

IOWA DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

PERFORMANCE REPORT

Performance Results Achieved for
Fiscal Year 2010

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Message from the Director

It is my pleasure to present the Iowa Department of Human Services SFY2010 Performance Report. As Iowa's safety-net agency, we help more than 945,000 Iowans lead safer, healthier, and more independent lives. From the results found at the end of this report, I believe you will see that we are accomplishing this work in an ever more efficient and thorough manner.

We appreciate this measure of our work, and we hold ourselves accountable for continually improving results.

Sincerely,

Charles Krogmeier
Director

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The department achieved results in several program and service delivery areas during FY2010. A brief review:

- The department won state and federal approval to both renew and expand the IowaCare program, which provides limited health care coverage to people who otherwise are ineligible for Medicaid—primarily single adults and childless couples. IowaCare was created by using previously unmatched state dollars to draw federal Medicaid dollars in a ratio of approximately 2:1. Created in 2005, IowaCare initially expired in the summer of 2010. It has now been extended for three years, with the expectation that the Affordable Care Act will take over this function in 2014.
- Because of additional funding from the Iowa Legislature, the department was able to expand the IowaCare provider network. In the first five years, service was limited to the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics. Residents of Polk County could visit the public hospital there. Additional providers will be the federally qualified health clinics. The first two to be included were based in Sioux City and Waterloo.
- In 2010, the department achieved the first major restructuring since 2002. Nine administrative

divisions were compressed to six. Eight regional offices were reduced to five. Additional frontline county offices were converted to appointment-only status, allowing the agency to group frontline employees according to need without reducing service. In addition, three services that were once performed in regional offices were centralized in customer call centers either in Council Bluffs or Des Moines. Centralized services include a Des Moines-based intake unit for child abuse, a Des Moines-based unit for subsidized childcare payments, and a Council Bluffs unit for certain Medicaid eligibility determinations.

- The DHS achieved a nearly-perfect score on a once-every-three-years audit of the state's claims for federal funds for foster care. Federal officials said Iowa met numerous standards on 79 of 80 randomly chosen files. Mathematical accuracy is only a small part of the audit. Officials also check to make sure each case has a court order to remove the child and another court order confirming that the state made a reasonable effort to prevent removal in the first place. It also checks for proper licensure of foster parents, background checks, etc.
- The Glenwood Resource Center came into compliance with standards of care established by the U.S. Department of Justice in a 2004 civil rights settlement. A sister institution at Woodward came into compliance in the previous fiscal year. The settlement demanded improvements in nearly every area of service, from clinical care to psychology. Examples of improvements include the use of behavior modification techniques to reduce the need for psychotropic drugs and the creation of internal and external peer review systems for all departments.
- A federal audit determined that Iowa's Medicaid program is significantly more accurate than the national average regarding payments to providers and determination of member eligibility. The audit showed the overall national error rate was 8.71 percent compared to 4.91 percent for Iowa.
- The Child Support Recovery Unit won the "Outstanding Program of the Year for 2009" from the National Child Support Association. In SFY2009, the unit collected more than \$350 million in support of children. The amount was slightly lower in SFY2010 because of the economic downturn.

AGENCY OVERVIEW

Mission

The mission of the Iowa Department of Human Services is to help individuals and families achieve safe, stable, self-sufficient, and healthy lives, thereby contributing to the economic growth of the state.

Core Functions

The Department of Human Services is a comprehensive human services agency coordinating, paying for and/or providing a broad range of services to some of Iowa's most vulnerable citizens. We have grouped our services and programs into four core functions: economic support, healthcare and support services, adult and child protection, and resource management.

1. Economic Support

The purpose of this core function is to provide direct and indirect economic supports to needy families to assist them in having sufficient resources to meet basic needs for good health, safety, and consistency and continuity in their homes, work and communities. Essential services include the Family Investment Program, Food Assistance, and Child Support Recovery.

Activities that occur within this core function include limited time (five-year lifetime limit) cash assistance for parents who agree to pursue specific steps for self-sufficiency, food assistance (formerly known as food stamps), employment and training opportunities (required for most FIP recipients), quality childcare (including regulation of in-home businesses and licensed centers), recovery of court-ordered payments from non-custodial parents to custodial parents, and refugee services.

2. Health Care and Support Services

The purpose of this core function is to provide for publicly funded child and adult health coverage and partnering with public and private entities to secure access to healthcare services. The DHS provides individual, community based and facility based health, mental health and substance abuse treatment. There are several activities within this core function.

The Iowa Medicaid Enterprise serves individuals with low income who are aged, blind, disabled, pregnant, under the age of 21, or members of families with dependent children, so they can live healthy, stable, and self-sufficient lives. Approximately two-thirds of the funding for Medicaid is federal funds. The program includes services that are available for mandatory and optional eligibility groups. All states that operate a Medicaid program are required to serve the mandatory population groups as well as make the mandatory services available. Iowa's Medicaid program provides preventive, acute, and long-term care services using the same private and public providers as other third party payers in Iowa. One special focus of the program is expanding medically appropriate alternatives to long-term institutional care for the aged, disabled, mentally challenged, and for children.

Medicaid pays for a wide array of services, such as nursing facility services, hospitals, physicians and other medical providers, rural health clinics, mental health institutions and psychiatric hospitals, prescription drugs, home and community based services, ambulance services, kidney dialysis, hospice, dental care, medical supplies and durable medical equipment, and adult rehabilitation, targeted case management, optometry, podiatry, chiropractic and mental health services.

The *hawk-i* (Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa) program provides health care coverage to children whose family income is above Medicaid limits but who cannot afford health care coverage. *hawk-i* provides a comprehensive health care benefits package including physician services, hospitalization, prescription drugs, immunizations, dental care and vision care. New in SFY2010 – a dental only program, the first in the nation.

The IowaCare program, initiated July 1, 2005, was created to provide a limited health care benefit for low-income individuals who are not eligible for Medicaid, primarily childless adults and unmarried people. Under a waiver approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), a funding mechanism was established allowing Iowa to provide

a limited medical benefit to people previously served in a charity care program called "State Papers." It also covers people receiving service at the public hospital in Des Moines and at University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics in Iowa City. State funds supporting these programs had previously not been matched by federal dollars. The program serves adults age 19-64 whose income is at or below 200 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL) and who would not otherwise qualify for regular Medicaid. In the fall of 2010, the federal waiver was extended for another three years.

The DHS Targeted Case Management services are offered to counties. Counties may elect to use the DHS or contract to provide services themselves. Targeted Case Management helps coordinate and manage services for people who have a diagnosis of chronic mental illness, mental retardation, or brain injury and be eligible for Medicaid.

The DHS administers mental health institutes at Cherokee, Clarinda, Independence, and Mt. Pleasant. The DHS serves adults and children in need of psychiatric care, adults in need of substance abuse treatment services, and adults needing long-term geropsychiatric services. A wide range of services that work and coordinate with community-based services across Iowa is available.

Civil Commitment Unit for Sexual Offenders (CCUSO) provides long-term treatment for sexually violent predators in a highly structured setting. Patients have completed their prison term and have been civilly committed to the unit. CCUSO serves approximately 80 patients.

Glenwood Resource Center and Woodward Resource Center provide care for people with mental retardation. Most people have profound mental retardation and many have life-threatening seizure and swallowing disorders. Both facilities provide a wide range of services including diagnostic evaluation, treatment, training, care, habilitation, a time-limited assessment program, and community based services through the Medicaid Home and Community Based Waiver program. As community resources become available, the number served at the resource centers has declined steadily and will continue to decline.

3. Child and Adult Protection

The purpose of this core function is to provide an array of services and support assistance to strengthen families and communities to increase the likelihood

that children and adults are safe, healthy, and have consistency and continuity in their lives. Services include child and dependent adult protective services, community based prevention and support services, foster care, family centered services, family preservation services, adoption, group care, residential treatment, independent living for youth age 16 and older, shelter care, childcare services, and facility-based care for delinquent youth. Activities provided in support of these services include funding for medical exams conducted during child abuse assessments, a 24-hour child abuse hotline, mandatory abuse reporter training, child welfare training, foster and adoptive parent recruitment and training.

The Iowa Juvenile Home at Toledo and the State Training School at Eldora provide a range of specialized and highly structured substance abuse, physical, mental and behavioral health intervention services for the most troubled youth in the State of Iowa. Both facilities provide individualized care and treatment, evaluate and recommend transitional placement of youth to appropriate facilities in the community, and provide basic special education and vocational programs.

4. Resource Management

The purpose of this core function is to provide leadership in the management and support of the delivery of quality services to Iowa's citizens. Following a SFY2010 reorganization, headquarter-based policy divisions include Mental Health and Disability Services, Field, Adult, Child and Family Services, Medical Services, Fiscal Management, and Data Management.

The DHS is headquartered on the Capitol Complex in the Hoover State Office Building in Des Moines. Resource management and services are organized into three major functional areas: 1) field operations including child welfare and economic assistance; 2) child support recovery and targeted case management; and 3) general administration.

Field Operations is composed of five service areas with staff who provide child protection, child welfare, and eligibility determination for income/economic support and maintenance programs, including Medicaid, food assistance, Family Investment Program, childcare assistance, and childcare registration and licensure. A sixth centralized service area was added in FY2010. Its duties are to coordinate services at customer service

centers, including new statewide centralized intake unit to evaluate complaints of abuse or neglect.

The regional service areas administer and deliver the programs and services through 104 field offices staffed by social work, income maintenance, clerical, and management staff. About a third of the field offices operate on a full-time basis, with others open by appointment only.

The primary function of social work staff is child protection and safety. After the intake unit assigns an assessment, social work assessors determine if abuse has occurred. They also address safety needs by the provision of in-home or out-of-home services purchased from community-based private contractors. Services help to keep families intact or result in the pursuit of the termination of parental rights and subsequent placement of children in the homes of relatives or through adoption.

Income maintenance workers determine eligibility for access to programs and services for families who need assistance in meeting basic needs for food, clothing, shelter, and medical care. Staff determine eligibility for the Family Investment Program (FIP), Food Assistance (formerly known as Food Stamps), Medical Services (Medicaid Title XIX), and Childcare Assistance. Income maintenance staff interview clients, verify the economic situation and service needs, determine benefit eligibility, and make program referrals.

Child Support Recovery operations are organized into four regions. The regions administer the program through 23 locations staffed by child support recovery, clerical and management staff. Child Support Recovery staff verify and establish paternity for unwed mothers, establish and modify child support obligations, and collect child support and medical support payments for children across Iowa. With reorganization in FY2010, the Child Support Recovery Unit is a division of Field Services.

General Administration provides support and technical assistance agency-wide to field operations, child support recovery, targeted case management and state institutions, as well as numerous external customers and stakeholders, including:

- Program and service development and management, such as administrative rules,

policy development, standards of care, and manual development.

- Quality assurance and improvement efforts through identification of best practices and evidence-based practice.
- Financial management, including accounting, budget preparation and monitoring.
- Corporate management and leadership such as performance measurement and management, information technology and data management, and administrative support services, such as quality control for food assistance and Medicaid, and quality assurance and improvement.

