



**OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE
STATE OF IOWA**

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE _____ June 28, 2017 _____

Auditor of State Mary Mosiman today released an audit report on County Social Services for the year ended June 30, 2016.

County Social Services' revenues totaled \$20,823,041 for the year ended June 30, 2016, including \$16,318,821 of property and other county tax, \$1,397,583 from state tax credits, \$3,072,682 from charges for service and \$33,955 from operating grants, contributions and restricted interest.

Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$21,750,825, and included \$16,270,183 for direct services to consumers, \$2,591,733 for general administration and \$2,888,909 for County provided case management.

A copy of the audit report is available for review in the Office of Auditor of State and on the Auditor of State's web site at <https://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/1614-2361-B00F>.

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**COUNTY SOCIAL SERVICES
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS**

JUNE 30, 2016

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County Social Services

Regional Governance Board

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Representing</u>
Ken Abrams	Board Chair	Worth County Board of Supervisors
Dennis Koenig	Vice Chair	Allamakee County Board of Supervisors
Beverly Juhl	Secretary/Treasurer	Emmet County Board of Supervisors
Craig White	Board Member	Black Hawk County Board of Supervisors
Rex Ackerman	Board Member	Butler County Board of Supervisors
Phil Dougherty	Board Member	Cerro Gordo County Board of Supervisors
Richard Holthaus	Board Member	Chickasaw County Board of Supervisors
Ron McCartney	Board Member	Clayton County Board of Supervisors
Jeanine Tellin	Board Member	Fayette County Board of Supervisors
Roy Schwickerath	Board Member	Floyd County Board of Supervisors
James Ross	Board Member	Grundy County Board of Supervisors
Ron Sweeres	Board Member	Hancock County Board of Supervisors
Mark Kubik	Board Member	Howard County Board of Supervisors
Jerry Haverly	Board Member	Humboldt County Board of Supervisors
Roger Tjarks	Board Member	Kossuth County Board of Supervisors
Joel Voaklander	Board Member	Mitchell County Board of Supervisors
Clarence Siepker	Board Member	Pocahontas County Board of Supervisors
Larry Vest	Board Member	Tama County Board of Supervisors
Clark Fletcher	Board Member	Webster County Board of Supervisors
Bill Jensvold	Board Member	Winnebago County Board of Supervisors
Floyd Ashbacher	Board Member	Winneshiek County Board of Supervisors
Karl Helgevold	Board Member	Wright County Board of Supervisors
Tom Eachus	Non-voting Ex-Officio Board Member	
Eugene Schrandt	Non-voting Ex-Officio Board Member	
Bob Lincoln	Chief Executive Officer	
Karen Dowell	Chief Operating Officer	
Jodi Draper	Chief Financial Officer	

County Social Services



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Regional Governance Board of County Social Services:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of County Social Services, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise County Social Services' basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the Special Revenue, Mental Health Funds of Allamakee, Black Hawk, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Emmet, Fayette, Floyd, Hancock, Howard, Humboldt, Kossuth, Mitchell, Tama, Winnebago, Winneshiek, Worth and Wright Counties, which represent the following:

Member County	Share of Assets	Share of Fund Balance	Share of Revenues
Allamakee	1.97%	2.05%	4.07%
Black Hawk	20.08	15.01	27.58
Cerro Gordo	6.67	4.96	8.87
Chickasaw	1.98	1.78	3.86
Clayton	2.48	1.37	3.17
Emmet	1.94	2.01	1.84
Fayette	3.43	3.06	5.69
Floyd	2.73	1.69	4.90
Hancock	1.68	1.18	1.99
Howard	1.96	2.30	3.40
Humboldt	2.26	2.87	2.76
Kossuth	3.51	5.42	4.46
Mitchell	1.57	1.13	2.82
Tama	2.96	2.71	4.30
Winnebago	2.36	2.67	3.65
Winneshiek	3.36	2.63	3.98
Worth	1.21	1.07	1.37
Wright	2.71	3.20	3.08

