

PART I

ANALYSIS OF CRIME IN IOWA

SECTION A

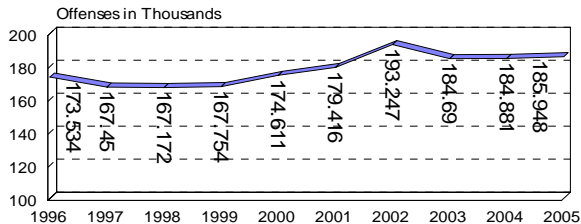
GENERAL CRIME

REPORTED TOTAL CRIME INCIDENT - BASED METHOD

Total Group A Offenses	185,948
Increase from 2004	0.58%
Group A Adjusted Rates	6,649
Increase from 2004	0.02%

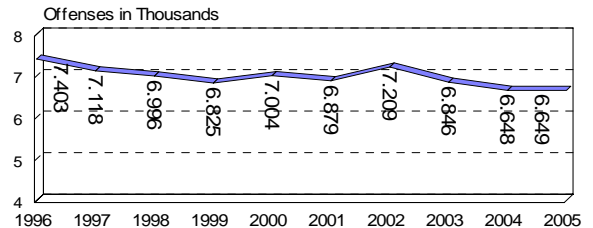
TOTAL GROUP A OFFENSES

1996 - 2005



GROUP A RATES

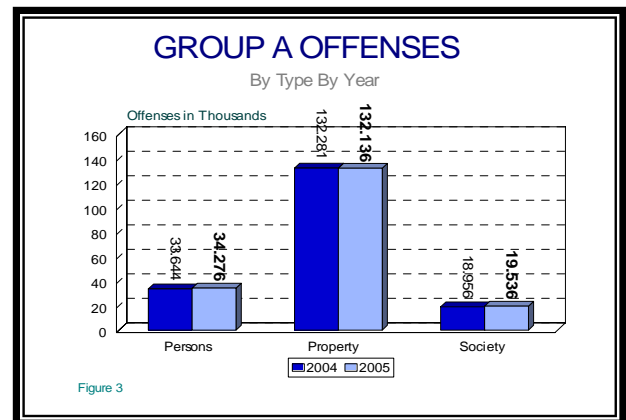
ADJUSTED FOR 1996 - 2005



Peaking in 2002, the number of offenses and rates above show a general downward trend increasing less than 1 percent between 2004 and 2005.

Group A crimes are divided into Crimes against persons, property and society.

An overview or specific crimes may be viewed on the next page.



Crimes Against Persons	Crimes Against Property	Crimes Against Society
Murder	Robbery Burglary/B&E	Drug/Narcotics Viol.
Neg. Manslaughter	Larceny/Theft	Drug Equipment Viol.
Justifiable Homicide	Motor Vehicle Theft	Gambling Offenses
Aggravated Assault	Arson	Obscene Material
Simple Assault	Bribery	Prostitution
Kidnapping	Counterfeiting/Forgery	Weapons Law Viol.
Forcible Rape	Destruction of Property	
Forcible Sodomy	Embezzlement	
Sexual Aslt. W Obj.	Extortion/Blackmail	
Forcible Fondling	Fraud Offenses	
Incest	Stolen Property Offenses	
Statutory Rape		

TOP 10 CRIMES

1. Vandalism
2. All other Larceny
3. Simple Assault
4. Burglary
5. Theft from a M.V.
6. Drug Violations
7. Shoplifting
8. Drug Equip. Viol
9. Aggravated Aslt.
10. Theft from Bldg.

(Larceny is broken down into types.)

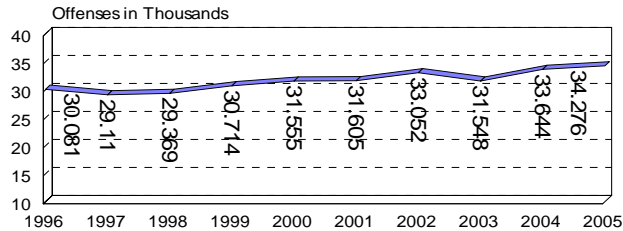
INCIDENT - BASED REPORTING										
Offenses	Number Reported and Adjusted Rate				% Rate Change	Arrests Reported and Stated Rate				% Rate Change
	2004		2005			2004		2005		
CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS	2004		2005			2004		2005		
Murder	45	1.6	42	1.5	-6.3%	35	1.2	26	0.9	-25.0%
Negligent Manslaughter	8	0.3	4	0.1	-66.7%	7	0.2	4	0.1	-50.0%
Justifiable Homicide	3	0.1	3	0.1	0.0%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Kidnapping	193	6.9	178	6.4	-7.2%	63	2.2	59	2.0	-9.1%
Forcible Rape (Sex Aslt Arr)	778	28.0	866	31.0	10.7%	145	5.1	137	4.7	-7.8%
Forcible Sodomy	102	3.7	124	4.4	18.9%	26	0.9	28	1.0	11.1%
Sexual Aslt w Object	89	3.2	79	2.8	-12.5%	8	0.3	9	0.3	0.0%
Forcible Fondling	965	34.7	1,080	38.6	11.2%	158	5.5	200	6.8	23.6%
Aggravated Assault	6,435	231.4	6,720	240.3	3.8%	3,886	135.8	4,361	148.8	9.6%
Simple Assault	19,707	708.6	20,170	721.2	1.8%	10,106	353.1	10,203	348.2	-1.4%
Intimidation	5,122	184.2	4,778	170.8	-7.3%	489	17.1	822	28.0	63.7%
Incest	46	1.7	50	1.8	5.9%	9	0.3	23	0.8	166.7%
Statutory Rape	151	5.4	182	6.5	20.4%	71	2.5	101	3.4	36.0%
Person Total	33,644	1209.8	34,276	1225.6	1.3%	15,003	524.1	15,973	545.1	4.0%
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY	2004		2005			2004		2005		
Robbery	1,148	41.3	1,163	41.6	0.7%	385	13.5	403	13.8	2.2%
Arson	633	22.8	594	21.2	-7.0%	141	4.9	178	6.1	24.5%
Extortion/Blackmail	26	0.9	20	0.7	-22.2%	1	0.0	4	0.1	n/a
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	17,250	620.3	17,629	630.4	1.6%	2,259	78.9	2,395	81.7	3.5%
Larceny	61,502	2211.5	60,916	2178.2	-1.5%	12,455	435.1	11,385	388.5	-10.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	5,729	206.0	5,600	200.2	-2.8%	719	25.1	680	23.2	-7.6%
Counterfeiting/Forgery	4,143	149.0	4,487	160.4	7.7%	888	31.0	1,046	0.0	-100.0%
Fraud	3,546	127.5	3,857	137.9	8.2%	435	15.2	442	54.4	257.9%
Embezzlement	319	11.5	288	10.3	-10.4%	165	5.8	105	0.0	-100.0%
Stolen Property Offenses	311	11.2	461	16.5	47.3%	274	9.6	186	6.3	-34.4%
Bribery	6	0.2	3	0.1	-50.0%	2	0.1	3	0.1	0.0%
Vandalism	37,668	1354.5	37,118	1327.2	-2.0%	3,526	123.2	3,708	126.5	2.7%
Property Total	132,281	4,757	132,136	4,725	-0.7%	21,250	742	20,535	700.7	-5.6%
CRIMES AGAINST SOCIETY	2004		2005			2004		2005		
Drug/Narcotics Violation (Equip Arr)	11,170	401.7	11,262	402.7	0.2%	10,988	383.9	10,808	368.8	-3.9%
Drug Equipment Violation	6,420	230.9	6,907	247.0	7.0%	2,371	82.8	2,588	88.3	6.6%
Obscene Material (Porn)	59	2.1	82	2.9	38.1%	22	0.8	16	0.5	-37.5%
Gambling Offenses	19	0.7	15	0.5	-28.6%	10	0.3	7	0.2	-33.3%
Prostitution	248	8.9	228	8.2	-7.9%	247	8.6	213	7.3	-15.1%
Weapons Law Violation	1,040	37.4	1,042	37.3	-0.3%	625	21.8	576	19.7	-9.6%
Society Total	18,956	681.6	19,536	698.5	2.5%	14,263	498.3	14,208	484.8	-2.7%
Sub Total	184,881	6648.0	185,948	6648.9	0.0%	50,516	1764.8	50,716	1730.6	-1.9%
*Murder (Special Reporting)	0	0	0	0.0						
Total Murder	45	1.5	42	1.4						

In an effort to acquire complete murder data from non-reporting or late reporting jurisdictions is added when applicable, with the cooperation of those jurisdictions, by special reporting.

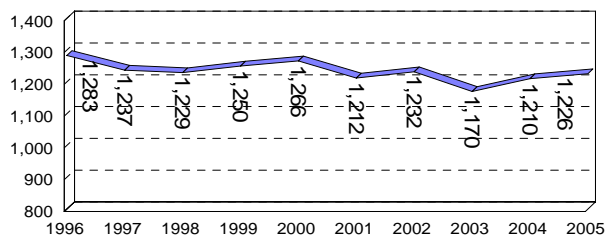
Justifiable Homicide is not a crime by IBR definition but some data is collected.

Crimes Against Persons are counted by victims

VICTIMS FOR 1996 - 2005



ADJUSTED RATES FOR 1996 - 2005



2005 GROUP "A" CRIMES AGAINST		% Distrib.	2004 - 2005 Number % Change
Persons	34,276	18.4	1.9
Property	132,136	71.1	-0.1
Society	19,536	10.5	3.1
TOTAL	185,948		0.6

The number of victims increased 1.9% from 2004 to 2005 and rates increased 1.3%.

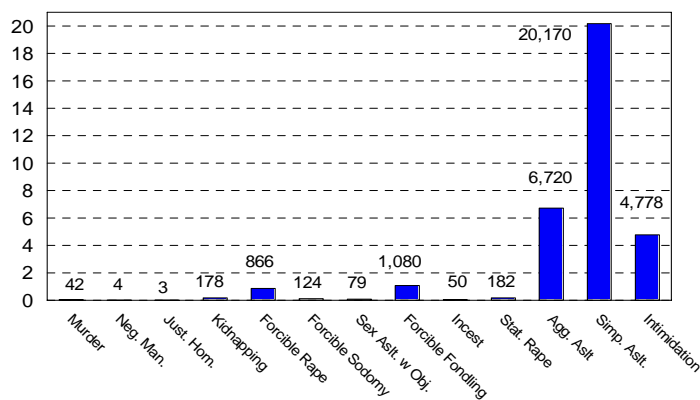
Most frequent month was July (3,256) and December (2,399) was the least frequent month for recorded victims.

Females were 58 % of the identified victims.

The most frequent age of a victim was 18 (1,399).

CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS

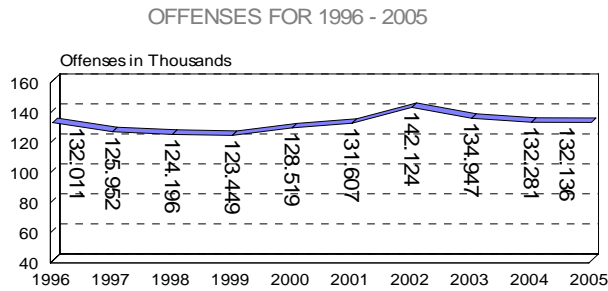
2005 VICTIMS



Percent Distribution	
Murder	.12
Negligent Man.	.01
Justifiable Homicide	.01
Kidnapping	.51
Forcible Rape	2.53
Forcible Sodomy	.36
Sexual Aslt w Obj.	.23
Forcible Fondling	3.15
Aggravated Assault	19.61
Simple Assault	58.84
Intimidation	13.94
Incest	.15
Statutory Rape	.53

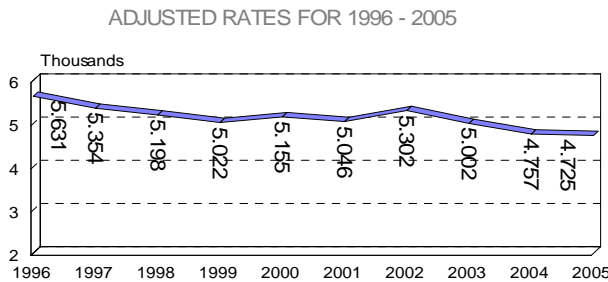
See pages 21 to 62 for individual crimes.

Crimes Against Property



“One offense is counted for each distinct operation”. The purpose of property crimes is to “obtain money, property, or some other benefit, e.g. robbery, bribery, burglary”.

Offenses decreased .11% while rates decreased .67% from 2004.



Stolen and Recovered

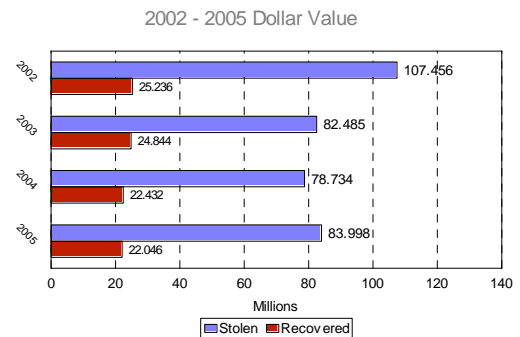
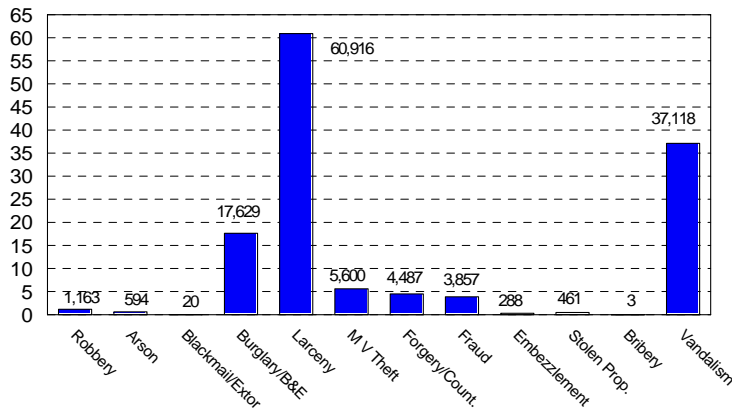


Figure 10

The type of property value most stolen and recovered is motor vehicles. (Table 5 from TABLES (or 2005 IBR webpage)) and property types.)

CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

2005 OFFENSES



See pages 63 to 80 for details

Most offenses occurred in August, least in January.

Percent Distribution	
Robbery	.88
Arson	.45
Blackmail/Extort.	.02
Burglary/B & E	13.34
Larceny	46.10
MV Theft	4.23
Forgery/Count.	3.40
Fraud	2.92
Embezzlement	.22
Stolen Prop.	.35
Bribery	.00
Vandalism	28.10

Larceny and Fraud are broken down to:

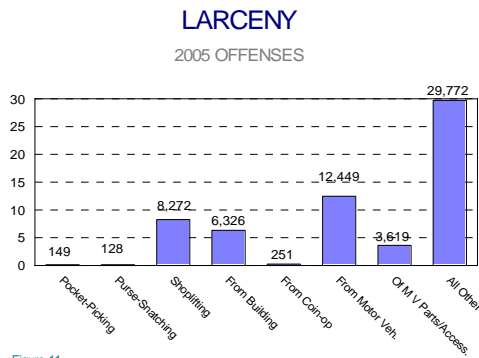


Figure 11

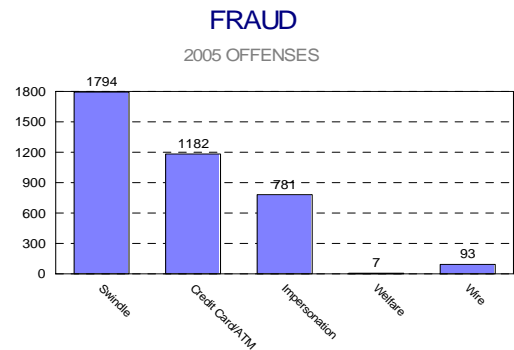
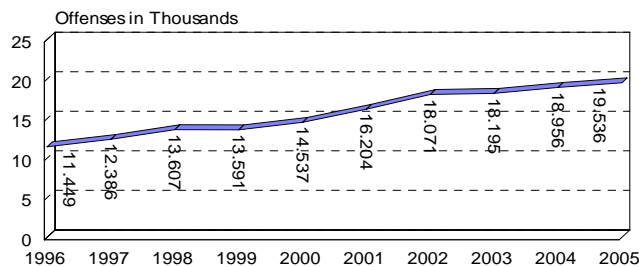


Figure 12

Crimes Against Society

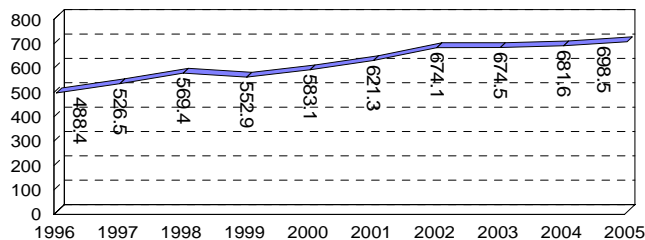
1996 - 2005



“One offense is counted for each crime.”
 “Crimes against society represent society’s prohibition against engaging in certain types of activity, e.g., “illegal” gambling, prostitution, and drug violations.”

Offenses increased 3.1 % while rates increased 2.9 % from 2004.

ADJUSTED RATES FOR 1996 - 2005

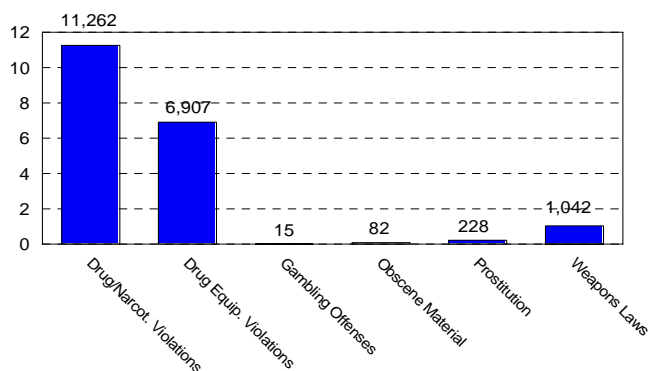


77% of the arrestees were male, 18 was the most common age.

83% of the arrestees were white, 15% were African American.

CRIMES AGAINST SOCIETY

2005 OFFENSES



Percent Distribution	
Drug Violations	57.70
Drug Equip. Viol.	35.40
Gambling	.08
Obscene Material	.42
Prostitution	1.17
Weapons Laws	5.33

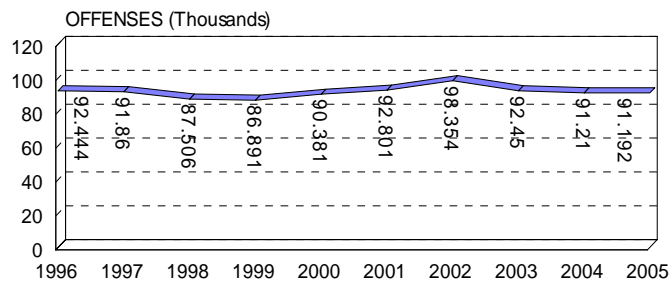
See pages 81 to 87 for details.

SUMMARY - BASED METHOD

Crime Index Offenses	91,192
Decrease from 2004	-.02%
Crime Index Adjusted Rate	3261
Decrease from 2004	-.6%

INDEX OFFENSES

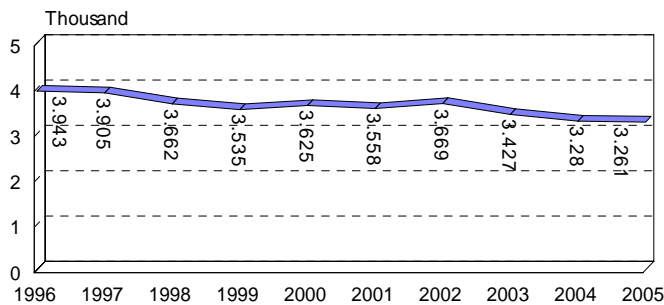
1996 - 2005



The decade high for index crimes was in 2002, for rates in 1996.

Violent crimes made up 7.7% of the total index crimes in 1996 to 9.5 % of the total index crimes in 2005.

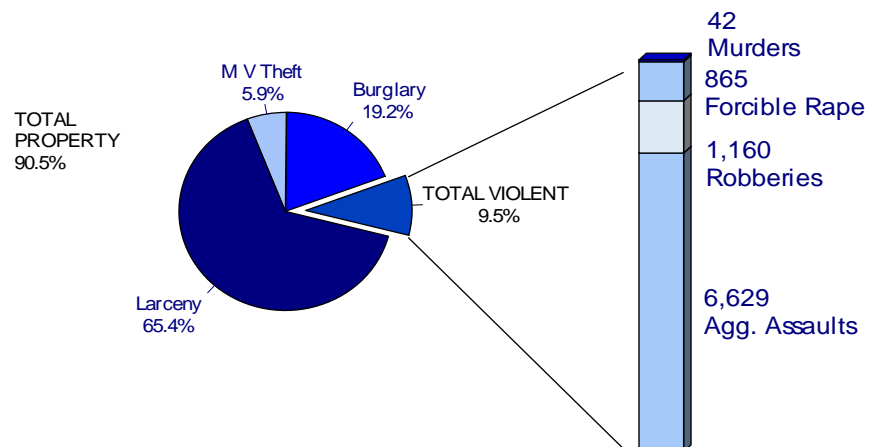
ADJUSTED RATES FOR 1996 - 2005



Property crimes have decreased 8.3 % from 2002 to 2005 while violent crimes have increased 3.4%.

CRIME INDEX

VIOLENT AND PROPERTY CRIMES

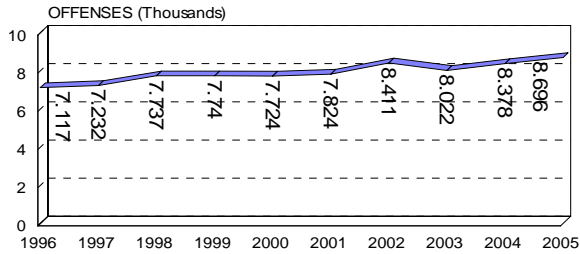


**THE VIOLENT CRIMES
OF
MURDER, RAPE, ROBBERY
AND AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
as Reported**

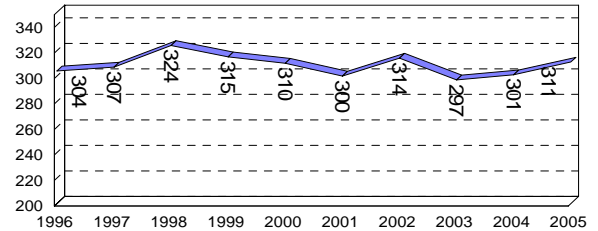
Violent Crimes	8,696
Increase from 2004	+3.8%
Adjusted Rate	310.9
Increase from 2004	+3.2%

VIOLENT CRIMES

1996 - 2005



ADJUSTED RATES FOR 1996 - 2005

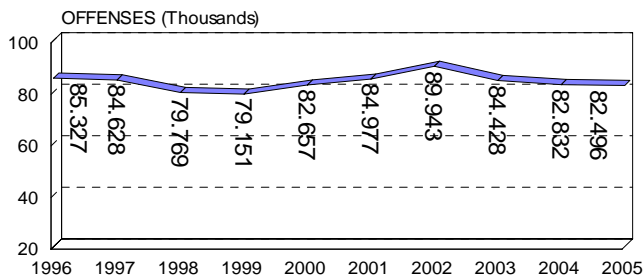


**THE PROPERTY CRIMES
OF
BURGLARY, LARCENY
AND MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
as Reported**

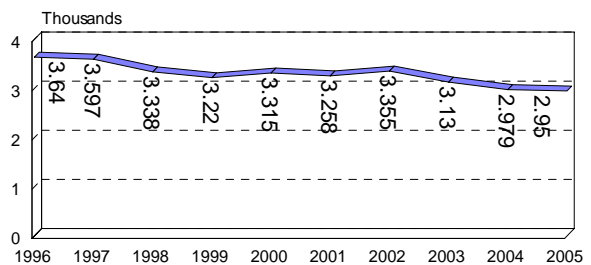
Property Crimes	82,496
Decrease from 2004	-0.4%
Adjusted Rates	2,950
Decrease from 2004	-1.0%

PROPERTY CRIMES

1996 - 2005



ADJUSTED RATES FOR 1996 - 2005

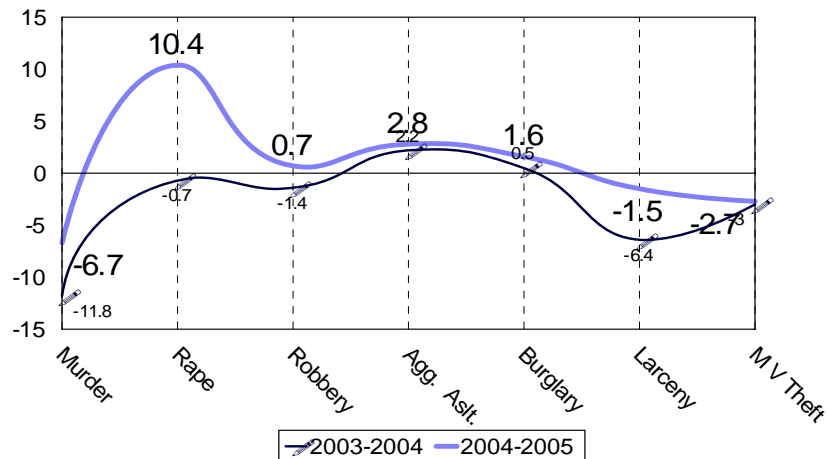


PERCENT CHANGE BETWEEN 2004 AND 2005

SUMMARY BASED CRIME INDEX					
	2004		2005		% Rate
Offenses	Offenses	Rates	Offenses	Rates	Change
*Murder	45	1.6	42	1.5	-6.3
Rape	778	28.0	865	30.9	10.4
Robbery	1,146	41.2	1,160	41.5	0.7
Aggravated Assault	6,409	230.5	6,629	237.0	2.8
Total Violent Crime	8,378	301.3	8,696	310.9	3.2
Burglary	17,143	616.4	17,517	626.4	1.6
Larceny	60,191	2164.4	59,599	2131.1	-1.5
Motor Vehicle Theft	5,498	197.7	5,380	192.4	-2.7
Total Property Crime	82,832	2978.5	82,496	2949.8	-1.0
Total Crime Index	91,210	3279.8	91,192	3260.8	-0.6
*Murder (Special Reporting)	0		0		
Total Murders	45	1.5	42	1.4	-6.7

PERCENT CHANGE

2003-2004 vs 2004-2005



* Murder victims from non-reporting or late reporting jurisdictions are added when applicable, with the cooperation of those jurisdictions, by special reporting.

Crimes Against Persons	Crimes Against Property	Crimes Against Society
Murder	Robbery	Drug/Narcotics Viol.
Neg. Manslaughter	Burglary/B&E	Drug Equipment Viol.
Justifiable Homicide	Larceny/Theft	Gambling Offenses
Forcible Rape	Motor Vehicle Theft	Obscene Material
Aggravated Assault	Arson	Prostitution
Simple Assault	Bribery	Weapons Law Viol.
Intimidation	Counterfeiting/Forgery	
Kidnapping	Destruction of Property	
Forcible Sodomy	Embezzlement	
Sexual Aslt. W Obj.	Extortion/Blackmail	
Forcible Fondling	Fraud Offenses	
Incest	Stolen Property Offense	
Statutory Rape		

Table 3. Group A Crimes

Years	Crimes	Rates	Adjusted Rates
1996	173,534	6585	7402.5
1997	167,450	6313	7117.6
1998	167,172	6242	6996.0
1999	167,754	6032	6824.8
2000	174,611	6219	7003.8
2001	179,416	6374	6879.3
2002	193,247	6766	7208.6
2003	184,690	6460	6846.4
2004	184,881	6423	6648.0
2005	185,948	6425	6648.9

Table 4. Group A Crimes

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Persons	30,074	29,112	29,369	30,714	31,555	31,605	33,052	31,548	33,644	34,276
Property	132,011	125,952	124,196	123,449	128,519	131,607	142,124	134,947	132,281	132,136
Society	11,449	12,386	13,607	13,591	14,537	16,204	18,071	18,195	18,956	19,536
Total Group A	173,534	167,450	167,172	167,754	174,611	179,416	193,247	184,690	184,881	185,948
(Additional Murders by Special Reporting)	6	13	15	0	5	1	1	2	0	0

Table 5. Group A Crime Rate

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Persons	1141.3	1097.5	1096.6	1104.4	1123.8	1122.8	1157.2	1103.4	1168.9	1184.4
Property	5009.6	4748.3	4637.2	4439.0	4577.3	4675.4	4976.0	4719.9	4595.9	4565.0
Society	434.5	466.9	508.1	488.7	517.7	575.7	632.7	636.4	658.6	675.1
Total Group A	6585.4	6312.8	6241.8	6032.1	6218.8	6373.8	6765.9	6459.7	6423.4	6425.5

Table 6. Group A Adjusted Rate

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Persons	1282.9	1237.4	1229.1	1249.5	1265.7	1211.8	1232.9	1169.5	1209.8	1225.6
Property	5631.2	5353.7	5197.5	5022.3	5155.0	5046.2	5301.6	5002.4	4756.6	4725.0
Society	488.4	526.5	569.4	552.9	583.1	621.3	674.1	674.5	681.6	698.5
Total Group A	7402.5	7117.6	6996.0	6824.8	7003.8	6879.3	7208.6	6846.4	6648.0	6648.9

Table 7. Crime Index

Years	Crimes	Rates	Adjusted Rates
1996	92,444	3731	3943
1997	91,860	3731	3905
1998	87,506	3407	3662
1999	86,891	3284	3535
2000	90,381	3353	3625
2001	92,801	3386	3558
2002	98,354	3582	3669
2003	92,450	3327	3427
2004	91,210	3212	3280
2005	91,192	3182	3261

Table 8. Number

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Murder	60	46	51	48	53	49	49	48	45	42
Rape	529	528	704	818	675	663	810	761	778	865
Robbery	1,124	1,108	1,103	1,058	1,065	1,148	1,163	1,127	1,146	1,160
Agg. Assault	5,404	5,550	5,879	5,816	5,931	5,964	6,389	6,086	6,409	6,629
Violent Crime	7,117	7,232	7,737	7,740	7,724	7,824	8,411	8,022	8,378	8,696
Burglary	16,664	18,179	16,502	15,391	15,387	16,012	17,474	16,548	17,143	17,517
Larceny	63,870	61,342	58,465	58,936	62,078	63,612	66,750	62,381	60,191	59,599
M Vehicle Theft	4,793	5,107	4,802	4,824	5,192	5,353	5,719	5,499	5,498	5,380
Property Crime	85,327	84,628	79,769	79,151	82,657	84,977	89,943	84,428	82,832	82,496
Total Index	92,444	91,860	87,506	86,891	90,381	92,801	98,354	92,450	91,210	91,192
(Special Reporting)	6	13	15	0	5	1	1	3	0	0
Total Murders	66	59	66	48	58	50	50	51	45	42

Table 9. Rate

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Murder	*2.3	*2.1	*2.3	*1.7	*2.0	*1.7	*1.7	*1.7	*1.5	*1.4
Rape	21.4	21.4	27.4	30.9	25.0	24.2	29.5	27.4	27.4	30.2
Robbery	45.4	45.0	42.9	40.0	39.5	41.9	42.4	40.6	40.4	40.5
Agg. Assault	218.1	225.4	228.9	219.8	220.1	217.6	232.7	219.0	225.7	231.3
Violent Crime	287.3	293.8	301.2	292.6	286.6	285.5	306.4	288.7	295.0	303.5
Burglary	672.6	738.4	642.5	581.7	570.9	584.3	636.4	595.5	603.7	611.3
Larceny	2578.0	2491.6	2276.3	2227.4	2303.2	2321.1	2431.0	2244.8	2119.6	2079.8
M Vehicle Theft	193.5	207.4	187.0	182.3	192.6	195.3	208.3	197.9	193.6	187.7
Property Crime	3444.1	3437.5	3105.7	2991.8	3066.8	3100.7	3275.6	3038.1	2916.9	2878.8
Total Index	3731.4	3731.2	3407.0	3284.4	3353.3	3386.2	3582.0	3326.8	3211.9	3182.3

*Murder rates from 1995 and after reflect the total.

Table 10. Adjusted Rate

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Murder	*2.3	*2.1	*2.3	*1.7	*2.0	*1.7	*1.7	*1.7	*1.5	*1.4
Rape	22.6	22.4	29.5	33.3	27.1	25.4	30.2	28.2	28.0	30.9
Robbery	47.9	47.1	46.2	43.0	42.7	44.0	43.4	41.8	41.2	41.5
Agg. Assault	230.5	235.9	246.0	236.6	237.9	228.7	238.3	225.6	230.5	237.0
Violent Crime	303.6	307.4	323.8	314.9	309.8	300.0	313.7	297.4	301.3	310.9
Burglary	710.8	772.7	690.6	626.2	617.2	613.9	651.8	613.4	616.4	626.4
Larceny	2724.5	2607.4	2446.7	2397.7	2490.0	2439.1	2489.9	2312.4	2164.4	2131.1
M Vehicle Theft	204.5	217.1	201.0	196.3	208.3	205.2	213.3	203.8	197.7	192.4
Property Crime	3639.8	3597.2	3338.3	3220.1	3315.4	3258.3	3355.1	3129.7	2978.5	2949.8
Total Index	3943.4	3904.6	3662.1	3535.0	3625.3	3558.3	3668.8	3427.1	3279.8	3260.8

*Murder rates from 1993 and after reflect the total.

Adjusted Rates

NOTE: Data for this report is based on incidents submitted by the law enforcement jurisdictions throughout Iowa to the Iowa Department of Public Safety. Although not all of the law enforcement agencies in Iowa were able to report statistical data, or complete data, the numbers show a marked increase in compliance with the reporting system since the 1991 introduction.

The adjusted population criterion is based on an individual agency entering more than 6 months worth of consistent data for the year. The adjusted population figure for 2005 is 2,796,657 or 94.3 percent of the total population, 2004 is 2,780,998 or 94.1 percent of the total population, 2003 is 2,697,640, 2002 is 2,680,799; 2001 is 2,608,047; 2000 is 2,493,096; 1999 is 2,458,008; 1998 is 2,389,528; 1997 is 2,352,605; 1996 is 2,344,265; 1995 is 2,394,411; 1994 is 2,222,663; 1993 is 2,203,850; 1992 is 2,009,937 and for 1991 the adjusted population figure is 1,700,363. The following law enforcement agencies' corresponding populations are not included in the adjusted population figure for 2005:

No Reports Received

Belle Plaine PD, Crawford Co. S.O., Eagle Grove PD, Fremont Co S.O., Hiawatha PD, Jackson Co. S.O., LeClaire PD, New Hampton PD, Onawa PD, Rock Rapids PD, Rock Valley PD, Shelby Co S.O., St. Ansgar PD and the Waukon PD.

Reports Received only from State Agencies, mainly the Iowa State Patrol:

Allamakee Co S.O., Audubon Co S.O. and the Monona Co S.O.

Not Included Due to Insufficient Data

Clear Lake PD, Decatur Co S.O., Dickinson Co S.O., Franklin Co S.O., Knoxville PD, Montgomery Co S.O., Ringgold Co S.O., Sioux Center PD, Wapello Co S.O., West Liberty PD and the West Union PD.

A similar listing is available upon request for 1991 through 2004.

Welcome to the new agencies:

Albia PD, Emmetsburg PD, Forest City PD, Guthrie Co. S.O., Missouri Valley PD, O'Brien Co. S.O., and the Tipton PD.

Late submissions: Agencies not submitting complete data before the deadline are not counted in the year's totals. Agencies missing the deadline are in Appendix D

Also Note: Other ways of figuring completeness of data are found in Appendix A.

Murder

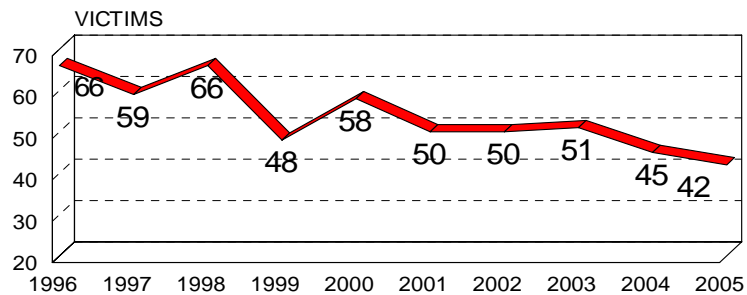
"The willful killing of one human being by another." (Does not include Negligent Manslaughter or Justifiable Homicide.)

2005 MURDER	
Number of Victims	42
Rate per 100,000 pop.	1.4
Number of Incidents	38
Number of Offenders	54

TOTAL

MURDER

1996 - 2005



There were 42 murders reported in 2005, the lowest victim count since the Department became the repository of crime data in 1974. The 2005 number is a seven percent decrease from the 45 murders reported in 2004. The next lowest victim count was 44 murders reported in 1992. It is difficult to identify a trend in murders because of the relatively small numbers involved. However,

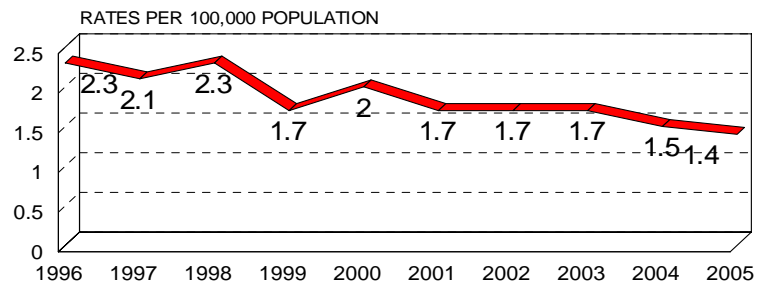
murders generally increased from 1992 to a period peak in 1996 and 1998 to decline substantially in 1999, 2001, 2004 and 2005. The record high was in 1981 when 77 murders were reported.

MURDER RATES

1996 - 2005

Rates

Similar to the trends found in the total above, murder rates per 100,000 population for the years 1996-2005 are displayed in Figure 2.



Note: Since statewide crime reporting was instituted, supplemental homicide reports have been submitted by the law enforcement agencies to the Iowa Department of Public Safety. These reports contained more detailed homicide information than was required by the summary based crime reporting system. Since the inception of the incident-based system in 1991, supplemental homicide reports have been requested (when applicable) of law enforcement agencies that have not been able to report to the incident-based system. Three of the 2003 murder victims were reported late.

WHO...

VICTIMS

MURDER: AGES OF VICTIMS

IOWA, 2005

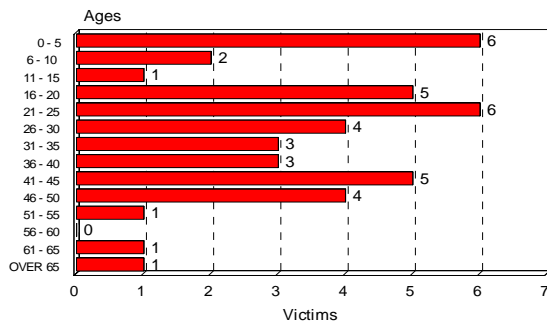


Figure 3

total. But, eleven of the 58 victims (19 percent) were 5 or under in 2000; the decade high for all groupings were 12 of the 59 (20%) victims were 5 or younger in 1997.

The largest single age group in 2002 was between age 41 and 45 accounting for sixteen percent (8) of the total victims, the same percent (16) was for those age 36 to 40 years old in 2001. Those over age 65 accounted for 3 (6 percent) of the 50 victims in 2002, 6 (12 percent) of the 50 victims in 2001, 4 (7 percent) of the 58 victims in 2000, 2 (4 percent) of the 48 victims in 1999, 6 (9 percent) of the 66 victims in 1998 and 4 (7 percent) of the 59 victims in 1997.

MURDER: GENDER OF VICTIMS

IOWA, 2005

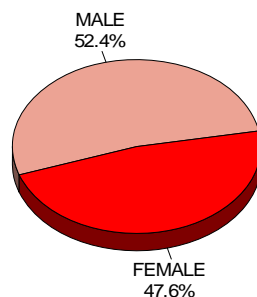


Figure 4

2005 Victims	
Number of Victims	42

Figure 3 shows the ages of the 42 murder victims during 2005. The highest age groups accounted for 6 victims (14%) each (victims age 0 through 5, and those age 21 through 25). Those victims 16 through 20 and 41 through 45 accounted for 5 victims (12%) each. Three of the 45 victims in 2004 were under 6 (7%) but six of the victims (the highest grouping) were between 16 and 20 (13%). In 2003, eight of the 51 victims (16 %) were age 5 and under or between 21 and 25, the highest grouping in 2003. In 1999 and 2001 those under 6 accounted for between 4 and 8 percent of the

Table 1. Gender of Victims					
Year	Female	%	Male	%	Total
1996	24	36	42	64	66
1997	22	37	37	63	59
1998	33	50	33	50	66
1999	16	33	32	67	48
2000	20	34	38	66	58
2001	21	42	29	58	50
2002	18	36	32	64	50
2003	22	43	29	57	51
2004	16	36	29	64	45
2005	20	48	22	52	42

Males were the victim of a homicide most often in the decade shown. However, there were more female victims in 1993 (not shown) than male victims and in 1998 the victims were equal.

RACE OF VICTIMS

Table 2. Race of Victims											
	Asian		African Am.		Native Am.		White		Unknown		Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	
1996	3	5	15	23	0	0	48	73	0	0	66
1997	1	2	6	10	3	5	49	83	0	0	59
1998	3	5	8	12	0	0	55	83	0	0	66
1999	3	6	8	17	1	2	36	75	0	0	48
2000	3	5	10	17	0	0	45	78	0	0	58
2001	2	4	5	10	0	0	43	86	0	0	50
2002	1	2	11	22	1	2	37	74	0	0	50
2003	0	0	9	18	1	2	41	80	0	0	51
2004	1	2	9	20	0	0	35	78	0	0	45
2005	0	0	8	19	0	0	32	76	2	5	42
Total	17	3	89	17	6	1	421	79	2	0	535

In 2001, five (10 percent) of the 50 victims were identified as being African American, the lowest number in a decade compared to 19 percent in 2005 or 23 percent in 1996; the decade high. In 2002, the percentage of African American victims more than doubled to 22 percent from 2001 but declined to 18 percent in 2003.

MURDER: RACE OF VICTIMS

IOWA, 2005

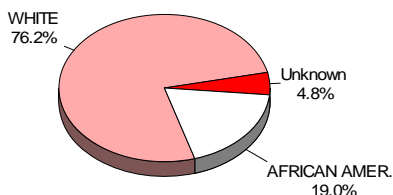
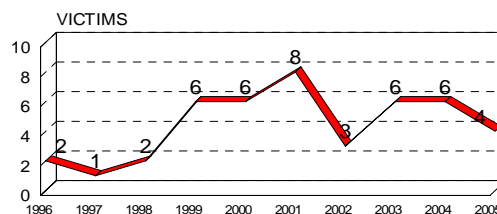


FIGURE 5

MURDER: HISPANIC VICTIMS

1996 - 2005



OFFENDERS

AGE OF OFFENDERS

Forty-nine of the 54 known murderers are depicted in Figure 7 for 2005. The most common age grouping of offenders in 2005 was between the ages of 21 and 35, accounting for fifty two percent of the reported offenders. In 2004 through 1998 the age grouping of 16 through 30 was the most common age reported. Specifically, the ages 16 through 30 were reported in 36 out of the 55 offenders (65%) in 2004; 58 percent or 35 of the 60 offenders in 2003, 71 percent or in 47 of the 66 offenders in 2002, 55 percent or in 26 of the 47 offenders in 2001, 60 percent or in 37 of 62 reported offenders in 2000, 19 of the 39 offenders (49%) in 1999 and 45 of the 69 reported offenders (65%) in 1998. In 1997, offenders age 21 through 35 were most common accounting for 62 percent of the offenders (31 of 50) while in 1996, 50 percent (32 of 64) of the offenders were again between age 16 and 30.

2005 Offenders	
Number of Offenders	54

MURDER: AGES OF OFFENDERS

IOWA, 2005

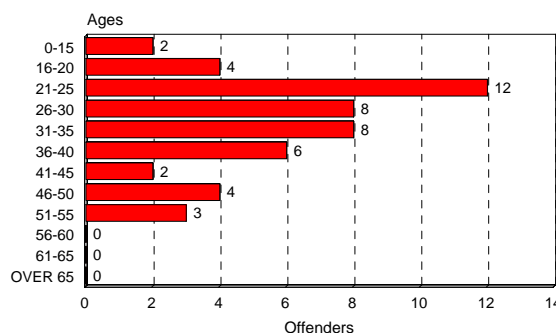
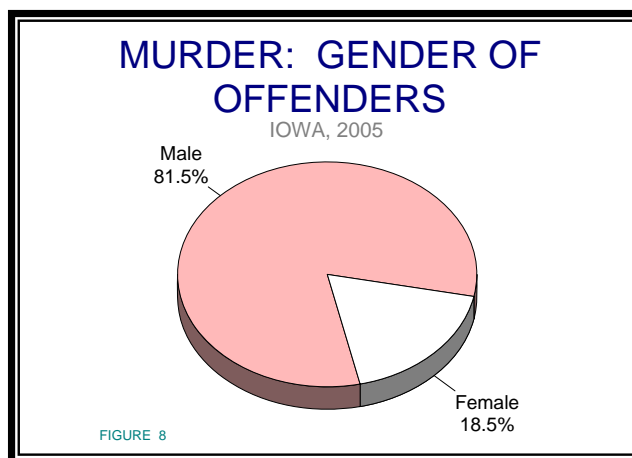


Figure 7

GENDER OF OFFENDERS

Table 3. Gender of Offenders					
Year	Female	%	Male	%	Total
1996	11	17	53	83	64
1997	12	24	38	76	50
1998	9	13	60	87	69
1999	5	13	34	87	39
2000	9	14	53	86	62
2001	12	25	35	75	47
2002	10	15	56	85	66
2003	8	13	52	87	60
2004	4	7	51	93	55
2005	10	19	44	81	54

In 1993, females (not shown) accounted for 2 or 4 percent of the offenders to increase to 12 or 25 percent of the offenders in 2001. The decade low for female offenders was 4 in 2004.



RACE OF OFFENDERS

White offenders predominate with the decade high being 79 percent of the offenders in 1997 and 2000 and the least in 2004 with 55 percent. Conversely, African American offenders represented the most percent in 2004 and the least in 1997.

Eight of the white offenders were identified as Hispanic in 1995, six in 2003, 2004 and 2005, four in 1999 and 2000, three in 1997, two in 1996 and 2002, and one person of Hispanic origin was reported as a murderer in 2001 and in 1998.

