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December 1, 2006

The Honorable Thomas J. Vilsack Governor State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319

The Honorable Members lowa General Assembly Statehouse Des Moines, Iowa 50319

Dear Governor Vilsack and Members of the Iowa General Assembly:

On behalf of the staff of the Iowa Department of Revenue, I am pleased to submit our Fiscal Year 2006 Annual Report. The mission of our Department is "To serve Iowans and to support government services in Iowa by collecting all taxes required by law, but no more." This is accomplished by providing taxpayers with current and complete information, and up-to-date technology to support tax filings and payments. This report provides information about some of the ways in which that mission was accomplished during the past fiscal year.

We recognize our responsibilities to the taxpayers, and service is a priority. We are pleased to offer our professional services through the Internet and will continue to make progress and improve on those services.

Our actions will comply with the statutory provisions of the State of lowa, and our duties under those statutes will be carried out in a fiscally responsible manner. Thank you for this opportunity to serve you and our State.

Mark R. Schuling

Director

IOWA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

To be recognized as a Department employing a well-trained work force that in a fair and respectful manner provides responsive and accurate services that enable all customers to comply with lowa's tax law.

To serve lowans and to support government services in lowa by collecting all taxes required by law, but no more.

- We will create an environment of collaboration and partnership in order to improve voluntary compliance with lowa's tax system.
- We will safeguard our customers' confidential information.
- We will provide a consistent, fair and professional program of collection services.
- We will improve our methods of processing tax returns and payments and managing tax revenues so that these transactions will be timely, accurate and cost effective.
- We will support Department operations by responsibly managing our finances to provide an environment that nurtures our human resources, enhances technology platforms and continues a strong program of performance measurement and evaluation.
- We will provide education and supervision so that property assessment will be uniform, fair and equitable, and we will assist local governments by efficiently administering the local option tax programs.
- We will provide expert advice and support to policy-makers and to local and state government entities to promote economic growth in the state and accountability in the administration of the state tax system.

Our Vision

Our Mission

Our Goals

Division Administrators

FISCAL YEAR 2006

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Individual Income Tax, Corporation Income Tax
Partnership Income Tax, Franchise Income Tax
Sales Tax, Retailer's Use Tax
Consumer's Use Tax, Local Option Taxes
Hotel / Motel Tax, Car Rental Tax
Withholding Tax, Motor Fuel Tax
Cigarette / Tobacco Tax, Inheritance & Estate Taxes
Fiduciary Tax, Property Tax
Motor Vehicle Use Tax, Drug Stamp Tax
Real Estate Transfer Tax, Moneys & Credits Tax

Taxes
Established
by Iowa Code

Electronic Filing of Business Taxes

Withholding: 98% of all returns were e-filed through eFile & Pay

Paper: 6,671 E-filed: 322,744

Sales/Use: 93% of all returns were e-filed through eFile & Pay

Paper: 27,292 E-filed: 369,165

LPG: 99% of all returns were e-filed through eFile & Pay

120 filers

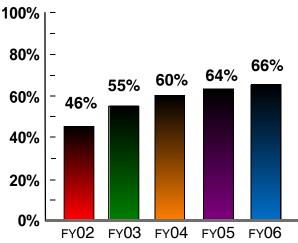
Motor Fuel: 99% of all returns were e-filed through eFile & Pay

270 filers

Electronic Filing of Individual Income Tax

For tax year 2005, 66 percent of individual income tax returns were filed electronically. Ninety-six percent of e-filers had their refunds in 14 days. Eighty-six percent of refunds from paper-filed returns were issued in 60 days.

Iowans Choose to eFile Individual Income Tax Returns



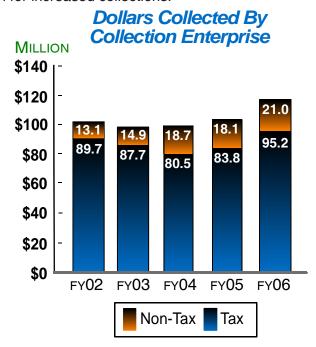
lowa has more than 120,000 businesses collecting sales tax and more than 83,000 employers withholding income tax.

The Department processes more than 1.4 million individual income tax returns.
Almost 63% are refund returns.

MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS

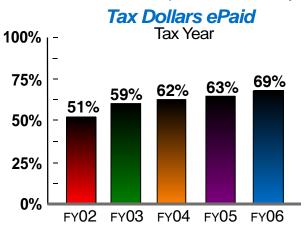
Collections

- Began collecting Department of Natural Resources debt.
- Special Events Vendors: Encouraged permanent tax permits; 37% attending more than three events obtained permanent permits. Increased collections by mail instead of onsite visits.
- Motor Vehicle Use Tax: Improved exemption certificate review by going from a bulky mail process to a sleek computerized process.
- Technology Improvements: More sophisticated auto dialer techniques using virtual agent technology and credit bureau scoring is now used for calling campaigns. Federal data is used to obtain asset information for increased collections.



