

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE
STATE OF IOWA

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Auditor of State

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Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006

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NEWS RELEASE

FOR RELEASE

October 15, 2021

Contact: Marlys Gaston
515/281-5834

Auditor of State Rob Sand today released an audit report on the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The Commission's revenues totaled \$728,297 for the year ended June 30, 2020, a 6.8% increase over the prior year. Expenses for the year ended June 30, 2020 totaled \$879,648, a 10.7% increase over the prior year. The significant increase in expenses is due primarily to an increase in salaries and benefits that resulted from an additional employee hired in fiscal year 2020.

AUDIT FINDINGS:

Sand reported three findings related to the revenue and expense of taxpayer funds. They are found on pages 36 through 39 of this report. The findings address issues such as a lack of segregation of duties and material corrections made to the financial statements. Sand provided the Commission with recommendations to address each of the findings.

All of the findings discussed above are repeated from the prior year. The Commission Officials have a fiduciary responsibility to provide oversight of the Commission's operations and financial transactions. Oversight is typically defined as the "watchful and responsible care" a governing body exercises in its fiduciary capacity.

A copy of the audit report is available for review on the Auditor of State's web site at <https://auditor.iowa.gov/audit-reports>.

###

REGIONAL UTILITY SERVICE SYSTEMS COMMISSION

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS**

JUNE 30, 2020

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission



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September 2, 2021

Officials of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission
Mount Pleasant, Iowa

Dear Commission Members:

I am pleased to submit to you the financial and compliance audit report for the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission for the year ended June 30, 2020. The audit was performed pursuant to Chapter 11.6 of the Code of Iowa and in accordance with U.S. auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission throughout the audit. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or my staff at 515-281-5834.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Rob Sand".

Rob Sand
Auditor of State

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Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Representing</u>
Daryl Wood	Chairperson	Keokuk County
Lee Dimmitt	Vice-Chairperson	Jefferson County
Chris Ball	Secretary/Treasurer	Louisa County
Jim Cary	Member	Des Moines County
Ron Fedler	Member	Lee County
Greg Moeller	Member	Henry County
Mark Meek	Member	Van Buren County
Bruce Hudson	Executive Director	



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Net Position, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Cash Flows of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related Notes to Financial Statements which collectively comprise the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Commission's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

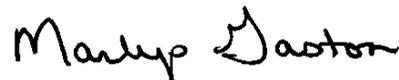
Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Commission Contributions on pages 6 through 9 and 28 through 33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 2, 2021 on our consideration of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Marlys K. Gaston, CPA
Deputy Auditor of State

September 2, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Regional Utility Service Systems Commission (Commission) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Commission's operating revenues increased \$46,728, or 6.9%, over the prior fiscal year. User fees increased \$53,030 while membership dues and other revenues decreased \$500 and \$5,802, respectively.
- The Commission's operating expenses were 11.7%, or \$82,038, more in fiscal year 2020 than in fiscal year 2019.
- The Commission's net position at June 30, 2020 decreased 2.0%, or \$151,351, from the June 30, 2019 net position.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Regional Utility Service Systems Commission is a 28E organization and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting employed by private sector business enterprises. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the Commission's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is the basic statement of activities for proprietary funds. This statement presents information on the Commission's operating revenues and expenses, non-operating revenues and expenses and whether the Commission's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents the change in the Commission's cash and cash equivalents during the year. This information can assist readers of the report in determining how the Commission financed its activities and how it met its cash requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Commission's financial position. The Commission's net position at the end of fiscal years 2020 and 2019 totaled approximately \$7,279,000 and \$7,431,000, respectively. This represents a decrease of approximately \$151,000 from fiscal year 2019, or 2.0%. A summary of the Commission's net position is presented below.

	Net Position	
	June 30,	
	2020	2019
Current assets	\$ 393,116	380,476
Restricted investments	376,868	345,438
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,459,165	9,686,060
Total assets	10,229,149	10,411,974
Deferred outflows of resources	64,874	60,473
Current liabilities	78,922	71,465
Noncurrent liabilities	2,912,362	2,962,770
Total liabilities	2,991,284	3,034,235
Deferred inflows of resources	23,496	7,618
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	6,649,218	6,821,647
Restricted for debt service	368,918	337,335
Unrestricted	261,107	271,612
Total net position	\$ 7,279,243	7,430,594

The unrestricted portion of the Commission's net position (3.6%) may be used to meet the Commission's obligations as they come due. The net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment portion of net position (91.3%) are resources allocated to capital assets. The remaining net position is restricted to pay revenue notes.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Operating revenues are from sewer users in communities where sewer systems have been completed and assessments from member counties. Operating expenses are expenses paid to operate the sewer systems. Non-operating revenues and expenses are for interest income and interest expense. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which allocates the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. A summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is presented below.