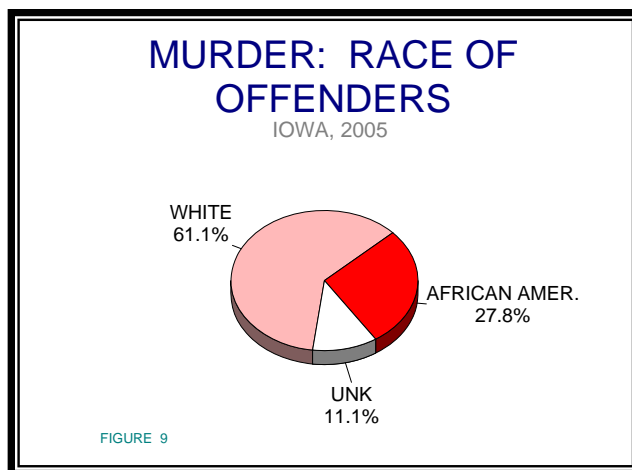
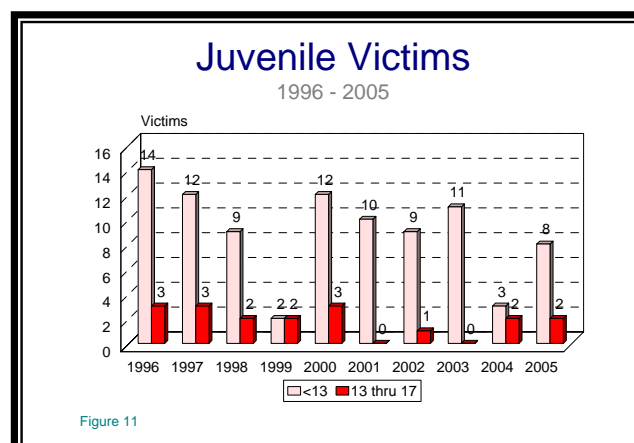
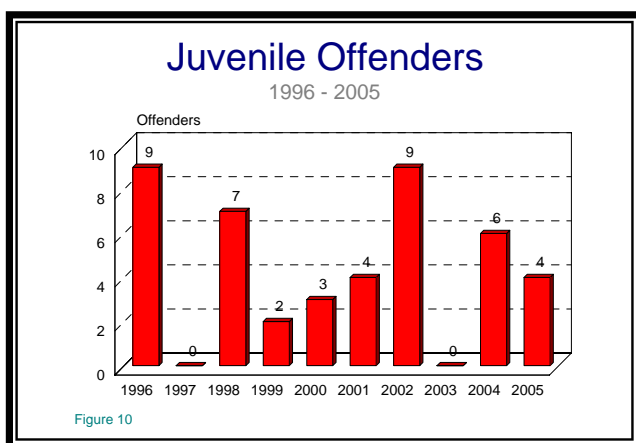


Table 4. Race of Offenders											
	Asian		African Am.		Native Am.		White		Unknown		Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	
1996	5	8	15	23	0	0	44	69	0	0	64
1997	2	4	5	9	3	6	38	79	2	4	50
1998	5	7	16	23	0	0	48	70	0	0	69
1999	3	8	5	13	2	5	29	74	0	0	39
2000	1	2	12	20	0	0	49	79	0	0	62
2001	2	4	10	21	0	0	35	75	0	0	47
2002	0	0	25	38	1	2	39	59	1	2	66
2003	0	0	16	27	3	5	41	68	0	0	60
2004	1	2	23	42	1	2	30	55	0	0	55
2005	0	0	15	28	0	0	33	61	6	11	54

JUVENILES INVOLVED IN HOMICIDES

There were four juvenile offenders age 14, 16 or 17 identified in a 2005 and 6 in a 2004 homicide; there were no juvenile offenders identified in 2003. However, much concern is focused on juveniles involved in crime. Further analysis is prompted by the fact that the reported numbers of Iowa juvenile homicide offenders also increased substantially in 1993 (11 offenders) and 1994 (12 offenders). Although these numbers are small, a decrease was seen in identified juvenile offenders in 1995 to increase again in 1996. No juvenile offenders were reported in 1997 but again seven were reported in 1998 while two, three and four juvenile offenders were reported in 1999, 2000 and 2001 respectively. In 2004, juvenile offenders made up 11 percent of the total offenders; the decade high was in 2002 when 9 of the only 36 identified offenders (25%) were juveniles. Also, the age of the victims seemed to have become proportionately older in the early 1990's but since 1995 more victims were reported as being preteen than in the teenager years.



JUVENILES INVOLVED IN HOMICIDE

1996 – 2005

Table 5

YEAR	1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
TOTAL HOM.	66		59		66		48		58		50		50		51		45		45	
JUV. HOM.	17	9	15	0	11	7	4	2	15	3	10	4	10	9	11	0	5	6	10	4
AGE	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF	VIC	OFF
0-5	11		12		7		2		11		4		6		8		3		6	
6											2		2		1				1	
7					2															
8											1				1					
9											1		1		1					
10																				
11	1								1		1									
12	2										1									
13								1	1										1	
14																				2
15	1	2	1		1		1	1		1			1							
16	1	2				3	1		1				4				5		1	
17	1	5	2		1	4			1	2		4	1	4			2	1	1	1
UNK																				

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN VICTIM AND OFFENDER

MURDER: RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN VICTIMS AND OFFENDERS
IOWA, 2005

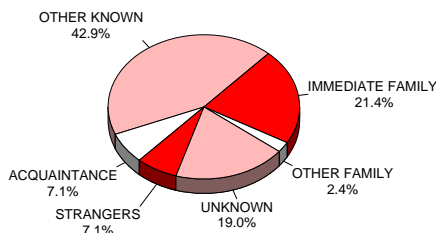


Table 12

At least one relationship between the victim and offender was identified for 81 percent (34 of 42) of the 2005 victims and 82 percent (42 of 51) of the victims in 2003. But in 2004 a relationship was identified for only 67 percent (30 of 45) murder victims. Relationships were identified in 74 percent or with 37 of the 50 victims in 2001 and 2002, almost the same percentage (73) as in 1998.

Table 6. Relationship of Victim to Offender							
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Spouse	4	5	5	6	2	2	1
CL Spouse		3	4			1	1
Parent/Step		1		2	3	1	
Sibling/Step						3	2
Child/Step	4	9	4	6	7	2	5
Oth Fam	2		1	1	2	2	1
Sub	10	18	14	15	14	11	10
Acquaintance	7	12	20	14	10	8	3
Friend	1	4		1	2	1	1
Neighbor					2		
Babysittee/er		1			1		
B/G Friend	1	2	0	5	5	3	6
Child of B/G Fr		1		1	1		
Oth Known	4	1	2	1	3	3	10
Homosexual							
X Spouse	1	2	1				1
Employer/ee					1		
Sub	14	23	23	22	25	15	21
Stranger	2	9	4	5	3	4	3
Unk	21	8	9	8	9	15	8
Sub	24	17	13	13	12	19	11
Total	48	58	50	50	51	45	42

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
One Vic/One Off	22	36	25	31	31	26	19
One Vic/Mult. Off	6	7	9	10	7	8	12
One Vic/Unk Off	12	4	6	1	5	5	3
Mult. Vic/One Off	3	3	2	3	3	2	4
Mult. Vic/Mult. Off	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
Mult. Vic/Unk. Off	1			1	0	1	0
Total	44	52	43	46	47	42	38

Table 7
**MURDER SITUATIONS:
NUMBER OF VICTIMS
AND OFFENDERS**

Figure 13 shows the 2005 incidents by murder situation. In all years the circumstance of single victim/single offender comprises the largest percentage of incidents. However, the decade low of single victim/offender incidents was in 1999 and 2005 with 50 percent. The percent of single victim/single offender incidents in 2004 was 62, 2003 was 66, 2002 was 67, 2001 was 58, 2000 was 69, 1998 was 64, 1997 was 73 and 65 percent of the 1996 incidents were reported as single victim and offender.

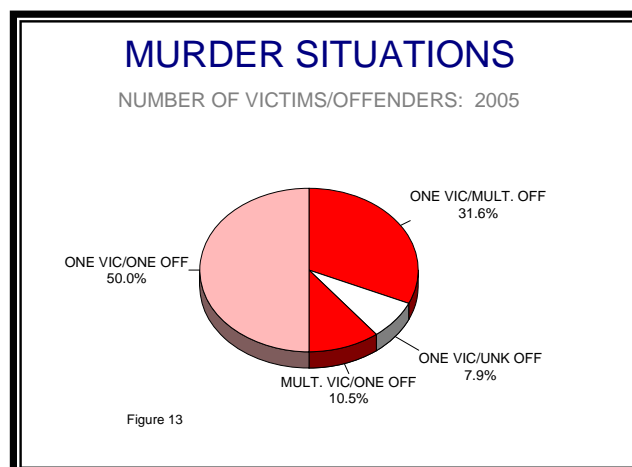


Figure 13

MURDER CIRCUMSTANCES

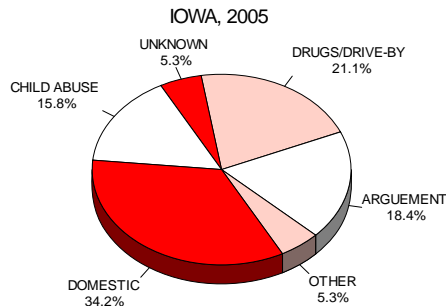


Figure 14

Domestic and other romantic relationships the largest combined category, accounted for 34 percent (13 of 38) of the murder circumstances in 2005. Twenty-four percent of the incidents in 2004 (10 of 42) and in 2002 (11 of 46) were identified as domestic circumstances. Twenty-one percent of the 2003 incidents involved domestic relationship, nineteen percent (10 of 52) of the 2000 incidents; while in 1998, eighteen percent (11) of the 61 situations were domestic while other romantic relationships added another 7 percent. In 2001, domestic situations accounted for 12 of 43 (28 percent) incidents, 2 of which were other romantic relationships.

Stipulated gang or drug activity accounted for 12 percent of the 1998 and 2000 murder circumstances, 14 percent of the 1999 murder incidents, 15 percent of the circumstances in 1997, 17 percent in 2003, 20 percent in 2002, 21 percent in 2005, 23 percent in 2001 and 26 percent (11 of 42) involved gang or drug activity in 2004.

Child Abuse was second as the reason most given for a homicide in 2003 with 19 percent or in 9 of the 47 incidents but accounted for 3 of the 43 (7 percent) 2004 incidents. In 2005, and 6 of 38 or 16 percent of the homicides were child abuse.

Escalating arguments accounted for 18 percent of the 2005 (7 of 38) incidents and in 21 percent of the 2004 (9 of 43), 2003 (10 of 47) and 2000 (11 of 52) incidents each. In 1999, 36 percent (16) of the incidents were committed while the offenders were involved in an argument.

MURDER WEAPONS

The combined firearm category made up 47 percent of the incidents in 2005 (18 of 38), 50 percent or (21 of 42) incidents in 2004, 40 percent (19 of 47) of the 2003 incidents, 50 percent of the 2002 incidents or 26 of the 50 incidents (52 percent). In 2001, firearms accounted for 33 percent of the incidents or for 15 of the 50 (30%)

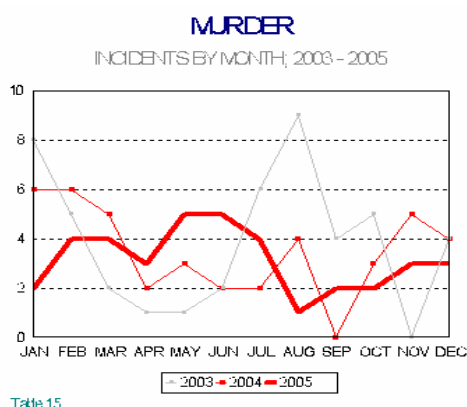
incidents, the lowest percentage for the combined firearm category in the period between 1989 and 2005. The highest reported percentage was in 1990 when 58 percent (29 of 50) of the incidents involved some type of firearm. Multiple firearms can be found in Table 4 Group A Offense by Weapon in the 2005 UCR title page.

Table 8. Weapons Used in a Homicide by Incident

	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Handgun	11	25.6	11	23.9	10	21.3	11	26.2	10	26.3
Rifle	1	2.3	4	8.7	1	2.1	1	2.4	1	2.6
Shotgun	1	2.3	2	4.3	2	4.3	3	7.1	2	5.3
Unident. Firearm	1	2.3	6	13.0	6	12.8	6	14.3	5	13.2
Firearm Total	14	32.6	23	50.0	19	40.4	21	50.0	18	47.4
Cutting Inst.	11	25.6	6	13.0	7	14.9	8	19.0	6	15.8
Hands, Fist, Feet	6	14.0	10	21.7	11	23.4	6	14.3	8	21.1
Blunt Obj.	5	11.6	1	2.2	6	12.8	2	4.8	3	7.9
Arson	0	0.0	1	2.2	1	2.1	0	0.0	1	2.6
Other/Unk	7	16.3	5	10.9	3	6.4	5	11.9	2	5.3
TOTAL	43		46		47		42		38	

WHEN

Usually no clear pattern emerges when comparing previous years' murder incidents by month. August was the month of most murders in 2001 and in 2003 with January being second in both years. In 2005, May and June were the months most incidents occurred (5 each) with January and February (6 each) in 2004 and November and December accounting for five and four murders. Although November and December were the months with the least number of murders in 2003 and 2002 (0) respectively August was when the least murders occurred in 2005 (1) and September was the month of least murders in 2004 (0). April was reported as the month with the least murders in 2000, May in 2001, and December also in 1999. October was the month of the least murders in 1998 and 1996.



	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
JAN	5	8	8	6	2
FEB	3	3	5	6	4
MAR	2	3	2	5	4
APR	3	2	1	2	3
MAY	1	6	1	3	5
JUN	3	5	2	2	5
JUL	9	4	6	2	4
AUG	10	5	9	4	1
SEP	2	4	4	0	2
OCT	2	3	5	3	2
NOV	6	2	0	5	3
DEC	4	0	4	4	3
	50	45	47	42	38

DAY OF INCIDENTS

Sunday and Monday were reported most as the day of a murder in 2005 (8 times each). Saturday and Sunday were reported also 8 times each as the day of a murder in 2004 but Tuesday was reported most as the day of a murder: 12 times.

Thursday was reported as the day most murder incidents occurred in 2003, 12 of 47 or in 25.5 percent of the time followed by Friday with 9 incidents. Only 3 murder incidents happened on a Tuesday in 2003.

Monday and Tuesday were the days most murder incidents occurred (8 each) with Friday and Saturday each being reported 7 times each in 2002. The day least reported in 2002 was Sunday (4 incidents).

HOUR OF INCIDENTS

Three incidents each were reported to have happened at one A.M., nine A.M., 5 P.M., and eleven P.M. in 2005 with no time reported for 10 incidents. Seven P.M. and one A.M. were reported most as the hour of a murder incident in 2004 with 4 times each. There was no time reported in 6 of the 2004 incidents.

MURDER LOCATIONS IOWA, 2005

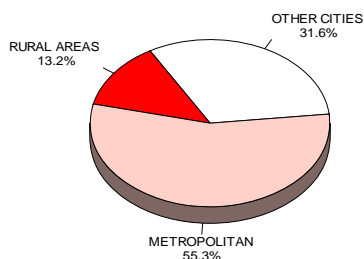


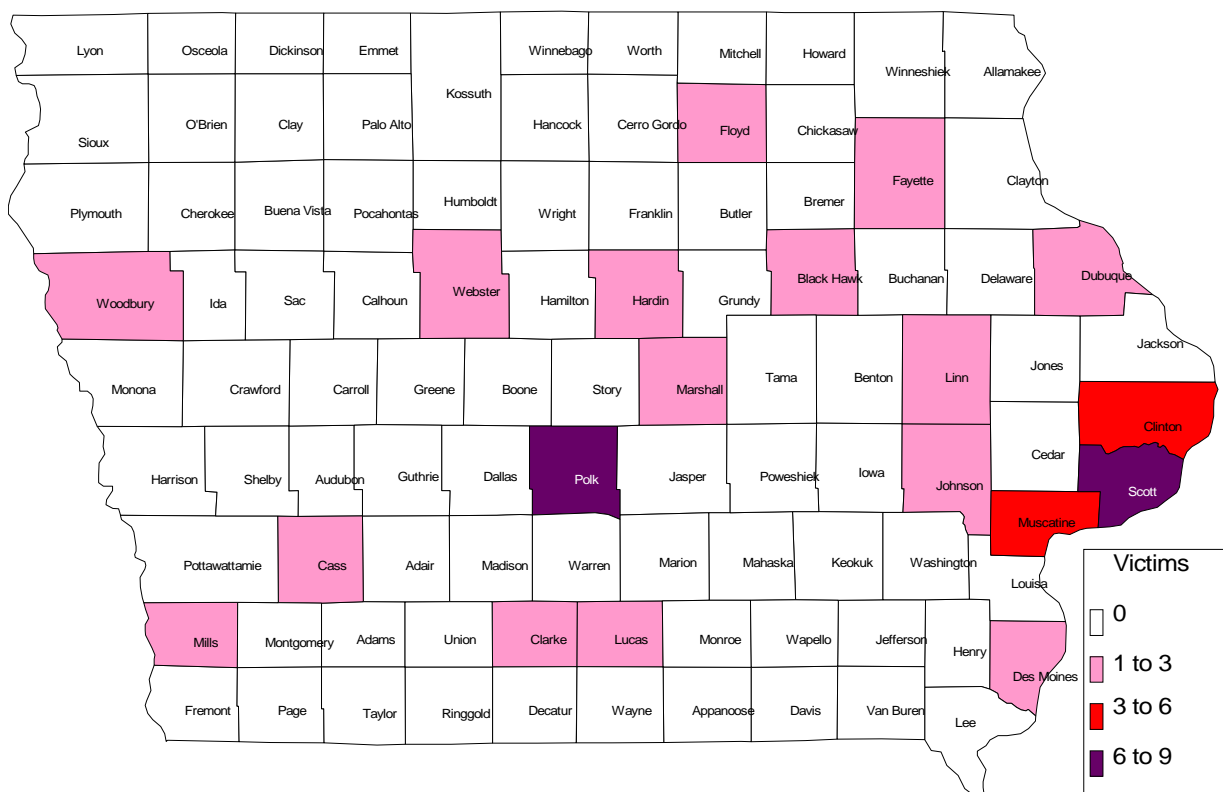
Figure 16

WHERE

Rural incidents increased from 6 being reported in 2003 (13%), 1 being reported in 2004 (2%) to 5 being reported in 2005 (13%). The Metropolitan areas remained where most of the homicides took place with 55 percent (21 of 38) of the 2005 incidents. In 2004, seventy-nine percent, 33 of the 42 incidents occurred in a metropolitan area. In 2003, 34 of the 47 (72 percent) homicide incidents occurred in Iowa's metropolitan areas. (The

definition was changed to increase the metropolitan area in 2003.) Refer to page 6 of the introduction for specific changes. "Other" refers to the cities, usually over 2,500 population, which submit their own statistical data. Rural areas are the county sheriffs' jurisdictions that are not in a metropolitan area.

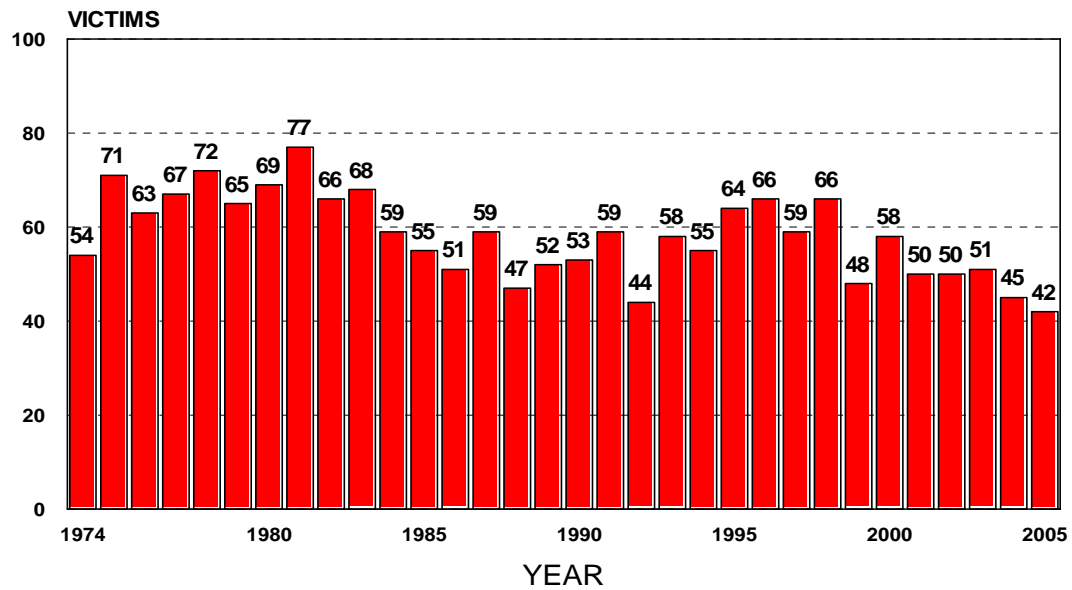
Iowa: Homicides by County



Black Hawk	1	Dubuque	1	Linn	1	Polk	7
Cass	2	Fayette	1	Lucas	1	Scott	8
Clarke	1	Floyd	2	Marshall	1	Webster	2
Clinton	3	Hardin	2	Mills	1	Woodbury	2
Des Moines	2	Johnson	1	Muscatine	3		

MURDER

BY YEAR 1974 - 2005



1974 - 2005 IOWA MURDER VICTIMS				
Year	#		Year	#
1974	54		1990	53
1975	71		1991	59
1976	63		1992	44
1977	67		1993	58
1978	72		1994	55
1979	65		1995	64
1980	69		1996	66
1981	77		1997	59
1982	66		1998	66
1983	68		1999	48
1984	59		2000	58
1985	55		2001	50
1986	51		2002	50
1987	59		2003	51
1988	47		2004	45
1989	52		2005	42

TOTAL SEX OFFENSES:

FORCIBLE

“Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.”

CRIMES INCLUDE VICTIMS OF:

FORCIBLE RAPE	866
FORCIBLE SODOMY	124
SEXUAL ASSAULT WITH AN OBJECT	79
FORCIBLE FONDLING	<u>1,080</u>
	2,149

2005 TOTAL	
Number of Victims	2,381
Rate per 100,000	85.1
Percent Increase	11.1
Knew their Attacker	78.5

2005 FORCIBLE OFFENSES	
Number of Victims	2,149
Rate per 100,000	76.8
Percent Increase	10.5
Number of Incidents	1,957

NONFORCIBLE

(Excludes Prostitution Offenses)

“Unlawful, nonforcible sexual intercourse.”

CRIMES INCLUDE VICTIMS OF:

INCEST	50
STATUTORY RAPE	<u>182</u>
	232

2005 NONFORCIBLE OFFENSES	
Number of Victims	232
Rate per 100,000	8.3
Percent Increase	16.9
Number of Incidents	215

SEXUAL ASSAULT: 1996 - 2005

TOTAL VICTIMS AND ARRESTS

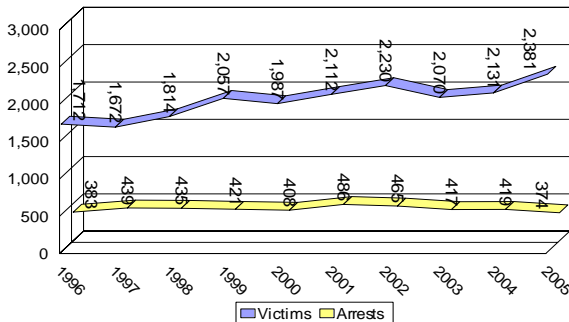


Figure 1

Although the number of reported victims of sexual assault has risen 39 percent in ten years, the number of arrests has decreased from 22.4 percent of the victims in 1996 to 15.7 percent of the victims in 2005.

SEXUAL ASSAULT: 1996 - 2005

ADJUSTED RATES Per 100,000 Population

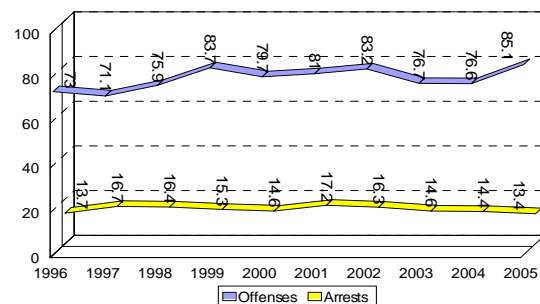


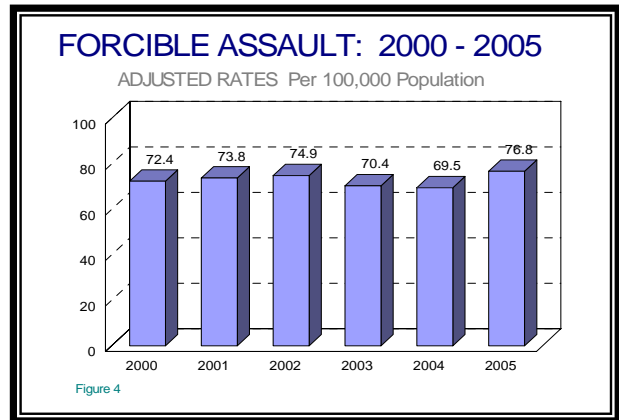
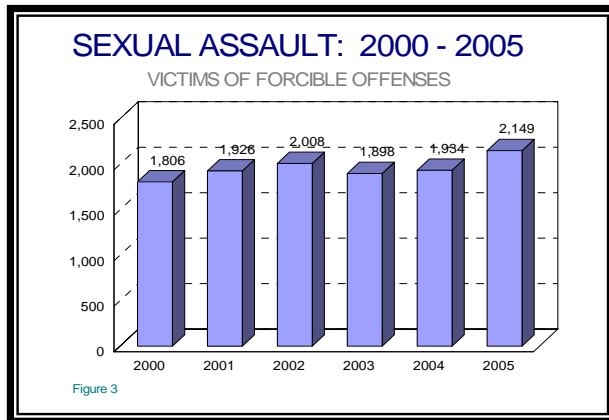
Figure 2

The rates show that reported victims increased seven percent from 1996 to 2005, arrests have remained relatively steady in the ten year span.

FORCIBLE OFFENSES

CRIMES INCLUDE VICTIMS OF:

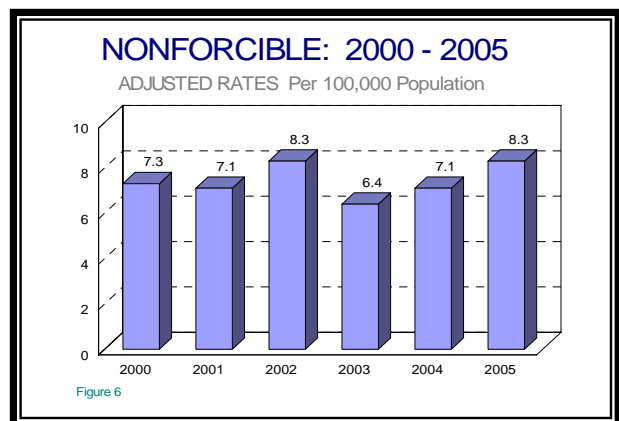
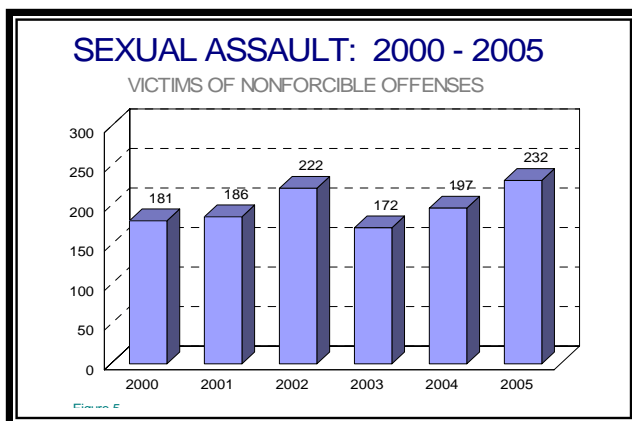
FORCIBLE RAPE	866
FORCIBLE SODOMY	124
SEXUAL ASSAULT WITH AN OBJECT	79
FORCIBLE FONDLING	<u>1,080</u>
	2,149



NONFORCIBLE OFFENSES

CRIMES INCLUDE VICTIMS OF:

INCEST	50
STATUTORY RAPE	<u>182</u>
	232



FORCIBLE RAPE

“The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.”

2005 FORCIBLE RAPE	
Number of Victims	866
Rate Increase	10.7
Number of Incidents	843
Knew their Attacker	612

HOW MANY...

Figure 1 shows an increase of eleven percent in the victims of a forcible rape between 2004 and 2005 surpassing the decade peak in 1999 of 818 victims. Proportionately, the number of reported arrests went from 19.4 percent of the victims in 1996 to 15.8 percent of the victims in 2005.

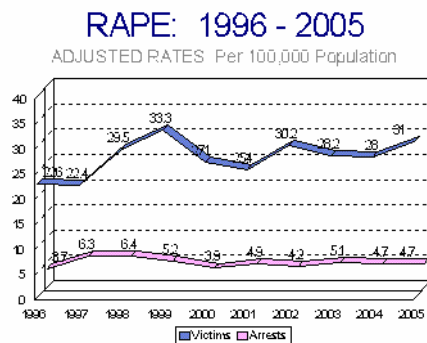


Figure 2

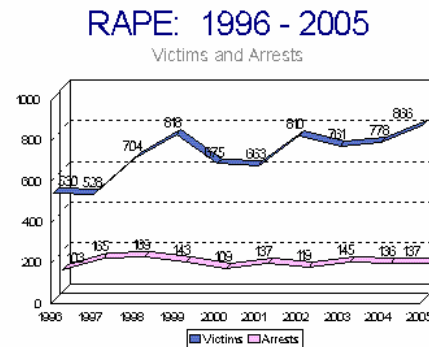


Figure 1

The victim rate increased less than 9.6 percent from 28.0 in 2004 to 30.9 victims per 100,000 population in 2005 but the arrests stayed the same from 2004 to 2005. The high arrest rate was in 1998 when 6.4 persons were reported arrested per 100,000 population.

Table 1. Incidents of Forcible Rape: Attempted or Completed by Year

Attempted and completion data was available on 832 reported offenses of forcible rape in 2005. Law enforcement officers reported 815 of the 832 or ninety-eight percent of the

	2003		2004		2005	
	Year	%	Year	%	Year	%
Attempt	22	3	24	3	17	2
Completed	722	97	731	97	815	98
Total	744		755		832	

rapes were completed while 17 or two percent of the rapes were attempted. Reported attempts to rape had declined from nine percent in 1993 and 1994 to three percent in 1998, 2002, 2003 and 2004.

AND WHEN?

In 2005, reported incidents of rape occurred most frequently in the month of April, May was reported most in 2004 and August was reported most frequently in 2003. Rapes were reported least frequently in December for 2002 and 2005, October of 2003, but October and December tied in 2004.

Table 2. 2002, 2003 and 2004
Incidents of Rape by Month

	Years		
	2003	2004	2005
JAN	50	51	74
FEB	59	60	70
MAR	69	63	59
APR	52	62	80
MAY	64	83	78
JUN	73	73	78
JUL	64	79	79
AUG	79	62	79
SEP	73	58	74
OCT	47	50	77
NOV	60	64	56
DEC	54	50	39
TOTAL	744	755	843

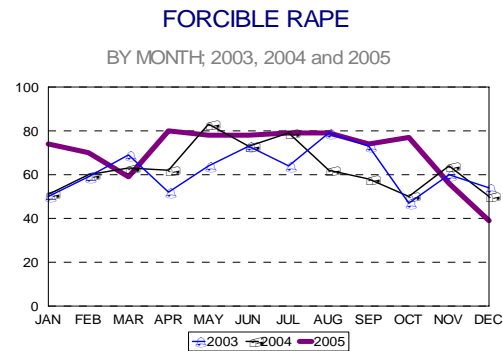


FIGURE 3

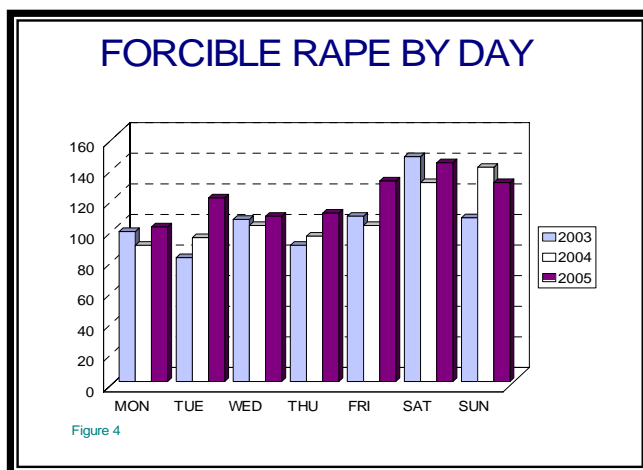
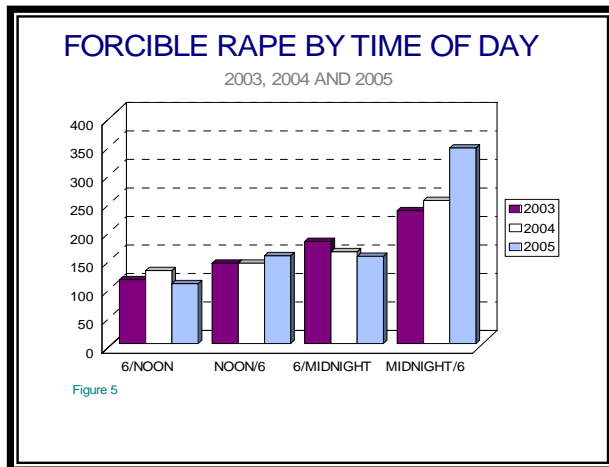


Figure 4

Day of Week

Generally more incidents of rape were reported to have happened during the weekends rather than the weekdays. Although Saturday and Sunday were the most frequently reported days of an incident in 2001 through 2005, Saturday and Thursday (not shown) were reported most frequently in 2000. The day reported least was Monday in 2001, 2004 and 2005, Tuesday in 2003 and Wednesday in 2002.

Time of Day



The greatest number of rapes (double and triple any other one hour period) was reported to have happened between midnight and 1:00 A.M. in all years 2002 through 2005. The number of rapes reported between midnight and 1:00 A.M. in 2003, 2004 and 2005 years were 89, 108 and 163 incidents respectively. The hour least reported was 6:00 A.M. in 2005 with nine incidents while the hour least reported in 2002 through 2004 was 7:00 A.M. with 7, 11 and 15 incidents

respectively.

Table 3. By Hour: 2002			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	90	Noon	23
1:00	46	1:00	24
2:00	46	2:00	23
3:00	28	3:00	33
4:00	31	4:00	31
5:00	17	5:00	19
6:00	9	6:00	25
7:00	7	7:00	20
8:00	16	8:00	27
9:00	19	9:00	27
10:00	12	10:00	38
11:00	24	11:00	39

Table 4. By Hour: 2004			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	108	Noon	16
1:00	28	1:00	22
2:00	37	2:00	23
3:00	34	3:00	31
4:00	24	4:00	31
5:00	20	5:00	18
6:00	16	6:00	31
7:00	15	7:00	18
8:00	26	8:00	27
9:00	20	9:00	20
10:00	26	10:00	25
11:00	25	11:00	40

Table 5. By Hour: 2005			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	163	Noon	19
1:00	45	1:00	27
2:00	43	2:00	22
3:00	42	3:00	35
4:00	30	4:00	26
5:00	20	5:00	25
6:00	9	6:00	17
7:00	12	7:00	29
8:00	20	8:00	34
9:00	16	9:00	19
10:00	19	10:00	25
11:00	26	11:00	29

WHO...

Ninety-six percent of the forcible rape victims were reported as being female in 2005.

2005 RAPE VICTIMS

By Age Group

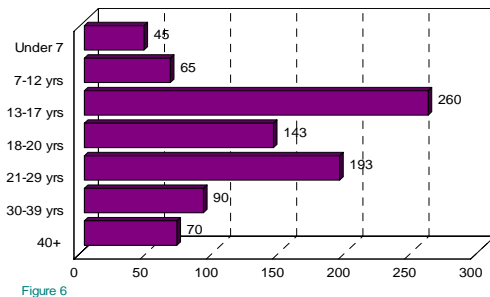


Figure 6

The age group of 13-17 year olds were reported the victims most often of a forcible rape since 1995. A victim age fifteen was reported most often as a victim of a forcible rape in 2000, 2001 and 2005 (63 times in 2005) while 14 was reported more in 2002 and 2004 (70 victims in 2004). Sixteen and seventeen tied for the age most reported (59 times) for a victim of a rape in 2003 followed by those victims ages 18 (57 times), 19 (47 times) and 15 (46 times).

When race and gender are considered, white females in the age group of thirteen to seventeen years old were reported by far as the victim of a rape most often since 1995.

Twenty-five of the 2005 white victims were reported as being Hispanic females while three Hispanic females were reported as being of unknown race. The age range of the Hispanic victims was from 7 to 40 with approximately 60 percent being under 18 years of age.

2005 RAPE VICTIMS

By Race and Gender

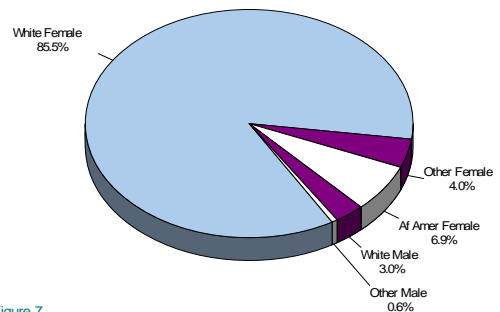


Figure 7

Table 6. 2005 Victims by Race and Age Group										
		White	Af. Amer.	Asian	Nat. Am.	Unk.	White	Af. Amer.	Unk	Oth
Age Group	Total	Female	Female	Female	Female	Female	Male	Male	Male	Male
Infant	0									
1-6 yrs	45	32	1	1	1	4	4	2		
7-12 yrs	65	47	2			5	10		1	
13-17 yrs	260	227	20	1	1	5	4	1	1	
18-20 yrs	143	129	8		3	3	0			
21-29 yrs	193	174	13		3	2	1			
30-39 yrs	90	70	12	1	2	1	4			
40 and Over	70	61	4	1	1		3			
Unk	0									
Total	866	740	60	4	11	20	26	3	2	0

Arrests

2005 ARRESTS FOR RAPE

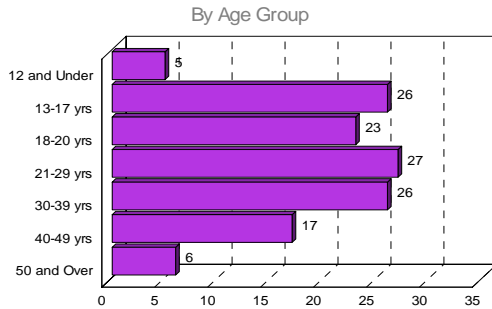


Figure 8

Offenders between the ages of 21 and 29 were arrested most often (40 times) in 2001, 2004 (31 times) and in 2005 (27 times) those 30 to 39 were arrested most often in 2002 (25 times). However, the combined group of 13 through 20 years old made up 38% of the arrestees in 2004 and 2005. The single age most reported of an arrestee in 2005 was 20 (10 times), 2004 was 18 (14 times), 2003 was 13 (7 times) and the age in 2002 was 19 (7 times). In 2005, eleven of the 108 white males were Hispanic. Twelve of the 108 white males arrestees were Hispanic in 2004, eleven of the 102 white male arrestees in 2003 were Hispanic while thirteen of the 91 white male 2002 arrestees were Hispanic.

Sex, race and age data is available on 130 of the 137 persons arrested for forcible rape in 2005.

Forty-six percent of the reported rapes were cleared in 1997 but dropped to 40.8 percent in 1998, 34.8 percent in 2000, 34.4 percent in 1999 and 2001, 31.7 percent in 2002, 31.5 percent in 2003, 30 percent in 2005 but the lowest was 25.8 percent in 2004.

Male offenders made up all of the persons arrested for rape in 2003 but 4 of the arrestees were female in 2004 and 8 were female in 2005.

2005 ARRESTS FOR RAPE

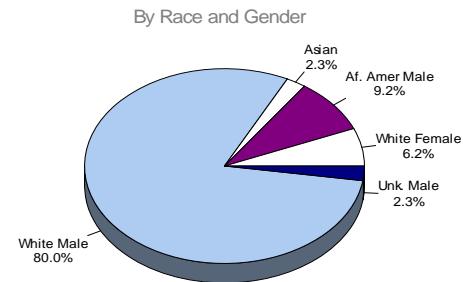


Figure 9

Table 7. 2005 Arrests for Rape by Age Group and Race

		White	Af. Amer.	Asian	Nat. Amer.	Unk	White
Age Group	Total	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male	Female
12 and Under	5	4					1
13-17 yrs	26	20	1	2		2	1
18-20 yrs	23	20	2				1
21-29 yrs	27	23	1			1	2
30-39 yrs	26	19	6				1
40-49 yrs	17	13	2	1			1
50 and Over	6	5					1
Unk.	7	4	2				1
Total	137	108	14	3	0	3	9

Over two-thirds (71 percent) or 612 of the 866 rape victims knew their attacker in 2005.

Relationships

A child under the age of 7 was more likely to be raped by family member (21 times) than an acquaintance (5 times) or stranger (no times). Overall, thirteen percent (113) of the 866 victims identified a family member as their attacker. A child, grandchild or stepchild within the family accounted for four percent of the reported relationships while siblings and stepsiblings accounted for another four percent. Of all the relationships, an acquaintance was reported most as the offender and accounted for 33 percent of the relationships. A stranger was

identified in 9 percent of the rapes while not enough was known in another 11 percent to declare the offender unknown. No information was reported in 9 percent or in 74 of the victim/offender relationships in 2005.

Table 8. Relationship of Rape Victims to Offenders						
	Ages of Victims					%
Relationship	<=6	7 to 13	13 to 18	Over 17	Total	Dist.
Within Family	21	33	23	36	113	13
Spouse				20	20	2
Common-Law Spouse				2	2	0
Sibling	6	6	2	2	16	2
Child	9	9	6	3	27	3
Grandchild	1	1	1		3	0
In-Law				2	2	0
Stepparent/Parent		1		2	3	0
Stepchild	1	3	4		8	1
Stepsibling	1	1	2	2	6	1
Other Family	3	12	8	3	26	3
Known to Victim	15	27	164	293	499	58
Acquaintance	5	10	89	180	284	33
Friend	3	4	16	30	53	6
Neighbor	1			2	3	0
Babysitree	1	3	1		5	1
Boy/Girl Friend		1	25	31	57	7
Child of B/G Friend	2	3	3	2	10	1
Ex-Spouse				1	1	0
Employee				2	2	0
Otherwise Known	3	6	30	45	84	10
Stranger		2	26	53	81	9
Declared Unknown	6	3	23	42	74	9
Unknown	3	0	24	72	99	11
TOTAL	45	65	260	496	866	

RAPE RELATIONSHIPS

Victims to Offenders

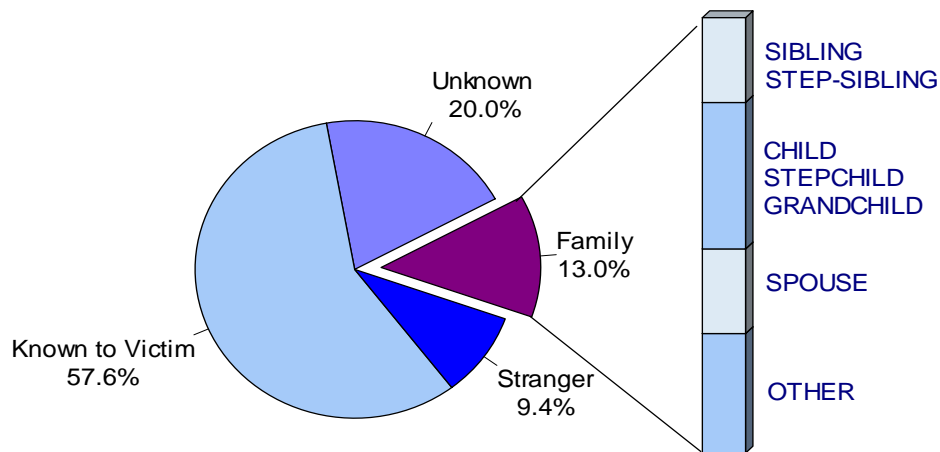


Figure 10

WHAT AND WHERE?

Weapons

Table 9. Weapons Used in a Rape				
	Incidents	%	Victims	%
Firearm	6	1	7	1
Knife	16	2	16	2
Blunt Object	4	0	4	0
Personal	622	74	622	72
Drugs	6	1	6	1
Other	34	4	34	4
Unknown	40	5	62	7
None	115	14	115	13
Total	843		866	

A gun, knife or blunt object was identified as a weapon used in three percent of the 843 incidents of rape in 2005. Those weapons were reported in six percent of the 1997 incidents. In seventy-four percent, or 622 of the 2005 incidents, the force of hands, fists, or feet was recorded as the weapon used in the forcible rapes.

WEAPONS USED IN RAPES

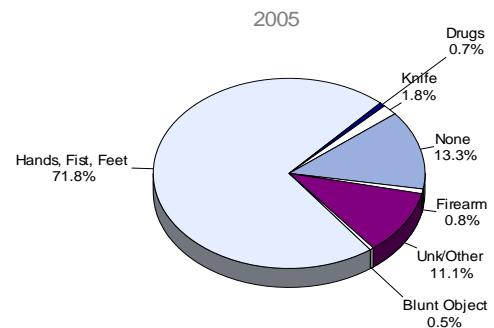


Figure 11

Physical Injuries

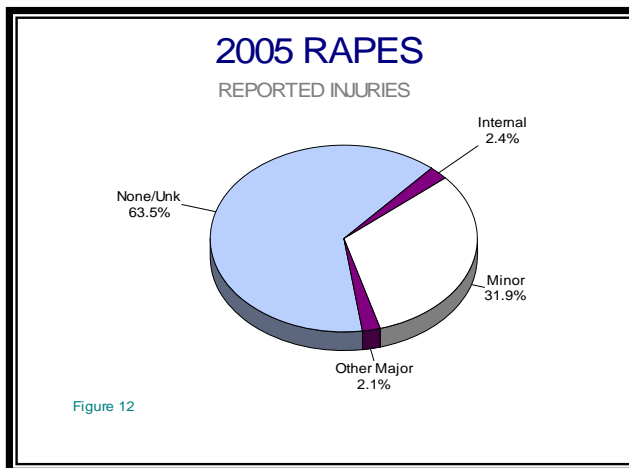


Figure 12

Reported minor injuries rose from 20.3 percent (137) of the total (675) in 2000 to 28.5 percent or in 189 of the 663 victims in 2001 and 231 of the 810 victims in 2002 but fell slightly in 2004 (to 28.0%) but rose in 2005 to 31.9 percent or in 269 of the 866 victims. Injury, or the possibility of an injury, was noted for 24 percent or for 158 of the 655 victims reported in 1999 while 76 percent or 497 victims were reported to have no injuries. Similar percentages were found in 1998, 1999 and 2000. The number of victims reported injured rose in 2003 and 2004 to around 31 percent to 36 percent of the victims being reported injured in 2005.

Location of the Rape

LOCATION OF RAPE

2005

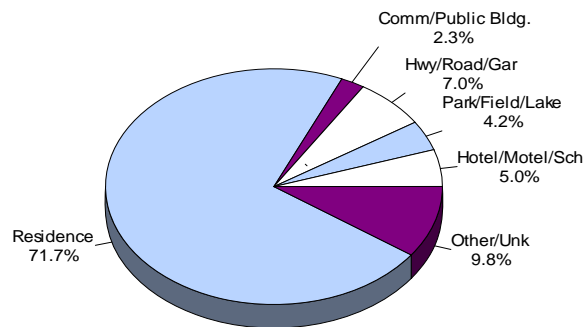


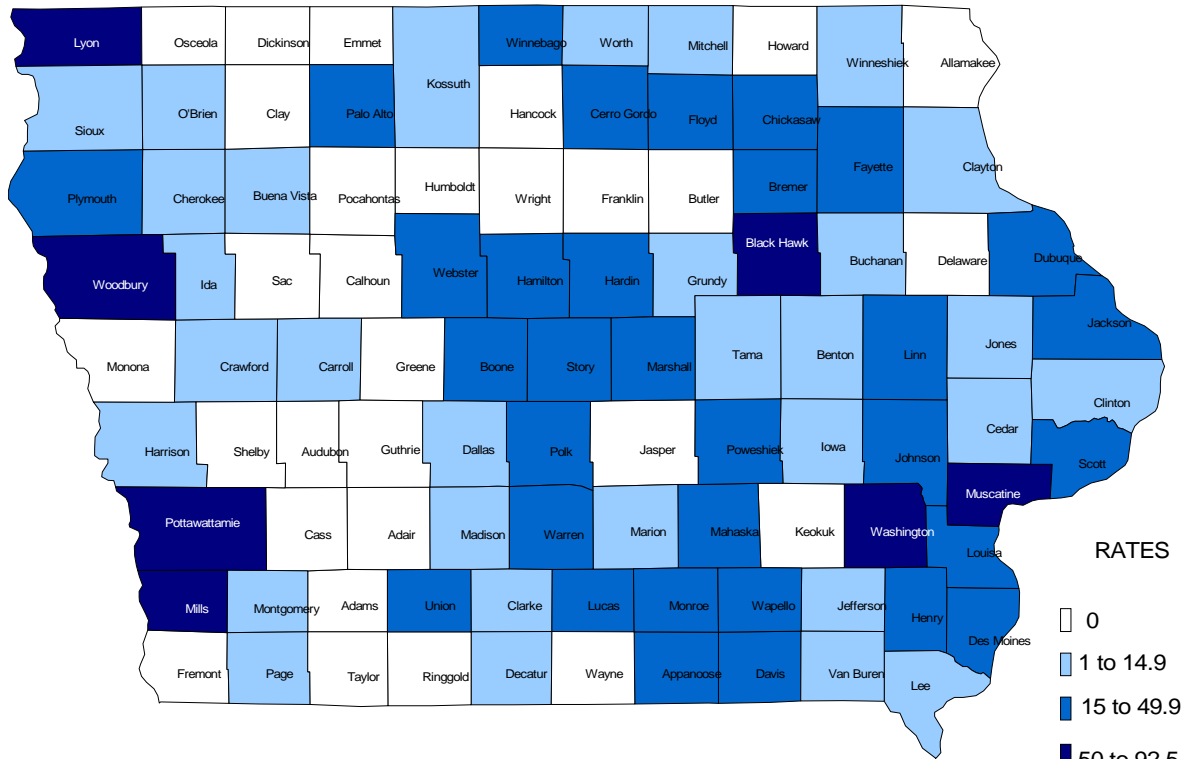
Figure 13

In 2005, seventy-two percent (621 of 866) of the reported incidents of rape occurred at a residence, down slightly from seventy percent (537 of 744) reported in 2003 and equal to the 2004 percent. Some type of commercial or public building accounted for two percent of the rapes in 2005 while a highway/roadway or garage was the location of another seven percent of the rapes. A hotel/motel/school

was the location for approximately five percent of the reported rapes and a park/field/lake was reported in four percent of the rapes.

