

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

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	NEWS RELEASE	
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FOR RELEASE	June 16, 2015	515/281-5834

Auditor of State Mary Mosiman today released an audit report on the Great River Regional Waste Authority.

The Authority had total receipts of \$2,905,036 for the year ended June 30, 2014, a 1.4% decrease from the prior year. The receipts included solid waste gate fees of \$2,304,756, construction and demolition fees of \$126,447, integrated waste services support fees of \$232,010 and recycling fees of \$97,588.

Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$2,592,567, a 7.6% increase over the prior year, and included \$776,828 for salaries and benefits, \$541,129 for capital outlay and \$219,097 for hauling and freight. The increase in disbursements is primarily due to capital projects, including a pump, fencing and improvements at the sediment pond.

A copy of the audit report is available for review in the Great River Regional Waste Authority's office, in the Office of Auditor of State and on the Auditor of State's web site at http://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/1414-2336-B00F.pdf.

GREAT RIVER REGIONAL WASTE AUTHORITY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND
OTHER INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2014

Table of Contents

		<u>Page</u>
Officials		3
Independent Auditor's Report		5-6
Management's Discussion and Analysis		7-10
Financial Statement:	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance Notes to Financial Statement	A	13 14-19
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of a Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with		
Government Auditing Standards		21-22
Schedule of Findings		23-26
Staff		27

Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Representing
Brad Randolph	Chairperson	City of Fort Madison
Gary Adam	Vice Chairperson	Van Buren County
Susan Dunek Rick Larkin Marc Lindeen	Member Member Member	City of Keokuk Lee County Henry County
Wade Hamm	General Manager	
Colleen Lumsden	Business Manager	





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the Great River Regional Waste Authority:

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of the Great River Regional Waste Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related Notes to Financial Statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash basis financial position of the Great River Regional Waste Authority as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in its cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

As described in Note 1, the financial statement was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

The other information, Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 through 10, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2015 on our consideration of the Great River Regional Waste Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Great River Regional Waste Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WARREN G. JENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

Auditor of State

June 10, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Great River Regional Waste Authority provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statement. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Great River Regional Waste Authority is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Authority's financial statement, which follows.

2014 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Operating receipts decreased 0.4%, or approximately \$12,000, from fiscal year 2013 to fiscal year 2014.
- Operating disbursements increased 1.8%, or approximately \$36,000, from fiscal year 2013 to fiscal year 2014.
- ♦ The Authority's cash balance increased 3.8%, or approximately \$312,000, from June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Authority has elected to present its financial statement on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting refers to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses and the related assets and liabilities. Under the cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and the related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues and liabilities and their related expenses are not recorded in this financial statement. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

The annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the cash basis of accounting.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the financial statement. The annual report consists of the financial statement and other information, as follows:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the financial statement and provides an analytical overview of the Authority's financial activities.
- The Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance presents information on the Authority's operating receipts and disbursements, non-operating receipts and disbursements and whether the Authority's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.
- Notes to Financial Statement provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statement.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance

The purpose of the statement is to present the receipts received by the Authority and the disbursements paid by the Authority, both operating and non-operating. The statement also presents a fiscal snapshot of the cash balance at year end. Over time, readers of the financial statement are able to determine the Authority's cash basis financial position by analyzing the increase or decrease in the Authority's cash balance.

Operating receipts are received for gate fees from accepting solid waste, waste services support fees and recycling fees. Operating disbursements are disbursements paid to operate the landfill. Non-operating receipts and disbursements are for interest on investments, grant proceeds, equipment purchases and sales and capital outlay. A summary of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balance for the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 is as follows:

Change in Cash Balance		
	Year ended	June 30,
	2014	2013
Operating receipts:		
Solid waste gate fees, including construction		
and demolition waste fees	\$ 2,431,203	2,397,547
Integrated waste services support fees	232,010	250,882
Recycling fees	97,588	138,377
Other	79,479	65,925
Total operating receipts	2,840,280	2,852,731
Operating disbursements:		
Salaries and benefits	776,828	765,699
Hauling and freight	219,097	243,988
Fuel and lubricants	164,055	151,866
Equipment repair and maintenance	151,341	194,455
Consulting, legal and audit	110,574	112,086
Building and grounds	62,296	74,174
Landfill roads maintenance	17,096	40,746
Iowa Department of Natural Resources tonnage fee	212,063	160,686
Other	338,088	272,224
Total operating disbursements	2,051,438	2,015,924
Excess of operating receipts over		
operating disbursements	788,842	836,807
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):		
Interest on investments	32,516	46,401
Iowa Department of Vocational Rehabilitation grant	_	38,272
Iowa Department of Corrections reimbursement	31,800	_
Sale of equipment	440	9,250
Capital outlay	(541,129)	(393,852)
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)	(476,373)	(299,929)
Change in cash balance	312,469	536,878
Cash balance beginning of year	8,236,995	7,700,117
Cash balance end of year	\$ 8,549,464	8,236,995

