schedule of Loan Activity – Drinking Water Program

June 30, 2004

Loan Recipient	Total Loan Commitment	Cummulative Amount Disbursed	Cummulative Loan Payments Received	June 30, 2004 Outstanding Loan Balance
Mason City	17,565,000	14,661,316	654,000	14,007,316
Mechanicsville	595,000	397,000	73,000	324,000
Morning Sun	365,000	365,000	54,000	311,000
Mt.Pleasant	5,934,000	5,934,000	882,000	5,052,000
Neola	350,000	78,928	-	78,928
Newhall	1,054,000	630,048	57,000	573,048
Newton	1,200,000	1,156,000	169,000	987,000
North English	590,000	148,585	-	148,585
Northwood	1,690,000	1,690,000	252,000	1,438,000
Norwalk	1,175,000	1,175,000	175,000	1,000,000
Norway	125,000	95,000	8,000	87,000
Odebolt	688,000	504,000	87,000	417,000
Osceola	4,066,000	3,267,914	151,000	3,116,914
Oxford	495,000	495,000	74,000	421,000
Panora	405,000	393,000	52,000	341,000
Perry	625,000	600,000	115,000	485,000
Pocahontas	1,615,000	16,150	-	16,150
Polk County	800,000	800,000	118,000	682,000
Prairie City	1,175,000	1,175,000	125,000	1,050,000
Rockwell City	466,000	4,660	-	4,660
Scranton	861,000	861,000	128,000	733,000
Shelby	800,000	800,000	89,000	711,000
Sigourney	440,000	440,000	51,000	389,000
Sioux City	25,000,000	17,440,274	511,000	16,929,274
Somers	56,000	56,000	6,000	50,000
Spencer	1,525,000	1,500,000	162,000	1,338,000
Spirit Lake	3,764,000	2,992,612	140,000	2,852,612
Stanton	420,000	420,000	62,000	358,000
Storm Lake	7,500,000	7,141,615	-	7,141,615
Sully	550,000	550,000	104,000	446,000
Tiffin	1,650,000	580,959	62,000	518,959
Treynor	300,000	228,000	10,000	218,000
Vinton	40,000	40,000	3,000	37,000
Wahpeton	1,536,000	1,385,133	· -	1,385,133
Total	\$ 148,553,000	116,949,596	8,403,000	108,546,596

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

David A. Vaudt, CPA Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 242-6134

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

To the Officials of the Iowa Finance Authority and the Iowa Department of Natural Resources:

We have audited the financial statements of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of their compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs' internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials of the Iowa Finance Authority and the Iowa Department of Natural Resources, citizens of the State of Iowa and other parties to whom the Programs may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

WARREN G. JENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

March 24, 2005

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE





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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable
to Environmental Protection Agency's State Revolving Fund Programs
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Officials of the Iowa Finance Authority and the Iowa Department of Natural Resources:

We have audited the financial statements of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2005. We have also audited the compliance of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs with the types of compliance requirements described in the Environmental Protection Agency Clean Water State Revolving Fund – Audit Guide and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program Guidelines. The management of the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs is responsible for the Programs' compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Environmental Protection Agency Clean Water State Revolving Fund – Audit Guide</u> and <u>Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program Guidelines</u>. Those standards and provisions require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs' compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Iowa Water Pollution Control Works and Drinking Water Facilities Financing Programs complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its federal financial assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2004.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials of the Iowa Finance Authority and the Iowa Department of Natural Resources, citizens of the State of Iowa and other parties to whom the Programs may report, including federal awarding agencies. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

WARREN G. JENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

March 24, 2005

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Pamela J. Bormann, CPA, Manager James S. Cunningham, CPA, Senior Auditor II Stephanie A. Bernard, Staff Auditor Jennifer R. Edgar, Staff Auditor Bobbie J. Zediker, Assistant Auditor

> Andrew E. Nielsen, CPA Deputy Auditor of State