

IOWA Department of REVENUE

Revenue Estimating Conference Tax Credits Contingent Liabilities Brief April 2, 2008

The Tax Credits Contingent Liabilities Brief was created by the Tax Research and Program Analysis Section of the Iowa Department of Revenue (IDR) for the benefit of the Revenue Estimating Conference (REC). This report is part of a project to create the Tax Credits Tracking and Analysis System, which was funded during the 2005 legislative session. The goal of the system is to provide a repository for information concerning the awarding, usage and effectiveness of tax credits.

The system eventually will create three types of reports:

1. Status reports will provide information on the award and usage of tax credits
2. Evaluation reports will measure the effectiveness of tax credits at meeting their stated purpose
3. Contingent liabilities reports will provide information on the impact tax credits have on General Fund revenues, historically, at present, and into future years

Overall, this report presents five different types of data:

1. Tax Credit Awards in State Fiscal Years 2001 through 2008
2. Tax Credit Claims in Tax Years 2000 through 2006
3. Withholding Tax Credit Claims by Quarter since January 2005
4. Sales and Use Tax Refunds by Tax Credit Program for State Fiscal Years 2000 through 2008
5. Forecasts of the Contingent Liabilities Due to Tax Credits for FY 2008 through 2012

All of the data presented points to an increase in the impact of tax credits on General Fund revenues. The number of tax credits is increasing as the Legislature creates additional tax credit programs. The amount of credits claimed under each tax credit program often increases as more taxpayers learn about the credits. Overall, the data point to tax credits as an increasingly important factor that must be better understood in order to be accurately factored into the revenue estimation process.

Summary

- There has been tremendous growth in the amount of credits awarded since FY 2001. In FY 2001, the amount of awarded credits was just over \$100 million; in fiscal year 2007, over \$500 million in tax credits were awarded. Already in FY 2008, over \$200 million in tax credits has been awarded.
- The potential liability of tax credits has also continued to increase. In FY 2005, \$121 million in tax credits were claimed against Iowa taxes. This amount is expected to increase to over \$435 million by FY 2010, which is an increase of over 250%. The projected liability amounts for the uncapped tax credits awarded by the Department of Economic Development only include awards that have already been made and do not attempt to forecast what future awards will be.
- The programs that appear to be having the greatest amount of growth and impact on contingent liabilities are the High Quality Job Creation Program, Enterprise Zone Program, the Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program (260E) and the Research Activities Tax Credit. The fiscal impact of the first claims of the Wage-Benefit Tax Credit is also going to be seen in this fiscal year.
- This report now includes information on sales & use tax refunds due to tax credit awards made by the Department of Economic Development. Last year refunds under these tax credit programs hit an all time high of over \$8 million. To date, over \$4 million has been refunded this fiscal year.

Tax Credit Awards

In general, Iowa has two types of tax credits: automatic and awarded. Awarded credits require application and a specific award in order for a taxpayer to claim the credit. The total amount of the awarded credits may also be capped on a fiscal year basis. Automatic credits may be claimed by any eligible taxpayer and the amount of claims has no limit or cap. More information about Iowa's tax credit programs may be found in the Appendix.

The amount of awarded tax credits has substantially increased between FY 2001 and FY 2007 (see Table 1). The increase is due to increasing utilization and the increasing caps of some of the existing programs as well as new tax credit programs being added. For the FY 2008 awards, the year-to-date amount of awards was received from the agencies issuing the tax credits. For the Accelerated Career Education (ACE) Program, School Tuition Organization Tax Credit and the Wage-Benefit Tax Credit, it is assumed that the full amount of the tax credit cap will be awarded during the fiscal year.

At this time last year, FY 2007 awards totaled over \$300 million, currently the awards for FY 2008 are just over \$200 million. Barring considerable growth in fourth quarter awards, this suggests a decline in the amount of tax credits awarded this fiscal year.

Tax Credit Claims

Some data on the amount of tax credits claimed against certain tax types is also available. However, this data is limited because prior to the 2006 tax year, most tax credits were aggregated on tax forms. This prevented collection of data on tax credit claims by tax credit program, but with the implementation of the IA 148 Tax Credits Schedule it is hoped that tax credit claim data by tax credit program will soon be available.

Tax credits claimed against individual income tax have more than doubled between 2000 and 2006 (see Table 2). "Other Refundable Tax Credits" exhibited the largest growth since 2000 at over 600%; "Other Nonrefundable Tax Credits" had the next largest amount of growth at nearly 350%.

The majority of tax credits claims made against corporate income tax are claimed through the Research Activities Tax Credit. In 2005, Research Activities Tax Credit claims accounted for over 80% of the dollars of all corporate income tax credit claims. The data for tax credit claims against corporate income tax is not complete for 2006 because not all returns have been filed and the data from the IA 148 has not yet been captured.

Sales & Use Tax Refunds for Tax Credit Programs

As part of the Enterprise Zone (including the Housing provision), New Capital Investment, New Jobs & Income and the High Quality Job Creation Programs, taxpayers are allowed to file for refunds of sales and use taxes paid to contractors and subcontractors. The first refunds were made during FY 2000 through the Enterprise Zone Program (see Table 3). Refunds continue to be issued through these programs and last fiscal year the amount of refunds hit an all-time high of over \$8 million. For the current fiscal year-to-date, refunds are currently over \$4 million.