Change in Cash Balance (continued)			
	Year ended	Year ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	
Cash Basis Fund Balance			
Restricted for:			
Closure and postclosure care	\$ 3,175,820	3,158,741	
Capital expansion	698,730	698,730	
Solid waste tonnage fees	535,155	494,359	
Total restricted net assets	4,409,705	4,351,830	
Unrestricted	4,139,759	3,885,165	
Total cash basis fund balance	\$ 8,549,464	8,236,995	

In fiscal year 2014, operating receipts decreased \$12,451, or 0.4%, and operating disbursements increased \$35,514, or 1.8%. Non-operating disbursements decreased \$147,277, or 37.4%, from fiscal year 2013, primarily due to the completion of the landfill cell expansion during fiscal year 2013.

A portion of the Authority's cash basis fund balance, \$3,175,820 (37%), is restricted for closure and postclosure care. State and federal laws and regulations require the Authority to place a final cover on the landfill site and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for a minimum of thirty years after closure. A portion of the cash basis fund balance, \$535,155 (6%), is restricted for planning and waste reduction programs and \$698,730 (8%) is restricted for future landfill expansion. The remaining cash basis fund balance, \$4,139,759 (49%), is unrestricted and can be used to meet the Authority's obligations as they come due.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2014, the Authority had no long-term debt outstanding.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Some of the projects and realities which will present challenges for the Authority in the coming year are:

- ♦ In August 2007, the Authority approved an agreement with the Federal Aviation Administration and the City of Fort Madison for the re-location of a grass runway at the Fort Madison Municipal Airport at an estimated cost of \$300,000 to comply with distance requirements between the landfill and the active airport area. This cost will be covered by a November 2007 contribution from Lee County which has been restricted for capital expansion. At June 30, 2014, the Authority had incurred engineering costs of \$24,249 relating to the project.
- The Authority has a long-term landfill expansion plan which is to be implemented in phases to coincide with demand and the resulting need for landfill capacity. The cost to implement this plan is being covered, in part, by the November 2007 Lee County capital contribution, which has been restricted for capital expansion.
- ♦ The Authority changed from being a regular landfill to an Environmental Management Systems (EMS) landfill in April 2014. EMS encourages responsible environmental management while promoting environmental stewardship and continuous improvement. Becoming an EMS landfill allows the authority to retain more of the revenues collected and remit lesser amounts to IDNR.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show its accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Great River Regional Waste Authority, 2092 303rd Avenue, Fort Madison, Iowa, 52627-9751.





Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance

Year ended June 30, 2014

Operating receipts:	
Solid waste gate fees	\$ 2,304,756
Construction and demolition waste fees	126,447
Woodwaste sales	19,692
Integrated waste services support fees	232,010
Recycling fees	97,588
Miscellaneous	59,787
Total operating receipts	2,840,280
Operating disbursements:	
Salaries and benefits	776,828
Hauling and freight	219,097
Fuel and lubricants	164,055
Equipment repair and maintenance	151,341
Consulting, legal and audit	110,574
Office equipment and supplies	48,508
Utilities	47,518
Building and grounds	62,296
Landfill roads maintenance	17,096
Insurance	77,186
Hazardous material disposal	12,339
Woodwaste processing	16,340
Leachate disposal and testing	24,169
Sales tax remitted	25,773
Iowa Department of Natural Resources tonnage fee	212,063
Miscellaneous	86,255
Total operating disbursements	2,051,438
Excess of operating receipts over operating disbursements	788,842
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interest on investments	32,516
Iowa Department of Corrections reimbursements	31,800
	440
Sale of equipment	
Capital outlay	(541,129)
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)	(476,373)
Change in cash balance	312,469
Cash balance beginning of year	8,236,995
Cash balance end of year	\$ 8,549,464
Cash Basis Fund Balance	
Restricted for:	
Closure and postclosure care	\$ 3,175,820
Capital expansion	698,730
Solid waste tonnage fees	535,155
Total restricted cash basis fund balance	4,409,705
Unrestricted	4,139,759
Total cash basis fund balance	\$ 8,549,464
See notes to financial statement.	