Those Special Revenue, Mental Health Funds were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Allamakee, Black Hawk, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Emmet, Fayette, Floyd, Hancock, Howard, Humboldt, Kossuth, Mitchell, Tama, Winnebago, Winneshiek, Worth and Wright Counties, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to County Social Services' preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County Social Services' internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note 3, management has not recorded a liability for compensated absences in the governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current year change in that liability. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require compensated absences attributable to employee services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event outside the control of County Social Services and its employees be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position and change the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure affects the liabilities, net position and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

Also, as discussed in Note 3, management has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) in governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current year change in that liability. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require County Social Services' annual OPEB costs based on the annual required contribution of County Social Services, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, be accrued as liabilities and expenses, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position and change the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure affects the liabilities, net position and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

In addition, as discussed in Note 3, management has not recorded a net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded pension expense for the current year change in that liability, deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require pension costs attributable to employee services already rendered be accrued as liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses,

which would increase the liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and/or deferred inflows of resources, reduce the net position and change the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure affects the deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matters discussed in the “Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Governmental Activities” paragraphs above, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities of the governmental activities do not present fairly the financial position of the governmental activities of County Social Services as of June 30, 2016, or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the accompanying Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of each major fund present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Social Services as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.


Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management’s Discussion and Analysis which U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such omitted information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinions on the financial statements are not affected by this omitted information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2017 on our consideration of County Social Services’ internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering County Social Services’ internal control over financial reporting and compliance.


MARY MOSIMAN, CPA
Auditor of State

June 22, 2017

County Social Services

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit A

County Social Services
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2016

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 15,465,341
Receivables:	
Property tax:	
Delinquent	33,347
Succeeding year	14,797,295
Accounts	635,245
Due from other governments	1,569,780
Prepaid expenses	8,917
Total assets	<u>32,509,925</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,592,820
Salaries and benefits payable	132,116
Due to other governments	1,684,295
Total liabilities	<u>3,409,231</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable property tax revenue	<u>14,797,295</u>
Net Position	
Restricted for mental health purposes	<u>\$ 14,303,399</u>

See notes to financial statements.

County Social Services

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2016

	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Service		Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest
Governmental activities:				
Mental health	\$ 21,750,825	3,072,682	33,955	(18,644,188)
General Revenues:				
Property and other county tax levied for mental health purposes				16,318,821
State tax credits				1,397,583
Total general revenues				17,716,404
Change in net position				(927,784)
Net position beginning of year, as restated				15,231,183
Net position end of year				\$ 14,303,399

See notes to financial statements.

County Social Services

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue,			
	Fiscal Agent	Allamakee County	Black Hawk County	Butler County
Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 6,742,876	183,556	1,926,047	244,348
Receivables:				
Property tax:				
Delinquent	-	622	15,583	589
Succeeding year	-	344,274	4,376,280	356,000
Accounts	419,347	54,971	-	-
Due from other funds	-	58,176	-	-
Due from other governments	3,722	-	211,012	-
Prepaid expenditures	-	117	-	-
Total assets	\$ 7,165,945	641,716	6,528,922	600,937
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,569,229	103	745	63
Salaries and benefits payable	-	9,020	26,480	1,529
Due to other funds	-	-	388	-
Due to other governments	1,644,480	285	-	-
Total liabilities	3,213,709	9,408	27,613	1,592
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenues:				
Succeeding year property tax	-	344,274	4,376,280	356,000
Other	-	600	15,504	589
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	344,874	4,391,784	356,589
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable for prepaid expenditures	-	117	-	-
Restricted for mental health purposes	3,952,236	287,317	2,109,525	242,756
Total fund balances	3,952,236	287,434	2,109,525	242,756
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 7,165,945	641,716	6,528,922	600,937

