Iowa Department of Elder Affairs

Title IIIB Legal Assistance Program

Activity Report for SFY 2007

Prepared from data submitted by legal providers and Area Agencies on Aging

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Introduction

The legal needs of older Iowans are very real and often entwined with other issues that first come to the attention of the aging network. Legal assistance issues are present when questions arise over shelter, adequate food, services, public benefits, and independence. The legal concerns can come in the form of landlord/tenant frustrations, housing violations, advance directives, guardianship, mental health commitment, wills, resident's rights, individual's rights, appeals for Medicaid or Medicare, protection from elder abuse, pursuit of consumer fraud and scams and age discrimination. The aging network legal providers, funded in part by the Older Americans Act dollars, respond to these types of issues and are a valuable resource to those older Iowans who find themselves in situations where legal advice or assistance is needed.

Under the Older Americans Act (OAA), the term legal assistance means legal advice and representation provided by an attorney to older individuals with economic or social needs and includes...counseling or other appropriate assistance. Paralegals or legal assistants under the direct supervision of licensed attorneys can also provide assistance. Legal assistance has been a priority service since 1975 when they were first created under the OAA. The 2000 amendments retained legal assistance as one of the three categories of priority services under Title III, Part B, Supportive Services. Priority services must be funded by each Area Agency on Aging in an adequate proportion. Iowa determined that the minimum adequate proportion is 3%.

The Iowa Title IIIB Legal Assistance Program serves persons 60 years of age and older by providing legal advice and representation, information and education and referrals in civil legal matters throughout the state. The role of this program is to identify and serve the legal needs of those older people who are most vulnerable due to social and/or economic circumstances, particularly those who are frail, isolated and/or minorities.

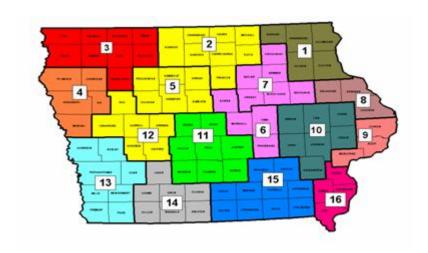
Another piece of the legal assistance program is found in Title III and VII of the OAA. Under Title III, each state is required to assign personnel (one of which is to be known as legal assistance developer) to provide state leadership in developing legal assistance programs for older individuals throughout the state. (OAA §307(a) (13). Iowa's Legal Assistance Developer is Deanna Clingan-Fischer, JD.

In Title VII, each state must provide a State Legal Assistance Developer and the services of other personnel sufficient to ensure:

- 1. Leadership in securing and maintaining legal rights of older individuals;
- 2. Coordination of the provision of legal assistance;
- 3. Provision of technical assistance, training, and other supportive functions to area agencies on aging, legal assistance providers, ombudsman, and other persons as appropriate;
- 4. Promotion of financial management services for older individuals at risk of conservatorship;
- 5. Assistance to older individuals in understanding their rights, exercising choices, benefiting from services and opportunities and maintaining the rights of older individuals at risk of guardianship; and
- 6. Improvement of the quality and quantity of legal services provided to older individuals

In an effort to highlight the work of the Older Americans Act Title IIIB legal assistance network in Iowa, the Department of Elder Affairs began collecting data from Area Agencies on Aging and the legal providers. This report provides a summary of Units of service, Clients served, Client demographics by minority, economic need, social need and age, Types of cases handled, Level of service provided to each client, Community education presentations, Emerging issues and unmet needs and Outcomescase summaries.

LEGAL SERVICES FUNDED UNDER TITLE IIIB OF THE OLDER AMERICANS ACT



Area 1 & 8

Iowa Legal Aid 799 Main Street, Suite 280 Dubuque, Iowa 52001 (563) 588-4653 or 1-800-942-4619

Area 2, 5 & 12

lowa Legal Aid 600 1st St., NW, Suite 103 Mason City, Iowa 50401 (641) 423-4651 or 1-800-392-0021

Area 3 & 4

Iowa Legal Aid 520 Nebraska Street Suite 337 Sioux City, Iowa 51101 (712) 277-8686 or 1-800-352-0017

Area 6 & 7

lowa Legal Aid 607 Sycamore Street Suite 708 PO Box 2673 Waterloo, Iowa 50704 (319) 235-7008 or 1-800-772-0039

Area 9

H.E.L.P. Legal Assistance 736 Federal Street Suite 401 Davenport, Iowa 52803 (563) 322-6216

Area 10

Martha Quint Attorney at Law 118 3rd Avenue, SE Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52401 (319) 366-7675

Area 11

Drake University Legal Clinic 2400 University Des Moines, Iowa 50311 (515) 271-3851

Iowa Legal Aid 1111 9th Street, Suite 230 Des Moines, Iowa 50314 (515) 280-3636 or 1-800-532-1503

Area 13

Iowa Legal Aid 532 1st Avenue, Suite 300 Council Bluffs, Iowa 51503 (712) 328-3982 or 1-800-432-9229