Tax Credits from Withholding

There are five tax credits that can be claimed against the withholding tax. The largest is the Iowa Industrial New Jobs Tax Credit (260E). There is also a Supplemental Jobs Credit, which is part of the 260E program. These two credits allow employers to train new employees. The Housing Assistance Credit is available under the Enterprise Zone Program. The Accelerated Career Education (ACE) credit allows employers to sponsor training slots at community colleges. The Targeted Jobs Tax Credit is a withholding tax for jobs meeting certain requirements in targeted communities in the State of Iowa. These tax credits programs are diversionary which means that the employer's tax liability is not reduced, but instead of all of the tax payments going to the General Fund a portion is diverted to the appropriate program fund.

The withholding credits are reported on a quarterly basis because that is when taxpayers are required to report their withholding credit claims. Withholding tax credit claims are available since March 2005 (see Table 4), which was the first quarter of the E-File and Pay system. This system allows taxpayers to file withholding tax returns on a secure Internet website. An increase can be seen in withholding tax credits over this time period. It is apparent that total withholding credits is strongly driven by the Iowa Industrial New Jobs Tax Credit (260E) (see Figure 1).

It also appears that there may be a lag between when 260E credits are awarded and claimed (see Table 5). The amount of 260E credits awarded, the payments received by the community colleges from the employers and the amount of 260E claims correctly filed through the Department of Revenue vary quite a bit within the same fiscal year. The variance could also potentially be explained by taxpayers not filing their withholding tax credit claims correctly.

Tax Credit Contingent Liabilities Projection

Forecasts of the potential liability facing General Fund revenues due to tax credits show that tax credit claims will continue to increase (see Table 6). The amounts of contingent liability were estimated using a number of methods. These methods are listed in the footnotes. The Appendix includes descriptions of each of the tax credit programs, including its citation in the Code of Iowa.

Overall, total contingent liability due to tax credits in Iowa is growing and is expected to continue to grow through FY 2010 (see Figure 2). It appears that the contingent liability of tax credits will decrease in FY 2011 and FY 2012, part of this can be contributed to the fact that these estimates do not include projections of future awards of uncapped tax credits to be made by the Department of Economic Development. Another reason for this potential reduction in contingent liability is that the amount of tax credit awards being made may be decreasing from the high point it experience in FY 2007.

Table 1: Tax Credit Awards by Fiscal Year

	FY 2001	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008*
Accelerated Career Education Program (ACE) [†]	\$684,059	\$2,784,552	\$2,900,752	\$3,900,872	\$5,814,485	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000
Agricultural Assets Transfer Tax Credit	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0	\$1,358,592
Assistive Device Tax Credit	\$0	\$2,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Economic Development Region Revolving Fund Tax Credit [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0	\$0	\$0
Endow Iowa Tax Credit [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$1,003,773	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$1,611,286
Enterprise Zone Program	\$21,799,195	\$68,865,745	\$13,282,669	\$17,731,335	\$42,194,899	\$77,957,239	\$113,000,318	\$29,814,451
Enterprise Zone Program - Housing Component	\$4,570,044	\$6,073,415	\$2,918,717	\$10,681,804	\$10,250,170	\$15,391,100	\$7,773,275	\$10,966,671
Film Expenditure Tax Credit	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$1,175,000
Film Investment Tax Credit	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$1,175,000
High Quality Job Creation Program	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$42,674,526	\$256,017,393	\$98,483,574
Historic Preservation and Cultural and Entertainment District Tax Credit [†]	\$2,400,000	\$2,400,000	\$2,400,000	\$2,400,000	\$2,370,000	\$6,400,000	\$6,400,000	\$10,000,000
Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program (260E)	\$38,567,500	\$36,465,750	\$26,705,000	\$26,746,500	\$60,659,000	\$34,860,000	\$61,448,000	\$25,567,500
New Capital Investment Program	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$21,606,680	\$17,809,003	n/a	n/a	n/a
New Jobs and Income Program	\$39,714,446	\$24,995,065	\$47,523,776	\$40,433,473	\$45,518,278	n/a	n/a	n/a
Renewable Energy Tax Credit [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0	\$0	\$1,492,898
School Tuition Organization Tax Credit [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$2,500,000	\$4,873,878
Soy-Based Transformer Fluid Tax Credit [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$10,834	\$19,400
Targeted Jobs Tax Credit from Withholding	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$845,700	\$5,277,752
Venture Capital Tax Credit - Fund of Funds [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Venture Capital Tax Credit - Qualified Business or Seed Capital Fund [†]	n/a	n/a	\$374,419	\$719,535	\$824,872	\$2,137,276	\$3,784,713	\$2,130,132
Venture Capital Tax Credit - Venture Capital Fund [†]	n/a	n/a	\$200,448	\$384,600	\$185,625	\$742,740	\$580,223	\$0
Wage Benefit Tax Credit [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$10,000,000	\$4,000,000
Wind Energy Production Tax Credit [†]	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Credits Awarded Each Fiscal Year	\$107,735,244	\$141,587,027	\$96,305,781	\$125,608,572	\$187,626,332	\$188,162,881	\$470,360,457	\$203,946,134