Mental Health Funds								
Cerro Gordo County	Chickasaw County	Clayton County	Emmet County	Fayette County	Floyd County	Grundy County	Hancock County	Howard County
658,200	174,551	190,767	283,456	359,253	215,288	324,849	165,455	203,284
2,960	1,374	373	-	990	514	80	401	92
1,379,717	381,480	612,753	346,779	631,362	499,785	406,000	379,528	307,447
-	2,732	-	-	96	8	1,491	80	279
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
127,194	82,093	1,334	-	124,072	171,247	93,039	-	125,028
-	2,953	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>2,168,071</u>	<u>645,183</u>	<u>805,227</u>	<u>630,235</u>	<u>1,115,773</u>	<u>886,842</u>	<u>825,459</u>	<u>545,464</u>	<u>636,130</u>
1,813	10,045	-	181	256	1,101	160	-	81
14,134	2,371	78	340	14,713	-	-	-	5,800
145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	306	-	29	-	38,430	-	-	-
<u>16,092</u>	<u>12,722</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>14,969</u>	<u>39,531</u>	<u>160</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,881</u>
1,379,717	381,480	612,753	346,779	631,362	499,785	406,000	379,528	307,447
75,488	1,374	318	-	39,658	109,862	80	399	91
<u>1,455,205</u>	<u>382,854</u>	<u>613,071</u>	<u>346,779</u>	<u>671,020</u>	<u>609,647</u>	<u>406,080</u>	<u>379,927</u>	<u>307,538</u>
-	2,953	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>696,774</u>	<u>246,654</u>	<u>192,078</u>	<u>282,906</u>	<u>429,784</u>	<u>237,664</u>	<u>419,219</u>	<u>165,537</u>	<u>322,711</u>
<u>696,774</u>	<u>249,607</u>	<u>192,078</u>	<u>282,906</u>	<u>429,784</u>	<u>237,664</u>	<u>419,219</u>	<u>165,537</u>	<u>322,711</u>
<u>2,168,071</u>	<u>645,183</u>	<u>805,227</u>	<u>630,235</u>	<u>1,115,773</u>	<u>886,842</u>	<u>825,459</u>	<u>545,464</u>	<u>636,130</u>

(Continued on next page)

County Social Services

Balance Sheet
(Continued)

June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue,			
	Humboldt County	Kossuth County	Mitchell County	Pocahontas County
Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	357,658	717,175	102,501	218,685
Receivables:				
Property tax:				
Delinquent	588	623	126	493
Succeeding year	330,445	377,566	350,986	235,000
Accounts	47,014	23,563	57,347	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	22,345	-	-
Prepaid expenditures	-	-	-	3,166
Total assets	735,705	1,141,272	510,960	457,344
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	181	1,158	143	203
Salaries and benefits payable	1,766	334	1,560	3,763
Due to other funds	-	47	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	36
Total liabilities	1,947	1,539	1,703	4,002
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenues:				
Succeeding year property tax	330,445	377,566	350,986	235,000
Other	563	617	110	493
Total deferred inflows of resources	331,008	378,183	351,096	235,493
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable for prepaid expenditures	-	-	-	3,166
Restricted for mental health purposes	402,750	761,550	158,161	214,683
Total fund balances	402,750	761,550	158,161	217,849
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	735,705	1,141,272	510,960	457,344

See notes to financial statements.

Mental Health Funds							
Tama County	Webster County	Winnebago County	Winneshiek County	Worth County	Wright County	Reclassifications	Total
185,153	921,189	316,817	368,283	150,038	455,912	-	15,465,341
1,045	5,248	748	61	104	733	-	33,347
568,799	1,145,000	378,099	721,768	244,366	423,861	-	14,797,295
-	-	28,317	-	-	-	-	635,245
-	-	-	-	-	-	(58,176)	-
208,014	296,783	44,046	1,675	-	-	58,176	1,569,780
-	260	-	800	-	1,621	-	8,917
963,011	2,368,480	768,027	1,092,587	394,508	882,127	-	32,509,925
441	2,733	1,518	16	263	2,387	-	1,592,820
11,880	18,909	12,254	1,463	-	5,722	-	132,116
-	-	-	-	-	-	(580)	-
149	-	-	-	-	-	580	1,684,295
12,470	21,642	13,772	1,479	263	8,109	-	3,409,231
568,799	1,145,000	378,099	721,768	244,366	423,861	-	14,797,295
1,035	5,248	735	59	104	733	-	253,660
569,834	1,150,248	378,834	721,827	244,470	424,594	-	15,050,955
	260		800		1,621	-	8,917
380,707	1,196,330	375,421	368,481	149,775	447,803	-	14,040,822
380,707	1,196,590	375,421	369,281	149,775	449,424	-	14,049,739
963,011	2,368,480	768,027	1,092,587	394,508	882,127	-	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because certain long-term assets are not available to pay current year expenditures and, therefore, are recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds

Net position of governmental activities

253,660
\$ 14,303,399

County Social Services

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue,			
	Fiscal Agent	Allamakee County	Black Hawk County	Butler County
Revenues:				
Property and other county tax	\$ -	581,290	4,689,550	362,540
Intergovernmental revenues:				
State tax credits	-	49,007	412,344	33,168
Payments from member counties	16,555,423	-	-	-
Payments from MHDS fiscal agent to MHDS regional members	-	234,560	700,546	-
Reimbursement from other governments	-	3,731	-	-
Medicaid	1,821,859	218	-	78,386
Other	51,655	-	633	120
Total intergovernmental revenues	18,428,937	287,516	1,113,523	111,674
Charges for service	6,613	-	84,381	-
Use of money and property	35,738	-	-	1,403
Miscellaneous	112,749	1,173	362	-
Total revenues	18,584,037	869,979	5,887,816	475,617
Expenditures:				
Services to persons with:				
Mental illness	11,017,161	19,340	600,589	1,974
Intellectual disabilities	2,243,850	-	-	-
Other developmental disabilities	1,117,506	-	-	-
Brain injury	370,993	-	-	-
Total direct services to consumers	14,749,510	19,340	600,589	1,974
General administration:				
Direct administration	258,784	73,874	128,424	4,405
Purchased administration	149,908	-	-	-
Distribution to MHDS regional fiscal agent	-	526,800	4,728,060	389,944
Fiscal agent reimbursement to member counties	2,990,311	-	-	-
Total general administration	3,399,003	600,674	4,856,484	394,349
County provided case management	2,698,547	150,063	-	94,692
Total mental health, intellectual disabilities and developmental disabilities expenditures	20,847,060	770,077	5,457,073	491,015
Net change in fund balances	(2,263,023)	99,902	430,743	(15,398)
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated	6,215,259	187,532	1,678,782	258,154
Fund balances end of year	\$ 3,952,236	287,434	2,109,525	242,756

Mental Health Funds								
Cerro Gordo County	Chickasaw County	Clayton County	Emmet County	Fayette County	Floyd County	Grundy County	Hancock County	Howard County
1,544,522	462,319	611,406	346,129	711,992	558,958	428,125	392,951	337,002
127,896	39,780	65,836	-	73,159	52,399	29,651	32,006	29,177
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	176,619	136,601	-	-
-	-	-	-	143,508	258,485	-	-	239,932
-	-	-	-	114,007	-	150,517	-	-
215,144	252,476	-	43,981	181	-	5,618	-	-
343,040	292,256	65,836	43,981	330,855	487,503	322,387	32,006	269,109
-	69,702	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,058
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5,899	-	-	2,041	172,673	-	-	337	350
1,893,461	824,277	677,242	392,151	1,215,520	1,046,461	750,512	425,294	726,519
54,018	-	247	-	23,436	8,562	-	-	82,826
-	-	-	-	2,237	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	433	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
54,018	-	247	-	26,106	8,562	-	-	82,826
113,118	293,935	5,351	58,399	121,169	161,702	119,860	1,263	105,434
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,620,119	458,095	660,800	371,651	762,264	598,301	457,834	412,475	177,088
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,733,237	752,030	666,151	430,050	883,433	760,003	577,694	413,738	282,522
61,587	-	-	-	238,855	315,728	122,729	-	77,152
1,848,842	752,030	666,398	430,050	1,148,394	1,084,293	700,423	413,738	442,500
44,619	72,247	10,844	(37,899)	67,126	(37,832)	50,089	11,556	284,019
652,155	177,360	181,234	320,805	362,658	275,496	369,130	153,981	38,692
696,774	249,607	192,078	282,906	429,784	237,664	419,219	165,537	322,711