Area 14

Iowa Legal Aid 1111 9th Street, Suite 230 Des Moines, Iowa 50314 (515) 280-3636 or 1-800-532-1503

Area 15

Iowa Legal Aid 112 East 3rd Street Ottumwa, Iowa 52501 (641) 683-3166 or 1-800-452-0007

Area 16

Iowa Legal Aid 430 Iowa Avenue Iowa City, Iowa 52240 (319) 351-6570 or 1-800-272-0008

IOWA AREA AGENCIES ON AGING (AAA) NETWORK



Area 1

Northland AAA 808 River Street Decorah, Iowa 52101 (563) 382-2941 or 1-800-233-4603

Area 2, 5 & 12

Elderbridge AAA 22 N. Georgia, Suite 216 Mason City, Iowa 50401 (641) 424-0678 or 1-800-243-0678

Area 3

Northwest Aging Assoc. 714 10th Avenue East Spencer, Iowa 51301 (712) 262-1775 or 1-800-242-5033

Area 4

Siouxland Aging Services, Inc. 2301 Pierce Street Sioux City, Iowa 51104 (712) 279-6900 or 1-800-798-6916

Area 6 & 7

Hawkeye Valley AAA 2101 Kimball Avenue, Suite 320 Waterloo, Iowa 50702 (319) 272-2244 or 1-800-779-8707

Area 8

Scenic Valley AAA 3505 Stoneman Road, Suite 4 Dubuque, Iowa 52002 (563) 588-3970

Area 9

Generations AAA 935 E. 53rd Street Davenport, Iowa 52807 (563) 324-9085 or 1-800-892-9085

Area 10

The Heritage Agency 6301 Kirkwood Blvd SW PO Box 2068 Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52406 (319) 398-5559 or 1-800-332-5934

Area 11

Aging Resources of Central lowa 5835 Grand Ave, Suite 106 Des Moines, Iowa 50312 (515) 255-1310 or 1-800-747-5352

Area 13

Southwest 8 Senior Services, Inc. 300 W. Broadway, Suite 240 Council Bluffs, Iowa 51501 (712) 328-2540 or 1-800-432-9209

Area 14

Area XIV AAA 215 E. Montgomery Creston, Iowa 50801 (641) 782-4040

Area 15

Seneca AAA 117 N. Cooper Street, Suite 2 Ottumwa, Iowa 52501 (641) 682-2270 or 1-800-642-6522

Area 16

Southeast Iowa AAA, Inc. 509 Jefferson Street Burlington, Iowa 52601 (319) 752-5433 or 1-800-292-1268

Title IIIB Legal Services Report for SFY 2007

SUMMARY

I. Source and Type of Information Provided

This report is a summary of the activities and accomplishments of the Title IIIB legal services providers serving Iowans age 60 and older during State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2007. (July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007). The data the report is based upon was obtained from quarterly reports submitted by the state's Title IIIB legal services providers. These reports were submitted to the Iowa Department of Elder Affairs and to the Area Agency on Aging (AAA) with whom each provider has contracted. The quarterly reports provided information relative to: 1) units of service and clients served; 2) client demographics; 3) types of cases handled; 4) the level of service provided to each client; 5) community education presentations; 6) emerging issues and unmet need and 7) outcome reporting—case summaries.

II. Providers of Service

There are 11 Title IIIB legal services providers contracted with by Iowa's 13 Area Agencies on Aging in SFY '06. These providers made services available in all 16 planning and service areas and all 99 counties. The Legal Service Providers include Iowa Legal Aid regional offices (8), a Private Attorney, Martha L. Quint (1), The Senior Citizens Law Project of HELP Legal Assistance (1) and a Law School Senior Clinic, Drake University Legal Clinic (1).

III. Units of Service, Clients and Total Cases

The Title IIIB legal assistance programs served 2,792 clients while providing 10,765 hours of service. Services provided include: counsel and advice, brief service, referrals, settled with litigation, court decisions, settled without litigation, administrative decision and other.

On the Legal Assistance Standardized Reporting form, the categories for reporting legal cases handled are:

Consumer/Finance Housing

Employment Income Maintenance Family Individual Rights Health Miscellaneous

In SFY 2007, the four (4) primary case types handled statewide were:

Wills/Estates 21% Medicaid 15% Collection 14% Miscellaneous* 09%

*Cases under miscellaneous include issues such as General Power of Attorney and areas not specifically specified on the report form.

Wills/Estates, Medicaid, Collection, and Miscellaneous represent 59% of the types of cases brought to the attention of the legal providers. A complete listing of individual case types by number of clients and as a percentage of the total clients is included in this report on pages 19-20.

The legal providers served 50% (or 1,386) of clients through counsel and advice. Another 31% (or 842 clients) were handled with brief service. See Figure 6 entitled "Clients Served by Case Type and Level of Service" on page 21 for a complete listing.

