

## OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

David A. Vaudt, CPA Auditor of State

## State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

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NEWS	RELEASE

FOR RELEASE April 4, 2005 Contact: Andy Nielsen 515/281-5834

Auditor of State David A. Vaudt today released an audit report on Union County, Iowa.

The County has implemented new reporting standards for the year ended June 30, 2004, with significant changes in content and structure of the financial statements. The new financial statements now include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities which provide information about the activities of the County as a whole. Also included is Management's Discussion and Analysis of the County's financial statements.

The County had local tax revenue of \$13,962,996 for the year ended June 30, 2004, which included \$845,374 in tax credits from the state. The County forwarded \$9,366,632 of the local tax revenue to the townships, school districts, cities and other taxing bodies in the County.

The County retained \$4,596,364 of the local tax revenue to finance County operations. Other revenues included charges for service of \$743,136, operating grants, contributions and restricted interest of \$2,559,190, capital grants, contributions and restricted interest of \$301,634, unrestricted investment earnings of \$69,646 and other general revenues of \$182,859.

Expenses for County operations totaled \$7,236,915. Expenses included \$2,340,757 for roads and transportation, \$1,362,450 for mental health and \$1,121,437 for public safety and legal services.

A copy of the audit report is available for review in the Office of Auditor of State and the County Auditor's office.

## **UNION COUNTY**

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

**JUNE 30, 2004** 

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## Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
Robert G. Brown Donald W. Irelan Tom McCann Michael J. King Curt Turner	Board of Supervisors	Jan 2005 Jan 2005 Jan 2007 Jan 2007 Jan 2007
Sandy Hysell	County Auditor	Jan 2005
Linda Marley	County Treasurer	Jan 2007
Paula White	County Recorder	Jan 2007
Rick L. Piel	County Sheriff	Jan 2005
Timothy R. Kenyon	County Attorney	Jan 2007
Steven Gene Haner	County Assessor	Jan 2010



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## <u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>

To the Officials of Union County:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Union County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Union County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards and provisions require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Union County at June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2004, Union County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u>; Statement No. 37, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus</u>; Statement No. 38, <u>Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures</u>; Statement No. 41, <u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Perspective Differences</u>; and Interpretation No. 6, <u>Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u>.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2005 on our consideration of Union County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 13 and 46 through 48 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Union County's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2003 (which are not presented herein) and expressed qualified opinions on those financial statements for the effects of the omission of the general fixed assets account group. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 5 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

WARREN C. JENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

January 27, 2005

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Union County provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow.

Because Union County is implementing new reporting standards for this fiscal year with significant changes in content and structure, much of the information is not easily comparable to prior years. However, in future years, comparisons will be more meaningful and will go further in explaining the County's financial position and results of operations.

#### 2004 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's governmental fund revenues increased approximately \$1,120,000, or 16%, from fiscal 2003 to fiscal 2004. Property and other county tax increased approximately \$1,083,000.
- The County's governmental fund expenditures increased approximately \$253,000, or 3%, from fiscal 2003 to 2004. Roads and transportation expenditures decreased by approximately \$79,000 and capital projects expenditures decreased approximately \$57,000.
- The County's net assets increased approximately \$1,216,000 from June 30, 2003 to June 30, 2004.

## **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Union County as a whole and present an overall view of the County's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Union County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Union County acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of County government (Agency Funds).

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental and the individual Agency Funds.

#### REPORTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information which helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods.

The County's governmental activities are presented in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. Governmental activities include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, interest on long-term debt and non-program activities. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The County has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Mental Health, Rural Services and Secondary Roads, 3) the Debt Service Fund and 4) the Capital Projects Fund. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds account for the County's Internal Service, Employee Group Health Insurance Fund. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets and a statement of cash flows.

3) Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others which cannot be used to support the County's own programs. These fiduciary funds include Agency Funds that account for drainage districts, emergency management services and the County Assessor, to name a few.

The required financial statement for fiduciary funds is a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

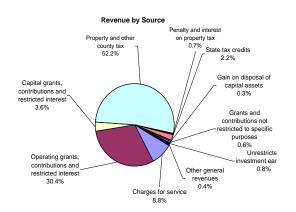
As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. Union County's combined net assets at June 30, 2004 totaled \$365,057. This compares to \$(850,857) at June 30, 2003, as restated. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in the net assets for governmental activities.

Net Assets of Governmental Activ (Expressed in Thousands)	vities	
	Jun	e 30, 2004
Current and other assets	\$	6,292
Capital assets		2,179
Total assets		8,471
Long-term liabilities		4,971
Other liabilities		3,135
Total liabilities		8,106
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		716
Restricted		2,207
Unrestricted		(2,558)
Total net assets	\$	365

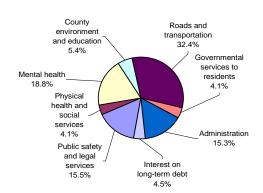
Net assets of Union County's governmental activities increased by \$1,215,914 (\$(850,857) compared to \$365,057). A large portion of the County's net assets is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with sources other than capital assets. Restricted net assets represent resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. Unrestricted net assets—the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements—are reported at approximately \$(2,558,000) at June 30, 2004. The negative unrestricted net asset balance is primarily attributed to the County's issuance of debt for which the related offsetting assets are not the County's.

## Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Expresssed in Thousands)

	Year ended June 30, 2004	
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for service	\$	743
Operating grants, contributions and restricted interest		2,559
Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest		302
General revenues:		
Property and other county tax		4,407
Penalty and interest on property tax		62
State tax credits		189
Gain on disposal of capital assets		29
Grants and contributions not restricted		
to specific purposes		53
Unrestricted investment earnings		70
Other general revenues		38
Total revenues		8,452
Program expenses:		
Public safety and legal services		1,121
Physical health and social services		294
Mental health		1,362
County environment and education		392
Roads and transportation		2,341
Governmental services to residents		294
Administration		1,104
Interest on long-term debt		328
Total expenses		7,236
Increase in net assets		1,216
Net assets beginning of year, as restated		(851)
Net assets end of year	\$	365



#### **Expenses by Program**



The County increased property tax rates for 2004 by an average of 9 percent. The increase is due to the debt service levy, the first for the County. The debt service levy will be used to pay the general obligation notes, the proceeds of which were used to defease the capital loan notes for the TIF project. The soybean processing plant in the TIF project previously owned by CF Processing has been sold to another company. This levy raised the County's property tax revenue by approximately \$1,120,000 in 2004. Based on decreases in the debt service levy, property tax revenue is budgeted to decrease by \$134,086 the next year.