Source: Awarding Agencies

n/a = program not yet created, or discontinued

*=incomplete fiscal year

[†]=tax credit programs that have capped awards

Table 2: Tax Credit Claims by Tax Year

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007*
Total Individual Income Tax Credits	\$48,279,743	\$51,410,455	\$72,705,744	\$81,418,844	\$84,959,270	\$105,116,138	\$146,702,688	\$35,936,804
Child & Dependent Care Tax Credit	\$6,396,628	\$6,236,660	\$6,160,402	\$8,354,236	\$8,120,963	\$8,241,622	\$8,918,055	\$6,761,184
Early Childhood Development Tax Credit	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$457,802	\$383,697
Earned Income Tax Credit	\$6,142,575	\$6,504,698	\$8,304,908	\$8,534,392	\$8,902,719	\$9,800,348	\$10,667,288	\$17,903,070
Tuition and Textbook Tax Credit	\$11,453,646	\$12,379,883	\$13,138,193	\$13,772,790	\$14,267,756	\$15,235,560	\$15,054,930	\$7,554,319
Other Nonrefundable Tax Credits	\$23,228,165	\$24,668,908	\$42,394,881	\$46,272,542	\$49,359,183	\$65,243,453	\$104,145,155	\$3,088,162
Other Refundable Tax Credits	\$1,058,729	\$1,620,306	\$2,707,360	\$4,484,884	\$4,308,649	\$6,595,155	\$7,459,458	\$246,372

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006*	2007*
Total Corporate Income Tax Credits	\$34,977,630	\$30,233,861	\$31,992,106	\$34,502,493	\$37,987,706	\$45,003,839	\$38,705,365	\$113,509
Other Credits	\$8,626,270	\$3,169,334	\$2,333,210	\$2,438,500	\$3,433,238	\$2,613,038	#	#
Iowa Industrial New Jobs Income Tax Credit (260E)	\$1,015,304	\$1,636,162	\$2,205,314	\$2,297,844	\$1,517,117	\$5,196,359	#	#
Research Activities Credit	\$25,336,056	\$25,428,365	\$27,453,582	\$29,766,149	\$33,037,351	\$37,194,442	#	#

Source: IDR data

* = incomplete data for tax year

n/a = program not yet created, or discontinued

= tax credit detail not yet available

Table 3: Sales & Use Tax Refunds by Tax Credit Program by Fiscal Year

	Enterprise Zone	Housing-Enterprise Zone	New Jobs & Income Program	New Capital Investment Program	High Quality Job Creation Program	Total Refunds
FY 2000	\$104,215	\$36,527	\$0	n/a	n/a	\$140,742
FY 2001	\$367,794	\$213,055	\$893,857	n/a	n/a	\$1,474,706
FY 2002	\$859,141	\$237,998	\$545	n/a	n/a	\$1,097,684
FY 2003	\$1,546,062	\$304,471	\$447,793	n/a	n/a	\$2,298,326
FY 2004	\$991,620	\$416,615	\$753,322	\$0	n/a	\$2,161,557
FY 2005	\$711,623	\$569,971	\$653,280	\$70,059	n/a	\$2,004,933
FY 2006	\$482,531	\$881,387	\$404,974	\$924,309	\$0	\$2,693,201
FY 2007	\$434,226	\$1,911,803	\$1,816,215	\$3,878,434	\$4,258	\$8,044,936
FY 2008*	\$703,961	\$779,600	\$869,904	\$194,668	\$1,607,770	\$4,155,903