KEY RESULT

SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

Name: Food Assistance (FA) and Food Assistance Employment and Training (FAET) Program

Description: Provides federal assistance to low-income individuals and families to purchase food, nonalcoholic beverages and ingredients to prepare food through an Electronic Benefit Transfer swipe card. Through the Food Assistance Employment and Training (FAET) program, job seeking skills training and employment assistance are provided to people receiving food assistance who do not receive cash assistance under the Family Investment Program (FIP). The FAET program is offered only in Polk and Linn counties under a contract with Iowa Workforce Development. Federal law requires a state have an FAET program if a state has a Food Assistance program.

Why we are doing this: Food Assistance prevents hunger and helps families meet their basic nutritional needs and increases the family's nutritional levels. Preventing hunger is one of the building blocks in all of social service. It doesn't solve all of a family's problems, but other problems are more manageable if hunger is not an issue. Many people receiving Food Assistance are on fixed incomes. Food Assistance allows seniors to not have to make the difficult choice between buying food or prescription drugs. Approximately half of the Food Assistance beneficiaries are children. In addition, the Food Assistance program stimulates the economy for the benefit of all Iowans. The U.S. Department of Agriculture has estimated that every \$5 in Food Assistance generates \$9.20 in local and state economic activity. The Food Assistance Program brought \$509,549,722 of direct benefits into Iowa in SFY10, a 33.89% increase from SFY 09.

What we're doing to achieve results: Recognizing that many eligible Iowans were not receiving Food Assistance, DHS established an aggressive growth target. Along with that target, several initiatives were implemented. We began issuing Food Assistance through an electronic benefit transfer (EBT) card, reducing the stigma of the program and increasing convenience for clients. We reduced the frequency that clients are required to report changes in income and began to base eligibility on an estimate of their future income. This simplified program reporting and reduced the burden on clients and staff, making the program more attractive and convenient. DHS also participated in a National Media Campaign sponsored by our federal partners at the Department of Agriculture (USDA) and conducted intense outreach efforts. We simplified the application for Food Assistance and do most interviews over the phone.

Results

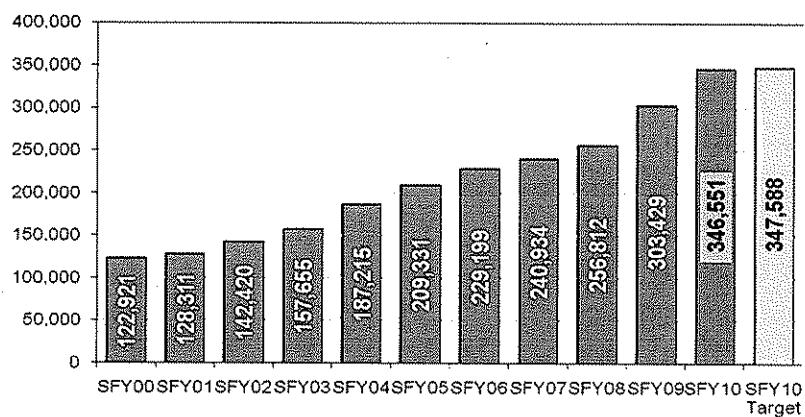
Performance Measure:

Number of Iowans receiving Food and Nutrition Assistance.

Performance Goal/Target:

347,588 by June 2010

Iowans Receiving Food and Nutrition Benefits



What was achieved: At the end of SFY 10, 43,122 (14.2%) more Iowans were receiving food assistance than in SFY09, for a total of 346,551 Iowans.

Data Sources: DHS IABC system, F-1 Report – “Food Assistance Program State Summary” produced by the Division of Results Based Accountability and the Division of Financial, Health, and Work Supports.

Resources: The Food Assistance Program is 100% federally funded. It brought \$509,549,722 into Iowa in SFY10.

KEY RESULT

SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

Name: Child Welfare In-home Services

Description: Provides funding for an array of in-home services and supports to families in which there has been a founded child abuse assessment for a child age 5 or under, and for families in which there has been a founded child abuse report for a child age 6 and older where the continued risk of future abuse is moderate or high. Services are directed at reducing risk of abuse and increasing family protective capacities. DHS caseworkers provide case management, while providers deliver direct services under contract with DHS.

Why we are doing this: Children are dependent on parents safely caring for them, and the state role is to assist families who are in need of help to meet the safety needs of their child.

What we're doing to achieve results: In order to focus on improving outcomes for families, the department has undertaken a redesign of child welfare services. Through the redesign process, resources were focused on providing training to front-line staff and supervisors as well as providing counseling and support to families to improve parenting skills. Standardized abuse assessment tools have been developed and training is provided to staff in the best practice approach to using the tools. A quality assurance and continuous improvement initiative has been implemented to evaluate best-practices and maintain a focus on outcomes.

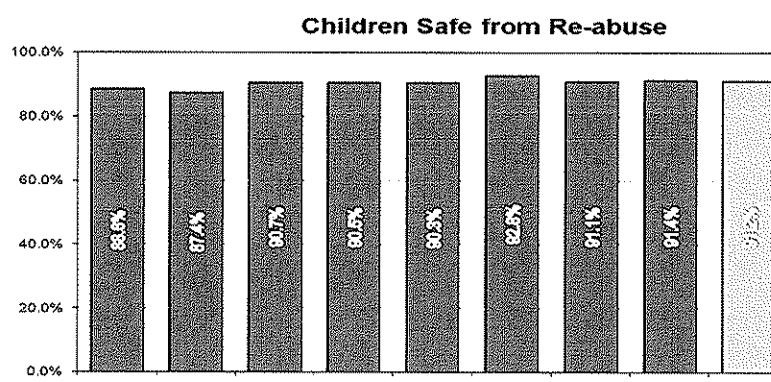
Results

Performance Measure:

Percent of children who have not been re-abused within six months of a prior abuse.

Performance Goal/Target:

91.2% target



What was achieved: 91.4% of children did not experience re-abuse for at least six months following a previous occurrence. This measure is an indicator of the safety of children and the effectiveness of communities, providers and the department working together to ensure child safety from repeat abuse. This measure is a required measure under the federal child and family services review requirement conducted of all states, providing the ability for some basis of comparability of state systems. Though somewhat comparable amongst states, results in each state are impacted by the individual laws of each state which determine what is defined and counted as abuse and re-abuse.

Data Sources: State Child Welfare Information System (CWIS), DHS STAR and FACS subsystem.

Resources: A combination of State general funds, federal matching funds and grants are used to support child protection and safety efforts in Iowa.

KEY RESULT

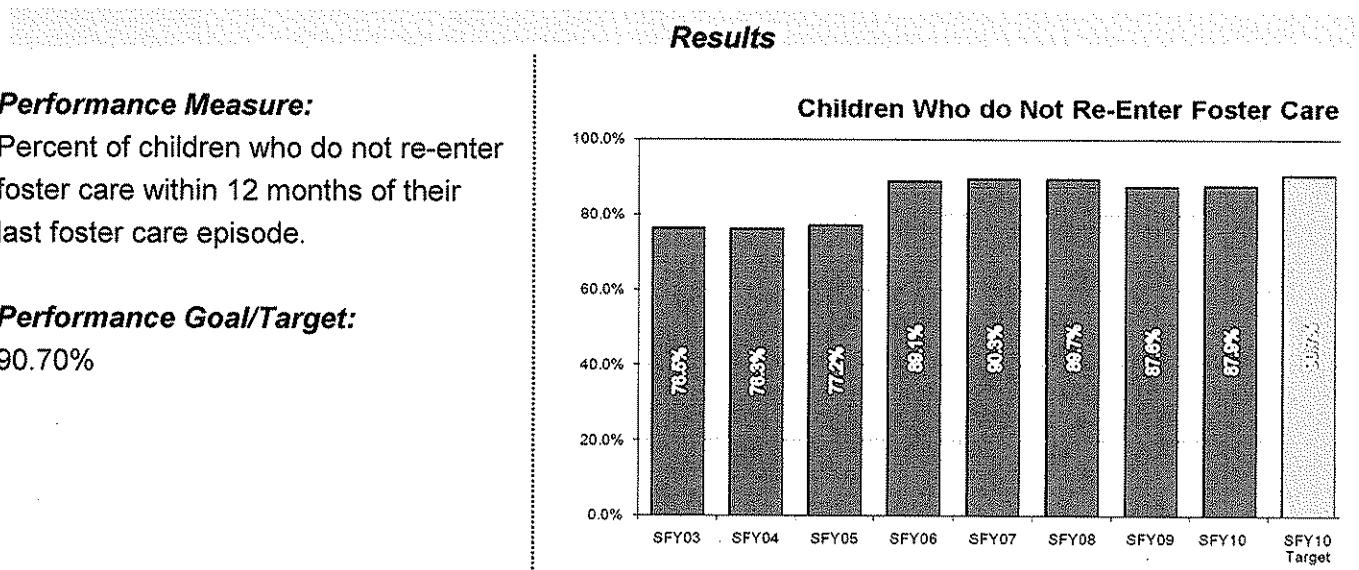
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Why we are doing this: Children are dependent on parents safely caring for them, and the state role is to assist families who are in need of help to meet the safety needs of their child.

What we're doing to achieve results: The department uses several strategies to assess the both the needs and strengths of each family, and to work with the family to develop supports and services which meet the shared goals of children living safely in the family home. Trial home visits smooth the transition from foster care to the child's home. Addressing the underlying issues that resulted in the child's removal from the home and helping the child and parents become better prepared and more confident to address further issues in the family prepare both the child and the family for reunification. Family Team Meetings develop community-based supports that will be available to the family after formal services end. The Department has pursued community partnerships to prevent child abuse statewide.



What was achieved: 87.9% of children did not re-enter foster care within twelve months of their last foster care episode. This demonstrates stability and safety from neglect or abuse following reunification after placement outside of the home. Although the department did not achieve the SFY10 performance target, there was an increase in performance from SFY09 actual to SFY10 actual.

Data Sources: DHS STAR and FACS System

Resources: State funds and federal funds are used to support the efforts to improve child safety in Iowa. These funds support direct services of state staff intervening directly with families, the services purchased by the state from child serving agencies, and community based supports developed to support those efforts.

KEY RESULT

SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

Name: Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

Description: The CHIP program expands Medicaid to 133% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) for children and provides **hawk-i** to children up to 300% of the FPL. Under **hawk-i**, health and dental coverage is provided to children who live in families who have too much income to qualify for Medicaid, but who do not have health care coverage. Eligible children are under the age of 19, have no health insurance and do not qualify for Medicaid, meet citizenship requirements, and live in a family whose countable gross income is not more than 300% of the FPL. Effective March 1, 2010, the **hawk-i** Dental-Only Program was implemented to provide preventive and restorative dental care, including medically necessary orthodontia, to children who do not otherwise qualify for **hawk-i** because they have health insurance coverage. The dental-only program covers eligible children whose family's countable gross income is not more than 300% of the FPL.

Why we are doing this: To reduce the number of uninsured Iowa children. Access to health and dental care improves health, wellness and quality of life. Healthy children are able to attend school, learn, grow, develop healthy lifestyles, and become productive adults. Iowa provides public health insurance to 257,096 children (227,379 in Medicaid, 27,573 for **hawk-i** and 2,144 for dental-only). The **hawk-i** program provides health care coverage to children in families at or below 300% of the Federal Poverty level who are uninsured and not eligible for Medicaid. This program helps fill the gap for children who do not qualify for Medicaid and who have no health insurance coverage. The percentage of children who are uninsured (without public or private insurance) at this level is projected to be nearly 6% versus the average for all children in Iowa of 5% (regardless of income level).

