

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004 Mary Mosiman, CPA Auditor of State

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NEWS RELEASEContact: Andy NielsenFOR RELEASEMarch 14, 2014515/281-5834

Auditor of State Mary Mosiman today released an audit report on the Page County Landfill Association.

The Association had total revenues of \$1,150,355 during the year ended June 30, 2013, a 17% decrease from the prior year. Revenues included gate fees of \$938,722 and recycling fees of \$152,117. The significant decrease in revenues is due primarily to decreased gate fees.

Expenses totaled \$1,194,360 for the year ended June 30, 2013, a 66% increase over the prior year, and included \$370,433 for depreciation and \$275,894 for employee salaries and benefits. The significant increase in expenses is due primarily to increases in closure/postclosure care and depreciation expenses.

A copy of the audit report is available for review at the Page County Landfill Association, in the Office of Auditor of State and on the Auditor of State's web site at http://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/1314-2310-B00F.pdf.

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PAGE COUNTY LANDFILL ASSOCIATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2013

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Officials

Name

<u>Title</u>

Jeff McCall

Jon Herzberg James Long Kim Gotschall Bob Carroll Marie Miller Beverly Clinkingbeard Don Gibson David Stalder Ron Peterman Doyle Parmenter Brian Rogers

Myron Magwitz

Keith Bischof

Chairperson

Vice-Chairperson Member Member Member Member Member Member Member Member Member Member

Manager

Office Secretary

Representing

City of Clarinda

Page County City of Essex City of Braddyville City of College Springs City of Coin City of Blanchard City of Shenandoah City of Shenandoah City of Shenandoah City of Shambaugh City of Northboro City of Hepburn



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of the Page County Landfill Association:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Page County Landfill Association as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related Notes to Financial Statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Association's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Page County Landfill Association as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 through 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 6, 2014 on our consideration of the Page County Landfill Association's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government</u> <u>Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Page County Landfill Association's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Audutor of State

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WARREN G. JENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

March 6, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Page County Landfill Association provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Association's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Association's operating revenues decreased 17%, or \$225,629, from fiscal year 2012 to fiscal year 2013. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in gate fees.
- The Association's operating expenses increased 71%, or \$479,878, from fiscal year 2012 to fiscal year 2013. The increase is primarily due to increases in closure/postclosure care and depreciation expenses.
- The Association's net position decreased 2%, or \$44,005, from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Page County Landfill Association is a 28E organization and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting employed by private sector business enterprises. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Page County Landfill Association's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows.

- Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Association's financial activities.
- The Statement of Net Position presents information on the Association's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Association is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is the basic statement of activities for proprietary funds. This statement presents information on the Association's operating revenues and expenses, non-operating revenues and expenses and whether the Association's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.
- The Statement of Cash Flows presents the change in the Association's cash and cash equivalents during the year. This information can assist users of the report in determining how the Association financed its activities and how it met its cash requirements.
- Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ASSOCIATION

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Association's financial position. The Association's net position at the end of fiscal year 2013 totaled \$1,974,377. This compares to \$2,018,382 at the end of fiscal year 2012. A summary of the Association's net position is presented below:

Net Position			
		June 30),
		2013	2012
Current assets	\$	566,984	531,680
Restricted cash and investments		1,570,784	1,481,240
Capital assets at cost, less accumulated depreciation		1,943,899	2,185,034
Total assets		4,081,667	4,197,954
Current liabilities		282,859	323,441
Noncurrent liabilities		1,824,431	1,856,131
Total liabilities		2,107,290	2,179,572
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		1,159,307	1,181,108
Restricted		345,632	416,601
Unrestricted	_	469,438	420,673
Total net position	\$	1,974,377	2,018,382

Noncurrent liabilities decreased \$31,700 from the prior year. Liabilities for outstanding debt decreased \$219,334 due to current year principal payments and the landfill closure and postclosure care liability increased \$160,513 due to the passage of time and more capacity of the landfill being used. Current liabilities decreased \$40,582, mainly due to a decrease in payables for the current portion of long term debt. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$241,135, due primarily to depreciation expense exceeding the value of assets purchased.