IV. Community Education

A total of 68 sessions were presented through community education efforts and a total of 915 individuals were served. Topics discussed at the community education forums were: advance directives including durable powers of attorney for health care and living wills, financial powers of attorney, Medicare prescription drug program, Medicaid eligibility, guardianship, conservatorship, estate planning, consumer fraud, income tax and telephone tax refunds, identity theft and legal resources available in the community.

V. Minority Groups Served

Of the total clients receiving legal assistance through the Title IIIB program, 261 were minorities. This represents 9% of all clients served. The breakdown by minority group is as follows:

American Indian/Alaskan Native:	05
Asian:	07
Black/African American:	208
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	06
Hispanic:	35

VI. Economically and Socially Needy

In SFY 07, 29%, or 812 of all older Iowan's receiving legal assistance were in greatest economic need. This means that the need resulted from having an income level at or below the poverty level. The reports also showed that 40%, or 1,109 of all older Iowan's receiving legal assistance were considered to be in greatest social need. This means that the need was caused by non-economic factors which include physical and mental disabilities, language barriers, and cultural, social or geographical isolation caused by racial or ethnic status, that either: (i) restricts the ability of the individual to perform normal daily tasks; or (ii) threatens the capacity of the individual to live independently.

VII. Age Groups Served

The figures below show a breakdown of older Iowan's served by the Title IIIB Legal Assistance Program. These figures are compared to the statewide unmet needs totals from SFY 2007. The unmet needs data is reported to the Iowa Department of Elder Affairs from the Area Agencies on Aging through an unmet needs reporting system. These numbers account for only those elderly Iowans that have contact with Area Agencies on Aging (AAA) and service providers and not all elderly Iowans within the aging network.

Age Group	Legal Assistance Receive						
60-74	1,682						
75+	1,110						
Hours of service	10,765						

Unmet Need for Legal Assistance

As Identified by the <u>Unmet Needs Report</u>

As Identified by Title IIIB Legal Providers

112 clients needing 361 hours of assistance

402 clients

needing 993 hours of assistance

Both the legal assistance and unmet need reports request information to determine the extent of the need for legal assistance. Both reports reflect an unmet need for legal assistance. The reason identified for the unmet need: the funding resource is inadequate to cover the entire need. The Unmet Need report figures highlight that 112 older Iowans had legal assistance needs which would have totaled 361 hours of service that were not met. The Title IIIB legal providers reported that 402 clients were in need of legal assistance which would have resulted in 993 hours of assistance. The total from both reports reflect that of the individuals that came into contact with the aging network and its providers, 514 clients had legal needs that could not be addressed by the current resources due to inadequate funding resources. These 514 individuals needed 1,354 hours of legal assistance service.

VIII. Emerging Issues and Unmet Need

The Title IIIB legal providers identified the following emerging issues within the older Iowan population where assistance is needed: Consumer debt and credit card issues, Collections, Involuntary discharges from facilities, Placement of a registered sex offender in care facilities, Miller trusts, Medicaid eligibility, income tax filings, and Representation in involuntary guardianships and conservatorship actions.

The Title IIIB legal assistance program does have limited funding and resources. These limited resources prevented the legal providers from providing services in many areas considered important to older Iowans.

IX. Outcomes—Case Summaries

Listed below are actual case summaries provided by the legal providers showing how Title IIIB legal assistance programs have helped older Iowans.

- O A 69 year-old woman began receiving harassing telephone calls from debt collectors. One creditor threatened to throw her in jail if she did not pay her bill. The client had been making payments until health problems made it impossible for her to work. The client became emotionally frail and distraught because of the threats being made. The legal provider advised the client generally how to deal with creditors and then wrote a letter to her various creditors requesting that they cease their contacts with the client. Because of this intervention, this client was no longer harassed by debt collectors.
- o A 67 year-old man contacted the legal provider after learning that the care center where he lived was trying to evict him on the grounds that he was difficult to get along with. He had lived at the care center for 17 months and did not wish to move. A plan was developed to handle the difficulties but was not being followed. The legal provider represented the client at the involuntary discharge hearing seeking that the plan be followed and the client was able to remain in the home of his choice.
- o The legal provider was contacted by an 85 year-old woman who had purchased cemetery stones the previous year but had never been delivered. The client had called the company several times but there was always an excuse as to why they were not ready. The legal provider sent the company a letter in an attempt to resolve the issue and shared information with the client on filing a small claims action. Because of the legal provider's intervention, the client finally received the cemetery stones she had purchased.
- o The legal provider assisted an elderly man, acting as Guardian Ad Litem, in an involuntary conservatorship proceeding where there was self-neglect and abuse. The legal provider was able to review the situation and recommend changes to protect the elderly client. Due to the legal provider's involvement, the client was safe.