What we're doing to achieve results: The department continues to conduct grassroots outreach activities through a contract with the Department of Public Health as well as working cooperatively with schools, medical providers, businesses, faith-based organizations and other entities in contact with families and children. A statewide mailing was conducted to all school age children across Iowa at the start of the school year. The Department has developed an automated referral system from Medicaid that has resulted in more referrals to **hawk-i**. Training is being provided across DHS emphasizing the importance of referring children to **hawk-i** when they are identified as not being eligible for or lose their eligibility for Medicaid. The **hawk-i** program also provides awareness and makes referrals to Medicaid services.

Results

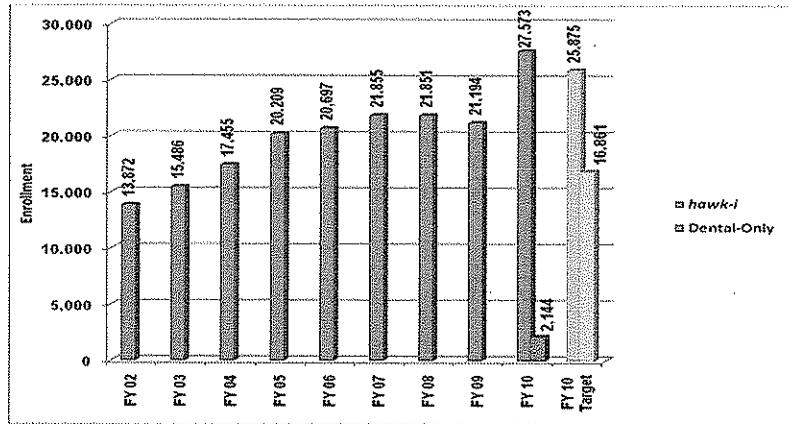
Children Enrolled in **hawk-i** and Dental Only Coverage

Performance Measure:

Number of children who are enrolled in **hawk-i** and dental-only coverage is a monthly count of children enrolled on the last day of each month.

Performance Goal/Target:

hawk-i	25,875
Dental-only	16,861



What was achieved: **hawk-i** ensured that Iowa's children have access to quality health and dental care coverage by enrolling a total of 27,573 children, 10.2% above target (*Dental-only enrollment was not included in this calculation*).

Data Sources: "Monthly Log Demographic Reports", Iowa Medicaid Enterprise, Bureau of Adult and Children's Medical Program through a contract with **hawk-i** Project Office.

Resources: This activity is funded with federal funds (approximately 75%), state general fund appropriations (approximately 25%), and some enrollee cost-sharing. Total state expenditures for SFY 2010 for CHIP were \$23,481,673. Of this, \$16,282,064 was expended for the **hawk-i** program. This amount represents the state share of all costs associated with administration and the provision of services to children participating in the program. The above dollars do not include costs associated with service delivery (field staff). These costs add an additional \$242,865 in state costs.

KEY RESULT

SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

Name: Child Support Recovery

Description: Provide services to establish paternity and support orders, so there is a legal duty for both parents to provide for their children. Enforce the obligation to provide ongoing support for custodial parents and children. In SFY2010, CSRU collected over 3 million payments and served over 678,508 parents and children.

Why we are doing this: Current child support collected in the month it is due helps families have predictable income to use for the needs of the children. It also helps families avoid the need for public assistance.

What we're doing to achieve results: Child support locates absent parents, secures income withholding orders, and in the case of non paying obligors offsets tax refunds, applies license sanctions, and levies bank accounts. Another strategy being used to improve collections is to identify the most effective way to work interstate cases. Child support also studies performance each month.

Results

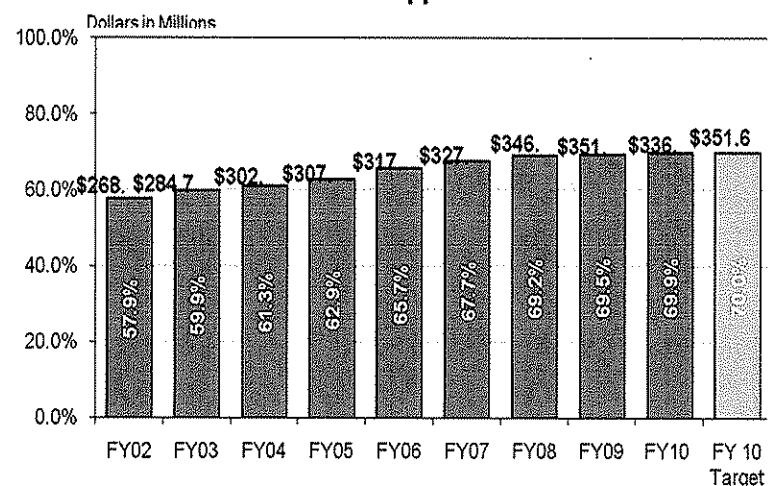
Performance Measure:

Percentage of all support owed in the current state fiscal year which is collected in the current state fiscal year.

Performance Goal/Target:

70%

Current Child Support Owed that is Collected



What was achieved: Child support collected 69.95% of current year support owed during FY10, providing for a more financially stable home environment for families dependent upon child support. \$336 Million was collected.

Data Sources: Child Support Recovery Unit

Resources: This activity, as well as other activities, was funded by the general fund appropriation.

KEY RESULT

Name: Iowa Medicaid Preferred Drug List (PDL) Program

Description:

A Preferred Drug List (PDL) is a list comprised of preferred and nonpreferred drugs recommended to the Iowa Department of Human Services by the Iowa Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics (P&T) Committee. Preferred drugs have been identified as therapeutically equivalent to other drugs within a drug class and a cost benefit to the Medicaid program. While all drugs on the PDL are available, nonpreferred drugs require prior authorization (PA) in order for reimbursement to occur.

Why we are doing this: The implementation of the Preferred Drug List and the receipt of supplemental drug rebates from drug manufacturers have played a critical role in containing the costs of prescription drugs in the Iowa Medicaid program. In SFY 2005, with the PDL in effect for six months, the drug expenditures were \$407.8M, representing a 14% annual increase. After accounting for the supplemental rebates (\$9M), this net annual increase in SFY 2005 was reduced to 11.5%. In SFY 2006, the drug expenditures were \$332.4M with nearly \$16M in supplemental rebates. In SFY 2007 drug expenditures were \$235M with \$14.1M in supplemental rebates. SFY 2008 resulted in drug expenditures of \$232.9M and supplemental rebates of \$13.8M. The past two years, SFY 2009 and SFY 2010, resulted in expenditures of \$248.4M and \$252.2M respectively, and supplemental rebates of \$14.7M and \$14.9M respectively.

What we're doing to achieve results: DHS implemented a Preferred Drug List and negotiated for Supplemental Rebates beginning January 2005. In 2006, the Department collaborated in the creation of the Sovereign States Drug Consortium, a multi-state drug pool. Since its inception, this drug pool, authorized by the federal government, has allowed the state to obtain better supplemental rebates. The federal Medicare Part D drug program shifted drug costs out of the Iowa Medicaid program for dually eligible Medicaid members to the federal Medicare program, resulting in a reduction of expenditures from 2006 to 2007.

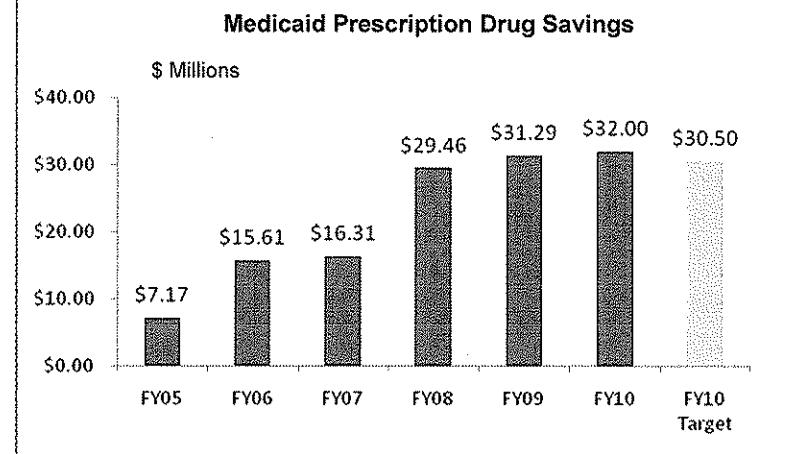
Results

Performance Measure:

State Dollars saved through the Pharmaceutical Preferred Drug List (Iowa Medicaid) Program

Performance Goal/Target:

\$30.5 Million



What was achieved: \$32M in state dollars were saved through the Preferred Drug List and an additional \$79.6M in Federal dollars for a total of \$111.6M in pharmaceutical savings in SFY10.

Data Sources: Iowa Medicaid Enterprise

Resources: State and Federal dollars are used to pay for Medicaid eligible services and benefits.

KEY RESULT

SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

Name: Childcare Assistance

Description: Provides funding for childcare for almost 23,000 children of low-income parents who are working or in school, as well as children in foster care.

Why we are doing this: Providing funding for childcare services enables families to meet their goals for self-sufficiency and offers opportunities for their children to be in safe and quality early learning environments.

What we're doing to achieve results: Childcare assistance pays providers on behalf of low-income parents who are working or in school to help defray the cost of licensed childcare facilities. The DHS website maintains a list of registered childcare providers, aiding parents in locating safe and regulated environments for their children to stay.

Results

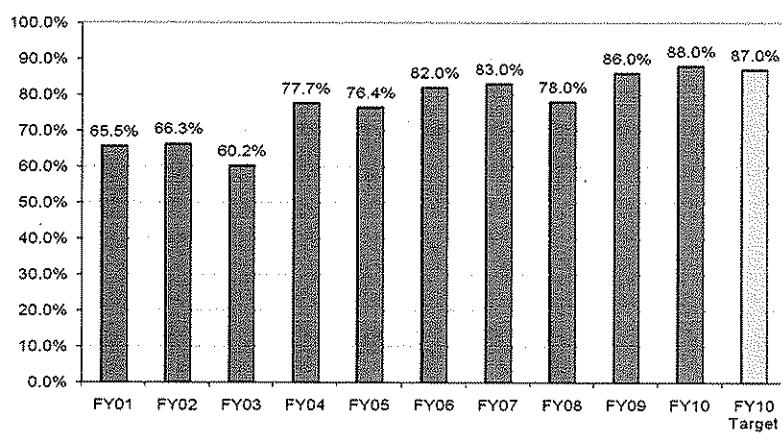
Performance Measure:

Percent of children receiving Child Care Assistance (CCA) who are in regulated settings.

Performance Goal/Target:

87% for SFY 10

Children Receiving CCA in Regulated Settings



What was achieved: Regulated childcare environments provide safe and monitored environments for children. 88% of children receiving childcare assistance in SFY 10 received that childcare in regulated settings, two percentage points above the target.

Data Sources: DHS DCPD and the Kindertrack system.

Resources: \$36,444,733 state dollars and \$47,900,066 federal dollars were spent on subsidized childcare in SFY 10.

KEY RESULT

SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

Name: MHIs – Improvement of MHI patients' ability to function. (Cherokee, Clarinda, Independence, Mount Pleasant)

Description: Measures the percentage of all patients admitted that show an improvement in their ability to function.