Notes to Financial Statement

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Great River Regional Waste Authority was formed in 1988 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of the Authority is to develop, operate and maintain solid waste disposal and resource recovery facilities in Lee and Henry Counties on behalf of the units of government which are members of the Authority.

The governing body of the Authority is composed of one representative from each member. The members of the Authority include Lee County, Henry County, Van Buren County and the cities of Fort Madison and Keokuk. Each member of the Authority has one vote.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Great River Regional Waste Authority has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Authority has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Authority are such that exclusion would cause the Authority's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Authority to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Authority. The Authority has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Authority are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are utilized to finance and account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of governmental facilities and services supported by user charges.

Enterprise Funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an Enterprise Fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Authority maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statement of the Authority is prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items, including the estimated payables for closure and postclosure care. Accordingly, the financial statement does not present the financial position and results of operations of the Authority in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

D. Fund Balance

Funds set aside for payment of closure and postclosure care, capital expansion and solid waste tonnage fees are classified as restricted.

(2) Cash and Investments

The Authority's deposits in banks at June 30, 2014 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Authority is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Authority; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The Authority had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, as amended by Statement No. 40.

(3) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The Authority contributes to the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.95% of their annual salary and the Authority is required to contribute 8.93% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Authority's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$48,250, \$43,080 and \$41,221, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(4) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Authority operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. There are 10 active members and 1 retired member in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement

The medical/drug benefits are provided through a partially self-funded plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The contribution requirement of plan members are established by union contract. The Authority currently finances the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The most recent active member monthly premiums for the Authority and plan members are \$425 for single coverage and \$1,067 for family coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Authority contributed \$114,245 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$12,751 to the plan.

(5) Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

To comply with federal and state regulations, the Authority is required to complete a monitoring system plan and a closure/postclosure care plan and to provide funding necessary to effect closure and postclosure care, including the proper monitoring and care of the landfill after closure. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements have established closure and thirty-year care requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after October 9, 1993. State governments are primarily responsible for implementation and enforcement of those requirements and have been given flexibility to tailor requirements to accommodate local conditions that exist. The effect of the EPA requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring functions as a condition for the right to operate the landfill in the current period. The EPA requirements provide that when a landfill stops accepting waste, it must be covered with a minimum of twenty-four inches of earth to keep liquid away from the buried waste. Once the landfill is closed, the owner is responsible for maintaining the final cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and collecting and treating leachate (the liquid that drains out of waste) for thirty years.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 requires landfill owners to estimate total landfill closure and postclosure care costs and recognize a portion of these costs each year based on the percentage of estimated total landfill capacity used that year. Estimated total costs consist of four components: (1) the cost of equipment and facilities used in postclosure monitoring and care, (2) the cost of final cover (material and labor), (3) the cost of monitoring the landfill during the postclosure period and (4) the cost of any environmental cleanup required after closure. Estimated total cost is based on the cost to purchase those services and equipment currently and is required to be updated annually due to the potential for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology or applicable laws or regulations.

These costs, including transfer station closure care, for the Authority have been estimated at \$3,396,277 for closure and \$995,094 for postclosure care for a total of \$4,391,371 as of June 30, 2014. The estimated remaining life of the landfill is 17.3 years, with approximately 50% of the landfill's cell capacity used at June 30, 2014. The Authority has established closure and postclosure care accounts to accumulate resources to fund these costs and the closure costs associated with the transfer station discussed in Note 6.

Chapter 455B.306(9)(b) of the Code of Iowa requires permit holders of municipal solid waste landfills to maintain separate closure and postclosure care accounts to accumulate resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The Authority has begun to accumulate resources to fund these costs and, at June 30, 2014, assets of \$3,175,820 are restricted for these purposes, of which \$2,273,127 is for closure and \$902,693 is for postclosure care. They are reported as restricted cash balance in the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balance.

Also, pursuant to Chapter 567-113.14 of the Iowa Administrative Code (IAC), since the estimated closure and postclosure care costs are not fully funded, the Authority is required to demonstrate financial assurance for the unfunded costs. The Authority has adopted the local government financial test and the local government dedicated fund financial assurance mechanisms to meet these requirements.

Chapter 567-113.14(8) of the IAC allows a government to choose the dedicated fund mechanism to demonstrate financial assurance and use the accounts established to satisfy the closure and postclosure care account requirements. Accordingly, the Authority is not required to establish closure and postclosure care accounts in addition to the accounts established to comply with the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism.