Electronic Payments

The Department received 69% of all deposits electronically.



FISCAL YEAR 2006

Child support, college loan, and court debt are also collected by the Department.

Electronic payment options include direct debit (ePay through eFile & Pay), ACH credit, and credit card. Sixty-eight percent of withholding and 50% of sales and use payments were received through ePay.

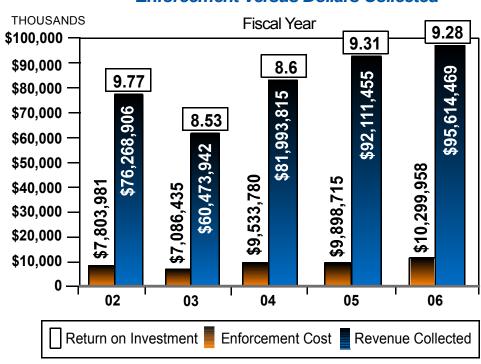
IOWA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Return on Investment

Every \$1 invested in audit activities generated \$9 in taxes collected. An investment of \$9.89 million in audit activities produced more than \$95 million for the General Fund to finance services to lowans.

Return on Investment Dollars Spent on Enforcement Versus Dollars Collected



FISCAL YEAR 2006

Revenue collected continues to increase as additional tools are developed to aid compliance activities.

GROSS TAX COLLECTIONS AND REFUNDS

Gross Tax Collections - \$6,764.9 MILLION

Inheritance and Estate \$73.0 1.1% Consumption \$524.9 **7.8%** Miscellaneous \$184.6 2.7% Sales and

L Use \$2,658.9

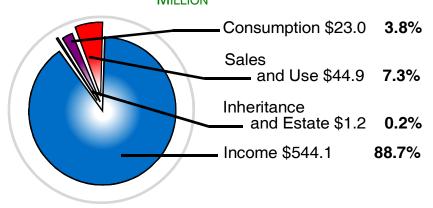
Income \$3,323.5 49.1%

39.3%

FISCAL YEAR 2006

Electronic payment options speed up the deposit of revenues. improving the State's cash flow.

Tax Refunds - \$613.2 MILLION



Individuals and businesses may obtain refunds of tax they paid in error.

REVENUE SOURCES

Income Taxes - \$3,323.5 MILLION Corporate \$352.4 10.7% Franchise \$35.5 1.0% Individual \$2,935.6 88.3%

with individual income tax returns. For tax year 2006, \$75.7 million was distributed to 290 of Iowa's 365 school districts. The surtax is used for educational improvement programs.

School district

surtax is collected

FISCAL YEAR 2006

Sales/Use Taxes - \$2,658.9 MILLION Sales \$1,573.5 59.2% Regular Local Option Sales Tax \$211.4 7.9% School Local Option Sales Tax \$302.5 11.4% Hotel/Motel Tax \$32.0 1.2% Motor Vehicle Use \$254.3 9.6% Use \$285.2 10.7%

Sixty of lowa's 99 counties had a total sales tax rate of 7%. Eleven counties were at 6%; 27 had varying rates, and one was at 5%.

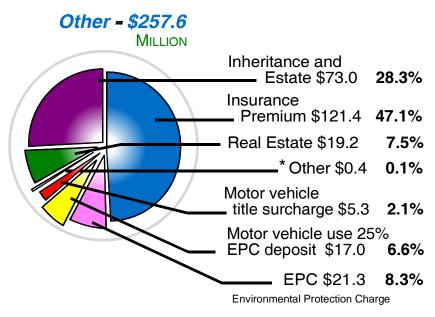
In a typical year, lowans register about 800,000 vehicles and pay the motor vehicle use tax.

REVENUE SOURCES

Consumption - \$524.9 MILLION Cigarette \$89.5 17.0% Tobacco \$9.2 1.8% Motor Fuel \$426.2 81.2%

FISCAL YEAR 2006

Cigarettes are taxed at 36 cents for a pack of 20 and 45 cents for 25. Other tobacco products are taxed at a rate of 22 percent of the wholesale price.