Why we are doing this: Mental health services provided at the MHIs are designed to stabilize a patient's condition and improve their ability to function to enable them to successfully live outside an institution in the community.

What we're doing to achieve results: The MHIs provide a variety of programs of behavioral care such as acute psychiatric care at all four facilities, acute services for patients with a dual diagnosis of substance abuse and mental illness at Mount Pleasant MHI, substance abuse treatment at Mount Pleasant, geropsychiatric services for elderly people with a serious mental illness at Clarinda, sub-acute care in a Psychiatric Medical Institution for Children (PMIC) level of care at Independence. All four facilities continue to meet requirements for certification by the Department of Inspections and Appeals and survey standards used by the Federal Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Independence and Cherokee are accredited by The Joint Commission. The accreditation process provides the facilities a rigorous and structured outside review of their policies and practices. A replacement for the aging computer system handling medical records, patient data, and patient billing functions was implemented.

Results

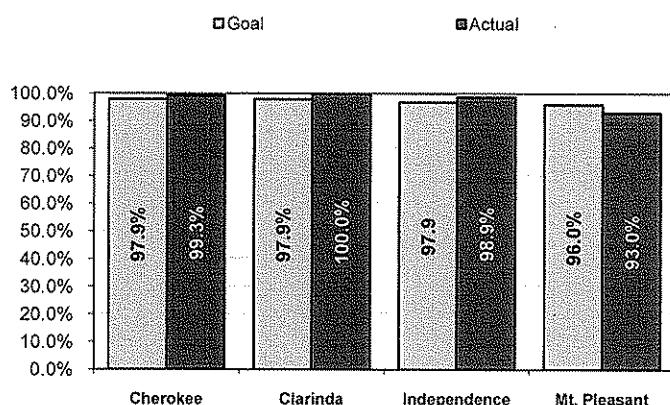
Performance Measure:

Percentage of patients admitted that show an improvement on the Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) scoring instrument).

Performance Goal/Target:

97.9% at Cherokee, Clarinda and Independence.
96% at Mt. Pleasant.

MHI Patient Improvement in Ability to Function



What was achieved: All of the Mental Health Institutes attained the goal in one or more program areas. The individual performances were: 99.3% at Cherokee MHI, 100% at Clarinda Psychiatric Program, 98.8% at Independence Psychiatric Program, 100% at Independence Psychiatric Medical Institution for Children, and 97% at Mount Pleasant Psychiatric Program and 90% at Mount Pleasant Dual Diagnosis Program.

Data Sources: Cherokee MHI, Clarinda MHI, Independence MHI, Mount Pleasant MHI.

Resources: The SFY10 state appropriation of \$ 48,460,726 to the four Mental Health Institutes.

KEY RESULT

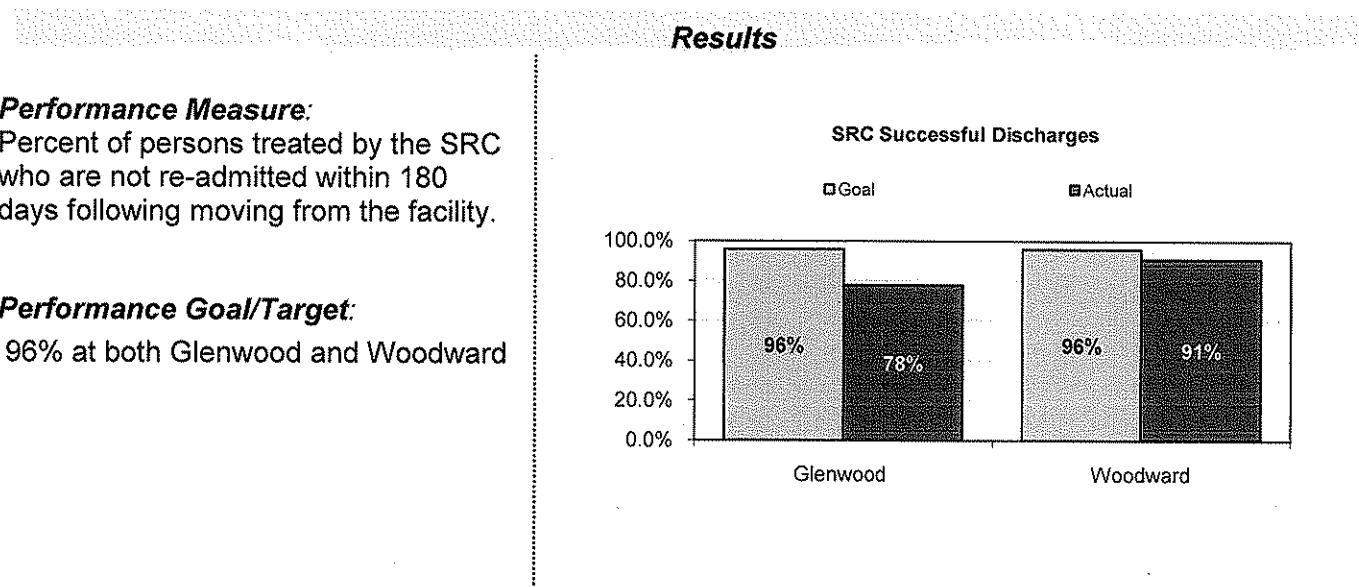
SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

Name: SRCs – Improve readmission rate of persons receiving treatment at SRCs (Glenwood and Woodward)

Description: Measures the percentage of individuals that return to a SRC within 180 days of discharge.

Why we are doing this: The State Resource Centers at Woodward and Glenwood serve persons of all ages who have intellectual or other developmental disabilities. Nearly all of the residents at the Resource Centers have been denied admission to community-based providers of this level of care. The goal is to provide a variety of treatment and outreach services to people with intellectual or other developmental disabilities, and to assist residents to return to their communities.

What we're doing to achieve results: State Resource Centers are working with community-based programs and are developing outplacement plans that address the individualized needs of each person.



What was achieved: Glenwood and Woodward had transitions with rates of 78% and 91% respectively.

Data Sources: Glenwood and Woodward SRCs.

Resources: The state appropriation to the two State Resource Centers totaled \$25,950,457 for SFY10.

KEY RESULT

SERVICE/ PRODUCT/ ACTIVITY

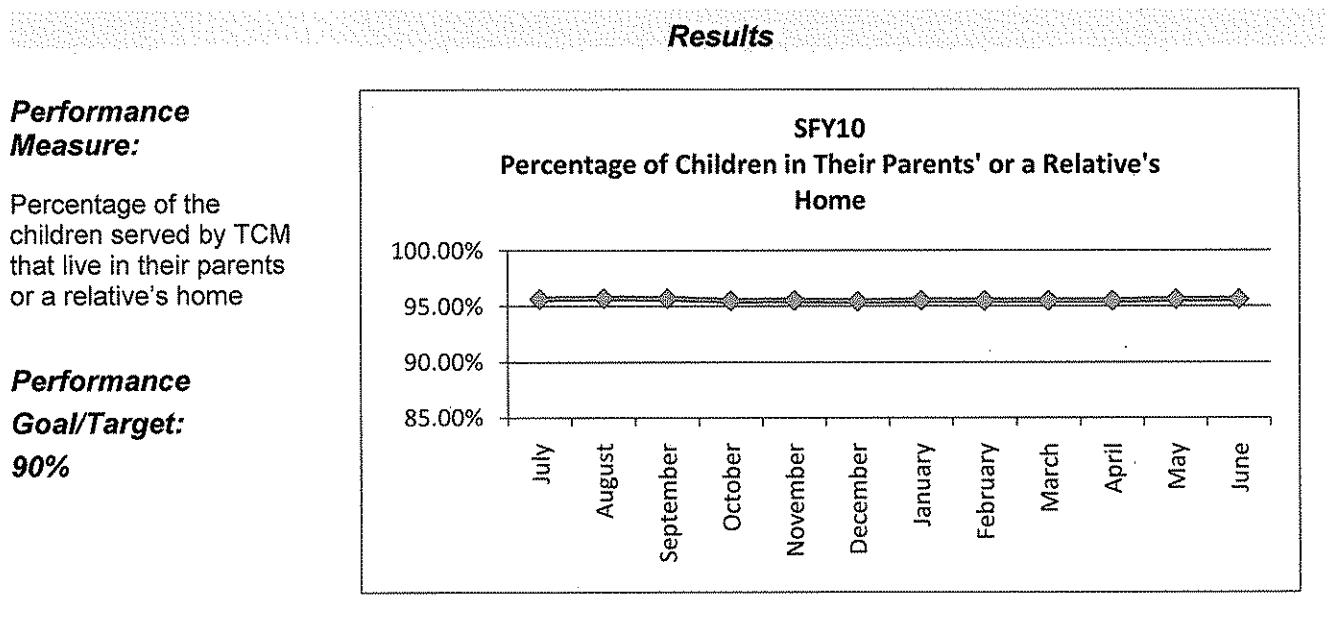
Name: Targeted Case Management

Description: When counties select DHS Targeted Case Management (TCM) as the designated provider in that county, the unit plans, arranges, monitors, and adjusts services for eligible individuals. Eligible individuals are those receiving Medicaid with a condition of mental retardation, brain injury and/or those who are chronically mentally ill. DHS TCM operates as a Medicaid provider that receives no appropriated funds. TCM receives funding through fee-for-service revenues paid by counties using a mix of federal, state, and county funds.

Why we are doing this: Targeted case management focuses on the consumer's strengths, interests, abilities, and competencies. The service involves the consumer, families, guardians, and other professionals and agencies in identifying, developing, implementing and monitoring a comprehensive outcomes achievement plan. Targeted case management seeks to assist the consumer in:

- * Gaining independence
- * Attaining integration into the community
- * Maximizing participation in the decision making process
- * Achieving outcomes.

What we're doing to achieve results: A targeted case manager plans, coordinates, and monitors services of other providers. The targeted case manager acts as an advocate to link consumers to service agencies and support systems responsible for providing the necessary direct services.



What was achieved: An average of 95.70% of children served by TCM were served in their own home or in the home of an immediate relative, exceeding the target by 5.7 percentage points.

Data Sources: Consumer assessment data from the case management consumer database.

Resources: Service provided to children in SFY 2010 was 72.09% Federally funded and 27.91% State funded.

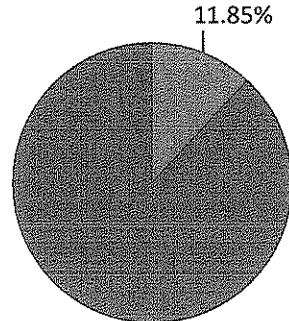
Performance Measure:
Percentage of consumers
with a severe and
persistent mental health
condition (SPMI)
receiving psychiatric
inpatient services.

Performance

Goal/Target:

Less than 15%

SFY10
SPMI Consumers' receiving Psychiatric Inpatient Services



What was achieved: In Fiscal Year 2010, a total of 95 of 802 SPMI consumers received psychiatric inpatient services.

Data Sources: Consumer assessment data from the case management SQL consumer database.

Resources: Service provided to SPMI consumers in FY 2010 was provided through Magellan Behavioral Care. The match is appropriated to the Medicaid program.