- o A 62 year-old woman contacted the legal provider to request help in obtaining a restraining order against her boyfriend. Violence against her had escalated over recent months. Her daughter and grandchildren were living with her and she feared for their safety. She contacted the police who suggested the restraining order. The legal provider helped this woman file for a restraining order and represented her at the hearing. At the hearing, the legal provider worked to reach an agreement with the boyfriend.
- o A disabled elderly man lived at a Section 8 housing complex. The complex attempted to evict this man, against his wishes. The legal provider was contacted and was able to negotiate with the landlord in order to prevent eviction and to work to resolve the concerns. Due to the legal provider's involvement, the client was able to continue living at his residence and has his needs being addressed.
- O A widow called the legal provider as she had some estate planning concerns. She had questions about her will, powers of attorney and the deed to her house. Since her husband had died, she was concerned for her children and wanted to ensure that her disabled son was taken care of after her death. The legal provider drafted a new will, durable power of attorney for health care, general durable power of attorney for financial matters, and discussed a special needs trust and the probate process. Through this representation, the client was visibly much more at ease and knew her children would be able to care for her as needed, and they would be taken care of after her death.
- The legal provider was contacted by a 78 year-old woman who stated that the Social Security Administration was going to take all of her Social Security checks because of an overpayment. The Social Security Administration had been taking \$10 each month for the past few years to repay the overpayment. The client was advised to file an appeal of this decision. The legal provider then filed for reconsideration on behalf of the client and requested a waiver of the overpayment. After several months, The Social Security Administration decided to waive the overpayment, and the client was able to keep her benefits and not worry about paying for food or medicine.

- o A 90 year-old woman contacted the legal provider to revoke a power of attorney due to concerns with how the attorney-in-fact was handling the finances. The legal provider drafted a new document and relayed information to the client on reporting suspected adult abuse.
- An 81 year-old man was renting an efficiency apartment which was located on the back side of his landlord's house. He discovered, with the help of his son, that there was something suspicious about the way the electric meter was running to his apartment and the landlord's house. He called the utility company and they came out to look at the meter. The utility company representative told him that it appeared that the landlord was taking electric power from the tenant but could not tell for sure without shutting down the entire building. The man told the utility company to wait. When rent came due, the tenant confronted the landlord and refused to pay rent. He was then served with eviction papers by the sheriff and represented himself in court where he lost the case. He found a new place to live and delivered the keys to his ex-landlord at which time he was given an itemized list of expenses that the landlord claimed were owed. He refused to pay and was served with a small claims notice. At this point, the legal provider was contacted for help. The legal provider represented the client in court and was successful in negotiating an agreement with the landlord in which the landlord agreed to dismiss the case.
- o A 74-year old man and his wife were having problems making ends meet. The man had read about possible assistance, especially paying for Medicare Part B premiums. The client's wife had \$18,000 in savings and they sometimes dipped into this to pay bills. The client's wondered what the money could be spent on and still qualify for some state assistance. The legal provider advised that the client's would be allowed \$6,000 for purposes of qualifying for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary Program (QMB). Since the client's did not have a mortgage on the home, they were advised that they could use some of the money in savings to purchase pre-paid funeral packages. The client's were provided with information on financial assistance available to pay for some medical expenses and were advised about eligibility for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) and Medicare Extra Assistance. Due to the legal provider's involvement, the client's were able to pay bills and still have funds for basic needs.

- o A legal provider saved a client about \$39,000 in the process of resolving an elder abuse case. The client was an 83 year-old woman who had recently granted financial power of attorney to a niece. The niece began to steal the money—cashing the client's certificates of deposit and even acquired a mortgage on the client's home. The niece was charged with theft and filed bankruptcy. The legal provider was able to get the bank to remove the mortgage, saving the client \$39,000 and lifting her spirits.
- The legal provider was contacted by an 82 year-old woman who had hired a contractor to perform some home repairs. The client received financial assistance from the city to have the work done. The contractor who performed the work did a shoddy job and the financial assistance entity refused to pay the contractor. The contractor then sued the client for over \$25,000. The legal provider represented the client and was able to convince the contractor to dismiss the case. The contractor had also filed a lien against the home and was attempting to foreclose on the client's home. The provider represented the client in this action as well and worked out a resolution. Due to the legal provider's involvement, the client was able to stay in her home and have the worked completed to meet her requirements.
- o A 79 year-old man contacted the legal provider after his wife passed away. His wife had been on Title 19 and in a nursing home. The client received a letter which stated that he owed Estate Recovery over \$100,000. He understood that the state had a claim against him for half of the value of his home when he dies but wanted to try to preserve the home to leave to his kids and wanted to know options. The legal provider advised on the pros and cons of transferring his home and clarified that the state's claim under estate recovery was only against his estate to the extent he has assets at the time of his death. The legal provider advised the client to complete an affidavit to get the home in his name alone and provided the forms and information on how to file.

As is evident from the case stories above, older Iowans were given legal assistance which helped them prevent or resolve their legal problems. The legal providers also distributed a wide variety of self-help booklets, as well as made referrals, when appropriate, to the volunteer lawyer's projects and/or other administrative agencies. Older Iowans were able to learn more about their legal rights and responsibilities through this effort.