(Continued on next page)

County Social Services

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances
(Continued)

Year ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue,			
	Humboldt County	Kossuth County	Mitchell County	Pocahontas County
Revenues:				
Property and other county tax	335,770	650,444	376,944	252,546
Intergovernmental revenues:				
State tax credits	32,126	51,435	223,683	20,698
Payments from member counties	-	-	-	-
Payments from MHDS fiscal agent to MHDS regional members	-	-	-	106,516
Reimbursement from other governments	96,407	-	-	-
Medicaid	52,319	145,152	-	-
Other	72,667	792	503	76
Total intergovernmental revenues	253,519	197,379	224,186	127,290
Charges for service	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	105,089	-	-
Total revenues	589,289	952,912	601,130	379,836
Expenditures:				
Services to persons with:				
Mental illness	384	-	-	77,080
Intellectual disabilities	70,985	-	-	6,024
Other developmental disabilities	-	-	-	-
Brain injury	-	-	-	-
Total direct services to consumers	71,369	-	-	83,104
General administration:				
Direct administration	23,443	83,842	1,440	59,563
Purchased administration	-	-	-	-
Distribution to MHDS regional fiscal agent	360,200	569,635	398,161	265,986
Fiscal agent reimbursement to member counties	-	-	-	-
Total general administration	383,643	653,477	399,601	325,549
County provided case management	134,083	150,146	180,310	-
Total mental health, intellectual disabilities and developmental disabilities expenditures	589,095	803,623	579,911	408,653
Net change in fund balances	194	149,289	21,219	(28,817)
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated	402,556	612,261	136,942	246,666
Fund balances end of year	402,750	761,550	158,161	217,849

See notes to financial statements.

Mental Health Funds							
Tama County	Webster County	Winnebago County	Winneshiek County	Worth County	Wright County	Reclassification/ Elimination Entries	Total
528,748	1,355,227	367,174	729,438	264,630	450,402	-	16,338,107
47,745	131,454	32,536	64,465	25,551	38,404	(214,937)	1,397,583
-	-	-	-	-	-	(16,555,423)	-
-	681,746	172,039	-	-	65,704	(2,274,331)	-
-	-	-	-	-	100,768	(808,876)	33,955
97,814	-	-	-	-	-	(385,879)	2,074,393
216,979	604,419	206,288	55,016	2,033	404	(977,368)	751,617
362,538	1,417,619	410,863	119,481	27,584	205,280	(21,216,814)	4,257,548
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	280,754
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,141
26,300	9,299	879	298	-	939	-	438,388
917,586	2,782,145	778,916	849,217	292,214	656,621	(21,216,814)	21,351,938
-	168,820	93,026	-	10,866	397	-	12,158,726
31,586	-	267,843	-	-	-	-	2,622,525
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,117,939
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	370,993
31,586	168,820	360,869	-	10,866	397	-	16,270,183
110,943	560,887	14,825	53,729	-	568,257	(480,822)	2,441,825
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	149,908
485,083	1,377,296	393,878	780,557	280,374	-	(16,074,601)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,990,311)	-
596,026	1,938,183	408,703	834,286	280,374	568,257	(19,545,734)	2,591,733
190,403	-	-	-	-	145,694	(1,671,080)	2,888,909
818,015	2,107,003	769,572	834,286	291,240	714,348	(21,216,814)	21,750,825
99,571	675,142	9,344	14,931	974	(57,727)	-	(398,887)
281,136	521,448	366,077	354,350	148,801	507,151	-	14,448,626
380,707	1,196,590	375,421	369,281	149,775	449,424	-	14,049,739