Source: IDR data

*incomplete fiscal year

n/a=program not yet created, or discontinued

Table 4: Withholding Tax Credits Claimed by Quarter

Quarter	Number	Total Tax Credits	New Jobs Tax Credit (260E)	Supplemental Jobs Tax Credit	Targeted Jobs Tax Credit	ACE Tax Credit	Housing Assistance Tax Credit	Incorrectly Claimed Tax Credits	Total of Paper Filed Returns Without Credit Detail
3/31/2005	489	\$6,516,031	\$4,203,038	\$421,810	\$0	\$809,486	\$0	\$700	\$1,080,998
6/30/2005	574	\$8,150,652	\$5,711,747	\$275,311	\$0	\$682,368	\$0	\$700	\$1,480,529
9/30/2005	622	\$7,574,647	\$5,488,858	\$247,122	\$0	\$1,736,431	\$0	\$700	\$101,538
12/31/2005	766	\$11,206,559	\$8,207,345	\$893,096	\$0	\$1,913,263	\$0	\$61,158	\$131,699
3/31/2006	669	\$8,791,566	\$6,864,097	\$507,008	\$0	\$1,307,077	\$0	\$13,052	\$100,334
6/30/2006	737	\$11,585,116	\$9,447,030	\$562,619	\$0	\$1,480,339	\$0	\$89,887	\$5,242
9/30/2006	833	\$14,156,831	\$12,105,517	\$583,960	\$0	\$1,191,169	\$0	\$230,746	\$45,440
12/31/2006	946	\$15,647,667	\$13,044,867	\$878,402	\$0	\$884,472	\$0	\$823,690	\$16,237
3/31/2007	807	\$10,998,272	\$8,391,125	\$942,148	\$1,864	\$1,312,208	\$0	\$337,818	\$13,111
6/30/2007	784	\$11,578,327	\$8,593,779	\$1,004,710	\$5,926	\$1,824,760	\$0	\$137,339	\$11,813
9/30/2007	893	\$15,845,945	\$13,475,036	\$1,005,693	\$63,960	\$1,119,241	\$0	\$171,297	\$5,104
12/31/2007	792	\$10,044,782	\$7,611,505	\$1,294,617	\$100,322	\$863,525	\$0	\$152,362	\$2,891
FY 2006	2794	\$39,157,888	\$30,007,330	\$2,209,845	\$0	\$6,437,110	\$0	\$164,797	\$338,813
FY 2007	3370	\$52,381,097	\$42,135,288	\$3,409,220	\$7,790	\$5,212,609	\$0	\$1,529,593	\$86,601
YTD FY 2008	1685	\$25,890,727	\$21,086,541	\$2,300,310	\$164,282	\$1,982,766	\$0	\$323,659	\$7,995
CY 2005	2451	\$33,447,889	\$23,610,988	\$1,837,339	\$0	\$5,141,548	\$0	\$63,258	\$2,794,764
CY 2006	3185	\$50,181,180	\$41,461,511	\$2,531,989	\$0	\$4,863,057	\$0	\$1,157,375	\$167,253
CY 2007	2484	\$38,422,544	\$30,459,940	\$2,952,551	\$71,750	\$4,256,209	\$0	\$646,454	\$30,028

Source: IDR data

Table 5: Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program (260E) Award and Claim Information

	Amount of 260E Credits Awarded by DED	Amount Reported Paid to the Community Colleges	Amount of 260E and Supplemental Credit Correctly Claimed on Withholding Returns
FY 2001	\$38,567,500	n/a	n/a
FY 2002	\$36,465,750	n/a	n/a
FY 2003	\$26,705,000	n/a	n/a
FY 2004	\$26,746,500	\$40,667,329	n/a
FY 2005	\$60,659,000	\$42,218,828	n/a
FY 2006	\$34,860,000	\$42,763,460	\$32,217,175
FY 2007	\$61,448,000	\$46,110,828	\$45,544,508
FYTD 2008	\$25,567,500	\$20,784,991	\$23,386,851

Source: IDR data and Data reported by the Department of Economic Development and Community Colleges