#### INDIVIDUAL MAJOR FUND ANALYSIS

As Union County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2.7 million, an increase of approximately \$243,000 above last year's total of \$2.5 million. The increase in fund balance is primarily attributable to cut backs in spending by the departments. The following are the major reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year:

- General Fund revenues and expenditures decreased approximately \$79,000 and \$36,000, respectively. The ending fund balance showed a modest decline of \$50,802 from the prior year to approximately \$440,000.
- The County has continued to look for ways to effectively manage the cost of mental health services. For the year, expenditures totaled approximately \$1,362,000, an increase of 7% from the prior year. The Mental Health Fund balance at year end increased by approximately \$67,000 over the prior year.
- There were no significant changes in revenues of the Rural Services Fund. For the year, expenditures decreased approximately \$217,000 due to the debt payments being made out of the Debt Service Fund. The Rural Services Fund ending balance increased approximately \$50,000 over the prior year.
- Revenue for the Secondary Roads Fund increased approximately \$124,000 in fiscal year 2004. Secondary Roads Fund expenditures decreased by approximately \$19,000 over the prior year. The Secondary Roads Fund ending balance of \$1,033,058 was approximately \$415,000 lower than the prior year.
- During the year ended June 30, 2004, the County refinanced the general obligation bonds for a better interest rate. This will help the County in paying off the debt sooner. Debt Service Fund revenues increased approximately \$1,097,000 due to an increase in tax increment financing revenues. Expenditures also increased significantly, approximately \$544,000. The Debt Service Fund balance at year end increased by approximately \$561,000 over the prior year.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, Union County amended its budget two times. The first amendment was made in December 2003 and resulted in an increase in budgeted disbursements related to the purchase of a sheriff's vehicle, increase in medical examiner expenditures, replacement of sidewalk and windows in the courthouse, increase in county insurance/unemployment and de-appropriated from the departments to put into the Employee Group Health Fund. The second amendment was made in May 2004. This amendment was made due to the increase in pass-through grants and increases in labor consultant fees, audit expense, juvenile treatment and plowing/blading.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2004, Union County had approximately \$2,179,000 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including public safety equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads and bridges.

Capital Assets of Governmental Activities at Year End		_
(Expressed in Thousands)		
	June	30, 2004
Land	\$	254
Buildings and improvements		450
Equipment and vehicles		839
Infrastructure		243
Construction in progress		393
Total	\$	2,179
This year's major additions included (in thousands):		
Right-of-way	\$	225
Bridge project		243
Courthouse improvement project		33
Secondary roads equipment		193
Playground equipment and improvements		
at Three Mile Lake		48
Total	\$	742

The County had depreciation expense of \$227,292 in FY04 and total accumulated depreciation of \$3,260,396 at June 30, 2004. More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2004, Union County had approximately \$4,852,000 in general obligation bonds and other debt outstanding compared to approximately \$4,989,000 at June 30, 2003, as shown below.

Outstanding Debt of Governmental Activities at Year-End (Expressed in Thousands)		
	June	30, 2004
General obligation bonds Rural development loan	\$	4,828 24
Total	\$	4,852

Debt decreased as a result of refinancing the general obligation bonds for a lower interest rate.

The County continues to carry a general obligation bond rating of Aaa assigned by national rating agencies to the County's debt since 1995. The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt counties can issue to 5 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the County's corporate limits. Union County's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below its constitutional debt limit of \$16 million. Additional information about the County's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Union County's elected and citizens considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2005 budget, tax rates and fees that will be charged for various County activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in the County now stands at 5.1 percent (no change from a year ago). This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 4.7 percent and the national rate of 5.4 percent.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2005. Amounts available for appropriation in the operating budget are \$7.6 million, a decrease of 10 percent from the final 2004 budget. Property tax (benefiting from the 2004 rate increase and increases in assessed valuations) and State funding in several of our current programs are expected to lead this decrease. Union County will continue to finance programs we currently offer and offset the effect we expect inflation to have on program costs. Budgeted disbursements are expected to rise a little due to increase in wages and contract agreements, but departments are keeping other expenses the same as 2004. The County has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2005 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary balance is expected to modestly decrease by the close of 2005.

#### CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of Union County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Union County Auditor's Office, 300 N. Pine Street, Suite #2, Creston, Iowa 50801.



## Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2004

	vernmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 3,097,909
Receivables:	
Property tax:	
Delinquent	27,251
Succeeding year	2,808,000
Interest and penalty on property tax	34,641
Accounts	3,761
Accrued interest	794
Due from other governments	222,289
Inventories	97,242
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	 2,178,722
Total assets	8,470,609
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	179,733
Accrued interest payable	15,108
Salaries and benefits payable	45,856
Due to other governments	86,154
Deferred revenue:	
Succeeding year property tax	2,808,000
Long-term liabilities:	
Portion due or payable within one year:	
General obligation bonds	335,000
Compensated absences	65,589
Portion due or payable after one year:	
General obligation bonds	4,492,609
Rural development loan	24,000
Compensated absences	 53,503
Total liabilities	8,105,552
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	715,975
Restricted for:	
Supplemental levy purposes	245,253
Mental health purposes	304,160
Secondary roads purposes	968,194
Debt service	605,715
Other purposes	83,570
Unrestricted	 (2,557,810)
Total net assets	\$ 365,057

## Statement of Activities

## Year ended June 30, 2004

			Program Revenue	s	
			Operating Grants,	Capital Grants,	
			Contributions	Contributions	Net (Expense)
		Charges for	and Restricted	and Restricted	Revenue and Changes
	Expenses	Service	Interest	Interest	in Net Assets
Functions/Programs:					
Governmental activities:					
Public safety and legal services	\$1,121,437	15,353	38,237	-	(1,067,847
Physical health and social services	294,099	48,730	127,546	-	(117,823)
Mental health	1,362,450	95	671,698	-	(690,657)
County environment and education	391,549	132,557	-	114,719	(144,273)
Roads and transportation	2,340,757	40,448	1,721,709	186,915	(391,685)
Governmental services to residents	294,081	271,562	-	-	(22,519)
Administration	1,104,454	234,391	_	_	(870,063)
Interest on long-term debt	328,088	-	-		(328,088)
Total	\$7,236,915	743,136	2,559,190	301,634	(3,632,955
General Revenues:					
Property and other county tax levied for	:				
General purposes					3,223,571
Debt service					1,183,538
Penalty and interest on property tax					61,803
State tax credits					189,255
Gain on disposal of capital assets					29,500
Grants and contributions not restricted	to specific purp	oose			53,652
Unrestricted investment earnings					69,646
Miscellaneous					37,904
Total general revenues					4,848,869
Change in net assets					1,215,914
Net assets (deficit) beginning of year, as	restated				(850,857
Net assets end of year					\$ 365,057