Agency Contacts

Copies of the Department of Human Services' Performance Report are available on the DHS website at <http://www.resultsiowa.org/humansvs.html>. Copies of the report can also be obtained by contacting Sandy Knudsen in the Bureau of Planning and Research at 515-281-7064. The Department of Human Services' website is <http://dhs.iowa.gov>.

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2010 DHS Performance Results - SPAs and Measures

Core Function	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
Child and Adult Protection	401_10004	Child Foster Care Independence Program	Provides funds to assist foster care youth transition to young adulthood by providing a range of supportive services, including services to prepare youth for transition, Aftercare Services, and Education and Training Vouchers (ETVs). ETVs are used to assist Youth, who have "aged out" of foster care or who were adopted from foster care after attaining the age of 16, by supporting post-secondary education and training programs. DHS provides these services through an inter-agency agreement with the Iowa College Student Aid Commission.	51 Percent of youth, who age out of care at age 18 or older, that have a high school degree or GED at time of discharge	TBD	71% 1) Provide needed supports as foster child moves into adulthood and tries to become self-sufficient. 2) Improve transition planning - implement transition planning committees.		
				52 Number of kids served in Aftercare Program	400	77% To ensure each youth exiting foster care due to turning 18 years of age is equipped with the skills and resources needed for successful transition into adulthood and follow-up with services and supports as needed, up to the age of 21, for continued preparation to meet the challenges and opportunities of adulthood.		
Economic Support	401_10007	Child Abuse Prevention	Funds services and supports to families to prevent child abuse and neglect. Services and supports such as young services, Health Opportunities for Parents to Experience Success (HOPE) program, crisis nursery, parent education, respite care, sexual abuse prevention are provided through Department of Public Health and Prevent Child Abuse Iowa.	57 Rate of confirmed child abuse (per thousand)	20	16% 1) Community Care program, 2) Home visiting program, 3) Young parents program, 4) Crisis care, 5) Community Partnerships for Protecting Children.		
	401_22024	Supplemental Food Program	Provides supplemental food programs for low-income working families and the elderly. The Emergency Food Assistance program provided a monthly average of 258,000 people with 6.8 million pounds of food with an estimated value of \$272,600 in SYFY 2009. 1,039,155 pounds of food valued at \$250,148 of supplemental commodities were provided to 646 and 5 surrounding counties to a monthly average of 3,355 people. 26,735 pounds of food valued at \$65,35 was provided to Woodward Resource Center. Federal regulations require state contributions for supplemental food programs.	72 Average monthly number of people served through food banks and soup kitchens via the Emergency Food Assistance Program.	180,000	235,817 1) Include information about emerging food programs as part of annual DHS stakeholder view process. 2) Make referrals to local community programs.		
				73 Average monthly number of people served through supplemental commodity programs in PAs, and 8 surrounding counties.	3,455	3,438 1) Include information about emerging food programs as part of local DHS stakeholder view process. 2) Make referrals to local community programs.		
Health Care & Support Services	401_34039	Community Based Pregnancy Prevention Programs	Provides for community level services to prevent teen pregnancy through comprehensive preventative services and support families through family planning services of education, social and medical services. In SYFY 08, 38,931 individuals received direct services through the Community Adolescent Program. Media programming and coalition advertising reached over 50,000 individuals throughout Iowa.	64 Average score of teen pregnancy prevention participant responses to survey questions relating to absence and likelihood of postponing sex. (Scale 1 = not at all, 2 = a little more, and 3 = lot more.)	2	2 TBD		
				67 Percent of community teen pregnancy and parenting grantee that do not have an increase in live births to mothers under age 18.	69%	67% 1) Shift resources and cross train to ensure adequate staffing during peak receipt times.		
Resource Management	401_67001	Service Delivery Support	Provides the foundation and administrative support for the management, delivery and improvement of all DHS services and program. Service delivery across the array of programs and services depends on corporate accountability through performance management, goal setting, strategic planning, information technology, data management, fiscal accountability, revenue maximization, program direction and oversight, human resource management, and an effective liaison with federal and state policymakers.	51 Percent of Claims Paid within 30 days of initial receipt	90%	78.5% 1) Direct staff resources to claims processing		
				6 Percent of child support payments processed within 2 business days of receipt.	100%	98% Shift resources and cross train to ensure adequate staffing during peak receipt times.		
				14 Availability (up-time) of DHS systems (includes DHS network and the various administrative systems).	98%	99.88% 1) Improve ongoing communications with employees. 2) Expand employee performance recognition programs.		
				15 Employee satisfaction rate.	85% (Unavailable due to changes in the tracking system.)	11) Develop programs to respond to identified causes of turnover. 2) Promote employee recognition and training programs.		
				101 Employee Turnover Rate.	9%	8.3% 1) Develop programs to respond to identified causes of turnover. 2) Promote employee recognition and training programs.		
	402_10002	Child, Adult and Family Protection and Services	Protection of children, adults, and families through the performance of 23,236 child assessments, assessment of service needs and arrangement and monitoring of outcome achievement for 28,842 children and approximately 1,854 dependent adults. (Numbers are calendar 2008 Actuals)	36 Percent of children who do not experience re-abuse for at least 6 months from a previous occurrence.	91.2%	91.4% 1) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, focus on underlying conditions (parental issues), and improve transitions.		
				37 Percent of children exiting foster care who are re-unified with their families within 12 months from last removal from home (re-unification).	59%	65% Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, focus on underlying conditions (parental issues), and improve transitions.		
				38 Percent of children who do not re-enter foster care within 12 months of last foster care episode (re-entry).	90.7%	87.3% Improve family engagement, assessment of family needs, improve discharge planning and provision of after care to support successful reunification. 4) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement and safety plans, reduce case loads, increase visits, and improve transitions.		
				61 Percent of foster care children who have 2 or fewer moves in the first year after removal (placement stability).	86.3%	87.2% 1) Increase use of concurrent planning. 2) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, focus on underlying conditions (parental issues), and improve transitions. 3) Improve family engagement, assessment of family needs, improve discharge planning and provision of after care to support successful reunification. 4) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement and safety plans, reduce case loads, increase visits, and improve transitions.		
				85 Percent of maltreatment assessments that are initiated in a timely fashion.	89%	87.2% 1) Train centralized intake units in each service area. 2) Maintain as focus in quality assurance reviews.		
				86 Percent of cases with monthly face-to-face visit with child.	75%	81% 1) Improve clinical consultation. 2) Maintain a focus in quality assurance reviews. 2) Reduce case loads when possible.		
				163 Percentage of parents having monthly face-to-face visits with their DHS caseworker.	46%	\$57.11 1) Increase number of case managers. 2) Offer non-child welfare work.		

Core Function Name	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
402_222018	Food Assistance, FIP, Child Care, and Medicaid benefit access.	Statewide eligibility determination for all Food Assistance, Cash Assistance, Cash Assistance (FIP), Title XXI Medical Assistance (Medicaid), Child Care, and Medicaid benefit access. In SFY 2009 approximately 135,141 households received Food Stamps each month in Iowa. Also in SFY 2009, cash assistance was provided to over 15,689 households per month through the Family Investment Program. Over 395,000 individuals per month are served through Iowa's Medicaid program (Title XXI Medical Assistance), and over 26,000 children are currently eligible for Child Care, 1,543 childcare centers throughout the state such as Child Support and work training. DHS also licenses and inspects 1,543 childcare centers currently at a capacity to serve nearly 92,000 children. Caseloads for eligibility determination staff are currently at an average of 470 cases per worker.	17	Number of Iowans receiving Food Assistance at the end of the SFY	347,588	346,531	1) Increase participation by continuing outreach efforts with a greater emphasis on the elderly. 2) Increase utilization of the online application through marketing. 3) Continue expanding EBT access at farmers' markets. 4) Increase use of the Customer Service Call Center. 5) Implement process improvement projects. 6) Develop community partnerships.
			22	Average monthly number of enrollees in Medicaid (includes IowaCare, Family Planning Waiver, and Medicaid Expansion).	387,062	443,739	1) Increase participation by supporting federal outreach for programs offering limited Medicaid coverage for Medicare beneficiaries. 2) Increased outreach through media campaign. 3) Eliminate IowaCare premiums for people below 100% FPL. 4) Increases the earned income disregard.
			87	Average monthly number of families receiving FIP	16,694	17,444	1) Improve customer service through process improvement projects. 2) Increase number of families attaining self-sufficiency through employment by increasing the earned income disregard. 6) Develop community partnerships.
			88	FA accuracy rate	94.4%	93.5%	1) Improve accuracy by focusing corrective action efforts on common error elements. 2) Implement electronic case reading tool.
			110	Number of households receiving Food Assistance at the end of the SFY.	139,735	159,630	1) Increase participation by continuing outreach efforts with a greater emphasis on the elderly. 2) Increase utilization of the online application through marketing. 3) Continue expanding EBT access at Farmers' Markets. 4) Increase use of the Customer Service Call Center. 5) Implement process improvement projects. 6) Develop community partnerships.
			174	Reduce Food Assistance error rate	4%	8%	
			19	Percent of all active child support cases that have a legal order establishing the legal obligation of both parents to provide for the financial support of the child(ren)	85%	85%	Child support will assist in securing self-sufficiency by establishing orders for support and securing current support
			20	Percent of all child support owed in the current state fiscal year which is collected in the current state fiscal year	70%	70%	Child support will assist in securing self-sufficiency by establishing orders for support and securing current support
			123	Total Child Support collections	\$ 351,580,000	\$ 336,375,284	Child support will assist in securing self-sufficiency by securing current and delinquent support.
			164	Percentage of cases with paternity established so that children have two parents legally responsible for their care.	90%	95%	Children will have two legal parents.
			69	Average wage for refugees placed in full time employment.	\$ 9,00	\$ 9,60	Arrange for housing, medical care, and school and job placement.
			167	Percent of BRS received refugees placed in a job with health benefits available within 6 months of placement.	83%	93%	Arrange for housing, medical care, and school and job placement.
			60	Average wage for refugees placed in full time employment.	\$ 9,00	\$ 10,06	Arrange for housing, medical care, and school and job placement.
			167	Percent of BRS received refugees placed in a job with health benefits available within 6 months of placement.	83%	93%	Arrange for housing, medical care, and school and job placement.
			102	Percent of Targeted Case Management Consumers with a Severe and Persistent Mental Health Condition receiving psychiatric inpatient services.	15%	11.5%	Crisis plans for consumer, anticipate emergencies and plan for the support necessary to maintain individual.
			103	Percent of the children served by TCM that live in the family home.	90%	95.7%	Children are maintained in their homes through provision of support services.
			33	Percent of youth who remain in the community for a 6-month period after discharge.		100%	Increase the percentage of youth with discharge plans addressing medical, educational and mental health needs.
			172	Reading Academic Achievement – Percent of students who show improvement from Pre- to Posttest, which occur at admission and discharge.	52%	45%	Give residents skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs.
			173	Math Academic Achievement – Percent of students who show improvement from Pre- to Posttest, which occur at admission and discharge.	55%	35%	Give residents skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs.
			176	Percent of youth who were readmitted after a discharge from the facility.	17%	26%	