Figure 1: Graph of Withholding Tax Credit Claims

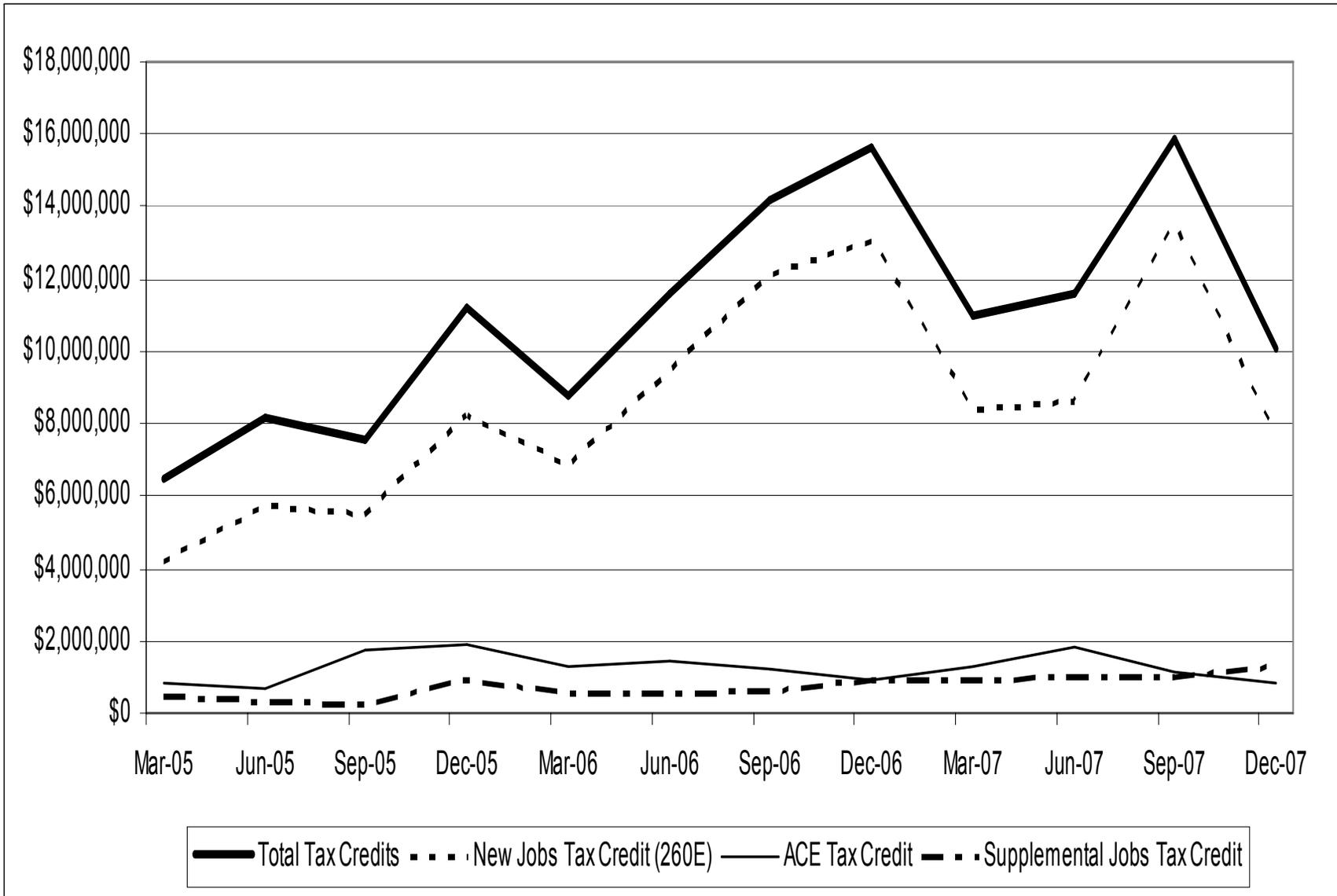


Table 6: Tax Credit Contingent Liabilities Projection

Capped Programs	History			Forecast				
	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
Accelerated Career Education Tax Credit	\$5,814,485	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000
Cow-Calf Tax Credit	\$1,770,342	\$1,770,342	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000
Economic Development Region Revolving Fund Tax Credit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000
Endow Iowa Tax Credit	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000
Historic Preservation and Cultural and Entertainment District Tax Credit ²	\$2,315,358	\$2,607,055	\$5,231,810	\$5,006,940	\$10,627,736	\$15,968,991	\$16,873,008	\$16,208,822
Renewable Energy Tax Credit ³	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,492,898	\$5,400,000	\$5,500,000	\$5,500,000	\$5,500,000
School Tuition Organization Tax Credit	\$0	\$0	\$2,500,000	\$5,000,000	\$7,500,000	\$7,500,000	\$7,500,000	\$7,500,000
Soy-Based Transformer Fluid Tax Credit ⁴	\$0	\$0	\$10,834	\$19,400	\$89,766	\$0	\$0	\$0
Venture Capital Tax Credit - Iowa Fund of Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,000,000	\$20,000,000	\$20,000,000
Venture Capital Tax Credit - Qualified Business or Community-Based Seed Capital Fund ⁵	\$0	\$374,419	\$719,535	\$824,872	\$2,137,276	\$3,784,713	\$2,130,133	\$53,625
Venture Capital Tax Credit - Venture Capital Funds ⁵	\$0	\$200,448	\$384,600	\$185,625	\$742,740	\$580,223	\$418,727	\$418,727
Wage-Benefit Tax Credit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000
Wind Energy Production Tax Credit ⁶	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,069,000	\$14,069,000	\$14,069,000	\$14,069,000
TOTAL OF CAPPED PROGRAMS	\$11,900,185	\$12,952,264	\$18,846,779	\$34,529,735	\$57,566,518	\$84,402,927	\$83,490,868	\$80,750,174

² Estimates are based on data received from awarding agency and award recipients. Timing adjustments have been made to account for tax types against which the credits can be claimed.

³ Estimates are based on full utilization of capacity limits set within the legislation of SF 390, 2005 Legislative Session. No applications were received in FY 2007 and the amount reported for FY 2008 is the dollar amount of applications approved.

⁴ Estimates are based on the aggregate cap of the program and awards already issued.

⁵ Once the award has been issued to the taxpayer, the taxpayer is required to wait three years before claiming the credit.

⁶ Estimates are based on full utilization of eligible wind-generation capacity, which is capped. No applications were received in FY 2007 or FY 2008.