Table 10. 2005 Location of Rape by Victims Age							
	<7	7 to 13	13 to 18	18 to 22	Over 21	Total	% Dist.
Air/Bus/Train Terminal		1				1	0.1
Bar/Night Club				2		2	0.2
Religious Bldg.					1	1	0.1
Commercial/Office Bldg.			1		2	3	0.3
Drug Store/Doctor's Off./Hosp.					1	1	0.1
Grocery/Spec./Conv. Store/gas	1			1	3	5	0.6
Government/Public Bldg.	1		2	1	2	6	0.7
Highway/Road/Alley			11	6	23	40	4.6
Hotel/Motel		1	5	5	10	21	2.4
Jail/Prison					1	1	0.1
Parking Lot/Garage		1	6	4	10	21	2.4
Residence/Home	31	53	182	93	237	596	68.8
Restaurant					1	1	0.1
School/College			6	13	3	22	2.5
Other/Unknown	8	3	16	10	48	85	9.8
Park/Lake/Woods	1	2	14	4	15	36	4.2
Farm Building/Other		1	7	3	14	25	2.9
Total	42	61	250	142	371	866	

2005 FORCIBLE RAPES



Adair	0.0	Clay	0.0	Hancock	0.0	Madison	6.7	Sac	0.0
Adams	0.0	Clayton	10.9	Hardin	27.4	Mahaska	22.4	*Scott	41.0
*Allamakee	0.0	Clinton	14.0	Harrison	12.6	*Marion	9.1	*Shelby	0.0
Appanoose	21.9	*Crawford	11.8	Henry	24.6	Marshall	17.6	*Sioux	3.1
*Audubon	0.0	Dallas	6.0	Howard	0.0	Mills	79.5	Story	37.2
*Benton	3.7	Davis	34.3	Humboldt	0.0	*Mitchell	9.1	Tama	11.1
Black Hawk	51.3	*Decatur	11.7	Ida	13.4	*Monona	0.0	Taylor	0.0
Boone	33.9	Delaware	0.0	Iowa	12.4	Monroe	38.0	Union	16.6
Bremer	21.2	Des Moines	36.6	*Jackson	34.4	*Montgomery	8.7	Van Buren	12.9
Buchanan	14.2	*Dickinson	0.0	Jasper	0.0	*Muscatine	77.2	*Wapello	39.0
Buena Vista	9.9	Dubuque	26.3	Jefferson	6.2	O'Brien	6.9	Warren	30.4
Butler	0.0	Emmet	0.0	Johnson	42.0	Osceola	0.0	Washington	60.8
Calhoun	0.0	*Fayette	18.8	Jones	9.6	Page	12.3	Wayne	0.0
Carroll	4.8	Floyd	24.1	Keokuk	0.0	Palo Alto	30.6	Webster	43.1
Cass	0.0	*Franklin	0.0	Kossuth	6.1	Plymouth	48.0	Winnebago	26.2
Cedar	10.9	*Fremont	0.0	Lee	8.1	Pocahontas	0.0	Winneshiek	4.7
*Cerro Gordo	26.5	Greene	0.0	*Linn	30.8	Polk	36.7	Woodbury	53.1
Cherokee	8.0	Grundy	8.0	Louisa	24.6	Pottawattamie	91.5	Worth	12.9
*Chickasaw	15.8	Guthrie	0.0	Lucas	30.7	Poweshiek	36.6	*Wright	0.0
Clarke	10.8	Hamilton	24.5	*Lyon	59.3	*Ringgold	0.0		

* Indicator for a county with missing or incomplete crime data.

FORCIBLE SODOMY

FORCIBLE SODOMY	
2005 Victims	124
% Change 2004-05	+21.6
Number of Arrests	28
Percent Cleared	32%

“Oral or anal intercourse with another person, forcible and/or against that person’s will; or, not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.”

The offender was identified as a friend or acquaintance in 42% of the relationships, another 26% of the relationships were identified as within the family.

FORCIBLE SODOMY

VICTIMS AND ARRESTS FOR 1999 - 2005

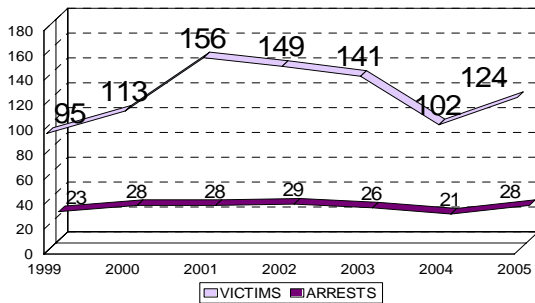


Figure 1

FORCIBLE SODOMY

1999 - 2005 RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION

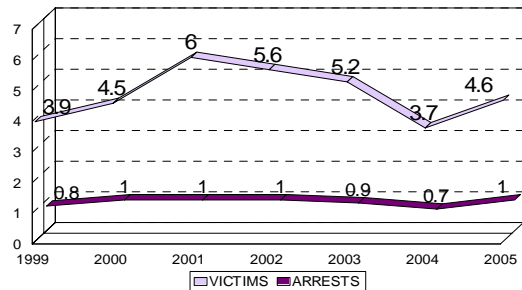


Figure 2

VICTIMS							
	TOTAL	Female			Male		
		Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	0						
African Am.	6		2		4		
Native Am.	1		1				
White	114	35	26		46	7	
Unk.	3	1			2		
TOTAL	124	36	29	0	52	7	0
Hispanic	0						

ARRESTEES								
	TOTAL	Female			Male			Unk.
		Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	
Asian	0							
African Am.	2				2			
Native Am.	0							
White	24				12	11	1	
Unk.	2				2			
TOTAL	28	0	0	0	16	11	1	0
Hispanic	1					1		

Relationship of Victim to Offender						
	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Total	%	
Spouse/Com Law/X	0	1	0	1	0.8	
Child	13	1	0	14	11.3	
Other Family	17	0	0	17	13.7	
Acquaintance/Friend	39	13	0	52	41.9	
Boy/Girl Friend	0	4	0	4	3.2	
Other	9	5	0	14	11.3	
Stranger/Unk	10	12	0	22	17.7	
	88	36	0	124		

FORCIBLE SODOMY

Relationship of Victim to Offender

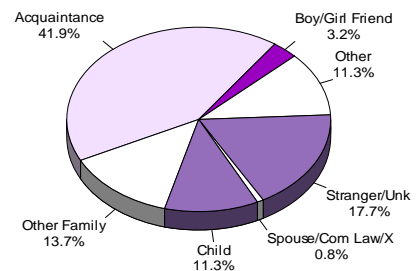


Figure 2

SEXUAL ASSAULT WITH AN OBJECT

2005 Victims	79
% Change 04-05	-11.2
Number of Arrests	9
Percent Cleared	35%

"To use an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, or, not forcibly or against that person's will; where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity."

SEXUAL ASSAULT W OBJECT

VICTIMS AND ARRESTS FOR 1999 - 2005

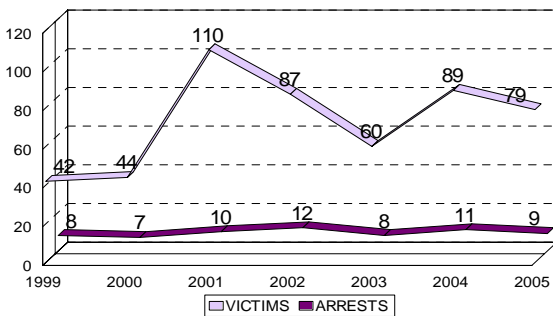


Figure 1

SEXUAL ASSAULT W OBJECT

1999 - 2005 RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION

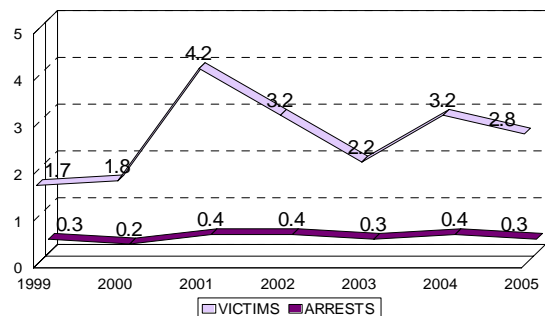


Figure 2

VICTIMS							
		Female			Male		
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	0						
African Am.	0						
Native Am.	0						
White	77	54	16		6	1	
Unk.	2	1		1			
TOTAL	79	55	16	1	6	1	
Hispanic	0						

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	0						
African Am.	1					1	
Native Am.	0						
White	8		1			7	
Unk.	0						
TOTAL	9	0	1	0	0	8	0
Hispanic	1					1	

Relationship of Victim to Offender						
	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Total	%	
Spouse/Com Law/X	0	0	0	0	0.0	
Child	18	1	0	19	24.1	
Other Family	7	0	0	7	8.9	
Acquaintance/Friend	21	7	0	28	35.4	
Boy/Girl Friend	1	0	0	1	1.3	
Other	3	2	0	5	6.3	
Stranger/Unk.	11	7	1	19	24.1	
	61	17	1	79		

SEXUAL ASSAULT W OBJ.

Relationship of Victim to Offender

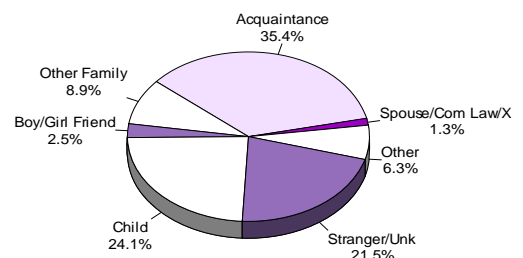


Figure 3

FORCIBLE FONDLING

2005 Victims	1,080
% Change 2004-05	+12
Number of Arrests	200
Percent Cleared	39%

"The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcible and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity."

Juveniles accounted for 81 percent of the victims of forcible fondling.

FORCIBLE FONDLING

VICTIMS AND ARRESTS FOR 1999 - 2005

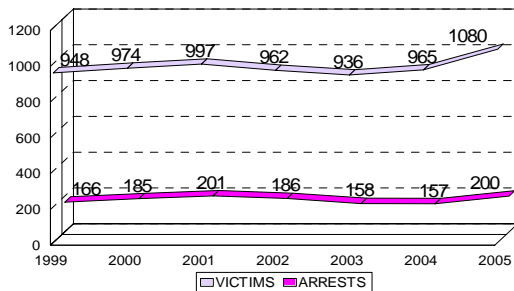


Figure 1

FORCIBLE FONDLING

JUVENILE VICTIMS

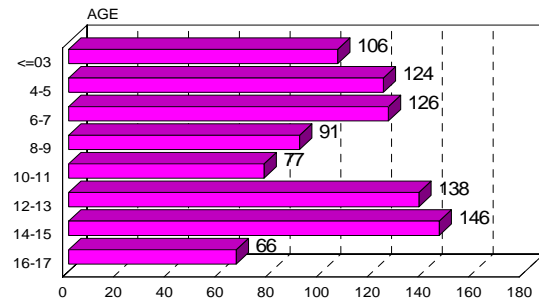


Figure 2

VICTIMS								
		Female			Male			Unk.
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	
Asian	3	3						
African Am	117	82	9		25	1		
Native Am	8	5	1		1	1		
White	875	547	156		160	12		
Unk.	77	41	12		13	3		8
TOTAL	1,080	678	178	0	199	17	0	8
Hispanic	35	26	1		7	1		

ARRESTS								
		Female			Male			Unk.
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	
Asian	1					1		
African Am	22				9	13		
Native Am	0							
White	175	2	4		46	118		5
Unk.	2							2
TOTAL	200	2	4	0	55	132	2	5
Hispanic	13				7	6		

Relationship of Victim to Offender						
	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Total	%	
Spouse/Com Law/X	0	3	0	3	0.3	
Child	230	13	0	243	22.5	
Other Family	108	12	0	120	11.1	
Acquaintance/Friend	293	82	0	375	34.7	
Boy/Girl Friend	8	5	0	13	1.2	
Other	120	23	0	143	13.2	
Stranger/Unk	124	57	2	183	16.9	
	883	195	2	1,080		

FORCIBLE FONDLING

Relationship of Victim to Offender

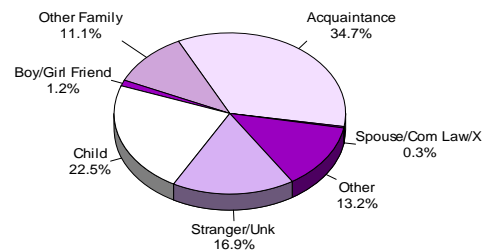


Figure 3

Non Forcible Sex Offenses

INCEST	
2005 Victims	50
% Change 2004-05	+9
Number of Arrests	23
Percent Cleared	50%

"Nonforcible sexual intercourse with persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law."

- 70% of the incidents

e incidents happened at a residence.

- 40% of the relationships involved the victim as the child of a parent, the sibling (18%) and another family member (14%).

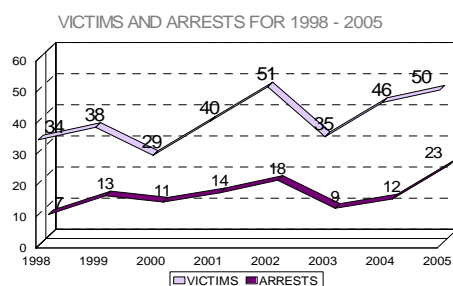


Figure 1

VICTIMS							
		Female			Male		
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	1	1					
African Am.	0						
Native Am.	1	1					
White	47	30	4		13		
Unk.	1				1		
TOTAL	50	32	4	0	14	0	0
Hispanic	3	1			2		

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	0						
African Am.	4				1	3	
Native Am.	1				1		
White	18		1		2	15	
Unk.	0						
TOTAL	23	0	1	0	4	18	0
Hispanic	2					2	

- In 2005, the victims' most common age is 16 (6 times).

STATUTORY RAPE	
2005 Victims	182
% Change 2004-05	+21
Number of Arrests	101
Percent Cleared	45.1%

"Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent."

- 61% of the victims were either an acquaintance or friend of the offender; less than 5% of the relationships were identified as a stranger.
- 70% of the incidents happened at a residence.

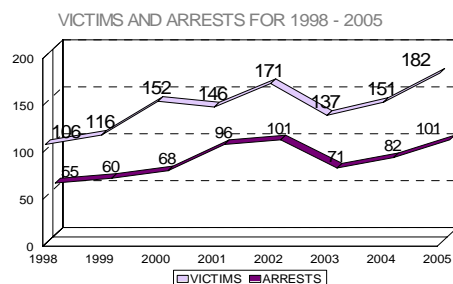


Figure 1

VICTIMS							
		Female			Male		
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	1	1					
African Am.	9	8			1		
Native Am.	2	2					
White	165	149	2		13	1	
Unk.	5	5					
TOTAL	182	165	2	0	14	1	0
Hispanic	12	10			2		

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	TOTAL	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	1				1		
African Am.	11		1		2	8	
Native Am.	0						
White	89	3	1	1	10	71	3
Unk.	0						
TOTAL	101	3	2	1	13	79	3
Hispanic	16	1	2			13	

KIDNAPPING

"The unlawfully transportation, and/or detention of a person against his/her will, or of a minor without the consent of his/her custodial parent(s) or legal guardian."

1996 - 2005

Victims and Arrests

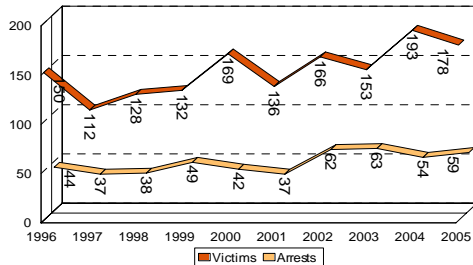


Figure 1

VICTIMS							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	2		1			1	
African Am.	14	2	6		3	3	
Native Am.	3		3				
White	154	38	85		15	16	
Unk.	5	3	1		1		
TOTAL	178	43	96	0	19	20	0
Hispanic	5	2	1			2	

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	0						
African Am.	6		1			5	
Native Am.	0						
White	52		1	1	10	40	
Unk.	1						1
TOTAL	59	0	2	1	10	45	1
Hispanic	4					4	

KIDNAPPING	
2004 Victim Rate	6.9
2005 Victim Rate	6.4
% Rate Change	-7.2
Percent Cleared	49%

- More than a third (34.8 percent) of the victims was under age 18.
- 76 percent of those arrested were white adult males.

2005 KIDNAPPING

Victims By Age Group

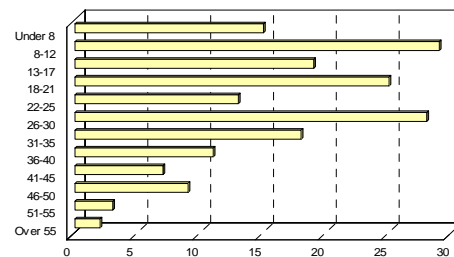


Figure 2

- 55 percent of the kidnapping incidents happened at a residence, only 2 percent happened at a park or lake.

Relationship of Victim to Offender					
	Fem	Male	Unk.	Total	%
Spouse/Com Law/X	30	2		32	18.0
Child	5	5		10	5.6
Other Family	3	1		4	2.2
Acquaintance/Friend	19	5		24	13.5
Boy/Girl Friend	31	2		33	18.5
Other	9	3		12	6.7
Stranger/Unk	42	21	0	63	35.4
	139	39	0	178	

KIDNAPPING

Relationship of Victim to Offender

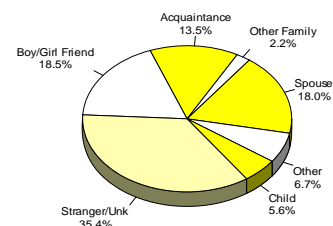


Figure 3

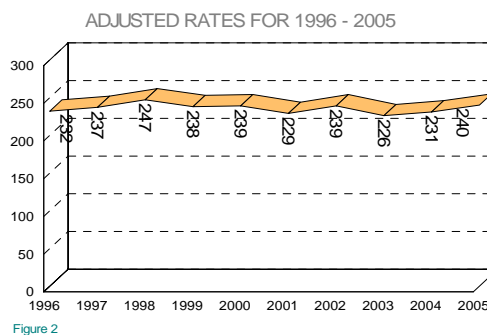
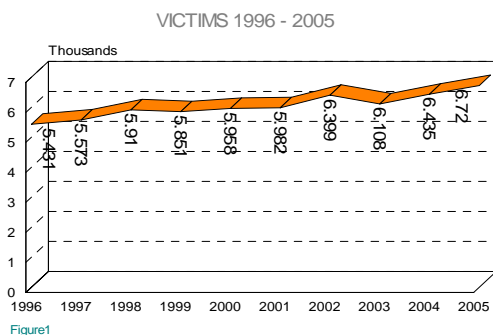
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

“An unlawful attack by one person upon another wherein the offender uses a weapon or displays it in a threatening manner, or the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.”

HOW MANY...

After increasing in number for three years, reported victims of an aggravated assault decreased in 2003 to increase again 2004 and 2005. Specifically, reported victims of an aggravated assault decreased 4.5 percent from the 6,399 victims reported in 2002 to the 6,108 victims reported in 2003 to increase 5.4 percent in 2004 and 4.4 in 2005 or 6,720 reported victims. The 2005 number is an increase of 1.1 percent from the previous high in 1990 when 6,650 victims were reported.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS	
2005 Victims	6,720
2005 from 2004	+ 4.4%
2005 Rate	240.3
2005 from 2004 Rate	+ 3.8%
Number of Incidents	5,838
Number of Arrests	4,361
Percent Cleared	64.8%



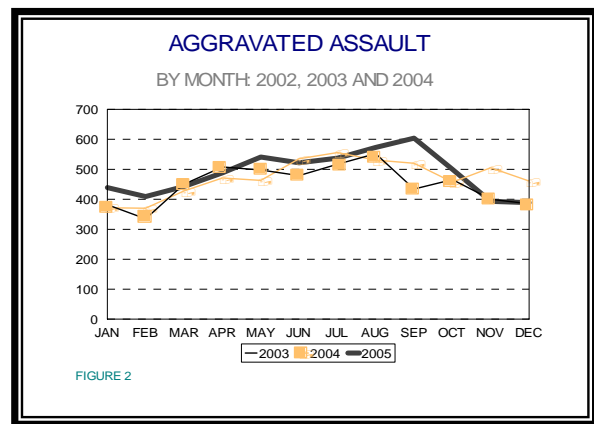
Although the number of aggravated assaults increased 10 percent between 2003 and 2005 the rate per 100,000 estimated population increased 5.8 percent from 226.4 in 2003 to 240.3 in 2004. The 2003 figure was a 5.2 percent decrease from the 2002 rate 238.7 and more than 1 percent less than the previous decade low of 229.4 aggravated assaults per 100,000 population recorded in 2001. The decade high was in 1995 (not shown) with the adjusted rate of 266.8 aggravated assaults per 100,000 population.

AND WHEN?

Incidents of aggravated assault tend to peak in the summer and decline during the winter months. However, September (604) and followed by August (573) in 2005 and September (591) followed by June (575) in 2002 were the most frequent months of an reported assault. August (552) followed by July (517) were the most frequent months of reported aggravated assaults in 2003 and July (556) followed by June (535) in 2004. The least frequent month of reported assaults was December in 2005 (389), January in 2002 (372), and February in 2001 (327) and 2003 (335).

Table 1. 2003 – 2005. Incidents of Aggravated Assault by Month

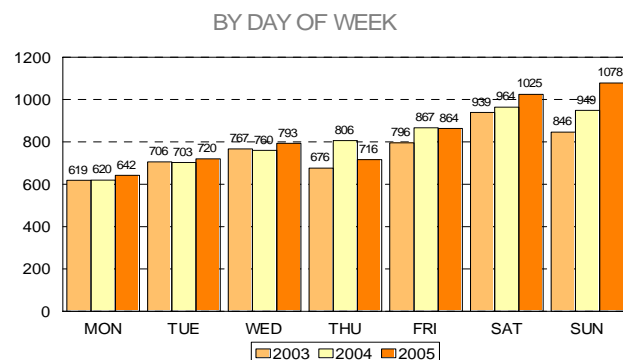
	YEARS		
	2003	2004	2005
JAN	382	372	439
FEB	335	370	409
MAR	450	428	443
APR	508	471	488
MAY	498	463	541
JUN	479	535	522
JUL	517	556	537
AUG	552	531	573
SEP	434	520	604
OCT	466	457	500
NOV	400	505	393
DEC	385	461	389
	5,406	5,669	5,838



Day of Week

Fifty-one percent of the reported aggravated assaults occurred on a weekend (Friday, Saturday or Sunday) in 2005 but 49 percent of the time in 2004 and 48 percent in 2003. Also, the most frequently reported day of an assault in 2003 and 2004 was Saturday while Sunday was reported most in 2005.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: 2003-2005



Time of Day

Number of incidents time was reported.

2001	5,121
2002	5,241
2003	4,937
2004	5,162
2005	5,375

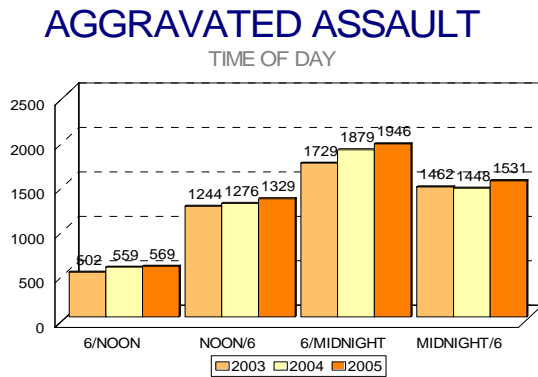


Figure 4

Of the times reported in 2004 and 2005, thirty-six percent of the aggravated assaults were reported to have occurred during the nighttime hours of 6:00 P.M. to midnight. In 2002 and 2003, thirty-five percent were reported to have happened during those times. Ten percent of the 2003 and 2005 aggravated assault incidents happened between 6:00 A.M. and noon, eleven percent of the 2004 incidents happened between 6:00 and noon.

Specifically, the most frequent hour of aggravated assaults tended to be around midnight dropping dramatically for the next five hours in all years. The time assaults were reported to have occurred the least is during the morning hours between 5:00 and 7:00 A.M. in 2001 (not shown) and between 6:00 and 7:00 A.M. in 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005.

Table 2. 2003 Assaults			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	429	Noon	192
1:00	367	1:00	149
2:00	308	2:00	169
3:00	163	3:00	250
4:00	127	4:00	251
5:00	68	5:00	233
6:00	57	6:00	234
7:00	64	7:00	275
8:00	73	8:00	277
9:00	100	9:00	307
10:00	99	10:00	337
11:00	109	11:00	299

Table 3. 2004 Assaults			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	401	Noon	163
1:00	339	1:00	160
2:00	307	2:00	209
3:00	182	3:00	239
4:00	132	4:00	265
5:00	87	5:00	240
6:00	49	6:00	246
7:00	63	7:00	276
8:00	92	8:00	350
9:00	93	9:00	628
10:00	120	10:00	345
11:00	142	11:00	334

Table 4. 2005 Assaults			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	509	Noon	183
1:00	371	1:00	157
2:00	292	2:00	212
3:00	183	3:00	272
4:00	103	4:00	234
5:00	73	5:00	271
6:00	55	6:00	277
7:00	77	7:00	294
8:00	89	8:00	334
9:00	99	9:00	344
10:00	114	10:00	347
11:00	135	11:00	350

WHO...

Victims

AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS

2005 Victims By Age Group

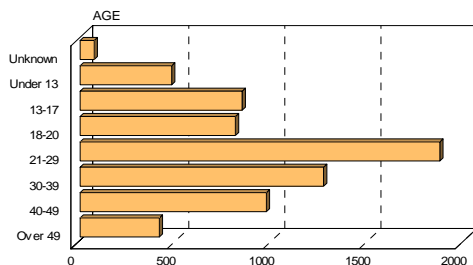


Figure 5

In 2005, the age group between 21 and 29 was reported most often (27.9 percent or 1,872 victims) followed by the victims age 30 to 39 (18.9 percent or 1,267 victims). However the combined victims age 13 to 21 equal 24.0 percent (1,610). Reported least often was the age group of over forty-nine, accounting for 6.1 percent (412) of the aggravated assaults. Unknowns accounted for one percent of the victims and 11 identified victims were under one year old.

Overall in 2005, white males were reported as the victims most frequently (2,968 times), followed by white females (2,391 times). African American males were reported as the victim 577 times increasing by 30 percent from 444 assaults in 2003 compared to African American females who were reported 457 times but increased 13 percent over 2004.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

2005 Victims By Race and Gender

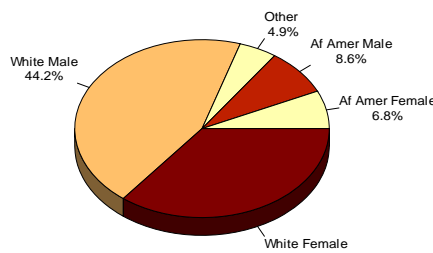


Figure 6

There were 275 assault victims reported as Hispanic in 2005, up 30 percent from 212 reported in 2004. There were 105 female victims and 170 were male. In 2005, the race of 256 Hispanic victims was white and 87 of the victims were in their 20's, down from 105 victims in their 20's reported in 2003.

Table 5: 2005 Victims by Age, Race and Gender												
	Total	Female					Male					Unk
		Asian	Afr Am	Nat Am	Unk	White	Male	Afr Am	Nat Am	Unk	White	
Unknown	73	0	5	0	0	25	0	6	0	0	37	0
Under 13	476	1	22	5	20	114	1	48	2	17	223	23
13-17	843	2	70	8	14	257	5	97	2	8	380	0
18-20	808	2	67	5	11	280	3	75	3	13	349	0
21-29	1,872	11	149	16	21	676	7	146	7	20	817	2
30-39	1,267	6	75	11	6	503	9	101	8	10	536	2
40-49	969	2	54	6	5	383	5	75	4	10	424	1
50-64	339	1	12	0	0	120	2	26	4	3	171	0
Over 64	73	0	3	0	1	33	0	3	0	1	31	1
Total	6,720	25	457	51	78	2,391	32	577	30	82	2,968	29

MALE AND FEMALE VICTIMS

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

BY GENDER: 2000 - 2005

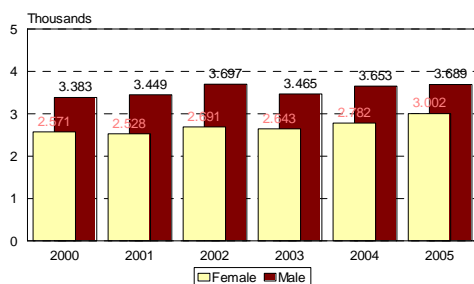
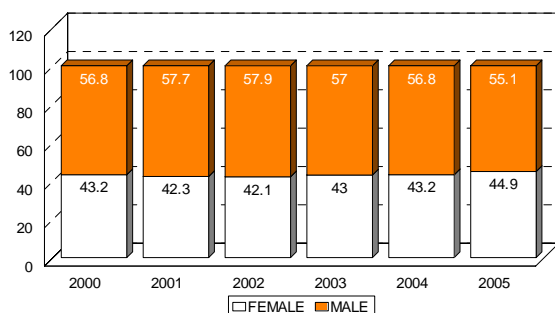


FIGURE 7

BY PERCENT OF VICTIMS



... and relationships

Information about the relationship between the aggravated assault victim and offender is available for 6,691 of the 6,720 victims reported in 2005. The victim in sixty-eight percent of the relationships knew the assailant, in 2004 and 2005 down from seventy-four percent of the stated relationships in 1995.

- The distribution for the total number of victims is relatively equal for the types of relationships pictured in Table 9. However, when looking at the offense closer and considering gender and relationships certain patterns begin to appear.

2005 Victims by Gender	
Male	3,689
Female	3,002
Unknown	29
TOTAL	6,720

- The number of aggravated assaults has increased 23.7 percent from 1996 to 2005. The percent of men and women victims has remained stable.
- Men are the victims of an aggravated assault more often than women. Men are the victims in approximately 57 percent of the aggravated assaults.
- Women account for about 43 percent of the victims of aggravated assault between 2000 and 2005.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Relationship of Victim to Offender

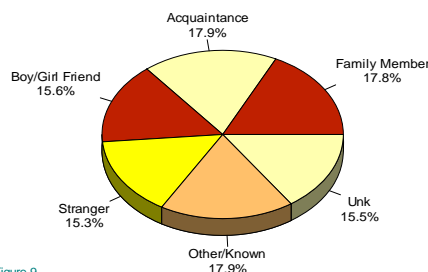
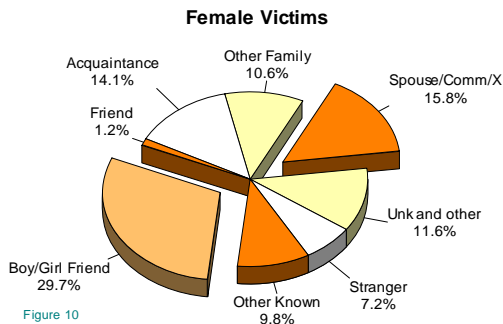


Figure 9

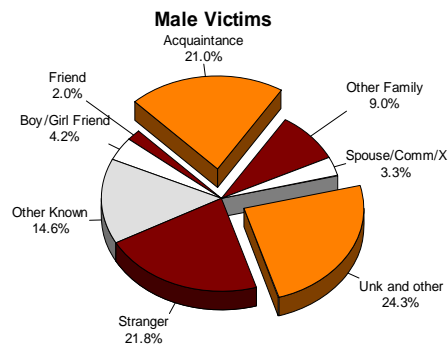
When comparing men and women in 2005, a woman was the predominant victim in the relationships of boy/girl friend (85.3%), spouse (79.9%), and common law spouse (84.3%). A man was the victim most in the relationships of stranger (77.9%), unknown (71.8%), otherwise known (64.5%) or an acquaintance (64.2%),

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT



	Female	%	Male	%
Spouse/Comm/X	474	15.8	120	3.3
Other Family	319	10.6	332	9.0
Acquaintance	423	14.1	774	21.0
Friend	37	1.2	72	2.0
Boy/Girl Friend	891	29.7	154	4.2
Other Know	294	9.8	539	14.6
Stranger	215	7.2	803	21.8
Unk and Other	349	11.6	895	24.3
TOTAL	3,002		3,689	

- Boy/girlfriend account for 30% of the female victims' relationships while only 4% of the male victims' relationships.
- Spouse, common law or X account for 16% of the female victims relationships while only 3 percent of the male victims relationships



Continuing patterns emerge when considering location and gender of an aggravated assault.

- A male is reported three times more than a female victim if the aggravated assault occurred at a bar or nightclub and approximately twice that of a female if the location is a highway/road/alley, a parking lot/garage or a school/college.
- If the victim is a female, the location of an aggravated assault is by far a residence. Sixty-four percent of the females were reported to have been victimized at a residence.
- Forty percent of the males were reported to have been victimized at a residence.
- Further general location information is found later in this chapter.

Arrests

Age, sex and race information is available on 4,210 individuals arrested for aggravated assault in 2005.

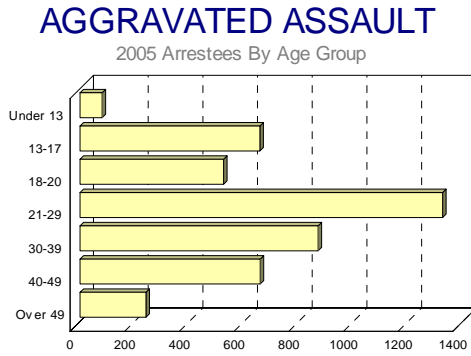


Figure 12

Those arrested between ages 21-29 and 30-39 years of age accounted for approximately thirty and twenty percent or half of the total arrestees. The arrestees 13-17 accounted for 15.1 percent of the arrests, more than those 18-20 years of age or 12.0 percent of the total arrests. In 1998 those 13-17 and 18-20 were reported arrested by a higher percentage (15.5 percent and 12.7 percent respectively) than in 2004 but in most years the reports equal between 13 and 14 percent each for both age categories.

Seventy-four percent (3,099) of the 4,210 reported persons arrested for aggravated assault in 2005 were white. White women accounted for 565 or 13 percent of the total arrests. In 2005 African American males were arrested 743 times, a 38.1 percent increase over 538 times in 2001 and a 20 percent increase over the previous high of 619 arrests in 2000. There were 49 Native Americans, similar to the arrestees reported in 2003 and 2004 while, 43 Asians were arrested in 2005, up 13 percent from the 38 arrestees in 2004 and up 59 percent from the 27 arrestees in 2003. Hispanics were reported arrested in 274 of the aggravated assaults in 2005, 199 of the arrests in 2004, 240 of the arrests in 2003, 227 of the arrests in 2002 and 171 of the arrests in 2001.

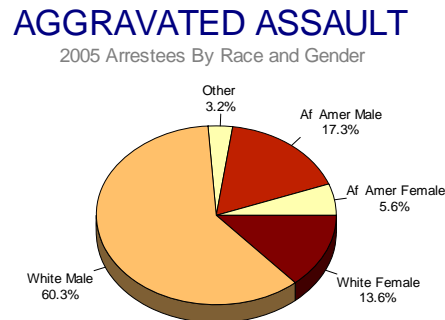


Figure 13

Table 6. 2005 Arrests by Age, Sex and Race											
Age Group	Total	Female					Male				
		Asian	Afr Am	Nat Amer	Unk	White	Asian	Afr Am	Nat Amer	Unk	White
Under 13	81	0	4	0	0	6	0	27	1	2	41
13-17	658	2	59	2	1	120	9	114	6	8	337
18-20	525	0	33	2	0	77	8	82	0	3	320
21-29	1,326	1	85	1	2	176	5	232	7	11	806
30-39	871	4	33	9	1	125	8	163	10	6	512
40-49	659	2	24	1	2	70	5	100	8	5	442
Over 49	241		6	1	0	19	2	37	2	1	173
Total	4,361	9	244	16	6	593	37	755	34	36	2,631

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

1996 - 2005 Victims and Arrests

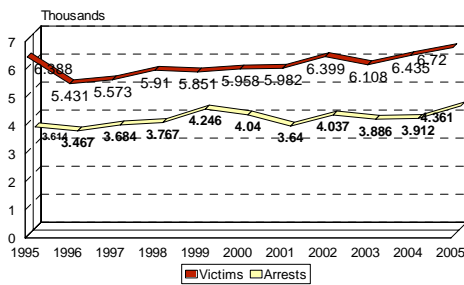


Figure 14

Aggravated assault arrests reached a decade high in 1999 with 4,246 being 72.6 percent of the victims. When these numbers are compared to the new decade high number of victims in 2005, the figure is 64.9 percent of the arrests to victims. The aggravated assault clearance rate for 1999 was 67.5 percent while the 2005 was 64.8 percent.

Injuries

Table 8. Type of Injury: 2005

	Victims				%
	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Total	
Minor Injury	575	2,526	22	3,123	46.5
Scalds/Burns	7	10	2	19	0.3
Loss of Teeth	13	35		48	0.7
Severe Lacerations	67	619	4	690	10.3
Broken Bones	44	225	9	278	4.1
Internal Injuries	19	107	1	127	1.9
Other Major Injury	105	421	17	543	8.1
Unconsciousness	10	79		89	1.3
None	392	1,300	32	1,724	25.7
Unknown		6	73	79	
Total	1,232	5,328	160	6,720	

At least one injury was noted for seventy-three percent of the reported victims in 2005.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Weapons Used in 2005

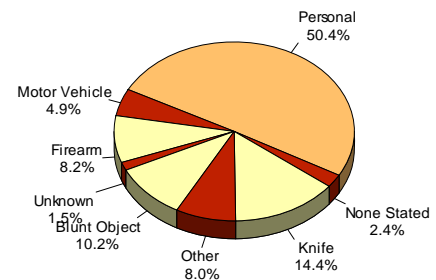


Figure 15

WHAT...

Table 9. Weapons used in an Assault

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	% of 05
Firearm	100	84	79	87	128	2.2
Handgun	211	256	192	225	223	3.8
Rifle	18	27	18	13	27	0.5
Shotgun	58	42	40	36	44	0.8
Other Firearm	39	35	43	77	60	1.0
TOTAL FIREARM	426	444	372	438	482	8.2
Knife	805	911	806	863	840	14.4
Blunt Object.	696	784	707	625	594	10.2
Motor Vehicle	237	272	237	277	289	4.9
Personal	2,623	2,565	2,530	2,785	2,949	50.4
Poison	2	1	3	2	3	0.1
Explosives	6	14	4	4	1	0.0
Fire/Incendiary Device	10	12	12	14	6	0.1
Drugs/Narcotics	3	4	3	5	6	0.1
Asphyxiation	1	1	0	0	3	0.1
Other	319	372	368	424	449	7.7
Unk	80	76	79	88	87	1.5
None Stated	101	139	285	144	142	2.4
Total	5,309	5,595	5,406	5,669	5,851	

In 2005, some type of firearm was reported to have been used in eight (8.2%) percent (482) of the 5,851 incidents of aggravated assault, a slight increase from 7.7 (438 of 5,669) percent reported in 2004. Personal weapons, such as hands, fists or feet were used in approximately fifty percent (2,949) of the 2005 aggravated assaults (47 and 48 percent in 2003 and 2004). A blunt object or some type of cutting instrument combined for a quarter of the incidents in 2005. Table 4, at the back of the book, displays multiple weapons used in an aggravated assault.

AND WHERE?

Table 10. Location of the Assault					
	2002	2003	2004	2005	% of 05
Air/Bus Terminal	2	0	3	2	0.0
Bank/Savings and Loan	5	0	5	4	0.1
Bar/Night Club	333	318	332	334	5.7
Religious Bldg.	5	3	6	9	0.2
Comm. Bldgs/Stores	70	64	76	82	1.4
Construction Site	4	7	1	2	0.0
Convenience Store	37	35	33	39	0.7
Field/Woods/Lake/Park	100	97	98	120	2.1
Govt/Public Bldg.	23	40	42	37	0.6
Grocery/Supermarket	16	14	11	13	0.2
Hwy/Rd/Street	1,203	1,059	1,199	1,175	20.1
Hotel/Motel	52	41	45	44	0.8
Jail/Prison	57	64	79	80	1.4
Parking Lot/Garage	342	349	351	358	6.1
Residence/Farm	2,900	2,882	2,972	3,127	53.4
Restaurant	26	31	24	35	0.6
School/College	219	228	203	221	3.8
Service/Gas Station	11	18	19	18	0.3
Other/Unknown	190	156	170	151	2.6
Total	5,595	5,406	5,669	5,851	

Location of the 5,851 reported incidents of aggravated assault in 2005.

Location

In 2005, fifty-three percent (3,127) of the aggravated assault incidents were reported to have happened at a residence or farm. A highway, road, street or parking lot/garage had the second highest percent of assaults with twenty percent, or 1,175 incidents.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

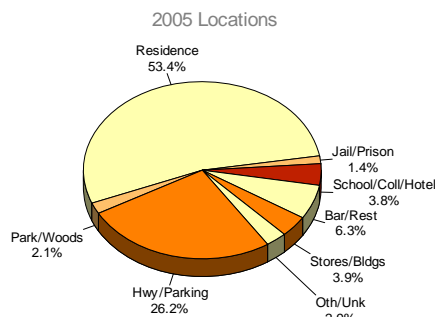


Figure 16

A bar/night club or a parking lot/garage accounted for another six percent each as the location of an aggravated assault. Incidents of aggravated assault were much more likely to happen at a school or college than a hotel or motel in all years (1991 to current).

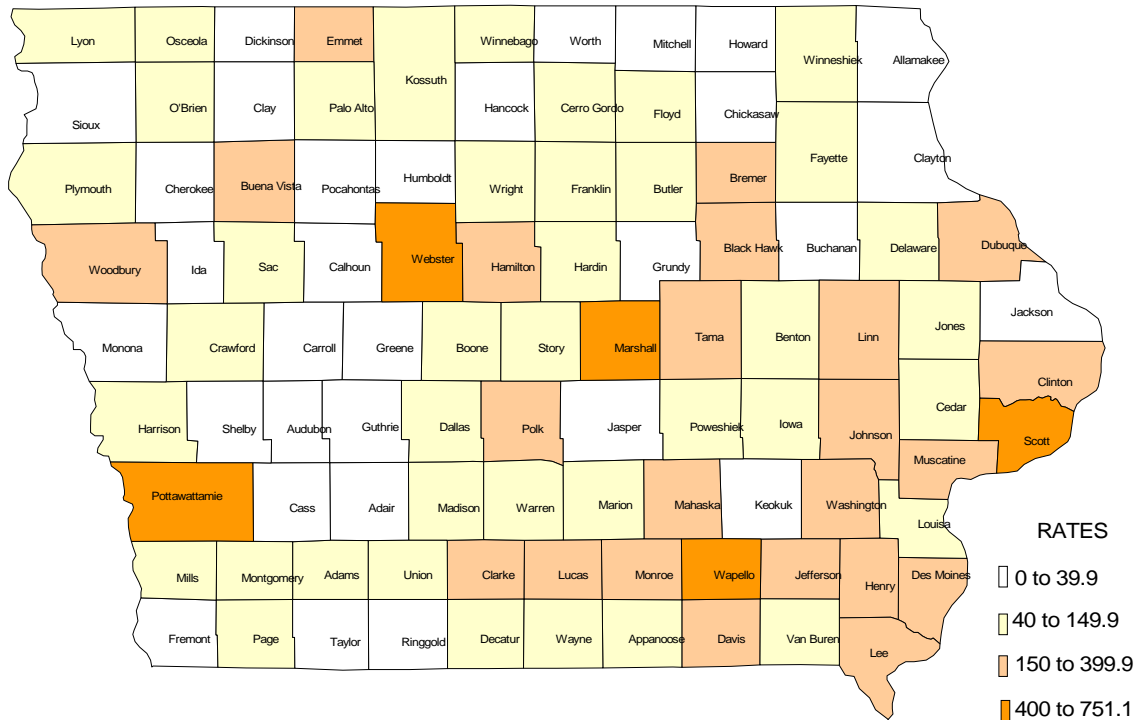
Table 11. Victims Age by Location of the Assault				
	Lo thru 6	7 thru 12	13 thru 17	Over 17
Air/Bus Terminal		1		1
Bank/Savings and Loan				3
Bar/Night Club	3		3	331
Religious Bldg.			2	7
Comm. Bldgs/Stores	3	2	39	40
Construction Site				2
Convenience Store		2	3	36
Field/Woods/Lake/Park	2	14	44	64
Govt/Public Bldg.	3		2	33
Grocery/Supermarket			14	
Hwy/Rd/Street	20	56	220	919
Hotel/Motel	2		2	43
Jail/Prison	16			64
Parking Lot/Garage	13	4	45	310
Residence/Farm	80	78	269	2752
Restaurant	1		3	33
School/College	4	33	112	76
Service/Gas Station	1		1	16
Total	149	189	761	4,729

Older children (13 – 17) are more likely assaulted at school (15%) or on the street (29%) but a residence is still the most likely place (35 percent) of an assault.

Those children under age seven are more likely to be severely assaulted at home (54 percent of their age group). Seven through twelve year olds are less likely also to be assaulted at home (41 percent of their age group).

In IOWA

2005 AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS

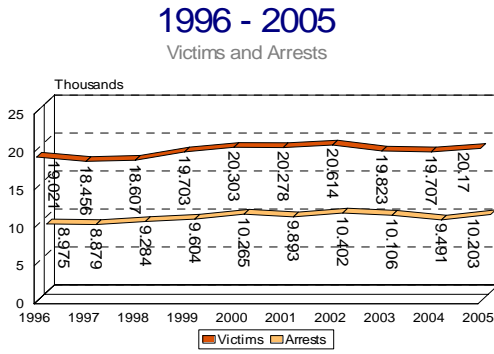


Adair	37.7	Clay	5.9	Hancock	33.8	Madison	66.6	Sac	64.4
Adams	138.3	Clayton	16.3	Hardin	43.9	Mahaska	166.0	*Scott	750.1
*Allamakee	0.0	Clinton	261.6	Harrison	100.7	*Marion	112.5	*Shelby	39.0
Appanoose	124.4	*Crawford	41.2	Henry	201.6	Marshall	554.7	*Sioux	21.7
*Audubon	30.7	Dallas	94.4	Howard	0.0	Mills	72.9	Story	131.3
*Benton	52.3	Davis	171.7	Humboldt	9.9	*Mitchell	18.2	Tama	333.0
Black Hawk	257.5	*Decatur	128.3	Ida	13.4	*Monona	0.0	Taylor	0.0
Boone	75.2	Delaware	99.2	Iowa	62.1	Monroe	215.4	Union	83.0
Bremer	169.9	Des Moines	307.2	*Jackson	9.8	*Montgomery	104.9	Van Buren	90.4
Buchanan	28.4	*Dickinson	29.9	Jasper	37.0	*Muscatine	259.8	*Wapello	470.2
Buena Vista	168.0	Dubuque	369.9	Jefferson	174.1	O'Brien	75.9	Warren	140.4
Butler	52.9	Emmet	159.7	Johnson	176.7	Osceola	44.0	Washington	163.7
Calhoun	18.8	*Fayette	103.5	Jones	53.1	Page	110.3	Wayne	45.3
Carroll	33.4	Floyd	72.3	Keokuk	0.0	Palo Alto	91.7	Webster	400.5
Cass	14.0	*Franklin	55.7	Kossuth	97.3	Plymouth	75.9	Winnebago	69.9
Cedar	54.6	*Fremont	0.0	Lee	398.7	Pocahontas	36.8	Winneshiek	56.4
*Cerro Gordo	143.8	Greene	19.8	*Linn	171.7	Polk	275.9	Woodbury	320.7
Cherokee	24.0	Grundy	32.2	Louisa	90.3	Pottawattamie	688.7	Worth	38.7
*Chickasaw	39.4	Guthrie	0.0	Lucas	205.0	Poweshiek	136.0	*Wright	87.6
Clarke	162.0	Hamilton	214.2	*Lyon	59.3	*Ringgold	0.0		

* Indicator for a county with missing or incomplete crime data

SIMPLE ASSAULT

“An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.”