Core Function Name	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
	404_10015	Toledo - CINA	The Iowa Juvenile Home at Toledo provides residential care and treatment services for males and females adjudicated to be Children in Need of Assistance (CINA) who have needs unmet through community-based services. The Iowa Juvenile Home provides a basic education program for development of fundamental academic skills and the attainment of life skills. Special education programs are offered based on a student's Individual Education Plan. Vocational programs are also offered.	33	Percent of youth who remain in the community for a 6-month period after discharge	100%	This measure was to be deleted from FY10 measures.	Increase the percentage of youth with discharge plans addressing medical, educational and mental health needs.
				172	Reading Academic Achievement -- Percent of students who show improvement from Pre- to Post-test, which occur at admission and discharge	52%		55% Give residents skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs.
				173	Math Academic Achievement -- Percent of students who show improvement from Pre- to Post-test, which occur at admission and discharge	55%		42% Give residents skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs.
				176	Percent of youth who were readmitted after a discharge from the facility.	17%		12% Increase the percentage of youth with discharge plans addressing medical, educational and mental health needs.
	405_10016	Eldora	The State Training School for Boys at Eldora provides residential care and treatment services for delinquent boys. The State Training School provides a basic education program for development of fundamental academic skills, and vocational programs are also offered.	33	Percent of youth who remain in the community for a 6-month period after discharge	100%	This measure was to be deleted from FY10 measures.	74% Give residents skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs.
				172	Reading Academic Achievement -- Percent of students who show improvement from Pre- to Post-test, which occurs at admission and discharge	58%		68% Give residents skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs.
				173	Math Academic Achievement -- Percent of students who show improvement from Pre- to Post-test, which occur at admission and discharge	67%		65% Give residents skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs.
				176	Percent of youth who were readmitted after a discharge from the facility.	16%		16% Increase the percentage of youth with discharge plans addressing medical, educational and mental health needs.
				98	Percent of patients who show progress in treatment	19%		20% 1) Focus on skills needed to successfully live in their community as children and adults by providing effective academic and vocational education programs. 2) Continue to develop discharge plans addressing medical, educational and mental health needs.
				152	Number of clients served by CCUSO at close of SFY	86		80 CCUSO receives patient admissions from the court system and does not have authority to deny admissions.
				80	Percent of all patients admitted that show an improvement in their ability to function based on the Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) Instrument	97.9%		99.3% Continue to increase the improvement in the functioning level of patients discharged by improving the quality of the inpatient psychiatric services provided.
				100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	0.7		1.05 Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				149	Percent of MH clients who are not readmitted within 30 days of discharge	96.1%		96.5% Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				150	Percent of MH clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	89.7%		96.7% Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				80	Percent of all patients admitted that show an improvement in their ability to function based on the Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) Instrument	97.9%		100% Continue to increase the improvement in the functioning level of patients discharged by improving the quality of the inpatient psychiatric services provided.
				100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	1.6		0.98 Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				149	Percent of MH clients who are not readmitted within 30 days of discharge	96.1%		90.7% Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				150	Percent of MH clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	89.7%		83.0% Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	1.6		0.0 Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
	408_34046	Clairinda Psych	Clairinda Mental Health Institute (MH) provides acute psychiatric services for voluntarily and involuntarily committed adults. Clairinda MH is the primary inpatient provider for adults with chronic mental illness who are involuntarily committed in its 15-county southwest Iowa catchment area. Clairinda MH admitted 216 patients in SFY 2009. Clairinda MH operates 20 adult psychiatric beds.	80	Percent of MH clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	97.9%		91.3% Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	1.6		93.3% Continue to increase the improvement in the functioning level of patients discharged by improving the quality of the inpatient psychiatric services provided.
				150	Percent of MH clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	85.2%		85.2% Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				80	Percent of all patients admitted that show an improvement in their ability to function based on the Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) Instrument	97.9%		98.3% Continue to increase the improvement in the functioning level of patients discharged by improving the quality of the inpatient psychiatric services provided.
				100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	1.80		1.11 Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.

Core Function Name	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
				148	Percent of MHI clients who are not readmitted within 30 days of discharge	96.1%	91.8%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				150	Percent of MHI clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	87.0%	91.2%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
409_34049	Independence PMIC	The Independence Psychiatric Medical Institution for Children (PMIC) was established to provide additional sub-acute care capacity in Iowa and to serve children whose needs were unmet by community-based providers. Entry to this program is limited to children/adolescents referred by Cherokee and Independence MHCs and by the Iowa Juvenile Home at Toledo when there is no community PMIC that is willing to accept the child. Independence PMIC admitted 122 patients in SFY 2009. There are 36 beds.		80	Percent of all patients admitted that show an improvement in their ability to function based on the Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) instrument	97.9%	100%	Continue to increase the improvement in the functioning level of psychiatric services provided.
				149	Percent of MHI clients who are not readmitted within 30 days of discharge	96.1%	96.0%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				150	Percent of MHI clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	90.1%	92.0%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				80	Percent of all patients admitted that show an improvement in their ability to function based on the Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) instrument	96%	97%	Continue to increase the improvement in the functioning level of psychiatric services provided.
410_34050	Mt. Pleasant Psych	Mt. Pleasant Mental Health Institute (MHI) provides acute psychiatric services for voluntary and involuntary committed adults. Mt. Pleasant MHI is the primary inpatient provider for people with chronic mental illness who are involuntarily committed in its 5-county south-central Iowa catchment area. Mt. Pleasant MHI admits 120 patients to the acute unit in SFY2009. Mt. Pleasant MHI operates 14 adult psychiatric beds.		100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	1.8	0.53	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				148	Percent of MHI clients who are not readmitted within 30 days of discharge	96.1%	68.6%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				150	Percent of MHI clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	85%	85%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				80	Percent of all patients admitted that show an improvement in their ability to function based on the Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) instrument	96%	90%	Continue to increase the improvement in the functioning level of psychiatric services provided.
410_34051	Mt. Pleasant Dual Diagnosis	The Dual Diagnosis Unit at Mt. Pleasant integrates substance abuse as well as mental health treatment into all aspects of the existing mental health program and service system rather than a comprehensive range of integrated services including counseling, case management, medications, housing, vocational training, and discrete intervention. Treatment programs for dual diagnosis provide a comprehensive range of integrated services including counseling, case management, medications, housing, vocational training, and discrete intervention. Treatment has demonstrated that compared with non-integrated treatment, a variety of positive outcomes in domains such as substance abuse, psychiatric symptoms, functioning, hospitalization, arrests, functional status, quality of life, and reduced costs, are associated with dual diagnosis services (Orake et al., 2001). Mt. Pleasant Dual Diagnosis program admitted 167 patients in SFY 2009 to its 16-bed unit. The Dual Diagnosis Program has a statewide catchment area.		100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	1.8	0.10	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				148	Percent of MHI clients who are not readmitted within 30 days of discharge	96.1%	98.8%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				150	Percent of MHI clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	92%	93.0%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				81	Percent of people receiving substance abuse treatment will show a level of improvement that will allow progression to off-site, outpatient treatment or outpatient monitoring.	96.0%	92.7%	Decrease the average ASAM scale scores of persons discharged by continuing to improve the quality of the treatment episode.
				149	Percent of MHI clients who are not readmitted within 30 days of discharge	96.1%	99.5%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				150	Percent of MHI clients (or their guardians) who self-report they are satisfied with the treatment and services received during their stay	97.7%	90.0%	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				178	Percent of substance abuse clients who successfully complete/receive maximum benefits from the program.	87.4%	80.4%	
				100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	0.10	0.07	Provide effective treatment, rehabilitation, and habilitation services to ensure persons are able to successfully live in the community.
411_34052	Mt. Pleasant SA	Provision of a 30-day residential substance abuse treatment program for adults. This program has approximately 143 of the total number of residential substance abuse treatment beds in Iowa. As such, it is a primary resource for court ordered treatment and for offenders in the Community Based Correctional System. The Mt. Pleasant Substance Abuse admitted 516 patients in SFY2009 to its 55-bed program. The Mt. Pleasant substance abuse program has a statewide catchment area.		108	Percent of the ICERMAR clients that are employed and wage earners	60%	58%	
				171	Reduction in the number of persons residing in the State Resource Centers	12	20	TBD
				180	Percent of discharged clients who remain in the community for at least 180 days.	66%	78%	
				18	Number of clients transitioning to the community using NPP.	12	20	TBD

Core Function Name	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
	411_34054	Glenwood Comm	Glenwood Resource Center provides a variety of treatment and outreach services to people of all ages with mental retardation or other developmental disabilities. Like its sister facility at Woodward, Glenwood helps residents reach their individual goals and return to their communities. Nearly all of the residents at Glenwood have been denied admission to community-based providers of this level of care. Glenwood serves 34 persons (adults and children) entirely in these services.	180	Percent of discharged clients who remain in the community or at least 180 days.	95%	78%	TBD
	412_34055	Woodward ICFMR	Woodward Resource Center provides Intermediate Care Facility (ICF) services to adults and children with mental retardation or developmental disabilities who are voluntarily or involuntarily admitted. These services include treatment, training, care, habilitation, support and instruction. Woodward serves 250 persons annually including (235 adults and 15 children). Woodward serves a 47 county catchment area.	100	Number of hours per 1,000 patient hours spent in restraint or seclusion.	0.20	0.06	Improve the ability of persons with mental illness to function in the community by providing effective treatment to stabilize acute mental illness episodes.
				108	Percent of the ICFMR clients that are employed and wage earners	72%	84%	
				171	Reduction in the number of persons residing in the State Resource Centers	12	11	TBD
				181	Number of clients transitioning to the community using MFP	12	19	TBD
	412_34056	Woodward Comm	Woodward Resource Center provides a variety of treatment and outreach services to people of all ages with mental retardation or other developmental disabilities. Like its sister facility at Glenwood, Woodward helps residents reach admission to their individual goals and return to their communities. Nearly all of the residents at Woodward have been denied admission to community-based providers of this level of care. Woodward serves 39 persons (adults and children) annually in these home and community based waiver services.	180	Percent of discharged clients who remain in the community for at least 180 days.	96%	91%	TBD
	413_10003	Adoption Subsidy	Provides financial support for families who adopt children from foster care with special needs, including physical, mental or emotional disability, and other needs based on age and race/ethnicity. Adoption subsidy is a primary strategy for achieving stable and permanent families for children whose parental rights have been terminated. In July 2009, there were approximately 5,609 children served in the adoption subsidy program. The adoption subsidy program is established as an entitlement in federal statute and Iowa Code Chapter 600.	1	Percent of adoptions finalized within 24 months of removal from home (timely adoption).	54%	58.6%	Increase recruitment of qualified foster and adoptive parents, increase use of concurrent planning.
	413_10005	Family Support Programs	Provides family support subsidies to assist low- to moderate-income families whose children have a disability by providing a range of support services to prevent temporary or long-term residential placements. 378 children are served with family subsidies statewide and the children-at-home project in 14 counties.	54	Annual number of children served in Family Support Programs	346	333	Provide needed support for family to keep child at home rather than an out-of-home placement
	413_10008	Community Care	Provides funding to community based child welfare providers to serve families diverted from the formal child welfare system. The main purpose is to keep families together in their home communities by developing and providing a range of family services with flexible funding that best meets the needs of the child and family and reduces the risk of child abuse and neglect without further or ongoing state agency involvement.	55	Percent of children served who remain at home	99%	99%	Provide needed support for family to keep child at home rather than an out-of-home placement
				158	Number of children served by Children At-Home	700	714	Provide needed support for family to keep child at home rather than an out-of-home placement
				56	Number of maltreatment for families referred to Community Care	5%	5%	Contract with community based providers to link families to community services.
				58	Parental "satisfaction" with services provided by Community Care Provider	85%	93%	Contract with community based providers to link families to community services.
	413_10010	Child Welfare In-home Services	Provides funding for an array of in-home services and supports to families in which there has been a founded child abuse assessment for a child age 5 or under, and for families in which there has been a founded child abuse report for a child age 6 and older where the continued risk of future abuse is moderate or high. Services are directed at reducing the risk of abuse and increasing family protective capacities. DHS caseworkers provide case management and oversight of cases, while private providers deliver direct services under contract with DHS.	36	Percent of children who do not experience re-abuse for at least 6-months from a previous occurrence.	91.2%	91.4%	Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, and safety plans, reduce caseloads, increase visits, and improve transitions.
				37	Percent of children exiting foster care who are re-united with their families within 12 months from last removal from home (re-unification).	59%	63%	Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, focus on underlying conditions (parental issues), and improve transitions.
				38	Percent of children who do not re-enter foster care within 12 months of last foster care episode (re-entry)	90.7%	87.9%	Improve family engagement, assessment of family needs, improve discharge planning and provision of after care to support successful reunification.
				61	Percent of foster care children who have 2 or fewer moves in the first year after removal (placement stability).	68.3%	87.2%	(1) Increase use of concurrent planning, (2) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, focus on underlying conditions (parental issues), and improve transitions, (3) Improve family engagement, assessment of family needs, improve discharge planning and provision of after care to support successful reunification, (4) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement and safety plans, reduce caseloads, increase visits, and improve transitions.
				148	Number of finalized adoptions from foster care	975	829	Issue RFP for improved recruitment and retention of foster parents.
				62	Percent of youth arrested for committing a delinquent act within 6 months of program discharge	26%	29%	(2) Improve concurrent planning.
	413_10012	Juvenile Justice In-home Services	Provides funding for an array of community based in-home services and interventions for youth that have committed a delinquent act. Services are directed at holding the youth accountable for their actions, rehabilitating the youth, and reducing future delinquency. Juvenile Court Officers supervise these cases, while private providers deliver direct services under contract with Juvenile Court Services and DHS.	38	Percent of children who do not re-enter foster care within 12 months of last foster care episode (re-entry)	90.7%	87.9%	(1) Track, (2) life Skills, (3) Supervised Community Treatment, (4) School-Based Services.
	413_10013	Juvenile Justice Out-of-home Services	Provides funding for an array of out-of-home services and interventions for youth that have committed a delinquent act. Services are directed at holding the youth accountable for their actions, rehabilitating the youth and reducing future delinquency. Juvenile Court Officers supervise these cases, while private providers deliver direct services under contract with DHS.					Improve family engagement, assessment of family needs, improve discharge planning and provision of after care to support successful reunification.