(6) Transfer Station Closure Care

To comply with state regulations, the Authority is required to complete a closure plan detailing how the transfer station will comply with proper disposal of all solid waste and litter at the site, cleaning the transfer station building, including the rinsing of all surfaces which have come in contact with solid waste or washwater, cleaning of all solid waste transport vehicles that will remain on site, including the rinsing of all surfaces which have come in contact with solid waste, and the removal and proper management of all washwater in the washwater management system.

To comply with state regulations, the Authority is required to maintain a closure account as financial assurance for the closure care costs. The effect of the state requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions as a condition for the right to operate the transfer station in the current period.

The total closure care costs for the Authority as of June 30, 2014 have been estimated at \$23,490. These costs are fully funded at June 30, 2014.

(7) Risk Management

The Authority is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 700 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 150% of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The Authority's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The Authority normally pays the premium for the upcoming year in June, but the premium of \$52,869 for the year ended June 30, 2014 was paid in July 2014.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Authority's risk-sharing certificate. Property and

automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$150,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Authority's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2014, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The Authority also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and employee blanket bond in the amounts of \$1,000,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The Authority assumes liability for any deductibles, and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(8) Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained

The Authority has established an account for restricting and using solid waste tonnage fees retained by the Authority in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa. At June 30, 2014, the unspent amount retained by the Authority and restricted for the required purpose totaled \$535,155.

(9) Compensated Absences

Authority employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the Authority until used or paid. The Authority's approximate liability for earned vacation payable to employees at June 30, 2014 was \$26,300. This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2014.

(10) Employee Health Insurance Plan

The Authority self-funds a portion of health insurance deductibles for its employees. The plan is funded by Authority contributions and is administered by Employee Benefit Systems (EBS) under an agreement which is subject to automatic renewal. The Authority self funds up to \$1,500 per individual or \$3,000 per family, with employees contributing the first \$200 and \$400, respectively. Administrative service fees and premiums are paid monthly from the Authority's operating funds to a separate account administered by EBS. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Authority paid \$9,957 to the account. The activity in this account is recorded in the Authority's financial statement and the account balance of \$24,883 at June 30, 2014 is included in unrestricted cash basis fund balance.

(11) Contingencies

On August 3, 2007, the Authority approved an agreement with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the City of Fort Madison for the relocation of a grass runway at the Fort Madison Municipal Airport at an estimated cost of \$300,000. The relocation is required to comply with distance requirements between the landfill and the active airport area. This cost is to be covered by a portion of the bond proceeds from bonds issued by Lee County and remitted to the Authority. At June 30, 2014, the FAA had not issued final approval for the project and \$24,249 in disbursements for engineering costs related to the relocation of the runway had been made.

(12) Prospective Accounting Change

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB No. 27</u>. This statement will be implemented for the year ending June 30, 2015. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and other information.



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OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Mary Mosiman, CPA Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 242-6134

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of a Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Great River Regional Waste Authority:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statement of the Great River Regional Waste Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related Notes to Financial Statement, and have issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2015. Our report expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statement which was prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Great River Regional Waste Authority's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Great River Regional Waste Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Great River Regional Waste Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Great River Regional Waste Authority's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items (A) through (D) to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items (E) through (G) to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Great River Regional Waste Authority's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Authority's operations for the year ended June 30, 2014 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statement of the Authority. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The Great River Regional Waste Authority's Responses to the Findings

The Great River Regional Waste Authority's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The Great River Regional Waste Authority's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the Great River Regional Waste Authority during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Auditor of State

WARREN & JENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

June 10, 2015

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

Findings Related to the Financial Statement:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

- (A) <u>Segregation of Duties</u> One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. One individual has control over each of the following areas for the Authority:
 - (1) Receipts opening mail, collecting, depositing, journalizing, reconciling, posting and maintaining accounts receivable records.
 - (2) Disbursements invoice processing, check writing, mailing, reconciling and recording.
 - (3) Investing recordkeeping, investing, custody of investments and reconciling earnings.
 - (4) Cash handling, reconciling and recording.

We also noted the following:

- (1) Journal entries are not reviewed by an independent person.
- (2) Gate fee rates are not entered into the system by an independent person and there is no independent review of the rates to ensure they agree with approved rates.
- (3) Initial cash receipt listings are completed, but they are not reviewed by an independent person.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the Authority should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available personnel, including Authority Board Members. Evidence of reviews should be documented by the signature or initials of the independent reviewer and the date of the review.

Response – The Authority will do the best we can to follow the recommendation.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

(B) <u>Financial Reporting</u> – During the audit, we identified numerous posting errors which improperly classified receipts and disbursements. In addition, support for manual journal entries is not maintained. Adjustments were subsequently made to properly report receipts and disbursements in the financial statement.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Authority should implement procedures to ensure activity is recorded accurately throughout the year and journal entry support should be maintained.