Table 6 Continued: Tax Credit Contingent Liabilities Projection

Uncapped Programs	History			Forecast				
	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012
Agricultural Assets Transfer Tax Credit ⁷	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$518,400	\$1,157,168	\$1,592,632	\$1,756,921	\$2,313,648
Assistive Device Tax Credit ⁸	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit ⁹	\$0	\$0	\$373,622	\$4,400,000	\$4,400,000	\$4,400,000	\$4,400,000	\$4,400,000
Child & Dependent Care Tax Credit ¹⁰	\$8,120,963	\$8,241,622	\$8,918,055	\$8,663,000	\$8,447,910	\$8,270,369	\$8,082,731	\$5,885,725
E85 Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit ⁹	\$0	\$0	\$101,126	\$1,000,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,700,000	\$2,400,000	\$1,700,000
Early Childhood Development Tax Credit ¹¹	\$0	\$0	\$457,802	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000
Earned Income Tax Credit ¹⁰	\$8,902,719	\$9,800,348	\$10,667,288	\$21,258,985	\$21,805,389	\$21,997,171	\$21,890,894	\$20,478,425
Enterprise Zone Program ¹²	\$23,501,957	\$29,184,585	\$39,673,599	\$53,069,419	\$62,236,305	\$67,152,252	\$61,469,625	\$50,980,611
Ethanol Blended Gasoline Tax Credit ¹³	\$2,135,502	\$4,221,547	\$3,683,083	\$5,800,000	\$6,700,000	\$1,000,000	\$0	\$0
Ethanol Promotion Tax Credit ¹⁴	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,300,000	\$10,200,000	\$11,400,000
Film, Television, and Video Project Promotion Program ¹⁵	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$122,000	\$455,000	\$702,000	\$715,338	\$731,075
High Quality Job Creation Program ¹²	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$8,534,905	\$59,738,384	\$79,435,099	\$79,435,099	\$79,435,099
Iowa Industrial New Job Training Program (260E) ¹⁶	NA	\$32,217,175	\$45,544,508	\$47,492,144	\$49,523,067	\$51,640,839	\$53,849,174	\$56,151,945
New Capital and Income Program ¹⁷	\$0	\$4,321,336	\$7,883,137	\$7,883,137	\$7,883,137	\$7,883,137	\$3,561,801	\$0
New Jobs and Income Program ¹⁷	\$22,446,657	\$30,533,352	\$39,637,008	\$31,694,118	\$26,695,105	\$17,190,350	\$9,103,656	\$0
Research Activities Tax Credit ¹⁸	\$30,233,482	\$33,501,503	\$37,944,018	\$42,940,867	\$48,144,388	\$54,211,997	\$61,351,857	\$69,835,356
Soy-Based Cutting Tool Oil Tax Credit ¹⁹	\$0	\$0	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Targeted Jobs Tax Credit from Withholding ²⁰	\$0	\$0	\$7,790	\$422,141	\$515,719	\$515,719	\$515,719	\$515,719
Tuition and Textbook Tax Credit ¹⁰	\$14,267,756	\$15,235,560	\$15,054,930	\$15,928,638	\$16,355,246	\$16,738,764	\$17,176,437	\$17,630,531
TOTAL OF UNCAPPED PROGRAMS	\$109,609,037	\$167,257,028	\$210,005,965	\$250,287,753	\$316,056,817	\$344,230,327	\$336,409,250	\$321,958,133
TOTAL OF ALL PROGRAMS	\$121,509,222	\$180,209,292	\$228,992,224	\$286,131,037	\$373,001,431	\$427,871,869	\$419,830,378	\$402,708,307

⁷ Estimates are based on data from the awarding agency. Future awards are projected in these estimates based on estimated growth of the program.

⁸ Only one award has been made under this program since its inception.

⁹ Estimates are based on data from the IA 148 and the Annual Fuel Retailers Report for FY08.

Estimates are based on the Fiscal Note for HF 2754, 2006 Legislative Session.

¹⁰ Estimates are based on the IDR individual income tax model simulation.

¹¹ Estimates are based on 2007 tax year claims and the expectation of little to zero growth in claims of this credit.

¹² Estimates are based on information from the awarding agency and include only the potential claims of awards made as of 3/26/08. No attempt is made to project future awards.

¹³ Estimates are based on data from the IA 6478 and the Annual Fuel Retailers Report for FY08.

¹⁴ Estimates are based on the Fiscal Note for HF 2754, 2006 Legislative Session.

¹⁵ Estimates are based on the Fiscal Note for HF 892, 2007 Legislative Session less the amount estimated by IDR for the income exclusion provision of the bill.

¹⁶ Estimates are based on credits claimed multiplied by the compound annual growth rate of the amount paid to the community colleges which is reported in Table 3.