STATE TOTALS FOR THE LEGAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Legal Assistance Program SFY 2007 Total Clients and Hours by AAA Total Clients = 2,792 Total Hours = 10,765 hrs □ Clients

Figure 1: Clients and Hours by AAA

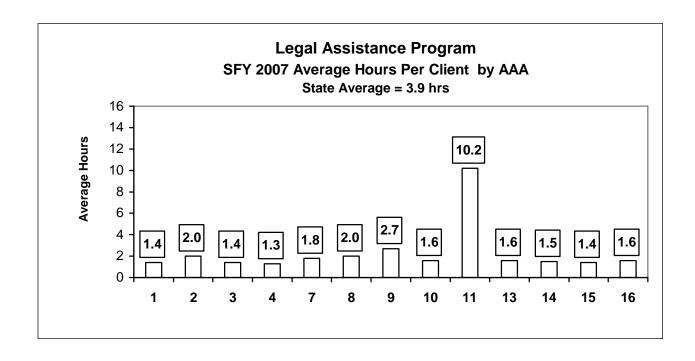
Key:

☐ Total Hours

747 6,997

	Area Agencies on Aging										
1	Northland	10	Heritage								
2	Elderbridge	11	Aging Resources of Central Iowa								
3	Northwest Aging Association	13	Southwest 8 Senior Services								
4	Siouxland	14	Area XIV								
7	Hawkeye Valley	15	Seneca								
8	Scenic Valley	16	Southeast Iowa								
9	Generations										

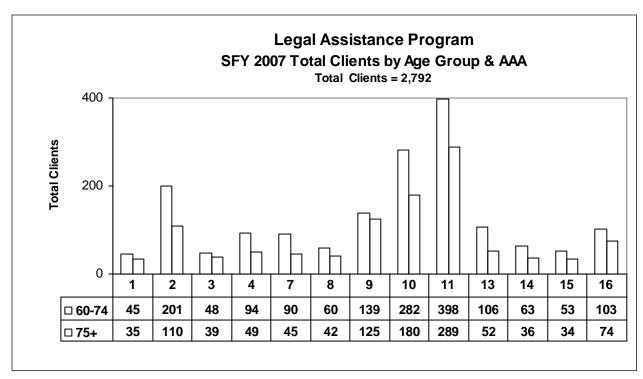
Figure 2: Average Hours per Client by AAA



Key:

	Area Agencies on Aging									
1	Northland	10	Heritage							
2	Elderbridge	11	Aging Resources of Central Iowa							
3	Northwest Aging Association	13	Southwest 8 Senior Services							
4	Siouxland	14	Area XIV							
7	Hawkeye Valley	15	Seneca							
8	Scenic Valley	16	Southeast Iowa							
9	Generations									

Figure 3: Clients Served by Age Group and AAA



Note: 60% of Clients were in the 60-74 age group 40% of Clients were in the 75+ age group

Key:

Area Agencies on Aging										
1	Northland	10	Heritage							
2	Elderbridge	11	Aging Resources of Central Iowa							
3	Northwest Aging Association	13	Southwest 8 Senior Services							
4	Siouxland	14	Area XIV							
7	Hawkeye Valley	15	Seneca							
8	Scenic Valley	16	Southeast Iowa							
9	Generations									

Figure 4: Individual Case Types by Number of Clients and as a Percentage of the Total Clients

Legal Assistance Program Individual Case Types by Number of Clients and as a Percentage of the Total Clients

N= 2,792 Clients

Case Type	Total Clien	ts %	Case Type	Total Clients	%
Wills/estates	586	21%	Visitation	15	1%
Medicaid	428	16%	Utilities	15	1%
Collection	374	14%	Support	13	1%
Other (Misc)	246	9%	Unfair Sales	13	1%
Homeowners	166	6%	Loans	11	0%
Landlord/tenant	127	5%	Abuse	10	0%
Guardianship	89	3%	Unemployment	09	0%
Other (Income)	76	3%	SSI	09	0%
Contracts	76	3%	Veterans Benefits	07	0%
Bankruptcy	68	2%	Disabled	07	0%
Other (Consumer)	59	2%	Discrimination	06	0%
Social Security	52	2%	Other-Public	05	0%
Medicare	42	2%	Wage Claims	04	0%
Rights	38	1%	Other (Employment)	04	0%
Other (Health)	34	1%	Name Change	04	0%
Divorce	33	1%	Workers Comp	04	0%
Other (Family)	29	1%	Food Stamps	04	0%
Mental Health	28	1%	Credit	04	0%
Other (Rights)	23	1%	Energy	02	0%
License	21	1%	Immigration	01	0%
Other (Housing)	20	1%			