Core Function Name	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
413_10013	Juvenile Justice Out-of-home Services			61	Percent of foster care children who have 2 or fewer moves in the first year after removal (placement stability)	88.2%	87.2%	1) Increase recruitment of qualified foster and adoptive parents; increase use of concurrent planning. 2) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, focus on underlying conditions (parental issues), and improve transitions. 3) Improve family engagement, assessment of family needs, improve discharge planning and provision of after care to support successful reunification. 4) Utilize standardized assessments, family engagement, and safety plans, reduce caseloads, increase visits, and improve transitions.
413_10059	Transition to Adulthood	Transition to Adulthood		145	Number of PALS youth participating in post-secondary education/training or employed.	413	555	To provide support and services, including a monthly stipend to eligible youth leaving foster care at 18 years of age in order to assist them in achieving self-sufficiency. 2) Each person enrolled in the PALs program has an individual self-sufficient plan based on an assessment of the youth's strengths and needs. The youth is required to participate in development of the plan and to recognize and accept their personal responsibility in meeting the goals of their plan.
				146	Average monthly number of PALS youth with a self-sufficiency plan	280	307	
				147	Percent of youth that turn age 18 in foster care with medical insurance	80%	96%	
				165	Number of Youth leaving paid foster care at 18 receiving Medicaid under the TANF program.	826	873	Client education of program requirements to maintain eligibility.
				177	Participants finish high school or receive a GED	83%	71%	
				178	Participants hold job for 3 or more consecutive months	67%	29%	
				2	Hourly rate of earned income for families exiting FIP due to income reasons	\$ 8.06	\$ 8.17	1) Increase work participation with staff focused on 2-parent families. 2) Short-term Family Investment Agreements. 3) Increase earned income deductions for FIP and FMAP eligibility. 4) Increase work participation rate with special supports for the disabled.
				3	Percent of families who leave and remain off FIP for at least 12-months (recidivism rate)	70.5%	71.1%	1) Increase work participation with staff focused on 2-parent families. 2) Short-term Family Investment Agreements. 3) Increase earned income deductions for FIP and FMAP eligibility. 4) Increase work participation rate with special supports for the disabled. 5) Support working families by issuing transportation allowance.
				153	TANF work participation rate (target specified by TANF federal block grant)	42%	35.5%	1) Increase work participation with staff focused on 2-parent families. 2) Short-term Family Investment Agreements. 3) Increase earned income deductions for FIP and FMAP eligibility. 4) Increase work participation rate with special supports for the disabled. 5) Support working families by issuing transportation allowance.
				168	Percent of families leaving FIP within 6 months of receiving TSSG.	51%	55.8%	Continue to identify FIP cases potentially eligible for TSSG and provide assistance as appropriate.
				2	Hourly rate of earned income for families exiting FIP due to income reasons	\$ 8.06	\$ 8.17	1) Increase work participation with staff focused on 2-parent families. 2) Short-term Family Investment Agreements. 3) Increase earned income deductions for FIP and FMAP eligibility. 4) Increase work participation rate with special supports for the disabled.
				169	Percent of families leaving FIP within 6 months of receiving TSSG.	51%	55.8%	
				170	TANF work participation rate (target specified by TANF federal block grant)	42%	35.5%	
				171	Percent of families who leave and remain off FIP for at least 12-months (recidivism rate)	70.5%	71.1%	1) Increase work participation with staff focused on 2-parent families. 2) Short-term Family Investment Agreements. 3) Increase earned income deductions for FIP and FMAP eligibility. 4) Increase work participation rate with special supports for the disabled. 5) Support working families by issuing transportation allowance.
413_22019	Family Investment Program (FIP)	FIP provides short-term cash assistance to low-income families with children to meet basic needs, including food, clothing, shelter, and utilities while they try to become self-supporting. Also provides technology support to re-enter reform related programs to ensure timely and accurate benefits and services are provided to families. The Family Investment Program (FIP) provided cash assistance to a monthly average of 15,569 families with an average benefit of \$119 per family per month. All FIP participating families are required to enter into an agreement to actively seek employment and to participate in our employment and job training program referred to as "PROMISE JOBS". PROMISE JOBS is funded by DHS and contracted to Iowa Workforce Development.						
413_22020	FIP Discretion Programs	The Family Self-Sufficiency Grant (FSSG) program pays for goods or services to meet a specific short-term employment-related barrier allowing a FIP family to obtain or retain employment within two months of receiving the FSSG assistance. Although a family may receive FSSG more than once, the total limit per year per family is \$1,000. A total of 2,677 FIP families received FSSG in SFY 2008 at an average cost of \$562. 71% of FSSG payments in SFY 2008 were for transportation-related expenses, such as car repairs. A similar term provides short-term assistance to address employment-related barriers to enable families to avoid having to go on FIP.						
413_22021	PROMISE JOBS - Promoting independence and self-sufficiency through employment job opportunities and basic skills.	Provides training, education and employment services to families receiving cash assistance under the Family Investment program (FIP). PROMISE JOBS Promoting Independence and Self-Sufficiency through Employment Participation in PROMISE JOBS is required for most FIP recipients. Participants develop a Family Investment Agreement (FIA) that outlines what steps they will take to leave public assistance. Each FIA is individualized to a participant's needs. Persons who fail to comply or fail to complete their FIP Benefits. Services include intensive job search activities for finding employment; employment, work experience or unpaid community service; basic education, including assistance with high school completion, GED, adult basic education, and English-as-a-second-language; postsecondary training; parenting skills improvement training; family development services to assess families in overcoming significant barriers to self-sufficiency; life skills training to support money management, nutrition, parenting information, and developing community resources; and some limited financial assistance for transportation and childcare, depending on the activity and available funding. Services are currently provided under a contract with the Iowa Department of Workforce Development. These services enable the state to meet federally mandated work participation requirements as a condition for receiving approximately \$131 million in federal funds annually under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant. In SFY08, a monthly average of 12,085 persons were served through PROMISE JOBS.						
				153	TANF work participation rate (target specified by TANF federal block grant)	42%	35.5%	1) Increase work participation with staff focused on 2-parent families. 2) Short-term Family Investment Agreements. 3) Increase earned income deductions for FIP and FMAP eligibility. 4) Increase work participation rate with special supports for the disabled. 5) Support working families by issuing transportation allowance.