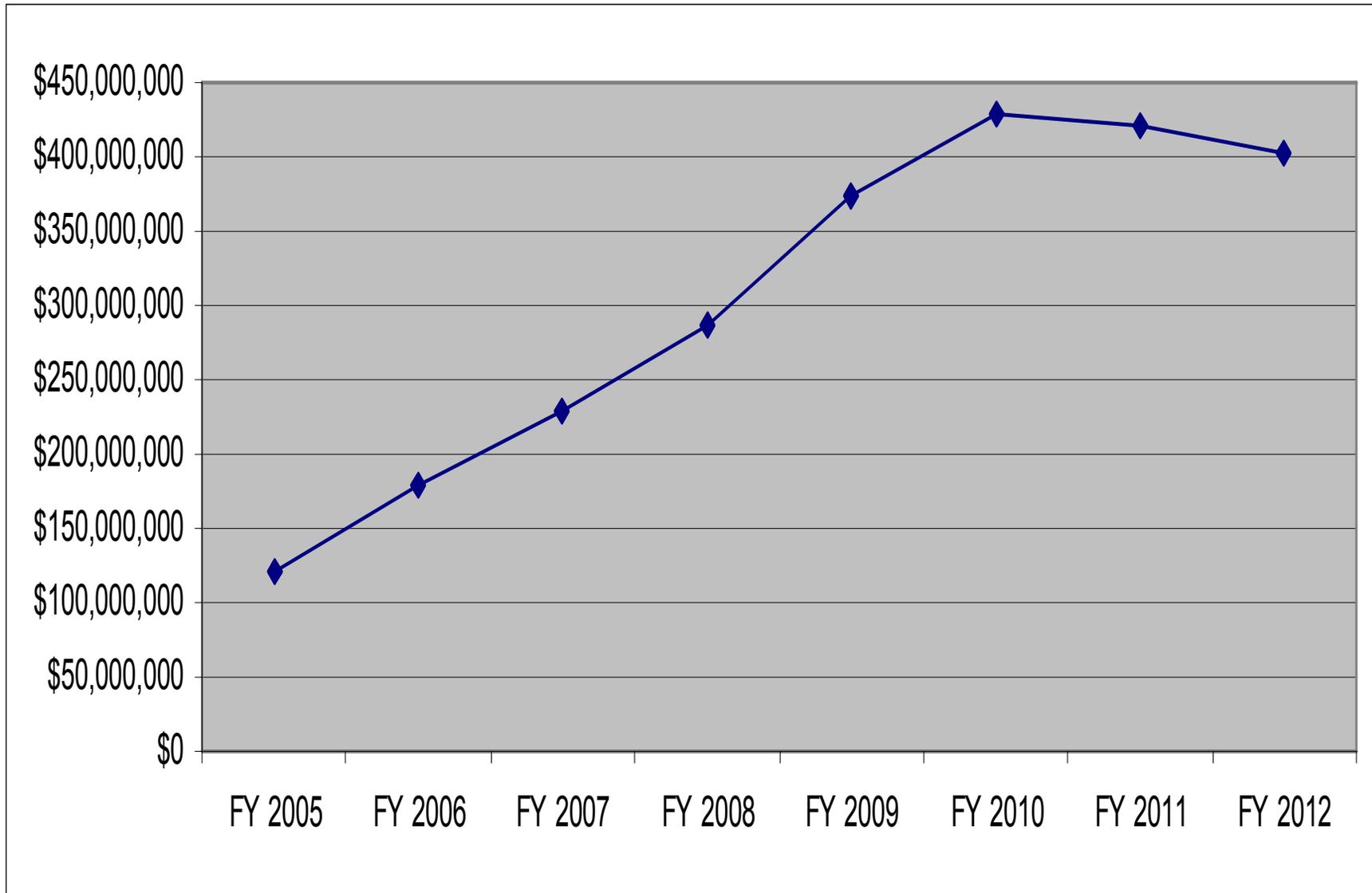
¹⁷ Estimates are based on information from the awarding agency. This program ended 7/1/05 and it is expected that all awards will be claimed before FY 2012.

¹⁸ Estimates are based on the CAGR of individual claims captured from the IA 128 and 128A schedules and the CAGR from the Schedule C on corporate returns.

¹⁹ Estimates are based on the Fiscal Note for SF 389, 2005 Legislative Session.

²⁰ Estimates are based on awards and claims made to date and does not project future awards.

Figure 2: Graph of Potential Contingent Liability Due to Tax Credits in Iowa



Appendix: Description of Iowa's Tax Credit Programs

Accelerated Career Education Program (ACE) (260G): This withholding credit is administered by Iowa's Community Colleges and provides credits for employers that sponsor training slots at community colleges. Section 260G, Code of Iowa.

Agricultural Assets Transfer Tax Credit: This credit is awarded by the Iowa Agricultural Development Authority to taxpayers that lease agricultural assets to qualified beginning farmers. Section 175.37, Code of Iowa.

Assistive Device Tax Credit: This credit is awarded by the Iowa Department of Economic Development (DED) to taxpayers who make investments in assistive devices that allow for disability workplace accommodation. Section 422.11E, Code of Iowa.

Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit: This credit is available to retail dealers who sell biodiesel blended fuel equal to over 50 percent of their total diesel sales. Section 422.11P, Code of Iowa.

Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit: This credit is available to individual taxpayers who have eligible child and dependent care expenses. Section 422.12C, Code of Iowa.

Cow-Calf Tax Credit: Eligible individual and corporation income taxpayers who operate cow-calf beef operations in Iowa are eligible for a cow-calf credit. Section 422.120, Code of Iowa.

E85 Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit: An income tax credit, on a rate per gallon sold basis, is available to retail dealers of gasoline who sell E85 gasoline. Section 422.11O, Code of Iowa.

Early Childhood Development Tax Credit: The Early Childhood Development tax credit is equal to 25% of the first \$1,000 of expenses paid for early childhood development expenses for each dependent from the ages of three to five. Section 422.12C(1A), Code of Iowa.

Earned Income Tax Credit: This credit is available to individual taxpayers who qualify for the federal earned income credit. The credit is equal to 7% of the federal earned income credit. Section 422.12B, Code of Iowa.

Economic Development Region Revolving Fund Tax Credit: This credit is awarded by DED and is equal to 20% of the contribution made to an economic development region revolving fund. Section 15E.232, Code of Iowa.

Endow Iowa Tax Credit: This credit is awarded by DED and is equal to 20% of a taxpayer's endowment gift (up to \$100,000 for a single taxpayer) to a qualified community foundation. Section 15E.305, Code of Iowa.

Enterprise Zone Program (EZ): This program, administered by DED, encourages investment in Iowa's economically distressed areas by providing local and state tax credits, refunds and exemptions to qualifying companies that expand or locate in designated Enterprise Zones. Section 15E.191 through 15E.196, Code of Iowa.

Ethanol Blended Gasoline Tax Credit: A tax credit is available to service stations at which more than 60 percent of the total gasoline sold is ethanol blended gasoline. The credit is equal to two and a half cents for each gallon sold in excess of 60 percent. This credit will be replaced in 2009 by the Ethanol Promotion Tax Credit. Section 422.11C (2), Code of Iowa.