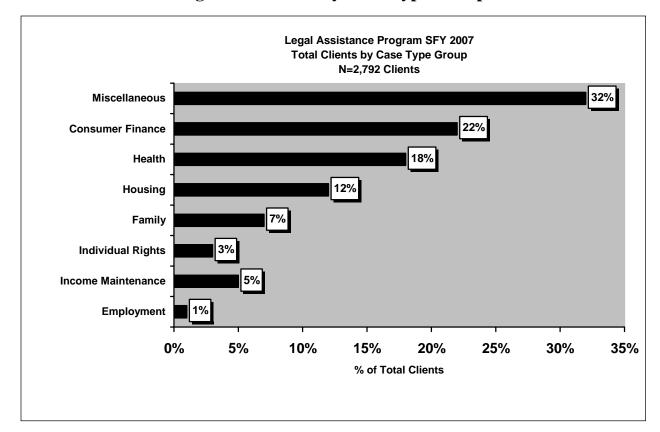


Figure 5: Clients by Case Type Group

Key: The categories above include the following types of cases.

Miscellaneous

Indian/Tribal law; Licenses, Wills/Estates and General Powers of Attorney

Consumer Finance

Bankruptcy/Debtor relief, Collection, Contracts/Warranties, Credit access, Energy, Loans/Installment purchases, Public utilities and Unfair sales practices

Health

Medicaid, Medicare and Advance Directives

Housing

Housing rights—evictions/rent disputes, Home ownership, Landlord/Tenant, Assisted living or nursing facility issues

Family

Grandparent custody/visitation, Divorce, Guardianship/Conservatorship, Name change, Spousal abuse, Elder abuse and exploitation and Support

Individual Rights

Immigration/Naturalization, Mental health, Physically disabled rights, Long-term care resident's rights and Tenants rights

Income Maintenance

Food stamps, Social Security, SSI, Unemployment, Veterans benefits and Workers Compensation

Employment

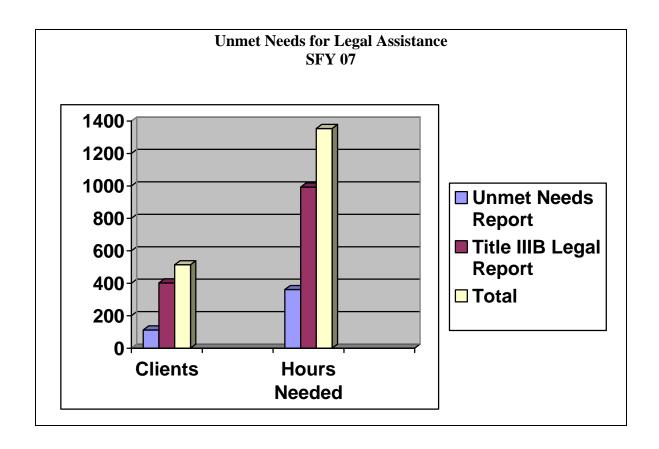
Discrimination and wage claims

Figure 6: Clients Served by Case Type and Level of Service

	Figure 6: Cli	ients S	erve	a by (Case	<u> 1 ype</u>	ana i	∠evei	oi Sei	vice		
Case Group	Case Type	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
	Indian/tribal											
Miscellaneous	License	16	3	1		1						21
	Other (Misc)	106	37	4	1	6					92	246
	Wills/estates	174	329	12		17	1				53	586
Miscellaneous Total	1	296	369	17	1	24	1	0	1	0	145	853
Consumer Finance	Bankruptcy	57	7	4								68
	Collection	204	134	3	2	3	2	4	1	10	11	374
	Contracts	62	3		3	5	2				1	76
	Credit	4										4
	Energy	1	1									2
	Loans Other	8	3									11
	(Consumer)	47	9			3						59
	Unfair sales	9	1		1		1	1				13
	Utilities	11	4									15
Consumer Finance Total	•	403	162	7	6	11	5	5	1	10	12	622
Health	Medicaid	186	151	1	1	9	3		13	1	63	428
	Medicare	31	8			3						42
	Other (Health)	27	2	2		2					1	34
Health Total	, ,	244	161	3	1	14	3	0	13	1	64	504
Individual Rights	Disabled	1	2			1	1		1		1	7
-	Immigration	1										1
	Mental Health	22	2									24
	Other (Rights)	11	5		1	4					2	23
Individual Rights Total		35	9	0	1	5	1	0	1	0	3	55
Housing	Homeowners	96	35	6		6	4	6	2	2	9	166
-	Landlord/ten	78	26	1	2	6	1	1		5	7	127
	Other	4.0										00
	(Housing)	16	3								1	20
	Other-public	3 28	6			_	_		4	4		5 38
Housing Total	Rights	221	72	7	2	13	6	7	3	1 8	17	356
Income Maintenance	Food stamps					13	0	- /	3	0	17	4
income Maintenance	Food stamps Other (Income)	3 35	34			1					6	76
	Social Security	33	9	1		1		1	6		1	52
	SSI	5	9					'	3			9
	Unemployment	5			1				1		1 2	9
	Veterans	<u> </u>			'				'			9
	Benefits	1	5			1						7
	Workers Comp	3		1								4
Income Maintenance Total		85	49	2	1	3	0	1	10	0	10	161
Family	Abuse	1	1	3		3	0	1	10	3	1	101
1 diffiny	Divorce	26	1	0		2	1	1		1	1	33
	Guardianship	28	7		3	8		26		4	13	89
	Name change	3						1			10	4
	Other (Family)	12	7			3		<u> </u>	1		6	29
	Support	9	3							1		13
	Visitation	13	1								1	15
Family Total		92	20	3	3	13	1	29	1	9	22	193
Employment	Discrimination	5						1	•			6
	Other											
	(Employment)	2									2	4
	Wage Claims	3						1				4
Employment Total		10	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	14
Grand Total		1386	842	39	15	83	17	44	29	28	275	2758