The Association's restricted net position represents tonnage fees retained for purposes specified in the Code of Iowa and net position restricted for landfill closure and postclosure care. Net investment in capital assets represents resources allocated to capital assets. The remaining net position is unrestricted and can be used to meet the Association's obligations and needs as they come due. The unrestricted net position increased \$48,765 due to decreases in restricted net position.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Operating revenues are from gate fees for accepting solid waste and for recycling. Operating expenses are expenses paid to operate the landfill. Non-operating revenues and expenses include interest income, rent and interest expense. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which allocates the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. A summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 is presented below:

Changes in Net P	osition				
		Year ended June 30,			
		2013	2012		
Operating revenues:					
Gate fees	\$	938,722	1,127,503		
Recycling		152,117	187,257		
Other operating revenues		1,470	3,178		
Total operating revenues		1,092,309	1,317,938		
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and benefits		275,894	252,846		
Closure and postclosure care		160,513	(205,428		
Depreciation		370,433	278,390		
Other operating expenses		348,774	349,928		
Total operating expenses		1,155,614	675,736		
Operating income (loss)		(63,305)	642,202		
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income		13,369	17,337		
Rent		32,940	27,954		
Gain on disposition of equipment		11,737	19,523		
Interest expense		(38,746)	(41,699		
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		19,300	23,115		
Change in net position		(44,005)	665,317		
Net position beginning of year		2,018,382	1,353,065		
Net position end of year	\$	1,974,377	2,018,382		

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflects a decrease in net position at the end of the fiscal year. In fiscal year 2013, operating revenues decreased \$225,629, or 17%, as a result of a decrease in gate fees. Operating expenses increased \$479,878, or 71%, due primarily to increases in closure/postclosure care and depreciation expenses.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, capital and related financing and investing activities. Cash flows from operating activities include gate fees reduced by payments to employees and to suppliers. Cash flows from capital and related financing activities include principal and interest payments on debt and the purchase of capital assets. Cash flows from investing activities include interest received and the sale of investments. Cash flows from non-capital activities include rent receipts.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2013, the Association had \$4,234,929 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,291,030. The \$85,661 net addition to capital assets was the result of purchasing equipment and land improvements. Depreciation expense totaled \$370,433 for fiscal year 2013. More detailed information about the Association's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2013, the Association had \$784,592 of debt outstanding, a decrease of \$219,334 from the prior year. The table below summarizes outstanding debt by type.

	 June 30,		
	 2013 20		
General obligation capital loan notes	\$ 590,000	665,000	
SWAP loan	50,089	116,875	
Capital lease purchase agreements	 144,503	222,051	
Total	\$ 784,592	1,003,926	

Additional information about the Association's long-term debt is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The current condition of the economy in the state continues to be a concern for Association officials. Some of the realities that may potentially become challenges for the Association to meet are:

- Facilities and equipment at the Association require constant maintenance and upkeep.
- Technology continues to expand and current technology becomes outdated, presenting an on-going challenge to maintain up to date technology at a reasonable cost.
- Annual deposits required to be made to closure and postclosure care accounts are based on constantly changing cost estimates and the number of tons of solid waste received at the facility.

The Association anticipates the current fiscal year will be much like the last and will maintain a close watch over resources to maintain the Association's ability to react to unknown issues.

CONTACTING THE ASSOCIATION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Association's finances and to show the Association's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Page County Landfill Association, 2032 N Avenue, Clarinda, IA 51632-2298.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2013

Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 445,979
Receivables:	
Accounts	93,149
Accruedinterest	746
Due from other governments	22,949
Prepaid expense	4,161
Total current assets	566,984
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash	982
Restricted cash equivalents and investments	1,569,802
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,943,899
Total noncurrent assets	3,514,683
Total assets	4,081,667
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	24,020
Accrued interest payable	2,016
Salaries and benefits payable	16,750
Compensated absences	45,934
Due to other governments	8,826
Current portion of:	
Notes payable	55,000
SWAP loan payable	50,089
Capital lease purchase agreements payable	80,224
Total current liabilities	282,859
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Notes payable	535,000
Capital lease purchase agreements payable	64,279
Landfill closure and postclosure care	1,225,152
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,824,431
Total liabilities	2,107,290
Net residen	
Net investment in conital assets	1,159,307
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,139,307
	982
Tonnage fees retained	344,650
Landfill closure and postclosure care Unrestricted	469,438
Total net position	\$ 1,974,377
Total net position	\$ 1,974,37