- Those victims of a simple assault age 18 were the most common victim accounting for 796 of the total with age 19 accounting for 775 additional victims. However, juveniles made up 23 percent of the victims.

VICTIMS								
		Female			Male			
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	
Asian	133	5	72	0	14	42	0	0
African Am.	2,557	343	1,288	0	302	624	0	0
Native Am.	175	16	108	0	10	41	0	0
White	16,798	1,612	7,947	0	2,080	5,147	0	2
Unk.	507	71	123	0	92	104	10	107
Total	20,170	2,047	9,538	0	2,508	5,958	10	109
Hispanic	626	73	294	8	72	176	3	0

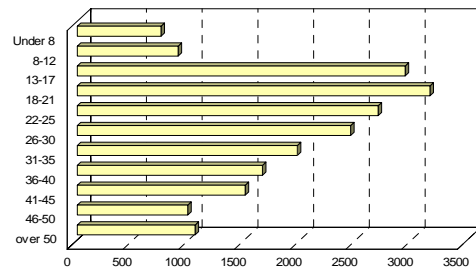
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ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	79	1	8	2	12	56	
African Am.	2,133	220	239	5	426	1,243	
Native Am.	144	26	30	1	21	66	
White	7,779	540	1,446	14	1,246	4,533	
Unk.	75	3	9	3	13	47	
TOTAL	10,210	790	1,732	25	1,718	5,945	0
Hispanic	524	36	65		80	343	

SIMPLE ASSAULTS	
2004 Victim Rate	708.6
2005 Victim Rate	721.2
% Rate Change	+1.8
2005 % Cleared	64.8%

2005 SIMPLE ASSAULT

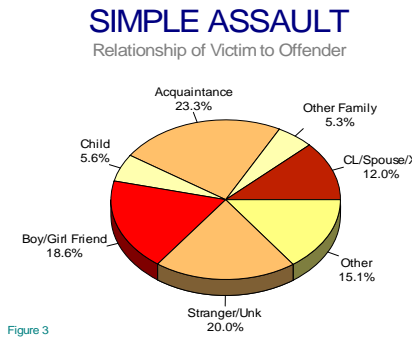
Victims By Age Group



- African Americans made up 2.2 percent of Iowa's estimated census population while they were identified as the victim of a simple assault in 13.0 percent of the 2005 reports where the victim's race was known and 20.9 percent of the total arrests.

- When the age was known, juveniles made up 24.6 percent of the arrests. The most common ages were 14 (427 arrests), 15 (452 arrests) and 16 (428 arrests).

TOTAL VICTIMS



- More than $\frac{3}{4}$ of the simple assault victims knew their offender.
- Almost 60 percent of the victims were female, the opposite of an aggravated assault when nearly 60 percent were male.

Table 3. Relationship of Victim to Offender					
Relationship	Victims			TOTAL	%
	Female	Male	Unk		
Spouse	1,441	343		1,784	9.0
Common Law Spouse	358	57		415	2.1
Parent	416	154	1	571	2.9
Sibling/Step Sibling	258	192		450	2.3
Child	276	218		494	2.5
Grandparent	29	2		31	0.2
Grandchild	9	12		21	0.1
In-Law	55	29		84	0.4
Stepparent	34	51		85	0.4
Stepchild	50	59		109	0.5
Other Family	179	111		290	1.5
Acquaintance	1,885	2,062	18	3,965	19.9
Friend	191	172	1	364	1.8
Neighbor	82	98	1	181	0.9
Babysitter	3	9		12	0.1
Boy/Girl Friend	3,143	563		3,706	18.6
Child of Boy/Girl Friend	22	24		46	0.2
Homosexual Relation.	26	23		49	0.2
Ex-Spouse	138	53		191	1.0
Victim was Employee	19	18		37	0.2
Victim was Employer	18	19		37	0.2
Otherwise Known	1,171	1,293	14	2,478	12.5
Known to Victim	9,803	5,562	35	15,400	77.4
Stranger	579	1,245	8	1,832	9.2
Subtotal	10,382	6,807	43	17,232	86.6
Unknown	322	496	2	820	4.1
Declared Unknown	513	795	9	1,317	6.6
Victim was also Off.	238	287		525	2.6
Total	11,455	8,385	54	19,894	

Table 4. Victims Age and Sex by Location of the Assault								
	0 thru 6		7 thru 12		13 thru 17		Over 17	
	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M
Air/Bus Terminal	1		3	4	2	3	2	1
Bank/Savings and Loan							6	6
Bar/Night Club	2	9			7	7	314	457
Religious Bldg.				4	5	2	2	6
Comm. Bldgs/Stores	12	18	4	3	19	24	213	214
Construction Site						2	3	12
Convenience Store	2	3	1	2	7	8	62	68
Field/Woods/Lake/Park	2	4	16	30	48	46	54	54
Govt/Public Bldg.	3	4	5	6	8	14	74	86
Grocery/Supermarket	2	6	1	1	4	3	20	25
Hwy/Rd/Street	21	61	51	146	192	280	834	889
Hotel/Motel	3	3	1	1	4	3	64	55
Jail/Prison	5	4				1	11	95
Parking Lot/Garage	7	17	5	13	71	76	335	322
Residence/Farm	98	130	122	165	578	360	6434	2599
Restaurant	4	3	1	1	13	13	57	54
School/College	32	23	79	157	306	429	262	174
Service/Gas Station		2		3	1	4	24	20
Unknown/Other	15	23	20	27	55	57	246	240
Total	209	310	309	563	1,320	1,332	9,017	5,377

Beginning at age 12, a female is the victim of an assault at a residence more than a male.

Males over 17 are reported being the victims more than females at a bar or nightclub.

Males age 13 through 17 are also reported more than females as the victim of an assault at school, while after age 17 females are the victims more often.

MALE AND FEMALE VICTIMS

SIMPLE ASSAULT

BY GENDER: 2000 - 2005

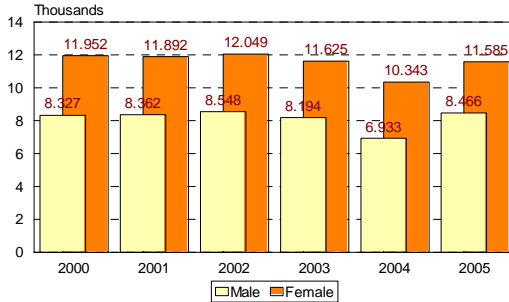


FIGURE 4

2005 Victims by Gender	
Male	11,455
Female	8,385
Unknown	54
TOTAL	19,894

BY PERCENT OF VICTIMS

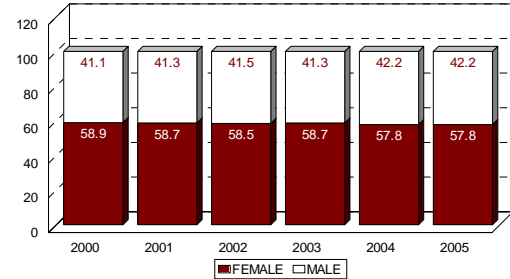


FIGURE 5

SIMPLE ASSAULT

Female Victims

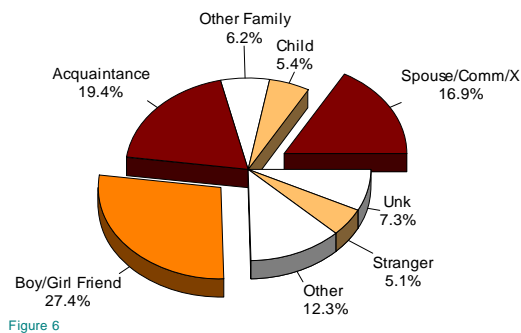


Figure 6

- When men are the victims, 15.4 percent of the relationships are unknown while 7.3 of the female relationships are unknown.
- As with aggravated assault, the most common relationship of female victims is boy/girlfriend.
- The most common relationship among male victims is a friend or acquaintance.
- When comparing the relationships of male and female victims, the largest discrepancy is between boy/girlfriend relationships and

	Female	%	Male	%
Spouse/Com Law/X	1,937	16.9	453	5.4
Child	615	5.4	505	6.0
Other Family	713	6.2	347	4.1
Acquaintance/Friend	2,224	19.4	2,401	28.6
Boy/Girl Friend	3,143	27.4	563	6.7
Other	1,409	12.3	1,580	18.8
Stranger	579	5.1	1,245	14.8
Unknown	835	7.3	1,291	15.4
	11,455		8,385	

spousal relationships. Men are most likely to be the victims of a friend, other/stranger or an unknown person, while women victims are clearly on a more intimate basis with their offenders.

Male Victims

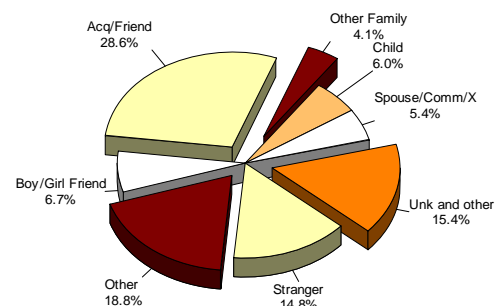
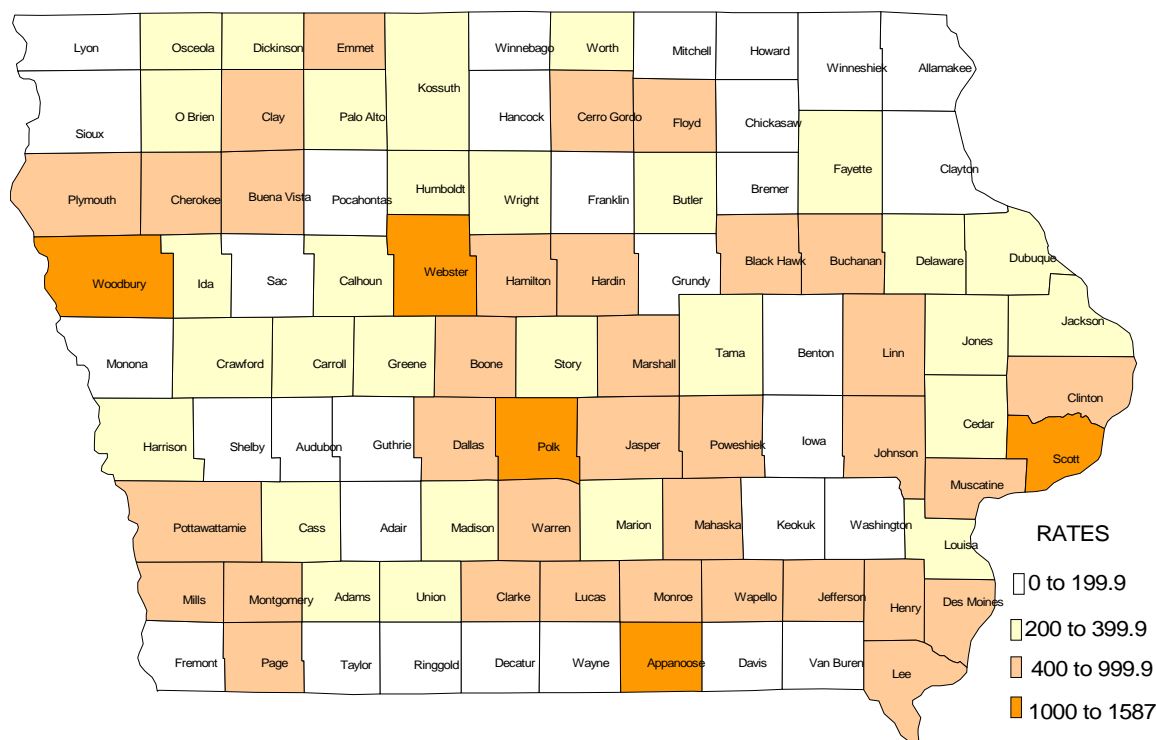


Figure 7

2005 SIMPLE ASSAULTS



Adair	12.6	Clay	625.8	Hancock	168.8	Madison	293.0	Sac	73.6
Adams	253.6	Clayton	141.6	Hardin	658.5	Mahaska	776.2	*Scott	1492.1
*Allamakee	0.0	Clinton	918.7	Harrison	239.2	*Marion	243.2	*Shelby	101.4
Appanoose	1228.9	*Crawford	353.1	Henry	467.1	Marshall	489.1	*Sioux	164.0
*Audubon	122.9	Dallas	409.7	Howard	192.4	Mills	476.9	Story	358.0
*Benton	172.0	Davis	194.6	Humboldt	208.3	*Mitchell	163.4	Tama	327.4
Black Hawk	773.4	*Decatur	163.3	Ida	308.0	*Monona	0.0	Taylor	74.4
Boone	647.0	Delaware	209.5	Iowa	167.8	Monroe	405.4	Union	249.1
Bremer	165.6	Des Moines	965.4	*Jackson	353.9	*Montgomery	786.4	Van Buren	142.1
Buchanan	468.5	*Dickinson	268.8	Jasper	504.4	*Muscatine	430.6	*Wapello	559.2
Buena Vista	622.6	Dubuque	396.2	Jefferson	571.9	O'Brien	331.4	Warren	477.4
Butler	218.1	Emmet	610.5	Johnson	634.8	Osceola	205.3	Washington	177.7
Calhoun	282.6	*Fayette	367.0	Jones	347.3	Page	760.1	Wayne	181.2
Carroll	219.2	Floyd	455.7	Keokuk	0.0	Palo Alto	315.8	Webster	1082.5
Cass	342.1	*Franklin	92.8	Kossuth	249.3	Plymouth	475.5	Winnebago	131.2
Cedar	245.5	*Fremont	0.0	Lee	737.6	Pocahontas	147.3	Winneshiek	145.7
*Cerro Gordo	679.1	Greene	287.4	*Linn	931.6	Polk	1114.6	Woodbury	1586.0
Cherokee	790.7	Grundy	160.9	Louisa	353.0	Pottawattamie	786.9	Worth	296.9
*Chickasaw	31.5	Guthrie	0.0	Lucas	686.6	Poweshiek	450.0	*Wright	262.7
Clarke	917.9	Hamilton	465.1	*Lyon	194.9	*Ringgold	0.0		

* Indicator for a county with missing or incomplete crime data.

INTIMIDATION

"To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack."

1996 - 2005

Victims and Arrests

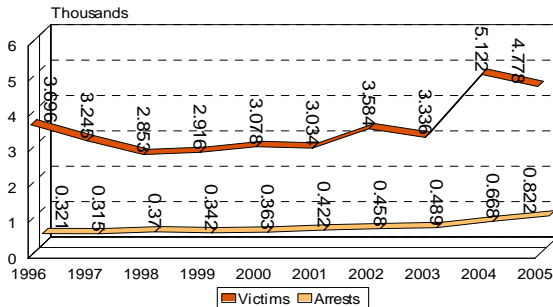


Figure 1

VICTIMS								
		Female			Male			
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Unk.
Asian	25	1	11	0	2	11	0	0
African Am.	412	56	211	0	33	112	0	0
Native Am.	6	1	2	0	1	2	0	0
White	4,139	433	2,130	0	263	1,312	1	0
Unk.	196	34	53	39	28	32	4	6
TOTAL	4,778	525	2,407	39	327	1,469	5	6
Hispanic	117	13	58	0	13	33	0	0

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	11		1		2	8	
African Am.	119	8	21		19	71	
Native Am.	4		2			2	
White	678	33	103		95	447	
Unk.	10	1			1	8	
TOTAL	822	42	127	0	117	536	0
Hispanic	39		3		13	23	

Relationship of Victim to Offender					
	Fem	Male	Unk.	Total	%
Spouse/Com Law/X	247	57	0	304	6.4
Child	33	19	0	52	1.1
Other Family	142	90	3	235	4.9
Acquaintance/Friend	938	623	7	1,568	32.8
Boy/Girl Friend	276	44	0	320	6.7
Other	603	400	9	1,012	21.2
Stranger/Unk	697	564	26	1,287	26.9
	2,936	1,797	45	4,778	

INTIMIDATION	
2004 Victim Rate	184.1
2005 Victim Rate	170.8
% Rate Change	-7.2
Percent Cleared	23%

- Victims age 18 were most common age (212 times) followed by those 19 and 20 being the victims 186 and 153 times.

2005 INTIMIDATION

Victims By Age Group

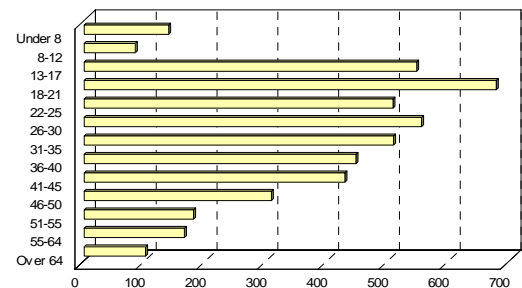


Figure 2

- Those over 55 accounted for 5.6 percent of the reported victims but less than .04 of the over 55 population.

INTIMIDATION

Relationship of Victim to Offender

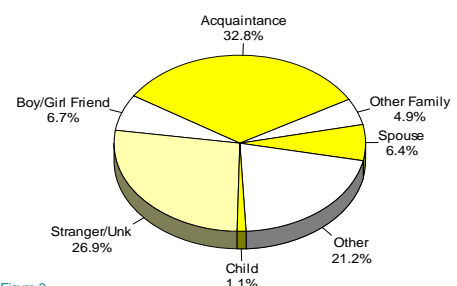


Figure 3

Stalking

2005 Victims	139
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The information below is based on reported data. It has come to our attention that the increase in the number of victims reported in 2005 includes some harassment level offenses. However, the percentages shown are similar to other years. The main exception would be the location of the offense, a higher percentage being reported at a residence with fewer offenses on a road or other/unknown.

There were thirty-three persons arrested for stalking in 2005, twenty-three persons arrested in 2003 and 2004 for stalking. Nineteen of the 2003 arrestees were identified as white males, all (23) of the arrests were white males in 2004 and 23 of the 33 were white males in 2005.

In 2003, a relationship was stated for 38 of the 42 victims reported. Seven of the victims were male; two accompanying a female. Thirty-five of the stalking victims were female. Twenty of the victims were in their thirties, while 7 of the victims were in their twenties and teens.

There were 18 male victims and 47 female victims in 2004; two were African American, the rest of the victims were white. There were fifteen male victim/male offender incidents reported in 2004, two in 2003. There were 21 incidents where the relationship was reported as a spouse, ex-spouse, common law or boy/girl friend.

In 2005, 106 of the 139 (76.3%) victims were female. Of the female victims, 10 were African American, 2 were Hispanic and 1 victim was Asian. Of the single victim single-offender incidents, 69 females reported a male offender, and 15 females reported a female offender while 4 males reported a female offender and 19 males reported a male offender. Half (49.6%) of the victims were in their 20's or 30's

Code of Iowa, 708.11 "A person commits stalking when all of the following occur:

- The person purposefully engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear bodily injury to, or the death of, that specific person or a member of the specific person's immediate family.
- The person has knowledge or should have knowledge that the specific person will be placed in reasonable fear of bodily injury to, or the death of, that specific person or a member of the specific person's immediate family by the course of conduct.
- The person's course of conduct induces fear in the specific person of bodily injury to, or the death of the specific person or a member of the specific person's immediate family."

In 2005, 90.5% (133 of 147) of the stalking offenses were reported as intimidation; in 2004, 63 of the 72 (87%), 81 percent (38 of 47) in 2003, 88 percent (44 of 50) in 2002 and 98 percent in 2001 (52 of 53 offenses). The remaining offenses include aggravated assault, blackmail, vandalism, simple assault, burglary, larceny and sexual assault with an object.

Location of Offense

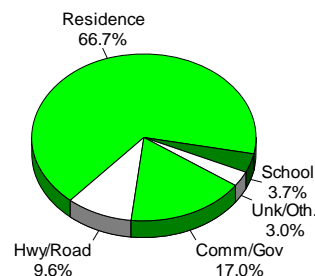


Figure 2

Relationship of Victim to Offender

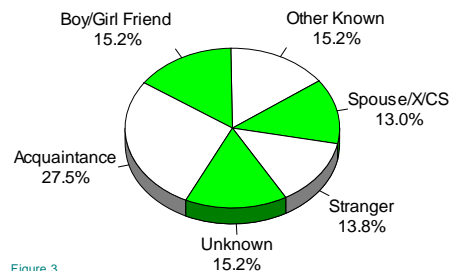


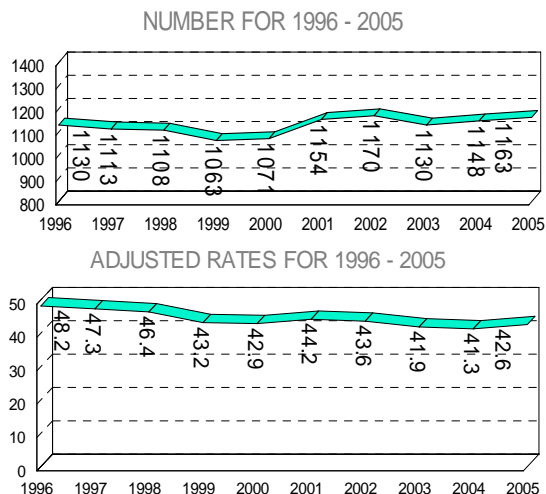
Figure 3

ROBBERY

“The taking, or attempting to take, anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody, or care of another person by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm.”

ROBBERY	
Number of Incidents	1,163 (+1.3% from 04)
Number of Victims	1,371 (-2.1% from 04)
% Cleared	31.3%
Dollar Amount	\$590,862.00
% Change from 04	-22.1

HOW MANY...



Overall, reported robberies decreased less than 3 percent from 1,130 incidents in 2003 to 1,148 incidents in 2004 and to 1,163 incidents in 2005. The rate per 100,000 population decreased from 41.9 in 2003 to 41.3 in 2004 and then rose to increase 1.7 percent overall and surpassing the decade low in 2003. After decreasing from 1999 to 2000, robbery rates rose from 42.9 to 44.2 offenses per 100,000 population or 3 percent between 2000 and 2001. The decade high was in 1995 (not shown) with 1,241 incidents and a rate of 51.8 per 100,000 adjusted population.

Table 1
Incidents of Robbery:
Attempted or Completed

	2000	%	2001	%	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	2005	%
Attempt	103	10	109	9	138	12	129	11	67	6	86	7
Completed	968	90	1,045	91	1,032	88	1,001	89	1,081	94	1,077	93
Total	1,071		1,154		1,170		1,130		1,148		1,163	

There were 1,163 robbery offenses reported in 2005. Ninety-three percent or 1,077 of the offenses were reported as completed while 86 (seven percent) were reported as attempted. Ninety-four percent of the 2004 robberies were reported as completed, six percent being attempted. However in 1999 and 2000, ninety percent of the robberies were completed while ten percent of the robberies were attempted while eighty-eight percent of the robberies were completed in 2002 and twelve percent were attempted.

Table 2 Type of Victims: 2000-2005												
	2000	%	2001	%	2002	%	2003	%	2004	%	2005	%
Individual	1,066	83	1,140	83	1,196	83	1,159	83	1,137	83	1,141	83
Business	202	16	220	16	211	16	197	16	245	16	225	17
Financial Inst.	12	1	10	1	9	1	7	1	18	1	4	<1
Government			1	<1	2	<1					1	<1
Religious Org.							1	<1	1			
Society												
Other							1	<1				
Unknown												
	1,280		1,371		1,418		1,365		1,401		1,371	

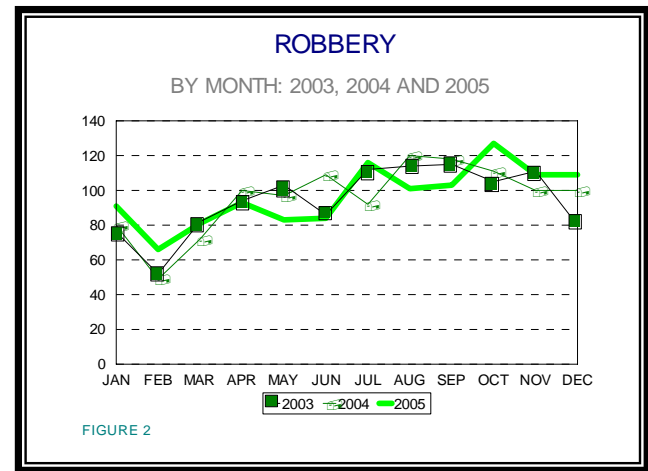
There can be more than one “victim” as the result of a robbery. The types of victims are listed in Table 2. However, “society” is not a possible victim for a robbery. Table 13, robbery location, is a better indicator of robberies at financial institutions.

AND WHEN?

The most frequent month of reported robberies was August in 2004 with 118 incidents, September in 2003 with 115 incidents and October in 2002 with 111 incidents and 2005 with 127 incidents, a period high. The year 2004 was the year with the most months (7) over 100 robberies reported in each month, there were six months in 2002, 2003 and 2005 with more than 100 robberies in each month. January was the least frequent month of reported robberies in 2001 (67) but December (88) was reported least frequently in 2002 and February was reported least frequently in 2003 and 2004 and 2005.

Table 3. 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 Robberies by Month

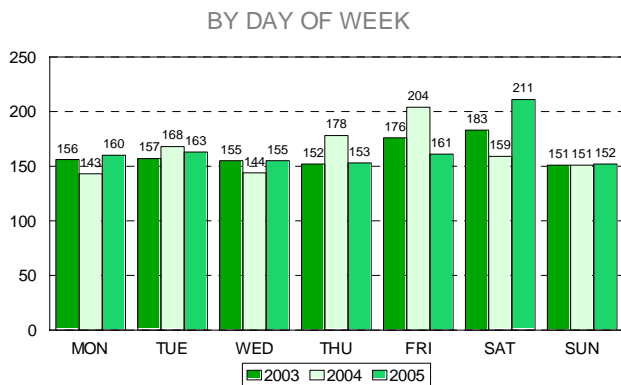
	YEARS			
	2002	2003	2004	2005
JAN	100	76	80	91
FEB	91	52	49	66
MAR	98	82	72	81
APR	86	94	100	93
MAY	79	103	97	83
JUN	105	86	109	84
JUL	96	112	92	116
AUG	109	114	120	101
SEP	105	115	118	103
OCT	111	105	111	127
NOV	102	111	100	109
DEC	88	80	100	109
	1,170	1,130	1,148	1,163



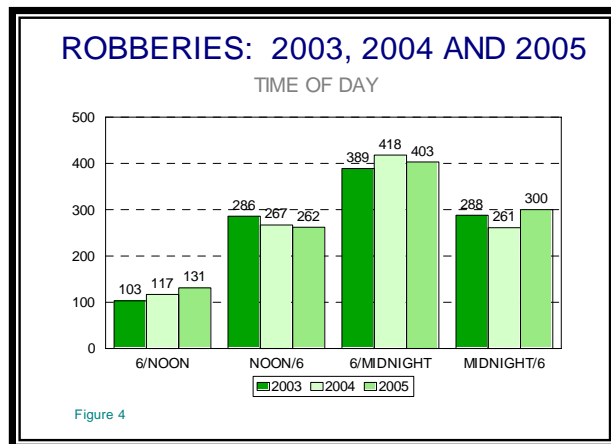
Day of Week

Saturday was the most frequently reported day of a robbery in 2002, 2003 and 2005 but Friday was the most frequently reported day in 2004. The least frequently reported day was a Sunday in 2003 and 2005 but Monday in 2002 and 2004.

ROBBERIES: 2003, 2004 AND 2005



Time of Day



Thirty-five percent of the robberies in 2005 were reported to have occurred during the nighttime hours of 6:00 P.M. to midnight, thirty-four percent in 2003 and thirty-six percent in 2004. Eleven percent of the reported robberies happened between 6:00 A.M. and noon in 2002 but nine percent of the 2003 robberies and ten percent of the 2004 robberies happened during those times.

In the late 1990's and early 2000's, the most frequent hour of robberies tended to be around midnight. In 2004 and 2003 the most frequent hour reported was between 10:00 P.M. and 11:00 P.M. while in 2005 the most frequent hour reported was between 9:00 P.M. and 10:00 P.M. The time robberies were reported to have occurred the least is during the morning hours between 7:00 A.M. and 8:00 A.M in 2002, 8:00 A.M. and 9:00 A.M. in 2003 and 2005, but between 6:00 A.M. and 7:00 A.M. in 2004. In 2005, the hour of the robbery was not reported in 67 incidents down from 85 incidents reported in 2004 but up from 64 incidents in 2003.

Table 4. 2003 Robberies			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	73	Noon	34
1:00	65	1:00	41
2:00	76	2:00	35
3:00	35	3:00	48
4:00	25	4:00	61
5:00	14	5:00	67
6:00	19	6:00	52
7:00	14	7:00	45
8:00	7	8:00	56
9:00	18	9:00	71
10:00	23	10:00	84
11:00	22	11:00	81

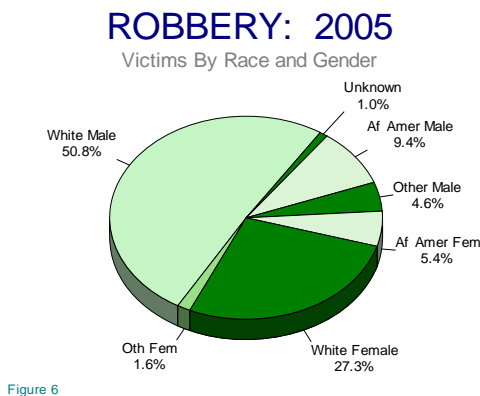
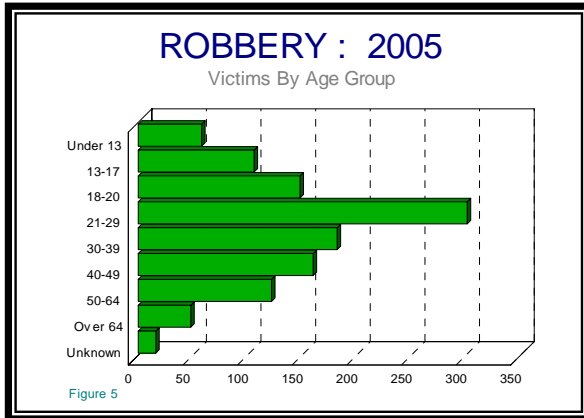
Table 5. 2004 Robberies			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	67	Noon	33
1:00	57	1:00	35
2:00	57	2:00	47
3:00	43	3:00	47
4:00	20	4:00	54
5:00	17	5:00	51
6:00	13	6:00	45
7:00	15	7:00	53
8:00	18	8:00	67
9:00	23	9:00	72
10:00	22	10:00	93
11:00	26	11:00	88

Table 6. 2005 Robberies			
Hour	#	Hour	#
Midnight	75	Noon	41
1:00	65	1:00	38
2:00	69	2:00	36
3:00	38	3:00	40
4:00	32	4:00	50
5:00	21	5:00	57
6:00	16	6:00	46
7:00	17	7:00	63
8:00	15	8:00	71
9:00	29	9:00	79
10:00	25	10:00	69
11:00	29	11:00	75

Specifically, for a comparison between the hour of a robbery and the location refer to page 64.

WHO...

The age group of between 21 and 29, accounting for 26 percent (301) of the 2005 victims, was reported almost a third more often than those victims age 30 through 39 (182 or 16%). If the age groups of between 13-17 and 18-20 were added together they would account for 22.3 percent (254) of the victims of a robbery and also more than those aged 30 to 39. In 1999 there were 22.4 percent of the victims in the age group of 21-29 while the rest of the age and race groupings were similar.



Examining reported robberies by sex and race shows that fifty-one percent (580) of the victims were white males and twenty-seven percent (311) were white females. Nine percent (107) of the 1,141 reported victims were African American males while five percent (62) of the victims were reported as African American females. Of the remaining identified seven percent, there were 9 Native American victims (7 males and 2 females) and 17 victims of Asian/Pacific Islander origin (13 males and 4 females).

Table 7: 2005 Victims by Age and Race												
	Total	Female					Male					Unk
		Asian	Af Amer	Nat Am	Unk	White	Asian	Af Am	Nat Am	Unk	White	
Under 13	56	0	1	0	2	4	0	6	0	9	29	5
13-17	106	0	4	1	1	14	1	16	0	1	68	0
18-20	148	0	12	0	2	43	2	11	0	4	73	1
21-29	301	2	23	0	3	89	1	21	1	5	156	0
30-39	182	0	10	0	0	44	4	24	3	3	94	0
40-49	160	1	8	1	1	45	1	19	2	5	77	0
50-64	122	0	4	0	0	44	3	7	1	1	62	0
Over 64	48	1	0	0	0	23	1	3	0	1	19	0
Unk.	16	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	3	2	5
Total	1131	4	62	2	9	309	13	107	7	32	580	6

Fifty-five of the victims were reported to have been Hispanic in 2002, 43 of the 2003 victims, 23 of the 2004 victims and 31 of the 2005 victims were Hispanic. Most of the victims were male in all years. Specifically, in 2005 twenty-one of the thirty-one victims were adult males, five of the victims were female and four of the victims were male and juvenile.

Arrests

Age, gender and race information is available on the 403 individuals arrested for robbery in 2005.

ROBBERY : 2005

Arrestees By Age Group

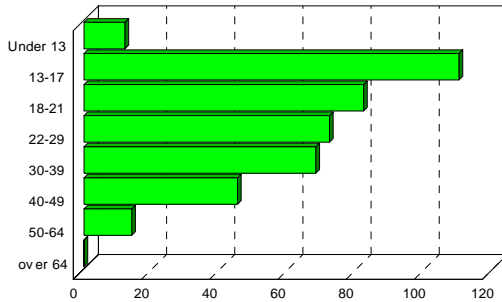


Figure 7

Fifty-one percent (204) of the persons arrested in 2005 for robbery were under 21; up from thirty-nine percent (146) of the persons arrested for robbery in 2004. Approximately fifty-eight percent (212) of the persons arrested for robbery were under 21 years of age in 1997. Seventeen was the most frequent single age of a person arrested for robbery in 1998, 2003 and 2005 but 18 was the most common age in 1999, 2000, 2001 and 2004.

African American males made up forty percent of the persons arrested in 2005, thirty-six percent of the persons arrested for robbery in 2003 and 2004. White males accounted for forty-two percent of those arrested in 2004 and 2005. In 2002, African American males made up thirty-seven percent of those arrested while white males made up forty-nine percent of those reported arrested for robbery. White females (34) were arrested more than African American females in 2001, 2002 and 2004 (39 to 37) but African American females (40) were arrested more in 2003 than white females (25).

ROBBERY: 2005

Arrestees By Race and Gender

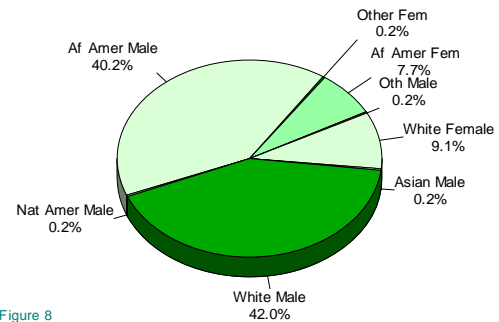
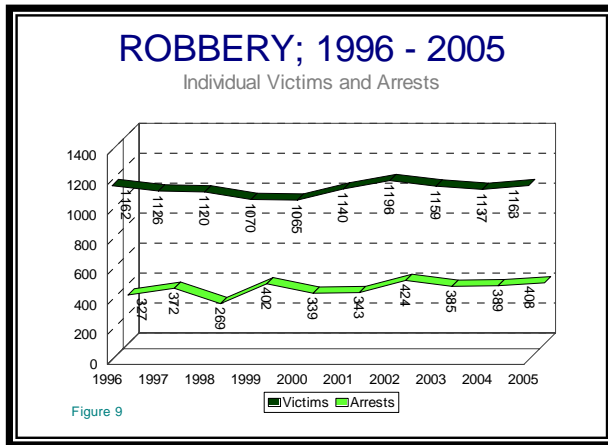


Figure 8

Table 8. 2004 Arrests by Age, Sex and Race										
Age Group	Total	Male					Female			
		Asian	Af Amer	Unk	Nat Amer	White	Asian	Af Amer	Nat Amer	White
Under 13	7	1	2			3				1
13-17	81	3	23	1	1	34		13		6
18-20	58		22			28		3		5
21-29	88		27			34		10		17
30-39	86		39			32		8		7
Over 39	59		24			28		3	1	3
Total	379	4	137	1	1	159	0	37	1	39

Thirty-one Hispanic persons were arrested for robbery in 2003; 4 white females, 26 white males and 1 African American male. In 2004 the number of persons identified as Hispanic dropped again to 16; 14 white males and 2 white females. Eleven arrested persons were identified in 2005 as Hispanic; 2 African American males, 1 white female and 9 white males.

Victims vs Arrests



There seems to be a slight correlation between the number of victims that were reported and the number of offenders that were arrested. The peak year was in 2002 when there were 1,196 individual victims with 424 persons or 36 percent being arrested for robbery. Clearances that year for robbery were at 32.4 percent. In 2005, there were 1,163 individual victims while 403 (34.7%) were arrested for robbery with a clearance rate of 31.3 percent

Relationships

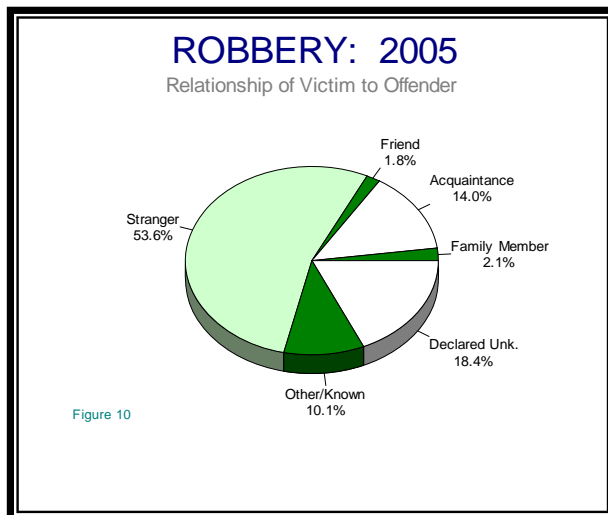


Table 9. Relationship of Victim to Offender				
Relationship	Victims		% of Total	
	Juv	Over 17		
Spouse, X or CL		6	6	1
Child or Sibling		1	1	0
Other Family		9	9	1
Acquaintance	16	93	109	14
Employer/ee		1	1	0
Boy/Girl Friend		8	8	1
Neighbor	1	3	4	1
Friend		6	6	1
Otherwise Known	16	57	73	9
Known to Victim	33	184	217	28
Stranger	68	348	416	54
Subtotal	101	532	633	82
Declared Unknown	21	122	143	18
Total	122	654	776	

Information about the relationship between the robbery victim and offender is available for 776 of the 1,141 individual victims reported in 2005. The victim stated a stranger was the robber in fifty-four percent (716) of the 776 responses, down from the 2003 figure of 563 strangers from the 864 responses or 65 percent. Twenty-eight percent (217) of the victims knew their robbers in 2005, up from nineteen percent or in 161 of the 864 responses. The percentage of the relationships between a victim and a stranger, a spouse/ex-spouse, a person of common law status or a person that was classified as "otherwise known" are up slightly (1%) from 2004.

Injuries

Table 10. Injuries by Age Group and Sex						
Injury	Victims					% of Total
	Juv		Over 17		Unk	
	F	M	F	M	Unk	
Broken Bones			1	11		12
Internal Injury		1		3		4
Severe Laceration		1	5	27		33
Scalds/Burns						0
Loss of Teeth			1	2		3
Unconsciousness			3	6		9
Other Major Inj		1	1	10		12
Minor Injury	8	59	115	232	3	417
Injuries to Victims	8	62	126	291	3	490
None Apparent	25	71	229	313	13	651
TOTAL	33	133	355	604	16	1,141

In 2005, at least one injury was documented for 490 of the 1,141 known robbery victims (43%). Males were the victim of an injury two to three times that of females for each type of injury. Juveniles made up 15 percent (166) of the victims but sixty percent of those victims who reported no injury.

WHAT...

Weapons

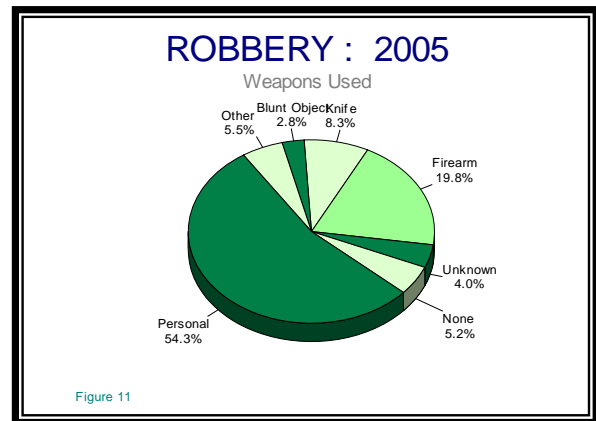
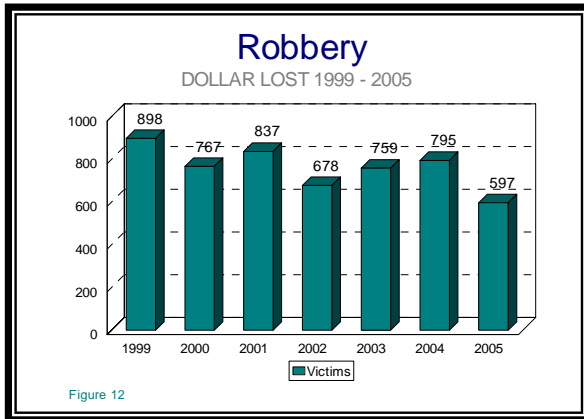


Table 11. 'Weapons Used in a Robbery								
	2002		2003		2004		2005	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Handgun	209	17.9	191	16.9	225	19.6	163	14.0
Rifle	2	0.2	1	0.1	1	0.1	2	0.2
Shotgun	9	0.8	12	1.1	5	0.4	6	0.5
Unident. Firearm	50	4.3	41	3.6	55	4.8	59	5.1
Firearm Total	270	23.1	245	21.7	286	24.9	230	19.8
Cutting Inst.	119	10.2	145	12.8	112	9.8	97	8.3
Hands, Fist, Feet	531	45.4	532	47.1	547	47.6	631	54.3
Blunt Obj.	64	5.5	63	5.6	40	3.5	33	2.8
Arson	4	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Motor Vehicle	0	0.0	10	0.9	8	0.7	16	1.4
Other	44	3.8	21	1.9	48	4.2	48	4.1
Unknown	84	7.2	70	6.2	67	5.8	47	4.0
None	54	4.6	44	3.9	40	3.5	61	5.2
TOTAL	1,170		1,130		1,148		1,163	

Some type of firearm was reported in a fifth or in 230 of the 1,163 robberies in 2005, down from 28 percent in 2001 and 25 percent in 2004. Personal weapons, such as hands, fist, or feet were used in approximately fifty-five percent (631) of the robberies. More than one weapon was reported in 35 of the 2005 robberies (Shown on Table 4 of TABLES.)

DOLLAR LOSS

The dollar value of the 2005 robberies was \$596,862.00, a period low dollar value and a twenty-five percent decrease from the 2004 figure of \$795,490.00. The 2003 value of \$758,881.00, was four percent lower than the 2002 value of \$677,726.00. The total value in 2001 of \$836,897.00 was seven percent less than the 1999 period high value of \$897,794.00.



Type of Items Stolen and Recovered

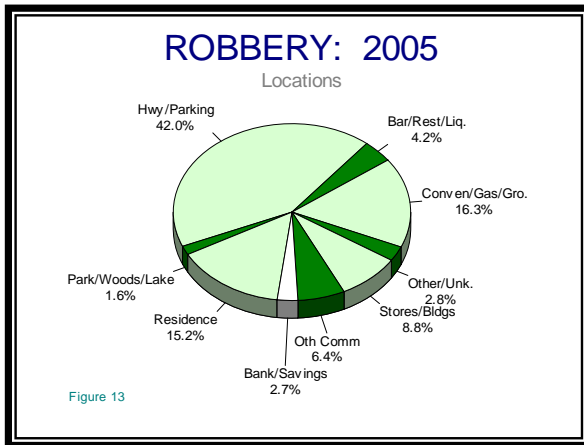
Property Description	Stolen		Recovered		
	Freq.	% of Total	Freq	% of Total	% Recovered
Alcohol	43	2.6	14	6.5	32.6
Automobiles/etc.	23	1.4	20	9.3	87.0
Bicycles	33	2.0	11	5.1	33.3
Clothes/Furs	68	4.1	17	7.9	25.0
Computer Equipment	11	0.7	5	2.3	45.5
Consumable Goods	85	5.2	30	13.9	35.3
Credit Cards	57	3.5	4	1.9	7.0
Drugs/Narcotics	10	0.6	2	0.9	20.0
Drugs/Narcotics Equip.	1	0.1	1	0.5	100.0
Firearms	3	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Household Goods	16	1.0	2	0.9	12.5
Jewelry/Precious Metals	43	2.6	4	1.9	9.3
Merchandise	37	2.3	10	4.6	27.0
Money	590	35.9	22	10.2	3.7
Negotiable Inst	23	1.4	2	0.9	8.7
Nonnegotiable Inst	23	1.4	5	2.3	21.7
Office Equipment	23	1.4	1	0.5	4.3
Other Motor Vehicle	2	0.1	1	0.0	50.0
Purses/Wallets	192	11.7	21	9.7	10.9
Radios/TV/VCR	29	1.8	5	2.3	17.2
Audio Visual	24	1.5	7	3.2	29.2
Tools	13	4.5	2	7.4	15.4
Trucks	1	0.3	1	3.7	100.0
Veh Parts Access.	4	0.2	2	0.9	50.0
Pending Inventory	1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Other	289	17.6	27	12.5	9.3
Total	1,644		216		13.1

Overall, the rate of recovery went from 12.5% in 2002 to 15.2% in 2003, 11.4 in 2004 and 13.2 percent of the total goods in 2005.

AND WHERE?

Location

In 2005, forty-two percent (489) of the robberies were reported to have happened on the combined categories of a street, a highway or a parking facility, thirty-nine percent (444) in 2004 and forty-one percent (462) in 2003. A residence had the second highest number of robberies with fifteen percent or 177 robberies in 2005. A convenience store or gas station accounted for twelve percent (136) of the 1,163 2005 robberies.



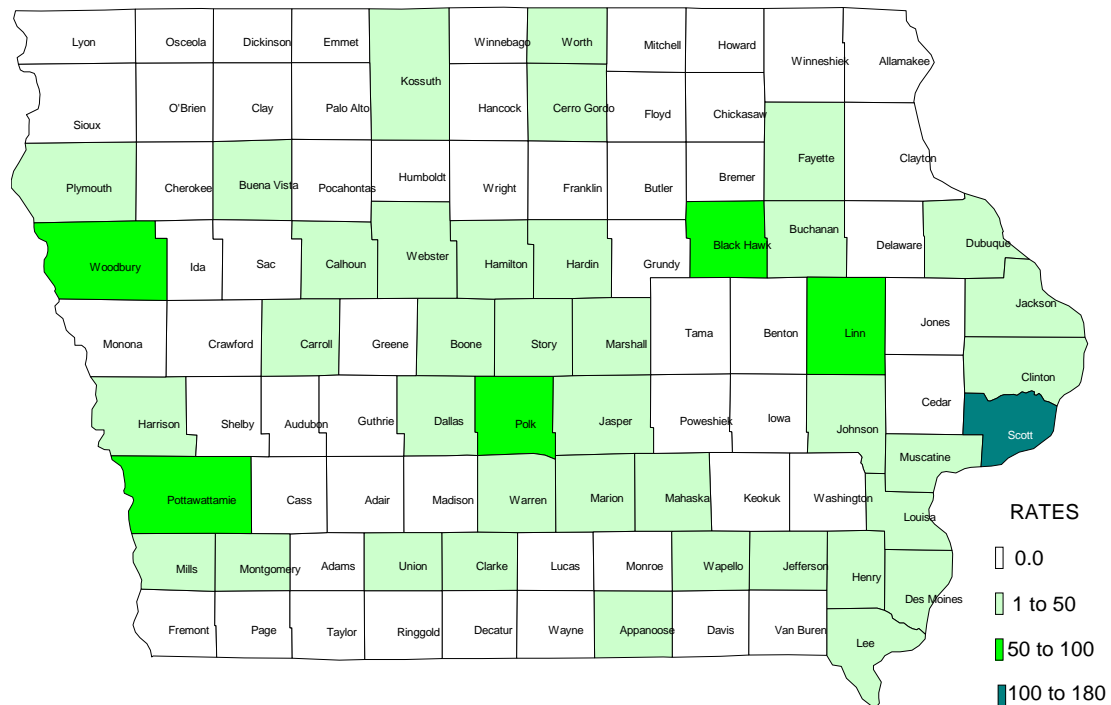
By Hour in 2005

Table 13. Location of Robbery					
	2002	2003	2004	2005	%
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	2	2	2	0	0
Bank/Sav/Loan	39	36	59	31	5
Bar/Night Club	20	19	9	11	1
Place of Worship	1	1	1	0	0
Commercial/Office	15	10	27	16	2
Construction Site	2	1	1	0	0
Convenience Store	105	113	99	111	9
Dept/Discount Store	66	69	69	75	6
Drug Str/Dr's Off./Hosp.	9	16	11	14	1
Field/Woods	5	8	5	7	<1
Govt/Public Building	3	4	2	4	<1
Grocery Store	54	42	49	54	4
Highway/Road/Alley	355	347	341	372	29
Hotel/Motel	22	20	15	31	1
Lake/Waterway	1	0	0	0	0
Liquor Store	3	3	3	4	<1
Parking Lot/Garage	111	115	103	117	9
Residence/Home	199	197	179	177	15
Restaurant	40	28	44	34	4
School/College	2	5	13	9	1
Service/Gas Station	28	22	25	25	2
Specialty Store	40	35	37	27	3
Other/Unknown	35	29	42	32	4
Park	13	8	12	12	1
Total	1,170	1,130	1,148	1,163	

The highest single location of a robbery was on the street with 372 incidents. In 2005, the most common hour was 11:00 p.m. accounting for 30 incidents. The hours between 8:00 p.m. to 3:00 a.m. accounted for between 20 and 30 incidents each hour. The second most frequent location was a residence. The most common hour at a residence was 7:00 p.m. (16 incidents) with 9:00 p.m. the second most common hour (14 incidents). The most common hours of a convenience store robbery was 10:00 p.m. (17) with midnight (13) being the second. Other commercial locations tended to be robbed during the daytime hours; banks in the morning, but grocery and department stores in the early evening.