	Changes in Net Position	
	Year ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Operating revenues:		
User fees	\$ 658,964	605,934
Membership dues	53,500	54,000
Other	12,992	18,794
Total operating revenues	<u>725,456</u>	<u>678,728</u>
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	360,884	297,096
Operator labor and contractual services	1,951	2,546
Auto	11,437	31,044
Repair and maintenance	49,162	28,912
Utilities	14,164	13,851
Office	17,751	21,957
Legal and professional	46,313	27,726
Insurance	15,451	13,548
Testing	5,476	5,632
Depreciation	259,165	252,711
Miscellaneous	446	5,139
Total operating expenses	<u>782,200</u>	<u>700,162</u>
Operating loss	<u>(56,744)</u>	<u>(21,434)</u>
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	2,841	3,341
Interest expense	(97,448)	(94,841)
Net non-operating revenues	<u>(94,607)</u>	<u>(91,500)</u>
Change in net position	(151,351)	(112,934)
Net position beginning of year	<u>7,430,594</u>	<u>7,543,528</u>
Net position end of year	<u>\$ 7,279,243</u>	<u>7,430,594</u>

In fiscal year 2020, operating revenues increased \$46,728, or 6.9% primarily due to an increase in user fees. Operating expenses increased \$82,038, or 11.7%. Non-operating revenues decreased approximately \$500 due to a decrease in interest income.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, capital and related financing and investing activities. Cash provided by operating activities includes user fees and membership dues reduced by payments to employees and suppliers. Cash received and used by capital and related financing activities includes proceeds from borrowings, the acquisition of capital assets and the repayment of debt. Cash provided by investing activities includes interest income.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2020, the Commission had approximately \$9,459,000 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of approximately \$2,488,000. Depreciation expense totaled \$259,165 for fiscal year 2020. More detailed information about the Commission’s capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, the Commission had bonds outstanding as show below.

	Outstanding Debt at Year-End	
	June 30,	
	2020	2019
Revenue bonds	\$ 2,809,947	2,864,413

Additional information about the Commission’s long-term debt is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Commission’s financial position declined approximately \$151,000, or 2.0%, during the current fiscal year. No significant projects are planned in the coming year. The Commission continues to maintain the various sewer systems in existence and also plans to expand services provided to include environmental health services to certain communities.

CONTACTING THE COMMISSION’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Commission’s finances and to show the Commission’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission, 1501 W. Washington Street, Suite 103, Mt. Pleasant, Iowa 52641.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Basic Financial Statements

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 354,681
Receivables:	
Accounts	31,805
Prepaid insurance	<u>6,630</u>
Total current assets	<u>393,116</u>
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted investments	376,868
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>9,459,165</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>9,836,033</u>
Total assets	<u>10,229,149</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension related deferred outflows	<u>64,874</u>
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	4,695
Accrued interest payable	7,950
Current portion of revenue bonds payable	55,655
Compensated absences	<u>10,622</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>78,922</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Revenue bonds payable	2,754,292
Net pension liability	<u>158,070</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>2,912,362</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,991,284</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension related deferred inflows	<u>23,496</u>
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	6,649,218
Restricted for debt service	368,918
Unrestricted	<u>261,107</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,279,243</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and
Changes in Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2020

Operating revenues:	
User fees	\$ 658,964
Membership dues	53,500
Other	<u>12,992</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>725,456</u>
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and benefits	360,884
Operator labor and contractual services	1,951
Auto	11,437
Repair and maintenance	49,162
Utilities	14,164
Office	17,751
Legal and professional fees	46,313
Insurance	15,451
Testing	5,476
Depreciation	259,165
Miscellaneous	<u>446</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>782,200</u>
Operating loss	<u>(56,744)</u>
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	2,841
Interest expense	<u>(97,448)</u>
Net non-operating revenues	<u>(94,607)</u>
Change in net position	(151,351)
Net position beginning of year	<u>7,430,594</u>
Net position end of year	<u>\$ 7,279,243</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2020

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from user fees	\$ 633,320
Cash received from membership dues	53,500
Other operating receipts	12,992
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	<u>(498,195)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>201,617</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(32,270)
Payment to restricted bond investment accounts	(31,430)
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(54,466)
Interest paid on long-term borrowings	<u>(97,601)</u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	<u>(215,767)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	<u>2,841</u>
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(11,309)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>365,990</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 354,681</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (56,744)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	259,165
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:	
Accounts receivable	(25,644)
Prepaid expenses	1,695
Accounts payable	2,699
Net pension liability	5,939
Pension related deferred outflows	(4,401)
Pension related deferred inflows	15,878
Compensated absences	<u>3,030</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 201,617</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Regional Utility Service Systems Commission was formed in 1999 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of the Commission is to plan, design, develop, finance, construct, own, operate and maintain wastewater treatment systems for and on behalf of the counties, cities and unincorporated areas within the counties.