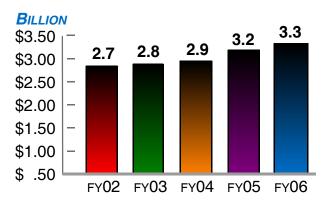
* Hazardous materials permit fee, Reimbursements, Miscellaneous

The insurance premium tax is administered by the lowa Department of Commerce. The **Iowa Department** of Revenue serves as a depository. The tax is imposed on the premiums of every insurance company except fraternal beneficiary associations.

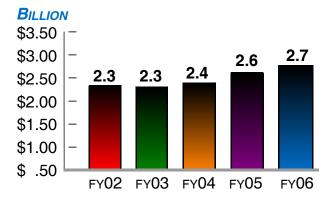
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GROSS COLLECTIONS BY TAX TYPE 5-YEAR COMPARISON

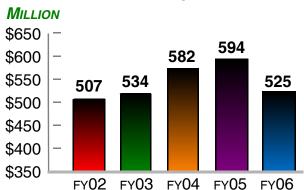
Income



Sales/Use



Consumption



FISCAL YEAR 2006

Income taxes include individual, corporation and franchise.

Sales, use and motor vehicle use taxes are represented. The state rate for each of these is 5 percent.

"Consumption" taxes are cigarette, tobacco, and motor fuel taxes.

FISCAL YEAR 2006

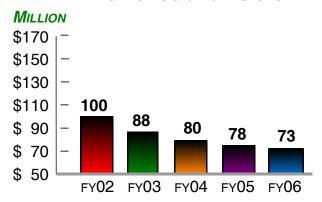
In 1997, lowa law eliminated inheritance tax on lineal ascendants and descendants, including stepchildren. For deaths after January 1, 2005, Federal law changed the state death tax credit to a deduction, thus eliminating lowa estate tax.

Inheritance and Estate

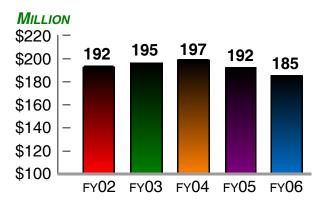
GROSS COLLECTIONS

BY TAX TYPE

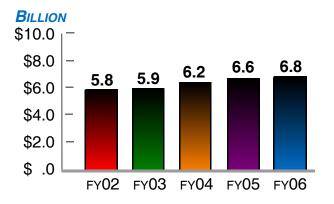
5-YEAR COMPARISON



Miscellaneous



All Tax Types



Miscellaneous

Taxes include:

- Environmental Protection Charge
- Motor Vehicle Use 25% EPC Deposit
- Real Estate Transfer Tax
- Hazardous
 Materials Permit
 Fees
- Insurance
 Premium Tax
- Reimbursements
- Motor Vehicle Title Surcharge
- Other

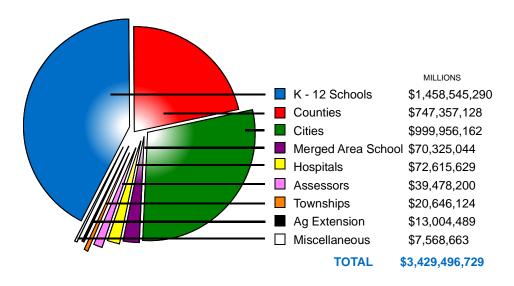
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PROPERTY TAX



Property Tax Levied By Type of Taxing Authority

TOTAL \$3,429,496,729



The Department assists local governments in making property tax assessments fair and in compliance with the law. It also assesses all railroads, utilities and pipelines in the state, administers certification exams for assessors and deputy assessors, and issues equalization orders every two years.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

Tax Gap Program

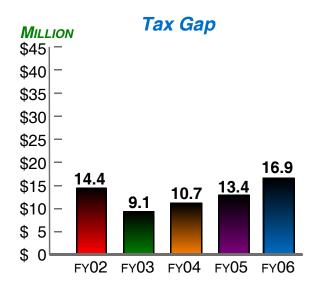
The Tax Gap Program is a Department initiative to improve tax compliance through advanced utilization of technology. Tax Gap consists of four major components: Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW), Business Intelligence, Web-based Audit Component application, and a number of automated interface programs.

During FY06, three additional internal and external source system data files were loaded to the EDW to support and enhance match programs and the business user with needed information to improve compliance processes.

Heightened usability of Business Object reports occurred by promoting these reports to all field auditors and by utilization of these reports by the Department's Collections Section. More than 190 Department employees are now utilizing 117 available reports.

In FY06, enhanced functionality of the Web-based Audit Component was completed to support additional tax types and interface programs to further automate audit activities and the movement of audit results. Better audit coverage has been provided through the enhancements made to the system, resulting in an average of 33 percent more returns being reviewed by Compliance Division staff.