In IOWA

2005 ROBBERIES



Adjusted Rates Per 100,000 Population

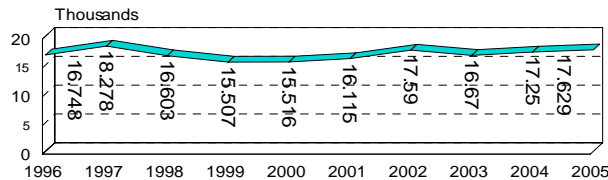
Adair	0.0	Clay	0.0	Hancock	0.0	Madison	0.0	Sac	0.0
Adams	0.0	Clayton	0.0	Hardin	11.0	Mahaska	9.0	*Scott	179.7
*Allamakee	0.0	Clinton	41.9	Harrison	6.3	*Marion	3.0	*Shelby	0.0
Appanoose	21.9	*Crawford	0.0	Henry	9.8	Marshall	10.1	*Sioux	0.0
*Audubon	0.0	Dallas	6.0	Howard	0.0	Mills	6.6	Story	22.3
*Benton	0.0	Davis	0.0	Humboldt	0.0	*Mitchell	0.0	Tama	0.0
Black Hawk	67.9	*Decatur	0.0	Ida	0.0	*Monona	0.0	Taylor	0.0
Boone	3.8	Delaware	0.0	Iowa	0.0	Monroe	0.0	Union	8.3
Bremer	0.0	Des Moines	48.8	*Jackson	4.9	*Montgomery	17.5	Van Buren	0.0
Buchanan	4.7	*Dickinson	0.0	Jasper	5.3	*Muscatine	4.7	*Wapello	16.7
Buena Vista	9.9	Dubuque	10.9	Jefferson	18.6	O'Brien	0.0	Warren	4.7
Butler	0.0	Emmet	0.0	Johnson	37.7	Osceola	0.0	Washington	0.0
Calhoun	9.4	*Fayette	4.7	Jones	0.0	Page	0.0	Wayne	0.0
Carroll	4.8	Floyd	0.0	Keokuk	0.0	Palo Alto	0.0	Webster	40.6
Cass	0.0	*Franklin	0.0	Kossuth	6.1	Plymouth	8.0	Winnebago	0.0
Cedar	0.0	*Fremont	0.0	Lee	13.6	Pocahontas	0.0	Winneshiek	0.0
*Cerro Gordo	26.5	Greene	0.0	*Linn	62.1	Polk	83.8	Woodbury	51.2
Cherokee	0.0	Grundy	0.0	Louisa	8.2	Pottawattamie	92.6	Worth	12.9
*Chickasaw	0.0	Guthrie	0.0	Lucas	0.0	Poweshiek	0.0	*Wright	0.0
Clarke	10.8	Hamilton	6.1	*Lyon	0.0	*Ringgold	0.0		

* Indicator for a county with missing or incomplete crime data.

BURGLARY

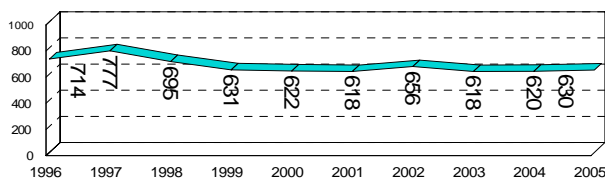
NUMBER

1996 - 2005



ADJUSTED RATES per 100,000 POP.

1996 - 2005



- The most reports were received for the month of August, the least for February.

Table 2. Location of a Burglary				
	2002	2003	2004	2005
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	4	4	4	2
Bank/Sav/Loan	20	6	11	10
Bar/Night Club	299	269	268	298
Place of Worship	177	158	166	144
Commercial/Office	805	870	884	922
Construction Site	268	347	377	406
Convenience Store	179	157	137	129
Department/Discount Store	98	77	68	82
Drug Store/Doctor's Off./Hosp.	74	57	95	70
Field/Woods	19	19	10	17
Government/Public Building	139	113	99	140
Grocery Store	55	54	59	47
Highway/Road/Alley	237	199	214	244
Hotel/Motel	91	67	102	88
Construction/Industrial Equip	0	0	0	2
Lake/Waterway	6	8	5	8
Liquor Store	7	6	12	11
Parking Lot/Garage	1,175	1,152	1,033	1,040
Rental Storage	440	387	420	317
Residence/Home/Farm	10,938	10,245	10,758	10,814
Farm Other	380	310	485	709
Restaurant	307	274	271	262
School/College	366	406	364	367
Service/Gas Station	146	118	107	135
Specialty Store	682	716	612	591
Other/Unknown	600	575	596	693
Park	78	76	93	81
Total	17,590	16,670	17,250	17,629

"The unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft." (Does not count MOTOR VEHICLES)

2005 BURGLARY	
Number of Offenses	17,629
Rate Increase (2004 to 05)	+1.6%
Number of Structure + Prem.	17,224 + 683
Number of Arrests	2,395
Percent Cleared	11.4
Residential	10,814
Total Dollar Value Stolen	\$17,353,047
Value Increase (2004 to 05)	+\$157,101
Dollar Value Recovered	\$1,557,833

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	23	1			11	11	
African Am.	328	12	29		96	191	
Native Am.	12	2	1		4	5	
White	2,013	51	152		697	1,113	
Unk.	19	0	1		7	11	
TOTAL	2,395	66	183	0	815	1,331	0
Hispanic	87	1	7		35	44	

- A residence accounts for approximately 60% of the burglaries.
- Juveniles comprise 36.7% of those reported arrested.
- Almost half (49.3%) of the completed burglaries were non forcible.

TYPE OF ENTRY

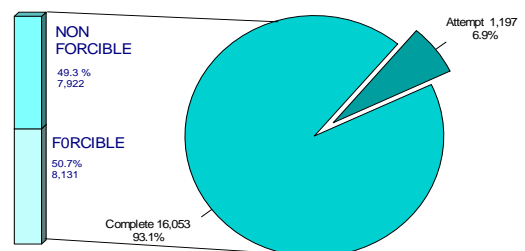
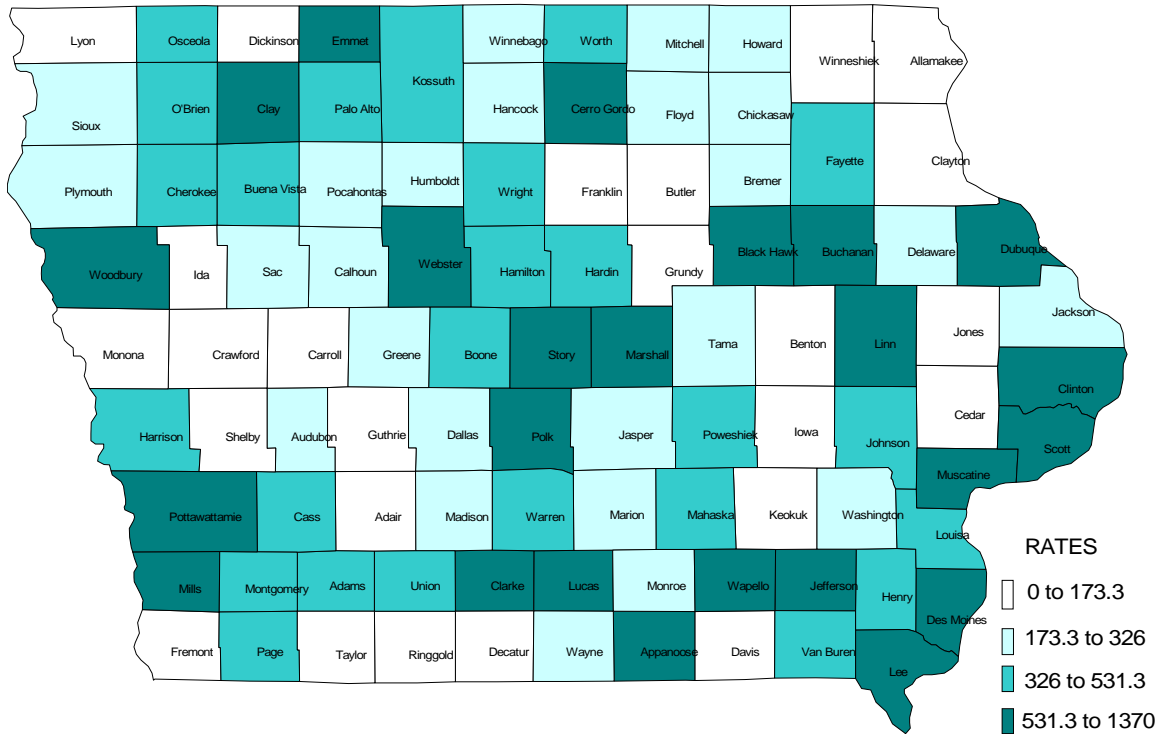


Figure 2

2005 BURGLARIES



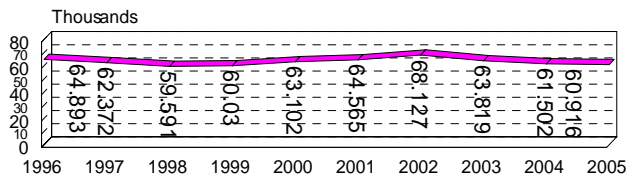
Adair	138.1	Clay	537.3	Hancock	261.6	Madison	246.4	Sac	25
Adams	438.1	Clayton	157.9	Hardin	334.7	Mahaska	403.8	*Scott	98
*Allamakee	0.0	Clinton	669.0	Harrison	396.6	*Marion	234.1	*Shelby	9
Appanoose	636.4	*Crawford	100.0	Henry	363.8	Marshall	569.8	*Sioux	17
*Audubon	245.7	Dallas	311.3	Howard	182.3	Mills	602.7	Story	78
*Benton	108.4	Davis	148.8	Humboldt	257.8	*Mitchell	245.1	Tama	24
Black Hawk	832.6	*Decatur	46.7	Ida	13.4	*Monona	0.0	Taylor	7
Boone	331.0	Delaware	192.9	Iowa	111.8	Monroe	215.4	Union	34
Bremer	174.1	Des Moines	931.2	*Jackson	240.8	*Montgomery	445.6	Van Buren	33
Buchanan	638.9	*Dickinson	173.2	Jasper	311.6	*Muscatine	531.3	*Wapello	98
Buena Vista	479.3	Dubuque	545.1	Jefferson	627.9	O'Brien	428.0	Warren	38
Butler	132.2	Emmet	554.1	Johnson	459.8	Osceola	440.0	Washington	26
Calhoun	301.5	*Fayette	489.3	Jones	168.8	Page	361.7	Wayne	24
Carroll	143.0	Floyd	295.1	Keokuk	35.3	Palo Alto	326.0	Webster	122
Cass	453.8	*Franklin	65.0	Kossuth	334.5	Plymouth	235.8	Winnebago	17
Cedar	141.9	*Fremont	0.0	Lee	561.4	Pocahontas	184.2	Winneshiek	14
*Cerro Gordo	831.7	Greene	267.6	*Linn	667.0	Polk	940.3	Woodbury	83
Cherokee	343.5	Grundy	120.7	Louisa	377.6	Pottawattamie	1368.4	Worth	38
*Chickasaw	173.5	Guthrie	163.3	Lucas	573.9	Poweshiek	376.7	*Wright	35
Clarke	701.9	Hamilton	422.3	*Lyon	118.7	*Ringgold	0.0		

* Indicator for a county with missing or incomplete crime data.

LARCENY

NUMBER

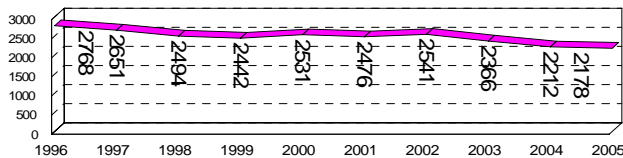
1996 - 2005



- Total larcenies down 10.6% from the 2002 peak.

ADJUSTED RATES per 100,000 POP.

1996 - 2005



- 27.2% of the larcenies happened at a residence.

Table 2. Location of a Larceny

	2002	2003	2004	2005
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	29	29	32	31
Bank/Sav/Loan	236	229	263	284
Bar/Night Club	935	956	973	854
Place of Worship	191	246	251	215
Commercial/Office	1,340	1,259	1,582	1,481
Construction Site	588	529	458	553
Convenience Store	5,904	5,631	5,659	6,002
Department/Discount Store	5,895	5,929	5,711	5,476
Drug Store/Doctor's Off./Hosp.	455	590	526	535
Field/Woods	297	258	222	237
Government/Public Building	506	474	527	497
Grocery Store	2,641	2,550	2,379	2,251
Highway/Road/Alley	5,728	5,157	5,249	4,750
Hotel/Motel	609	529	560	559
Jail/Prison	11	17	16	22
Lake/Waterway	88	91	100	109
Liquor Store	44	61	46	66
Parking Lot/Garage	9,267	7,611	6,742	6,702
Rental Storage	175	168	167	174
Residence/Home/Farm	20,526	19,072	17,472	16,898
Farm Other	646	605	936	1,037
Restaurant	949	890	970	875
School/College	2,717	2,691	2,634	2,688
Service/Gas Station	2,442	2,382	2,458	3,136
Specialty Store	2,121	2,115	1,934	1,870
Other/Unknown	3,284	3,278	3,215	3,152
Park	503	472	420	462
Total	68,127	63,819	61,502	60,916

"The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession, or constructive possession, of another person."

2005 LARCENY	
Number of Offenses	60,916
Rate Decrease (2004 to 05)	-1.5%
Number Decrease (2004 to 05)	-1.0%
Number of Arrests	11,385
Average Percent Cleared	17.5%
Total Dollar Value Stolen	\$36,783,077
Dollar Increase (2004 to 05)	\$3,516,595
Total Dollar Recovered	\$3,879,357

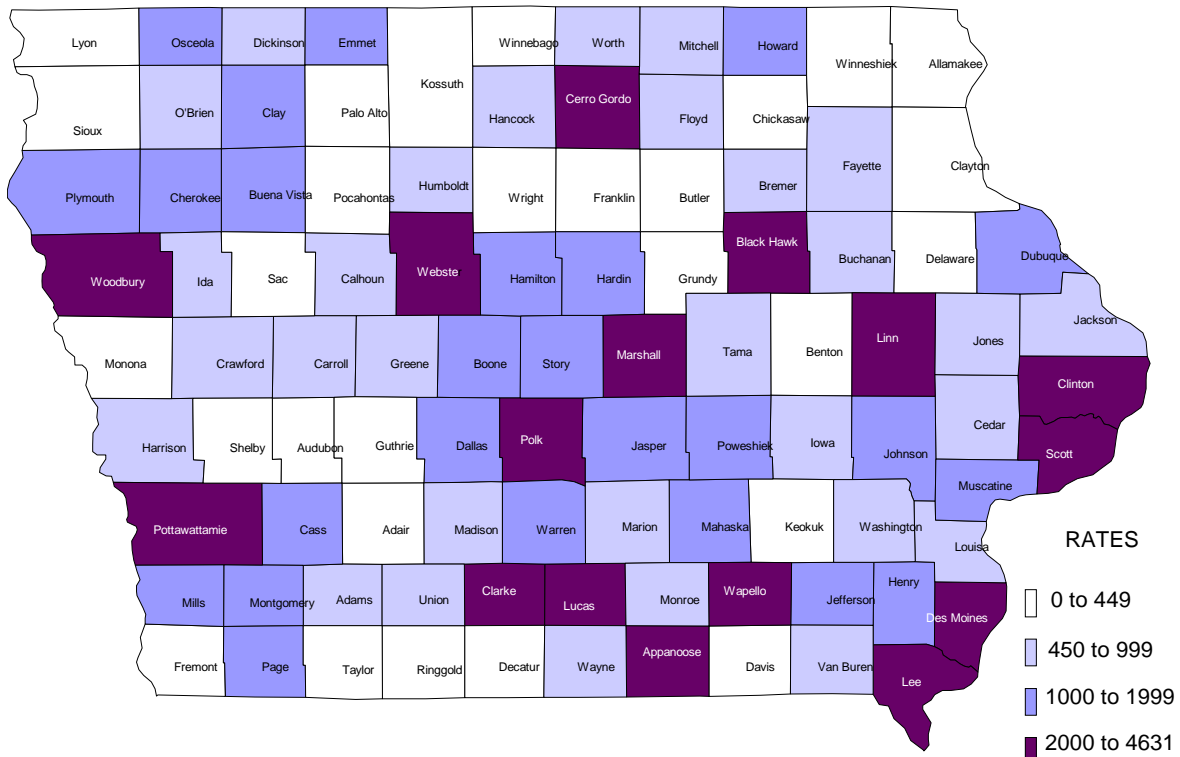
- Overall, 10.5% of the dollar value recovered for larceny, 44.9% of the shoplifting dollar value recovered.

ARRESTEES					
		Female		Male	
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Juv.	Adult
Asian	96	17	22	25	32
African Am.	2,102	408	469	507	718
Native Am.	148	34	46	35	33
White	8,920	1,441	2,333	1,847	3,299
Unk.	119	23	29	25	42
TOTAL	11,385	1,923	2,899	2,439	4,124
Hispanic	547	77	133	142	195

- Juveniles account for 38% of those arrested.
- Most common month was August, least common month was January.

Table 3. Larceny By Type		Stolen	
Type	Offenses	Value	
Pocket Picking	149	\$40,671	
Purse Snatching	128	\$26,901	
Shoplifting	8,272	\$896,994	
Theft from Building	6,326	\$4,808,461	
Theft from Coin-op	251	\$135,354	
Theft from Motor Vehicle	12,449	\$7,455,308	
Theft/M V Parts	3,619	\$1,498,177	
All Other	29,722	\$21,921,211	
TOTAL	60,916	\$36,783,077	

2005 LARCENIES



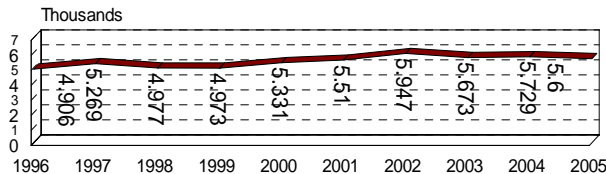
Adair	251	Clay	1801	Hancock	557	Madison	772	Sac	350
Adams	876	Clayton	240	Hardin	1284	Mahaska	1611	*Scott	3860
*Allamakee	0	Clinton	2764	Harrison	806	*Marion	763	*Shelby	133
Appanoose	2663	*Crawford	506	Henry	1146	Marshall	2514	*Sioux	393
*Audubon	353	Dallas	1000	Howard	1023	Mills	1431	Story	1905
*Benton	325	Davis	401	Humboldt	516	*Mitchell	463	Tama	494
Black Hawk	2508	*Decatur	350	Ida	522	*Monona	0	Taylor	208
Boone	1294	Delaware	391	Iowa	621	Monroe	824	Union	723
Bremer	607	Des Moines	2640	*Jackson	614	*Montgomery	1442	Van Buren	659
Buchanan	956	*Dickinson	824	Jasper	1215	*Muscatine	1416	*Wapello	2582
Buena Vista	1507	Dubuque	1644	Jefferson	1598	O'Brien	677	Warren	1425
Butler	211	Emmet	1306	Johnson	1835	Osceola	1115	Washington	482
Calhoun	669	*Fayette	499	Jones	675	Page	1722	Wayne	604
Carroll	615	Floyd	711	Keokuk	212	Palo Alto	428	Webster	3600
Cass	1396	*Franklin	241	Kossuth	322	Plymouth	1123	Winnebago	79
Cedar	464	*Fremont	0	Lee	2354	Pocahontas	258	Winneshiek	301
*Cerro Gordo	2979	Greene	882	*Linn	2853	Polk	3738	Woodbury	2638
Cherokee	1118	Grundy	314	Louisa	854	Pottawattamie	4630	Worth	955
*Chickasaw	181	Guthrie	370	Lucas	2234	Poweshiek	1313	*Wright	372
Clarke	2343	Hamilton	1389	*Lyon	280	*Ringgold	94		

* Indicator for a county with missing or incomplete crime data.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

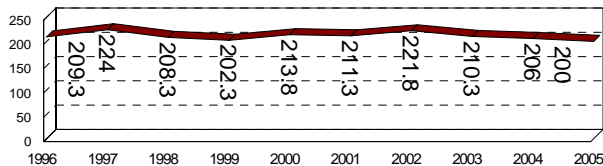
NUMBER

1996 - 2005



ADJUSTED RATES per 100,000 POP.

1996 - 2005



- Juveniles accounted for 34.1 percent of those arrested.
- In 2005, 40 percent of the incidents happened at a residence, another 23 percent happened at a garage or parking lot, and 19 percent happened on a street.

Location of a Motor Vehicle Theft				
	2002	2003	2004	2005
Air/Bus Terminal	1		4	1
Bank/Savings and Loan	1	1	3	1
Bar/Night Club	52	50	52	56
Religious Bldg.	8	9	5	5
Comm. Bldgs/Stores	241	227	268	239
Construction Site	25	32	31	34
Convenience Store	29	38	48	41
Field/Woods/Lake/Park	59	36	40	45
Govt/Public Bldg.	5	6	10	9
Grocery/Supermarket	13	6	6	11
Hwy/Rd/Street	1,160	1,099	1,228	1,287
Hotel/Motel	28	42	35	28
Jail/Prison	0	1	1	2
Parking Lot/Garage	1,449	1,471	1,286	1,046
Residence/Farm	2,377	2,142	2,054	2,192
Restaurant	19	9	16	11
School/College	45	29	38	24
Service/Gas Station	63	50	64	40
Other/Unk.	204	210	361	414
Total	5,779	5,458	5,550	5,486

"The theft of a motor vehicle.

(A 'motor vehicle' is a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface of land and not on rails, and which fits one of the following: Automobiles, Buses, Recreational Vehicles, Trucks, Other (motorcycles, motor scooters, trail bikes, mopeds, snowmobiles, golf carts, etc.).)"

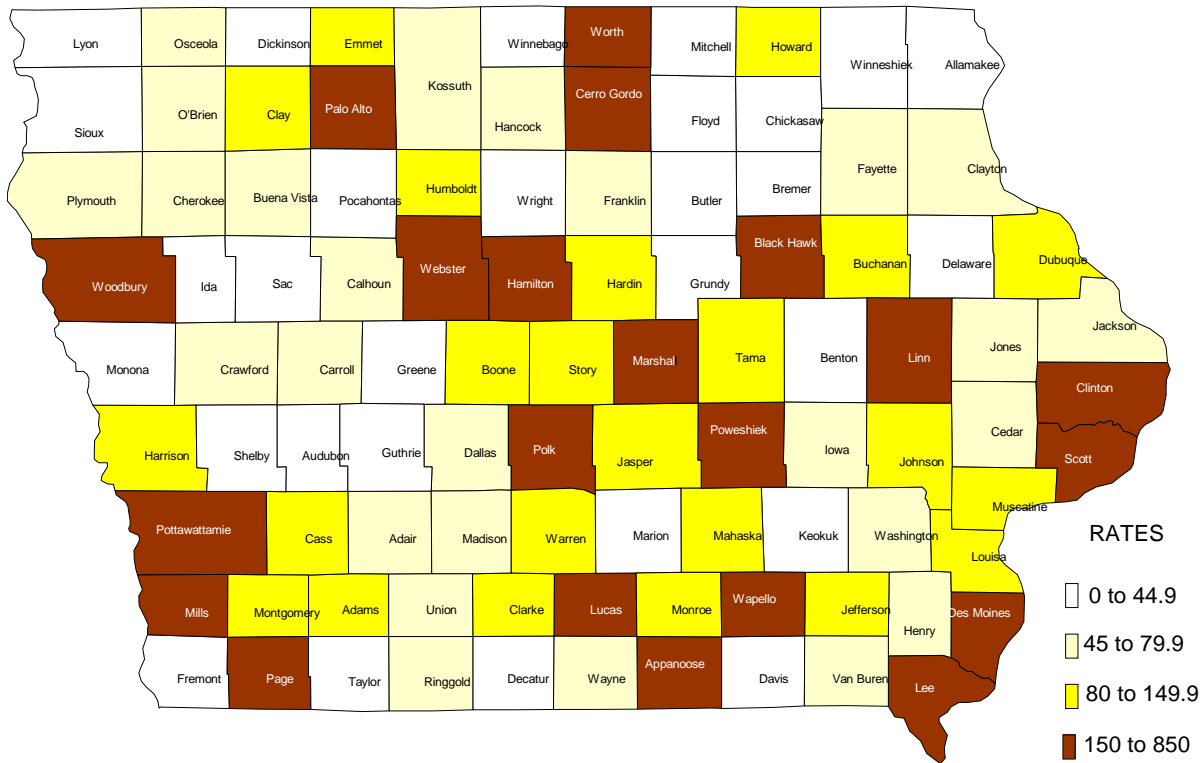
2005 MVT	
Number of Offenses	5,600
Number Decrease (04 to 05)	-2.3%
Rate Decrease (04 to 05)	-2.9%
Number of Incidents	5,486
Number of Arrests	680
Percent Cleared	16.7%
Dollar Value Stolen	\$27,662,893
Dollar Value Recovered	\$18,898,581

ARRESTEES						
		Female			Male	
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult
Asian	10	2			4	4
African Am.	123	3	14		31	75
Native Am.	11	2	3		2	4
White	531	46	51	4	141	289
Unk.	6				1	5
TOTAL	681	53	68	4	179	377
Hispanic	32	1	3		5	23

- 99% of the incidents were completed – less than 1% was attempted.
- The average cost per auto was \$4,546.
- In 2005, the most frequent month of a theft was July, day of a theft was Saturday and the hour was midnight.

Type of MV	Vehicles
Auto	4,466
Buses	4
Trucks	386
Motorcycles and Others	837
TOTAL	5,693

2005 MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT



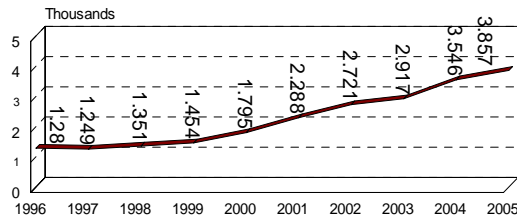
Adair	50	Clay	124	Hancock	59	Madison	60	Sac	9
Adams	92	Clayton	49	Hardin	143	Mahaska	130	*Scott	297
*Allamakee	0	Clinton	160	Harrison	138	*Marion	40	*Shelby	39
Appanoose	227	*Crawford	65	Henry	79	Marshall	214	*Sioux	25
*Audubon	31	Dallas	78	Howard	101	Mills	219	Story	84
*Benton	11	Davis	11	Humboldt	89	*Mitchell	27	Tama	100
Black Hawk	195	*Decatur	35	Ida	27	*Monona	0	Taylor	0
Boone	83	Delaware	44	Iowa	50	Monroe	114	Union	58
Bremer	13	Des Moines	200	*Jackson	54	*Montgomery	96	Van Buren	65
Buchanan	133	*Dickinson	18	Jasper	119	*Muscatine	87	*Wapello	192
Buena Vista	69	Dubuque	109	Jefferson	131	O'Brien	55	Warren	91
Butler	26	Emmet	141	Johnson	96	Osceola	59	Washington	79
Calhoun	75	*Fayette	47	Jones	58	Page	233	Wayne	45
Carroll	57	Floyd	36	Keokuk	9	Palo Alto	163	Webster	416
Cass	126	*Franklin	56	Kossuth	73	Plymouth	56	Winnebago	0
Cedar	49	*Fremont	0	Lee	193	Pocahontas	37	Winneshiek	42
*Cerro Gordo	157	Greene	20	*Linn	188	Polk	377	Woodbury	230
Cherokee	48	Grundy	32	Louisa	115	Pottawattamie	847	Worth	168
*Chickasaw	32	Guthrie	34	Lucas	205	Poweshiek	220	*Wright	44
Clarke	140	Hamilton	184	*Lyon	42	*Ringgold	75		

* Indicator for a county with missing or incomplete crime data.

FRAUD

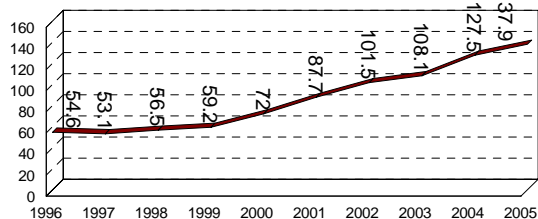
NUMBER

1996 - 2005



ADJUSTED RATES

1996 - 2005



VALUE STOLEN	
Swindle/Con.	\$4,578,687
CC/ATM	\$845,164
Impersonation	\$646,214
Welfare	\$46,263
Wire	\$150,153
Total	\$6,266,481

- 92% of the reported fraud arrests were adults.
- The specific property descriptions were, money (38%), merchandise (19%), "non negotiable and negotiable instruments" (13%) but many were other (20%).

ARRESTEES						
	Total	Female			Male	
		Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult
Asian	2		1			1
African Am.	64	5	24		2	33
Native Am.	9	1	3			5
White	371	18	132		31	190
Unk.	3				2	1
TOTAL	449	24	160	0	35	230
Hispanic	52	1	9		3	39

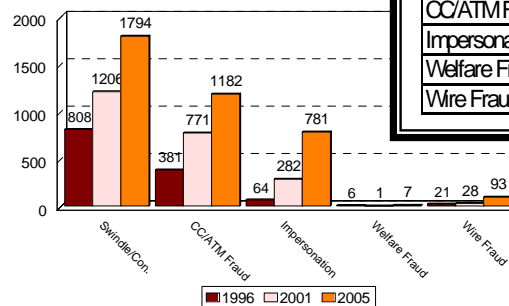
"The intentional perversion of the truth for the purpose of inducing another person or other entity in reliance upon it to part with some thing of value or to surrender a legal right.."

2005 Fraud	
Number of Offenses	3,857
Number Increase (04 to 05)	+8.7%
Rate Increase (04 to 05)	+8.2%
Number of Arrests	453
Rate Decrease	+3.0%
\$ Stolen	\$6,266,481.
Ave. Percent Cleared	17.9%

- Impersonation offenses have more than quadrupled since 2001 accounting for 20 percent of the 2005 fraud offenses.
- 1/4 of the frauds happened at a residence.
- Almost 11 percent happened at a bank but total businesses accounted for 42%.

Offenses

1996, 2001 & 2005



OFFENSE %	1996	2001	2005
Swindle/Con.	63.1	52.7	46.5
CC/ATM Fraud	29.8	33.7	30.6
Impersonation	5.0	12.3	20.2
Welfare Fraud	0.5	0.0	0.2
Wire Fraud	1.6	1.2	2.4

Figure 3

Adult Victims by Age Group

2005

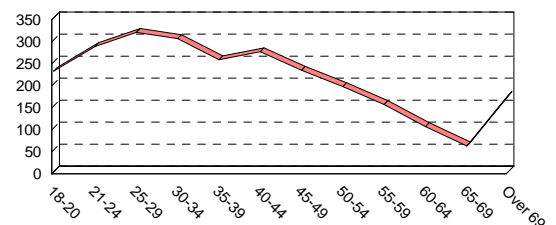


Figure 4

VANDALISM

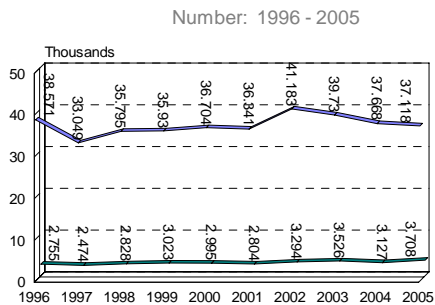


Figure 1

	2004	2005	% of 2005
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	10	12	0.0
Bank/Sav/Loan	59	65	0.2
Bar/Night Club	436	415	1.1
Place of Worship	282	276	0.7
Commercial/Office	1,307	1,208	3.3
Construction Site	229	260	0.7
Convenience Store	245	226	0.6
Dept/Discount Store	184	169	0.5
Drug Str/Dr's Off./Hosp.	139	105	0.3
Field/Woods	206	214	0.6
Govt/Public Building	350	347	0.9
Grocery Store	120	90	0.2
Highway/Road/Alley	8,149	8,247	22.2
Hotel/Motel	202	200	0.5
Jail/Prison	58	67	0.2
Lake/Waterway	28	31	0.1
Liquor Store	14	11	0.0
Parking Lot/Garage	6,009	5,912	15.9
Rental/Storage	218	195	0.5
Residence/Home	14,447	13,856	37.3
Restaurant	326	336	0.9
School/College	1,428	1,422	3.8
Service/Gas Station	180	171	0.5
Specialty Store	738	643	1.7
Other/Unknown	1,401	1,418	3.8
Park	462	499	1.3
Farm Building/Other	441	723	2.0
Total	37,668	37,118	

- 50.5% of the offenses occurred to a car or car accessories.
- Approximately 6% of the offenders were present.

"To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it."

2005 Vandalism	
Number of Offenses	37,118
Number Decrease (04 to 05)	-1.5%
Rate Decrease (04 to 05)	-2.0%
Number of Total Arrests	3,708
Number of Juvenile Arrests	1,678
Percent Cleared	12.0%
Value	\$14,424,317.

Value of Vandalism	
Damaged	\$14,156,599.00
Burned	\$267,718.00
TOTAL	\$14,424,317.00

- Dollar value decreased 1% from 2004 to 2005.

Arrests by Age

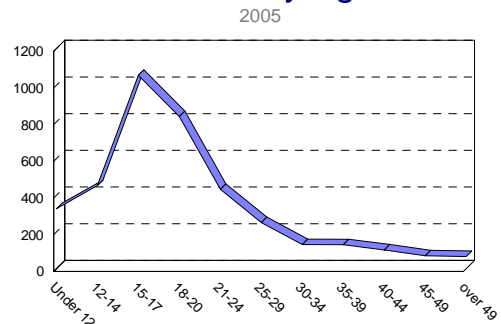


Figure 2

- 18 (470) was the most frequent age of an arrest, 17 (407) was the second most frequent age.
- 48 percent of the arrests were juveniles.

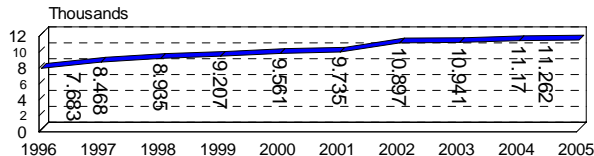
ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	30	6	2		8	14	
African Am.	557	33	58		248	217	1
Native Am.	41	9	4		11	17	
White	3,203	191	226		1,316	1,468	2
Unk.	17	1	1		11	4	
TOTAL	3,848	240	291	0	1,594	1,720	3
Hispanic	209	8	5		124	71	1

DRUG/NARCOTIC VIOLATIONS

"The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance."

NUMBER

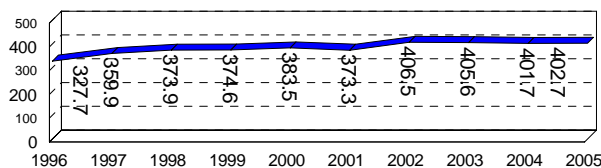
1996 - 2005



DRUG VIOLATIONS	
2005 Offenses	11,262
Change from 2004	+ .8%
2005 Rate	402.7
Change from 2004	+ .2%
2005 Arrests	10,808

ADJUSTED RATES per 100,000 POP.

1996 - 2005

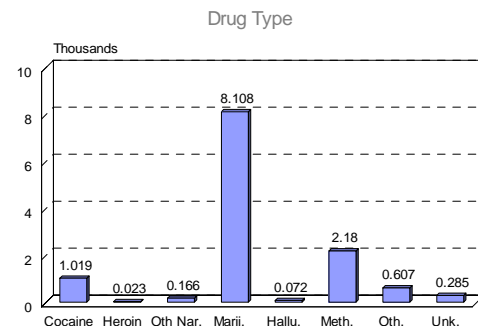


- Reported manufacture/distribution decreased 24% from 2004 to 2005; meth/amphetamines decreased 40% alone while marijuana decreased 16%.

Drug Offenses by Type of Violation And Drug Type

More than one type of violation can be entered per offense as well as more than one drug type.

2004 DRUG OFFENSES

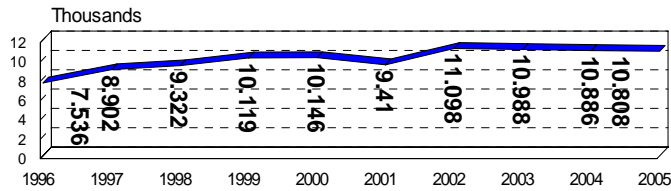


	Manuf/Distribution		Possession/Use	
	2001	2005	2001	2005
Cocaine and Crack	255	143	523	876
Heroin	3	8	7	15
Oth. Nar/Opiates	18	11	59	155
Marijuana/Derivat.	609	645	6,289	7,463
Hallucinogens	31	10	39	62
Meth/Amphetamines	606	372	1,320	1,808
Oth (stim., barb., etc)	96	122	324	485
Unk	166	53	265	232
TOTAL	1,784	1,364	8,826	11,096

- 1 juvenile was reported as being exploited.
- Overall, possession/use increased less than 5% in 2005 from and 2004; meth/amphetamines increased 1%, marijuana 5%, cocaine 16% and other nar. 55%.
- Methamphetamine with 18% of the cases in 2005 has increased 65% since 1996.

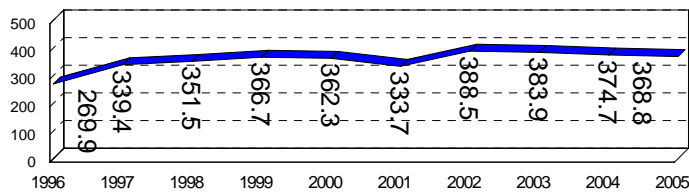
Total Arrests for Drug Violations NUMBER

1996 - 2005



RATES per 100,000 POP.

1996 - 2005

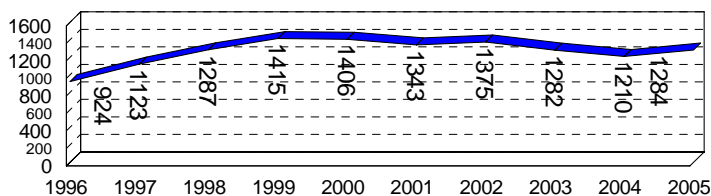


- 55.1% of those arrested for drugs were white adult males, another 16.8 percent were white adult females and 12.3 percent were African American adult males.

Juvenile Arrests for Drug Violations

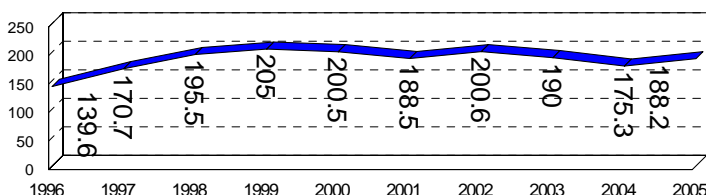
JUVENILE ARRESTS

1996 - 2005



ADJUSTED RATES per 100,000 POP.

1996 - 2005



DRUG VIOLATIONS

Total Arrests for 2005

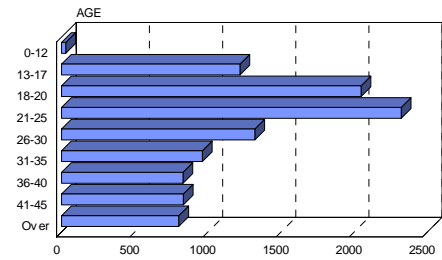


Figure 6

- 40% of those arrested for drugs were between age 18 and 25.

ARRESTEES						
		Female			Male	
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult
Asian	66	3	8		14	41
African Am.	1,756	35	239		158	1,324
Native Am.	92	2	29		4	57
White	8,834	250	1,812		812	5,960
Unk.	60	3	11		3	39
TOTAL	10,808	293	2,099	0	991	7,421
Hispanic	499	12	60		56	371

- Overall, females accounted for 22% of the total arrests in 2005 for drugs.

2005 CLEARANCES	
Drug Violations	84.9%
Drug Equip. Violations	83.3%

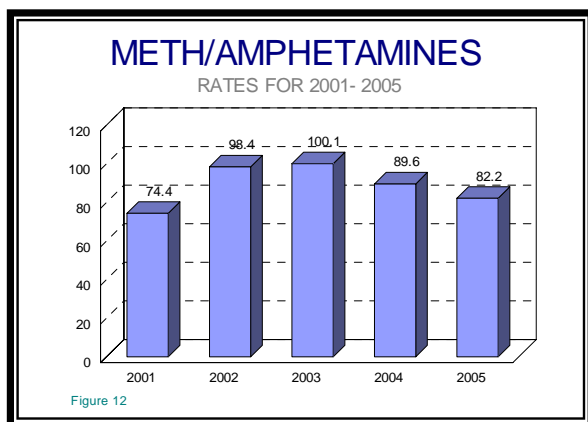
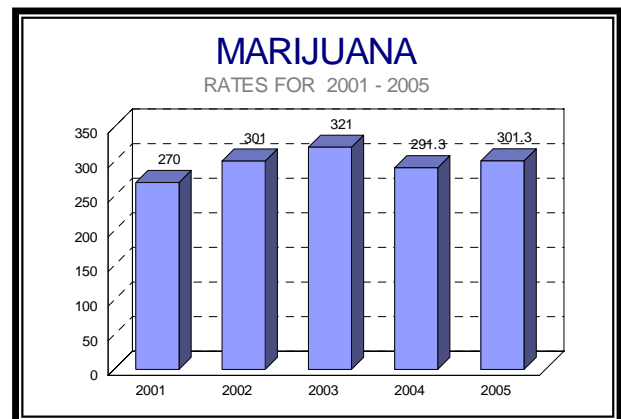
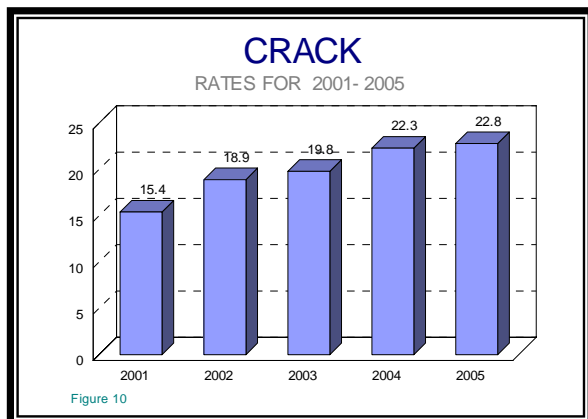
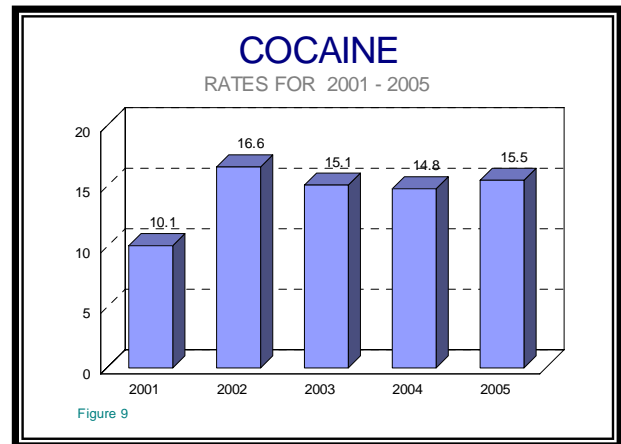
- The decade high for juvenile arrests was in 1999 (1,415 arrests).

REPORTED ARRESTS By Drug Type

IOWA DRUG ARREST RATES FOR:

Caution: more than one drug type can be indicated in the incident/arrest.

Rates for arrests are figured by using the estimated population from jurisdictions entering any arrests.

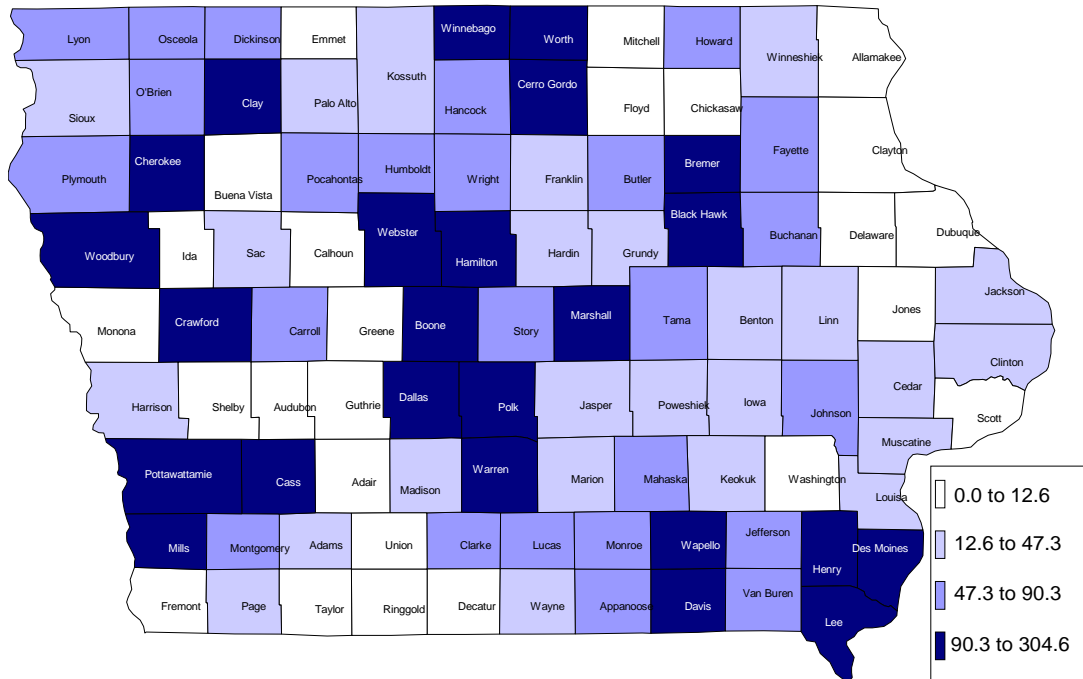


- By rate, meth/amphetamines were the only major drug category to decrease in arrests from 2004.