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2004

		Spe	ecial Revenue	
		Mental	Rural	Secondary
	General	Health	Services	Roads
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 482,274	364,037	156,364	832,368
Receivables:				
Property tax:				
Delinquent	14,837	5,607	4,017	-
Succeeding year	1,647,000	614,000	486,000	-
Interest and penalty on property tax	34,641	-	-	-
Accounts	291	-	2,214	331
Accrued interest	10	-	-	-
Due from other governments	48,135	4,784	205	168,990
Inventories	-	-	-	97,242
Total assets	\$ 2,227,188	988,428	648,800	1,098,931
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 29,297	20,264	5,426	27,240
Salaries and benefits payable	13,692	1,092	5,812	25,260
Due to other governments	37,242	48,912	-	-
Deferred revenue:				
Succeeding year property tax	1,647,000	614,000	486,000	-
Other	60,302	5,569	6,231	12,473
Total liabilities	1,787,533	689,837	503,469	64,973
Fund balances:				
Reserved for:				
Supplemental levy purposes	246,892	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Resource enhancement and protection	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:				
General fund	192,763	-	-	-
Special revenue funds	-	298,591	145,331	1,033,958
Total fund balances	439,655	298,591	145,331	1,033,958
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,227,188	988,428	648,800	1,098,931

Debt		
Service	Nonmajor	Total
630,364	199,599	2,665,006
030,304	199,099	2,005,000
2,790	-	27,251
61,000	-	2,808,000
-	-	34,641
-	-	2,836
-	562	572
175	-	222,289
_	-	97,242
694,329	200,161	5,857,837
10.506		04.722
12,506	-	94,733
-	-	45,856 86,154
-	-	30,134
61,000	-	2,808,000
2,777	-	87,352
76,283	-	3,122,095
_	_	246,892
618,046	_	618,046
-	7,000	7,000
	•	,
-	-	192,763
	193,161	1,671,041
618,046	200,161	2,735,742
694,329	200,161	5,857,837

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2004

Total governmental fund balances (page 19)	\$ 2,735,742
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of assets is \$5,439,118 and the accumulated depreciation is \$3,260,396.	2,178,722
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	87,352
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of partial self funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	349,050
Long-term liabilities, including general obligation bonds payable, rural development loan payable, compensated absences payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(4,985,809)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 16)	\$ 365,057

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

## Year ended June 30, 2004

		0 110		
	-		Special Revenue	0 1
	0 1	Mental	Rural	Secondary
	General	Health	Services	Roads
Revenues:				
Property and other county tax	\$ 1,861,167	703,306	628,149	-
Interest and penalty on property tax	48,989	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	333,016	725,282	39,200	1,896,151
Licenses and permits	2,589	-	11,195	865
Charges for service	351,745	-	540	1,205
Use of money and property	79,204	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	21,120	562	-	54,466
Total revenues	2,697,830	1,429,150	679,084	1,952,687
Expenditures:				
Operating:				
Public safety and legal services	1,100,051	-	57,138	-
Physical health and social services	234,938	-	35,396	-
Mental health	-	1,362,450	-	-
County environment and education	256,704	-	54,687	-
Roads and transportation	-	-	68,543	2,287,735
Governmental services to residents	302,691	-	-	-
Administration	927,050	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	535,452
Total expenditures	2,821,434	1,362,450	215,764	2,823,187
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(123,604)	66,700	463,320	(870,500)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	114,760	-	-	455,060
Operating transfers out	(41,958)	-	(413,102)	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Discount on general obligation bonds issued		=	=	
Total other financing sources (uses)	72,802	-	(413,102)	455,060
Net change in fund balances	(50,802)	66,700	50,218	(415,440)
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated	490,457	231,891	95,113	1,449,398

-		
Debt		
Service	Nonmajor	Total
		_
1,180,761	-	4,373,383
-	-	48,989
24,669	139,608	3,157,926
-	-	14,649
-	27,899	381,389
5,190	13,152	97,546
-	-	76,148
1,210,620	180,659	8,150,030
_	9,500	1,166,689
_	5,500	270,334
_	_	1,362,450
_	8,473	319,864
_	-	2,356,278
_	2,235	304,926
57,581	_,	984,631
543,435	_	543,435
-	129,133	664,585
601,016	149,341	7,973,192
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
609,604	31,318	176,838
_	129,133	698,953
(114,760)	(129,133)	(698,953)
5,285,000	-	5,285,000
(5,201,234)	_	(5,201,234)
(17,213)	-	(17,213)
(48,207)	-	66,553
561,397	31,318	243,391
56,649	168,843	2,492,351
618,046	200,161	2,735,742

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds (page 23)		\$ 243,391
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year, as follows:		
Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 755,954 (227,292)	528,662
In the Statement of Activities, the gain on the disposition of capital assets is reported whereas the governmental funds report the proceeds from the sale as an increase in financial resources.		29,500
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's year end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds, as follows:		
Property tax Other	12,011 36,184	48,195
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year repayments exceeded issuances, as follows:		
Issued Repaid	(5,285,000) 5,422,391	137,391
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, as follows:		,,,,
Compensated absences Interest on long-term debt	(10,888) 11,403	515
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of partial self funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. The change in net assets of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental	,	
activities.		 228,260
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 17)		\$ 1,215,914

## Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2004

		Internal
	;	Service -
	E	Employee
		Group
		Health
Assets		_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	432,903
Receivables:		
Accounts		925
Accrued interest		222
Total assets		434,050
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		85,000
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	\$	349,050

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2004

		Internal Service - Employee Group Health
Operating revenues: Reimbursements from operating funds		\$ 871,932
Reimbursements from employees		88,044
Insurance reimbursements		71,771
Total operating revenues		1,031,747
Operating expenses:  Medical claims Insurance premiums Administrative fees Miscellaneous Operating income	\$ 574,606 167,851 61,908 3,283	807,648 224,099
Non-operating revenues:		
Interest income		4,161
Net income		228,260
Net assets beginning of year		120,790
Net assets end of year		\$ 349,050

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2004

	5	Internal Service - Employee Group Health
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from operating fund reimbursements	\$	876,751
Cash received from employees and others		159,815
Cash paid to suppliers for services		(827,648)
Net cash provided by operating activities		208,918
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		3,939
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		212,857
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		220,046
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$	432,903
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	224,099
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		4,819
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(20,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	208,918

## Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2004

Assets	
Cash and pooled investments:	
County Treasurer	\$ 1,329,838
Other County officials	22,159
Receivables:	
Property tax:	
Delinquent	70,075
Succeeding year	7,843,000
Accounts	61,142
Special assessments	204
Due from other funds	1,830
Due from other governments	15,872
Prepaid insurance	8,337_
Total assets	9,352,457
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	23,787
Salaries and benefits payable	286
Due to other funds	1,830
Due to other governments	9,269,791
Trusts payable	47,820
Compensated absences	8,943
Total liabilities	9,352,457
Net assets	\$ -

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2004

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Union County is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The County operates under the Board of Supervisors form of government. Elections are on a partisan basis. Other elected officials operate independently with the Board of Supervisors. These officials are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Sheriff and Attorney. The County provides numerous services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, roadway construction and maintenance and general administrative services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Union County has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. The County has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> – The County participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the County but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The County Board of Supervisors are members of or appoint representatives to the following boards and commissions: Union County Assessor's Conference Board and Union County Emergency Management Commission. Financial transactions of these organizations are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization and, as such, are reported in the Agency Funds of the County.

The County also participates in the following jointly governed organizations: Prairie Solid Waste Agency, South Iowa Area Detention Service Agency, Creston-Union Law Enforcement Commission, South Central Iowa Regional E911 Service Board and Union County Development Association.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the County's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

## Special Revenue:

The Mental Health Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues designated to be used to fund mental health, mental retardation and developmental disabilities services.

The Rural Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to provide services which are primarily intended to benefit those persons residing in the county outside of incorporated city areas.

The Secondary Roads Fund is used to account for secondary road construction and maintenance.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the County's general long-term debt.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

Proprietary Fund - An Internal Service Fund is utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the County and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, certain jointly governed organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursements grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the County applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The County maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the County are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the balance sheet:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> – The cash balances of most County funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund, unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> – Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year.

Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2002 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the County Board of Supervisors in March 2003.

<u>Interest and Penalty on Property Tax Receivable</u> – Interest and penalty on property tax receivable represents the amount of interest and penalty that was due and payable but has not been collected.

<u>Due from and Due to Other Funds</u> – During the course of its operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds. To the extent certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2004, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories in the Special Revenue Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the government), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Infrastructure	\$ 65,000
Land, buildings and improvements	25,000
Equipment and vehicles	5,000

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
T 1	10 50
Land improvements	10 - 50
Buildings & improvements	25 - 50
Infrastructure	10 - 65
Equipment	3 - 20
Vehicles	5 - 15

<u>Due to Other Governments</u> – Due to other governments represents taxes and other revenues collected by the County and payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

<u>Trusts Payable</u> – Trusts payable represents amounts due to others which are held by various County officials in fiduciary capacities until the underlying legal matters are resolved.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> – Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Compensated Absences – County employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused compensatory time and vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2004. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General, Rural Services and Secondary Roads Funds.

<u>Long-Term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u> – The unrestricted net assets of the Employee Group Health Fund is designated for anticipated future catastrophic losses of the County.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2004, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service and capital projects functions and disbursements in certain departments exceeded the amounts appropriated.

#### (2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The County's deposits in banks at June 30, 2004 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The County is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Supervisors; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

In addition, the County had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$18,553 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and are not subject to risk categorization.

#### (3) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2004 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Special Revenue:		
Secondary Roads	General Special Revenue:	\$ 41,958
	Rural Services	413,102
General	Debt Service	114,760
Capital Projects	Special Revenue: Resource Enhancement	
	and Protection Conservation Land	30,918
	Acquisition	98,215
Total		\$ 698,953

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

## (4) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	В	Balance eginning of Year, restated	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	28,800	224,819	-	253,619
Construction in progress, road network		-	243,439	(243,439)	-
Construction in progress		379,163	13,721	-	392,884
Total capital assets not being depreciated		407,963	481,979	(243,439)	646,503
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		1,428,002	33,298	_	1,461,300
Improvements other than buildings		-	27,710	_	27,710
Equipment and vehicles		2,873,509	242,467	(55,810)	3,060,166
Infrastructure, road network		2,070,009	243,439	(00,010)	243,439
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,301,511	546,914	(55,810)	4,792,615
Less accumulated depreciation for:		1,001,011	010,511	(00,010)	1,792,010
Buildings		1,001,867	35,065	_	1,036,932
Improvements other than buildings		1,001,007	1,847		1,847
Equipment and vehicles		2,087,047	190,226	(55,810)	2,221,463
Infrastructure, road network		2,007,017	150,220	(00,010)	154
Total accumulated depreciation		3,088,914	227,292	(55,810)	3,260,396
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,212,597	319,622	-	1,532,219
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,620,560	801,601	(243,439)	2,178,722

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:		
Public safety and legal services	\$	16,787
Physical health and social services		29,287
County environment and education		13,536
Roads and transportation		152,505
Administration	_	15,177
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	227,292

### (5) Due to Other Governments

The County purchases services from other governmental units and also acts as a fee and tax collection agent for various governmental units. Tax collections are remitted to those governments in the month following collection. A summary of amounts due to other governments is as follows:

Fund	Description	Amount
General	Services	\$ 37,242
Special Revenue:		
Mental Health	Services	 48,912
Total for governmental funds		\$ 86,154
Agency:		
County Recorder	Collections	\$ 8,183
Agricultural Extension Education		78,391
County Assessor		243,229
County Hospital		963,655
Schools		4,244,292
Community Colleges		181,711
Corporations		2,351,080
Auto License and Use Tax		201,204
Prairie Solid Waste Agency		801,044
All other		 197,002
Total for agency funds		\$ 9,269,791

### (6) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2004 is as follows:

	Capital Loan Notes	General Obligation Bonds	Rural Development Loan	Compen- sated Absences	Total
Balance beginning					
of year, as restated	\$ 4,965,000	-	24,000	108,204	5,097,204
Increases	-	5,285,000	-	96,667	5,381,667
Decreases	4,965,000	457,391	-	85,779	5,508,170
Balance end of year	\$ -	4,827,609	24,000	119,092	4,970,701
Due within one year	\$ -	335,000	-	65,589	400,589

The July 1, 2003 long-term liabilities balance has been restated, as follows:

Balance June 30, 2003, as previously reported	\$ 5,145,959
South Iowa Area Detention Service Agency (SIADSA) capital loan notes were removed from long-term debt and reclassified as a contingent liability since the note principal and interest are paid by the SIADSA (see note 13)	(68,000)
Compensated absences were increased due to implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.	19,245
Balance July 1, 2003, as restated	\$ 5,097,204