<u>Response</u> - The Authority will take the appropriate steps to follow the above recommendation.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- (C) <u>Customer Billings, Collections and Delinquent Accounts</u> The following weaknesses regarding customer billings, collections and delinquent accounts were noted:
 - (1) Customer billings, collections and delinquent accounts were not reconciled.
 - (2) Reconciliations between the accounting software and receipts are not performed to ensure all activity is recorded in the general ledger.

<u>Recommendation</u> – Procedures should be established to reconcile customer billings, collections and delinquent accounts monthly. An independent person should review the reconciliations, monitor delinquent accounts and approve write-offs of uncollectible accounts. The review should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.

Reconciliations between the accounting software and receipts should be performed monthly to ensure all activity is properly reflected in the general ledger.

<u>Response</u> – The Authority will do the best we can to follow the recommendation with what we have.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

(D) <u>Monthly Financial Reports</u> – There was no evidence monthly financial reports detailing receipts, disbursements and account balances with comparisons to budget were provided to Authority Board Members.

<u>Recommendation</u> – Monthly financial reports should be prepared and submitted to Authority Board Members for their review and approval. Review and approval of the financial reports should be documented in the minutes. All reports should be maintained on file. Comparisons to budget should be included in the financial reports to provide better control over budgeted disbursements and provide the opportunity for timely amendments to the budget.

Response - We will strive to make improvements in this area.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

- (E) <u>Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual</u> The Authority does not have an accounting policies and procedures manual.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> An accounting policies and procedures manual should be developed to provide the following benefits:
 - (1) Aid in training additional or replacement staff.
 - (2) Help achieve uniformity in accounting and in the application of policies and procedures.
 - (3) Save supervisory time by recording decisions so they will not have to be made each time the same, or a similar, situation arises.
 - (4) Ensure Authority accounts are appropriately utilized.
 - <u>Response</u> The Authority is in the process of developing a procedures manual.
 - <u>Conclusion</u> Response accepted.
- (F) <u>Untimely Deposits</u> The Authority does not have policies and procedures to deposit cash and checks on a timely basis. During testing, 1 of 9 deposits tested was not deposited timely.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> The Authority should establish policies and procedures to deposit all cash and checks timely.
 - <u>Response</u> Policies and procedures will be developed concerning depositing collections timely.
 - Conclusion Response accepted.
- (G) <u>Health Insurance Reimbursement</u> The Authority provides health insurance to retired employees on a reimbursement basis. A retiree missed one monthly payment of \$422 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which was later paid in February 2015.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> The Authority should establish policies and procedures to monitor health insurance premium reimbursements and ensure they are paid monthly.
 - <u>Response</u> The Authority will develop policies and procedures to address the above recommendation.
 - Conclusion Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- (1) <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No disbursements we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- (2) <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of Authority money for travel expenses of spouses of Authority officials or employees were noted.
- (3) <u>Authority Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Authority's minutes but were not. The Authority did not publish gross salaries in accordance with Chapter 28E.6.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> The Authority should publish gross salaries each year on either a calendar or fiscal year basis.
 - Response The Authority will follow the above recommendation.
 - <u>Conclusion</u> Response accepted.
- (4) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Authority's investment policy were noted.
- (5) <u>Solid Waste Fees Retainage</u> During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Authority used or retained the solid waste fees in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa.
- (6) <u>Financial Assurance</u> The Authority has elected to demonstrate financial assurance for closure and postclosure care by establishing a local government dedicated fund and through the local government financial test mechanism, both as provided in Chapter 567-113.14(6) of the Iowa Administration Code (IAC). The local government financial test mechanism is in place to assure those costs not covered by the dedicated fund mechanism. Financial assurance is demonstrated as follows:

	Closure/ Postclosure Care
Total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care	\$ 4,391,371
Less: Amount Authority has restricted and reserved for closure and postclosure care at June 30, 2014 (dedicated fund mechanism)	3,175,820
Remaining costs to be assured through the local government financial test	<u>\$ 1,215,551</u>
Financial assurance through the local government financial test	<u>\$ 1,226,674</u>

Iowa Department of Natural Resources rules and regulations require deposits into the closure and postclosure care accounts be made at least annually and the deposits shall be made within 30 days of the close of each fiscal year. The required deposit was made July 23, 2014.

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Donna F. Kruger, CPA, Manager Dorothy O. Stover, Senior Auditor II Amanda L. Burt, Staff Auditor Christian E. Cottingham, Assistant Auditor

> Andrew E. Nielsen, CPA Deputy Auditor of State