1	Counsel and Advice	3	Referred	5	Client Withdrew	7	Settled with Litigation	9	Court Decision
2	Brief Service	4	Insufficient Merit	6	Settled without Litigation	8	Administrative Decision	10	Other

Figure 7: Unmet Need for the Legal Assistance Program
As Identified through the
Unmet Needs Report and the Title IIIB Legal Assistance Report

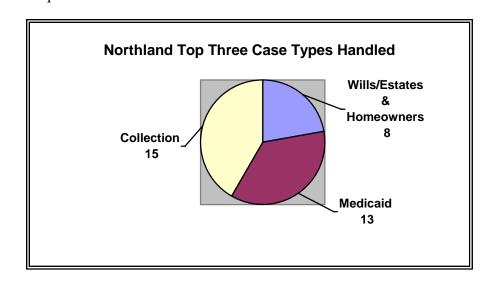


TOTALS BY AREA AGENCY ON AGING SFY 2007

One unit of service = 1 hour

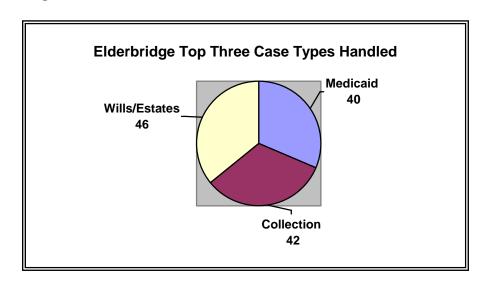
Northland Agency on Aging

Units of Service 114
Unduplicated Clients Served 80



Elderbridge Agency on Aging

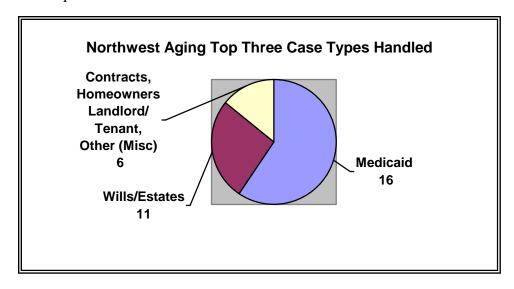
Units of Service 637
Unduplicated Clients Served 311



Northwest Aging Association

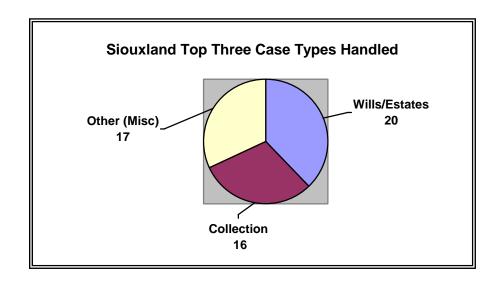
Units of Service 120

Unduplicated Clients Served 87



Siouxland Aging Services, Inc.