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2013

Operating revenues:	
Gate fees	\$ 938,722
Recycling	152,117
Other operating revenues	1,470
Total operating revenues	 1,092,309
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and benefits	275,894
Machinery maintenance, labor and parts	63,350
Oil and fuel	68,519
Long range planning and engineering	24,720
Site maintenance	19,048
Site utilities	6,860
Office supplies and operations	7,174
Training and travel	918
Legal and accounting	8,149
Insurance	25,601
Closure and postclosure care	160,513
Planning and recycling	64,798
Iowa Department of Natural Resources tonnage fees	26,726
Depreciation	370,433
Leachate treatment, collection and maintenance	17,265
Household hazardous waste	15,646
Total operating expenses	 1,155,614
Operating loss	(63,305)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	13,369
Rent	32,940
Gain on disposition of equipment	11,737
Interest expense	(38,746)
Net non-operating revenues	 19,300
Change in net position	 (44,005)
Net position beginning of year	2,018,382
Net position end of year	\$ 1,974,377

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2013

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from gate fees	\$ 966,853
Cash received from recycling and other operating receipts	153,587
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(365,131)
Cash paid to employees for services	(273,859)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 481,450
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Purchase of capital assets	(117,561)
Principal paid on general obligation capital loan notes	(75,000)
Interest and fees paid on general obligation capital loan notes	(27,580)
Principal paid on SWAP loan	(66,786)
Interest paid on SWAP loan	(5,098)
Principal paid on capital lease purchase agreements	(77,548)
Interest paid on capital lease purchase agreements	 (6,308)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(375,881)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	7,595
Sale of investments	 243,003
Net cash provided by investing activities	 250,598
Cash flows from non-capital activities:	
Rent	 32,940
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	389,107
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	1,000,457
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 1,389,564
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (63,305)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	370,433
Closure and postclosure care	160,513
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in receivables	28,131
Increase in prepaid expense	(1,101)
Decrease in accounts payable	(13,477)
Increase in salaries and benefits payable	2,507
Increase in compensated absences	6,428
Decrease in due to other governments	(1,779)
Decrease in net OPEB liability	 (6,900)
Total adjustments	 544,755
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 481,450

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2013

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to specific assets included in the Statement of Net Position:

Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 445,979
Restricted assets:	
Cash	982
Cash equivalents and investments	1,569,802
	 2,016,763
Less items not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	 (627,199)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,389,564

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Page County Landfill Association was formed in 1973 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of the Association is to operate the sanitary landfill in Page County for use by all residents of the County.

The Association is composed of one representative from each of the eleven member cities and one representative from Page County. The member cities are: Clarinda, College Springs, Northboro, Coin, Yorktown, Shambaugh, Braddyville, Blanchard, Shenandoah, Essex and Hepburn. The representative of a city is appointed by the political subdivision to be represented. Each member shall be entitled to one vote for each 1,500 people, or fraction thereof, as determined by the most recent Federal Census.

The Association's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the Page County Landfill Association has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Association has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Association are such that exclusion would cause the Association's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Association to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Association. The Page County Landfill Association has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accounts of the Association are organized as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>

- The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.
- The Association distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Association's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

- The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the Statement of Net Position.
 - <u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments</u> The Association considers all short-term investments that are highly liquid to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months. Cash equivalents of the Association include money market accounts. Cash investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents at June 30, 2013 include certificates of deposit of \$627,199.
 - <u>Restricted Cash and Investments</u> Funds set aside for payment of recycling and closure and postclosure care are classified as restricted.
 - <u>Capital Assets</u> Capital assets are accounted for at historical cost. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. The cost of repair and maintenance is charged to expense, while the cost of renewals or substantial betterments is capitalized. The cost and accumulated depreciation of assets disposed of are deleted, with any gain or loss recorded in current operations.
 - Reportable capital assets are defined by the Association as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 25,000 500

Capital assets of the Association are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Buildings and improvements	10-20
Equipment	5-10

- Interest is capitalized on qualified assets acquired with certain tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. There were no qualifying assets acquired during the year ended June 30, 2013.
- <u>Compensated Absences</u> Association employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, sick leave and compensatory time hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. The Association's liability for compensated absences has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2013.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

- The Association's deposits in banks at June 30, 2013 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.
- The Association is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Association; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.
- The Association had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, as amended by Statement No. 40.