The Tax Gap Program successfully recognized \$16.9 million during FY06, which is a 24 percent increase from FY05. Total Tax Gap program revenues since its initiation in 2000 are \$70.0 million.



FISCAL YEAR 2006

Tax Gap began in 1999 when the Department partnered with an outside vendor to provide data warehousing technology.

Cutting-edge data warehouse technology permitted 33 percent more returns to be reviewed by Compliance Division staff.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

Compliance Report

Fiscal Year 2006 was a successful year in that most of the goals established for the year were met. While compliance is not always measured in terms of dollars collected, projections for FY06 exceeded \$95.7 million dollars for revenue collections and refund reductions made through audits of selected refund claims. This broke down as follows:

\$41.2 million from office exams

\$5.1 million from in-state field audit

\$4.0 million from out-of-state field audit

\$16.9 million from Tax Gap

\$28.5 million from refund claim reductions

This was a 4 percent increase over FY05 enforcement totals.

As a Charter Agency, the Department produced more than \$3.2 million in revenue collected or reduced interest paid out through expediting refunds. The Department was provided with funding to hire additional staff, which resulted in a \$3.2 million increase to the General Fund.

While much emphasis is given to enforcement collections, the department's primary focus and best way to secure compliance is through taxpayer service and education programs. The Department continues to provide more electronic filing options for lowa taxpayers and more self-help and 24/7 service to the general public. By providing more self-help options, the number of calls handled directly by our Taxpayer Service Specialists dropped from 108,000 in FY05 to 99,000 in FY06. The number of e-mail inquires and responses did rise from 24,500 in FY05 to 29,300 in FY06.

Most taxpayers file and pay their taxes voluntarily. Non-compliant taxpayers are pursued through a variety of audit programs.

FISCAL YEAR 2006

Auditors are located in Iowa, Illinois, Washington, Kansas and Pennsylvania.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORTS

Report on Information System Activity Integrated Revenue Information System (IRIS)

Streamlined Sales Tax Project

Applications that permit the receipt and processing of sales tax transactions and payments from retailers participating under the Streamlined Sales Tax Project were developed. New processes allow the secure receipt of tax transactions from various types of filers over the Internet. These services were designed in such a way as to assist the Department in implementing additional e-filing solutions.

Business Tax eFile & Pay

Enhancements to IRIS were made, which expanded services offered through the eFile & Pay application. Electronic filing of motor fuel tax returns and schedules and filing of sales tax consolidated return data are now allowed. Additional maintenance on IRIS expanded interfaces between eFile & Pay and applications that support functional areas such as tax compliance, collections and fiscal analysis.

Currently, more than 95 percent of sales and withholding tax quarterly tax returns are filed electronically. eFile & Pay supports the electronic payment of taxes, and, in fiscal year 2006, more than 82 percent of sales and withholding taxes were remitted electronically. Efforts continue to increase acceptance of the program and to ensure that customer satisfaction remains strong.

Individual Income Tax Returns

Once again, lowans have accepted the use of electronic filing of income tax returns in record numbers, with nearly 925,000 returns filed electronically in 2006. This represents almost two-thirds of all income tax returns filed. Because of the high degree of accuracy of electronically-filed returns and the efficiency of tax return processing through IRIS, the Department achieved its goal of processing more than 95 percent of electronic refund requests within 14 days of receipt for the fifth consecutive year.

Individual Income Tax Abatements - Calendar 2005

The director of the Department of Revenue is provided with the statutory authority "to abate any portion of tax, interest or penalties which he determines are excessive in amount, or erroneously or illegally assessed." Abatements apply to those cases in which the initial protest occurs after the 60-day appeal period has expired and in which the taxpayer produces records substantiating the claim to reduced tax liability.

The table below summarizes the individual income tax abatements allowed in calendar 2005:

Number of Returns	Тах	Penalty (includes fees)	Interest	Total Amounts
2,629	\$7,822,859	\$908,944	\$2,591,747	\$11,323,550

Extending the availability of electronic services continues to be an area of emphasis. The Department received more than 2 million transactions and payments via its electronic services.

LEARN MORE ABOUT US

Results Iowa

To learn about the department's goals, strategic and performance plans, and the strategies we use to achieve results, please see our page on the Results Iowa Web site at http://www.resultsiowa.org/revenue.html

Online Services, Tax Forms and Publications www.state.ia.us/tax

Assistance from a tax specialist:

E-mail: idr@iowa.gov

Telephone: **515/281-3114** or **1-800-367-3388** TDD for hearing impaired: **515/242-5942**

Mail: Taxpayer Services

Iowa Department of Revenue

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