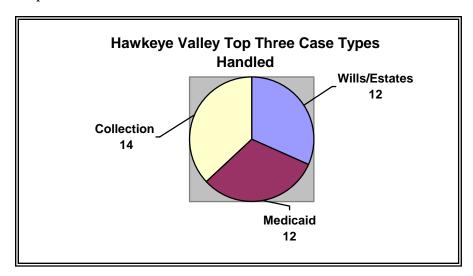
Units of Service 179



Hawkeye Valley Area Agency on Aging

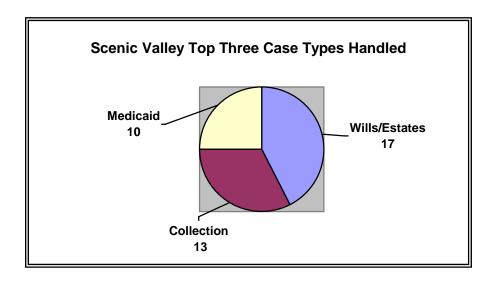
Units of Service 249

Unduplicated Clients Served 135



Scenic Valley Area Agency on Aging

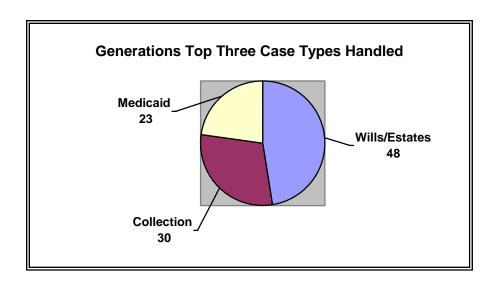
Units of Service 205



Generations Area Agency on Aging

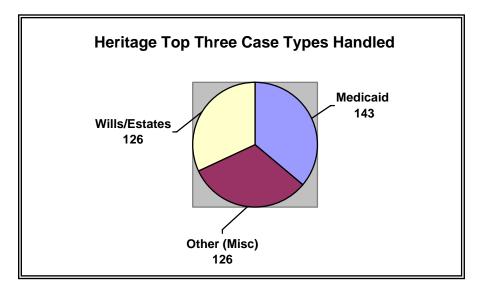
Units of Service 711

Unduplicated Clients Served 264



The Heritage Agency

Units of Service 747

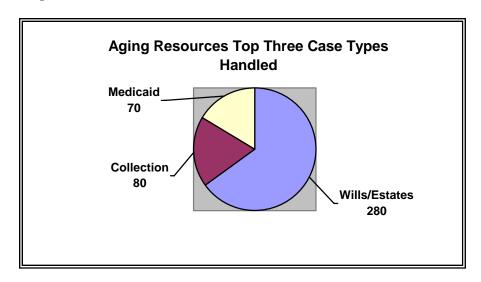


Aging Resources of Central Iowa

(Data from two legal providers)

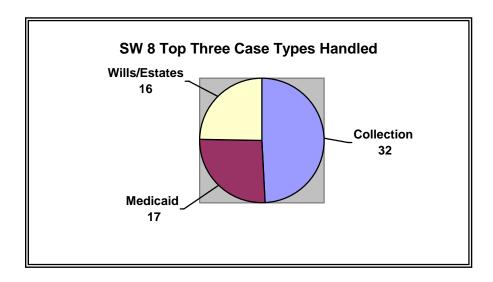
Units of Service 6,997

Unduplicated Clients Served 687



Southwest 8 Senior Services, Inc.

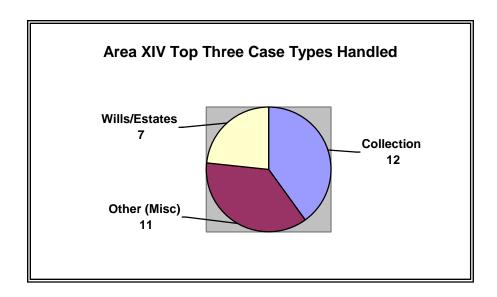
Units of Service 258



Area XIV Agency on Aging

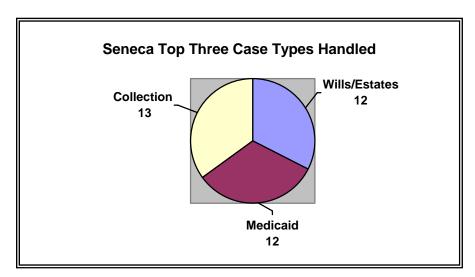
Units of Service 145

Unduplicated Clients Served 99



Seneca Area Agency on Aging

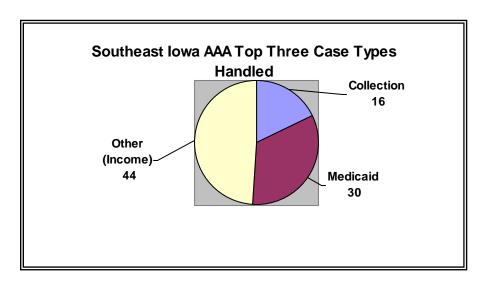
Units of Service 123



Southeast Iowa Area Agency on Aging, Inc.

Units of Service 280

Unduplicated Clients Served 177



Statewide Totals

Units of Service 10,765

CONCLUSION:

The Title IIIB Legal Assistance Program provides a valuable service to older Iowans in need of legal assistance and information. The program served 2,792 clients and provided 10,765 hours of service to persons 60 and older. Of the 2,792 clients served, 1921 were in economic or social need, while 261 were minorities. Older Iowans most generally seek assistance from the legal program for issues such as wills/estates, Medicaid eligibility and information, debt collection concerns and miscellaneous issues. An additional 915 older Iowans received information and assistance by attending community legal education forums presented by the Legal Assistance Program providers.

The statistics also show that even though 2,792 individuals were served, there were another 514 older Iowans with unmet needs for legal assistance. These 514 individuals needed 1,354 hours of service. The need for this legal assistance could not be addressed by the legal providers and aging network due to inadequate funding availability.

The Iowa Legal Assistance Program provides an array of services to meet the legal needs of older Iowans. The program:

- (1) Educates about the law and how it applies;
- (2) Helps prevent legal problems and provides appropriate referrals;
- (3) Provides information to allow individuals to self-advocate; and
- (4) Assists with direct legal representation, counsel and advice, when necessary