(3) Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 307,147	-	-	307,147
Construction in progress	-	15,468	-	15,468
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	307,147	15,468	-	322,615
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Landimprovements	924,266	37,243	-	961,509
Buildings	676,333	-	-	676,333
Equipment	2,241,522	79,850	46,900	2,274,472
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	3,842,121	117,093	46,900	3,912,314
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	271,178	145,763	-	416,941
Buildings	226,191	32,444	-	258,635
Equipment	1,466,865	192,226	43,637	1,615,454
Total accumulated depreciation	1,964,234	370,433	43,637	2,291,030
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	1,877,887	(253,340)	3,263	1,621,284
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,185,034	(237,872)	3,263	1,943,899

Equipment costing \$549,032 was purchased under capital lease purchase agreements. Accumulated depreciation on these assets totaled \$262,004 at June 30, 2013.

(4) Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	0	General bligation Capital oan Notes	Solid Waste Alternative Program Loan	Capital Lease Purchase Agreements	Compen- stated Absenses	Net OPEB Liability	Total
Balance beginning							
ofyear	\$	665,000	116,875	222,051	39,506	6,900	1,050,332
Increases		-	-	-	20,770	-	20,770
Decreases		75,000	66,786	77,548	14,342	6,900	240,576
Balance end of year	\$	590,000	50,089	144,503	45,934	-	830,526
Due within one year	\$	55,000	50,089	80,224	45,934	-	231,247

General Obligation Capital Loan Notes

- In January 2007, Page County entered into a loan agreement for the issuance of \$995,000 of general obligation capital loan notes to pay costs of expanding and upgrading the Page County landfill. In a verbal agreement with the County, the Association agreed to repay the County for the notes, including interest, as the payments become due and payable by the County.
- Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation capital loan notes are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	3.90%	\$ 55,000	24,192	79,192
2015	3.95	60,000	22,048	82,048
2016	4.00	60,000	19,678	79,678
2017	4.05	60,000	17,277	77,277
2018	4.10	65,000	14,847	79,847
2019-2022	4.15-4.25	 290,000	30,985	320,985
Total		\$ 590,000	129,027	719,027

The Association paid \$75,000 of principal, \$27,080 of interest and \$500 of bond registrar fees on the general obligation capital loan notes during the year ended June 30, 2013.

Solid Waste Alternative Program (SWAP) Loan

In May 2006, the Association entered into a loan agreement with the Iowa Department of Natural Resources to provide funds to assist with the cost of establishing a permanent processing facility for recyclables and expand the existing recycling collection programs. The agreement awarded up to \$487,500 in the form of a forgivable loan of \$20,000, a zero interest loan of \$150,000 and a 3% interest loan of \$317,500. The term of the loan is 84 months and requires 28 quarterly payments of \$17,971, beginning April 15, 2007. At June 30, 2013, a total of \$487,500 has been drawn on the loans, including \$20,000 of the forgivable loan. There are no unmet conditions to be achieved for loan forgiveness.

Details of the Association's outstanding SWAP loan at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Year							
Ending	Interest						
June 30,	Rates	Principal			terest	То	tal
2014	0.00/3.00%	\$ 5	50,089		3,824	53,9	913

The Association paid \$66,786 of principal and \$5,098 of interest on the SWAP loan during the year ended June 30, 2013.

Capital Lease Purchase Agreements

On October 18, 2010, the Association entered into a capital lease purchase agreement to lease a used scraper and to refinance the capital lease entered into on October 20, 2009. The agreement is for a period of 4 years at an interest rate of 3.45% and expires in fiscal year 2015. As part of the agreement, the Association traded a tractor with an original purchase date of September 17, 2007.

On January 5, 2012, the Association entered into a capital lease purchase agreement to lease a used motor grader. The agreement is for a period of 5 years at an interest rate of 3.30% and expires in fiscal year 2016. As part of the agreement, the Association traded a motor grader with an original purchase date of December 9, 1997.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments and the present value of net minimum lease payments for the agreements:

Year						
Ending	Motor					
June 30,	Scraper	Grader	Total			
2014	\$ 53,662	30,194	83,856			
2015	17,888	30,194	48,082			
2016	-	17,614	17,614			
Total minimum lease payments	71,550	78,002	149,552			
Less amount representing interest	(1,719)	(3,330)	(5,049)			
Principal value of net						
minimum lease payments	\$ 69,831	74,672	144,503			

Payments under the agreements during the year ended June 30, 2013 totaled \$83,856.