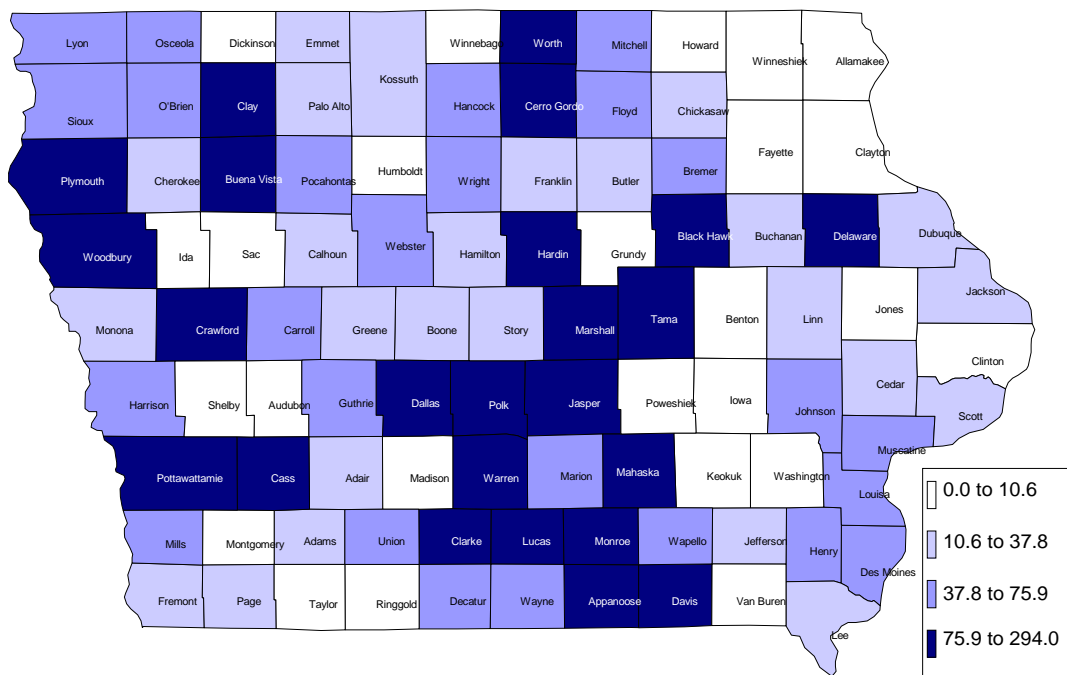
Meth/Amphetamine arrests are considered to be mostly (90%+) indicator of Methamphetamine arrests in Iowa rather than another type of amphetamines.

The maps below represent equal distribution between shades. Look at the legend for proper rates.

2005 Arrest Rates



2001 Arrest Rates

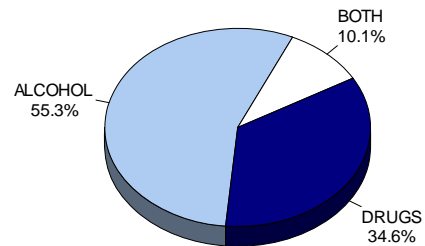


Offender Suspected of Using Drugs/Alcohol/Both

Group A Offenses	ALCOHOL	DRUGS	BOTH	TOTAL
Murder/Nonneg	3	1	0	4
Negligent Mansltr.	2	1	0	3
Justifiable Hom	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping	8	4	2	14
Forcible Rape	69	10	9	88
Forcible Sodomy	4	0	0	4
Sex Aslt w Obj	2	0	0	2
Forcible Fondling	26	6	10	42
Agg. Assault	887	75	61	1,023
Simple Assault	1,934	148	110	2,192
Intimidation	109	18	11	138
Incest	4	2	0	6
Statutory Rape	5	1	2	8
Person Total	3,053	266	205	3,524
Robbery	27	11	4	42
Arson	35	2	2	39
Extort/Blackml	0	0	0	0
Burglary/B+E	163	67	15	245
Pocket Picking	0	0	0	0
Purse Snatching	3	0	0	3
Shoplifting	206	31	7	244
Theft from Bldg.	101	27	3	131
Theft from Coin-op	0	1	0	1
Theft from MV	30	10	8	48
Theft of MV Parts	2	0	0	2
All Other Larceny	132	69	22	223
M Vehicle Theft	62	25	10	97
Counter/Forgery	11	33	0	44
Swindle/Conf	14	12	3	29
ATM/CC Fraud	7	5	1	13
Impersonation	4	1	0	5
Welfare Fraud	0	0	0	0
Wire Fraud	1	0	0	1
Embezzlement	0	1	0	1
Stolen Prop	7	18	4	29
Bribery	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	491	53	54	598
Property Total	1,296	366	133	1,795
Drug/Narc Viol	178	4,583	660	5,421
Drug Equip Viol	132	2,253	375	2,760
Pornography	0	4	3	7
Betting/Wagering	1	0	0	1
Op/Promo Gambl	1	0	0	1
Gambl Equip Viol	0	0	0	0
Sports Tampering	0	0	0	0
Prostitution	2	1	0	3
Promo Prostitution	1	0	0	1
Weapons Laws	59	78	10	147
Society Total	374	6,919	1,048	8,341
Group A Total	4,723	7,551	1,386	13,660

REPORTED USAGE

IN 2005



- Overall, in 2005 there was 2.7 percent decrease in reporting of suspected use of drugs or alcohol. The decrease came from the indication of drugs, a decrease of 4.9 from 2004 to 2005
- There is approximately twice the number of 2005 total offenders than arrestees.
- Drugs or alcohol use was reported for 13 percent of the murder incidents and 15 percent of the aggravated assault incidents.
- Alcohol involvement was reported for almost 2,000 (10%) of the offenders for simple assault.
- Other than the drug violation incidents, counterfeit/forgery and weapons laws were the only other offense categories where drugs were reported more than alcohol.

ESTIMATED DRUGS SEIZED

ESTIMATED DRUGS SEIZED	
Type of Drug	2005 Rounded
Crack	2,370 GM and 128 DU
Cocaine	3,011 GM, 629 LB, 32 DU, 43 OZ and 0 FO
Hashish	204 GM and 0 DU
Heroin	27 GM and 0 DU
Marijuana	143,174 GM, 1,036 DU, 267 NP, 3,954 LB
Morphine	2 GM and 109 DU
Opium	11 GM
Other Narcotics	314 GM, 833 DU
LSD	3 GM and 1 DU
PDP	0 GM and 0 DU
Other Hallucinogens	334 GM, and 278 DU
Meth/Amphetamines	10,078 GM, 4,951 DU, 41OZ, 4FO and 70LB
Other Stimulants	1,375 GM and 136 DU
Barbiturates	0 GM and 193 DU
Other Depressants	113 GM and 2,489 DU
Other Drugs	932 GM, 9,776 DU, 0 GL, 57 OZ, 1 LB and 145FO
Unknown	665 GM, 2,756 DU and 0 LT

DU	Dosage Units
FO	Fluid Ounce
GL	Gallon
GM	Grams
KG	Kilogram
LB	Pounds
LT	Liter
ML	Milliliter
NP	# of Plants
OZ	Ounce

GM weight of MethAmph. decreased by almost half between 2004 and 2005 while DU decreased by 25%.

Seized GM of Marijuana also decreased by 50% while the rest of the weights increased.

DRUG EQUIPMENT VIOLATIONS

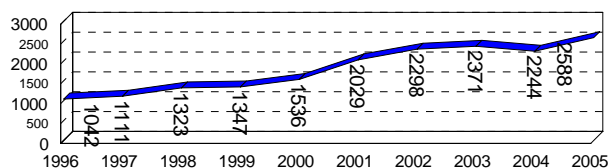
"The unlawful manufacture, sale, purchase, possession, or transportation of equipment or devices utilized in preparing and/or using drugs or narcotics."

Arrests

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	14	1	4		2	7	
African Am.	221	3	54		14	150	
Native Am.	19		8			11	
White	2,319	72	508	1	254	1,484	
Unk.	16		6		1	9	
TOTAL	2,588	76	579	1	271	1,661	0
Hispanic	77	2	7		13	55	

NUMBER

1996 - 2005



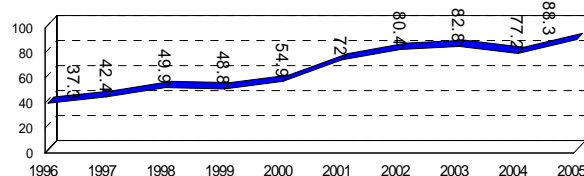
- \$18,548 worth of equipment was reported seized in 2005.

Drug Equip.	Manuf/Distribution		Possession/Use	
	2001	2005	2001	2005
	275	282	2,380	6,625

The number of persons arrested for possession of drug equipment has more than doubled in the last 10 years.

RATES per 100,000 POP.

1996 - 2005



WEAPONS LAW VIOLATIONS

"The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacturing, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons."

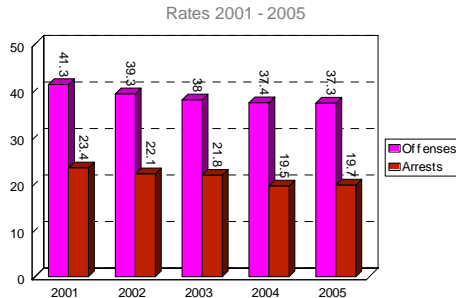


Figure 1

ARRESTEES							
		Female			Male		
	Total	Juv.	Adult	Unk.	Juv.	Adult	Unk.
Asian	6		1		1	4	
African Am.	113	2	7		23	81	
Native Am.	11				2	9	
White	437	8	22		81	326	
Unk.	9	1	1		2	5	
TOTAL	576	11	31	0	109	425	0
Hispanic	49				14	35	

2005 Weapons Violations	
Number of Offenses	1,042
Number Increase (04 to 05)	.2%
Rate Decrease (04 to 05)	-.3%
Number of Arrests	576
Rate Increase	+1.0%
Percent Cleared	(837) 80.3%

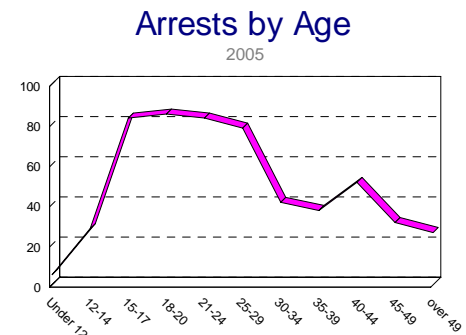


Figure 2

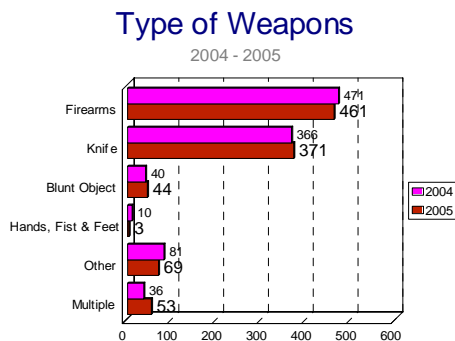


Figure 3

- 50 % of the offenses happened on the street.
- Another 21% of the offenses happened at home.
- Weapon breakdown of other offense is in Table 4.

- 17 was the most frequent age of an arrest, 18 was the second most frequent age.
- 21 percent of the arrests were juveniles.

2005 Criminal Activity Number & Percent Distribution		
	#	%
Buying/Receiving	2	0.2
Manufacturing	4	0.4
Distrib/Selling	0	0
Juvenile Act	7	0.7
Operating/Promo	11	1.1
Possessing/Conceal.	951	91.3
Transporting/Import.	14	1.3
Using	53	5.1
Total	1,042	

TOTAL ARRESTS	122,665
Increase from 2004	+3.9%
Adjusted Rate	4,392
Increase from 2004	+3.2%

ARRESTS

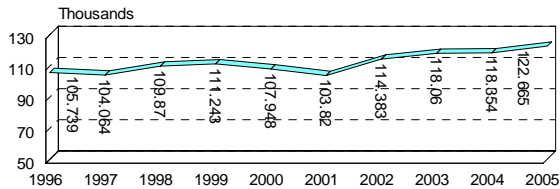
TOTAL ARRESTS

Group A and B

TYPES OF ARRESTS	
On Sight	46%
Warrant	31%
Cited/Summons	23%

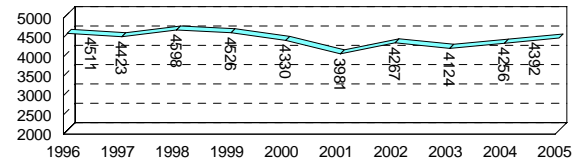
Total Group A and B Arrests

1996 - 2005



Arrest Rates

Adjusted For 1996 - 2005



- The arrest rates are based on an adjusted estimated population per 100,000. The adjusted population figure used is derived from those jurisdictions submitting more than 6 months worth of consistent offense data. When looking at total, adult, or juvenile arrest rate tables on other pages, the criterion becomes the compilation of those jurisdictions' estimated population when any arrests were entered.

ARRESTS BY AGE

2005

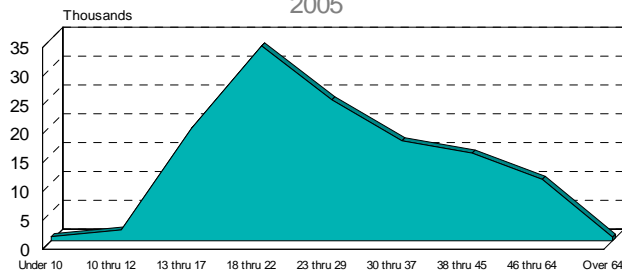


Figure 3

TOP 10 Group A and B Arrests

TOTAL Arrests.		JUV. Arr.
#	Offense	#
1	All Other	3
2	DUI	
3	Larceny	1
4	Liquor Law	4
5	Drug Off.	7
6	Simple Aslt.	2
7	Drunkenness	
8	Disorderly	5
9	Agg. Aslt.	10
10	Vandalism	6
12	Burglary	8
n/a	Curfew	9

ARRESTS BY RACE

2005

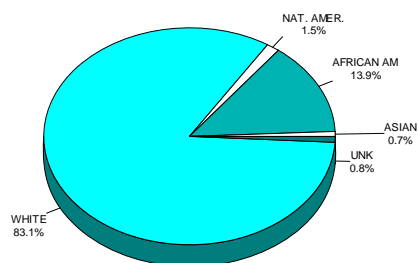
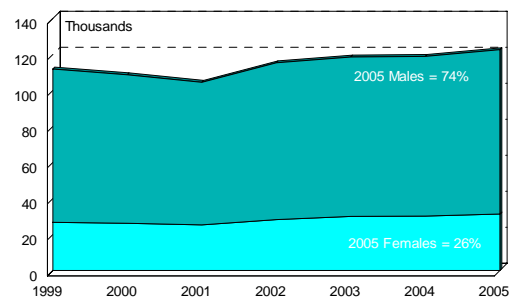


Figure 4

ARRESTS BY GENDER

1999-2005



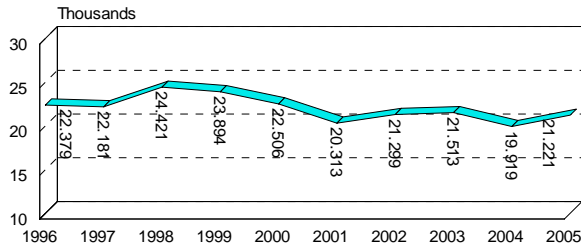
JUV ARRESTS	21,221
% of Total Arrests	17%
Increase from 2004	+6.5%
Rate	3,111
Increase from 2004	+7.8%

JUVENILE ARRESTS

TYPES OF ARRESTS	
On Sight	32%
Warrant	22%
Cited/Summons	46%

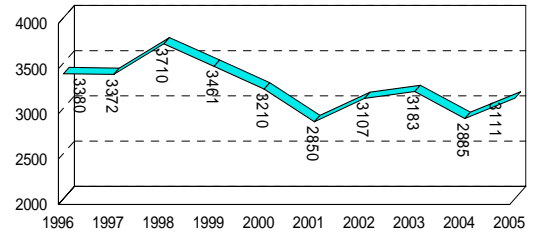
Juvenile Group A and B Arrests

1996 - 2005



ARREST RATES

1996 - 2005

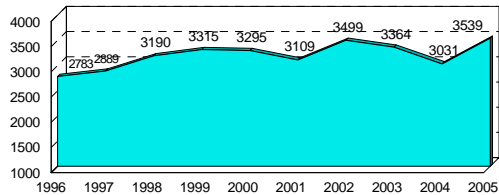


CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS	
Murder	Kidnapping
Neg. Manslaughter	Forcible Sodomy
Forcible Rape	Sex Aslt. W Object
Aggravated Assault	Forcible Fondling
Simple Assault	Incest
Intimidation	Statutory Rape

VIOLENT CRIMES	
Murder	Robbery
Forcible Rape	Aggravated Assault

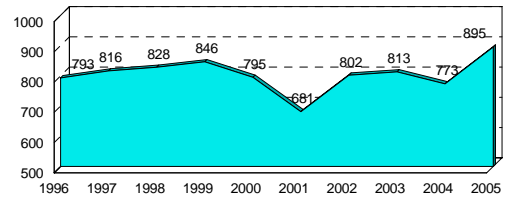
AGAINST PERSONS

1996 - 2005



VIOLENT CRIMES

1996 - 2005



The following tables show Group A and B arrests by year from 2001 to 2005 broken down by juveniles only, adults only and total arrests. The added tables are arrests broken down by race and gender.

JUVENILE ARRESTS

	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
Group A Arrests	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Murder	6	0.8	7	1.0	0	0.0	6	0.9	1	0.1
Neg. Manslaughter	1	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0
Kidnapping	4	0.6	2	0.3	3	0.4	3	0.4	4	0.6
Forcible Rape	35	4.9	27	3.9	33	4.9	31	4.5	33	4.8
Forcible Sodomy	14	2.0	12	1.8	15	2.2	8	1.2	16	2.3
Sex Aslt. W Obj.	6	0.8	4	0.6	1	0.1	2	0.3	0	0.0
Forcible Fondling	69	9.7	63	9.2	60	8.9	52	7.5	60	8.8
Aggravated Assault	574	80.5	685	99.9	691	102.2	647	93.7	737	108.0
Simple Assault	2,277	319.5	2,565	374.2	2,443	361.4	2,157	312.5	2,509	367.8
Intimidation	98	13.8	106	15.5	105	15.5	115	16.7	159	23.3
Incest	4	0.6	8	1.2	2	0.3	0	0.0	4	0.6
Statutory Rape	21	2.9	19	2.8	10	1.5	9	1.3	16	2.3
Person Total	3,109	436.3	3,499	510.4	3,364	497.7	3,031	439.1	3,539	518.8
Robbery	66	9.3	83	12.1	89	13.2	89	12.9	124	18.2
Arson	105	14.7	111	16.2	78	11.5	104	15.1	100	14.7
Extortion/Blackmal	3	0.4	7	1.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	1	0.1
Burglary	802	112.5	825	120.3	860	127.2	796	115.3	816	119.6
Larceny	4,364	612.4	4,825	703.9	5,126	758.4	4,124	597.4	4,364	639.8
Motor Vehicle Theft	287	40.3	308	44.9	309	45.7	277	40.1	232	34.0
Theft by Fraud	140	19.6	134	19.5	128	18.9	119	17.2	121	17.7
Stolen Prop Offense	57	8.0	64	9.3	89	13.2	65	9.4	44	6.5
Bribery	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Vandalism	1,371	192.4	1,561	227.7	1,714	253.6	1,397	202.4	1,678	246.0
Property Total	7,195	1,009.6	7,919	1,155.2	8,393	1,241.7	6,972	1,009.9	7,480	1,096.6
Drug Offenses	1,343	188.5	1,375	200.6	1,282	189.7	1,210	175.3	1,284	188.2
Drug Equip. Violations	347	48.7	353	51.5	348	51.5	321	46.5	347	50.9
Pornography	1	0.1	4	0.6	6	0.9	0	0.0	2	0.3
Gambling	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0
Prostitution	6	0.8	0	0.0	3	0.4	1	0.1	1	0.1
Weapon Laws	147	20.6	113	16.5	140	20.7	112	16.2	120	17.6
Society Total	1,845	258.9	1,845	269.1	1,779	263.2	1,645	238.3	1,754	257.1
Group A Total	12,149	1,704.8	13,263	1,934.8	13,536	2,002.6	11,648	1,687.3	12,773	1,872.6
Group B Arrests										0.0
Bad Checks	15	2.1	12	1.8	18	2.7	8	1.2	14	2.1
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	806	113.1	668	97.4	699	103.4	847	122.7	776	113.8
Disorderly Conduct	1,184	166.1	1,354	197.5	1,450	214.5	1,828	264.8	2,060	302.0
OWI	260	36.5	324	47.3	312	46.2	322	46.6	228	33.4
Drunkenness	254	35.6	245	35.7	227	33.6	237	34.3	253	37.1
Family Offenses	2	0.3	5	0.7	3	0.4	7	1.0	23	3.4
Liquor Laws	2,305	323.4	2,539	370.4	2,417	357.6	2,187	316.8	2,071	303.6
Runaway	595	83.5	403	58.8	468	69.2	506	73.3	472	69.2
Traspass	487	68.3	439	64.0	436	64.5	467	67.6	464	68.0
All Other Offenses	2,256	316.6	2,047	298.6	1,947	288.1	1,862	269.7	2,087	306.0
Group B Total	8,164	1,145.6	8,036	1,172.3	7,977	1,180.2	8,271	1,198.1	8,448	1,238.5
GRAND TOTAL	20,313	2,850.4	21,299	3,107.0	21,513	3,182.8	19,919	2,885.4	21,221	3,111.1

Notable 2004 –2005 rate increases of juveniles arrested for the offenses of aggravated and simple assault, intimidation, robbery, larceny, vandalism and disorderly conduct; however murder, arson, liquor law juvenile arrests decreased.

ADULT ARRESTS

	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
Group A Arrests	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Murder	27	1.3	37	1.7	35	1.6	39	1.8	25	1.1
Neg. Manslaughter	8	0.4	6	0.3	6	0.3	6	0.3	4	0.2
Kidnapping	33	1.6	60	2.8	60	2.7	51	2.3	55	2.4
Forcible Rape	102	4.8	92	4.2	112	5.1	105	4.7	104	4.6
Forcible Sodomy	14	0.7	17	0.8	11	0.5	13	0.6	12	0.5
Sex Aslt. W Obj.	4	0.2	8	0.4	7	0.3	9	0.4	9	0.4
Forcible Fondling	132	6.3	123	5.7	98	4.5	105	4.7	140	6.2
Aggravated Assault	3,066	145.5	3,352	154.4	3,195	146.1	3,265	147.4	3,624	161.2
Simple Assault	7,616	361.5	7,837	361.0	7,663	350.5	7,334	331.1	7,694	342.2
Intimidation	324	15.4	352	16.2	384	17.6	553	25.0	663	29.5
Incest	10	0.5	10	0.5	7	0.3	12	0.5	19	0.8
Statutory Rape	75	3.6	82	3.8	61	2.8	73	3.3	85	3.8
Person Total	11,411	541.6	11,976	551.6	11,639	532.3	11,565	522.1	12,434	553.0
Robbery	277	13.1	341	15.7	296	13.5	300	13.5	279	12.4
Arson	31	1.5	55	2.5	63	2.9	67	3.0	78	3.5
Extortion/Blackmal	10	0.5	2	0.1	1	0.0	6	0.3	3	0.1
Burglary	1,192	56.6	1,400	64.5	1,399	64.0	1,339	60.4	1,579	70.2
Larceny	6,222	295.3	7,403	341.0	7,329	335.2	6,743	304.4	7,021	312.3
Motor Vehicle Theft	392	18.6	379	17.5	410	18.8	369	16.7	448	19.9
Theft by Fraud	1,415	67.2	1,501	69.1	1,360	62.2	1,512	68.3	1,472	65.5
Stolen Prop Offense	157	7.5	198	9.1	185	8.5	160	7.2	142	6.3
Bribery	2	0.1	2	0.1	2	0.1	4	0.2	3	0.1
Vandalism	1,433	68.0	1,733	79.8	1,812	82.9	1,730	78.1	2,030	90.3
Property Total	11,131	528.3	13,014	599.5	12,857	588.0	12,230	552.1	13,055	580.6
Drug Offenses	8,067	382.9	9,723	447.9	9,706	443.9	9,676	436.8	9,524	423.6
Drug Equip. Violations	1,682	79.8	1,945	89.6	2,023	92.5	1,921	86.7	2,241	99.7
Pornography	14	0.7	21	1.0	16	0.7	12	0.5	14	0.6
Gambling	12	0.6	6	0.3	10	0.5	10	0.5	7	0.3
Prostitution	289	13.7	376	17.3	244	11.2	254	11.5	212	9.4
Weapons Laws	514	24.4	518	23.9	485	22.2	455	20.5	456	20.3
Society Total	10,578	502.1	12,589	579.9	12,484	570.9	12,328	556.5	12,454	553.9
Group A Total	33,120	1,571.9	37,579	1,731.0	36,980	1,691.3	36,123	1,630.6	37,943	1,687.5
Group B Arrests										
Bad Checks	1,486	70.5	1,165	53.7	1,235	56.5	886	40.0	968	43.1
Curfew/Loit/Vag	54	2.6	53	2.4	26	1.2	32	1.4	37	1.6
Disorderly Conduct	2,805	133.1	3,119	143.7	3,333	152.4	3,786	170.9	3,714	165.2
OWI	11,827	561.3	12,972	597.5	12,448	569.3	13,995	631.7	14,154	629.5
Drunkenness	7,746	367.6	7,808	359.7	7,489	342.5	8,702	392.8	8,535	379.6
Family Offenses	520	24.7	575	26.5	558	25.5	818	36.9	946	42.1
Liquor Laws	7,636	362.4	9,583	441.4	10,460	478.4	9,053	408.7	8,890	395.4
Runaway	3	0.1	3	0.1	1	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0
Traspass	1,592	75.6	1,670	76.9	1,751	80.1	1,531	69.1	1,454	64.7
All Other Offenses	16,718	793.5	18,557	854.8	22,266	1,018.3	23,508	1,061.2	24,803	1,103.1
Group B Total	50,387	2,391.5	55,505	2,556.7	59,567	2,724.3	62,312	2,812.8	63,501	2,824.2
GRAND TOTAL	83,507	3,963.4	93,084	4,287.7	96,547	4,415.5	98,435	4,443.4	101,444	4,511.7

Adults arrested for murder, robbery, drug offenses, drunkenness and liquor laws have all decreased between 2004 and 2005.

Although many rates have decreased between 2004 and 2005, adult arrests have increased for aggravated assault, burglary, vandalism and drug equipment violations.

TOTAL ARRESTS

	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
Group A Arrests	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate	#	Rate
Murder	33	1.2	44	1.5	35	1.2	45	1.5	26	0.9
Neg. Manslaughter	9	0.3	7	0.2	7	0.2	7	0.2	4	0.1
Kidnapping	37	1.3	62	2.2	63	2.2	54	1.9	59	2.0
Forcible Rape	137	4.9	119	4.2	145	5.1	136	4.7	137	4.7
Forcible Sodomy	28	1.0	29	1.0	26	0.9	21	0.7	28	1.0
Sex Aslt. W Obj.	10	0.4	12	0.4	8	0.3	11	0.4	9	0.3
Forcible Fondling	201	7.1	186	6.5	158	5.5	157	5.4	200	6.8
Aggravated Assault	3,640	129.1	4,037	141.3	3,886	135.8	3,912	134.6	4,361	148.8
Simple Assault	9,893	350.9	10,402	364.2	10,106	353.1	9,491	326.6	10,203	348.2
Intimidation	422	15.0	458	16.0	489	17.1	668	23.0	822	28.0
Incest	14	0.5	18	0.6	9	0.3	12	0.4	23	0.8
Statutory Rape	96	3.4	101	3.5	71	2.5	82	2.8	101	3.4
Person Total	14,520	515.0	15,475	541.8	15,003	524.1	14,596	502.3	15,973	545.1
Robbery	343	12.2	424	14.8	385	13.5	389	13.4	403	13.8
Arson	136	4.8	166	5.8	141	4.9	171	5.9	178	6.1
Extortion/Blackmal	13	0.5	9	0.3	1	0.0	7	0.2	4	0.1
Burglary	1,994	70.7	2,225	77.9	2,259	78.9	2,135	73.5	2,395	81.7
Larceny	10,586	375.4	12,228	428.1	12,455	435.1	10,867	374.0	11,385	388.5
Motor Vehicle Theft	679	24.1	687	24.1	719	25.1	646	22.2	680	23.2
Theft by Fraud	1,555	55.1	1,635	57.2	1,488	52.0	1,631	56.1	1,593	54.4
Stolen Prop Offense	214	7.6	262	9.2	274	9.6	225	7.7	186	6.3
Bribery	2	0.1	3	0.1	2	0.1	4	0.1	3	0.1
Vandalism	2,804	99.4	3,294	115.3	3,526	123.2	3,127	107.6	3,708	126.5
Property Total	18,326	650.0	20,933	732.8	21,250	742.4	19,202	660.9	20,535	700.7
Drug Offenses	9,410	333.7	11,098	388.5	10,988	383.9	10,886	374.7	10,808	368.8
Drug Equip Violations	2,029	72.0	2,298	80.4	2,371	82.8	2,242	77.2	2,588	88.3
Pornography	15	0.5	25	0.9	22	0.8	12	0.4	16	0.5
Gambling	13	0.5	6	0.2	10	0.3	11	0.4	7	0.2
Prostitution	295	10.5	376	13.2	247	8.6	255	8.8	213	7.3
Weapons Laws	661	23.4	631	22.1	625	21.8	567	19.5	576	19.7
Society Total	12,423	440.6	14,434	505.3	14,263	498.3	13,973	480.9	14,208	484.8
Group A Total	45,269	1,605.5	50,842	1,779.9	50,516	1,764.8	47,771	1,644.1	50,716	1,730.6
Group B Arrests										
Bad Checks	1,501	53.2	1,177	41.2	1,253	43.8	894	30.8	982	33.5
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	860	30.5	721	25.2	725	25.3	879	30.3	813	27.7
Disorderly Conduct	3,989	141.5	4,473	156.6	4,783	167.1	5,614	193.2	5,774	197.0
OWI	12,087	428.7	13,296	465.5	12,760	445.8	14,317	492.7	14,382	490.8
Drunkenness	8,000	283.7	8,053	281.9	7,716	269.6	8,939	307.6	8,788	299.9
Family Offenses	522	18.5	580	20.3	561	19.6	825	28.4	969	33.1
Liquor Laws	9,941	352.6	12,122	424.4	12,877	449.9	11,240	386.8	10,961	374.0
Runaway	598	21.2	406	14.2	469	16.4	507	17.4	472	16.1
Traspass	2,079	73.7	2,109	73.8	2,187	76.4	1,998	68.8	1,918	65.4
All Other Offenses	18,974	672.9	20,604	721.3	24,213	845.9	25,370	873.1	26,890	917.6
Group B Total	58,551	2,076.6	63,541	2,224.5	67,544	2,359.7	70,583	2,429.2	71,949	2,455.1
GRAND TOTAL	103,820	3,682.1	114,383	4,004.4	118,060	4,124.4	118,354	4,073.3	122,665	4,185.7

Rates are not adjusted

The most notable rate decrease between 2004 and 2005 for total arrests occurred in the offenses of murder, fraud, stolen property, drug offenses and liquor laws. Aggravated assault, simple assault, burglary, larceny and drug equipment violations have shown an increase in arrest rates.

**JUVENILE GROUP A AND B ARRESTS BY RACE AND ETHNICITY;
2004 AND 2005**

Group A Arrests	ASIAN		AFRIC. AMER		NAT. AMER		UNK		WHITE		TOTAL		HISPANIC	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
Murder/Nonneg									6	1	6	1		
Negligent Mansltr.			1								1	0	1	
Justifiable Hom											0	0		
Kidnapping									3	4	3	4		3
Forcible Rape		2		1			1	2	30	28	31	33	3	1
Forcible Sodomy			2	2			2		6	12	8	16		
Sex Aslt w Obj									2	0	2	0		
Forcible Fondling		1	5	9			2		45	50	52	60	1	7
Agg. Assault	8	11	128	204	10	9	2	9	499	504	647	737	37	32
Simple Assault	14	9	460	654	27	47	6	15	1,650	1,784	2,157	2,509	117	128
Intimidation	5	2	13	27	1			2	96	128	115	159	10	13
Incest				1		1				2	0	4		
Statutory Rape	1	1		2					8	13	9	16		3
Person Total	28	26	609	900	38	57	11	30	2,345	2,526	3,031	3,539	169	187
Robbery	4		38	74	1		1		45	50	89	124	3	5
Arson	1		9	6				1	94	93	104	100	4	5
Extort/Blackml			1	1							1	1		
Burglary/B+E	8	13	89	115	6	6	1	6	692	676	796	816	29	36
Pocket Picking		1								5	0	6		1
Purse Snatching										5	0	5		
Shoplifting	34	33	447	555	43	53	17	33	1,944	1,891	2,485	2,565	116	132
Theft from Bldg.	1	1	36	34		1			210	184	247	220	11	5
Theft from Coin-op									3	2	3	2		
Theft from MV	3		69	32	4	3		2	213	207	289	244	23	28
Theft of MV Parts	4		8	6				1	29	32	41	39	5	7
All Other Larceny	7	7	173	288	9	12	8	12	862	964	1,059	1,283	49	46
M Vehicle Theft	1	6	49	35	5	3		1	222	187	277	232	11	6
Counter/Forgery	1	2	12	5				1	49	46	62	54	7	2
Swindle/Conf			10	5		1			26	26	36	32	2	2
ATM/CC Fraud				2			2		14	21	14	25		1
Impersonation			1						2	2	3	2		1
Welfare Fraud											0	0		
Wire Fraud											0	0		
Embezzlement			2						2	8	4	8	1	
Stolen Prop		1	12	4				1	53	38	65	44	5	2
Bribery											0	0		
Vandalism	5	14	121	221	13	20	10	13	1,248	1,410	1,397	1,678	111	153
Property Total	69	78	1,077	1,383	81	99	37	73	5,708	5,847	6,972	7,480	377	432
Drug/Narc Viol	13	17	151	193	11	6	7	6	1,028	1,062	1,210	1,284	49	68
Drug Equip Viol	2	3	11	17	1		1	1	307	326	322	347	23	15
Pornography										2	0	2		
Betting/Wagering											0	0		
Op/Promo Gambl			1								1	0		
Gambl Equip Viol											0	0		
Sports Tampering											0	0		
Prostitution									1	1	1	1		
Promo Prostitution											0	0		
Weapons Laws	1	1	21	25	1	2		3	89	89	112	120	5	14
Society Total	16	21	184	235	13	8	8	10	1,425	1,480	1,646	1,754	77	97
TOTAL GROUP A	113	125	1,870	2,518	132	164	56	113	9,478	9,853	11,649	12,773	623	716
Group B Arrests	ASIAN		AFRIC. AMER		NAT. AMER		UNK		WHITE		TOTAL		HISPANIC	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
Bad Checks			1						7	14	8	14	1	2
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	1	8	102	82	2	8	2	2	740	676	847	776	86	59
Disorderly Conduct	14	13	397	544	31	30	8	13	1,380	1,462	1,830	2,062	158	222
OWI	4		8	6	3	2	1	3	310	221	326	232	11	11
Drunkenness	4	2	7	16	6	15	1		219	223	237	256	15	21
Family Offenses				3					7	20	7	23	1	2
Liquor Laws	16	13	55	61	11	15	14	30	2,097	1,954	2,193	2,073	79	74
Peeping Tom									5		5			
Runaway	2	5	25	36	2	1	2	1	476	429	507	472	38	19
Trasspass	3	1	68	78	5	4	4	9	390	372	470	464	26	38
All Other Offenses	7	14	236	362	19	22	9	18	1,588	1,676	1,859	2,092	110	123
Group B Total	51	56	899	1,188	79	97	41	76	7,219	7,047	8,289	8,464	525	571
GRAND TOTAL	164	181	2,769	3,706	211	261	97	189	16,697	16,900	19,938	21,237	1,148	1,287

**ADULT GROUP A AND B ARRESTS BY RACE AND ETHNICITY;
2004 AND 2005**

Group A Arrests	ASIAN		AFRIC. AMER		NAT. AMER		UNK		WHITE		TOTAL		HISPANIC	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
Murder/Nonneg	1	0	15	8	1	0	0	0	22	17	39	25	5	3
Negligent Mansltr.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	3	6	4	0	0
Justifiable Hom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping	2	0	9	6	0	0	1	1	39	48	51	55	6	1
Forcible Rape	1	1	15	13	0	0	0	1	89	89	105	104	9	11
Forcible Sodomy	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	12	12	13	12	0	1
Sex Aslt w Obj	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	7	8	9	9	1	1
Forcible Fondling	2	0	11	13	0	0	2	2	90	125	105	140	12	6
Agg. Assault	32	35	683	795	35	41	14	33	2,500	2,720	3,264	3,624	178	242
Simple Assault	49	70	1,364	1,479	98	97	50	60	5,772	5,995	7,333	7,701	431	438
Intimidation	3	9	78	92	2	4	7	8	463	550	553	663	18	26
Incest	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	11	16	12	19	2	2
Statutory Rape	0	0	2	9	1	0	1	0	69	76	73	85	12	13
Person Total	91	115	2,179	2,420	138	142	76	105	9,079	9,659	11,563	12,441	674	744
Robbery	0	1	139	125	1	1	0	0	161	152	301	279	13	6
Arson	1	1	6	5	0	0	0	2	60	70	67	78	3	5
Extort/Blackml	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	6	3	0	0
Burglary/B+E	12	11	222	250	5	6	7	13	1,093	1,299	1,339	1,579	68	51
Pocket Picking	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	5	10	0	1
Purse Snatching	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	7	4	8	6	0	0
Shoplifting	43	30	638	595	88	63	34	38	2,619	2,767	3,422	3,493	203	216
Theft from Bldg.	3	1	57	34	1	3	5	6	325	293	391	337	10	9
Theft from Coin-op	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	11	7	13	7	2	0
Theft from MV	9	6	94	57	3	0	2	3	384	230	492	296	60	11
Theft of MV Parts	0	0	4	4	0	1	0	0	57	43	61	48	6	4
All Other Larceny	12	16	288	497	14	11	23	24	2,009	2,281	2,346	2,829	52	87
M Vehicle Theft	1	5	63	88	4	7	4	5	297	344	369	449	21	26
Counter/Forgery	9	7	181	169	2	2	12	10	785	795	989	983	110	113
Swindle/Conf	3	2	47	34	12	8	3	0	158	175	223	219	16	7
ATM/CC Fraud	2	0	18	12	0	0	0	1	74	73	94	86	1	1
Impersonation	0	0	20	11	0	0	1	0	61	77	82	88	24	40
Welfare Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	0
Wire Fraud	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	1	0	0
Embezzlement	3	0	16	14	0	0	0	0	100	82	119	96	1	2
Stolen Prop	2	2	17	23	0	2	0	2	141	113	160	142	11	7
Bribery	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	3	1	4	3	1	0
Vandalism	11	16	228	250	23	21	8	8	1,461	1,735	1,731	2,030	79	82
Property Total	111	99	2,044	2,171	154	127	99	112	9,819	10,553	12,227	13,062	682	668
Drug/Narc Viol	54	49	1,432	1,563	85	86	49	57	8,056	7,772	9,676	9,527	411	431
Drug Equip Viol	14	11	157	204	17	19	6	15	1,728	1,992	1,922	2,241	52	62
Pornography	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	11	13	12	14	0	0
Betting/Wagering	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	0	2	0
Op/Promo Gambl	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	5	0	1
Gambl Equip Viol	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	4	2	0	1
Sports Tampering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution	0	2	65	42	4	2	0	1	175	155	244	202	15	16
Promo Prostitution	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	5	6	10	10	1	1
Weapons Laws	3	5	77	88	3	9	2	6	370	348	455	456	42	35
Society Total	72	67	1,744	1,901	109	116	57	80	10,351	10,293	12,333	12,457	523	547
Group A Total	274	281	5,967	6,492	401	385	232	297	29,249	30,505	36,123	37,960	1,879	1,959
Group B Arrests	ASIAN		AFRIC. AMER		NAT. AMER		UNK		WHITE		TOTAL		HISPANIC	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
Bad Checks	3	2	47	35	10	4	6	12	820	915	886	968	13	14
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	5	1	4	7	0	2	1	0	22	27	32	37	2	2
Disorderly Conduct	32	26	772	709	63	45	21	23	2,896	2,909	3,784	3,712	228	214
OWI	87	90	674	714	99	119	129	167	13,002	13,060	13,991	14,150	1,107	1,132
Drunkenness	43	53	709	727	534	557	51	73	7,365	7,122	8,702	8,532	575	569
Family Offenses	6	5	137	135	18	22	5	8	652	776	818	946	37	61
Liquor Laws	65	42	302	313	48	48	54	49	8,578	8,436	9,047	8,888	314	324
Peeping Tom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	7	0	0	0
Runaway	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Traspass	24	34	219	279	50	17	6	14	1,229	1,110	1,528	1,454	100	74
All Other Offenses	155	137	3,829	3,963	297	359	136	168	19,082	20,171	23,499	24,798	1,321	1,577
Group B Total	420	390	6,693	6,882	1,119	1,173	409	514	53,653	54,526	62,294	63,485	3,697	3,967
GRAND TOTAL	694	671	12,660	13,374	1,520	1,558	641	811	82,902	85,031	98,417	101,445	5,576	5,926

**TOTAL GROUP A AND B ARRESTS BY RACE AND ETHNICITY;
2004 AND 2005**

Group A Arrests	ASIAN		AFRIC AM		NAT AM		UNK		WHITE		TOTAL		HISPANIC	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
Murder/Nonneg		1	15	8	1				28	18	45	26	5	3
Negligent Manslr.	1		1	1					5	3	7	4	1	
Justifiable Hom											0	0		
Kidnapping	2		9	6			1	1	42	52	54	59	6	4
Forcible Rape	1	3	15	14			1	3	119	117	136	137	12	12
Forcible Sodomy			3	2				2	18	24	21	28		1
Sex Aslt w Obj			1	1	1				9	8	11	9	1	1
Forcible Fondling	2	1	16	22	0		4	2	135	175	157	200	13	13
Agg. Assault	40	46	811	999	45	50	16	42	2,999	3,224	3,911	4,361	215	274
Simple Assault	63	79	1,824	2,133	125	144	56	75	7,422	7,779	9,490	10,210	548	566
Intimidation	8	11	91	119	3	4	7	10	559	678	668	822	28	39
Incest				4		1	1		11	18	12	23	2	2
Statutory Rape	1	1	2	11	1		1		77	89	82	101	12	16
Person Total	119	141	2,788	3,320	176	199	87	135	11,424	12,185	14,594	15,980	843	931
Robbery	4	1	177	199	2	1	1		206	202	390	403	16	11
Arson	2	1	15	11					3	154	163	171	7	10
Extort/Blackml			3	1					4	3	7	4		
Burglary/B+E	20	24	311	365	11	12	8	19	1,785	1,975	2,135	2,395	97	87
Pocket Picking		2	1						4	14	5	16		2
Purse Snatching			1	1		1			7	9	8	11		
Shoplifting	77	63	1,085	1,150	131	116	51	71	4,563	4,658	5,907	6,058	319	348
Theft from Bldg.	4	2	93	68	1	4	5	6	535	477	638	557	21	14
Theft from Coin-op			1		1				14	9	16	9	2	
Theft from MV	12	6	163	89	7	3	2	5	597	437	781	540	83	39
Theft of MV Parts	4		12	10		1		1	86	75	102	87	11	11
All Other Larceny	19	23	461	785	23	23	31	36	2,871	3,245	3,405	4,112	101	133
M Vehicle Theft	2	11	112	123	9	10	4	6	519	531	646	681	32	32
Counter/Forgery	10	9	193	174	2	2	12	11	834	841	1,051	1,037	117	115
Swindle/Conf	3	2	57	39	12	9	3		184	201	259	251	18	9
ATM/CC Fraud	2		18	14				3	88	94	108	111	1	2
Impersonation			21	11			1		63	79	85	90	24	41
Welfare Fraud									2		2	0	1	
Wire Fraud				1					3		3	1		
Embezzlement	3		18	14					102	90	123	104	2	2
Stolen Prop	2	3	29	27		2		3	194	151	225	186	16	9
Bribery			1	1		1			3	1	4	3	1	
Vandalism	16	30	349	471	36	41	18	21	2,709	3,145	3,128	3,708	190	235
Property Total	180	177	3,121	3,554	235	226	136	185	15,527	16,400	19,199	20,542	1,059	1,100
Drug/Narc Viol	67	66	1,583	1,756	96	92	56	63	9,084	8,834	10,886	10,811	460	499
Drug Equip Viol	16	14	168	221	18	19	7	16	2,035	2,318	2,244	2,588	75	77
Pornography			1					1	11	15	12	16		
Betting/Wagering	1								3		4	0	2	
Op/Promo Gambl			7							5	7	5		1
Gambl Equip Viol			1						3	2	4	2		1
Sports Tampering											0	0		
Prostitution		2	65	42	4	2		1	176	156	245	203	15	16
Promo Prostitution			5	4	0				5	6	10	10	1	1
Weapons Laws	4	6	98	113	4	11	2	9	459	437	567	576	47	49
Society Total	88	88	1,928	2,136	122	124	65	90	11,776	11,773	13,979	14,211	600	644
TOTAL GROUP A	387	406	7,837	9,010	533	549	288	410	38,727	40,358	47,772	50,733	2,502	2,675

Group B Arrests	ASIAN		AFRIC. AMER		NAT. AMER		UNK		WHITE		TOTAL		HISPANIC	
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
Bad Checks	3	2	48	35	10	4	6	12	827	929	894	982	14	16
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	6	9	106	89	2	10	3	2	762	703	879	813	88	61
Disorderly Conduct	46	39	1,169	1,253	94	75	29	36	4,276	4,371	5,614	5,774	386	436
OWI	91	90	682	720	102	121	130	170	13,312	13,281	14,317	14,382	1,118	1,143
Drunkenness	47	55	716	743	540	572	52	73	7,584	7,345	8,939	8,788	590	590
Family Offenses	6	5	137	138	18	22	5	8	659	796	825	969	38	63
Liquor Laws	81	55	357	374	59	63	68	79	10,675	10,390	11,240	10,961	393	398
Peeping Tom									12		12	0	0	0
Runaway	2	5	25	36	2	1	2	1	476	429	507	472	38	19
Traspass	27	35	287	357	55	21	10	23	1,619	1,482	1,998	1,918	126	112
All Other Offenses	162	151	4,065	4,325	316	381	145	186	20,670	21,847	25,358	26,890	1,431	1,700
Group B Total	471	446	7,592	8,070	1,198	1,270	450	590	60,872	61,573	70,583	71,949	4,222	4,538
GRAND TOTAL	858	852	15,429	17,080	1,731	1,819	738	1,000	99,599	101,931	118,355	122,682	6,724	7,213

**JUVENILE GROUP A AND B ARRESTS BY GENDER;
2001 – 2005**

Group A Arrests	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		TOTAL	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Murder/Nonneg	2	4	3	4			6		1		6	14
Negligent Mansltr.	1			1		1		1			1	3
Justifiable Hom											0	0
Kidnapping		3	1	1		3		3		4	1	14
Forcible Rape	3	34	1	26		33	3	28	3	30	10	151
Forcible Sodomy		14		12		15	2	6		16	2	63
Sex Aslt w Obj	2	4	1	3		1		2			3	10
Forcible Fondling	5	66	7	57	3	57	5	47	2	58	22	285
Agg. Assault	145	433	180	506	178	513	191	456	193	544	887	2,452
Simple Assault	712	1,564	784	1,783	756	1,687	660	1,497	790	1,719	3,702	8,250
Intimidation	25	73	37	70	36	69	34	81	42	117	174	410
Incest		4		8		2				4	0	18
Statutory Rape	1	20	1	18		10		9	3	13	5	70
Person Total	896	2,219	1,015	2,489	973	2,391	895	2,136	1,034	2,505	4,813	11,740
Robbery	11	11	12	70	15	74	20	69	24	100	82	324
Arson	12	93	9	102	4	74	13	91	11	89	49	449
Extort/Blackml	1	2		7				1		1	1	11
Burglary/B+E	78	820	78	750	69	791	76	720	56	760	357	3,841
Pocket Picking									3	3	3	3
Purse Snatching				3	1	8			3	2	4	13
Shoplifting	1,276	1,294	1,402	1,375	1,532	1,508	1,397	1,090	1,366	1,202	6,973	6,469
Theft from Bldg.	98	151	79	193	51	189	81	166	83	136	392	835
Theft from Coin-op	2	10	4	6		7		3		2	6	28
Theft from MV	32	219	38	231	35	301	52	237	38	205	195	1,193
Theft of MV Parts	3	63	1	45	6	74	4	37	4	35	18	254
All Other Larceny	369	847	470	942	506	908	336	721	426	856	2,107	4,274
M Vehicle Theft	67	222	63	244	62	247	63	214	53	179	308	1,106
Counter/Forgery	41	59	43	37	33	34	23	40	29	25	169	195
Swindle/Conf	3	8	9	13	10	17	11	26	13	19	46	83
ATM/CC Fraud	3	10	7	7	8	5	5	9	11	14	34	45
Impersonation		3		4	2	2	2	1		2	4	12
Welfare Fraud											0	0
Wire Fraud			1								1	0
Embezzlement	10	12	8	8	7	10	1	1	4	4	30	35
Stolen Prop	10	47	4	62	13	76	18	47	10	34	55	266
Bribery			1								1	0
Vandalism	213	1,164	211	1,356	249	1,465	192	1,205	247	1,431	1,112	6,621
Property Total	2,229	5,035	2,440	5,455	2,603	5,790	2,294	4,678	2,381	5,099	11,947	26,057
Drug/Narc Viol	248	1,099	277	1,097	229	1,053	285	925	293	991	1,332	5,165
Drug Equip Viol	55	292	68	285	76	272	69	253	78	269	346	1,371
Pornography		1	1	3		6			1	1	2	11
Betting/Wagering											0	0
Op/Promo Gambl		1						1			0	2
Gambl Equip Viol											0	0
Sports Tampering											0	0
Prostitution	1	2					1			1	2	3
Promo Prostitution		1			3						3	1
Weapons Laws	10	139	13	100	13	127	7	105	11	109	54	580
Society Total	314	1,535	359	1,485	321	1,458	362	1,284	383	1,371	1,739	7,133
TOTAL GROUP A	3,439	8,789	3,814	9,429	3,897	9,639	3,551	8,098	3,798	8,975	18,499	44,930
Group B Arrests	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		TOTAL	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Bad Checks	11	8	8	4	8	12	7	1	5	9	39	34
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	295	511	263	405	275	424	324	523	250	526	1,407	2,389
Disorderly Conduct	360	825	424	931	420	1,030	640	1,190	732	1,330	2,576	5,306
OWI	61	205	81	247	84	233	90	236	67	165	383	1,086
Drunkenness	69	185	73	175	54	177	83	154	72	184	351	875
Family Offenses	1	1	3	2	2	1	4	3	9	14	19	21
Liquor Laws	914	1,396	1,036	1,503	974	1,446	925	1,268	854	1,219	4,703	6,832
Peeping Tom		2				1	3	2			3	5
Runaway	317	280	222	181	261	207	281	226	273	199	1,354	1,093
Traspass	101	387	91	351	101	337	95	375	111	353	499	1,803
All Other Offenses	636	1,624	547	1,502	602	1,349	526	1,333	615	1,477	2,926	7,285
TOTAL GROUP B	2,765	5,424	2,748	5,301	2,781	5,217	2,978	5,311	2,988	5,476	14,260	26,729
GRAND TOTAL	6,204	14,213	6,562	14,730	6,678	14,856	6,529	13,409	6,786	14,451	32,759	71,659