Ethanol Promotion Tax Credit: This credit will replace the ethanol blended gasoline credit beginning in 2009. It will be based on the amount of pure ethanol gallons sold. Section 422.11N, Code of Iowa.

Film, Television, and Video Project Promotion Program: This program, administered by DED, provides a 25 percent tax credit for investments or qualified expenditures in film projects produced in the State of Iowa. Section 15.391 through 15.393, Code of Iowa.

High Quality Job Creation Program (HQJCP): This program, administered by DED, provides tax benefits to eligible companies that create high-paying jobs and make capital investments. The program was created in 2005 and replaced the New Jobs and Income Program (NJIP) and the New Capital Investment Program (NCIP) beginning in FY 2006. Section 15.326 through 15.337, Code of Iowa.

Historic Preservation and Cultural and Entertainment District Tax Credit: This tax credit, administered by the Iowa Department of Cultural Affairs, provides a 25 percent tax credit for investments made in the rehabilitation of eligible historic properties. Section 404A, Code of Iowa.

Iowa Industrial New Jobs Training Program (260E): This program, administered by Iowa's Community Colleges, assists businesses that are creating new positions with new employee training. Participating companies divert withholding taxes that would be remitted to the Department of Revenue to a community college to pay for training for company employees. Section 260E, Code of Iowa.

New Capital Investment Program (NCIP): This program, administered by DED, was replaced by the High Quality Job Creation Program, beginning in FY 2006. Section 15.381 through 15.387, Code of Iowa.

New Jobs and Income Program (NJIP): This program, administered by DED, was replaced by the High Quality Job Creation Program, beginning in FY 2006. Section 15.326 through 15.337, Code of Iowa.

Renewable Energy Tax Credit: This credit is available for a producer or purchaser of energy from a renewable energy facility approved as eligible by the Iowa Utilities Board (IUB). The Department of Revenue determines the amount of the tax credits and issues tax credit certificates, which authorize credits to be claimed, to eligible applicants. Section 476C, Code of Iowa.

Research Activities Tax Credit: This credit is 6.5 percent of Iowa's apportioned share of qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities. The Iowa research credit is based on the federal research activities credit, with the Iowa credit based on the ratio of Iowa research expenditures over total research expenditures. Section 15.335, Code of Iowa.

School Tuition Organization Tax Credit: This credit, administered by IDR, is for 65% of the amount of a voluntary cash contribution made by a taxpayer to a school tuition organization. Section 422.11S, Code of Iowa.

Soy-Based Cutting Tool Oil Tax Credit: A manufacturer is eligible to take a credit equal to the costs incurred for the purchase and replacement costs relating to the transition from using nonsoy-based cutting tool oil to using soy-based cutting tool oil. Section 422.11I, Code of Iowa.

Soy-Based Transformer Fluid Tax Credit: Electric utilities may claim this credit, administered by IDR, for the costs incurred by the utility for the purchase and replacement costs relating to the transition from using nonsoy-based transformer fluid to using soy-based transformer fluid. Section 476D, Code of Iowa.

Targeted Jobs Tax Credit from Withholding: This pilot program, administered by DED and four pilot project cities, provides for a withholding credit equal to 3% of the gross wages paid by the employer to each employee under the withholding agreement. These funds are to be used by the pilot city for an urban renewal project related to the employer. Section 403.19A, Code of Iowa.

Tuition and Textbook Tax Credit: This credit is available to individual taxpayers who have one or more dependents attending grades K-12 in an Iowa school. The credit percentage is 25% of the first \$1,000 paid for each dependent for tuition and textbooks. Section 422.12 (2), Code of Iowa.

Venture Capital Tax Credit – Iowa Fund of Funds: This contingent tax credit, administered by the Iowa Capital Investment Board (ICIB), is allowed for investments made into the Iowa fund of funds. The tax credit is only allowed to the extent that the actual rate of return on these investments does not meet the rate of return guaranteed to investors. Section 15E.61 through 15E.69, Code of Iowa.

Venture Capital Tax Credit – Qualified Business or Community-Based Seed Capital Fund: This credit, administered by ICIB, is 20 percent of the equity investment made into a qualifying business or community-based seed capital fund. Section 15E.41 through 15E.46, Code of Iowa.

Venture Capital Tax Credit – Venture Capital Funds: This credit, administered by ICIB, is 6 percent of the equity investment made in a venture capital fund. Section 15E.51, Code of Iowa.

Wage-Benefit Tax Credit: This credit, administered by IDR, is based on creating new jobs with good wages and benefits. The credit is either 5 percent or 10 percent of wages (depending on total wages and benefits relative to county average wage) for up to five years, as long as the job is retained. Section 15I.1 through 15I.5, Code of Iowa.

Wind Energy Production Tax Credit: This credit is for electrical production facilities that produce electricity from wind and are approved as eligible by the local board of supervisors and the IUB. The Department of Revenue determines the amount of the tax credits and issues tax credit certificates, which authorize credits to be claimed, to eligible applicants. Section 476B, Code of Iowa.