(5) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The Association contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.78% of their annual covered salary and the Association is required to contribute 8.67% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Association's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$16,659, \$15,265 and \$13,362, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(6) Closure and Postclosure Care

To comply with federal and state regulations, the Association is required to complete a monitoring system plan and a closure/postclosure care plan and to provide funding necessary to effect closure and postclosure care, including the proper monitoring and care of the landfill after closure. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements have established closure and thirty-year postclosure care requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after October 9, 1993. State governments are primarily responsible for implementation and enforcement of those requirements and have been given flexibility to tailor requirements to accommodate local conditions that exist. The effect of the EPA requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring functions as a condition for the right to operate the landfill in the current period. The EPA requirements provide that when a landfill stops accepting waste, it must be covered with a minimum of twenty-four inches of earth to keep liquid away from the buried waste. Once the landfill is closed, the owner is responsible for maintaining the final cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and collecting and treating leachate (the liquid that drains out of waste) for thirty years.

- Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 requires landfill owners to estimate total landfill closure and postclosure care costs and recognize a portion of these costs each year based on the percentage of estimated total landfill capacity used that period. Estimated total cost consists of four components: (1) the cost of equipment and facilities used in postclosure monitoring and care, (2) the cost of final cover (material and labor), (3) the cost of monitoring the landfill during the postclosure period and (4) the cost of any environmental cleanup required after closure. Estimated total cost is based on the cost to purchase those services and equipment currently and is required to be updated annually for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology or applicable laws or regulations.
- These costs for the Association have been estimated at \$951,178 for closure and \$1,335,270 for postclosure care, for a total of \$2,286,448 as of June 30, 2013, and the portion of the liability that has been recognized is \$1,225,152. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care during the year ended June 30, 2013. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The Landfill has used 35% of its capacity at June 30, 2013.
- Chapter 455B.306(9)(b) of the Code of Iowa requires permit holders of municipal solid waste landfills to maintain separate closure and postclosure care accounts to accumulate resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The Association has begun accumulating resources to fund these costs and, at June 30, 2013, assets of \$1,569,802 are restricted for these purposes. They are reported as restricted investments in the Statement of Net Position.
- Also, pursuant to Chapter 567-113.14(8) of the Iowa Administrative Code (IAC), since the estimated closure and postclosure care costs are not fully funded, the Association is required to demonstrate financial assurance for the unfunded costs. The Association has adopted the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism. Under this mechanism, the Association must certify the following to the Iowa Department of Natural Resources:
 - The fund is dedicated by local government statute as a reserve fund.
 - Payments into the fund are made annually over a pay-in period of ten years or the permitted life of the landfill, whichever is shorter.
 - Annual deposits to the fund are determined by the following formula:

 $NP = \frac{CE - CB}{Y}$

NP = next payment

CE = total required financial assurance

- CB = current balance of the fund
- Y = number years remaining in the pay-in period
- Chapter 567-113.14(8) of the IAC allows the Association to choose the dedicated fund mechanism to demonstrate financial assurance and use the accounts established to satisfy the closure and postclosure care account requirements. Accordingly, the Association is not required to establish closure and postclosure care accounts in addition to the accounts established to comply with the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism.

(7) Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained

The Association has established an account for restricting and using solid waste tonnage fees retained by the Association in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa.

At June 30, 2013, the unspent amounts retained by the Association and restricted for the required purposes totaled \$982.