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Change in fund balances \$ (398,887)

Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because some revenues will not be collected for several months after year end and, therefore, are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds

(528,897)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (927,784)

County Social Services

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

County Social Services, a jointly governed organization formed pursuant to the provision of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa which became effective July 1, 2011, includes the following member counties: Allamakee, Black Hawk, Butler, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Emmet, Fayette, Floyd, Grundy, Hancock, Howard, Humboldt, Kossuth, Mitchell, Pocahontas, Tama, Webster, Winnebago, Winneshiek, Worth and Wright. The member counties entered into this 28E agreement to create a mental health and disability service regional administrative entity as described by Chapter 331.389 of the Code of Iowa to provide local access to mental health and disability services for adults and to engage in any other related activity in which a 28E organization may lawfully be engaged.

County Social Services' Regional Governance Board is comprised of at least one Board of Supervisors' member, or their designees, from each member county. The Regional Governance Board also includes one individual who utilizes mental health and disability services or is an actively involved relative of such an individual and one individual representing service providers in the County Social Services service area, both serving in a nonvoting, ex-officio capacity.

County Social Services designated Butler County as the fiscal agent to account for all funds of the organization as permitted by Chapter 331.391 of the Code of Iowa.

Except as noted in the Independent Auditors Report, County Social Services' financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements of County Social Services are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of County Social Services', which includes funds held by County Social Services' fiscal agent and funds held by the individual member counties in their respective Special Revenue, Mental Health Funds. Capital assets used for mental health purposes are owned by the respective member counties and, accordingly, are not reported in these financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, County Social Services has included all funds, organizations, agencies, commissions and authorities. County Social Services has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with County Social Services are such that exclusion would cause County Social Services' financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on County Social Services. County Social Services has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

Entity-wide financial statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the activities of County Social Services.

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following category:

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function. Unrestricted interest income and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

County Social Services reports the following major governmental funds:

Special Revenue:

Mental Health Fund (Fiscal Agent) is used to account for the activity of County Social Services not expended directly from the Special Revenue, Mental Health Funds of the other member counties.

The Mental Health Funds of the other member counties are used to account for property tax and other revenues to be used to fund mental health, intellectual disabilities and developmental disabilities services.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The entity-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, County Social Services considers revenues to be available if they are collected by County Social Services or a member county within 90 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by County Social Services or a member county.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, County Social Services funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is County Social Services' policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, County Social Services' policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments – The cash balances of most County Social Services funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded either by the fiscal agent or a member county Special Revenue, Mental Health Fund unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates which are stated at amortized cost.

Property Tax Receivable – Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by each member county Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by each member county Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, each member county Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2014 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the each member county Board of Supervisors in March 2015.

Due from Other Governments – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Due to Other Governments – Due to other governments represents payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position which applies to a future year(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within 90 days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied.

Fund Equity – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form.

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

County Social Services' deposits in banks at June 30, 2016 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

County Social Services is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by County Social Services; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

County Social Services had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

(3) Compensated Absences, Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and Pension Plan

In accordance with statements of understanding between County Social Services' Regional Governance Board and each member county Board of Supervisors, County Social Services' Chief Executive Officer, the Coordinators of Disability Services and all support staff of County Social Services remain employees of the respective individual member counties. The applicable portion of the employee's wages and benefits are reimbursed to the individual member county by County Social Services.

The individual member county employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. The individual member county employees are also provided other postemployment and pension benefits. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and related expenses to be recorded when incurred for these items in the governmental activities financial statements. County Social Services' governmental activities financial statements do not report these amounts.

(4) Risk Management

County Social Services is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 331.301 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 746 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

County Social Services' property and casualty contributions to the Pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the Pool. County Social Services' contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$12,317.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claim exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by County Social Services' risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by County Social Services' risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by County Social Services' risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred.