Core Function Name	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
Family Development and Self Sufficiency (FaDSS)	413_22022	Family Development and Self Sufficiency (FaDSS)	Provides support services to families receiving cash assistance under the Family Investment Program (FIP) who have overwhelming barriers to leaving FIP and are at risk of long-term welfare dependency. The program is comprehensive and works to stabilize families in crisis by assisting them to overcome barriers to education, employment, and self-sufficiency. Barriers may include being a minor parent, being a victim of domestic violence, having a history of substance abuse or incarceration, or having a child with disabilities. FaDSS implements basic services provided under PROMISE (ORS). Services are provided by local community agencies through a contract with the Iowa Department of Human Rights. A monthly average of 1,503 families were served in state fiscal year 2009.	2	Hourly rate of earned income for families exiting FIP due to income reasons	\$ 8.05	\$	8.47 1) Refer hardest to serve families meeting specified criteria to FaDSS for services. 2) Establish written agreement with recipients of FaDSS funding to specify responsibilities.
				3	Percent of families who leave and remain off FIP for at least 12-months (rediction rate)	70.5%	58.9%	1) Refer hardest to serve families meeting specified criteria to FaDSS for services. 2) Establish written agreement with recipients of FaDSS funding to specify responsibilities. 1) Increase work participation with staff focused on 2-parent families. 2) Shorten Family Investment Agreements. 3) Advocate for increased childcare or respite care funding to reduce steep income eligibility drop-off. 4) Advocate for increased earned income deductions for FIP and TANF eligibility. 5) Increase work participation rate with special supports for the disabled.
				153	TANF work participation rate (target specified by TANF federal block grant)	42%	34.7%	1) Continue outreach efforts with a greater emphasis on the elderly. 2) Implement online application. 3) Expand EBT access at Farmers' Markets. 4) Increase use of the Customer Service Call Center. 5) Implement process improvement projects.
				17	Number of lowans receiving Food Assistance at the end of the SFY	347,528	346,551	1) Continue outreach efforts with a greater emphasis on the elderly. 2) Implement online application. 3) Continue expanding EBT access at Farmers' Markets. 4) Increase use of the Customer Service Call Center. 5) Implement process improvement projects. 6) Develop community partnerships.
				18	Percent of eligible lowans who receive food assistance.	64%	56.5%	1) Marketing strategies geared to the elderly. 2) Integrate the on-line food assistance application with Project Seafairness administered by the Dept. of Elder Affairs.
				162	Monthly average number of elderly lowans receiving Food Assistance	15,852	16,902	1) Provide financial support through contracting for the recruitment and retention of child care providers. 2) Provide financial support through personnel in providing safe and developmentally appropriate child care environments.
				174	Reduce Food Assistance error rate	4%	6%	1) Marketing strategies geared to low-income families experiencing medical barriers so can maintain or obtain work or training. 2) Simplify the application process. 3) Simplify the provider enrollment process. 4) Educate providers about the enrollment and payment processes. 5) Expand eligibility to families receiving adoption
				56	Number of child care slots available	140,000	148,244	1) Provide financial support through contracting for the recruitment and retention of child care providers. 2) Provide financial support through personnel in providing safe and developmentally appropriate child care environments.
				21	The average monthly number of children served in child care assistance for the fiscal year.	23,035	22,660	1) Provide assistance to low-income families experiencing medical barriers so can maintain or obtain work or training. 2) Simplify the application process. 3) Simplify the provider enrollment process. 4) Educate providers about the enrollment and payment processes.
				66	Percent of children receiving CCA who are in regulated settings	87%	88%	1) Provide financial support through Child Care Resource and Referral contracts for home consultation to recruit and retain registered homes.
				141	Average monthly number of children served in Child Care Assistance	19,798	20,438	1) Reduce the payment cycle to 10 days remittance with an accurate voucher. 2) Simplify the payments and attendance records and provide instruction to providers through written directions and consultation.
				118	The number of registered child development homes	5,660	5,376	1) Provide financial support through Child Care Resource and Referral contracts for home consultation to recruit and retain registered homes. 2) Propose legislation eliminating the fee.
				142	Number of providers at Level 2 or higher in Quality Rating System	1,000	1,000	1,149 1) Provide financial support through Child Care Resource and Referral contracts for QRS Specialists to encourage providers and offer support in participating in QRS. 2) Provides financial support through ISU Extension contracts to ensure providers have access to available budget resources.
				109	Amount, per transaction, of EBT retailer fee	\$ -	\$ -	25.65% Increase home and community based services (HCBS) utilization. Make sure that those with Nursing Facility level of care needs are aware of and understand how to access waiver services (subject to available budget resources).
				90	Percent of State long-term care resources devoted to home and community based care	26.67%	26.67%	Communication has been made to all members and appropriate staff members through Medicaid. Continue to promote MTS website and member newsletters regarding Medicaid benefits.
				92	Percent of Medicaid members who are aware of available preventive health care resources.	78%	57%	Communication has been made to all members and appropriate staff members, so there is the opportunity for all members to have this knowledge.
				8	State funds saved through the Medicaid Preferred Drug List (PDL)	\$ 30,500,000	\$ 32,000,000	Promote and improve the use of the preferred drug list (PDL).

Core Function / Name	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
			93 Rate of growth in pharmacy costs per member per month.			3%	Actual cannot be provided until the final rebate data is available from CMS 8-2011 due to ACA changes.	1) Changes in State Medicaid Upper Payment Limit pricing 2) Continued use of preferred drug list
			128 Increase in State savings from Medicaid pharmacy cost saving strategies		\$ 7,100,000			Continued participation in the SSSDC drug pool allowing the state to obtain better supplemental rebates than it could negotiate alone.
413_34035	Managed Care & Medicare & HIPP Premium Payments	Premium Payments to Managed Care Organizations, Iowa Plan, Medicare [Part A, B] & Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) program	94 Percent of children and adults with access to managed care (either PCP or pediatric).		50%		42%	Identify new managed care partners to maintain the percentage of children and adults with access to managed care.
413_34036	Medicaid IHE	Payments Contracted with administration of the Medicaid Program, residing, but not limited to payments to contractors.	124 Proportion of 15 month old children on Medicaid with six well-child visits		48%		42%	Continue collaboration with the IDPH and provider organizations to encourage well-child checkups at appropriate intervals.
			125 Proportion of children on Medicaid with a dental visit		85%		57%	Work to complete the Dental Home concept.
			126 Proportion of Medicaid members with asthma where appropriate medications are used		83%		85%	Continue and expand the disease management programs in the IHE.
			127 Proportion of women on Medicaid receiving prenatal care from the first trimester		72.5%		66.1%	Work with IDPH and WAC (Title 10) to further refine the "Informing" process that this is available to members.
			129 Savings from Medicaid utilization and care management strategies	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 21,518,612			Continue to increase member enrollment, improve outcomes, and decrease costs.
			130 Savings from Medicaid surveillance and identification review compared to contract costs		350%		400%	Conduct reviews to verify that covered health care services have been documented and that payments have been made in accordance with State and Federal policies, regulations, and statutes.
			131 Increase over the prior year in Medicaid revenue collections from third parties		15%		-3%	Revenue Collection will research and verify other insurance coverage for Medicaid Members and add it to their record, so that claims can be cost-avoided, or they will bill other insurers for claims that Medicaid is obligated to pay ("pay and chase").
			132 Increase in State collections of Medicaid overpayments	\$ 600,000	\$ 13,859,958			Provider Cost Audit will collect overpayments or cost-avoided payments through more intense scrutiny of provider submissions, methodologies, and cost statement activities.
			133 Percent increase in member satisfaction with administration of Medicaid Programs over prior year, based on survey results		5%		2%	Member services will: 1) Keep member call center response time to be kept at under 30 seconds. 2) Respond to billing inquiries within 30 days of request. 3) Continue to communicate with I.M.S on how field and IHE can best support the member.
			134 Percent of members aware of Medicaid Member Services		60%		73%	Continue to promote IHE Member Services website and member newsletter.
			135 Percent increase in provider satisfaction with Medicaid Provider Services over prior year, based on survey results		5%		5%	Continually looking for opportunities for new and easier ways, for providers to communicate with the IHE. Examples include new tools such as the iresidencies.org web portal and a redesigned annual training that better accommodates the needs of providers.
			136 Percent of clean Medicaid claims accurately paid or denied on time		100%		100%	Maintain system accuracy through full testing of modifications, (TE), and the availability of redundant hardware. Develop contingency plan in the event of serious hardware/software failure.
			24 Number of children who are enrolled in Hawks-i		25,875		27,573	1) Use increased funding to expand outreach through media campaign. 2) Partner with schools on mandatory referrals through free and reduced meal programs. 3) Continue to contract with DPH grassroots outreach activities. Place emphasis on targeting special populations and working with businesses, healthcare providers, schools, faith-based and minority organizations. 4) Implement optional new coverage groups authorized by the 2007 Iowa Legislature if federal funding and authorization is granted.
			25 Number of children who are enrolled in Medicaid Expansion					1) Use increased funding to expand outreach through media campaign. 2) Partner with schools on mandatory referrals through free and reduced meal programs. 3) Continue to contract with DPH grassroots outreach activities. Place emphasis on targeting special populations and working with businesses, healthcare providers, schools, faith-based and minority organizations.
413_34037	State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)	Provides for health care coverage to children who live in families whose income is too high to qualify for Medicaid, but who do not have health care coverage. Eligible children are under the age of 18, have no health insurance and do not qualify for Medicaid, meet citizenship requirements, and live in a family whose income is less than 300% of federal poverty guidelines (per Oct. 2009 the FPL was 200%). As of June 30, 2009 the annual average number of children enrolled in Medicaid Expansion was 18,913, and 21,447 children in the Hawks-i Program.	96 Total SCHIP enrollment	\$ 42,156		42,726		1) Maintain outreach funding level, 2) Continue partnerships with schools in free and reduced lunch programs. 3) Continue to contract with DPH grassroots outreach activities. Place emphasis on targeting special populations and working with businesses, healthcare providers, schools, faith-based and minority organizations.
			175 Number of children who are enrolled in Hawks Supplemental Dental					1) Increase program awareness.
			68 Number of HIPP Referrals					2) Continue to contract for grassroots outreach activities. Place emphasis on targeting special populations and working with businesses, healthcare providers, schools, faith-based and minority organizations.
			97 Number of Medicaid-eligible individuals who use employer provided insurance through HIPP					3) Implement optional new coverage groups authorized by the 2007 Iowa Legislature if federal funding and authorization is granted.
								4) Increase program awareness.

Core Function Name	SPA Number	SPA Name	SPA Description	Performance Measure Number	Performance Measure	2010 Target	2010 Actual	Strategy
				139	Number of additional non-Medicaid eligible family members with health insurance via HIPP	5,218	4,303	Increase participation of Medicaid-eligible persons.
	413_34040	State Supplementary Assistance Program	Provides for cash assistance to meet special needs of aged, blind and disabled people not met by the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payment. Will provide support to people through income, health care, family ties, food assistance, residential care facilities, and mandatory assistance to Medicare and Medicaid eligibles. Benefits provided through this program are required as a part of federal Medicaid and Maintenance of Effort (MOE). Failure to meet MOE for this program would risk the loss of the Medicaid program.	121	Reduced State costs for Medicaid resulting from the SSA Supplemental for Medicare and Medicaid Eligibles	\$ 11,035,226	\$ 10,412,027	Continue identification of eligible people.
	413_34041	Personal Assistance Services	Provides funding to assist individuals with a disability with tasks that they would typically do if the individual did not have a disability. These tasks might include dressing, bathing, access to and from bed or wheelchair, toilet assistance, eating, attending feeding, cooking and housekeeping assistance, employment support, etc., The Personal Assistance Services enables individuals with a disability to live in their own home rather than in an institutional setting. This program is a pilot in 2 communities - one urban and one rural.	66	Percent of children receiving CCA who are in regulated settings	87%	This measure was to be deleted from FY10 measures.	1) Provide assistance to low income families experiencing medical burdens so can maintain or obtain work or training; 2) Simplify the application process; 3) Simplify the provider enrollment process; 4) Educate providers about the enrollment and payment process; 5) Expand eligibility to families receiving adoption
				71	Number of people receiving Personal Assistance Support	TBD	This measure was to be deleted from FY10 measures.	Phasing out program as this project demonstrated the value of PAs and now need program as part of Medicaid.
	413_34042	MHDD Community Services	Provides funding to counties for community-based services to achieve health and self-sufficiency for adults with disabilities. Also includes funding of services for individuals with disabilities who do not have a county of legal settlement.	50	Annual number of adults served through county funded programs	53,901	55,133	All money will go out to counties in a timely manner.
	413_34053	IowaCare	IowaCare is limited health care. This program can give same inpatient and outpatient services, doctor, and advanced registered nurse practitioner services, dental services, limited prescription drug benefits, and transportation.	137	Percent of IowaCare members who pay premiums or declare a hardship exemption	95%	95%	Information sent to each new member. In-person premium payment office at Broadlawns.
				138	Percent of IowaCare enrollees who smoke	15%	15%	Coverage of smoking cessation program beginning Jan. 1, 2007. Includes Quitline Iowa counseling, nicotine replacement products, and Generic Zyban.
				140	Percent of IowaCare members who access preventive health services	75%	75%	Coverage of comprehensive medical exams and Health Risk Assessment program beginning July 1, 2007.