(8) Risk Management

- The Association is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 679 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.
- Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 150% of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.
- The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contribution.
- The Association's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The Association's contribution to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$16,271.
- The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$12,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured by Lexington Insurance Company.
- The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2013, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

- Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100% of its capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.
- The Association also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and employee blanket bond in the amount of \$1,000,000 and \$50,000, respectively. The Association assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Page County Landfill Association:

We have audited, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Page County Landfill Association as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Page County Landfill Association's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Page County Landfill Association's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Page County Landfill Association's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Page County Landfill Association's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items (A) through (C) to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Page County Landfill Association's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted an immaterial instance of non-compliance or other matters which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Association's operations for the year ended June 30, 2013 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Association. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Page County Landfill Association's Responses to the Findings

The Page County Landfill Association's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The Page County Landfill Association's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Association's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the Page County Landfill Association during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

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Auditor of State

March 6, 2014

WARREN G. ZENKINS, CPA Chief Deputy Auditor of State

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2013

Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

- (A) <u>Segregation of Duties</u> During our review of internal control, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and, therefore, maximizes the accuracy of the Association's financial statements. Customer billings, collections, depositing and posting to customer accounts are all done by the same person.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of employees. However, the Association should review its operating procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing current staff, including Board Members, to provide additional control through review of financial transactions, reconciliations and reports. Such reviews should be evidenced by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of the review.
 - <u>Response</u> Manager reviews and initials customer billings, delinquent accounts, deposit slips, account balances, payments that come in the mail, and all the end of the month report. The date will accompany the initialing.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- (B) <u>Financial Reporting</u> The Association did not prepare a June 30, 2013 payable listing. Adjustments were subsequently made by the Association to properly include payables in the financial statements.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> The Association should implement procedures to identify payables for inclusion in the Association's financial statements.
 - <u>Response</u> A review will be done to identify goods and services received prior to June 30 but paid after June 30. We will identify the payables on the Quickbooks Transaction List by Vendor report.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- (C) <u>Disbursements</u> Checks are countersigned in advance.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> Checks should only be signed and countersigned when the completed check and appropriate supporting documentation are available for review. Prior to signing, the checks and supporting documentation should be reviewed for propriety.
 - <u>Response</u> Checks were signed by chairman or vice chair prior to payroll but still requires a 2nd signature by manager which occurs after the checks are made out. All bills and checks are brought in front of board members at monthly meetings for final approval. PCLA will strive to keep signed checks to a bare minimum.
 - <u>Conclusion</u> Response acknowledged. Prior to signing, the checks and supporting documentation should be reviewed for propriety.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2013

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2013

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

(1) <u>Questionable Expenses</u> – Certain expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 since the public benefits to be derived have not been clearly documented were noted. These expenditures are detailed as follows:

Paid to	Purpose				Amount		
J's Pizza and Steakhouse			board party	meeting/	\$	276	

- According to the opinion, it is possible for such disbursements to meet the test of serving a public purpose under certain circumstances, although such items will certainly be subject to a deserved close scrutiny. The line to be drawn between a proper and an improper purpose is very thin.
- <u>Recommendation</u> The Association should determine and document the public purpose served by these expenditures before authorizing any further payments. If this practice is continued, the Association should establish written policies and procedures, including requirements for proper documentation.

<u>Response</u> – We will establish a policy before making further payments.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- (2) <u>Travel Expenses</u> No expenditures of Association money for travel expenses of spouses of Association officials or employees were noted.
- (3) <u>Association Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Association minutes but were not.
- (4) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Association's investment policy were noted.
- (5) <u>Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained</u> No instances of non-compliance with the solid waste fees used or retained in accordance with provisions of Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa were noted

(6) <u>Financial Assurance</u> – The Association is providing financial assurance for closure and postclosure care by establishing a local government dedicated fund as provided in Chapter 567-113.14(6) of the Iowa Administrative Code. The calculation is made as follows:

	Total	Phase 1	Phase 2
Total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care	\$ 2,286,448	1,975,247	311,201
Less: Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2012	1,474,871	1,474,871	-
Funds to be provided	811,577	500,376	311,201
Divided by the number of years remaining in the pay-in period ÷		8	10
Required payment into the local dedicated fund for the year ended June 30, 2013	93,667	62,547	31,120
Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2012, net of closure costs expended in 2013	1,474,871		
Required balance of funds to be held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2013	\$ 1,568,538		
Amount Association has restricted for closure and postclosure care at June 30, 2013	\$ 1,569,802		

The Association has demonstrated financial assurance for closure and postclosure care by designating sufficient amounts through the above financial assurance mechanism.

Staff

This audit was performed by:

Donna F. Kruger, CPA, Manager Todd E. Pudenz, CPA, Staff Auditor Anthony M. Heibult, Assistant Auditor

Andrew E. Nielsen, CPA Deputy Auditor of State