The governing body of the Commission is composed of one representative from each of the seven member counties. The member counties are Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Keokuk, Lee, Louisa and Van Buren. One commission member is appointed by each of the member counties.

The Commission's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Commission has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Commission are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Commission to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Commission. The Commission has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Commission are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Commission distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Commission's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The Commission considers all short-term investments that are highly liquid to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

Restricted Investments – Funds set aside for payment of revenue bonds and funded depreciation are classified as restricted.

Capital Assets – Capital assets are accounted for at historical cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. The cost of repair and maintenance is charged to expense while the cost of renewals or substantial betterments is capitalized. The cost and accumulated depreciation of assets disposed of are deleted, with any gain or loss recorded in current operations.

Reportable capital assets of the Commission are land, sewer systems and vehicles. Depreciation is charged using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Sewer systems are depreciated over fifty years.

Interest is capitalized on qualified assets acquired with certain tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the Commission after the measurement date but before the end of the Commission's reporting period.

Compensated Absences – Commission employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. The Commission's liability for accumulated vacation has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2020.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees’ Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS’ fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payment, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources consist of the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on IPERS’ investments and unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense.

E. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation adopted by the Commission or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Commission first applies restricted net position to payment of the expenses.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. In these financial statements, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and the reported amount of revenues and expenses involve extensive reliance on management’s estimates. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Commission’s deposits in banks at June 30, 2020 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Commission is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Commission; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The Commission had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 405,440	-	-	405,440
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Sewer systems	11,364,094	-	-	11,364,094
Vehicles	145,488	32,270	-	177,758
Less accumulated depreciation	2,228,962	259,165	-	2,488,127
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,280,620	(226,895)	-	9,053,725
Total capital assets, net	\$ 9,686,060	(226,895)	-	9,459,165

(4) Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year	Due Within One Year
Sewer revenue bonds	\$ 2,864,413	-	54,466	2,809,947	55,655
Compensated absences	7,592	3,030	-	10,622	10,622
Net pension liability	152,131	5,939	-	158,070	-
Total	\$ 3,024,136	8,969	54,466	2,978,639	66,277

Sewer Revenue Bonds

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the sewer revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 55,655	96,122	151,777
2022	57,609	94,165	151,774
2023	59,637	92,137	151,774
2024	61,743	90,031	151,774
2025	63,930	87,843	151,773
2026-2030	355,538	403,332	758,870
2031-2035	424,447	334,422	758,869
2036-2040	507,956	250,913	758,869
2041-2045	586,402	150,807	737,209
2046-2050	449,800	54,289	504,089
2051-2055	185,751	11,238	196,989
2056	1,479	58	1,537
Total	\$ 2,809,947	1,665,357	4,475,304

The Commission has issued \$3,176,500 of sewer revenue bonds, the proceeds of which were used to finance the costs pertaining to the acquisition and construction of wastewater treatment systems. The bonds are payable solely from wastewater customer net revenues (net operating revenues plus depreciation) of the specific projects identified below and are payable through 2056. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Commission paid principal of \$54,466 and interest of \$97,601 on the bonds.

The Commission has pledged future sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$3,176,500 of sewer revenue bonds issued. The revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Project	Date of Issue	Final Due Date	Amount Originally Issued	Remaining Principal and Interest at June 30, 2020	Current Year Principal and Interest	Current Year Net Revenues	Percentage of Debt Service to Net Revenues
Mt. Sterling	Oct 2002	Aug 2042	\$ 58,000	68,148	3,216	18,247	18%
Kinross	Oct 2004	Nov 2044	128,500	168,884	7,080	27,326	26%
Webster	Oct 2005	Oct 2045	166,000	219,123	8,832	25,357	35%
Martinsburg	Dec 2005	Dec 2045	200,000	265,329	10,632	19,563	54%
Harper	Jun 2007	Jun 2047	211,000	286,376	11,016	31,773	35%
Keswick	Jul 2009	May 2049	638,000	988,744	34,335	68,653	50%
Argyle	Apr 2010	Apr 2050	350,000	529,615	18,276	33,241	55%
Mt. Union	Oct 2010	Jul 2050	297,000	441,681	14,688	30,214	49%
Linby	Feb 2011	Feb 2051	85,000	128,710	4,320	6,972	62%
Pleasant Plain/East							
Pleasant Plain	Aug 2013	Aug 2056	501,000	652,397	19,248	45,066	43%
Ollie	Dec 2015	Dec 2055	542,000	726,297	20,424	60,937	34%
Total			\$ 3,176,500	4,475,304	152,067	367,349	