County Social Services does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonable estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2016, no liability has been recorded in County Social Services' financial statements. As of June 30, 2016, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount, if any, to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

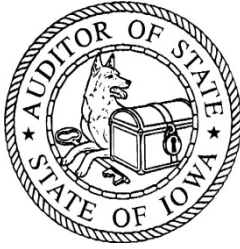
(5) Restatement

Wright County restated the beginning net position of the governmental activities and beginning fund balance of the Special Revenue, Mental Health Fund to account for a \$31,681 overstatement of deferred revenue as of June 30, 2015.

The effect of the restatement on County Social Services' beginning balances were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Wright County Special Revenue Mental Health
Net position/fund balance June 30, 2015, as previously reported	\$ 15,199,502	475,470
Overstatement of deferred revenue	31,681	31,681
Net position/fund balance July 1, 2015, as restated	<u>\$ 15,231,183</u>	<u>507,151</u>

County Social Services



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Regional Governance Board of County Social Services:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of County Social Services as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2017. Our report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements of each major fund. Our report expressed an adverse opinion on the financial statements of the governmental activities due to the omission of compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and pension related activity. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the Special Revenue, Mental Health Funds of Allamakee, Black Hawk, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Emmet, Fayette, Floyd, Hancock, Howard, Humbolt, Kossuth, Mitchell, Tama, Winnegbago, Winneshiek, Worth and Wright Counties, as described in our report on County Social Services' financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County Social Services' internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County Social Services' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County Social Services' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of County Social Services' financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item (A), we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County Social Services' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted an immaterial instance of non-compliance or other matters which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about County Social Services' operations for the year ended June 30, 2016 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of County Social Services. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.


County Social Services' Responses to the Findings

County Social Services' responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. County Social Services' responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County Social Services' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering County Social Services' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of County Social Services during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.


MARY MOSIMAN, CPA
Auditor of State

June 22, 2017

County Social Services

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

Finding Related to the Financial Statement:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

(A) Mental Health Financial Reporting

Criteria – Elimination entries are necessary to reduce revenues and expenditures in County Social Services' financial statements for financial activity occurring between the fiscal agent and the member counties. The Uniform Chart of Accounts for Iowa County Governments provides for the coding necessary to identify the elimination activity.

Condition – During the audit, we identified transactions between the fiscal agent and member counties which were not properly coded. Adjustments were subsequently made by County Social Services to properly report and eliminate these transactions in the financial statements.

Cause – Lack of oversight over member county reporting.

Effect – Certain financial activity occurring between the fiscal agent and the member counties was not coded correctly by member counties.

Recommendation – County Social Services should establish procedures to monitor the coding of revenues and expenditures in accordance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts for Iowa County Governments to ensure proper reporting in the financial statements.

Response – County Social Services will work with each County to ensure the proper coding is used.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

County Social Services

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- (1) County Social Services Minutes – No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Regional Governance Board minutes but were not.

However, minutes of Regional Governance Board proceedings were not published, as required by Chapter 28E.6(3)(a) of the Code of Iowa.

Recommendation – County Social Services should ensure the Regional Governance Board minutes are published as required.

Response – We have changed the process and the Board Secretary will be in charge of publishing minutes in the County where the meeting was held.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

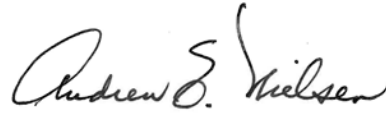
- (2) Travel Expense – No disbursements of County Social Services' money for travel expenses of spouses of County Social Services' officials or employees were noted.
- (3) Deposits and Investments – No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and County Social Services' investment policy were noted.
- (4) Questionable Disbursements – No disbursements we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.

County Social Services

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Donna Kruger CPA, Manager
Emma McGrane, Senior Auditor
Ian Judson, Assistant Auditor

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Andrew E. Nielsen". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looped initial "A".

Andrew E. Nielsen, CPA
Deputy Auditor of State