**ADULT GROUP A AND B ARRESTS BY GENDER;
2001 – 2005**

Group A Arrests	2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		TOTAL	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Murder/Nonneg	8	20	7	29	5	31	2	37	2	23	24	140
Negligent Mansltr.	4	5	0	6	3	3	0	6	0	4	7	24
Justifiable Hom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping	4	30	4	57	5	55	5	46	3	52	21	240
Forcible Rape	2	104	1	96	1	111	3	102	6	98	13	511
Forcible Sodomy	0	14	1	16	0	11	0	13	0	12	1	66
Sex Aslt w Obj	0	4	1	7	0	7	1	8	1	8	3	34
Forcible Fondling	2	136	4	121	2	96	5	100	4	136	17	589
Agg. Assault	560	2,535	608	2,761	587	2,608	623	2,641	675	2,949	3,053	13,494
Simple Assault	1,690	5,962	1,637	6,232	1,708	5,956	1,585	5,748	1,757	5,944	8,377	29,842
Intimidation	73	252	79	279	71	313	99	454	127	536	449	1,834
Incest	0	12	0	10	0	7	0	12	1	18	1	59
Statutory Rape	10	70	8	75	2	59	4	69	3	82	27	355
Person Total	2,353	9,144	2,350	9,689	2,384	9,257	2,327	9,236	2,579	9,862	11,993	47,188
Robbery	46	283	47	297	52	244	61	240	41	238	247	1,302
Arson	7	25	11	46	11	52	6	61	14	64	49	248
Extort/Blackml	1	9	1	2	0	1	1	5	0	3	3	20
Burglary/B+E	165	1,077	135	1,288	127	1,272	164	1,175	198	1,381	789	6,193
Pocket Picking	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	4	6	4	8	12
Purse Snatching	0	3	2	9	10	11	3	5	3	3	18	31
Shoplifting	1,363	1,618	1,889	2,020	1,982	2,091	1,647	1,769	1,674	1,818	8,555	9,316
Theft from Bldg.	106	209	113	278	128	215	137	257	128	207	612	1,166
Theft from Coin-op	5	29	4	10	3	29	0	13	1	6	13	87
Theft from MV	61	258	60	286	84	288	110	385	66	230	381	1,447
Theft of MV Parts	5	41	9	68	8	88	4	58	10	38	36	293
All Other Larceny	825	1,518	882	1,665	842	1,548	812	1,537	1,011	1,821	4,372	8,089
M Vehicle Theft	47	352	42	341	58	352	56	313	72	377	275	1,735
Counter/Forgery	460	585	459	565	382	436	444	544	433	550	2,178	2,680
Swindle/Conf	60	115	75	116	72	149	88	134	93	126	388	640
ATM/CC Fraud	49	43	42	64	52	52	41	53	43	43	227	255
Impersonation	20	23	15	36	21	45	25	57	25	63	106	224
Welfare Fraud	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	3
Wire Fraud	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	1	0	3	4
Embezzlement	72	70	91	62	79	68	78	43	51	45	371	288
Stolen Prop	30	130	33	165	32	153	26	134	27	115	148	697
Bribery	0	2	1	2	0	2	0	4	0	3	1	13
Vandalism	234	1,214	277	1,463	311	1,501	289	1,442	323	1,707	1,434	7,327
Property Total	3,556	7,607	4,188	8,784	4,256	8,601	3,995	8,236	4,220	8,842	20,215	42,070
Drug/Narc Viol	1,588	6,570	2,054	7,716	1,992	7,714	2,089	7,587	2,106	7,421	9,829	37,008
Drug Equip Viol	369	1,327	458	1,493	493	1,530	464	1,458	578	1,663	2,362	7,471
Pornography	0	15	0	21	2	14	3	9	0	14	5	73
Betting/Wagering	0	9	0	5	1	0	1	3	0	0	2	17
Op/Promo Gambl	0	3	0	0	2	3	0	6	2	3	4	15
Gambl Equip Viol	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	2	1	6
Sports Tampering	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution	133	143	181	185	170	69	166	78	125	77	775	552
Promo Prostitution	1	15	3	7	-3	8	4	6	3	7	8	43
Weapons Laws	40	479	43	477	37	448	32	423	33	423	185	2,250
Society Total	2,131	8,561	2,739	9,905	2,695	9,789	2,759	9,570	2,847	9,610	13,171	47,435
TOTAL GROUP A	8,040	25,312	9,277	28,378	9,335	27,647	9,081	27,042	9,646	28,314	45,379	136,693
Group B Arrests	2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		TOTAL	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Bad Checks	722	760	604	561	669	564	445	441	492	476	2,932	2,802
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	11	43	17	36	10	16	14	18	14	23	66	136
Disorderly Conduct	709	2,095	724	2,394	772	2,561	914	2,870	943	2,769	4,062	12,689
OWI	2,194	9,627	2,480	10,488	2,454	9,989	2,914	11,077	2,940	11,210	12,982	52,391
Drunkenness	904	6,842	1,025	6,780	999	6,486	1,273	7,429	1,276	7,256	5,477	34,793
Family Offenses	150	370	154	421	142	416	248	570	227	719	921	2,496
Liquor Laws	1,990	5,641	2,592	6,991	3,132	7,325	2,641	6,406	2,696	6,192	13,051	32,555
Peeping Tom	0	9	0	5	0	4	1	6	0	0	1	24
Runaway	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	4
Trasspass	337	1,254	392	1,275	390	1,359	342	1,186	310	1,144	1,771	6,218
All Other Offenses	4,024	12,679	4,359	14,191	5,381	16,876	5,703	17,796	6,042	18,756	25,509	80,298
TOTAL GROUP B	11,041	39,321	12,348	43,144	13,949	45,597	14,495	47,799	14,940	48,545	66,773	224,406
GRAND TOTAL	19,081	64,633	21,625	71,522	23,284	73,244	23,576	74,841	24,586	76,859	112,152	361,099

**TOTAL GROUP A AND B ARRESTS BY GENDER;
2001 – 2005**

Group A Arrests	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		TOTAL	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Murder/Nonneg	10	24	10	33	5	31	2	43	3	23	30	154
Negligent Mansltn.	5	5		7	3	4		7		4	8	27
Justifiable Hom						0					0	0
Kidnapping	4	33	5	58	5	58	5	49	3	56	22	254
Forcible Rape	5	138	2	122	1	144	6	130	9	128	23	662
Forcible Sodomy		28	1	28		26	2	19		28	3	129
Sex Aslt w Obj	2	8	2	10		8	1	10	1	8	6	44
Forcible Fondling	7	202	11	178	5	153	10	147	6	194	39	874
Agg. Assault	705	2,968	788	3,267	765	3,121	814	3,097	868	3,493	3,940	15,946
Simple Assault	2,402	7,526	2,421	8,015	2,464	7,643	2,245	7,245	2,547	7,663	12,079	38,092
Intimidation	98	325	116	349	107	382	133	535	169	653	623	2,244
Incest		16		18		9	0	12	1	22	1	77
Statutory Rape	11	90	9	93	2	69	4	78	6	95	32	425
Person Total	3,249	11,363	3,365	12,178	3,357	11,648	3,222	11,372	3,613	12,367	16,806	58,928
Robbery	57	294	59	367	67	318	81	309	65	338	329	1,626
Arson	19	118	20	148	15	126	19	152	25	153	98	697
Extort/Blackml	2	11	1	9		1	1	6		4	4	31
Burglary/B+E	243	1,897	213	2,038	196	2,063	240	1,895	254	2,141	1,146	10,034
Pocket Picking		3			1	1	1	4	9	7	11	15
Purse Snatching		3	2	12	11	19	3	5	6	5	22	44
Shoplifting	2,639	2,912	3,291	3,395	3,514	3,599	3,044	2,859	3,040	3,020	15,528	15,785
Theft from Bldg.	204	360	192	471	179	404	218	423	211	343	1,004	2,001
Theft from Coin-op	7	39	8	16	3	36		16	1	8	19	115
Theft from MV	93	477	98	517	119	589	162	622	104	435	576	2,640
Theft of MV Parts	8	104	10	113	14	162	8	95	14	73	54	547
All Other Larceny	1,194	2,365	1,352	2,607	1,348	2,456	1,148	2,258	1,437	2,677	6,479	12,363
M Vehicle Theft	114	574	105	585	120	599	119	527	125	556	583	2,841
Counter/Forgery	501	644	502	602	415	470	467	584	462	575	2,347	2,875
Swindle/Conf	63	123	84	129	82	166	99	160	106	145	434	723
ATM/CC Fraud	52	53	49	71	60	57	46	62	54	57	261	300
Impersonation	20	26	15	40	23	47	27	58	25	65	110	236
Welfare Fraud				1		1	1	1			1	3
Wire Fraud			1		1	2	1	2	1		4	4
Embezzlement	82	82	99	70	86	78	79	44	55	49	401	323
Stolen Prop	40	177	37	227	45	229	44	181	37	149	203	963
Bribery		2	2	2		2		4		3	2	13
Vandalism	447	2,378	488	2,819	560	2,966	481	2,647	570	3,138	2,546	13,948
Property Total	5,785	12,642	6,628	14,239	6,859	14,391	6,289	12,914	6,601	13,941	32,162	68,127
Drug/Narc Viol	1,836	7,669	2,331	8,813	2,221	8,767	2,374	8,512	2,399	8,412	11,161	42,173
Drug Equip Viol	424	1,619	526	1,778	569	1,802	533	1,711	656	1,932	2,708	8,842
Pornography		16	1	24	2	20	3	9	1	15	7	84
Betting/Wagering		9		5	1	0	1	3			2	17
Op/Promo Gambl		4			2	3		7	2	3	4	17
Gambl Equip Viol				1	1	3				2	1	6
Sports Tampering						0					0	0
Prostitution	134	145	181	185	170	69	167	78	125	78	777	555
Promo Prostitution	1	16	3	7		8	4	6	3	7	11	44
Weapons Laws	50	618	56	577	50	575	39	528	44	532	239	2,830
Society Total	2,445	10,096	3,098	11,390	3,016	11,247	3,121	10,854	3,230	10,981	14,910	54,568
TOTAL GROUP A	11,479	34,101	13,091	37,807	13,232	37,286	12,632	35,140	13,444	37,289	63,878	181,623
Group B Arrests	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		TOTAL	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Bad Checks	733	768	612	565	677	576	452	442	497	485	2,971	2,836
Curfew/Loitering/Vag	306	554	280	441	285	440	338	541	264	549	1,473	2,525
Disorderly Conduct	1,069	2,920	1,148	3,325	1,192	3,591	1,554	4,060	1,675	4,099	6,638	17,995
OVI	2,255	9,832	2,561	10,735	2,538	10,222	3,004	11,313	3,007	11,375	13,365	53,477
Drunkenness	973	7,027	1,098	6,955	1,053	6,663	1,356	7,583	1,348	7,440	5,828	35,668
Family Offenses	151	371	157	423	144	417	252	573	236	733	940	2,517
Liquor Laws	2,904	7,037	3,628	8,494	4,106	8,771	3,566	7,674	3,550	7,411	17,754	39,387
Peeping Tom		11		5		5	4	8			4	29
Runaway	317	281	223	183	261	208	281	226	273	199	1,355	1,097
Traspass	438	1,641	483	1,626	491	1,696	437	1,561	421	1,497	2,270	8,021
All Other Offenses	4,660	14,303	4,906	15,693	5,983	18,225	6,229	19,129	6,657	20,233	28,435	87,583
TOTAL GROUP B	13,806	44,745	15,096	48,445	16,730	50,814	17,473	53,110	17,928	54,021	81,033	251,135
GRAND TOTAL	25,285	78,846	28,187	86,252	29,962	88,100	30,105	88,250	31,372	91,310	144,911	432,758

10 YEAR ARRESTS INCIDENT – BASED SYSTEM

GROUP A CRIMES		
Crimes Against Persons	Crimes Against Property	Crimes Against Society
Murder	Robbery	Drug/Narcotics Viol.
Neg. Manslaughter	Burglary/B&E	Drug Equipment Viol.
Justifiable Homicide	Larceny/Theft	Gambling Offenses
Forcible Rape	Motor Vehicle Theft	Obscene Material
Aggravated Assault	Arson	Prostitution
Simple Assault	Bribery	Weapons Law Viol.
Intimidation	Counterfeiting/Forgery	
Kidnapping	Destruction of Property	
Forcible Sodomy	Embezzlement	
Sexual Aslt. W Obj.	Extortion/Blackmail	
Forcible Fondling	Fraud Offenses	
Incest	Stolen Property Offense	
Statutory Rape		

GROUP B CRIMES
Bad Checks
Curfew/Loitering/Vag
Disorderly Conduct
OWI
Drunkenness
Family Offenses
Liquor Laws
Runaway
Traspass
All Other Offenses

TOTAL

GROUP A AND B ARRESTS

	ARREST	Rates	Adjusted Rates
1996	105,739	3788	4511
1997	104,064	3967	4423
1998	109,870	4143	4598
1999	111,243	4032	4526
2000	107,948	3855	4330
2001	103,820	3682	3981
2002	114,383	4004	4267
2003	118,060	4124	4376
2004	118,354	4073	4256
2005	122,665	4186	4392

JUVENILE

GROUP A AND B ARRESTS

	ARREST	Rates
1996	22,379	3380
1997	22,181	3372
1998	24,421	3710
1999	23,894	3461
2000	22,506	3210
2001	20,313	2850
2002	21,299	3107
2003	21,513	3183
2004	19,919	2885
2005	21,221	3111

TOTAL ARRESTS

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Persons	13,242	13,391	13,944	14,692	15,165	14,520	15,475	15,003	14,596	15,973
Property	20,241	20,064	19,626	19,238	19,580	18,326	20,933	21,250	19,202	20,535
Society	10,108	10,945	11,815	12,423	12,645	12,423	14,434	14,263	13,973	14,208
Group A	43,591	44,400	45,385	46,353	47,390	45,269	50,842	50,516	47,771	50,716
Group B	62,148	59,664	64,485	64,890	60,558	58,551	63,541	67,544	70,583	71,949
Total	105,739	104,064	109,870	111,243	107,948	103,820	114,383	118,060	118,354	122,665

ADULT ARRESTS

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Persons	10,459	10,945	10,754	11,377	11,870	11,411	11,976	11,639	11,565	12,434
Property	11,644	9,735	11,230	11,356	11,674	11,131	13,014	12,857	12,230	13,055
Society	8,775	10,598	10,099	10,578	10,795	10,578	12,589	12,484	12,328	12,454
Group A	30,878	31,278	32,083	33,311	34,339	33,120	37,579	36,980	36,123	37,943
Group B	52,482	50,605	53,366	54,038	51,103	50,387	55,505	59,567	62,312	63,501
Total	83,360	81,883	85,449	87,349	85,442	83,507	93,084	96,547	98,435	101,444

JUVENILE ARRESTS

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Persons	2,783	2,446	3,190	3,315	3,295	3,109	3,499	3,364	3,031	3,539
Property	8,597	10,329	8,396	7,882	7,906	7,195	7,949	8,393	6,972	7,480
Society	1,333	347	1,716	1,845	1,850	1,845	1,845	1,779	1,645	1,754
Group A	12,713	13,122	13,302	13,042	13,051	12,149	13,536	13,263	11,648	12,773
Group B	9,666	9,059	11,119	10,852	9,455	8,164	8,036	7,977	8,271	8,448
Total	22,379	22,181	24,421	23,894	22,506	20,313	21,299	21,513	19,919	21,221

10 YEAR ARRESTS CRIME INDEX

CRIME INDEX	
Violent Crimes	Property Crimes
Murder	Burglary
Rape	Larceny
Robbery	Motor Veh. Theft
Aggravated Assault	

CRIME INDEX TOTAL ARRESTS

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Murder	45	32	42	27	42	33	44	35	45	26
Rape	103	165	169	143	109	137	119	145	136	137
Robbery	327	372	359	402	339	343	424	385	389	403
Agg. Assault	3,467	3,684	3,767	4,246	4,040	3,640	4,037	3,886	3,912	4,361
Violent Crime	3,942	4,253	4,337	4,818	4,530	4,153	4,624	4,451	4,482	4,927
Burglary	2,193	2,201	2,322	1,994	2,264	1,994	2,225	2,259	2,135	2,395
Larceny	12,297	12,229	11,477	11,280	11,302	10,586	12,228	12,455	10,867	11,385
M Vehicle Theft	814	875	893	734	714	679	687	719	646	680
Property Crime	15,304	15,305	14,692	14,008	14,280	13,259	15,140	15,433	13,648	14,460
Total Index	19,246	19,558	19,029	18,826	18,810	17,412	19,764	19,884	18,130	19,387

ADULT ARRESTS

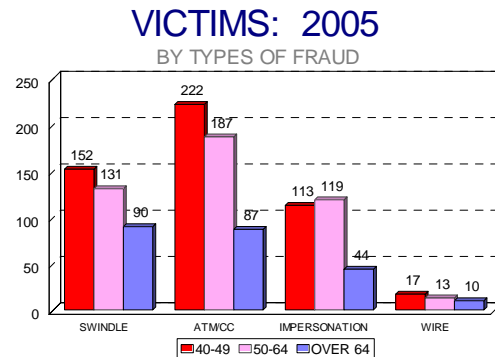
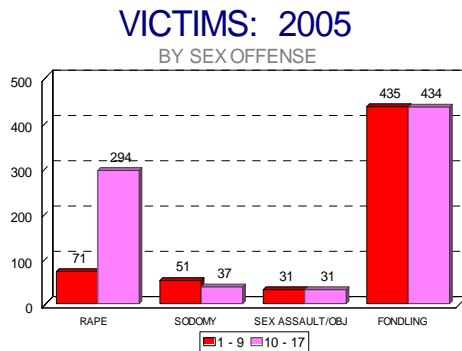
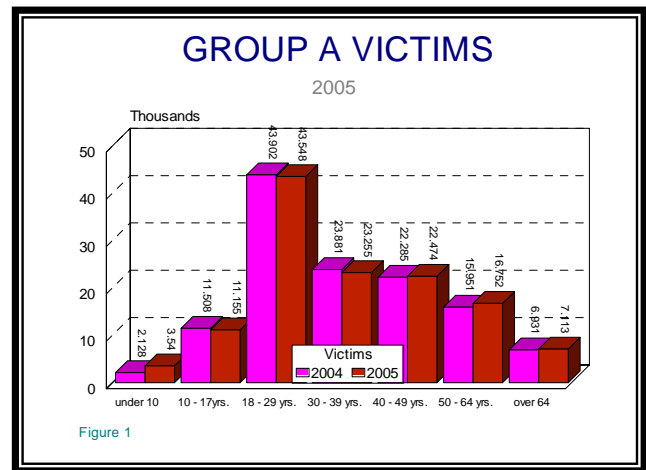
Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Murder	39	32	36	24	39	27	37	35	39	25
Rape	82	137	119	101	84	102	92	112	105	104
Robbery	225	241	258	308	254	277	341	296	300	279
Agg. Assault	2,804	3,027	3,098	3,540	3,358	3,066	3,352	3,195	3,265	3,624
Violent Crime	3,150	3,437	3,511	3,973	3,735	3,472	3,822	3,638	3,709	4,032
Burglary	1,152	1,236	1,314	1,227	1,306	1,192	1,400	1,399	1,339	1,579
Larceny	7,109	6,699	6,363	6,409	6,473	6,222	7,403	7,329	6,743	7,021
M Vehicle Theft	366	407	493	403	386	392	379	410	369	448
Property Crime	8,627	8,342	8,170	8,039	8,165	7,806	9,182	9,138	8,451	9,048
Total Index	11,777	11,779	11,681	12,012	11,900	11,278	13,004	12,776	12,160	13,080

JUVENILE ARRESTS

Offenses	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Murder	6	0	6	3	3	6	7	0	6	1
Rape	21	28	50	42	25	35	27	33	31	33
Robbery	102	131	101	94	85	66	83	89	89	124
Agg. Assault	663	657	669	706	682	574	685	691	647	737
Violent Crime	792	816	826	845	795	681	802	813	773	895
Burglary	1,041	965	1,008	767	958	802	825	860	796	816
Larceny	5,188	5,530	5,114	4,871	4,829	4,364	4,825	5,126	4,124	4,364
M Vehicle Theft	448	468	400	331	328	287	308	309	277	232
Property Crime	6,677	6,963	6,522	5,969	6,115	5,453	5,958	6,295	5,197	5,412
Total Index	7,469	7,779	7,348	6,814	6,910	6,134	6,760	7,108	5,970	6,307

Number of Reported Victims by Age Groups

Victim information can also be found in the chapters about murder, the sex offenses, the assaults, kidnapping, domestic violence, hate crimes and LEOKA.



YOUNGER VICTIMS

Overall, reported victimization for forcible sexual assaults increased (10.5%) from 2004 to 2005. Victimization for those age 1 through 9 increased 18.8 percent while those age 10 through 17 increased 4.9 percent. However, those victims age 10 through 17 account for more than 3 times the total number of victims age 1 through 9.

OLDER VICTIMS

Overall, fraud victims increased for those age 40 thru 49 (23.2%) and 50 thru 64 (30.1%) while those over age 64 decreased (7.2) between 2004 and 2005. In 1998, there were 79 victims (age 40-49), 47 victims (age 50-64) and 33 victims (over 64) of ATM or credit card fraud. Ninety + percent of the credit card offenses are identity theft.

Exploitation of Children: Although no victims are recorded for crimes against society there is a category for exploitation of children.

- 34 instances of child exploitation were recorded in 2005, double 2004.
- 32 of the instances were for pornography, 1 for drugs and 1 for forcible sodomy.
- 25 of the instances occurred at a residence.
- 2 instances occurred at a school.
- 5 incidents occurred at some type of commercial building.

2005 GROUP A VICTIMS

By Age and Offense

2005 REPORTED VICTIMS BY AGE AND OFFENSE										
CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS										
OFFENSES	< 1	1 thru 9	10 thru 17	18 thru 20	21 thru 29	30 thru 39	40 thru 49	50 thru 64	Over 64	TOTAL
Murder	2	5	3	4	9	7	9	2	1	42
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	4
Justifiable Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
Kidnapping	2	20	39	19	44	29	16	7	1	177
Forcible Rape	0	71	294	143	193	90	44	22	4	861
Forcible Sodomy	0	51	37	5	11	9	10	0	1	124
Sexual Aslt w Object	0	31	31	2	11	1	2	1	0	79
Forcible Fondling	0	435	434	63	70	29	15	13	5	1,064
Aggravated Assault	10	209	1,023	808	1,872	1,267	969	339	73	6,570
Simple Assault	23	684	3,662	2,397	5,502	3,743	2,627	1,070	165	19,873
Intimidation	2	160	610	551	1,082	961	786	399	101	4,652
Incest	0	23	23	1	3	0	0	0	0	50
Statutory Rape	0	9	168	2	1	0	0	0	0	180
	39	1,698	6,324	3,996	8,799	6,138	4,480	1,853	352	33,679
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY										
Robbery	0	37	127	148	301	182	160	122	48	1,125
Arson	2	22	10	23	59	94	93	67	35	405
Extortion/Blackmail	0	2	2	3	1	3	7	3	0	21
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	6	284	297	1,231	3,223	2,776	2,847	2,476	1,170	14,310
Pocket-Picking	0	0	7	7	16	11	20	23	12	96
Purse-Snatching	0	3	13	9	23	15	21	11	24	119
Shoplifting	0	5	3	5	10	14	7	6	2	52
Theft From Building	1	30	561	545	918	740	762	711	415	4,683
Theft From Coin-Op Machine	0	2	0	1	2	2	16	5	4	32
Theft From Motor Vehicle	2	204	654	1,677	3,393	2,163	2,087	1,492	429	12,101
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	1	88	161	491	959	538	570	399	136	3,343
All Other Larceny	6	401	1,667	1,558	3,312	3,278	3,454	2,947	1,597	18,220
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	145	63	363	1,105	1,028	1,024	811	275	4,817
Counterfeiting/Forgery	0	39	24	162	382	318	354	327	206	1,812
Swindle/Confid/False Preten	0	15	14	54	177	188	152	131	90	821
Credit Card/ATM Fraud	1	7	18	103	201	197	222	187	87	1,023
Impersonation	0	5	12	70	196	156	113	119	44	715
Welfare Fraud	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	3
Wire Fraud	0	0	1	2	27	17	17	13	10	87
Embezzlement	0	0	0	2	4	4	5	2	2	19
Stolen Property Offenses	0	41	19	16	54	41	71	37	16	295
Vandalism	10	441	1,178	3,377	6,542	5,352	5,992	5,010	2,157	30,059
Bribery	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
	32	1,771	4,831	9,847	20,906	17,117	17,994	14,899	6,761	94,158
CRIMES AGAINST SOCIETY										
Drug/Narcotics Violation	0									0
Drug Equipment Violation	0									0
Obscene Material (Porn)	0									0
Gambling Offenses	0									0
Prostitution	0									0
Weapons Law Violation	0									0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub Total	71	3,469	11,155	13,843	29,705	23,255	22,474	16,752	7,113	127,837
Murder (Special Reporting)	0	0	0					0	0	0
TOTAL	71	3,469	11,155	13,843	29,705	23,255	22,474	16,752	7,113	127,837

There were approximately 3,000 victims where the age was not specified. There were over 55,000 victims where the victim was not an individual but a business, financial institution, government, religious organization, society/public, other or unknown. The missing or unidentified victims were not included in this study.

2005 GROUP A VICTIMS

By Race and Offense

By Sex and Offense

By Ethnicity and Offense

OFFENSES	Female	Male	Total	Asian	African Amer	Native Amer	Unk	White	TOTAL	Hispanic
Murder	20	22	42	0	8	0	2	32	42	4
Negligent Manslaughter	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	4	4	0
Justifiable Homicide	0	3	3	0	1	0	0	2	3	0
Kidnapping	139	39	178	2	14	3	5	154	178	5
Forcible Rape	835	31	866	4	63	11	22	766	866	30
Forcible Sodomy	65	59	124	0	6	1	3	114	124	4
Sexual Aslt w Object	71	7	78	0	0	0	2	77	79	0
Forcible Fondling	856	215	1,071	3	117	7	80	875	1,082	35
Aggravated Assault	2,972	3,646	6,618	57	1,023	81	189	5,297	6,647	276
Simple Assault	11,591	8,481	20,072	133	2,561	172	445	16,814	20,125	697
Intimidation	2,933	1,797	4,730	25	413	6	190	4,140	4,774	117
Incest	36	14	50	1	0	1	1	47	50	3
Statutory Rape	167	15	182	1	9	2	5	165	182	12
Person Total	19,685	14,333	34,018	226	4,215	284	944	28,487	34,156	1183
Robbery	390	739	1,129	17	20	166	54	891	1,148	31
Arson	164	240	404	2	2	26	33	352	415	23
Extortion/Blackmail	11	9	20	0	5	0	0	15	20	1
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	6,351	8,153	14,504	138	871	29	80	12,876	13,994	371
Pocket-Picking	48	49	97	3	5	0	3	85	96	9
Purse-Snatching	114	8	122	2	9	1	5	106	123	1
Shoplifting	27	24	51	1	4	1	7	43	56	0
Theft From Building	2,553	2,165	4,718	54	253	10	203	4,193	4,713	77
Theft From Coin-Op Machine	7	24	31	0	1	0	4	28	33	1
Theft From Motor Vehicle	5,520	6,695	12,215	81	526	23	739	10,876	12,245	284
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	1,380	1,967	3,347	40	201	8	168	2,931	3,348	135
All Other Larceny	9,146	9,337	18,483	121	1,031	43	1,008	16,320	18,523	322
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,902	2,920	4,822	49	333	18	305	4,176	4,881	193
Counterfeiting/Forgery	931	919	1,850	16	114	8	94	1,625	1,857	63
Swindle/Confid/False Preten	424	411	835	9	53	4	45	693	804	21
Credit Card/ATM Fraud	554	478	1,032	8	49	2	53	904	1,016	17
Impersonation	374	346	720	11	37	4	39	622	713	68
Welfare Fraud	3	1	4	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
Wire Fraud	49	39	88	0	3	0	6	77	86	1
Embezzlement	11	8	19	0	0	0	8	13	21	0
Stolen Property Offenses	117	232	349	4	7	0	120	241	372	13
Bribery	13,751	16,656	30,407	252	1,650	85	1,692	26,672	30,351	911
Vandalism	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
Property Total	43,828	51,422	95,250	808	5,174	428	4,666	83,747	94,823	2542
Drug/Narcotics Violation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Equipment Violation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Obscene Material (Porn)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Society Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub Total	63,513	65,755	129,268	1,034	9,389	712	5,610	112,234	128,979	3,725
Murder (Special Reporting)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	63,513	65,755	129,268	1,034	9,389	712	5,610	112,234	128,979	3,725

There are no “victims” for crimes against society.

Gender, age, race or ethnicity of unknowns was not stated.

SECTION B

HATE/BIAS CRIME

HATE CRIMES

HISTORIC PERSPECTIVE

In the past decade, criminal acts motivated entirely or in part by prejudice have come to be known as hate crimes. These crimes continue to occur in Iowa, as well as throughout the country. Hate crimes not only affect individuals or groups, but also can disrupt the very ideals of a democratic society. Individuals and/or groups are affected more deeply because hate crimes are not random; the victims are targeted for who they are. The entire community can be threatened because of the increased level of fear and distrust related to or perceived after a hate/bias incident. The aftermath of fear related to a criminal act in the community can then escalate into other criminal incidents. In response to the seriousness of these crimes, state and national programs have been instituted to focus on these incidents. Specifically, new law enforcement techniques were developed to investigate these crimes along with data collection enhancements to determine the scope and nature of these offenses.

Public Law 101-275 or the "Hate Crimes Statistics Act" was approved, after passing both the House and Senate of the United States, on April 23, 1990. The purpose of this Act is to acquire and publish data of crimes that display distinct evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, or ethnicity. The collection elements thought to be appropriate include the crimes of murder, non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, aggravated assault, simple assault, intimidation, arson, and destruction, damage, or vandalism of property.

On a local level, beginning in 1990, the 73rd Iowa General Assembly enacted into law precise language defining a hate crime and making special provisions for hate crimes. Revised in 1992, Iowa's law is more explicit and encompassing than the national law, reiterating the violation of an individual's rights and including victims of prejudice because of their sex, age, political affiliation, or disability. The following portion of Chapter 729A, *Code of Iowa*, reads:

SEC. 729A.1 VIOLATIONS OF AN INDIVIDUAL'S RIGHTS PROHIBITED.

"Persons within the state of Iowa have the right to be free from any violence, or intimidation by threat of violence, committed against their persons or property because of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, political affiliation, sex, sexual orientation, age, or disability."

SEC. 729A.2 VIOLATION OF INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS - HATE CRIME.

"Hate crime" means one of the following public offenses when committed against a person or a person's property because of the person's race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, political affiliation, sex, sexual orientation, age, or disability, or the person's association with a person of a certain race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, political affiliation, sex, sexual orientation, age, or disability.

AIDS IN LOOKING AT HATE CRIMES

Bias Crime Indicators

From the National Center for Hate Crime Prevention

Racial, Ethnic, Gender and/or Cultural Differences

- The race, religion, ethnicity/national origin, disability status, gender, or sexual orientation of the victim differs from that of the offender.
- The victim is a member of a group that is overwhelmingly outnumbered by members of another group in the area where the incident occurred.
- The victim was engaged in activities promoting his or her group.
- The incident coincided with a holiday or date of particular significance to the victim's group.
- The victim, although not a member of the targeted group, is a member of an advocacy group that supports the victim group, or the victim was in the company of a member of the targeted group.
- Historically, animosity exists between the victim's group and the offender's group.

Comments, Written Statements, or Gestures

- Bias-related comments, written statements, or gestures were made by the offender.

Drawings, Markings, Symbols or Graffiti

- Bias-related drawings, markings, symbols, or graffiti were left at the scene of the incident.

Organized Hate Groups

- Objects or items that represent the work of organized hate groups (e.g., white hoods, burning crosses, and hate graffiti) were left at the scene of the incident.
- There are indications that a hate group was involved; for example, an organized hate group claimed responsibility for the crime or was active in the neighborhood.

Previous Bias Crimes or Incidents

- Victim was visiting a location where previous bias crimes had been committed against members of the victim's group.
- Several incidents occurred in the same area, and the victims were members of the same group.
- Victim had received previous harassing mail or phone calls or had experienced verbal abuse based on his or her affiliation with a targeted group.
- Recent bias incidents or crimes may have sparked a retaliatory hate crime.

Victim/Witness Perception

- Victims and/or witnesses perceive that the incident was motivated by bias.

Motive of Offender

- Offender was previously involved in a similar incident or is a member of, or associates with members of, an organized hate group.
- The victim was in the company of or married to a member of a targeted group.
- The victim was perceived by the offender as violating or breaking from traditional conventions or working in nontraditional employment.
- The offender has a history of previous crimes with a similar modus operandi, and involving other victims of the same race, religion, ethnicity/national origin, disability, sexual orientation, or gender.

Location of Incident

- The victim was in or near an area or place commonly associated with or frequented by members of a particular race, religion, ethnicity/national origin, disability, sexual orientation, or gender (e.g., a gay bar).
- The incident occurred at or near a house of worship, religious cemetery, or a home or establishment of a group considered a minority or “outsider” in a given neighborhood (e.g., a Korean store in an African American neighborhood, a gay bar, or an African American home in a predominately Irish American neighborhood).

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Lack of Other Motives

- No clear economic or other motive for the incident exists.



Types of Offenders

Hate Crime: The Rising Tide of Bigotry and Bloodshed by Jack Levin and Jack McDevitt

Thrill seekers

- Most frequent and looking for excitement.
- Occurs in victim's neighborhood but doesn't know the victim.
- Not deeply committed to prejudice and interchangeable victim groups.

Reactive

- Perceived “threat” to “territory” and crime location is the anchor point for the offender.
- Targets are more clearly defined and the victims and offender may be acquainted.
- Greater commitment to prejudice and escalation may occur.

Mission

- Offender drive to higher order purpose and most violent.
- Most dedicated to bigotry and targets are clearly defined.
- Least frequent.

HOW MANY...

- There were five reported victims age 50 or over. Two victims were white males, two females; one African American and the other white and one African American male. Four of the victims suffered intimidation or vandalism but one victim suffered a serious assault and a weapon was involved.
- A total monetary loss of \$1,567.00 was reported by vandalism or forgery in 2005, \$4,047.00 was reported by vandalism/destruction of property and/or stolen property in 2004, \$4,415.00 was reported in 2003, \$6,230.00 was reported in 2002, \$1,492.00 was reported in 2001, \$4,445.00 was reported in 1999 but \$44,325.00 (embezzlement) was reported in 1998.

The unknown offenders below seem to be in direct correlation to the number of reported vandalism.

Table 1. Incidents by Victim

Incidents of Hate Crimes	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Individuals								
Multiple Vic or Offender	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	
Multiple Vic/Sing. Off	2		2			6	1	2
Mult Vic/Unk Off	1							
Single Vic/Single Off	14	13	18	15	9	14	11	14
Single Vic/Multiple Off	6	6	3	8	5	3	7	6
Single Vic/Unk Off	3	6	6	3	19	8	5	6
Business		1	2	1	11	1	2	3
Religious	3	1			2		1	
Government	8	2		2	1	1	2	
Financial								
Society		2						
Other	2			1		1		
Mixed Vic-Single/Mult Off						2		2
TOTAL	42	32	33	32	48	38	30	33

2001, nine of the eleven March incidents happened on three separate days in two communities and in 2005, there were two incidents on the same day in two cities. The Dubuque incidents involved aggravated and simple assault on separate victims while the Grinnell incidents involved graffiti on many buildings of the college campus and intimidation and damage to a person property.

2005 HATE CRIME	
Number of Incidents	33
Number of Victims	38
Number of Individuals	32
Number of Offenders and incidents	34 in 27 incidents

Those agencies that were not participating in the UCR reporting system were surveyed and encouraged to submit hate crime information.

INCIDENTS OF HATE CRIME
1992 - 2005

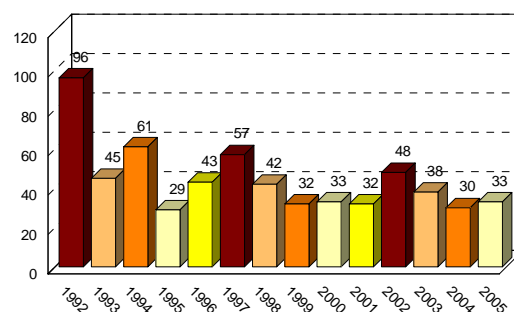


Figure 1

Additional Comments: Although African Americans were most frequently reported as the type of victim of a hate/bias crime in six of the seven years, the data appears to be fairly random as far as time and space. However more recently, the same three offenders in 1998 were the offenders in three separate incidents (same city) within one week and in 2000 one offender accounted for three incidents involving six victims in two weeks (same city). In

AND WHEN ?

Summer months are usually identified as the months for most crimes. However, when added together (1991 – 2005) October is the month most reported (83 of 720 or 11.5%) for hate crimes with August being second, having 69 incidents with March and July following closely behind with 68 and 67 incidents respectively.

In 2005, four months (January, June, August and October) were “reported most,” although one of those months (January) is usually reported the least. During the previous seven years, April was the month most reported with 6 incidents each in 2004 (20%) and 2000 (18%). In 2003 (7 of 38 or 18%) and 1997 (12 of 57 or 21%), June was reported most as the month of a hate crime. March was reported most in 2002 with 11 (23%) of the 48 total incidents. July was the

HATE CRIMES BY MONTH

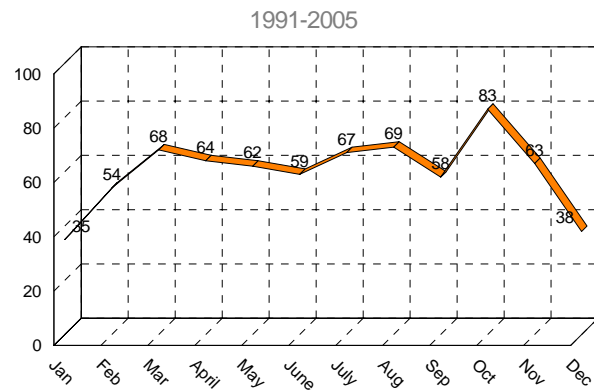


FIGURE 2

highest month of reported incidents (7) in 2001. In 2000, April was reported most with 6 incidents. Overall, from 1991-2004 the month least reported was January.

Specifically, the months least reported were April in 1998, January and September in 2000, February in 2001, May in 2005 and June in 2002 with zero. In 1999 and 2004, 1 incident was reported in four different months but three different months in 2003.

Table 2.

NUMBER OF INCIDENTS BY MONTH									
1999 - 2005									
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005		
JANUARY	2	0	2	1	1	1	4		
FEBRUARY	1	4	0	3	3	1	2		
MARCH	3	3	1	11	2	2	3		
APRIL	4	6	4	7	4	6	3		
MAY	4	2	3	4	5	1	0		
JUNE	1	2	5	0	7	2	4		
JULY	3	5	7	1	4	5	2		
AUGUST	4	4	2	3	3	5	4		
SEPTEMBER	1	0	1	3	3	2	3		
OCTOBER	4	5	2	5	4	2	4		
NOVEMBER	4	1	3	5	1	1	3		
DECEMBER	1	1	2	5	1	2	1		
TOTAL	32	33	32	48	38	30	33		

WHO

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Table 3. Victims	2003		2004		2005	
RACE	#	%	#	%	#	%
Asian/Pacific Islander	1	2.0				
African American	21	41.2	15	55.6	16	50.0
Native American						
Unknown					1	3.1
White	29	56.9	12	44.4	15	46.9
Total	51		27		32	
GENDER						
Female	12	23.5	9	33.3	10	31.3
Male	39	76.5	18	66.7	22	68.8
Total	51		27		32	
ETHNICITY						
Hispanics	4		2		2	
AGE						
Age 10 through 66	51		27		32	
Under age 18	22	43.1	9	33.3	8	25.0

Table 4. Offenders	2003		2004		2005	
RACE	#	%	#	%	#	%
Asian/Pacific Islander						
African American	3	7.1	2	6.7	4	14.8
Native American						
Unknown			1	3.3		
White	39	92.9	27	90.0	23	85.2
Total	42		30		27	
GENDER						
Female	3	7.1	4	13.3	3	9.7
Male	39	92.9	26	86.7	28	90.3
Total	42		30		31	
ETHNICITY						
Hispanics	0		1		1	
AGE						
Age 5 through 53	42		30		30	
Under age 18	18	42.9	8	26.7	6	20.0

Those Arrested in 2003

- Fourteen adults were arrested, 6 were arrested for aggravated assault.
- Nine juveniles were arrested, 1 was arrested for aggravated assault, 3 for simple assault, 1 for intimidation and 4 for vandalism.

Those Arrested in 2004

- Out of the 30 stated offenders less than half (14) were arrested.
- 4 juveniles were arrested – 1 was charged with aggravated assault.
- 1 adult was charged with attempted murder.

Those Arrested in 2005

- Some information is known about 34 of the offenders in 27 incidents, fourteen of the 34 offenders were arrested.
- There were 4 juvenile offenders reported under the age of twelve. Aggravated assault, simple assault and intimidation were the offenses in the juvenile offender related incidents.
- There were 4 juvenile victim/offender incidents, 3 of the 4 offenders were arrested.

AND WHERE...

Table 5. Target of Crime											
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Total
Place of Worship	1	1	4	2	1	2	3	3	6	2	25
Group Property	2	2	4	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	20
Public Property	9	2	14	5	10	6	13	8	5	4	76
Business	3	3	0	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	21
Residence	7	10	6	7	6	7	15	10	5	4	77
Other Property	2	14	6	1	4	3	3	2	1	1	37
Clergy/Religious	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Other Person	20	25	8	11	9	11	11	11	9	17	132
TOTAL	44	57	42	32	33	32	48	38	30	33	389

The target of a hate/bias crime can be a person, property of a person, a group or the public. Overall, a residence was most often indicated as the target of a hate crime in the early years of reporting, being reported in 41 percent of the incidents in 1993. In the mid 1990's a person was the direct target most of a hate crime being reported in 44 percent of the 1997 incidents, 46 percent of the 1996

incidents, 45 percent of the 1995 incidents and almost 43 percent of the 1994 incidents. Report of persons being the target of a hate crime dropped to 20 percent of the 1998 incidents but rose to 29 percent of the 2003 incidents and 30% of the 2004 incidents to 52% of the 2005 incidents. Above shows the totals for 1996 – 2005.

2005 Incidents

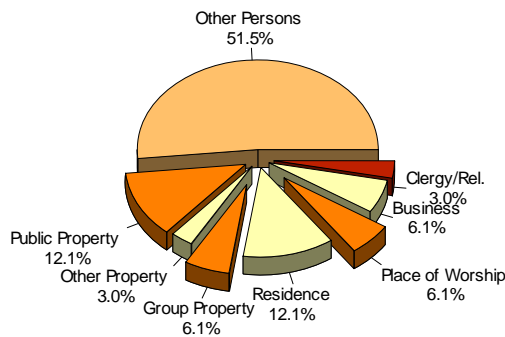


Figure 3

1996 - 2005 Incidents

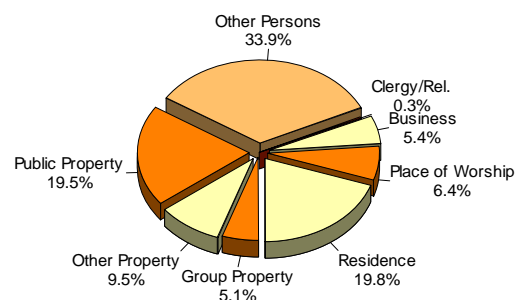


Figure 4

WHY...

A crime that is motivated by prejudice, as defined by law, is a hate crime. Race was the motivation or **type** of the hate/bias crime reported most in Iowa for the years 1991 through 2005. Although the percent of anti-African American incidents declined from approximately 70 % of the incidents in 1995 to 40 % in 2003, anti-African American incidents rose to 53 % of the incidents in 2004 and 70% of the incidents in 2005. Religious bias was most prevalent in 2002 with 8 incidents, 5 anti-Jewish and one anti-Islamic (Moslem) incident was reported that year.

Note: Over the years some categories have split or been added in the UCR program.

HATE CRIME MOTIVATION

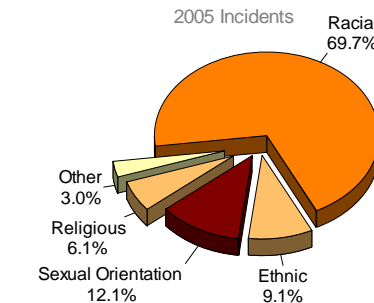


Figure 5

Table 6.

A CLOSER LOOK AT 2005

Bias Group	Type of Bias	2005		1996-2005	
			% OF TOTAL	#	% OF TOTAL
Racial	Anti-White	4	12.1	36	8.9
	Anti-African American	19	57.6	200	49.4
	Anti-Native American/Alaskan Native	0	0	0	0.0
	Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	0	0	17	4.2
	Anti-Multi Racial	0	0	25	6.2
Religious	Anti-Jewish	1	3.0	18	4.4
	Anti-Catholic	0	0	2	0.5
	Anti-Protestant	0	0	3	0.7
	Anti-Islamic (Moslem)	1	3.0	3	0.7
	Anti-Oth Rel.(Buddhism Hinduism)	0	0	4	1.0
	Anti-Multi Religious Group	0	0	1	0.2
	Anti-Atheist/Agnostic	0	0	0	0.0
Ethnicity/ National Origin	Anti-Arab	0	0	2	0.5
	Anti-Hispanic	2	6.1	23	5.7
	Anti-Other Ethnicity	1	3.0	10	2.5
Sexual Orientation	Anti-Male Homosexual (Gay)	2	6.1	41	10.1
	Anti-Female Homosexual (Lesbian)	2	6.1	8	2.0
	Anti-Homosexual (Gays & Lesbians)	4	12.1	6	1.5
	Anti-Heterosexual	0	0	0	0
	Anti-Bisexual	0	0	0	0
Other	Age	0	0	0	0
	Gender	1	3.0	1	0.2
	Disability (physical and mental)	0	0	0	0
	Political Affiliation	0	0	1	0.2
	Other	0	0	4	1.0
Total		33		405	

AND WHAT?