### General Obligation Bonds Payable

A summary of the County's June 30, 2004 general obligation bonded indebtedness is as follows:

			Series 2	2004				
Year		Issued June 1, 2004						
Ending	Interest	erest Principal						
June 30,	Rates		Amount	Interest	Total			
2005	2.50%	\$	335,000	181,299	516,299			
2006	2.50		345,000	172,924	517,924			
2007	2.50		355,000	164,299	519,299			
2008	3.25		365,000	155,424	520,424			
2009	3.25		375,000	143,561	518,561			
2010 - 2014	3.25-3.80		2,070,000	520,201	2,590,201			
2015 - 2017	3.90-4.00		1,440,000	116,340	1,556,340			
Total		\$	5,285,000	1,454,048	6,739,048			

During the ended June 30, 2004, the County issued \$5,285,000 in general obligation bonds which were sold at a discount. Unamortized discount at June 30, 2004 totaled \$457,391.

### Refunded General Obligation Bonds

During the year ended June 30, 2004, the County entered into an escrow agreement whereby the proceeds from general obligation refunding bonds were converted into U.S. government securities. These securities were placed in an escrow account for the express purpose of paying the principal and interest on the refunded general obligation capital loan notes as they become due. After the principal and interest on all of the outstanding notes have been paid, the remaining funds in the escrow account, together with any interest thereon, shall be returned to the County. The transactions, balances and liabilities of the escrow account are not recorded by the County. The amount of the refunded general obligation capital loan notes considered extinguished and, therefore, excluded from long-term liabilities was \$4,740,000 at June 30, 2004.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$545,000. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$211,529 and resulted in an economic gain of \$187,709.

### Rural Development Loan

On July 25, 2002, the County entered into an interest-free loan agreement with Farmers Electric Cooperative, Inc. of Greenfield, Iowa. The County borrowed \$24,000 to help finance the expansion and renovation of Three Mile Lodge operated by the Union County Conservation Board. The loan requires six equal payments of \$3,425, beginning three years after receipt of the funds, with a final payment of \$3,450 in the tenth year. The balance owed on the loan was \$24,000 at June 30, 2004. The proceeds of this loan are accounted for in the Special Revenue, Conservation Land Acquisition Fund.

### (7) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The County contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 5.75% of annual covered payroll, except for law enforcement employees, in which case the percentages for the year ended June 30, 2004 are 4.99% and 7.48%, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2003, the contribution rates for law enforcement employees and the County were 5.37% and 8.05%, respectively, and for the year ended June 30, 2002, the contribution rates for law enforcement employees and the County were 5.50% and 8.25%, respectively. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2003 and 2002 were \$116,273, \$108,669 and \$109,171, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### (8) Risk Management

Union County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The County assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### (9) Employee Health Insurance Plan

The Internal Service, Employee Group Health Fund was established to account for the partial self funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan. The plan is funded by both employee and County contributions and is administered through a service agreement with American Administrators. The agreement is subject to automatic renewal provisions. The County assumes liability for claims up to the individual stop loss limitation of \$20,000. Claims in excess of coverage are insured through purchase of stop loss insurance.

Monthly payments of service fees and plan contributions to the Employee Group Health Fund are recorded as expenditures from the operating funds. Under the administrative services agreement, monthly payments of service fees and claims processed are paid to American Administrators from the Employee Group Health Fund. The County's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2004 was \$871,932.

Amounts payable from the Employee Group Health Fund at June 30, 2004 total \$85,000, which is for incurred but not reported (IBNR) and reported but not paid claims. The amounts are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior year and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. That reserve was \$349,050 at June 30, 2004 and is reported as a designation of the Internal Service, Employee Group Health Fund net assets. A liability has been established based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Settlements have not exceeded the stop-loss coverage in any of the past three years. A reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liability for claims for the current year is as follows:

Unpaid claims beginning of year	\$ 105,000
Incurred claims (including claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2004)	503,096
Payment on claims during the fiscal year	(523,096)
Unpaid claims end of year	\$ 85,000

### (10) Jointly Governed Organization

Union County participates in the Creston - Union Law Enforcement Commission, a jointly governed organization formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. Financial transactions of this organization are included in the County's financial statements as part of the Other Agency Funds because of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization. The following financial data is for the year ended June 30, 2004:

Additions:		
Contributions from governmental units:		
Union County	\$ 52,334	
City of Creston	 53,113	
Total additions	 	\$ 105,447
Deductions:		
Office supplies	6,195	
Telephone	7,339	
Computer software maintenance	10,312	
Office equipment and repair	10,952	
Contractual services	5,287	
Inmate supplies	1,522	
Janitorial	4,004	
Utilities	21,709	
Insurance	2,615	
Principal redeemed	39,692	
Interest paid	4,124	
Building improvements	7,718	
Miscellaneous	 4,077	125,546
Net		(20,099)
Balance beginning of year		30,945
Balance end of year		\$ 10,846

### (11) Health Care Facility and Industrial Development Revenue Bonds

The County has issued \$4,900,000 of Health Care Facility and Industrial revenue bonds under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa. The bonds and related interest are payable solely out of revenues derived from a loan agreement entered into between the issuer and borrower, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute a liability of the County.

### (12) Hospital Revenue Capital Loan Notes

The County has issued \$1,021,500 of Hospital Revenue Capital Loan Notes pursuant to Chapters 331.402(3) and 331.461(1)(d) of the Code of Iowa. The notes and related interest are payable solely out of the net earnings of the Hospital and do not constitute a liability of the County.

### (13) Contingent Liabilities

Southwest Iowa Residential Facility, Inc.

Southwest Iowa Residential Facility, Inc. received a \$200,000 Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) loan in June, 1987 to assist in the construction of two group homes for mentally handicapped adults. Other financing for the project was provided through the Iowa Community Development Block Grant Program. Annual payments for the FmHA loan are to be made by Southwest Iowa Residential Facility, Inc. through June, 2011. However, Union County has agreed to guarantee these payments in the event Southwest Iowa Residential Facility, Inc. is unable to make the payments. At June 30, 2004, the balance of the loan was \$100,314.

### South Iowa Area Detention Service Agency

The South Iowa Area Detention Service Agency (SIADSA) is a public authority established in 1991 under a 28E agreement by Appanoose, Davis, Des Moines, Jefferson, Lee, Lucas, Louisa, Mahaska, Union and Wapello counties. On May 1, 1991, SIADSA issued \$2,300,000 in capital loan note certificates for construction of the detention center facilities and purchase of equipment. Each member county authorized separate loan agreements with SIADSA which were pledged as security for SIADSA's debt obligation through the 2005/2006 fiscal year.