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the revenue bonds include the following provisions:

- a) The bonds are to be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the bond holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the systems.

- b) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to a bond sinking account for each project for the purpose of making the bond principal and interest payments when due.
- c) Additional monthly transfers to a reserve account are required by each resolution for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the bonds if sufficient funds are not available in the bond sinking account.
- d) The funded depreciation account is restricted for the purpose of paying extraordinary maintenance expenses, repair and capital improvements to the sewer projects or for principal and interest on the bonds when there are insufficient funds in the bond sinking and reserve accounts.

(5) Pension Plan

Plan Description – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the Commission, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the Commission are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits – A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member’s beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member’s accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS’ Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the “entry age normal” actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2020, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the Commission contributed 9.44% of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.73%.

The Commission’s contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$23,029.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2020, the Commission reported a liability of \$158,070 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Commission’s share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the Commission’s proportion was 0.002730%, which was an increase of 0.000326% over its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$40,445. At June 30, 2020, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 438	5,683
Changes of assumptions	16,932	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	17,813
Changes in proportion and differences between the Commission's contributions and its proportionate share of contributions	24,475	-
Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date	23,029	-
Total	<u>\$ 64,874</u>	<u>23,496</u>

\$23,029 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2021	\$ 12,361
2022	2,336
2023	1,769
2024	616
2025	1,267
Total	<u>\$ 18,349</u>

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increase (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 to 16.25% average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
Wage growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2019 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Asset Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic equity	22.0%	5.60%
International equity	15.0	6.08
Global smart beta equity	3.0	5.82
Core plus fixed income	27.0	1.71
Public credit	3.5	3.32
Public real assets	7.0	2.81
Cash	1.0	(0.21)
Private equity	11.0	10.13
Private real assets	7.5	4.76
Private credit	3.0	3.01
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the Commission will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 280,681	158,070	55,225

IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

Payables to IPERS – All legally required Commission contributions and legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages were remitted by the Commission to IPERS by June 30, 2020.

(6) Risk Management

The Commission is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 331.301 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 779 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The Commission's property and casualty contributions to the Pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the Pool. The Commission's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$5,492.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$500,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Commission's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Commission's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Commission's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claims was made or the loss was incurred.

The Commission does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2020, no liability has been recorded in the Commission's financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunding to the withdrawing member.

The Commission also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation in the amount of \$1,000,000. The Commission assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(7) COVID-19

In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a global pandemic. The disruption to businesses across a range of industries in the United States continue to evolve. The full impact to local, regional and national economies, including that of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission, remains uncertain.

To date, the outbreak has not created a material disruption to the operations of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission. However, the extent of the financial impact of COVID-19 will depend on future developments, including the spread of the virus, duration and timing of the economic recovery. Due to these uncertainties, management cannot reasonably estimate the potential impact to the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission.

Required Supplementary Information

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Schedule of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System
For the Last Six Years*

Required Supplementary Information

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Commission's proportion of the net pension liability	0.002730%	0.002404%	0.002305%	0.002184%
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 158,070	152,131	153,515	137,435
Commission's covered payroll	\$ 207,745	180,683	172,027	156,714
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	76.09%	84.20%	89.24%	87.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.45%	83.62%	82.21%	82.81%

* In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

2016	2015
0.001920%	0.002277%
94,847	90,301
135,467	153,460
70.01%	58.84%
85.19%	87.61%

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Schedule of Commission Contributions

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System
For the Last Ten Years*

Required Supplementary Information

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 23,029	19,611	16,135	15,362
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(23,029)	(19,611)	(16,135)	(15,362)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-
Commission's covered payroll	243,953	207,745	180,683	172,027
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.44%	9.44%	8.93%	8.93%

* GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Commission will present information for those years for which information is available.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
13,995	11,745	13,305	12,492	6,164	6,781
(13,995)	(11,745)	(13,305)	(12,492)	(6,164)	(6,781)
-	-	-	-	-	-
156,714	135,467	153,460	144,083	76,382	97,568
8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.67%	8.07%	6.95%

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension Liability

Year ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 2, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items (A) through (B) to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item (C) to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Commission's operations for the year ended June 30, 2020 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Commission. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

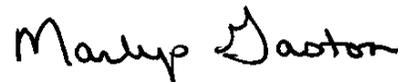
The Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's Responses to the Findings

The Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The Regional Utility Service Systems Commission's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the Regional Utility Service Systems Commission during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.