The more serious offense of aggravated assault accounted for 42 percent (13 of 32) of the 2001 offenses but only 12 percent of the 2000 offenses, 13 percent of the 2002 offenses, 24 percent of the 2003 offenses, 25 percent of the 2004 offenses and 29 percent of the offenses in 2005.

Iowa's law enforcement officers reported vandalism most often in 2002 as the offense of a hate/bias crime (56 percent or in 27 incidents). The lowest year vandalism was reported was in 2005 with 17 percent.

HATE CRIME OFFENSES

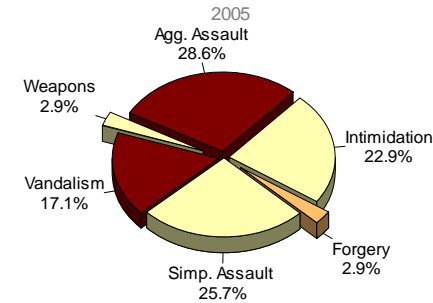


Figure 6

See Table 1 for offenses by type of crime for 2005. Multiple offenses can be recorded for each incident.

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Total	%
Agg. Aslt.	8	8	7	11	4	13	6	11	9	10	87	20.8
Simp. Aslt.	7	11	9	5	7	6	8	7	7	9	76	18.1
Intimidation	13	12	6	4	8	5	7	9	7	8	79	18.9
Rape			1								1	0.2
Arson	1	1		1					1		4	1.0
Robbery	1	1				1					3	0.7
Burglary		1		2			2	1	1		7	1.7
Embezzle			1								1	0.2
Forgery		1								1	2	0.5
Drugs				1				1	1		3	0.7
Drug Equip				1							1	0.2
Vandalism	13	25	21	11	14	8	27	15	9	6	149	35.6
Other	1		1					2	1	1	6	1.4
TOTAL	44	60	46	36	33	33	50	46	36	35	419	
Incidents	44	57	42	32	33	32	48	38	30	33	389	

Table 8

	Agencies	Incidents
1991	18	101
1992	23	96
1993	30	45
1994	19	61
1995	14	29
1996	25	43
1997	27	57
1998	23	42
1999	20	32
2000	15	33
2001	16	32
2002	19	48
2003	26	38
2004	18	30
2005	19	33

There were 232 reporting jurisdictions in 2002, 2000 and in 1999, 236 in 2001, 234 for 1995 through 1998, 233 jurisdictions in 2005, 2004, 2003 and 1994 and 225 in 1991, 1992 and 1993. The adjacent table shows the number of law enforcement agencies that reported any hate/bias crime and the number of incidents they reported.

From 1991 through 2005 less than 6% of the total (233) agencies (13) reporting more than 10 incidents (486 incidents), account for 68 percent of the total (720) incidents.

Ames PD
Boone PD
Des Moines PD
ISU DPS
U of I DPS

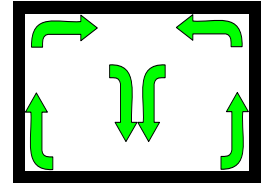
Ankeny PD
Council Bluffs PD
Dubuque PD
Sioux City PD

Bettendorf PD
Davenport PD
Iowa City PD
Waterloo PD

SECTION C

DOMESTIC ABUSE

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE



HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

The Iowa Department of Public Safety is charged under Chapter 236 of the *Code of Iowa* with the responsibility for collecting information on incidents of domestic abuse in Iowa from local law enforcement agencies. The Department began collecting domestic abuse data on July 1, 1985, assuming a function previously performed by the Iowa Department of Human Services. The domestic abuse reporting system was the only incident-based crime data collected by the Department from 1986 through 1990. The incidents of domestic abuse rose rapidly each year between the years 1986 and 1990 increasing from a reported 3,501 incidents in 1986 to 6,199 reported incidents in 1990. Beginning with the 1991 data the Department incorporated the domestic abuse data and hate/bias crime data with the new Iowa Incident-Based Uniform Crime Reporting System, housing all crime data in one computerized system.

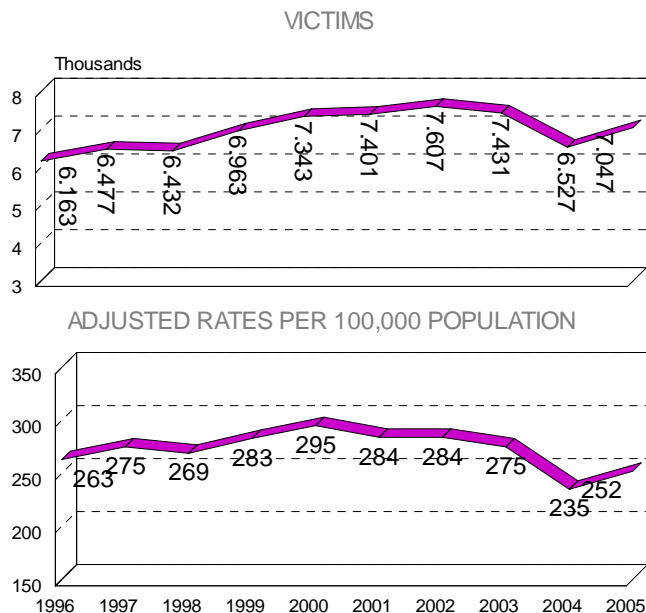
Domestic Abuse is defined by Section 708.2A, sub1 and in Section 236.2 of the *Code of Iowa* under any of the following circumstances:

- “a. The assault is between family or household members who reside together at the time of the assault.
- b. The assault is between separated spouses or persons divorced from each other and not residing together at the time of the assault.
- c. The assault is between persons who are parents of the same minor child, regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time.
- d. The assault is between persons who have been family or household members residing together within the past year and are not residing together at the time of the assault.
- e. The assault is between persons who are in an intimate relationship or have been in an intimate relationship and have had contact within the past year of the assault.” Some factors of an intimate relationship can be: duration, frequency on interaction, termination, either party’s sexual or romantic expectations and the relationship doesn’t have to be an exclusive one.

Although the definition of Domestic Abuse has changed since 1985, the meaning of “family or household members” has stayed much the same. The major changes have been in 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993, 2002 and 2003.

HOW MANY...

DOMESTIC ABUSE: 1996-2005



The highest number of victims recorded in 2005 was in June. However, in 2001, 2002 and 2004 the summer month of July recorded the highest number of victims (here and Table 2, Section C). The lowest month of reported domestic abuse victims was February in 2002 and 2003 but in November in 2004 and 2005.

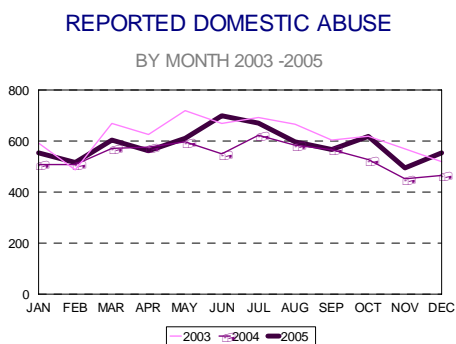


FIGURE 2

2005 VICTIMS	
Number	7,047
Increase from 2004	+8.0%
Adjusted Rate	251.9
Increase from 2004	+7.2%

...Domestic Abuse is counted by the number of victims as are the violent crimes of murder, the forcible sex offenses, and the assaults. There were 6,432 victims reported in 1998, 6,963 in 1999, 7,343 in 2000, 7,401 in 2001, 7,607 in 2002, 7,431 in 2003, 6,527 victims in 2004 and returned to 7,047 victims being reported by law enforcement in 2005. See data about completeness of reporting at end of the chapter.

Table 1. Victims by Month				
	2002	2003	2004	2005
January	597	592	508	554
February	519	487	508	516
March	612	669	571	604
1st Quarter	1,728	1,748	1,587	1,674
April	580	626	576	562
May	623	719	597	611
June	729	669	550	699
2nd Quarter	1,932	2,014	1,723	1,872
July	736	692	623	670
August	722	666	584	597
September	703	604	566	567
3rd Quarter	2,161	1,962	1,773	1,834
October	605	619	527	618
November	577	569	452	495
December	604	519	465	554
4th Quarter	1,786	1,707	1,444	1,667
Total	7,607	7,431	6,527	7,047

AND WHO?

Gender of Victims



Gender of Offenders

Table 3

Gender of Offenders by Number and Percent					
	Men	%	Women	%	TOTAL
1996	5,209	82.7	1,090	17.3	6,299
1997	5,458	82.4	1,162	17.6	6,620
1998	5,432	82.7	1,138	17.3	6,570
1999	5,870	82.9	1,208	17.1	7,078
2000	6,067	81.3	1,396	18.7	7,463
2001	6,092	80.7	1,453	19.3	7,545
2002	6,327	81.2	1,468	18.8	7,795
2003	6,163	81.2	1,426	18.8	7,589
2004	5,325	80.2	1,312	19.8	6,637
2005	5,800	80.6	1,400	19.4	7,200

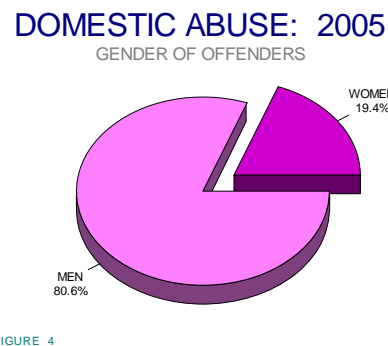
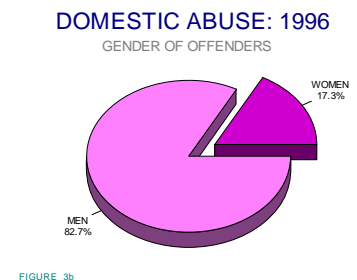
Conversely, females were reported as the offender more often in 2005 than in 1996 while male offenders were reported less frequently. It should be noted that in some cases both the victim and offender are arrested.

2005 VICTIMS By Gender	
Female	5,683
Male	1,364
2005 OFFENDERS by Gender	
Female	1,400
Male	5,800

Reports of female victims have decreased from 1996-2005 while male victims have increased proportionately. When looking at African Americans only, women were reported as the victim 74.6 percent of the time while African American men were reported 25.4 percent of the time.

Table 2.

Gender of Victims by Number and Percent					
	Men	%	Women	%	TOTAL
1996	1,033	16.8	5,130	83.2	6,163
1997	1,097	16.9	5,380	83.1	6,477
1998	1,100	17.1	5,332	82.9	6,432
1999	1,190	17.1	5,773	82.9	6,963
2000	1,343	18.3	6,000	81.7	7,343
2001	1,409	19.0	5,992	81.0	7,401
2002	1,395	18.3	6,211	81.7	7,606
2003	1,383	18.6	6,048	81.4	7,431
2004	1,243	19.0	5,283	81.0	6,526
2005	1,364	19.4	5,683	80.6	7,047



Ethnicity

Hispanic victims accounted for three percent of the victims in 1997 (222), 1998 (208) and in 2000 (245), four percent of the victims in 1999 (270), 2001 (324), 2002 (312), 2003(311) and 2004 (284) but five percent (330) of the victims in 2005. Hispanic offenders accounted for four percent (318) of the offenders in 2000 and 2001 (273), five percent of the 1997 (315), 1998 (301), 1999 (330), 2002 (377), 2003 (389) and 2004 (343) and six percent in (388) in 2005.

Table 4

Race of Victims

DOMESTIC ABUSE: 1996

RACE OF VICTIMS

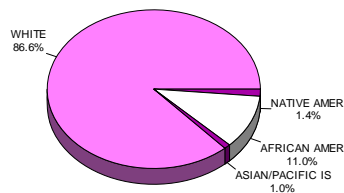


FIGURE 5

DOMESTIC ABUSE: 2005

RACE OF VICTIMS

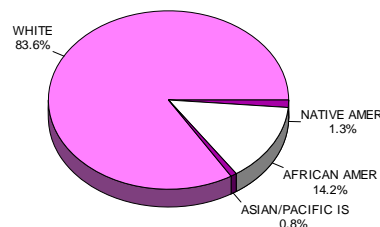


FIGURE 5

	White	%	Afr. Am	%	Asian	%	Nat. Am.	%	TOTAL
1996	5,320	86.6	678	11.0	60	1.0	85	1.4	6,143
1997	5,573	86.4	722	11.2	51	0.8	102	1.6	6,448
1998	5,524	86.2	728	11.4	54	0.8	103	1.6	6,409
1999	5,883	85.1	871	12.6	64	0.9	95	1.4	6,913
2000	6,144	84.4	961	13.2	71	1.0	106	1.5	7,282
2001	6,145	84.1	975	13.3	93	1.3	98	1.3	7,311
2002	6,330	84.3	997	13.3	76	1.0	109	1.5	7,512
2003	6,150	83.5	1,016	13.8	72	1.0	131	1.8	7,369
2004	5,447	84.6	850	13.2	35	0.5	107	1.7	6,439
2005	5,828	83.6	992	14.2	58	0.8	90	1.3	6,968

Although the gender of reported Asian and Native American victims have remained fairly constant from 1996 to 2005, African American victims have been reported more from 1996 – 2005 while white victims have been reported less proportionately.

Race of Offenders

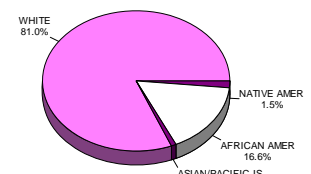
Table 5.

	White	%	Afr. Am	%	Asian	%	Nat. Am.	%	TOTAL
1996	5,094	81.2	1,045	16.7	53	0.8	84	1.3	6,276
1997	5,354	81.0	1,121	17.0	54	0.8	79	1.2	6,608
1998	5,270	80.3	1,137	17.3	54	0.8	104	1.6	6,565
1999	5,566	79.0	1,347	19.1	60	0.9	76	1.1	7,049
2000	5,784	77.7	1,487	20.0	71	1.0	99	1.3	7,441
2001	5,862	78.2	1,444	19.3	98	1.3	95	1.3	7,499
2002	6,028	77.7	1,557	20.1	82	1.1	93	1.2	7,760
2003	5,845	77.4	1,532	20.3	67	0.9	112	1.5	7,556
2004	5,099	77.2	1,357	20.6	42	0.6	103	1.6	6,601
2005	5,828	83.6	992	14.2	58	0.8	90	1.3	6,968

The reported fate of offenders shows a more complex history for white and African American offenders. The reported number and percent of African American offenders increased from 1996 to 2000 while inversely offenders decreased during that time period. In 2005 both White and African American offenders surpassed their original position. Asian and Native American offenders, a small population, remained fairly constant.

DOMESTIC ABUSE: 1996

RACE OF OFFENDERS



DOMESTIC ABUSE: 2005

RACE OF OFFENDERS

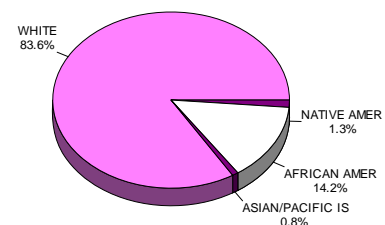
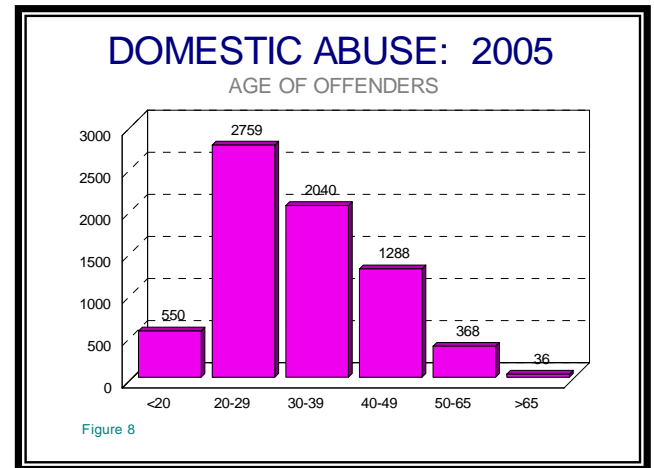
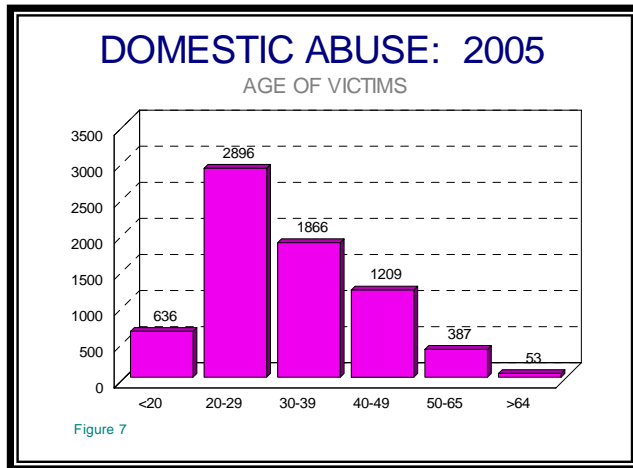


FIGURE 6

Age



The largest percentage of persons involved in a domestic abuse situation were between the ages of 20 and 29. Forty-one percent or 2,896 of the 7,047 victims of domestic abuse were between the ages of 20 and 29. Specifically, the most common victim was 21 years of age (342), with 652 victims reported to be under age 20.

The ages of offenders tended to be a little older than victims. In 2005, nine percent (652) of the 7,047 victims were less than 20 years of age but eight percent (550) of the 7,041 known offenders were less than 20 years of age. The most common age of an offender was 26 (318 offenders).

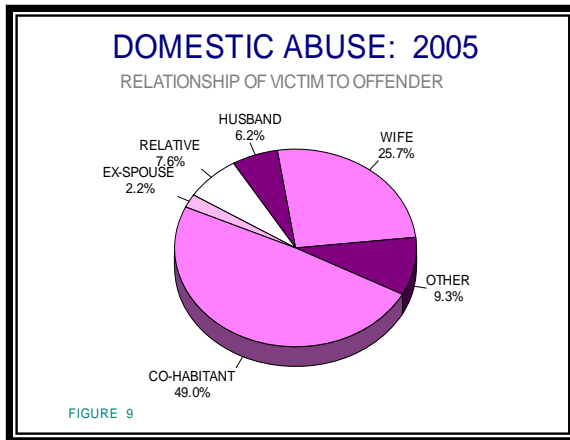
Table 6. Ages of Victims by Ages of Offenders for 2005

Offenders Age	Victims Age							
	< 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	>69	
Less than 20	231	172	75	69	21	4	0	572
20 - 29	328	1,907	379	91	43	9	2	2,759
30 - 39	47	664	969	280	56	15	9	2,040
40 - 49	40	131	384	611	95	18	9	1,288
50 - 59	5	18	47	141	105	8	5	329
60 - 69	1	3	10	11	20	8	1	54
70 and Over	0	1	2	6	5	2	5	21
	652	2,896	1,866	1,209	345	64	31	7,063

The ages of both the victim and the offender were reported in 7,063 cases in 2005. Of these, twenty-seven percent involved both a victim and an offender being in the age group of 20 through 29. This page accounts for multiple victim situations.

This table relates to the Iowa law concerning domestic abuse, the table below uses UCR definitions.

Relationships



percent of the 2001 relationships, 82 percent of the 2002 relationships, 83 percent of the 1999 relationships and 81 percent of the relationships in 2000.

- Six percent of the 2003, 2004 and 2005 victims were the husbands of the abusers, but ex-spouses accounted for four percent of the 2003 relationships but two percent of the 2004 and 2005 victims.
- “Others” which would include live-in family members, rose from 7.5 percent of the 2001 victims and 7.8 of the 2002 victims to 8.7 percent of the 2003 victims to 9.3 percent in 2005.

UCR definitions also include all relationships to all persons.

- African Americans were reported more (5.5%) for the relationship of “victim was also the offender” than whites (.03) percent.
- A boyfriend/girlfriend was reported in 61 percent of the African American relationships and 47.2 percent of the white relationships.
- Twelve percent of the African American victims were reported as common law or spouse whereas white victims accounted for 34.7 percent.

Relationship	Victims						%
	Asian	Afric. Am	Nat. Am	Unk.	White	Total	
Spouse	27	182	14	26	1,637	1,886	25.6
Common Law Spouse	1	45	36	1	381	464	6.3
Parent	4	12	3	3	233	255	3.5
Sibling/Step Sibling	2	16		3	85	106	1.4
Child		21		3	79	103	1.4
Grandparent			1	1	8	10	0.1
Grandchild				1	2	3	0.0
In-Law		2			23	25	0.3
Stepparent		3			40	43	0.6
Stepchild		1			21	22	0.3
Other Family		10	1		43	54	0.7
Acquaintance	1	12		3	38	54	0.7
Friend	1	1			3	5	0.1
Neighbor						0	0.0
Babysitter						0	0.0
Boy/Girl Friend	19	646	28	36	2,864	3,593	48.8
Child of Boy/Girl Frnd			1		10	11	0.1
Homosexual Relation.		4		1	44	49	0.7
Ex-Spouse		10	1	3	152	166	2.3
Victim was Employee						0	0.0
Victim was Employer						0	0.0
Otherwise Known	1	15	1	3	79	99	1.3
Known to Victim	56	980	86	84	5,742	6,948	94.4
Stranger		16			97	113	1.5
Subtotal	56	996	86	84	5,839	7,061	95.9
Unknown						0	0.0
Declared Unknown		5		1	23	29	0.4
Victim was also Off.	2	58	5	2	201	268	3.6
Total	58	1,059	91	87	6,063	7,358	

WHAT

The investigating officer reports a number of characteristics of each domestic abuse incident. Included are observed signs of abuse (injuries) to the victim, the weapon used to inflict the abuse and who reported the abuse to the law enforcement agency. The law enforcement officer also notes any referrals made, the presence or absence of children during the abuse, whether an arrest was made, if the offender was present, and the time and day of the incident.

Signs of Abuse

	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
Signs of Abuse	Victims		Victims		Victims		Victims		Victims	
	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%
None	2,271	31	2,245	30	2,189	30	1,903	29	1,904	27
Minor Injury	4,820	65	5,036	66	4,934	66	4,354	67	4,834	69
Scalds/Burns	1	0	10	0	3	0	3	0	4	0
Severe Lacerations	169	2	155	2	136	2	117	2	142	2
Internal Injury	33	0	39	1	34	1	25	0	28	0
Loss of Teeth	6	0	7	0	2	0	4	0	6	0
Fractures	51	1	60	1	59	1	50	1	45	1
Unconscious	12	0	12	0	18	0	16	0	16	0
Other Major Injury	32	0	42	0	42	0	50	1	58	1
Total	7,395		7,606		7,417		6,522		7,047	

Table 8 shows the signs of abuse for the years 2001 through 2005. Some injury was noted by the law enforcement officer in sixty-seven percent of the 1999 and 2000 and sixty-nine percent of the 2001 and 2005 incidents of domestic abuse. Seventy percent of the 1998, 2002 and 2003 victims and 71 percent of the 2004 victims suffered some sort of injury but only 4 percent of the victims were reported to

have a major injury. (One injury per victims of domestic abuse was noted in this table.

Looking at race and injuries, 26 percent of the African American victims had no physical injuries, 28 percent of Asian and white victims and 33 percent of Native American victims had no physical injuries. Minor injuries were reported for 68 percent of the white and African American victims, 70 percent of the Asian victims and 58 percent of the Native American victims.

	Asians		African Am.		Native Am.		Unknown		White		TOTAL	
Signs of Abuse	Victims		Victims		Victims		Victims		Victims		Victims	
	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%
None	17	28	270	26	30	33	30	35	1,680	28	2,027	27.6
Minor Injury	42	70	716	68	53	58	52	60	4,128	68	4,991	68.1
Scalds/Burns	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	0.1
Severe Lacerations	0	0	46	4	4	4	0	0	98	2	148	2.0
Internal Injury	0	0	9	1	0	0	1	1	20	0	30	4.0
Loss of Teeth	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	3	0	6	0.1
Fractures	0	0	5	0	1	1	0	0	43	1	49	0.7
Unconscious	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	2	12	0	16	0.2
Other Major Injury	0	0	8	1	1	1	1	1	53	1	63	0.9
Total	60		1,057		91		86		6,040		7,334	

The above table shows the number of victims broken down by race for more than one injury per victim.

CHILDREN

911

PRESENT		
Harmed	123	2%
Not Harmed	2,151	31%
NONE PRESENT	4,775	68%

REPORT RECEIVED FROM		
Victim	5,969	85%
Other	1,094	15%

Reports of **children** being absent at the scene have increased markedly from forty-five percent of the cases in 1989 to a high of seventy-one percent of the 1999 cases.

Also, the **victim** has been reported more in the last decade as the one to notify authorities of domestic violence. The high was in 2002 when the victim was indicated as the reporter in eighty-seven percent of the cases but dropped to 83 percent of the cases in 2004 to increase to 85 percent in 2005. The victim was the reporter in eighty-six percent of the cases in 2001 and 2003. In 1990, the reporter was the victim in seventy-two percent of the cases while someone else reported abuse in twenty-eight percent of the cases.

Weapons

A weapon was indicated in ninety-one percent of the 2001, 2002 and 2005 incidents; ninety-two percent of the 2000, 2003 and 2004 incidents, ninety-three percent of the 1995 through 1999 cases while a weapon was indicated in ninety-five percent of the 1994 cases.

(The UCR definition of a weapon includes fists, feet or teeth when a victim is under an unlawful physical attack to when the victim has experienced aggravated bodily injury and death.

Table 10. Weapons Used for 2001 through 2005										
	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
Weapons Used										
	Weap.	%	Weap.	%	Weap.	%	Weap.	%	Weap.	%
None	704	9	728	9	645	8	668	8	726	9
Firearm	61	1	48	1	59	1	42	1	58	1
Knife	212	3	226	3	223	3	203	3	186	2
Other Dangerous	938	12	972	12	961	12	961	12	1,036	13
Fists, Feet, Teeth	6,236	77	6,416	76	6,253	77	6,253	77	5,847	74

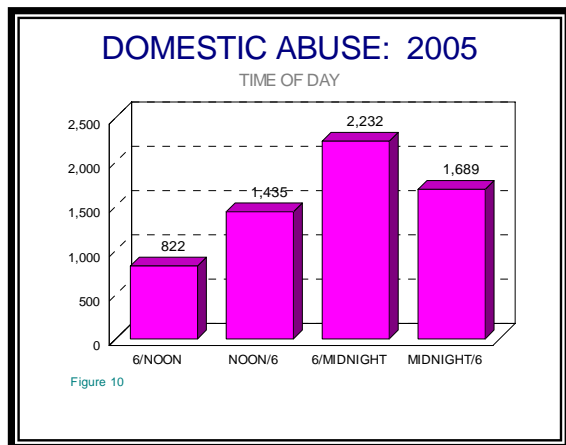
Referrals

Table 11. Referrals Made in 2001 through 2005										
	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	
Referrals Made	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents	Incidents
	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%	Freq.	%
None	4,469	48	4,691	50	4,372	50	3,533	44	3,964	48
Legal	1,413	15	1,405	15	1,103	13	1,138	14	1,117	14
Other	1,015	11	1,047	11	1,101	13	950	10	973	12
Counseling	712	8	658	7	622	7	805	10	732	9
Shelter	752	8	746	8	720	8	808	10	726	9
Financial	196	2	193	2	177	2	208	3	198	2
Medical	697	8	595	6	655	7	616	8	541	7
Total Referrals	9,254		9,335		8,750		8,058		8,251	

There was no referral in 3,964 (56 percent) of the 7,047 victims in 2005. However, this number only accounts for 48 percent of the total referrals. There were 4,287 referrals indicated for the remaining 3,083 victims. A shelter or counseling referral accounted for approximately 9 percent each of the referrals while another 14 percent was a legal referral, while 12 percent was an "other" referral. A financial referral was only

reported for two percent of the victims. (There may be multiple referrals for one incident.)

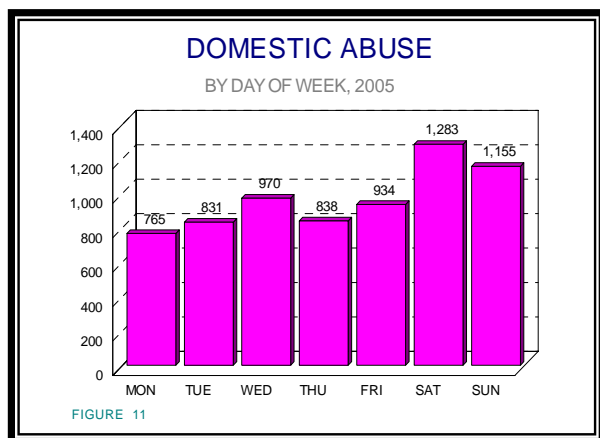
WHEN



The majority of the domestic abuse incidents were reported during the evening and nighttime hours. In 2005, thirty-six percent of the reports occurred between 6:00 P.M. and midnight, and another twenty-seven percent occurred between midnight and 6:00 A.M. The most frequent single hour reported was midnight (2000-2005) and the least single hour reported was 7:00 A.M. in 2000 - 2002 and 6:00 A.M. in 2003 through 2005. Similar percentages were recorded in 1997 to 2000. A specific hour of the incident was reported for approximately ninety-one percent of the incidents in 2004 and ninety percent of the incidents in 2004.

Table 12. Times of Abuse for 2003/2005						
	2003		2004		2005	
Time of Abuse	Incid.	%	Incid.	%	Incid.	%
6 A.M. to Noon	884	13	748	13	822	13
Noon to 6 P.M.	1,578	24	1,378	24	1,435	23
6 P.M. to Midnight	2,514	38	2,037	36	2,232	36
Midnight to 6 A.M.	1,710	26	1,468	26	1,689	27
	6,686		5,631		6,178	

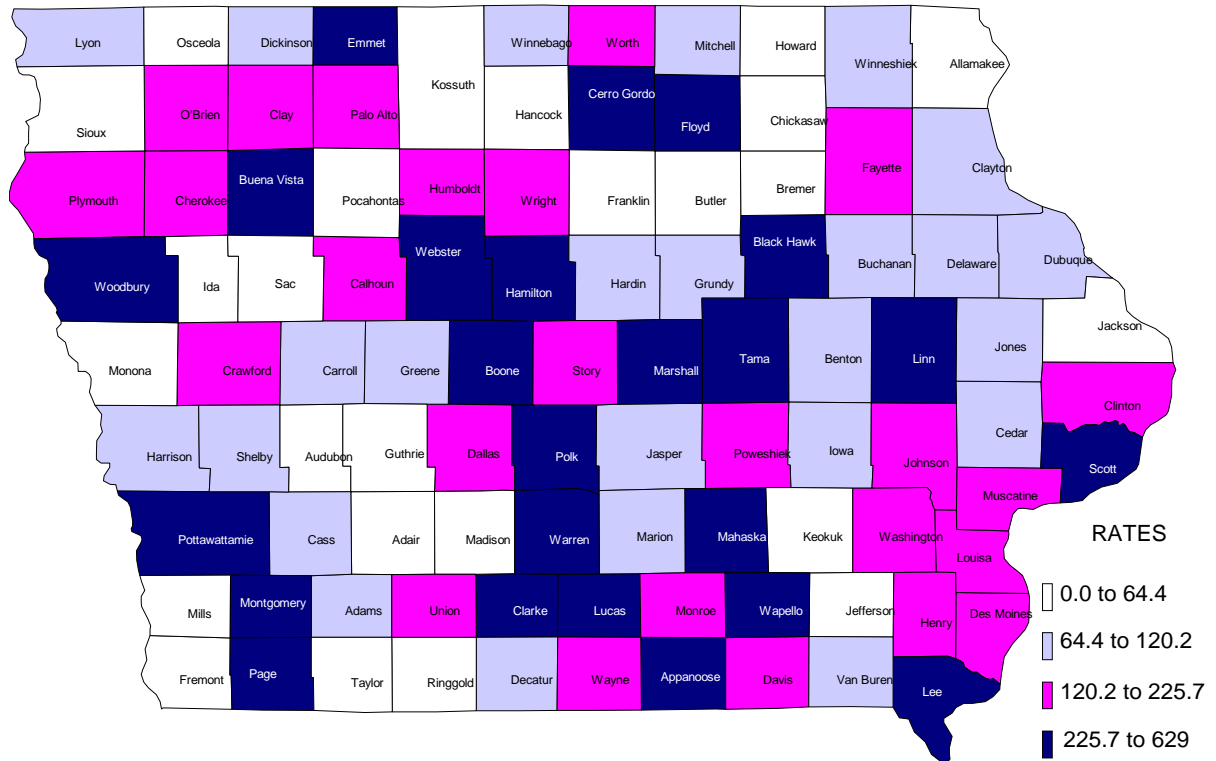
Table 13. Day of Week of the Incident for 2003/2005						
	2003		2004		2005	
Day of Week	Incidents		Incidents		Incidents	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Monday	830	12	632	10	765	11
Tuesday	970	14	794	13	831	12
Wednesday	1,015	14	828	13	970	14
Thursday	844	12	865	14	838	12
Friday	984	14	968	16	934	14
Saturday	1,262	18	1,080	17	1,283	19
Sunday	1,141	16	1,058	16	1,155	17
Total	7,046		6,225		6,776	



Incidents of domestic abuse were reported more frequently on the weekends than on weekdays. In all years Saturday and Sunday accounted for approximately twenty percent each of all reported incidents until 2000 but other days of the week still show smaller percentages.

AND WHERE

Table 9 shows the rate per 100,000 population for each of the 99 counties in Iowa. Rates were figured by total population regardless of compliance or completeness of data. Those counties with missing general crime data are indicated with an “*” in the table below.

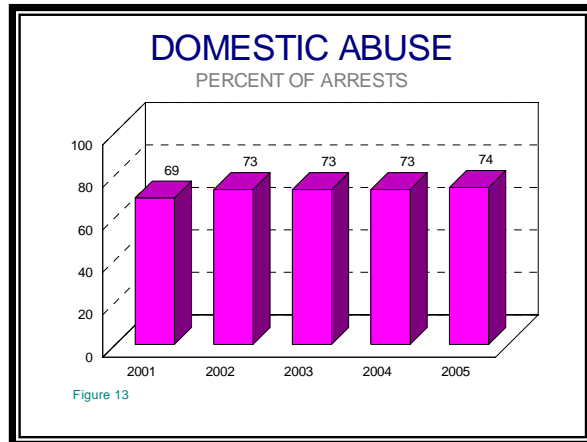


Adair	25.1	Clay	165.3	Hancock	42.2	Madison	53.3	Sac	36.8
Adams	69.2	Clayton	81.7	Hardin	87.8	Mahaska	291.6	*Scott	626.3
*Allamakee	0.0	Clinton	199.7	Harrison	75.5	*Marion	97.3	*Shelby	70.2
Appanoose	329.2	*Crawford	182.4	Henry	191.7	Marshall	335.3	*Sioux	31.0
*Audubon	46.1	Dallas	158.7	Howard	60.8	Mills	0.0	Story	120.2
*Benton	101.0	Davis	125.9	Humboldt	138.8	*Mitchell	90.8	Tama	244.2
Black Hawk	273.3	*Decatur	81.7	Ida	0.0	*Monona	0.0	Taylor	59.6
Boone	225.7	Delaware	82.7	Iowa	80.8	Monroe	126.7	Union	157.8
Bremer	29.7	Des Moines	224.3	*Jackson	59.0	*Montgomery	332.1	Van Buren	77.5
Buchanan	104.1	*Dickinson	107.5	Jasper	84.5	*Muscatine	208.3	*Wapello	325.5
Buena Vista	232.2	Dubuque	83.2	Jefferson	43.5	O'Brien	124.3	Warren	266.8
Butler	0.0	Emmet	385.1	Johnson	193.0	Osceola	44.0	Washington	126.3
Calhoun	160.2	*Fayette	188.2	Jones	86.8	Page	232.9	Wayne	120.8
Carroll	71.5	Floyd	271.1	Keokuk	0.0	Palo Alto	173.2	Webster	245.9
Cass	111.7	*Franklin	27.8	Kossuth	60.8	Plymouth	139.9	Winnebago	78.7
Cedar	92.8	*Fremont	0.0	Lee	395.9	Pocahontas	36.8	Winneshek	75.2
*Cerro Gordo	298.6	Greene	99.1	*Linn	401.9	Polk	270.3	Woodbury	627.8
Cherokee	183.7	Grundy	64.4	Louisa	156.0	Pottawattamie	323.7	Worth	142.0
*Chickasaw	15.8	Guthrie	0.0	Lucas	327.9	Poweshiek	183.1	*Wright	124.1
Clarke	367.2	Hamilton	232.5	*Lyon	84.8	*Ringgold	0.0		

ARRESTS

Section 236.11 of the *Code of Iowa*, enacted by the Iowa General Assembly in 1986, effected a change in the law regarding domestic abuse. This law requires an investigating peace officer of a domestic abuse complaint to arrest the alleged offender if there is probable cause to believe that domestic abuse has occurred. Before the law took effect arrests were made in approximately twenty percent of the incidents. Following the “mandatory arrest” law, the ratio of arrests began climbing from less than 20 percent in the first half of 1986 to reach the seventy percent range by the last quarter of 1988 (not shown).

Figure 13 shows the percent of arrests for 2000 through 2005.



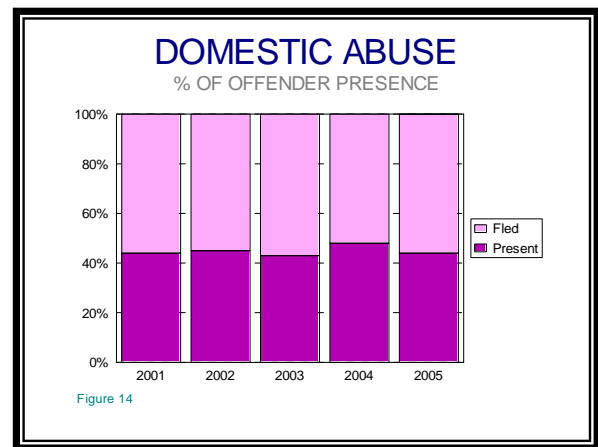
The charges ranged from trespass and drunkenness to burglary, robbery, aggravated assault (1,453 or 28%) and murder, with most being arrested for simple assault (3,627 or 69%). Refer to the **Murder** section for homicides of those in a domestic situation. Almost a quarter of the men arrested were African American in 2005. Further, of those males arrested for aggravated assault 22 percent were African American and when the charge was simple assault, African American males accounted for 31 percent of the males.

The following is based on any offenses per arrestee. Minor violations are usually the precipitating traffic violation that brought the domestic situation to the attention of law enforcement.

Table 14.

	Male							Female								
	Asian	Af. Amer.	Nat. Am.	Unk	White	Sub	Asian	Af. Amer.	Nat. Am.	Unk	White	Sub	TOTAL	%		
Murder					2	2						0	2	0.0		
Kidnapping		3			17	20		1				1	21	0.4		
For. Rape		1			2	3						0	3	0.1		
Agg. Aslt.	9	266	13	7	892	1,187	3	70	2	2	189	266	1,453	27.6		
Simp. Aslt	26	676	28	22	2,159	2,911	9	65	15	5	622	716	3,627	69.0		
Intimidation					6	6						0	6	0.1		
Arson					1	1						0	1	0.0		
Burglary		12			10	22					3	3	25	0.5		
Larceny		2	1		1	4						0	4	0.1		
M. Veh.T.					1	1						0	1	0.0		
Vandalism		2			5	7		1			3	4	11	0.2		
Drug		4			6	10		2			2	4	14	0.3		
Drug Equip.		1			2	3					2	2	5	0.1		
Stat. Rape					1	1						0	1	0.0		
Weapons					3	3						0	3	0.1		
Minor Viol.	1	14		2	47	64		4			11	15	79	1.5		
TOTAL	36	981	42	31	3,155	4,245	12	143	17	7	832	1,011	5,256			

A factor determining the arrest of the offender of domestic abuse is physical presence. Beginning in 1991, information was collected as to whether an offender was at the scene when the law enforcement agency arrived or if the offender had fled. Fifty-six percent of the offenders in 2001 and 2005 were reported to have fled the scene, fifty-two percent in 2004, fifty-seven percent in 2003, and fifty-five percent in 2002. Figure 13 shows this information graphically for the years 2001-2005.



	Asian	Afric. Am.	Nat. Am.	Unk.	White	TOTAL
No	28	962	42	36	2,982	4,050
Yes	34	622	46	11	2,437	3,150
TOTAL	62	1,584	88	47	5,419	7,200

In 2005, sixty-one percent of African American offenders fled the scene of an incident of domestic abuse, 7.8% above the total percent (56.3). Forty-seven percent of those identified as Native

American and forty-five percent of the white and Asian offenders fled the scene of an incident.

Note: There is no state audit system monitoring the UCR crime reporting system. There are many statistical ways to show “completeness.” Iowa general crime is estimated at 94.3 percent complete based on the state population and contributions by individual law enforcement agencies (more ways in Section A). “Completeness” of Domestic Violence is harder to ascertain due to the smaller numbers, willingness of all parties to report this crime, as well as many other factors.

LAW ENFORCEMENT

the people that make the organization

DIED IN THE LINE OF DUTY

2003 Dennis McElderry, Davis Co S.O.
 1998 Edward Halligan, Muscatine Co S.O.
 1997 Gilbert Androy, Freemont Co S.O.
 1993 Kipton Hayward, Polk Co S.O.
Todd Stone, Clinton P.D.
 1990 Allen Neiland, Iowa State Patrol

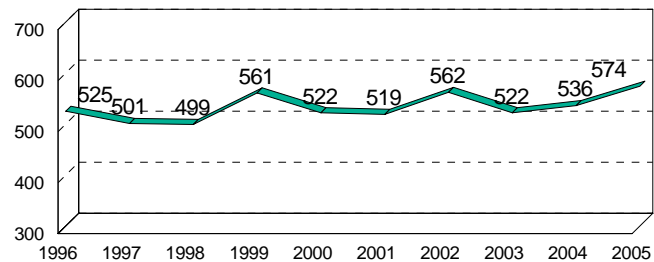


...AND ASSAULTED

Caution should be used when analyzing this data. As with the crime data, it represents reports from law enforcement jurisdictions representing approximately ninety-one percent of the total population of Iowa.

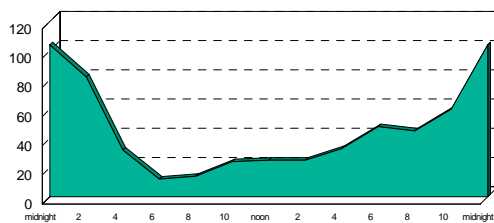
OFFICERS ASSAULTED

1996 - 2005



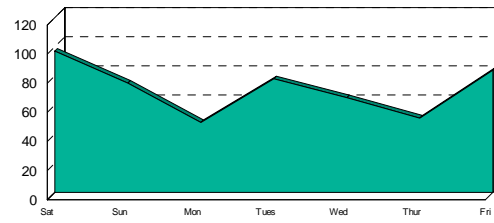
INCIDENTS OF ASSAULTS BY HOUR

2005



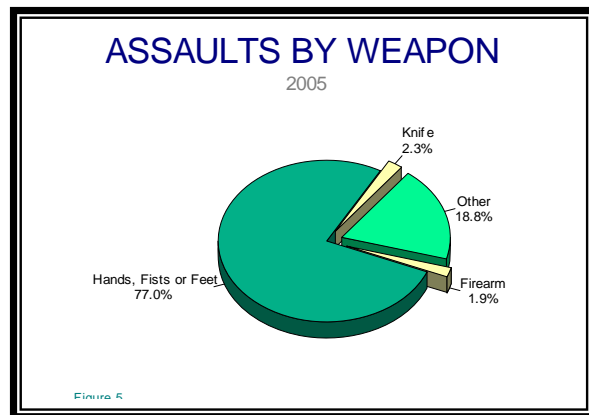
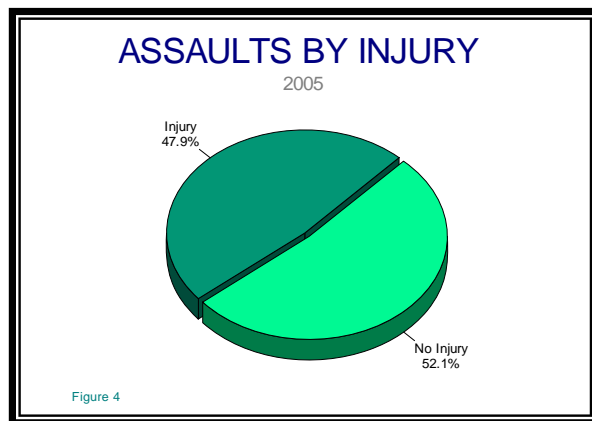
INCIDENTS OF ASSAULTS BY DAY

2005



In 2005, approximately 1/3 of assaults on law enforcement officers occurred during a disturbance call, over half (53%) of those officers were not injured. Over half (52%) of the officers were injured “attempting other arrests,” the second most likely type of activity.

ASSAULTS BY ACTIVITY				
Activity	Injury	W/O Injury	Total	% of Tot.
Disturbance Call	87	100	187	32.6
Burglary in Progress	4	7	11	1.9
Robbery in Progress		1	1	0.2
Attempting Other Arrests	69	64	133	23.2
Civil Disorder	2	2	4	0.7
Handling or Transporting Prisoners	45	35	80	13.9
Investigating Suspicious Persons or Circumstances	8	8	16	2.8
Ambush - No Warning	1	1	2	0.3
Mentally Deranged	1	4	5	0.9
Traffic Pursuits or Stops	26	17	43	7.5
All Other Circumstances	41	51	92	16.0
Total	284	290	574	



ASSAULTS BY ASSIGNMENT				
Assignment	Injury	W/O Injury	Total	% of Tot.
Two Officer Car	54	59	113	19.7
Uniformed	51	56	107	18.6
Plain Clothes	3	3	6	1.0
One Officer Car	176	196	372	64.8
Uniformed - alone	63	60	123	21.4
Uniformed - assisted	106	131	237	41.3
Plain Clothes - alone	5		5	0.9
Plain Clothes - assisted	2	5	7	1.2
Other	54	35	89	15.5
Other - alone	18	8	26	4.5
Other - assisted	36	27	63	11.0
Total	284	290	574	

Clearly, more officers are assaulted in a one officer car (65%) than a two officer car (20%). Using the total number of officers and the total assaults reported for 2005, approximately 12 percent of the total workforce was assaulted. (This statement does not account for duplication of officer assaults).

LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEES

OFFICERS	5,009
Increase from 2004	+0.7%
05 Rate per 1,000 pop.	1.7
04 Rate per 1,000 pop.	1.7
03 Rate per 1,000 pop.	1.7

The Program Services Bureau of the Department of Public Safety not only collects uniform crime reporting data but also collects information on law enforcement civilian personnel as well as law enforcement officers. The information displayed below is from the 99 county sheriffs, the 3 state universities, 131 police departments and the Iowa Department of Public Safety.

Officers of the Iowa Department of Public Safety are in the Division of State Patrol, the Division of Criminal Investigation, the Division of Narcotics Enforcement and the Fire Marshal Division.

FULL TIME LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEES			
Officers	Male	Female	Total
DPS	535	36	571
Univ. Depts. Of Public Safety	64	12	76
Police Departments	2,636	219	2,855
Sheriff Offices	1,406	101	1,507
TOTAL	4,641	368	5,009
Civilians			
DPS	120	163	283
Univ. Depts. Of Public Safety	18	15	33
Police Departments	110	503	613
Sheriff Offices	666	950	1,616
TOTAL	914	1,631	2,545

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

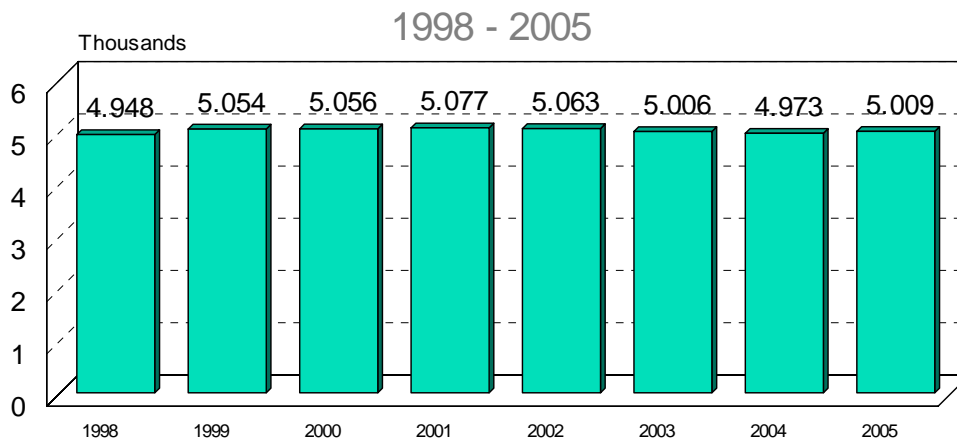


Figure 6