During the year ended June 30, 2004, SIADSA refinanced the 1991 debt issuance to receive better interest rates. Each member county consented to SIADSA incurring indebtedness to refund the 1991 capital loan note certificates for cost savings and pledged the 1991 loan agreements as security for the new debt obligation provided the refunding debt does not extend beyond the 2005/2006 fiscal year.

Although Union County has authorized the loan agreement, it has not issued any debt as a guarantor for SIADSA. Accordingly, the County remains contingently liable in the event SIADSA cannot satisfy its debt obligation.

### Law Enforcement Center Bank Loan

On October 27, 2000, the Law Enforcement Center, a jointly governed organization formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa, entered into a loan agreement with Iowa State Savings Bank of Creston to borrow \$80,000 for updating the Union County Dispatch Center. The loan requires five annual payments of \$18,061 beginning January 15, 2001, including interest at 5.75% per annum. The Law Enforcement Center paid more than the required annual payment during the year ended June 30, 2004. The balance owed on the loan was \$7,530 at June 30, 2004.

On November 15, 2002, the Law Enforcement Center, entered into a loan agreement with Iowa State Savings Bank of Creston to borrow \$30,000 for jail improvements. The loan requires three annual payments of \$10,755 beginning July 15, 2003, including interest at 4.5% per annum. The Law Enforcement Center paid more than the required annual payment during the year ended June 30, 2004. The balance owed on the loan was \$16,006 at June 30, 2004.

The loan principal and related interest are to be paid exclusively from Law Enforcement Center revenues and do not constitute a liability of the County. The transactions for these loans are accounted for in an Agency Fund.

### (14) Accounting Change and Restatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 6, <u>Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u> was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2004. The interpretation modifies when compensated absence liabilities are recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Also, the Capital Projects Fund reported in previous years was eliminated at July 1, 2003. The fund included \$15,000 held by the South Iowa Area Detention Service Agency (SIADSA) for the County. However, SIADSA will not be refunding the \$15,000 to the County since it has been or will be used for paying the indebtedness.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u>; Statement No. 37, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus</u>; Statement No. 38, <u>Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures</u>; and Statement No. 41, <u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Perspective Differences</u> were implemented for the year ended June 30, 2004. The statements create new basic financial statements for reporting the County's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented in total in one column.

The government-wide financial statements report the County's governmental activities. Beginning net assets for governmental activities has been restated to include capital assets, the Internal Service Fund and the changes in assets and liabilities at July 1, 2003 resulting from the conversion to the accrual basis of accounting. These changes include the write-off of delinquent property tax for a soybean processing plant in an urban renewal project at July 1, 2003 determined to be uncollectible due to bankruptcy.

The effects of the accounting change and other restatements in the governmental activities are summarized as follows:

	Amount
Net assets June 30, 2003, as previously reported	\$ 2,488,106
GASB Interpretation 6 adjustments	19,245
Elimination of Capital Projects Fund	(15,000)
Net assets July 1, 2003, as restated for governmental funds	2,492,351
GASB 34 adjustments:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated	1,620,560
depreciation of \$3,088,913	
Internal Service Fund	120,790
Accrued interest payable	(26,511)
Long-term liabilities	(5,097,204)
Deferral of long-term assets	1,304,716
Write-off delinquent uncollectible	
property tax	 (1,265,559)
Net assets July 1, 2003, as restated	\$ (850,857)



## Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) – All Governmental Funds

## Required Supplementary Information

## Year ended June 30, 2004

			Budgeted A	Amounts	Final to Net
	Actual		Original	Final	Variance
Receipts:					
Property and other county tax	\$	4,373,370	3,955,960	3,754,060	619,310
Interest and penalty on property tax		48,916	31,695	31,695	17,221
Intergovernmental		3,120,101	3,095,075	3,095,075	25,026
Licenses and permits		14,709	16,190	16,190	(1,481)
Charges for service		397,890	292,005	292,005	105,885
Use of money and property		103,417	158,760	158,760	(55,343)
Miscellaneous		82,730	39,882	47,907	34,823
Total receipts		8,141,133	7,589,567	7,395,692	745,441
Disbursements:					
Public safety and legal services		1,159,531	1,154,574	1,248,630	89,099
Physical health and social services		285,305	369,701	369,414	84,109
Mental health		1,382,035	1,541,437	1,541,437	159,402
County environment and education		311,206	319,689	324,548	13,342
Roads and transportation		2,405,408	2,582,997	2,607,997	202,589
Governmental services to residents		304,596	340,350	349,109	44,513
Administration		957,854	783,238	1,081,511	123,657
Debt service		543,435	542,836	542,836	(599)
Capital projects		660,549	255,040	552,720	(107,829)
Total disbursements		8,009,919	7,889,862	8,618,202	608,283
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements		131,214	(300,295)	(1,222,510)	1,353,724
Other financing sources, net		43,553	-	107,300	(63,747)
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under) disbursements and other					
financing uses		174,767	(300,295)	(1,115,210)	1,289,977
Balance beginning of year, as restated		2,490,239	3,436,355	3,436,355	(946,116)
Balance end of year	\$	2,665,006	3,136,060	2,321,145	343,861

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

## Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2004

	Governmental Funds				
		Modified			
	Cash	Adjust-	Accrual		
	Basis	ments	Basis		
			_		
\$	8,141,133	8,897	8,150,030		
	8,009,919	(36,727)	7,973,192		
	131,214	45,624	176,838		
	43,553	23,000	66,553		
	2,490,239	2,112	2,492,351		
\$	2,665,006	70,736	2,735,742		
	_	Cash Basis  \$ 8,141,133 8,009,919 131,214 43,553 2,490,239	Accrual Cash Adjust- Basis ments  \$ 8,141,133		

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2004

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Internal Service and Agency Funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different County offices and departments. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon 10 major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These 10 functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, non-program, debt service and capital projects. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department. During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted disbursements by \$728,340. The budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

In addition, annual budgets are similarly adopted in accordance with the Code of Iowa by the appropriate governing body as indicated: for the County Extension Office by the County Agricultural Extension Council, for the County Assessor by the County Conference Board, for the E911 System by the Joint E911 Service Board and for Emergency Management Services by the County Emergency Management Commission.

During the year ended June 30, 2004, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service and capital projects functions and disbursements in certain departments exceeded the amounts appropriated.



## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2004

					Special
			Resource	County	County
	]	Flood	Enhancement	Recorder's	Recorder's
		and	and	Records	Electronic
	E	rosion	Protection	Management	Transaction Fee
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	1,678	7,000	31,627	24,601
Accrued interest receivable		-	-	-	_
Total assets	\$	1,678	7,000	31,627	24,601
Fund Equity					
Fund equity:					
Fund balances:					
Reserved for resource enhancement					
and protection	\$	-	7,000	-	-
Unreserved		1,678	-	31,627	24,601
Total fund equity	\$	1,678	7,000	31,627	24,601

Revenue			
			_
Conservation	Care		
Land	Facility		
Acquisition	Trust	Commissary	Total
			_
20,342	112,567	1,784	199,599
	562	, -	562
20,342	113,129	1,784	200,161
-		-	7,000
20,342	113,129	1,784	193,161
20,342	113,129	1,784	200,161

## Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2004

				Special
		Resource	County	County
	Flood	Enhancement	Recorder's	Recorder's
	and	and	Records	Electronic
	Erosion	Protection	Management	Transaction Fee
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	24,889	-	-
Charges for service	-	-	3,380	24,519
Use of money and property	-	9,835	237	82
Total revenues	-	34,724	3,617	24,601
Expenditures:				
Operating:				
Physical health and social services	-	-	-	-
County environment and education	8,473	-	-	-
Governmental services to residents	-	-	2,235	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	8,473	-	2,235	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,473)	34,724	1,382	24,601
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	-	(30,918)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses):	-	(30,918)	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing				
sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(8,473)	3,806	1,382	24,601
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated	10,151	3,194	30,245	
Fund balances end of year	\$ 1,678	7,000	31,627	24,601

Revenue				
Conservation	Care			
Land	Facility		Capital	
Acquisition	Trust	Commissary	Projects	Total
ricquisition	Trast	Commissary	Trojecto	10101
114,719	-	-	-	139,608
-	-	-	-	27,899
173	1,041	1,784	-	13,152
114,892	1,041	1,784	-	180,659
-	9,500	-	-	9,500
-	-	-	-	8,473
-	-	-	-	2,235
	-	-	129,133	129,133
_	9,500	-	129,133	149,341
				_
114,892	(8,459)	1,784	(129,133)	31,318
			100 122	100 122
(00.015)	-	-	129,133	129,133
(98,215)			129,133	(129,133)
(90,213)			129,133	
16,677	(8,459)	1,784	_	31,318
ŕ		, -		,
3,665	121,588	-	-	168,843
20,342	113,129	1,784	-	200,161

# Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2004

	Agricultural Extension Education	County Assessor	County Hospital	Schools
\$ -	1,663	93,642	21,347	91,578
22,159	-	-	-	-
-	668	1,457	8,572	36,513
-	76,000	152,000	933,000	4,113,000
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	60	120	736	3,201
 -	-	-	-	
\$ 22,159	78,391	247,219	963,655	4,244,292
\$ -	-	355	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
1,830	-	-	-	-
8,183	78,391	243,229	963,655	4,244,292
12,146	-	-	-	-
 -	-	3,635	-	
\$ 22,159	78,391	247,219	963,655	4,244,292
\$	\$ 22,159 \$ 22,159 \$ 22,159 \$ - 1,830 8,183 12,146	County Offices Extension Education  \$ - 1,663 22,159	County Offices         Extension Education         County Assessor           \$ - 1,663         93,642           22,159          -           - 668         1,457         -           - 76,000         152,000         -	County Offices         Extension Education         County Assessor         County Hospital           \$ - 1,663         93,642         21,347           22,159             - 668         1,457         8,572           - 76,000         152,000         933,000

		Auto	Prairie		
		License	Solid		
Community	Corpor-	and	Waste		
Colleges	ations	Use Tax	Agency	Other	Total
3,976	46,111	201,204	750,024	120,293	1,329,838
3,970	40,111	201,204	750,024	120,293	
-	-	-	-	-	22,159
1,596	20,385	_	_	884	70,075
176,000	2,282,000	-	-	111,000	7,843,000
_	-	-	48,930	12,212	61,142
-	-	-	-	204	204
_	-	-	-	1,830	1,830
139	2,584	-	-	9,032	15,872
-	_	-	8,337	_	8,337
181,711	2,351,080	201,204	807,291	255,455	9,352,457
					_
-	-	-	3,859	19,573	23,787
-	-	-	286	-	286
-	-	-	-	-	1,830
181,711	2,351,080	201,204	801,044	197,002	9,269,791
-	-	-	-	35,674	47,820
	-	-	2,102	3,206	8,943
181,711	2,351,080	201,204	807,291	255,455	9,352,457

# Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2004

	County Offices	Agricultural Extension Education	County Assessor	County Hospital	Schools
Assets and Liabilities					
Balances beginning of year	\$ 25,313	75,042	239,199	949,191	4,236,208
Additions:					
Property and other county tax	_	86,978	177,418	1,081,158	4,652,173
State tax credits	_	5,860	12,781	75,201	322,268
Contract law enforcement	_	-	-	, -	-
Drivers license fees	_	-	-	_	_
Office fees and collections	213,886	-	-	_	_
Electronic transaction fees	, -	-	-	_	_
Auto licenses, use tax and postage	_	-	-	_	_
Solid waste management fees	-	-	-	_	-
Assessments	_	-	-	_	_
Trusts	76,092	-	-	_	_
Miscellaneous	· -	-	2,969	-	-
Total additions	289,978	92,838	193,168	1,156,359	4,974,441
Deductions:					
Agency remittances:					
To other funds	150,438	-	-	_	-
To other governments	69,691	89,489	185,148	1,141,895	4,966,357
Trusts paid out	73,003	-	-	-	-
Total deductions	293,132	89,489	185,148	1,141,895	4,966,357
Balances end of year	\$ 22,159	78,391	247,219	963,655	4,244,292

Community Colleges	Corpora- tions	Auto License and Use Tax	Prairie Solid Waste Agency	Other	Total
185,209	2,513,296	203,735	1,052,249	290,757	9,770,199
196,077 14,007 - - - - - -	2,385,639 218,912 - - - - - - - - -	2,459,432	576,639 - 89,350	131,070 7,090 105,447 98,428 - 16,903 - 15,779 337,535 231,525	8,710,513 656,119 105,447 98,428 213,886 16,903 2,459,432 576,639 15,779 413,627 323,844
210,084	2,604,551	2,459,432 89,241	665,989	943,777 250	13,590,617 239,929
213,582 - 213,582 - 181,711	2,766,767 - 2,766,767 2,351,080	2,372,722 - 2,461,963 201,204	910,947 - 910,947 807,291	827,377 151,452 979,079 255,455	13,543,975 224,455 14,008,359 9,352,457