Marlys K. Gaston, CPA
Deputy Auditor of State

September 2, 2021

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2020

Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

(A) Segregation of Duties

Criteria – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the Commission's financial statements.

Condition – Generally, one individual opens the mail and has access to accounting records, including posting receipts, prepare billings and maintaining the accounts receivable records. Bank reconciliations are not prepared by someone who doesn't handle or record cash.

Cause – The Commission has a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

Effect – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Commission's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation – The Commission should review its control activities to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available staff, including Commission members, to provide additional control through review of financial transactions and reconciliations. These independent reviews should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

Response – The RUSS Executive Director has access to the accounting records at any time and works closely with the Finance Manager. The RUSS Executive Director receives emails regarding all deposits made by the Finance Manager as they are done electronically. The RUSS Executive Director reviews and approves all invoices and other items that are received through the mail and are stamped as such. The RUSS Executive Director will request to see all mail, before being opened, occasionally throughout the month for review.

Conclusion – Response acknowledged. The Commission should continue to review internal controls to obtain the maximum internal control possible.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2020

(B) Financial Reporting

Criteria – A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Properly designed policies and procedures and implementation of the policies and procedures are an integral part of ensuring the reliability and accuracy of the Commission’s financial statements.

Condition – The prepaid insurance, capital assets, accrued interest payable, accounts payable and long-term debt amounts were incorrectly recorded in the Commission’s financial records. Adjustments were subsequently made by the Commission to properly report the amounts in the Commission’s financial statements.

Cause – Commission policies do not require, and procedures have not been established to require balances be compared to the accounting records by an independent person.

Effect – Lack of policies and procedures resulted in Commission employees not detecting the errors in the normal course of performing their assigned functions and material adjustments to the Commission’s financial statements were necessary.

Recommendation – The Commission should implement procedures to ensure all balances are properly recorded in the Commission’s financial statements.

Response – Prepaid insurance, capital assets, accrued interest payable, accounts payable and long-term debt will be correctly recorded for the Commission’s financial records.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

(C) Debit Card

Criteria – Internal controls over safeguarding assets constitutes a process, effected by an entity’s governing body, management and other personnel designated to provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized transactions and safeguarding assets from error or misappropriation. Such processes include establishing policies addressing proper asset use and proper supporting documentation.

Condition – The Commission has a debit card available for use by Commission employees. Unlike credit cards, debit cards offer limited ability to set guidelines for access and limited, if any, repercussions for fraudulent transaction.

Cause – Officials have been aware of the repercussions of allowing the use of debit cards however they continued to use the card for the post office.

Effect – Allowing the use of debit cards could result in unauthorized transactions and the opportunity for misappropriations.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2020

Recommendation – The Commission Board should prohibit the use of debit cards for Commission purchases.

Response – The debit card is only used to purchase stamps at the post office due to the post office will not allow other RUSS employees to use the RUSS credit card to do so. The debit card was cancelled on April 14, 2021, after approval of the Board.

Conclusion – Response accepted. The Commission could consider establishing a petty cash fund for small purchases such as stamps.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2020

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- (1) Questionable Expenses – No expenses we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General’s opinion dated April 5, 1979 were noted.
- (2) Travel Expense – No expenses of Commission money for travel expenses of spouses of Commission officials or employees were noted.
- (3) Commission Minutes – No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- (4) Deposits and Investments – No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa were noted.
- (5) Revenue Bonds – The Commission has established the required sinking and reserve accounts for each project as required by the bond resolutions.
- (6) Restricted Donor Activity – No transactions were noted between the County, County officials, County employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.

Regional Utility Service Systems Commission

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Marlys K. Gaston, CPA, Deputy
Ryan J. Pithan, CPA, Manager
Nichole D. Tucker, Senior Auditor
Tristan J. Swiggum, Staff Auditor
Sarah B. Roemer, Staff Auditor