## Schedule of Revenues By Source and Expenditures By Function - All Governmental Funds

## For the Last Four Years

	Modified Accrual Basis					
	2004	2003	2002	2001		
Revenues:						
Property and other county tax	\$ 4,373,383	3,290,664	3,269,726	3,513,719		
Interest and penalty on property tax	48,989	42,956	44,220	37,846		
Intergovernmental	3,157,926	3,084,980	4,081,816	2,959,489		
Licenses and permits	14,649	15,362	12,496	10,358		
Charges for service	381,389	332,637	320,143	274,294		
Use of money and property	97,546	158,313	233,068	280,432		
Miscellaneous	76,148	105,261	159,316	120,375		
Total	\$ 8,150,030	7,030,173	8,120,785	7,196,513		
Expenditures:						
Operating:						
Public safety and legal services	\$ 1,166,689	1,021,263	1,039,061	1,007,939		
Physical health and social services	270,334	315,862	275,879	296,802		
Mental health	1,362,450	1,278,649	1,518,334	1,546,327		
County environment and education	319,864	283,016	298,477	296,694		
Roads and transportation	2,356,278	2,435,477	2,208,228	2,158,252		
Governmental services to residents	304,926	284,120	350,770	346,816		
Administration	984,631	836,747	930,718	843,208		
Non-program	-	543,222	-	-		
Debt service	543,435	-	542,450	545,516		
Capital projects	664,585	721,925	367,409	246,387		
Total	\$ 7,973,192	7,720,281	7,531,326	7,287,941		



### OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

David A. Vaudt, CPA Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

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### <u>Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance</u> and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

To the Officials of Union County:

We have audited the financial statements of Union County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated January 27, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Union County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance that are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2004 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes. Prior year statutory comments have been resolved except for items (2) and (7).

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Union County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Union County's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe, none of the reportable conditions described above are material weakness. Prior year reportable conditions have been resolved except for items (B) and (C).

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Union County and other parties to whom Union County may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Union County during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

WARREN C. JENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

January 27, 2005

### Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2004

### Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

### INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

### REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

(A) <u>Segregation of Duties</u> – During our review of internal control, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and, therefore, maximizes the accuracy of the County's financial statements. One or two individuals in the Agricultural Extension Office may have control over the following areas for which no compensating controls exist.

One individual issues receipts, prepares deposits, records cash receipts, reconciles bank accounts and opens mail. Also, a listing of money and checks received through the mail is not being prepared and compared with the cash receipt records by an independent person.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, operating procedures should be reviewed to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances. The Office should utilize current personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and reports. Such reviews should be performed by independent persons to the extent possible, and should be evidenced by initials or signature of the reviewer and the date of the review.

<u>Response</u> – The Director currently receives all mail addressed to the Union County Agricultural Extension, reviews and returns to the Office Assistant for processing writing receipts, recording in electronic ledger and depositing. Bank statements are opened by the Director, reconciled against the electronic ledger, initialed and given to the Office Assistant for further processing.

A listing of daily receipts will be made before returning to the Office Assistant and will be checked weekly against receipt books and electronic ledger. The Council Treasurer will be asked to review all transaction reports and reconciliations immediately prior to the monthly Council meetings so said member can give an accurate report to the Council.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

### Schedule of Findings

### Year ended June 30, 2004

- (B) <u>County Sheriff Commissary</u> The inmate trust account listing and the accumulated profits in the account were not reconciled with the bank balance monthly.
  - <u>Recommendation</u> The listing of inmate trust account balances and the accumulated profits in the account should be reconciled with the bank balance monthly.
  - <u>Response</u> Beginning this month the jail will print out a monthly statement of the monies being held for all prisoners. This will be reconciled with the bank statement.
  - Conclusion Response accepted.
- (C) <u>Cellular Phone Policies</u> Expenditures were made by the County for cellular telephone service. However, written policies governing the use of cellular phones and the extent of payment or reimbursement have not been adopted.
  - <u>Recommendation</u> The Board of Supervisors should establish written policies governing the use of cellular phones. In addition, cellular phone bills should be scrutinized for proper usage by the County Auditor's office and Board of Supervisors prior to payment.
  - <u>Response</u> The County Auditor will check with other counties on their policies and will get one in place as soon as possible.
  - Conclusion Response accepted.

### Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2004

### Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- (1) Official Depositories A resolution naming official depositories has been adopted by the Board of Supervisors. The maximum deposit amounts stated in the resolution were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2004.
- (2) <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2004 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service and capital projects functions.
  - Disbursements for the supervisors, conservation and debt service departments during the year ended June 30, 2004 exceeded the appropriation prior to an approved appropriation amendment and in total for the year. Also, an incorrect appropriation was published for the vegetation management department.
  - <u>Recommendation</u> The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 331.435 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget. Also, appropriated amounts should be correctly published.
  - Chapter 331.434(6) of the Code of Iowa authorizes the Board of Supervisors, by resolution, to increase or decrease appropriations of one office or department by increasing or decreasing the appropriation of another office or department as long as the function budget is not increased. Such increases or decreases should be made before disbursements are allowed to exceed the appropriation.
  - <u>Response</u> The County Auditor will take steps in watching closer and do budget amendment more timely.
  - Conclusion Response accepted.
- (3) <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- (4) <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- (5) <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the County and County officials or employees were noted.
- (6) <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- (7) <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
  - Although minutes of Board proceedings were published, documentation of the date they were delivered to the newspaper was not maintained. Therefore, it could not be determined if they were delivered within the time period required by Chapter 349.18 of the Code of Iowa.

## Schedule of Findings

### Year ended June 30, 2004

<u>Recommendation</u> – The County should maintain documentation of the date the board minutes were delivered for publication.

<u>Response</u> – Have already started a sign off sheet for Creston News Advertiser when minutes are delivered.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- (8) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.
- (9) Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- (10) <u>County Extension Office</u> The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an Extension Council separate and distinct from the County operations and, consequently, is not included in Exhibits A or B.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2004 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

Staff

## This audit was performed by:

Joe T. Marturello, CIA, Manager Karen L. Brustkern, CPA, Senior Auditor Scott P. Boisen, Assistant Auditor Stephanie A. Bernard, Assistant Auditor Brandon J. Yuska, Assistant Auditor Cheryl R. McNaught, Assistant Auditor

> Andrew E. Nielsen, CPA Deputy Auditor of State